

# **FSA**

## **HANDBOOK**

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## **Livestock Disaster Assistance Programs for 2011 and Subsequent Years**

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To access the transmittal page click on the short reference

**For State and County Offices**

**SHORT REFERENCE**

**1-LDAP  
(Revision 1)**

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE  
Farm Service Agency  
Washington, DC 20250



**UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE**

Farm Service Agency  
Washington, DC 20250

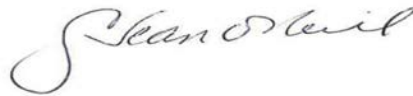
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**Livestock Disaster Assistance Programs  
For 2011 and Subsequent Years  
1-LDAP (Revision 1)**

**Amendment 34**

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**Approved by:** Acting Deputy Administrator, Farm Programs



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**Amendment Transmittal**

**A Reasons for Amendment**

Subparagraph 21 A has been amended to:

- provide that eligible livestock have up to 30 calendar days from the ending date of the eligible loss condition to die.
- add BBA provisions to LIP.

Subparagraph 21 B has been amended to add the BBA as a source of authority for LIP.

Subparagraph 21 H has been amended to refer to 2012 through 2016 payment limitation provisions.

Subparagraph 21 I has been added to provide payment limitation provisions for 2017 and subsequent program years.

Subparagraph 22 D has been amended to add an important note that COC must document the eligible loss condition and how it contributed to the livestock loss.

Subparagraph 23 A has been amended to:

- add definitions for acceptable management husbandry, eligible injury, and newborn livestock
- include injured livestock in several definitions as appropriate
- clarify definitions for eligible adverse weather event, eligible disease, eligible loss condition and winter storm
- remove the definition of loss period.

## **Amendment Transmittal (Continued)**

### **A Reasons for Amendment (Continued)**

Paragraph 24 has been amended to:

- clarify establishing normal mortality rates
- refer to injured livestock, as applicable
- required any changes to STC extreme cold or heat policy to be submitted to DAFP.

Subparagraph 40 C has been amended to include signup periods for 2016 and 2017A.

Subparagraph 40 D has been added to provide signup periods for 2017B, 2018 and subsequent years.

Subparagraph 41 A has been amended to include injured livestock sold at a reduced price and to provide that eligible disease is not an eligible loss condition for injured livestock.

Subparagraph 41 B has been amended to include injured livestock, as applicable.

Subparagraph 41 F has been added to provide policy for accepting veterinarian's certification of death due to disease caused or exacerbated by an eligible loss condition.

Subparagraph 42 A has been amended to:

- provide policy for eligible livestock injured due to an eligible loss condition and sold at a reduced price
- provide that eligible livestock must die within 30 days on the eligible loss condition.

Subparagraph 42 C has been amended to include ineligible livestock for injured livestock.

Subparagraph 42 D has been amended to include injured livestock.

Subparagraph 42 E is amended to provide that contract growers are not eligible for LIP due to injured livestock sold at a reduced price.

Subparagraph 42 A is amended to provide verifiable proof of death for injured livestock.

Subparagraph 44 B is amended to provide reliable proof of death for injured livestock.

Subparagraph 44 C is amended to provide policy for accepting 3<sup>rd</sup> party certifications for injured livestock.

## **Amendment Transmittal (Continued)**

### **A Reasons for Amendment (Continued)**

Subparagraph 44 D has been amended to:

- include verifiable and reliable beginning inventory records for injured livestock
- clarify:
  - acceptable verifiable and reliable beginning inventory records
  - types of documentation considered acceptable for reliable beginning inventory records for newborn livestock
  - when COC's must use the calving, farrowing and kidding rates when determining reasonableness of inventory.

Subparagraph 44 E has been added to provide verifiable documentation of the amount received for sale of injured livestock sold at a reduced price.

Subparagraph 44 H has been amended to:

- include eligible injured livestock due to eligible attacks
- clarify required documentation needed when verifiable proof of death or injury due to an eligible attack is not available.

Subparagraph 45 A has been amended to provide new instructions for completing CCC-854.

Subparagraph 45 B has been amended to provide the revised form CCC-854, to include injured livestock.

Subparagraph 45.5 has been added to provide CCC-854A, LIP Veterinarian Certification and instructions.

Subparagraph 71 A has been amended to:

- refer to filing a notice of loss for 2017A & 2017B and prior years
- provide what form to file for 2017A and 2017B LIP.

Subparagraph 71 B has been amended to:

- provide that CCC-852, Parts A and B, must be completed when filing a 2018 notice of loss
- provide that a notice is loss is not required for injured livestock, if the producer has already filed a notice of loss for the same eligible loss condition for death losses.
- include injured livestock, as appropriate.

## **Amendment Transmittal (Continued)**

### **A Reasons for Amendment (Continued)**

Subparagraph 71 C has been amended to include late-filed notice of loss provisions for injured livestock.

Subparagraph 73 A has been amended to refer to approving a notice of loss for 2017A, 2017B, and prior years.

Subparagraph 73 B has been amended to refer to disapproving a notice of loss for 2017A, 2017B, and prior years.

Subparagraph 73 C has been amended to include injured livestock, as applicable.

Subparagraph 74 A has been amended to provide that:

- CCC-852 (4-15-2014) must be completed when filing for 2017A and prior program years
- CCC-852 (2017) must be completed when filing for 2017B LIP.

Subparagraph 74 B has been amended to policy for filing an application for payment for livestock losses for 2018 and subsequent years.

Subparagraph 74 C has been amended to include certification statement for injured livestock sold at a reduced price.

Subparagraph 74 F has been amended to add supporting documentation for amount received for injured livestock sold at a reduced price.

Subparagraph 75 A has been amended to verify COC's ensure applications include the following before approving a CCC-852:

- included injured livestock, as applicable
- verifiable documentation of amount received for injured livestock
- veterinarian certification, if applicable, meets all requirements, along with verifiable beginning inventory record.

Subparagraph 75 B has been amended to provide that only COC's have authority to act on CCC-852's submitted with a veterinarian certification.

Subparagraph 75 D has been amended to include:

- injured livestock, as applicable
- vet certifications as proof of death along with verifiable beginning inventory records.

## **Amendment Transmittal (Continued)**

### **A Reasons for Amendment (Continued)**

Subparagraph 78 A has been amended to add a note that for 2017 and subsequent program years, when completing the calculated beginning inventory worksheet, injured livestock sold at a reduced price must be part of the livestock inventory at the time of the eligible loss condition.

Paragraph 80 has been retitled to refer to “Scenario 1 for 2017A Application and 2017 Calculated Beginning Inventory Worksheet”.

Paragraph 81 has been retitled to refer to “Scenario 2 for 2017A Application and 2017 Calculated Beginning Inventory Worksheet”.

Paragraph 82 has been retitled to refer to “Scenario 3 for 2017A Application and 2017 Calculated Beginning Inventory Worksheet”.

Paragraph 83 has been amended provide instructions for completing CCC-852 (4-15-14) for 2017A and prior years.

Paragraph 84 has been withdrawn and moved to paragraph 92 for better organization.

Paragraph 85 has been withdrawn and moved to paragraph 93 for better organization.

Paragraph 86 has been added to provide Scenario 1 for completing CCC-852 (2017) for 2017B LIP.

Paragraph 87 has been added to provide Scenario 2 for completing CCC-852 (2017) for 2017B LIP.

Paragraph 88 has been added to provide Scenario 3 for completing CCC-852 (2017) for 2017B LIP.

Paragraph 89 has been added to provide:

- instructions for completing manual CCC-852 (2017) for 2017 B LIP.
- CCC-852 (2017) for Scenario 1, Scenario 2 and Scenario 3.

Paragraph 90 has been added to provide Scenario 1 for completing CCC-852, 2018 LIP Application.

Paragraph 91 has been added to provide:

- revised instructions for completing manual CCC-852 for 2018 and Subsequent Years
- an example of CCC-852 for 2018 and subsequent years.

Subparagraph 107 B has been amended to provide an updated Livestock Information screen print.

## **Amendment Transmittal (Continued)**

### **A Reasons for Amendment (Continued)**

Paragraph 111.4 has been added to provide special instructions for 2017 for livestock sold at reduced prices only.

Subparagraph 111.6 B has been amended to provide an updated Application Status screen print.

Subparagraph 111.8 C has been amended to add the following fields and corresponding descriptions:

- Number of livestock sold at a reduced price due to current eligible loss condition
- Amount received for sold livestock.

Subparagraph 111.9 B has been amended to provide an updated Record First Loss for Livestock screen print.

Subparagraph 111.9 C has been amended to add the following fields and corresponding descriptions:

- number of livestock sold at a reduced price due to current eligible loss condition
- COC adjusted number of livestock sold at a reduced price due to current eligible loss condition
- amount received for sold livestock
- COC adjusted amount received for sold livestock.

Subparagraph 111.10 B has been amended to provide an updated Record Subsequent Loss for Livestock Screen print.

Subparagraph 111.10 C has been amended to add the following fields and corresponding descriptions:

- number of livestock sold at a reduced price due to current eligible loss condition
- COC adjusted number of livestock sold at a reduced price due to current eligible loss condition
- amount received for sold livestock
- COC adjusted amount received for sold livestock.

Subparagraph 111.11 B has been amended to provide an updated Record Final Year End Loss for Livestock Screen print.

Subparagraph 111.12 B has been amended to provide an updated Example Part E, F, G, & H – Documentation of Purchase and Loss Screen print.

## **Amendment Transmittal (Continued)**

### **A Reasons for Amendment (Continued)**

Subparagraph 111.12 C has been amended to provide the following fields and descriptions:

- documentation of livestock sold at a reduced prices
- livestock county
- action.

Subparagraph 111.13 B has been amended to provide an updated Producer Summary Screen print.

Subparagraph 111.13 C has been amended to provide fields and descriptions for the following:

- documentation of sales
- livestock count.

Subparagraph 201 A has been amended to remove LIP from the combined \$125,000 payment limitation (ELAP, LFP and LIP)

Subparagraph 251 C has been amended to provide the LIP payment calculation, included injured livestock.

Subparagraph 254.5 B has been amended to add the following fields and descriptions on the CCC-852E:

- eligible livestock sold
- cumulative number of eligible livestock deaths and sales
- amount received for sold livestock.

Subparagraph 254.5 C has been amended to provide an updated example of CCC-852E, Estimated Calculated Payment Report for 2018 and Subsequent Years.

Subparagraph 802 has been amended to add the definitions of blizzard, grazing animals, and newborn livestock.

Subparagraph 815 C has been added to provide the signup period for 2017 and subsequent ELAP program years.

Subparagraph 830 A has been amended to provide that eligible livestock for feed losses, grazing losses, water transporting, and cattle tick fever must be grazing animals.

Subparagraph 830 B has been amended to provide that to be eligible for livestock death losses, livestock must die no later than 30 calendar days from the ending date of the eligible loss condition.

## **Amendment Transmittal (Continued)**

### **A Reasons for Amendment (Continued)**

Subparagraph 830 D has been amended to provide that animals that are not grazing animals are not eligible for grazing, feed losses, and losses resulting from transporting water.

Subparagraph 846 C has been amended to provide the normal mortality rate for honeybee colonies for 2018 program year.

Paragraph 889 has been amended to revise instructions for completing a manual CCC-851 for livestock death losses.

Paragraph 890.5 has been amended to revise instructions for completing the manual CCC-851-1 when accepting applications throughout the program year for honeybee colony and hive losses.

Subparagraph 898 C has amended to revise instructions for completing the automated CCC-851-1 when accepting applications throughout the program year for honeybee colony and hive losses.

### **B Forms**

CCC-854 (5-17-18), Livestock Indemnity Program Third Party Certification, has been revised.

CCC-854A, Livestock Indemnity Program Veterinarian Certification, is a new form.

CCC-852 (2017), 2017 Livestock Indemnity Program Application, is new form for 2017B LIP.

CCC-852 (5-17-18), Livestock Indemnity Program Application, 2018 and Subsequent Years, has been revised.

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**Part 1 Basic Information****1 Handbook Purpose and Coverage****A Handbook Purpose**

This handbook has been issued to provide procedure for livestock programs implemented by DAFP, through PECD.

**B Related Handbooks**

Handbooks related to programs provided in this handbook include the following:

- 1-APP for program appeals
- 1-CM for signatures, power-of-attorney, and name and address files
- 9-CM for common payment systems
- 10-CM for farm records and reconstitutions for 2013 and subsequent years
- 2-CP for filing and revising acreage reports
- 6-CP for conservation compliance
- 7-CP for equitable relief and finality rule provisions
- 1-FI for processing payments initiated through NPS
- 3-FI for deleting incorrect program codes on automated CCC-257's
- 58-FI for managing debts, receivables, and claims
- 61-FI for prompt payment information
- 63-FI for assignments and joint payments
- 64-FI for establishing and reporting receivables on NRRS
- 2-INFO for providing information to the public
- 3-PL (Rev. 1) for updating subsidiary information in the web-based system
- 5-PL for "direct attribution", average AGI provisions, and payment limitation.

**C Sources of Authority**

This handbook provides procedure for various livestock programs. Each program is separated by part in this handbook. See the applicable part for the source of authority and regulations for a specific program.

\* \* \*

## 2 Unacceptable, Incorrect, or False Records and Certifications

### A Reliance on Producer Records and Certifications

Livestock programs administered by DAFP require accurate information from producers. It is imperative that producers understand that failure to provide complete and accurate information and records could result in any or all of the following.

- An application for LIP, LFP, and/or ELAP assistance being denied.
- The producer or producers being determined ineligible for LIP, LFP, and/or ELAP assistance.
- The producer or producers being liable under any civil or criminal fraud statute or any other statute or provision of law.

**Note:** See paragraph 3 for misrepresentation.

## 3 Misrepresentation

### A Impact of Misrepresentation

**[7 CFR 1416.7.] A participant who is determined to have deliberately misrepresented any fact affecting a program determination made in accordance with this part, or any other part that is applicable to this part, to receive benefits for which the participant would not otherwise be entitled, will not be entitled to program payments and must refund all such payments received, plus interest. The participant will also be denied program benefits for the immediately subsequent period of at least 2 crop years, and up to 5 crop years. Interest will run from the date of the original disbursement by CCC.**

**A participant will refund to CCC all program payments, in accordance with 7 CFR 1416.11, received by such participant with respect to all contracts or applications, as may be applicable, if the participant is determined to have knowingly misrepresented any fact affecting a program determination.**

### B Joint and Several Liability

All producers with a financial interest in an operation or in an application for payment will be jointly and severally liable for any refund, including related charges, that is determined to be due CCC for any reason.

### 4-20 (Reserved)

## Part 2 Livestock Indemnity Program (LIP)

### Section 1 Basic LIP Provisions

#### 21 General Information

##### A Purpose

This part provides instructions for administering LIP.

LIP provides assistance to eligible owners and livestock contract growers, for eligible livestock deaths in excess of normal mortality as a direct result of an eligible loss condition as defined in paragraph 23. Eligible livestock must have died:

- as a direct result of an eligible loss condition that occurred on or after October 1, 2011
- \*--within 30 calendar days from the ending date of the eligible loss condition.

In addition, for 2017 and subsequent years, LIP provides assistance to eligible livestock owners who suffered losses due to injured livestock due to an eligible loss condition and sold at a reduced price within 30 calendar days of the end date of the eligible loss condition.

##### B Source of Authority

LIP is authorized by the Agricultural Act of 2014 as amended by the Bipartisan Budget Act of 2018 using CCC funds.--\*

The regulations for LIP are provided in 7 CFR Part 1416, Subparts A and D.

##### C Public Information

Follow instructions in 2-INFO for providing information about LIP.

##### D Modifying Provisions

Provisions in this handbook **must not** be revised without prior approval from the National Office. Any requests for revisions or amendments must be sent to the Special Programs--\* Manager, through DAFP.

## 21 General Information (Continued)

### E Forms

\* \* \*

Any document that collects data from a participant, regardless of whether the participant's signature is required:

- is subject to the Privacy Act and information collection procedures
- \*--requires approval or clearance by the following applicable offices:
  - National Office program area
  - MSD
  - OMB.

Forms, worksheets, applications, and other documents other than those provided in this handbook or issued by the National Office are not authorized for LIP and will not be used.

### F Deceased Individuals and Dissolved Entities

Follow 1-CM for guidance on accepting signatures for deceased individuals and dissolved entities.

### G 2011 Payment Limitation

For 2011, no person or legal entity, excluding a joint venture or general partnership, as determined under the provisions in 7 CFR Part 1400, may receive more than \$125,000 total in 2011 program year payments under LIP, ELAP, LFP, and SURE Program combined when at least \$25,000 of such total 2011 program payments is from LFP or LIP for losses from October 1, 2011, through December 31, 2011. If no 2011 program year payments are issued under LFP or LIP for losses occurring from October 1, 2011, through December 31, 2011, the total amount of 2011 program year payments under LFP, SURE, ELAP, and LIP combined is limited to \$100,000.

Obtain CCC-902 from the participant, if not on file.

Do not make a "person" or "actively engaged in farming" determination according to 5-PL.

Obtain CCC-901 for legal entities to determine individual members of legal entities for direct attribution. Direct attribution provisions in 5-PL apply.

**Note:** Actively engaged and cash-rent tenant provisions do **not** apply.

The amount of any payment for which a participant may be eligible under LIP, ELAP, and LFP may be reduced by any amount received by the participant for the same or any similar loss from a different source.--\*

**21 General Information (Continued)****\*--H 2012 through 2016 Payment Limitation**

For 2012 through 2016 program years, no person or legal entity, (excluding a joint venture--\* or general partnership), as determined by the rules in 7 CFR Part 1400, may receive, directly or indirectly, more than \$125,000 per program year total under ELAP, LFP, and LIP combined. For this purpose, both indirect and direct benefits are counted by attribution. In the case of a legal entity, the same payment is attributed to the direct payee in the full amount and those that have an indirect interest to the amount of the interest.

Obtain CCC-902 from the participant, if not on file. Do **not** make a “person” determination or “actively engaged in farming” determination. Obtain CCC-901 for legal entities to determine individual members of legal entities for direct attribution.

**\*--I 2017 and Subsequent Years Payment Limitation**

For 2017 and subsequent program years, payment limitation does not apply to LIP program benefits.

Obtain CCC-902 from the participant if not on file. Do **not** make a “person” determination or “actively engaged in farming” determination. Obtain CCC-901 for legal entities to determine individual members of legal entities for direct attribution.--\*

**J AGI Provisions**

For losses incurred beginning on October 1, 2011, the average AGI limitation provisions in 7 CFR Part 1400 relating to limits on payments for persons or legal entities, excluding joint ventures and general partnerships, with certain levels average adjusted gross income that exceeds \$900,000 will **not** be eligible for benefits under LIP.

## **22 Responsibilities**

### **A STC Responsibilities**

Within the authorities and limitations in this handbook and 7 CFR Part 1416, Subparts A  
\*--and D, STC's must:--\*

- direct the administration of LIP
- ensure that FSA State and County Offices follow LIP provisions
- thoroughly document all actions taken in the STC minutes
- handle appeals according to 1-APP

## 22 Responsibilities (Continued)

### A STC Responsibilities (Continued)

- require reviews be conducted by DD according to subparagraph 75 D to ensure that County Offices comply with LIP provisions

**Note:** STC may establish additional reviews to ensure that LIP is administered according to these provisions.

- take any oversight actions necessary to ensure that IPIA provisions are met to prevent \*--County Offices from issuing any improper payments according to subparagraph 43 I
- establish normal mortality rates for each livestock kind and/or type and weight range according to paragraph 24
- establish eligibility criteria based on a determination of the extremity required to occur in order to cause death of eligible livestock for livestock deaths because of extreme heat and extreme cold according to paragraph 24

**Important:** STC will ensure that COC thoroughly documents each case to ensure that:

- payments for livestock losses are made only for losses that are the direct result of extreme heat or extreme cold
  - management decisions were not the cause of loss.
- STC may approve or disapprove any LIP applications
- comply with all LIP provisions.--\*

## 22 Responsibilities (Continued)

### B SED Responsibilities

Within the authority and limitation in this handbook and 7 CFR Part 1416, Subparts A and D, SED's will:

- ensure that County Offices follow LIP provisions
- handle appeals according to 1-APP
- ensure that DD conducts reviews according to subparagraph A

**Note:** SED may establish additional reviews to ensure that LIP is administered according to these provisions.

- ensure that **all** County Offices publicize LIP provisions according to subparagraph D
- immediately notify the National Office Livestock Special Programs Manager of software problems, incomplete or incorrect procedures, specific problems, or findings
- \*--take any oversight actions necessary according to subparagraph 43 I to ensure that--\*  
IPIA provisions are met to prevent County Offices from issuing any improper payments.

## 22 Responsibilities (Continued)

### C DD Responsibilities

Within the authorities and limitations in this handbook and 7 CFR Part 1416, Subparts A and D, DD's must:

- ensure that COC's and CED's follow LIP provisions
- conduct reviews according to subparagraph 75 D, and any additional reviews established by STC or SED according to subparagraphs A and B
- provide SED with report of reviews conducted according to subparagraph 75 D
- take any oversight actions necessary to ensure that IPIA provisions are met to prevent County Offices from issuing any improper payments according to subparagraph 43 I
- closely monitor the number of third party certifications approved by COC according to subparagraph 44 C

**Important:** If the number of participants using third party certifications is excessive when compared to surrounding counties, DD's must take all necessary action to ensure that the claimed losses are reasonable and that the provision is not being abused.

- ensure that County Offices publicize program provisions according to subparagraph D.

### D COC Responsibilities

Within the authorities and limitations in this handbook and 7 CFR Part 1416, Subparts A and D, COC's will:

- fully comply with all LIP provisions
- ensure that CED directs that the county FSA office follow all LIP provisions
- review, approve and/or disapprove, and document in the COC minutes all third party certifications according to subparagraph 45 C

**Important:** COC must **not** delegate authority to review third party certifications to CED or PT's.

## 22 Responsibilities (Continued)

**D COC Responsibilities (Continued)**

- ensure that CED provides DD with a monthly written report of all reviews of third party certifications according to subparagraph 45 C
- act on completed CCC-852's for LIP according to paragraph 75

**Important:** COC may delegate authority to CED to approve routine cases.

- handle appeals according to 1-APP
- thoroughly document all actions taken in the COC minutes

**Important:** All the following **must** be thoroughly documented for all LIP program determinations made by COC:

- all factors reviewed or considered
- all documentation reviewed
- references to applicable handbooks, notices, and regulations
- all sources of information obtained for review or consideration
- \*--document the eligible loss condition and how it contributed to the livestock loss.--\*
- take any oversight actions necessary to ensure that IPIA provisions are met to prevent County Offices from issuing any improper payments according to subparagraph 43 I
- ensure that FSA assists persons by providing as much program information as it can in a variety of different ways.

**Notes:** Because of the limits of FSA resources, publication may or may not be by direct mail or on an individual basis. FSA meets its publication responsibilities by making broad program announcements in the press, print and electronic media, Federal Register documents, radio and television announcements, and through posting program information in USDA Service Centers.

The reality of limited resources has increased the participant's responsibility for being aware of program provisions. FSA cannot be responsible for reaching out to every potential program participant with all program information. Participants must seek information on program details and not wait for FSA to individually write or communicate with them about program provisions. As resources permit, COC will ensure that program provisions are publicized and maintain a record of any and all publicity efforts including postings in the Service Center.

The LIP Fact Sheet may be used to provide some of the information in this subparagraph. The fact sheet is available online at <http://disaster.fsa.usda.gov>.

## 22 Responsibilities (Continued)

### E CED Responsibilities

Within the authorities and limitations in this handbook and 7 CFR Part 1416, Subparts A and D, CED's shall:

- fully comply with all LIP provisions
- ensure that County Office employees fully comply with all LIP provisions
- \*--if so delegated, act on completed and routine CCC-852's for LIP
- CED shall **not** be delegated authority to:--\*
  - disapprove any CCC-852
  - approve any CCC-852 where contemporaneous record, third party certification, open range livestock beginning inventory history, or acceptable evidence of death and inventory is used to prove loss.
- provide DD with a monthly written report of all third party certifications according to subparagraph 73 B
- ensure that all program and payment eligibility requirements have been met by producers before issuing any payment to ensure that IPIA provisions are met

\*--**Note:** See subparagraph 43 I for additional information.--\*

- handle appeals according to 1-APP
- ensure that FSA assists persons by providing as much program information as it can in a variety of different ways according to subparagraph D
- immediately notify SED, through DD, of software problems and incomplete or incorrect procedures.

**22 Responsibilities (Continued)****F Program Technician Responsibilities**

Within the authorities and limitations in this handbook and 7 CFR Part 1416, Subparts A and D, the program technician shall:

- fully comply with all LIP provisions
- immediately notify CED of software problems and incomplete or incorrect procedures
- ensure that FSA assists persons by providing as much program information as it can in a variety of different ways according to subparagraph D
- ensure that all program and payment eligibility requirements have been met by producers before issuing any payment to ensure that IPIA provisions are met.

**\*--Note:** See subparagraph 43 I for additional information.--\*

## 23 Definitions for LIP

### A Definitions

The following definitions apply to LIP. The definitions provided in other parts of this handbook do **not** apply to LIP.

**\*--Acceptable animal husbandry** means animals raised and cared for to produce offspring, meat, fiber, milk, eggs, or other products. Includes day-to-day care and selective breeding and raising of livestock. The practices are those that are generally recognized by the commercial livestock industry.--\*

**Actual livestock beginning inventory** means the actual livestock beginning inventory per calendar year for calves or lambs that is calculated from the verifiable or reliable records of death, birthing, docking, inventory, and sales in an open range operation.

**Adjusted livestock beginning inventory** means the livestock beginning inventory history for calves or lambs on the open range that will be adjusted during the base period for years for which continuous actual livestock beginning inventory history records are not provided.

**Adult beef bull** means a male beef breed bovine animal that was at least 2 years old and used **\*--for breeding purposes.**

**Adult beef cow** means a female beef breed bovine animal that had delivered 1 or more offspring. A first-time bred beef heifer shall also be considered an adult beef cow if it was pregnant at the time it died or was injured.

**Adult beefalo bull** means a male hybrid of beef and bison that was at least 2 years old and used for breeding purposes.

**Adult beefalo cow** means a female hybrid of beef and bison that had delivered 1 or more offspring. A first-time bred beefalo heifer shall also be considered an adult beefalo cow if it is pregnant at the time it died or was injured.

**Adult buffalo/bison bull** means a male animal of those breeds that was at least 2 years old and used for breeding purposes. In North America, many bison are commonly referred to as buffalo.

**Adult buffalo/bison cow** means a female animal of those breeds that had delivered 1 or more offspring. A first-time bred buffalo or bison heifer shall also be considered an adult buffalo/bison cow if it was pregnant at the time it died or was injured. In North America, many bison are commonly referred to as buffalo.

**Adult dairy bull** means a male dairy breed bovine animal at least 2 years old and used primarily for breeding dairy cows.

**Adult dairy cow** means a female bovine dairy breed animal used for the purpose of providing milk for human consumption that had delivered 1 or more offspring. A first-time bred dairy heifer shall also be considered an adult dairy cow if it was pregnant when it died or was injured.--\*

**23 Definitions for LIP (Continued)****A Definitions (Continued)**

Agricultural operation means a farming operation.

Application means the “Livestock Indemnity Program” form.

Approved livestock beginning inventory means the approved livestock beginning inventory for calves or lambs on the open range, calculated by the sum of the yearly actual and transitional livestock beginning inventory history divided by the number of years of livestock beginning inventory.

Avian predator means a bird that attacks and kills others for food.

Base period means the five consecutive calendar years immediately proceeding the calendar year of the CCC-852 for which the approved livestock beginning inventory is being established for the open range calf or lambing operation.

\*-- Blizzard means, as defined by the National Weather Service, a storm which contains large amounts of snow or blowing snow with winds in excess of 35 mph and visibility of less than ¼ mile for an extended period of time.--\*

Buck means male goat.

CCC means Commodity Credit Corporation.

Commercial use means used in the operation of a business activity engaged in as a means of livelihood for profit by the eligible producer.

Continuous livestock beginning inventory reports means livestock beginning inventory reports submitted by a producer for each calendar year that the producer was involved in the livestock open range operation.

Contract means, with respect to contracts for the handling of livestock, a written agreement between a livestock owner and another individual or entity setting the specific terms, conditions, and obligations of the parties involved about the production of livestock or livestock products.

Cow/Ewe Livestock Beginning Inventory History means, the applicable calendar year cow or ewe verifiable livestock beginning inventory records provided to FSA by the open range livestock operation to be used in calculating the transitional livestock beginning inventory history.

Deputy Administer or DAFP means the Deputy Administer for Farm Programs, Farm Service Agency, U.S. Department of Agriculture or the designee.

## 23 Definitions for LIP (Continued)

## A Definitions (Continued)

\*--Eligible adverse weather event means extreme and abnormal damaging weather in the calendar year in which benefits are being requested that is not expected to occur during the loss period for which it occurred, which directly results in eligible livestock death losses in excess of normal mortality or injury and sale of eligible livestock at a reduced price. Eligible adverse weather events include, but are not limited to, as determined by the Deputy Administrator or designee, earthquake; hail; lightning; tornado; tropical storm; typhoon;--\*  
vog, if directly related to a volcanic eruption; winter storm if the winter storm meets the definition provided in this subparagraph; hurricanes; floods, blizzards; wild fires; extreme heat; extreme cold; and straight-line wind. Drought is not an eligible adverse weather event except when associated with anthrax, a condition that occurs because of drought and results in the death of eligible livestock.

Eligible attack means an attack by animals reintroduced into the wild by the Federal Government or protected by Federal law, including wolves and avian predators, that directly  
\*--results in the death of eligible livestock, in excess of normal mortality or injured livestock sold at a reduced price.

Eligible disease means a disease that as determined by the Deputy Administrator is exacerbated by an eligible adverse weather event that directly results in the death of eligible livestock in excess of normal mortality, including, but not limited to anthrax, cyanobacteria, (beginning in 2015 calendar year); larkspur poisoning (beginning in 2015 calendar year). Eligible diseases are not an eligible loss condition for injured livestock sold at a reduced price.

Eligible injury is an injury that harms the eligible livestock and the injury is directly related to an eligible loss condition.--\*

Eligible livestock contract grower means a person or entity, who meets all the terms and conditions of eligible livestock owner but whose interest in the livestock is not as owner but as a person or entity whose interest is in poultry or swine, as of the day of the eligible loss condition and day the poultry or swine died, had:

- a written agreement with the owner of eligible livestock, setting the specific terms, conditions, and obligations of the parties involved regarding the production of livestock
- control of the eligible livestock
- risk of loss in the animal.

\*--A livestock contract grower is not eligible for losses resulting from injured livestock sold at a reduced price.--\*

## 23 Definitions for LIP (Continued)

## A Definitions (Continued)

\*--Eligible livestock owner means one who, as of the day of the eligible loss condition and day the eligible livestock died or were injured as a result of that eligible loss condition, had--\* the production and market risks associated with the agricultural production of livestock and who had legal ownership of the eligible livestock for which benefits are requested and under conditions in which no contract grower could have been eligible for benefits with respect to the livestock, is any of the following:

- a U.S. Citizen or legal resident alien in the U.S.
- a partnership comprised of U.S. citizens or legal resident aliens in the U.S.
- a corporation, limited liability corporation or company, or other organization structure established under State law
- Native American tribe (as defined in section 4(b) of the Indian Self-Determination, and Education Assistance Act (Pub. L. 93-638; 88 Stat. 2003))
- Native American organization or entity chartered under the Indian Reorganization Act
- a Tribal organization chartered under the Indian Self-Determination and Education Assistance Act
- an economic enterprise under the Indian Financing Act of 1974.

Eligible loss condition means any of the following that occur on or after October 1, 2011, and in the calendar year for which benefits are requested:

- eligible adverse weather event
- eligible attack
- \*--eligible disease, except for injured livestock sold at a reduced price.--\*

**23 Definitions for LIP (Continued)**

**A Definitions (Continued)**

Equine animal means a domesticated horse, mule, or donkey.

Ewe means a female sheep.

Farming operation means a business enterprise engaged in producing agricultural products.

FSA means the Farm Service Agency.

Goat means a domesticated ruminant mammal of the genus Capra, including Angora goats. Goats will be further defined by sex (bucks and nannies) and age (kids).

Improper payment, as defined by OMB, is any payment that should **not** have been issued or was issued in an incorrect amount under statutory, contractual, administrative, or other legally applicable requirement.

Kid means a goat less than 1 year old.

Lamb means a sheep less than 1 year old.

\* \* \*

## 23 Definitions for LIP (Continued)

### A Definitions (Continued)

Livestock beginning inventory history (LBIH) means a minimum of four, up to a maximum of five, calendar years of actual and transitional beginning inventory records used to calculate the approved livestock beginning inventory history for a calf or lamb open range livestock operation.

LBIH reporting date means the LBIH reporting date for which the reports will be accepted for inclusion in the base period for the current calendar year.

Livestock inventory report means a written record showing the eligible livestock owner's or eligible livestock contract grower's annual inventory used to determine the livestock beginning inventory history for LIP purposes for the open range calf or lamb open range livestock operation. The report contains livestock beginning inventory history by open range livestock operation by livestock type or kind.

Livestock unit means all eligible livestock in the physical location county where the livestock losses occurred for the program year:

- in which a person or legal entity has 100 percent share interest; or
- which is owned individually by more than one person or legal entity on a shared basis.

\* \* \*

Nanny means a female goat.

\*--Newborn livestock means livestock that are within 10 calendar days of date of birth.--\*

## 23 Definitions for LIP (Continued)

### A Definitions (Continued)

Nonadult beef cattle means a beef breed bovine animal that does not meet the definition of adult beef cow or bull. Nonadult beef cattle are further delineated by weight categories of \*--either less than 400 pounds or 400 pounds or more at the time they died or were injured.

Nonadult beefalo means a male hybrid of beef and bison that does not meet the definition of adult beefalo cow or bull. Nonadult beefalo are further delineated by weight categories of either less than 400 pounds or 400 pounds or more at the time they died or were injured.

Nonadult buffalo or bison means an animal of those breeds that does not meet the definition of adult buffalo/bison cow or bull. Nonadult buffalo or bison are further delineated by weight categories of either less than 400 pounds or 400 pounds or more at the time they died or were injured. In North America, many bison are commonly referred to as buffalo.

Nonadult dairy cattle means a dairy breed bovine animal, of a breed used for the purpose of providing milk for human consumption, that do not meet the definition of adult dairy cow or bull. Nonadult dairy cattle are further delineated by weight categories of either less than 400 pounds or 400 pounds or more at the time they died or were injured.--\*

Normal mortality means the numerical amount, computed by a percentage as established by the FSA STC, of expected livestock deaths by category that normally occurs during a calendar year for a producer.

Open range operation means livestock production that takes place on large parcels of land where the livestock are not gathered into pens, sheds, or other small areas such that accurate overall inventory and resulting death tallies cannot be completed without a round-up, as determine by the Deputy Administrator.

Poultry means domesticated chickens, turkeys, ducks, and geese. Poultry are further delineated by sex, age, and purpose of production or production as determined by FSA.

Ram means a male sheep.

**23 Definitions for LIP (Continued)****A Definitions (Continued)**

Secretary means the Secretary of Agriculture or a designee of the Secretary.

Sheep means a domesticated, ruminant mammal of the genus *Ovis*. Sheep are further defined by sex (ram and ewes) and age (lambs) for purposes of dividing into categories for loss calculations.

STC, State Office, COC, or County Office means the respective FSA committee or office.

Swine means a domesticated omnivorous pig, hog, and boar. Swine are further delineated by sex and weight as determined by FSA for loss calculations.

Transitional livestock beginning inventory history means for offspring (calves/lambs) an estimated livestock beginning inventory history, generally determined by multiplying the livestock open range operation's beginning cow/ewe livestock beginning inventory history by the national established birthing rate percentage of 90 percent for calves and 160 percent for lambs. The Deputy Administrator has the authority to make adjustments as necessary. It is to be used in the transitional livestock beginning inventory history calculation process when less than 4 consecutive calendar years of actual livestock beginning inventory history is available.

United States means all 50 states of the United States, the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico, the Virgin Islands, Guam, and the District of Columbia.

Vog means air pollution that results when sulfur dioxide and other gasses and particles emitted by an erupting volcano react with oxygen and moisture to form an aerosol. The aerosol scatters light, making vog visible. Vog contains chemicals that can damage the environment, and the health of plants, humans, and other animals.

Winter storm means, for an eligible adverse weather event, an event that is so severe as to directly cause \* \* \* injury to livestock \* \* \* and as specified in this subparagraph, lasts in duration for at least 3 consecutive days and includes a combination of high winds, freezing rain or sleet, heavy snowfall, and extremely cold temperatures. For a determination of winter storm, the wind, precipitation, and extremely cold temperatures must \* \* \* occur within the 3-day period with wind and extremely cold temperatures occurring in each of the 3 days.

## 24 Normal Mortality and Extreme Cold/Extreme Heat

### A Establishing Normal Mortality Rates

LIP compensates eligible livestock owners for eligible livestock death losses that occur in excess of normal mortality as a result of an eligible loss condition during the calendar year.

Eligible livestock for payment for a specific kind/type and weight range of livestock will be determined for livestock dying as a direct result of an eligible loss condition after applying the normal mortality rate for the specific kind/type and weight range of livestock.

The number of normal mortality livestock is determined by multiplying the applicable normal mortality percentage by the number of livestock of that specific kind/type and weight range in inventory at the time of the eligible loss condition and death loss of the animal. The resulting number of normal mortality deaths is subtracted from the number of eligible livestock in inventory at the time of the eligible loss condition and death.

\*--The resulting number of normal mortality deaths is the loss threshold and is subtracted from the number of eligible reported normal mortality losses first, any negative balance, would be subtracted from the eligible reported losses from the event to determine the number of eligible livestock for payment.--\*

**Example:** Producer A owned 100 head of adult beef cattle on the beginning date of an eligible loss condition.

- normal mortality is 2 percent
- 5 head were lost
- $100 \text{ head} \times 2 \text{ percent} = 2$  (loss threshold)
- $5 \text{ head lost} - 2 \text{ (loss threshold)} = 3$  head adult beef cattle eligible for payment.

For the State, STC will establish normal mortality rates for each livestock kind/type and weight range listed in subparagraphs 43 A and B by obtaining recommendations from applicable:

- State livestock organizations
- State Cooperative Extension Service
- other knowledgeable and credible sources.

2011 normal mortality rates were rolled over to 2012, 2013, and 2014 in the automated system. STC's were instructed to review the 2011 normal mortality rates for each livestock kind/type and weight range to determine if any updates were needed in any of the years 2012, 2013, or 2014. If STC determined that a specific livestock's kind/type and weight range's normal mortality warrants updating, then STC's must obtain recommendations from applicable:

- State livestock organizations
- State Cooperative Extension Service
- other knowledgeable and credible sources.

**\*--24 Normal Mortality and Extreme Cold/Extreme Heat (Continued)****A Establishing Normal Mortality Rates (Continued)**

STC's will document recommendations and determinations in STC minutes and attach copies of documentation used to determine normal mortality rates.

If sufficient documentation is **not** available to establish normal mortality rates, STC's will obtain documentation from contiguous STC's that have established normal mortality rates. If documentation is **not** available for establishing normal mortality rates from sources listed within user's State or contiguous States, STC will establish normal mortality rates using the national normal mortality rates in Exhibit 8.

STC's must:

- document recommendations and determinations of normal mortality rates in STC minutes
- attach copies of documentation used to determine normal mortality rates to applicable STC minutes.

If documentation is **not** available for establishing normal mortality rates from sources listed within user's State or contiguous States, STC's will establish normal mortality rates using the national normal mortality rates in Exhibit 8.

STC's will ensure that normal mortality rates are:

- established for all livestock kinds and/or types and weight ranges listed in subparagraphs 43 A and B
- loaded into the normal mortality rate table.

STC's **must**:

- document in STC minutes how normal mortality rates were established
- attach copies of Exhibit 8 to applicable STC minutes.--\*

## 24 Normal Mortality and Extreme Cold/Extreme Heat (Continued)

**B Establishing Extreme Cold and Extreme Heat**

Under LIP, any claimed loss of an animal must be the direct result of an eligible loss condition, as defined in paragraph 23. For the eligible adverse weather event conditions mentioned in that definition, including extreme cold and extreme heat, the event must be 1 that was not expected to occur (abnormal weather) during the loss period.

Sometimes an extreme cold or extreme heat threshold (amount that would expectantly result \*--in death or injury of an animal) is reached; however, the event that occurred was not--\* abnormal weather when it occurred. In that instance, the cold or heat event is not an eligible cause of loss (even though the extreme cold or extreme heat threshold was reached).

**Example:** A STC establishes an extreme cold threshold for nonadult beef calves under 799 pounds at -20 °F for 2 consecutive days. A producer files a notice of loss and claims that animals died because of extreme cold in January. Weather data shows that the cold occurred for 2 days as claimed; however, because the event was not abnormal or unexpected, the cold weather event is not an eligible cause of loss. In this case the extreme cold threshold established was correct for class of livestock; however, because the actual weather event occurred when it was not unexpected, the cold weather event cannot be considered eligible for this loss claim. However, in this case; if the actual temperature exceeded the threshold (-30 °F for 2 consecutive days), the actual extreme cold in excess of normal could be an eligible cause of loss.

## 24 Normal Mortality and Extreme Cold/Extreme Heat (Continued)

**B Establishing Extreme Cold and Extreme Heat (Continued)**

STC's will establish extreme cold and extreme heat thresholds for each livestock category (kind/type and weight range of eligible livestock). Each extreme cold and extreme heat threshold must be established:

- based on a determination of the measure of extreme cold or extreme heat an animal must \*--be subjected to that results in death or injury of the animal
- without any regard to average normal weather (the extreme heat or extreme cold threshold that STC determines is fatal to eligible livestock will not be based on and is not dependent upon any comparison of average normal weather; departures from average normal weather (highs or lows) will not be used to establish what is the extreme cold or extreme heat that would expectantly kill or injure livestock)--\*
- based on information obtained from a source STC determines is credible and appropriate including but not limited to this notice, universities, Extension Service, or other FSA STC's.

The extreme cold or extreme heat threshold will apply to all notices of loss filed for any and all eligible adverse weather events that occur in a calendar year.

**Reminder:** If a STC revises its policy consistent with this paragraph, the revised policy will apply to any notices of loss and applications for payment not previously acted on.

## 24 Normal Mortality and Extreme Cold/Extreme Heat (Continued)

**B Establishing Extreme Cold and Extreme Heat (Continued)****Examples of Policies for Extreme Cold and Extreme Heat Not Consistent and Consistent with Guidelines**

The following tables provide examples of threshold policies not consistent with and consistent with guidelines.

Policy Not Consistent With Guidelines	Policy Consistent With Guidelines
<p>Extreme cold eligibility threshold is met when the actual high temperature is 10°F or more below the maximum average high temperature, according to historical weather data, for a minimum of 3 consecutive days.</p>	<p>*--COC's will use wind chill to determine LIP eligibility for deaths or injuries due to extreme cold for livestock that are not housed or sheltered. When animals are not subject to wind, wind chill will not be considered; only ambient temperature will be used. Livestock deaths or injuries must be a direct result of extreme cold as shown below and be unexpected to have occurred (abnormal weather) in the loss period, and the deaths or injuries must occur no later than 30 days from the ending date of the applicable extreme cold--* event. Temperature threshold (wind chill for animals exposed to wind and ambient temperature to animals not exposed to wind) must occur in 2 or more consecutive days to be considered extreme.</p> <p>The following is a list of species, weight range, wind chill, and/or temperature levels defined as extreme cold.</p> <p><b><u>Sheep</u></b>  Lambs -10°F  Ewes -30°F  Rams -30°F</p> <p><b><u>Beef</u></b>  Nonadult, Under 400 lbs -20°F  Nonadult, between 400 to 799 lbs -20°F  Nonadult, 800 lbs and over -40°F  Adult, Cow -40°F  Adult, Bull -40°F</p> <p><b><u>Dairy</u></b>  Nonadult, under 400 lbs -20°F  Nonadult, between 400 to 799 lbs -20°F  Nonadult, 800 lbs and over -40°F  Adult, Cow -40°F  Adult, Bull -40°F</p> <p><b><u>Equine</u></b> All -40°F</p> <p><b><u>All Other Livestock</u></b> All -40°F</p>

## 24 Normal Mortality and Extreme Cold/Extreme Heat (Continued)

## B Establishing Extreme Cold and Extreme Heat (Continued)

Policy Not Consistent With Guidelines	Policy Consistent With Guidelines																																				
Excessive heat threshold is met when the actual high temperature is 10°F or more above the average high temperature for consecutive days for a prolonged period of time.	<p>To determine extreme heat, COC will use the Temperature Humidity Index (THI). The THI incorporates air temperature and humidity. The THI has been used to create a Livestock Weather Safety Index (LWSI). The LWSI describes various categories of heat stress associated with extreme temperature conditions for livestock. LIP eligibility criteria looks for the THI to exceed 84°F for 2 consecutive days to qualify for the program and ensure that the THI did not fall *--below 75°F for 2 consecutive nights before death or injury.--*</p> <p><b>Note:</b> For illustration purposes this is only a partial THI.</p> <table><tr><th colspan="2">Temperature Humidity Index (THI)</th></tr><tr><th colspan="2">Relative Humidity</th></tr><tr><th></th><th>30% 35% 40% 45% 50% 55% 60% 65% 70% 75% 80% 85%</th></tr><tr><td>T 100°</td><td>84 85 86 87 88 90 91 92 93 94 95 97</td></tr><tr><td>E 98°</td><td>83 84 85 86 87 88 89 90 91 93 94 95</td></tr><tr><td>M 96°</td><td>81 82 83 85 86 87 88 89 90 91 92 93</td></tr><tr><td>P 94°</td><td>80 81 82 83 84 85 86 87 88 89 90 91</td></tr><tr><td>E 92°</td><td>79 80 81 82 83 84 85 85 86 87 88 89</td></tr><tr><td>R 90°</td><td>78 79 79 80 81 82 83 84 85 86 86 87</td></tr><tr><td>A 88°</td><td>76 77 78 79 80 81 81 82 83 84 85 86</td></tr><tr><td>T 86°</td><td>75 76 77 78 78 79 80 81 81 82 83 84</td></tr><tr><td>U 84°</td><td>74 75 75 76 77 78 78 79 80 80 81 82</td></tr><tr><td>R 82°</td><td>73 73 74 75 75 76 77 77 78 79 79 80</td></tr><tr><td>E 80°</td><td>72 72 73 73 74 75 75 76 76 77 78 78</td></tr><tr><td>78°</td><td>70 71 71 72 73 73 74 74 75 75 76 76</td></tr><tr><td>76°</td><td>69 70 70 71 71 72 72 73 73 74 72 75</td></tr></table> <p>THI = Tdbf - ( 0.55 - ( 0.55 x ( RH / 100 ) ) ) x ( Tdbf - 58 )</p> <table><tr><td>Normal &lt;74</td><td>Alert 75-78</td><td>Danger 79-83</td><td>Emergency &gt;84</td></tr></table>	Temperature Humidity Index (THI)		Relative Humidity			30% 35% 40% 45% 50% 55% 60% 65% 70% 75% 80% 85%	T 100°	84 85 86 87 88 90 91 92 93 94 95 97	E 98°	83 84 85 86 87 88 89 90 91 93 94 95	M 96°	81 82 83 85 86 87 88 89 90 91 92 93	P 94°	80 81 82 83 84 85 86 87 88 89 90 91	E 92°	79 80 81 82 83 84 85 85 86 87 88 89	R 90°	78 79 79 80 81 82 83 84 85 86 86 87	A 88°	76 77 78 79 80 81 81 82 83 84 85 86	T 86°	75 76 77 78 78 79 80 81 81 82 83 84	U 84°	74 75 75 76 77 78 78 79 80 80 81 82	R 82°	73 73 74 75 75 76 77 77 78 79 79 80	E 80°	72 72 73 73 74 75 75 76 76 77 78 78	78°	70 71 71 72 73 73 74 74 75 75 76 76	76°	69 70 70 71 71 72 72 73 73 74 72 75	Normal <74	Alert 75-78	Danger 79-83	Emergency >84
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**Note:** Notwithstanding any delegation to STC's, at any time DAFP can review, modify, or request STC to review or modify extreme cold or extreme heat policy or criteria.

**\*--Important:** Any changes made by STC to extreme cold or heat policy or criteria previously approved by DAFP must be resubmitted to DAFP.--\*

25-39 (Reserved)

**Section 2 Policy and Procedure****40 Signup Period****A 2011-2014 LIP Signup**

Livestock owners or contract growers who suffered livestock losses beginning October 1, 2011, through calendar year 2014 can sign up for LIP beginning April 14, 2014.

Livestock owners or contract growers who suffered livestock losses beginning October 1, 2011, through calendar year 2014 shall provide a notice of loss and file an application for payment in their administrative County Office no later than January 30, 2015.

Livestock owners or contract growers who suffered livestock losses October 1, 2011, through December 31, 2011, shall file a manual notice of loss and application for payment. These applications will be processed at a later date than the 2012 to 2014 calendar year applications.

**Note:** For:

- notice of loss, complete CCC-852, Parts A and B
- application for payment, complete CCC-852, Parts C through H.

\* \* \*

**40 Signup Period (Continued)****B 2015 Calendar Year Signup**

For 2015 calendar year losses, eligible livestock owners and eligible contract growers who suffer a loss of livestock must file a notice of loss the earlier of:

- 30 calendar days of when the loss of livestock is apparent to the participant
- 30 calendar days after the end of the calendar year in which the loss occurs.--\*

An application for payment is to be filed no later than 30 calendar days after the end of the calendar year in which the loss of livestock occurred.

**\*--C 2016 and 2017A Signup**

As authorized by the 2014 Farm Bill, 2017 signup began January 1, 2017, and ended March 30, 2018. This signup will be referred to herein after as “2017A” LIP signup.

For livestock losses, eligible livestock owners and eligible contract growers who suffer a loss of livestock must file a notice of loss within 30 calendar days of when the loss of livestock is first apparent to the participant.

An application for payment must be filed no later than 90 calendar days after the end of the calendar year in which the eligible loss condition occurred.

**D 2017B, 2018 and Subsequent Years Signup**

As authorized by the BBA, 2017A LIP signup will be reopened on June 4, 2018, and will close 60 days after publication of the regulations governing LIP, including BBA provisions, in the Federal Register. Re-opening 2017A LIP signup to include the BBA provisions, will be herein after referred to as “2017B” LIP signup.

For 2017B, 2018 and subsequent livestock losses, eligible livestock owners and contract growers must file a notice of loss by the later of:

- 30 calendar days of when the loss is first apparent to the participant; or
- 60 days after the regulations governing LIP, including BBA provisions, are published in the Federal Register.

An application for payment must be filed by 60 days after publication of the regulations governing LIP, including BBA provisions, in the Federal Register.

**Important:** Notices of loss and applications for payment that had been filed under the regulations that were in effect at the time of filing and which had been issued an administrative decision for either a 2017 or 2018 program year loss are not eligible for signup under this subparagraph, unless the decision was based only on failure to submit the notice of loss or application for payment by the prior applicable deadline.--\*

40      **Signup Period (Continued)****E Late-Filed Provisions**

The COC and STC do not have authority to approve programmatic relief for late-filed CCC-852's. However, a late-filed CCC-852 will be reviewed according to the following table:

**Note:** Neither COC nor STC are under any obligation to recommend relief. COC is not required to submit cases to STC that COC believes do not warrant relief, nor is STC required to submit cases to DAFP that STC believes do not warrant relief. If relief is not recommended by either COC or STC, the late-file application will be disapproved and the County Office will notify the participant in writing of the decision on the participant's request for late-filed CCC-852 with appropriate appeal rights according to 1-APP (based on the reviewing authority's decision that the CCC-852 was late and that relief was not appropriate). Cases do not have to be submitted to STC or DAFP for disapproval of relief.

<b>If CCC-852 is submitted...</b>	<b>THEN do the following...</b>
after the deadline but it is not accompanied by a written request of the participant for late-filing	County Office will issue a letter to the participant explaining that FSA cannot process CCC-852 because it was filed after the deadline. The letter must advise the participant that the participant may, within 30 days of the receipt of the letter advising that CCC-852 was filed late, file a written appeal with COC of the notification by County Office according to 1-APP.
after the application deadline and is either accompanied by a written request for late-filing or the participant has filed a timely appeal of the county FSA office's notification that the application cannot be processed	<p>COC will review and make a determination of whether relief is appropriate and, if so, forward a recommendation to STC for final action. STC will review the participant's request and COC recommendation.</p> <p><b>Notes:</b> If the matter comes to COC by appeal, follow 1-APP for acknowledging and scheduling an appeal.</p> <p>Neither COC nor STC are under any obligation to recommend relief. COC or STC can disapprove CCC-852 and choose not to forward a recommendation for relief of approval of the late-filed CCC-852 to DAFP. STC will forward an appropriate recommendation to DAFP to grant programmatic relief.</p> <p>DAFP may:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>grant relief to approve the late-filed CCC-852</li> </ul> <p><b>Note:</b> The FSA representative will sign and date CCC-852 with the effective DAFP decision date.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>deny relief and disapprove the CCC-852.</li> </ul> <p><b>Note:</b> State Offices will advise COC to notify the participant in writing that relief has been disapproved by DAFP. The letter <b>must</b> include appropriate appeal rights according to 1-APP.</p>



## 41 Eligible and Ineligible Loss Conditions

### A Eligible Loss Condition

An eligible loss condition includes any of the following that occur in the calendar year for which benefits are requested:

- eligible adverse weather event
- eligible disease
- eligible attack.

Eligible livestock owners and eligible contract growers must show to FSA's satisfaction that an eligible loss condition, as opposed to any other cause of loss, was directly responsible for the injury to the animal or caused the death of eligible livestock in excess of normal mortality. The occurrence of an eligible loss condition in and by itself will not be viewed as determinative for the eligible loss or injury of eligible livestock.

**Exception:** For injured livestock sold at a reduced price, eligible disease is **not** considered an eligible loss condition.--\*

**Example:** A winter storm occurs on February 15 through 18. Livestock deaths occur on March 3 and the eligible livestock owner claims the livestock died as a result of the winter storm. The eligible livestock owner must show with documentation and evidence that the winter storm was directly responsible for the death of the livestock. FSA will not presume the livestock died as a result of the winter storm simply because the winter storm occurred. Evidence must be submitted supporting an affirmative determination that the eligible loss condition and death loss are directly related to each other.--\*

## 41 Eligible and Ineligible Loss Conditions (Continued)

**B Eligible Adverse Weather Event (Continued)**

An eligible adverse weather event, as defined in paragraph 23, is one that is not expected to occur during the loss period for which it occurred, which directly results from or is exacerbated by another extreme or abnormal damaging weather that directly results in \*--injury or death of eligible livestock in excess of normal mortality and includes any of the following that occur in the calendar year for which benefits are requested: earthquake; hail; lightning; tornado; tropical storm; typhoon; vog; hurricane; flood; blizzard; wildfire; extreme heat; extreme cold; straight-line winds; and eligible winter storm.

**Example:** A fire is started in a wheat field \* \* \*. The fire spreads to nearby native pasture \*--and, as a result, livestock are injured or killed. Unless the fire was spread and became a wildfire due to extreme or abnormal damaging weather (straight line--\* winds for example), the fire would not be considered a wildfire under the definition of eligible adverse weather event.

STC must ensure that COC thoroughly documents each case to ensure that:

- death or injury of livestock was a direct result of an eligible adverse weather event
- management decisions were not the cause of loss
- the eligible adverse weather event was so extreme or abnormally damaging that it is reasonable to attribute the direct death or injury of livestock to it.--\*

**\*--41 Eligible and Ineligible Loss Conditions (Continued)****C Ineligible Adverse Weather Event**

An ineligible adverse weather event is any event not included as an eligible adverse weather event in subparagraph B.

Drought is **not** an eligible adverse weather event **except** when associated with anthrax, a condition that occurs because of drought and directly results in the death of eligible livestock.

**D Eligible Disease**

An eligible disease, as defined in paragraph 23, is a disease that the Deputy Administrator has determined is exacerbated by an eligible adverse weather event that directly results in the death of eligible livestock in excess of normal mortality.

The following diseases are eligible diseases under LIP:

- anthrax
- cyanobacteria (effective with 2015 and subsequent calendar years)
- larkspur poisoning (effective with 2015 and subsequent calendar years)

The STC can request a determination from the Deputy Administrator if a specific disease meets the eligible disease criteria. STC can also recommend inclusion of a disease as an eligible disease.

**Notes:** STC recommendations of a disease as an eligible disease should not be made based on individually filed applications. STC recommendations should be based on facts not associated with notices of loss or applications for payment. Rather, the recommendations should be based on whether as a generally applicable matter a specific disease meets the eligible disease criteria.

Further information is provided below regarding cyanobacteria and larkspur poisoning:

**Cyanobacteria**

Heavy rainfall followed by prolonged periods of hot temperatures is **not** considered an eligible adverse weather event **except** when associated with cyanobacteria, a toxin that is exacerbated by heavy rainfall followed by prolonged periods of hot temperatures and results in the death of eligible livestock during the 2015 and subsequent calendar years.--\*

## 41 Eligible and Ineligible Loss Conditions (Continued)

**D Eligible Disease (Continued)**

Blue-green algae blooms grow excessively and produce toxins (cyanobacteria) specifically after heavy rainfall followed by prolonged periods of hot temperatures. Blue-green algae blooms can be stimulated following storms when surface runoff containing phosphorus and nitrogen enters receiving waters. It has been determined that cyanobacteria is exacerbated by excessive/heavy rainfall followed by prolonged period of excessive heat and cannot be preventable with vaccinations and/or good management practices. However, after the first episode of livestock death losses because of cyanobacteria, it is part of a livestock producer's good management practices to prevent/control algae blooms by fencing off downwind drinking areas, providing livestock another water source, adding copper sulfate to the water as an algacide, establishing a vegetated buffer strips around the lake/pond, etc.

To be considered eligible to receive 2015 and subsequent calendar year benefits under LIP because of cyanobacteria, State Offices are responsible for establishing eligibility criteria for \*--livestock deaths because of cyanobacteria. STC will ensure that COC thoroughly--\* documents each case to ensure that:

- excessive/heavy rainfall followed by a prolonged period of excessive heat occurred before the time the livestock died
- livestock died during the first episode of cyanobacteria concentrated in a specific pond/lake, during the same calendar year

**Important:** Therefore, livestock deaths that occur after the first episode of cyanobacteria from the same pond/lake, during the same calendar year, are not eligible for livestock death loss benefits under LIP.

- producers must provide proof (acceptable to FSA) of livestock death losses because of cyanobacteria according to paragraph 44.

**\*--41 Eligible and Ineligible Loss Conditions (Continued)****D Eligible Disease (Continued)**Larkspur Poisoning

Unusual cold and wet conditions is not considered an eligible adverse weather event except when associated with larkspur poisoning, a plant that becomes toxic after unusual cold and wet conditions and results in the death of eligible livestock during the 2015 and subsequent calendar years.--\*

The larkspur plant grows excessively and becomes toxic during unusual cold and wet conditions; however, under normal conditions the plant dries out and is nontoxic. Under normal conditions, producers manage their cattle rotations around the plant during its most poisonous stage of growth. But, during unusually cold and wet conditions, the plant suddenly becomes toxic and the livestock consume the highly palatable plant and die before producers have time to remove the livestock from the area. It has been determined that larkspur poisoning cannot be prevented with vaccinations and/or good management practices. However, research indicates that applying herbicides controls larkspur to a level that would provide a significant reduction in cattle deaths. But, producers with livestock that are grazing rangeland that is managed by a Federal Agency may be prohibited from applying herbicides to the rangeland.--\*

## 41 Eligible and Ineligible Loss Conditions (Continued)

**D Eligible Disease (Continued)**

To be considered eligible to receive 2015 and subsequent calendar year benefits under LIP because of larkspur poisoning, State Offices are responsible for establishing eligibility criteria for livestock deaths because of larkspur poisoning. STC will ensure that COC--\* thoroughly documents each case to ensure that:

- unusual cold and wet conditions occurred before the time the livestock died
- the livestock death loss occurred on rangeland that is managed by a Federal Agency for which the producer is prohibited from applying herbicides

**Important:** Livestock death losses that occur on rangeland that is **not** managed by a Federal Agency and/or for which the producer is **not** prohibited from applying herbicides are **not** eligible for LIP benefits.

- livestock died during the first episode of larkspur poisoning concentrated in a specific pond/lake, during the same calendar year

**Important:** Therefore, livestock deaths that occur after the first episode of larkspur poisoning from the same pond/lake, during the same calendar year, are not eligible for livestock death loss benefits under LIP.

- producers must provide proof (acceptable to FSA) of livestock death losses because of larkspur poisoning according to paragraph 44.

## 41 Eligible and Ineligible Loss Conditions (Continued)

**E Ineligible Disease**

Livestock that die as a direct result of disease are not eligible for payment under LIP unless the disease has been previously determined by the Deputy Administrator to be a disease that can be exacerbated by an eligible adverse weather event and vaccination or acceptable management practices are not available, whether or not they were or were not implemented.

For example, cattle can be vaccinated to prevent anaplasmosis, pneumonia, infectious bovine rhinotracheitis, and parainfluenza. Vaccination is an acceptable management practice to prevent anaplasmosis, pneumonia, infectious bovine rhinotracheitis, and parainfluenza and these diseases are not exacerbated by an eligible adverse weather event and are not an eligible loss condition under LIP. Even if vaccination is performed or done or accomplished, and the livestock nonetheless die as a result of anaplasmosis, pneumonia, infectious bovine rhinotracheitis, or parainfluenza, the failure of the vaccination to prevent death of the animal from the disease is not an eligible loss condition.

**Notes:** Livestock losses that are **not** directly the result of an eligible loss condition (eligible adverse weather event; eligible disease; or eligible attack) are **not** eligible for LIP.

Blackleg is a fatal disease of young cattle caused by, for example, the spore-forming, rod-shaped, gas-producing bacteria *Clostridium chauvoei*. Blackleg is almost entirely preventable by vaccination; therefore, blackleg is **not** an eligible disease under LIP.

LIP does not provide payments for deaths resulting from a failure or even an alleged failure of vaccine or vaccination. A death that occurs due to a disease that is not an eligible disease cannot be paid simply because the animal was vaccinated but nonetheless died. Proof that deaths of livestock occurred as a direct result of an eligible disease must be submitted. An animal dying from a preventable disease despite vaccination is not evidence of an eligible disease under LIP.

**\*--F Veterinarian Certifications Regarding Deaths due to Disease**

COC will review notices of loss and applications for payment and make appropriate determinations, in accordance with policy, if an eligible adverse weather event directly caused the death of eligible livestock.

If the application is accompanied by a signed certification statement on CCC-854A, Livestock Indemnity Program Veterinarian Certification, from a licensed and in good standing veterinarian regarding the veterinarian's personal observation of the animals and knowledge of the deaths of the animals and the veterinarian certifies to all of the following, COC can make an appropriate determination of eligibility:

- How deaths due to disease, even diseases not included as eligible diseases in subparagraph 41 D, were caused or exacerbated by an eligible adverse weather event
- deaths were not otherwise avoidable and preventable using good husbandry and management protocols and practices.--\*

**41 Eligible and Ineligible Loss Conditions (Continued)**

**\*--F Veterinarian Certifications Regarding Deaths due to Disease (Continued)**

Regardless if the signed CCC-854A mentions that an eligible adverse weather event occurred, the question of whether there is an eligible adverse weather event that occurred must be made based on the COC's review of weather data, as provided in subparagraph 41 B.

**G Eligible Attack**

Livestock death loss or injury due to eligible attacks as defined in paragraph 23 are eligible; however, livestock death losses eligible for payment are limited to confirmed kills or injury. LIP does not pay for probable or potential deaths or injuries from eligible attacks.

Each State Office must consult with a State wildlife specialist to identify the protected predators under Federal law.

Producers must provide proof (acceptable to FSA) of livestock death losses or injuries--\* because of an eligible attack according to subparagraph 44 G.

**41 Eligible and Ineligible Loss Conditions (Continued)****H Ineligible Loss Conditions**

Any loss that is not the direct result of an eligible loss condition, as defined in paragraph 23, is not eligible under LIP.

A loss that is the result of a management decision is not an eligible loss condition.

\*--Livestock deaths or injuries because of insufficient or contaminated water or feed during--\* a drought are considered to be the result of a management decision and are not eligible for LIP.

Confinement operations must follow good management practices and confinement facility's operating equipment must meet industry standards to be eligible for LIP. Poultry and/or swine death losses in confinement operations that are attributed to an eligible adverse weather event causing the confinement operation's equipment to malfunction are not eligible for compensation under LIP if:

- good management practices are not followed
- the confined livestock operation's facilities do not possess all the equipment that meets industry standards such as, but not limited to, backup generators, alarm systems, fans, etc.
- management decisions were made not to take the necessary measures that could have prevented the loss.

## 42 Eligible Livestock, Owners, and Contract Growers Eligibility Criteria

### A Eligible Livestock

To be eligible livestock under LIP, the livestock must meet all of the following:

- been owned by an eligible livestock owner or be in the possession of an eligible contract grower on the day of the eligible loss condition and when the livestock died
- \*-- been owned by an eligible livestock owner on the day of the eligible loss condition that caused injury to the livestock
- been maintained for commercial use as part of a farming operation on the day the livestock died or were injured
- die in excess of normal mortality as a direct result of an eligible loss condition to be eligible for payment
- injured due to an eligible loss condition and was sold through an independent third party (sale barn, slaughter facility, or rendering facility) no later than 30 calendar days after the ending date of the applicable eligible loss condition
- die no later than 30 calendar days after the ending date of the applicable eligible loss condition.

**Note:** The death of an animal within 30 days of the date of an occurrence of an--\* eligible loss condition will **not** be presumed to be an eligible loss. Evidence and documentation must be submitted to FSA and FSA must be satisfied that the death of the animal was the direct result of the eligible loss condition.

- not be considered ineligible livestock according to subparagraph B
- be 1 of the following, as defined in paragraph 23:
  - adult or nonadult beef cattle
  - adult or nonadult beefalo/bison
  - adult or nonadult buffalo
  - adult or nonadult dairy cattle
  - elk
  - alpacas
  - caribou
  - deer
  - emus
  - equine animals
  - goats
  - llamas
  - poultry, including egg-producing poultry
  - reindeer
  - sheep
  - swine.

**42 Eligible Livestock, Owners, and Contract Growers Eligibility Criteria (Continued)****A Eligible Livestock (Continued)**

**Important:** If an animal was pregnant at the time of death, only the pregnant animal that died is eligible for payment under LIP. The unborn animal is **not** considered eligible livestock under LIP.

See paragraph:

- 23 for definitions of eligible livestock, commercial use, and farming operation
- 43 for further delineation of eligible livestock by payment rate.

**B Eligibility for Newborn Livestock**

Newborn livestock that were born at normal full-term or near full-term qualify for LIP if all of the following apply:

- are expected to survive under normal conditions
- the death was the direct cause of the eligible loss condition
- were born before or during the eligible loss condition
- died no later than 7 calendar days from the ending date of the applicable eligible loss condition.

## 42 Eligible Livestock, Owners, and Contract Growers Eligibility Criteria (Continued)

**C Ineligible Livestock**

\*--Animals **not** eligible for LIP including losses due to livestock deaths or injuries, include but are not limited to, the following:--\*

- any animal produced or maintained for reasons other than commercial use as part of a farming operation, as determined by FSA, including, but not limited to, recreational purposes, such as:
  - consumption by owner
  - hunting
  - pets
  - pleasure
  - roping
  - show.

In the following examples, the named individual or legal entity is fictitious and not intended to portray an actual person or entity. The examples are for illustration purposes only.

**Example 1:** Sam Smith owns 5 horses, 2 beef steers, and 3 goats. Smith maintains the horses for pleasure riding and fox hunting, and maintains the goats as pets for his children. He maintains the beef steers to be consumed by his family. Accordingly, Smith does not maintain any of the livestock for commercial use as part of a farming operation. All of the animals died because of a blizzard, an eligible adverse weather event.

Because none of Smith's livestock are maintained for commercial use as part of a farming operation, the animals are **not** eligible livestock for LIP purposes.

**Example 2:** Joe Johnson owns 5 horses which he uses to pull hansom cabs in the tourist district of the local city. The hansom cabs are Johnson's business activity he engages in as a means of livelihood for profit.

Johnson's horses are being maintained for commercial use, but not as a business enterprise engaged in producing agricultural products. Therefore, the animals are not considered eligible livestock for LIP purposes.

**\*--42 Eligible Livestock, Owners, and Contract Growers Eligibility Criteria (Continued)**

**C Ineligible Livestock (Continued)**

- catfish
- crawfish
- ostriches
- pheasants
- quail
- stillborn livestock
- unborn livestock

**Example:** A pregnant adult beef cow died before the birth of the calf. Only the pregnant cow may be considered eligible for payment. The unborn calf is **not** eligible livestock and must be excluded from beginning inventory.

- yaks
- any wild free roaming livestock, including equine and deer
- all animals that died before October 1, 2011

**Important:** Contact the National Office Special Programs Manager, through the State Office, when the reason for livestock death is questionable.--\*

**42 Eligible Livestock, Owners, and Contract Growers Eligibility Criteria (Continued)****D Eligible Livestock Owner**

An eligible livestock owner for LIP is an owner that is all of the following:

- meets the definition in paragraph 23
- assumes the production and market risks associated with the agricultural production of livestock
- is producing livestock for commercial use as part of a farming operation

**Note:** The owner does not have to be listed on a farm in Farm Records. The producer only has to be associated to the county where the loss occurred in Business Partner.

- had legal ownership of the eligible livestock for which benefits are being requested on the \*--day of the eligible loss condition and the day the livestock died or were injured, and--\* under conditions in which no contract grower could have been eligible for benefits with respect to the animal.

## 42 Eligible Livestock, Owners, and Contract Growers Eligibility Criteria (Continued)

### E Eligible Livestock Contract Grower

An eligible livestock contract grower is a person or entity who meets all the terms and conditions of eligible livestock owner for poultry or swine but whose interest in the poultry or swine is not as owner but as a person or entity whose interest, as of the day of the eligible loss condition and day the eligible livestock died, had all the following:

- a written agreement with the owner of eligible livestock, setting the specific terms, conditions, and obligations of the parties involved regarding the production of livestock;
- control of the eligible livestock; and
- risk of loss in the eligible livestock.

**\*--Note:** Contract growers are not eligible for LIP losses due to injured livestock sold at a reduced price.--\*

### F Examples of Eligible Livestock and Eligible Livestock Owners

In the following examples, the named individual or legal entity is fictitious and not intended to portray an actual person or entity. The examples are for illustration purposes only.

**Example 1:** Jane Black owns and raises a deer herd. Mrs. Black sells the does to a local food market to be processed into meat products. She sells the bucks to hunting preserves nationwide. Black is in the business of selling deer, including the bucks that are sold to hunting preserves, as a means of livelihood for profit.

The deer herd owned by Black meets the definition of eligible livestock because they are maintained for commercial use as part of a farming operation, as defined in subparagraph 23 A. Also Black meets the definition of an eligible livestock owner, as provided in subparagraph D because she has legal ownership of the deer and is assuming the production and market risks associated with the agricultural production of those livestock.

**\*--42 Eligible Livestock, Owners, and Contract Growers Eligibility Criteria (Continued)**

**F Examples of Eligible Livestock and Eligible Livestock Owners (Continued)**

**Example 2:** Sally Johnson, President of ABC Bank, owns 50 percent interest in a pen of 100 head of nonadult beef cattle weighing more than 900 pounds located in Frank Feeders Feedlot. The livestock are being fattened in the feedlot. Johnson's only farming and agricultural interest is as 50 percent owner of the livestock and Johnson neither owns nor leases any agricultural land.

Johnson's nonadult beef cattle in Frank Feeders Feedlot meet the definition of eligible livestock because they are maintained for commercial use as part of a farming operation, as defined in subparagraph 23 A. Also, Johnson meets the definition of an eligible livestock owner, as provided in subparagraph D because she has legal ownership of the livestock and is assuming the production and market risks associated with the agricultural production of livestock.

**Example 3:** John Feeders Feedlot owns 100 percent interest in multiple pens of nonadult beef cattle weighing more than 900 pounds located in John Feeders Feedlot. John Feeders Feedlot is fattening the cattle in the feedlot.

The livestock owned by John Feeders Feedlot meet the definition of eligible livestock because they are maintained for commercial use as part of a farming operation, as defined in subparagraph 23 A. Also, John Feeders Feedlot meets the definition of an eligible livestock owner, as provided in subparagraph D because the feedlot has legal ownership of the livestock and is assuming the production and market risks associated with the agricultural production of livestock.--\*

## 43 General Payment Information, Rates and Reductions

### A Payment Rates for Eligible Livestock for Livestock Owners

LIP provides separate payment rates for eligible livestock owners and eligible contract growers. See subparagraph B for payment rates for eligible livestock contract growers.

Payment rates for livestock owners are based on 75 percent of a fair market value, as determined by CCC, for the specific livestock category. The following table provides LIP per head payment rates, by livestock category, for eligible livestock owners.

\*--

Kind	Type	Weight Range	Payment Rate Per Head							
			2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018
Alpacas			\$280.53	\$262.50	\$267.87	\$270.00	\$270.00	\$270.00	\$270.00	\$270.00
Beef	Adult	Bull	\$971.03	\$1,369.17	\$1,381.63	\$1,590.49	\$1,965.78	\$1,987.89	\$1,350.34	\$1,279.07
		Cow	\$746.95	\$1,053.21	\$1,062.79	\$1,223.45	\$1,512.14	\$1,529.14	\$1,038.73	\$983.90
	Nonadult	Less than 400 pounds	\$336.04	\$460.96	\$454.46	\$553.77	\$716.48	\$757.59	\$471.22	\$468.92
		400 to 799 pounds	\$490.68	\$669.14	\$641.18	\$748.34	\$1,136.61	\$819.65	\$639.54	\$653.54
		800 pounds or more	\$766.03	\$972.47	\$967.99	\$1,149.39	\$1,375.41	\$1,120.38	\$1,001.12	\$1,011.05
Beefalo	Adult	Bull	\$1,232.82	\$1,738.30	\$1,754.12	\$2,019.28	\$2,495.75	\$2,523.82	\$1,714.39	\$1,609.53
		Cow	\$657.50	\$927.09	\$935.53	\$1,076.95	\$1,331.07	\$1,346.04	\$914.34	\$1,286.42
	Nonadult	Less than 400 pounds	\$319.24	\$437.91	\$431.73	\$526.08	\$680.66	\$719.71	\$447.66	\$752.77
		400 to 799 pounds	\$466.15	\$635.68	\$609.12	\$710.92	\$1,079.78	\$778.67	\$607.56	\$960.28
		800 pounds or more	\$727.73	\$923.84	\$919.59	\$1,091.92	\$1,306.64	\$1,064.36	\$951.06	\$1,372.71
Buffalo/ Bison	Adult	Bull								\$2,160.30
		Cow								\$1,790.61
	Nonadult	Less than 400 pounds								\$1,225.84
		400 to 799 pounds								\$1,471.53
		800 pounds or more								\$1,975.46
Caribou			\$412.50	\$412.50	\$420.93	\$429.53	\$518.11	\$624.96	\$445.69	\$411.16
Chickens	Broilers/ Pullets (Regular Size)	4.26 - 6.25 pounds	\$2.39	\$2.42	\$2.60	\$2.60	\$2.57	\$2.60	\$2.35	\$2.70
	Chicks		\$0.23	\$0.21	\$0.22	\$0.22	\$0.22	\$0.23	\$0.24	\$0.27
	Layers		\$11.42	\$13.63	\$14.49	\$15.14	\$19.61	\$3.27	\$3.15	\$3.38
	Pullets/ Cornish Hens (Small Size)	Less the 4.26 pounds	\$1.72	\$1.70	\$1.83	\$1.83	\$1.65	\$1.69	\$1.60	\$1.84
	Roasters	6.26 - 7.75 pounds	\$2.81	\$3.15	\$3.41	\$3.41	\$3.32	\$3.43	\$2.99	\$3.44
	Super Roasters/Parts	7.76 pounds or more							\$3.93	\$4.52
Dairy	Adult	Bull	\$997.50	\$1,087.50	\$1,035.00	\$1,080.00	\$1,475.00	\$1,503.75	\$1,353.75	\$1,216.88
		Cow	\$997.50	\$1,087.50	\$1,035.00	\$1,080.00	\$1,475.00	\$1,503.75	\$1,353.75	\$1,216.88
	Nonadult	Less than 400 pounds	\$249.38	\$271.88	\$258.75	\$270.00	\$368.75	\$375.94	\$338.44	\$304.22
		400 to 799 pounds	\$498.75	\$543.75	\$517.50	\$540.00	\$737.50	\$751.88	\$676.88	\$608.44
		800 pounds or more	\$766.03	\$878.37	\$835.96	\$872.31	\$1,191.35	\$1,214.57	\$1,093.41	\$982.86
Deer			\$412.50	\$412.50	\$420.93	\$429.53	\$518.11	\$624.96	\$445.69	\$411.16
Ducks	Ducklings		\$0.61	\$0.66	\$0.66	\$0.66	\$0.67	\$0.67	\$0.69	\$0.70
	Ducks		\$3.82	\$4.15	\$4.12	\$4.12	\$4.19	\$4.21	\$4.31	\$4.39
Elk			\$572.59	\$572.59	\$584.29	\$596.23	\$719.19	\$867.50	\$618.66	\$570.73
Emus			\$150.00	\$150.00	\$153.07	\$171.34	\$206.67	\$249.29	\$177.78	\$164.01
Equine			\$637.50	\$637.50	\$650.53	\$728.18	\$878.34	\$1,059.47	\$755.57	\$697.02
Geese	Goose		\$19.35	\$12.88	\$21.31	\$21.31	\$15.78	\$21.84	\$24.33	\$24.09
	Gosling		\$4.06	\$2.70	\$4.47	\$4.47	\$3.31	\$4.59	\$5.11	\$5.06
Goats	Bucks		\$89.91	\$121.17	\$121.97	\$125.58	\$136.35	\$165.12	\$207.19	\$206.81
	Nannies		\$68.15	\$98.51	\$98.54	\$105.55	\$110.45	\$144.80	\$228.75	\$146.42
	Slaughter Goats/Kids		\$58.89	\$66.72	\$46.72	\$80.25	\$78.58	\$71.05	\$65.27	\$64.47

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## 43 General Payment Information, Rates and Reductions (Continued)

**A Payment Rates for Eligible Livestock for Livestock Owners (Continued)**

Kind	Type	Weight Range	Payment Rate Per Head							
			2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	*--2018
Llamas			\$210.00	\$210.00	\$214.29	\$217.50	\$217.50	\$217.50	\$217.50	\$217.50
Reindeer			\$412.50	\$412.50	\$420.93	\$429.53	\$518.11	\$624.96	\$445.69	\$411.16
Sheep	Ewes		\$117.39	\$175.98	\$104.86	\$119.83	\$136.34	\$120.62	\$121.87	\$121.06
	Lambs		\$126.84	\$143.70	\$100.63	\$172.85	\$169.24	\$153.04	\$140.57	\$138.86
	Rams		\$116.04	\$173.96	\$136.33	\$140.19	\$143.97	\$129.13	\$119.98	\$116.67
Swine	Feeder Pigs	Less than 50 pounds	\$48.12	\$43.90	\$42.60	\$68.76	\$66.15	\$33.30	\$34.40	\$41.97
	Lightweight Barrows/ Gilts	50 to 150 pounds	\$67.73	\$67.73	\$73.93	\$88.70	\$93.93	\$59.91	\$57.01	\$65.14
	Sows/Boars/ Barrows/ Gilts	151 to 450 pounds	\$87.33	\$104.61	\$105.25	\$108.64	\$121.71	\$86.52	\$79.62	\$88.30
	Boars/Sows	450 pounds or more	\$201.03	\$221.80	\$234.38	\$292.11	\$305.48	\$169.81	\$172.51	\$188.14
Turkeys	Poult		\$1.14	\$1.10	\$1.13	\$1.15	\$1.25	\$1.25	\$1.25	\$1.25
	Toms/Fryers/ Roasters		\$12.20	\$14.45	\$13.49	\$13.68	\$14.58	\$15.88	\$15.88	\$14.72 --*

**B Payment Rates for Eligible Livestock for Livestock Contract Growers**

LIP provides separate payment rates for eligible livestock owners and eligible contract growers. See subparagraph A for payment rates for eligible livestock owners.

Payment rates for livestock contract growers are based on 75 percent of the national average income loss sustained, as determined by CCC, by the contract grower with respect to the dead livestock. The following table provides per head payment rates, by livestock category, for eligible livestock contract growers.

Kind	Type	Weight Range	Payment Rate Per Head							
			2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	*--2018
Chickens	Broilers/Pullets (Regular Size)	4.26 - 6.25 pounds	\$0.26	\$0.27	\$0.29	\$0.29	\$0.28	\$0.29	\$0.26	\$0.30
	Chicks								\$0.24	\$0.27
	Layers		\$0.69	\$0.82	\$0.82	\$0.91	\$1.18	\$0.20	\$0.19	\$0.20
	Pullets/Cornish Hens (Small Size)	Less than 4.26 pounds	\$0.19	\$0.19	\$0.20	\$0.20	\$0.18	\$0.19	\$0.18	\$0.20
	Roasters	6.26 - 7.75 pounds	\$0.31	\$0.35	\$0.38	\$0.38	\$0.36	\$0.38	\$0.33	\$0.38
	Super Roasters/Parts	7.76 pounds or more							\$0.43	\$0.50
Ducks	Ducks		\$0.42	\$0.46	\$0.45	\$0.45	\$0.46	\$0.46	\$0.47	\$0.48
	Ducklings								\$0.47	\$0.48
Geese			\$2.84	\$1.89	\$3.12	\$3.12	\$2.31	\$3.20	\$3.57	\$2.65
Swine	Feeder pigs	Less than 50 pounds	\$5.47	\$4.99	\$4.84	\$7.81	\$7.51	\$3.78	\$3.91	\$4.77
	Lightweight Barrows/ Gilts	50 to 150 pounds	\$10.17	\$11.15	\$11.10	\$13.32	\$14.11	\$9.00	\$8.56	\$9.78
	Sows/Boars/ Barrows/ Gilts	151 to 450 pounds	\$13.11	\$15.71	\$15.81	\$16.32	\$18.28	\$12.99	\$11.96	\$13.26
	Boars/Sows	450 pounds or more	\$82.61	\$91.15	\$96.32	\$120.04	\$125.54	\$69.78	\$70.89	\$77.32
Turkeys	*--Poult--*									\$0.14
	Toms/Fryers/ Roasters		\$0.34	\$1.59	\$1.48	\$1.50	\$1.60	\$1.75	\$1.75	\$1.62 --*

**\*--43 General Payment Information, Rates and Reductions****C Payment Reductions for Livestock Owners**

Payments for LIP will be reduced by any amount received by the participant for the same or any similar loss from a different Federal or State source.

Therefore, LIP payment amounts for eligible livestock owners will be reduced by the amount the participant received for the specific livestock under any other Federal or State source for the same or similar loss. Other source refers to the amount the participant received for the same or any similar loss from any Federal or State assistance program.

**Note:** The duplicate benefit could have been paid before or after the LIP payment. However, if a LIP payment was computed, approved, and issued before FSA became aware of a duplicate Federal or State benefit, the livestock owner will be liable for whatever overpayment is determined owed as a result of the duplicate benefit.

**D Payment Reductions for Contract Growers**

Payments for LIP will be reduced by any amount received by the participant for the same or any similar loss from a different source.

**Note:** The amount received by a contract grower from any other source could have been received before or after the LIP payment. However, if a LIP payment was computed, approved, and issued before FSA became aware of a amount received by a contract grower from any other source, the contract grower will be liable for whatever overpayment is determined owed as a result of the amount received for the same or similar loss from the different source.

Some contract growers received monetary compensation from their contractor for the loss of income suffered from the death of livestock under contract.

Some eligible livestock contract growers under LIP may have received payments for dead poultry or swine from their contractor for the loss of income from the dead poultry or swine.--\*

**\*--43 General Payment Information, Rates and Reductions****D Payment Reductions for Contract Growers (Continued)**

LIP payments will be reduced by the amount the contract grower received from their contractor for the loss of income from the eligible loss condition.

**Example 1:** Bill Smith is an eligible contract grower of roaster chickens for the All American Chicken Company for the 2012 calendar year. Mr. Smith suffered an eligible loss (death) of 5,000 chickens under contract as a direct result of a hurricane. The All American Chicken Company gave Mr. Smith \$300 for the loss of income he suffered because of the loss of the chickens. Mr. Smith's 2012 LIP calculated payment amount for the 5,000 chickens is \$500, before any reduction. However, the 2012 LIP payment for the chickens will be reduced to \$200 because of the \$300 received from the contractor for the loss of income from the loss of the chickens because of the adverse weather event.

**Example 2:** Jane Brown is an eligible contract grower of roaster chickens for the All American Chicken Company for the 2012 calendar year. She was also the owner of 100 adult beef cows. Mrs. Brown suffered an eligible loss (death) of 5,000 chickens under contract and 5 adult beef cows as a direct result of an eligible adverse weather event in 2012. The All American Chicken Company gave Mrs. Brown \$2,000 for the loss of income she suffered because of the loss of the chickens. Mrs. Brown's calculated payment amount for the 5,000 chickens is \$600, before any reduction, and \$650 for the 5 adult beef cows. The 2012 LIP payment for the chickens will be reduced to zero because of the \$2,000 received from the contractor. However, the 2012 LIP payment of \$650 for the eligible beef cows is not reduced.--\*

## 43 General Payment Information, Rates and Reductions (Continued)

**E Assignments and Offsets**

\*--For LIP, County Offices will:--\*

- accept assignments according to 63-FI
- apply offsets according to 58-FI.

**F Issuing Payments to Deceased Individuals, Closed Estates, and Dissolved Entities**

LIP payments for CCC-852's involving deceased individuals, closed estates, or dissolved  
\*--entities will be made according to the following, provided all other eligibility requirements are met.

<b>IF the participant is...</b>	<b>AND CCC-852 is signed by an authorized representative of the...</b>	<b>THEN payments will be issued...--*</b>
an individual who died before CCC-852 was filed	deceased according to 1-CM	to any of the following, as applicable, using the ID number of the participant: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• the deceased individual</li> <li>• the individual's estate</li> <li>• the heirs, based on OGC determination, according to 1-CM, Part 26.</li> </ul>
an estate that closed before CCC-852 was filed	estate according to 1-CM	
an entity that dissolved before CCC-852 was filed	dissolved entity according to 1-CM	using the ID number of the participant.
an individual who dies, is declared incompetent, or is missing after filing CCC-852		to eligible payees executing FSA-325 according to 1-CM, paragraph 779.

**Note:** FSA-325 is used when there is a request that a payment earned by a deceased, missing, or incompetent program participant be issued in a name other than that of the deceased, missing, or declared incompetent program participant.

**43 General Payment Information, Rates and Reductions (Continued)**

**G Payment Eligibility Requirements**

A participant must meet all the following for 2011 and subsequent calendar year losses  
\*--before a payment will be issued:--\*

- current CCC-902 on file for the participant on CCC-852
- CCC-901 on file for legal entities according to 5-PL
- AD-1026 on file according to 6-CP
- not be in violation of fraud provisions, including FCIC fraud provisions, according to 1-CM and 3-PL (Rev. 1)
- compliance with:
  - average AGI provisions according to 5-PL
  - controlled substance provisions according to 1-CM.

\*--County Offices will record determinations for the applicable criteria in the web-based eligibility system according to 5-PL.--\*

## 43 General Payment Information, Rates, and Reductions (Continued)

### H Conservation Compliance Provisions

AD-1026 applicable to the year for which LIP benefits are requested must be on file for the participant and affiliates, if applicable, according to 6-CP.

If AD-1026 applicable for the year for which LIP benefits are requested is:

- already on file for the participant, and affiliates, if applicable, it is not necessary to obtain a new AD-1026 for LIP
- \*--not on file for the participant, and affiliates, if applicable, County Office will obtain a--\* completed AD-1026 applicable to the year for which LIP benefits are requested.

If a new AD-1026 is required to be filed, payments may be issued to eligible participants upon signing AD-1026, item 12. It is not necessary to withhold payments pending NRCS highly erodible land or wetland determinations. The continuous certification statement on AD-1026 requires participants to refund program payments if an NRCS determination results in the discovery of a HELC/WC violation.

### I Prevention of Improper Payments

IPIA requires Federal agencies to evaluate programs to determine whether internal controls \*--are sufficient to prevent improper payments. County Offices must take all steps necessary--\* to ensure that program and payment eligibility requirements have been met before issuing any payments.

### J Definition of Improper Payment

Improper payment, as defined by OMB, means any payment that should **not** have been issued or was issued in an incorrect amount under statutory, contractual, administrative, or other legally applicable requirement.

## 44 Supporting Documentation

### \*--A Verifiable Proof of Death-or Injury

When CCC-852 is submitted, participants must provide **verifiable** documentation of livestock deaths or injuries claimed on CCC-852, including livestock that the participant claims died because of normal mortality. Adequate documentation must be provided that proves the death or injury of eligible livestock occurred as a direct result of an eligible loss condition in the calendar year for which benefits are being requested. See subparagraph 44 D for verifiable documentation required for proof of amount livestock owners received for injured livestock sold at a reduced price--\*

The documentation must provide sufficient data that identifies the quantity and the livestock kind/type and weight range. Documents providing verifiable evidence may include, but are not limited to, any or a combination of the following:

- rendering truck receipts or certificates
- FEMA records
- National Guard records
- veterinary records
- records assembled for tax purposes
- private insurance documents

\* \* \*

- bank or other loan documents

\* \* \*

**Note:** In addition, livestock contract growers must provide a copy of their grower contract.

Reliable proof of livestock inventory is still required according to subparagraph D when verifiable death loss records are provided.

**\*--Exception:** See subparagraph G for acceptable proof of death records for livestock--\* death losses occurring on or after October 1, 2011, and before January 1, 2015.

**44 Supporting Documentation (Continued)****\*--B Reliable Proof of Death or Injury**

If adequate verifiable proof of death or injury records documentation is not available, including proof of death for normal mortality, the participant may provide reliable proof of death or injury records, in conjunction with verifiable beginning inventory records, as proof of death or injury.

See subparagraph D for acceptable verifiable documentation of beginning inventory required when reliable death loss or injury documentation is provided. Reliable proof of death loss or injury records may include, but are not limited to:--\*

- contemporaneous producer records existing at the time of the event
- pictures with a date
- brand inspection records
- dairy herd improvement records
- other similar reliable documents.

**\*--Exception:** See subparagraph G for acceptable proof of death records for livestock--\* death losses occurring on or after October 1, 2011, and before January 1, 2015.

## 44 Supporting Documentation (Continued)

### C Third Party Certifications for Proof of Death

\*--If a participant is unable to provide verifiable or reliable records as proof of death or injury, according to subparagraphs A or B, the participant must use a third party certification as proof of death or injury in conjunction with verifiable beginning inventory.--\*

County Office and COC general knowledge of adverse weather or other factors (such as the degree to which predators are or were present) in the area are **not** acceptable as third party certification under any circumstance.

CED will provide a written monthly report to DD indicating the number of third party certifications reviewed and approved/disapproved.

\*--Third party certification of livestock deaths or injury may be accepted **only when all** of the following are met:

- livestock owner or contract grower, as applicable:
  - completes CCC-854 according to paragraph 45 and certifies to **all** of the following:
    - no other form of proof of death or injury is available
    - number of livestock, by category, in inventory when the deaths or injury occurred
    - physical location of livestock, by category, in inventory when the deaths or injury occurred
  - provides verifiable documentation that supports the reasonableness of the number of livestock in inventory when the deaths or injury occurred, as certified by participant according to paragraph 45--\*

**Important:** See subparagraph D for acceptable verifiable documentation of beginning inventory required when a third party certification is provided.

- third party completes and certifies on CCC-854 according to paragraph 45 to **all** of the following:
  - \*--specific details about how the third party has knowledge of the animal deaths or injury.--\*

## 44 Supporting Documentation (Continued)

## C Third Party Certifications for Proof of Death (Continued)

- the relationship or affiliation (if any) of the third party to the applicant

**Note:** The third party must be an independent source who is **not affiliated** with the farming operation. For instance, a third party cannot be a hired hand or a “family member” defined as a person whom a member in the farming operation or their spouse is related as lineal ancestor, lineal descendant, sibling, or spouse.

- telephone number and address of the third party
- \*--number and kind/type and weight range of participant’s livestock that died or were injured because of the eligible adverse weather event--\*
- any other details necessary for COC and DD to determine that the certification is acceptable.

**Note:** Although persons signing statements as third parties are not applicants, they are subject to examination by agency or other Government officials regarding the accuracy of their certifications. Third parties are expected to certify only to what they know to be factually true based on their own observation.

COC reviews the participant’s and third party’s certification on CCC-854 and determines all of the following:

- documents provided as evidence of livestock beginning inventory are acceptable
- livestock beginning inventory is reasonable based on documents provided
- claimed losses are reasonable
- third party is a reliable source in a position to have knowledge of loss
- certifications of participant and third party meet all requirements.

**Important:** COC will approve or disapprove the participant and third party certifications when review is complete, and document review in the COC minutes.

## 44 Supporting Documentation (Continued)

## C Third Party Certifications (Continued)

**\*--Example 1:** Jane Doe completes CCC-852 certifying 15 head of adult beef cows and 25--\* nonadult beef cattle less than 400 pounds died because of adverse weather.

Mrs. Doe completes CCC-854 indicating she has no proof of death of the cows and calves because they all drowned when a flash flood covered parts of their pastures, and none of the carcasses were ever located.

Mrs. Doe signs and dates CCC-854 indicating no proof of death is available because the livestock claimed on CCC-852 drowned, and no carcasses were ever located. She also certifies on CCC-854 that when the flash flood occurred she had 200 head of adult beef cows and 180 head of nonadult beef cattle less than 400 pounds in the pasture where the deaths occurred. As evidence of the beginning inventory, Mrs. Doe submits copies of bank loan documents for the purchase of 180 beef cows, purchase receipts for a total of 193 beef cows, and veterinary records indicating she had 185 beef calves wormed in July 2012. Mrs. Doe certifies on CCC-854 that she cannot locate the purchase receipts for the remaining 7 head of beef cows; however, she purchased them at the local county livestock auction in May 2011. Mrs. Doe certifies on CCC-854 that all the beef cows and calves in inventory when the animals drowned were physically located in fields 5, 6, and 7 on tract 1093 of FSN 458 in Jefferson County.

Mike Green, Mrs. Doe's neighbor, completes CCC-854 certifying that he has knowledge of the livestock deaths claimed by Mrs. Doe because his cattle are located in the pasture adjacent to Mrs. Does', and he witnessed the flash flood cover the area, and cattle being drowned before they could be safely rescued. After reviewing CCC-852, Mr. Green certifies on CCC-854 that he believes the information provided on CCC-852 is true and correct.

COC reviews Mrs. Doe's CCC-852, and CCC-854 provided by Mrs. Doe and Mr. Green, and the documents provided by Mrs. Doe to support the beginning inventory numbers. Based on the information provided, COC requests Mrs. Doe contact the local livestock auction company where the beef cows were purchased and request a copy of the purchase report or receipts.

After obtaining a purchase report from the local auction company indicating Mrs. Doe did purchase 7 beef cows in May 2011, COC determines the evidence of livestock inventory at time of the livestock deaths, and claimed livestock deaths are reasonable based on the information provided on CCC-854 and according to subparagraph H.

COC signs, dates, and approves CCC-854 provided by Mrs. Doe and Mr. Green, and documents the review in the COC minutes during the meeting in which Mrs. Doe's CCC-852 is approved by COC.

## 44 Supporting Documentation (Continued)

**C Third Party Certifications (Continued)**

**\*--Example 2:** Scott Farmer completes CCC-852 certifying 15 head of adult beef cows, 25 nonadult beef cattle less than 400 pounds died and 5 head of adult beef cows, 15 nonadult beef cattle less than 400 pounds were injured because of adverse weather.

Mr. Farmer completes CCC-854 indicating he has no proof of death because they burned in a wildfire and what was remaining of the carcasses were buried. He has no proof of injury as he took them to the sale immediately upon finding them.

Mr. Farmer signs and dates CCC-854 indicating no proof of death or injury is available because the livestock claimed on CCC-852 burned or sold. He also certifies on CCC-854 that when the wildfire occurred he had 500 head of adult beef cows and 450 head of nonadult beef cattle less than 400 pounds in the pasture where the deaths occurred. As evidence of the beginning inventory, Mr. Farmer submits copies of bank loan documents for the purchase of 500 beef cows, and veterinary records indicating he had 450 beef calves wormed in July 2017. Mr. Farmer certifies on CCC-854 that all the beef cows and calves in inventory when the animals burned were physically located in fields 10, 11, and 14 on tract 1099 of FSN 875 in Jefferson County.

Sean Blue, Mr. Farmer's neighbor, completes CCC-854 certifying that he has knowledge of the livestock deaths claimed by Mr. Farmer because his cattle are located in the pasture adjacent to Mr. Farmers', and he witnessed the wildfire sweep through the area, and cattle dying before they could be safely rescued. He also says he helped Mr. Farmer load the cows and calves that had been injured from the fire. Mr. Blue notes that the ears, hides and hooves of the calves were burnt along with the cows. After reviewing CCC-852, Mr. Blue certifies on CCC-854 that he believes the information provided on CCC-852 is true and correct.

COC reviews Mr. Farmer's CCC-852, and CCC-854 provided by Mr. Farmer and Mr. Blue, and the documents provided by Mr. Farmer to support the beginning inventory numbers. The COC determines the evidence of livestock inventory at time of the livestock deaths, and claimed livestock deaths are reasonable based on the information provided on CCC-854 and according to subparagraph H.

COC signs, dates, and approves CCC-854 provided by Mr. Farmer and Mr. Blue, and documents the review in the COC minutes during the meeting in which Mr. Farmer's CCC-852 is approved by COC.--\*

## 44 Supporting Documentation (Continued)

### D Proof and Reasonableness of Livestock Beginning Inventory

Livestock owners and livestock contract growers must provide verifiable or reliable documentation of their livestock beginning inventory according to this subparagraph.

\*--When a participant provides reliable proof of livestock death or injuries, according to subparagraph B, or a third party certification, according to subparagraph C, the participant must provide verifiable evidence of beginning inventory records.

#### **Verifiable Beginning Inventory Records--\***

Documents that may provide verifiable evidence of livestock beginning inventory include, but are **not** limited to, any or a combination of the following:

- veterinary records
- canceled check documentation
- balance sheets
- inventory records used for tax purposes
- loan records
- bank statements
- farm credit balance sheets
- property tax records
- brand inspection records
- sales and purchase receipts
- private insurance documents
- chattel inspections.

#### **\*--Reliable Beginning Inventory Records**

When a participant provides verifiable proof of livestock death or injuries, according--\* to subparagraph A, the participant must provide reliable evidence of beginning inventory records. Documents that may provide reliable evidence of livestock beginning inventory include but are not limited to:

- contemporaneous producer records existing at the time of the event
- brand inspection records
- docking records
- shearing records
- ear tag records
- trucking and/or livestock hauling records
- other similar reliable documents.

\* \* \*

## 44 Supporting Documentation (Continued)

**D Proof and Reasonableness of Livestock Beginning Inventory (Continued)**

\*--For newborn livestock (calves and lambs), COC may accept the combination of both the following as **reliable evidence of beginning inventory**:

- verifiable beginning inventory of the adult livestock (cows and ewes), adjusted based on the applicable livestock stocking rate
- results from a pregnancy check or ultrasound conducted by a third party, such as, but not limited to a veterinarian.

**Example:** Producer B reports a livestock beginning inventory of 50 beef cows, 2 bulls, and 44 beef calves. Producer B does not have verifiable beginning inventory for the 44 beef calves. However, Producer B provides the County Office with veterinary records and bank statements as verifiable evidence of a beginning inventory of 50 beef cattle. The normal calving rate of 90 percent would yield 45 (50 times 90 percent) calves. Producer B provides ultrasound reports from a veterinarian that confirms 44 out of the 50 head of adult beef cattle were pregnant. Based on the ultrasound reports and the calving rate, a beginning inventory of 44 calves appears reasonable. COC should question the newborn livestock beginning inventory if it appears unreasonable when compared to the applicable stocking rate and the ultrasound reports.

For newborn livestock, if a producer cannot meet these beginning inventory requirements, the producer's beginning inventory may be determined according to subparagraph I for open range operations.--\*

## 44 Supporting Documentation (Continued)

**D Proof and Reasonableness of Livestock Inventory (Continued)**

\*--Upon receipt of reliable evidence of beginning inventory, COC's will determine the--\*  
reasonableness of the livestock inventory and claimed losses using the following guidelines,  
when appropriate, for calving, farrowing, and kidding:

- 90 percent calving rate
- 103 to 105 percent for sheep
- 150 to 180 percent kidding rate
- 8.5 pigs per litter farrowing rate.

\*--**Note:** COC must use these guidelines to establish newborn livestock inventory. Producer  
needs to provide verifiable or reliable beginning inventory records.--\*

**Example:** A participant reports a livestock inventory of 150 beef cows, 5 beef bulls, and  
155 beef calves when the deaths occurred. The normal calving rate would yield  
135 (150 times 90 percent) calves. Based on the normal calving rate, 155 calves  
for 150 cows do not appear reasonable. COC should question the livestock  
inventory if it is not supported by verifiable documentation.

\* \* \*

\*--**E Verifiable Documentation of Amount Received for Sale of Injured Livestock Sold for a  
Reduced Price**

When a participant claims that livestock were injured due to an eligible loss condition and  
were sold at a reduced price, the participant must provide verifiable documentation of the  
amount received for the sale of injured livestock. The injured livestock must be sold through  
an independent third party (sale barn, slaughter facility or rendering facility). Only verifiable  
documentation of the amount received for sale of injured livestock is acceptable. The  
participant must provide verifiable evidence of injured livestock sold at a reduced price.

Documents that may provide verifiable evidence of amount received for sale of injured  
livestock sold include but are **not** limited to, any or a combination of the following:

- sales receipt from a livestock auction, sale barn or other similar livestock sales facility
- private insurance documents
- processing plant receipt.

At a minimum, verifiable documentation must have:

- livestock kind, type, and weight
- the price for which the animal was sold.--\*

**44 Supporting Documentation (Continued)****F Determining Livestock Beginning Inventory History for Calf and Lamb Open Range Livestock Operations Only**

Calf and lamb open range livestock operations may provide proof of death by using the livestock beginning inventory history for reporting losses.

The calf or lamb open range livestock operation is required to provide beginning livestock inventory records to determine the livestock beginning inventory history, if livestock beginning inventory records are available. Livestock inventory reports must provide:

- an accurate account of livestock beginning inventory for the open range livestock type/kind
- be supported by written verifiable records such as but not limited to:
  - docking records
  - sales receipts
  - shearing records
  - shipping records
  - bank records
  - veterinarian records
  - IRS records
  - other records approved by COC.

**44 Supporting Documentation (Continued)****F Determining Livestock Beginning Inventory History for Calf and Lamb Open Range Livestock Operations Only (Continued)**

When determining beginning livestock inventory, livestock inventory reports may require adjustment by COC, not to exceed normal mortality, for when loss occurs at different points during the growing season (for example, inventories from docking may need little to no adjustment, but sales records at the end of the growing season may require an adjustment to account for a full year of normal mortality). The open range livestock operation must certify to the accuracy of the information.

The open range livestock operation is solely responsible for the timely submission and certification of accurate, complete livestock beginning inventory to the County FSA Office. Livestock beginning inventory records must be provided for all livestock type/kind. Records may be requested by the applicable COC and/or STC, on behalf of FSA. The open range livestock operation must provide such records upon request.

Livestock inventory reports must be submitted to the County Office by the applicable signup deadlines provided in paragraph 40.

COC will determine if the livestock beginning inventory records are acceptable and calculate the approved livestock beginning inventory history using CCC-856 according to paragraph 46.

The livestock beginning inventory history is calculated using a minimum of 4 years of transitional livestock beginning inventory history and will be updated each subsequent inventory year.

The transitional livestock beginning inventory history may:

- contain a maximum of the 4 most recent calendar years
- include actual and transitional livestock beginning inventories
- will only be used when less than 4 years of actual inventory records are available.

Appropriate adjustments to livestock beginning inventory history may be made to account for variations in ewe/cow stocking levels during the period covered by the history.

**44 Supporting Documentation (Continued)****F Determining Livestock Beginning Inventory History for Calf and Lamb Open Range Livestock Operations Only (Continued)**

If no acceptable livestock beginning inventory records are available for either calves or lambs, calculate the 4 transitional livestock beginning inventory histories by multiplying the approved birthing rate/drop rate percentage for the open range livestock operation times the applicable cow or ewe livestock beginning inventory history times 65 percent.

If acceptable livestock beginning inventory records are provided for only 1 of the most recent 5 calendar years, calculate the 3 transitional livestock beginning inventory histories by multiplying the approved birthing rate/drop rate percentage for the open range livestock operation times the applicable cow or ewe livestock beginning inventory history times 80 percent.

If acceptable livestock beginning inventory records are provided for only 2 of the most recent 5 calendar years, calculate the 2 transitional livestock beginning inventory histories by multiplying the approved birthing rate/drop rate percentage for the open range livestock operation times the applicable cow or ewe livestock beginning inventory history times 90 percent.

If acceptable livestock beginning inventory records are provided for only 3 of the most recent 5 calendar years, calculate the 1 transitional livestock beginning inventory histories by multiplying the approved birthing rate/drop rate percentage for the open range livestock operation times the applicable cow or ewe livestock beginning inventory history times 100 percent.

If acceptable livestock beginning inventory history records containing information for 4 or more of the most recent calendar years are provided, calculate the livestock beginning inventory history by taking a simple average of the actual livestock beginning inventory histories.

## 44 Supporting Documentation (Continued)

### **G Acceptable Proof of Livestock Death and Inventory for Livestock Losses Occurring October 1, 2011, Through December 31, 2014**

For livestock death losses that occurred on or after October 1, 2011, and before January 1, 2015, livestock producers who cannot meet the criteria in subparagraphs E, F, G, I, and K may provide acceptable documentation of proof of death and inventories according to the requirements in this subparagraph.

Documents that may provide acceptable evidence of death include, but are not limited to, any or a combination of the following:

- contemporaneous producer records existing at the time of the event, such as, but not limited to:
  - personal diary listing births, deaths, unaccounted animals, and date of such event
  - personal diary of cowboy or herdsman showing animal care
  - calendar listing births, deaths, unaccounted animals, date livestock turned out on pasture
  - pictures with a date
  - brand inspection records
  - dairy herd improvement records
  - ear tag documentation or records
  - other similar reliable documents
- CCC-854, third party certification may be required by COC to support the contemporaneous records. CCC-854 according to subparagraph G does not require the third-party to certify to the specific number of livestock; however, the third party must be able to verify, based on the third party's personal knowledge and observation, the kind/type of livestock lost and provide specific details of the weather event that occurred that resulted in the claimed loss of livestock. If for whatever reason the third party questions or has concerns regarding the the number of claimed livestock lost, the third party should explain those concerns in the statement provided to FSA.

**44 Supporting Documentation (Continued)****G Acceptable Proof of Livestock Death and Inventory for Livestock Losses Occurring October 1, 2011, Through December 31, 2014 (Continued)**

Documents that may provide acceptable evidence of livestock inventory include, but are not limited to, any or a combination of the following:

- veterinary records
- canceled check documentation
- balance sheets
- inventory records used for tax purposes
- bank statements
- farm credit balance sheets
- property tax records
- trucking and/or livestock hauling records
- brand inspection records
- sales and purchase receipts
- private insurance documents
- chattel inspections
- IRS records such schedule F and depreciation schedules
- docking records
- shearing records
- ear tag records.

COC may compare livestock numbers and carrying capacity to acreage reports filed by a producer during the calendar year of loss to determine reasonableness.

COC must review all documentation provided by the producer and based upon review of the documentation provided by the producer and personal knowledge of the producer's livestock operation, determine whether the number of death losses reported by the livestock producer are reasonable and whether the application for payment should be approved.

## 44 Supporting Documentation (Continued)

**G Acceptable Proof of Livestock Death and Inventory for Livestock Losses Occurring October 1, 2011, Through December 31, 2014 (Continued)**

In the following examples, the named individual or legal entity is fictitious and not intended to portray an actual person or entity. The examples are for illustration purposes only.

**Example 1:** Johnnie Thompson files 2012 CCC-852 and has no verifiable/reliable/3rd party/open range livestock beginning inventory documentation. Mr. Thompson provides a pocket diary in which he has recorded a loss of 100 head of cows and 50 calves because of a April 2012 blizzard.

This could be considered an acceptable reliable record to support proof of death loss for cows and calves. Mr. Thompson would still need to provide verifiable documentation for beginning inventory.

**Example 2:** Sue Bell files 2013 CCC-852. She has no records to support beginning inventory. Mrs. Bell provides the following records:

- 2013 tax return to document ending inventory of cows
- 2012 tax return to document beginning inventory of cows
- 2 years of sales documents for calves
- purchase receipts for replacement cows
- acreage report on file for 2013.

COC compares livestock numbers/carrying capacity to determine reasonableness. Based upon the review of the documentation provided by Mrs. Bell, COC personal knowledge of Mrs. Bell's livestock operation, COC has determined that the livestock death loss numbers reported are reasonable and should be approved.

**Note:** If COC determines documentation provided is not sufficient to support contemporaneous records, COC can require Mrs. Bell to file CCC-854, Third Party Certification. The CCC-854 according to subparagraph G does not require the third-party to certify to the specific number of livestock; however, the third party should be able to verify the kind/type of livestock lost and provide specific details of the weather event that occurred that resulted in the loss of livestock.

## 44 Supporting Documentation (Continued)

**G Acceptable Proof of Livestock Death and Inventory for Livestock Losses Occurring October 1, 2011, Through December 31, 2014 (Continued)**

**Example 3:** Juan Ortiz files 2013 CCC-852 and reports a loss of 100 lambs and 50 ewes because of a May 2013 blizzard. Mr. Ortiz does not have proof of death loss documentation to provide to the County Office.

Mr. Ortiz provides CCC-854, “Third Party Certification” completed by a third party who certified that they witnessed the loss of the lambs and ewes because of the blizzard but did not have an exact physical count.

**Note:** This could be considered acceptable proof of death and a reliable record.

Mr. Ortiz has no verifiable documentation to support beginning inventory but provides the following documentation:

- 2013 tax return , 2012 tax return, 2 years of sales documents for lambs
- shearing and docking records
- veterinarian records
- purchase receipts for replacement ewes
- acreage report.

COC reviews the documentation provided by Mr. Ortiz, the acreage report, and compares the livestock numbers/carrying capacity to determine reasonableness. Based upon their review and personal knowledge of Mr. Ortiz’s livestock operation, COC determined that the livestock death numbers reported are reasonable and should be approved.

## 44 Supporting Documentation (Continued)

**\*--H Eligible Death Losses and Injuries Because of Eligible Attacks**

LIP compensates eligible livestock producers for livestock deaths or injuries because of eligible animal attacks, as defined in paragraph 23. LIP does not compensate livestock producers for probable eligible attacks; however, LIP only compensates livestock producers for confirmed kills or injuries.

Livestock producers must provide adequate proof that the death or injury of the eligible livestock occurred as a direct result of an eligible attack, in the calendar year for which benefits are requested.

Documentation to substantiate eligible attacks must be obtained from a source such as, but not limited to, the following:

- APHIS, if available

**Note:** APHIS is **not** responsible for verifying livestock deaths or injuries for LIP. However, APHIS may intermittently assist on a case-by-case basis should the requestor be currently participating in APHIS Wildlife Services damage management programs or located nearby. The APHIS Wildlife Services ability to assist producers with confirmed kills and injuries is voluntary and at the--\* Wildlife Services State Director's discretion.

- Department of Natural Resources
- other sources or documentation as determined by the Deputy Administrator.

**\*--Exception:** See subparagraph G for acceptable proof of death records for livestock--\* death losses occurring on or after October 1, 2011, and before January 1, 2015.

If a participant is unable to get APHIS or Department of Natural Resources to provide documentation to substantiate an eligible attack, the participant may provide verifiable \*--documentation of livestock deaths or injuries because of the eligible attack, as provided in subparagraph A, in addition to proof of death for normal mortality.--\*

COC must verify that both APHIS and Department of Natural Resources are not able to provide participants in the County Office verifiable documentation of livestock deaths \*--or injuries because of eligible attacks. The County Office must document this in the COC--\* minutes.

## 44 Supporting Documentation (Continued)

**\*--H Eligible Death Losses or Injuries Because of Eligible Attacks (Continued)**

If a participant does not have adequate verifiable proof of livestock death or injury because of an eligible attack, the participant must provide **all of the following**:

- reliable death loss records, as provided in subparagraph B
- verifiable beginning inventory records, as provided in subparagraph D
- third party certification, as provided in paragraph 45.--\*

**Important:** A third party certification by itself does not meet the requirement for proof of livestock death because of eligible attacks.

The following is a partial list of avian predators that are protected under Federal law, the Migratory Bird Treaty Act, and the Golden Eagle Protection Act. A more complete list of avian predators that are protected under Federal law, the Migratory Bird Treaty Act, and the Golden Eagle Protection Act is available at <http://www.fws.gov/migratorybirds/regulationspolicies/mbta/mbtandx.html>.

Species are listed alphabetically by common (English) group names, with the scientific name of each species following the common name.

CONDOR, California, *Gymnogyps californianus*

EAGLE, Bald, *Haliaeetus leucocephalus*  
 Golden, *Aquila chrysaetos*  
 White-tailed, *Haliaeetus albicilla*

OSPREY, *Pandion haliaetus*

VULTURE, Black, *Coragyps atratus*  
 Turkey, *Cathartes aura*

## 45 CCC-854, Livestock Indemnity Program Third Party Certification

### A Completing CCC-854

Complete CCC-854 according to the following table:

Item	Instruction
1	*--Enter State and County Code. This is the service center State and county responsible for the physical location county where the livestock deaths or injuries occurred.
2	Enter the calendar year the eligible loss condition occurred that caused the livestock death loss.
3	Enter County Office name and address.--*
<b>Part A – Livestock Producer Information</b>	
4	Enter the participant's name and address, including city, State and ZIP code.
<b>Part B – Livestock Producer Certification of Livestock and Losses</b>	
5	*--Enter the eligible loss condition and date.--*
6	Enter "YES" if the producer in item 4 is a contract grower. Otherwise, enter "NO".
7	<p>Enter livestock kind/type and weight range for which loss occurred, for which no other proof of death is available.</p> <p>An entry in this field is always required when there is a loss in a particular kind/type and weight range of livestock for which no other proof of death is available.</p> <p><b>Note:</b> Livestock by kind, type, and weight range can be obtained from the local FSA office or LIP Fact Sheet located at <a href="http://disaster.fsa.usda.gov">http://disaster.fsa.usda.gov</a>.</p>

## 45 CCC-854, Livestock Indemnity Program Third Party Certification (Continued)

## A Completing CCC-854 (Continued)

Item	Instruction
8	Enter the total number of livestock, by kind/type and weight range, in inventory at *--the time the loss occurred for which no other form of proof of death or injury is available.
9	Enter the physical location of livestock in inventory when deaths or injury occurred. Include the name of the county where the livestock were located when the deaths or injury occurred.--*  <b>Example:</b> Jones County, Texas, farm 100
10	*--Enter the type of documentation provided to support reasonableness of livestock in inventory when deaths or injury occurred.--*  Type of records may include but is not limited to: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• veterinary records</li> <li>• loan records</li> <li>• farm credit balance sheets.</li> </ul> * * *
<b>Part C - Livestock Producer Certification</b>	
11A	Participant or representative of participant signs to indicate that livestock losses have occurred because of an eligible adverse weather event, that no other form of *--proof of death or injury is available, the number livestock in item 8 were in--* inventory when the loss occurred, the livestock in inventory were physically located as described in item 9, and all other information provided is true and correct.
11B	Signatory in item 11A shall enter their title/relationship when signing in the representative capacity.  <b>Note:</b> If a participant/applicant is <b>not</b> signing in the representative capacity, this field should be left blank. If a participant/applicant is signing on behalf of themselves, it is acceptable to write "self"; however, it is <b>not</b> necessary.
11C	Participant or participant's representative enters signature date.

## 45 CCC-854, Livestock Indemnity Program Third Party Certification (Continued)

## A Completing CCC-854 (Continued)

Item	Instruction
<b>Part D – Third Party Certification Information</b>	
12	Enter the name and address including city, State, and ZIP code of the third party.
13	Enter the telephone number of the third party.
14	Enter the relationship or affiliation of the third party to the participant. A third party must be an independent source such as veterinarian, neighbor or other (but not a hired hand or family member).
<b>*--Part E – Third Party – Specific Details of Livestock Deaths and/or Injury</b>	
15	<p>Enter specific details about how the third party has knowledge of the animal deaths and/or injury.</p> <p>Written details should be specific about the knowledge of the animal deaths and/or injury and could include pictures or other documentation, if available.--*</p> <p>Written details should also include dates of adverse weather event, type of adverse weather event, and physical location of third party relevant to the location of the participant's livestock that were lost or participant's farm.</p>
<b>*--Part F –Third Party – Certification of Livestock Deaths and/or Injury</b>	
16	<p>Enter the livestock kind/type and weight range of the participant's livestock that died and/or injured because of an eligible loss condition that the third party has knowledge of.--*</p> <p><b>Note:</b> Livestock kind/type and weight range can be obtained from the local FSA office or LIP Fact Sheet located at <a href="http://disaster.fsa.usda.gov">http://disaster.fsa.usda.gov</a>.</p>
17	Enter the number of livestock lost because of an eligible loss condition, for the specific kind/type and weight range entered in item 16 that the third party has knowledge of.
*--18	Enter the number of livestock injured because of an eligible loss condition, for the specific kind/type and weight range entered in item 16 that the third party has knowledge of.--*

## 45 CCC-854, Livestock Indemnity Program Third Party Certification (Continued)

## A Completing CCC-854 (Continued)

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Item	Instruction
<b>Part G – Third Party Certification of Other Details</b>	
19	Enter any other relevant details related to the livestock deaths or injury the third party is certifying to.
<b>Part H – Third Party Signature Certification</b>	
20A through 20B	After reading the certification, third party signs and dates.  <b>Important:</b> Third parties are responsible for the accuracy of any certification given to FSA. The certification of any fact on CCC-854 is subject to verification. Certifications must be based on the third party's own personal observation and knowledge.
<b>Part I - County Committee Determination</b>	
21 through 26	COC will review the participant's and third party's certification and document their determination by checking "YES" or "NO" to each of the questions in Part I. If "NO", is checked for any of the questions, COC will explain their determination in item 27.
27	Enter explanations from items 21 through 26.
28	Enter COC signature.  <b>Note:</b> Only COC can "approve" or "disapprove" a third party certification.
29	Enter date of COC action.
30	Enter a check in "approved" or "disapproved" box.

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**45 CCC-854, Livestock Indemnity Program Third Party Certification (Continued)**

## B Example of CCC-854

\* \_ \_

[illegible]

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45 CCC-854, Livestock Indemnity Program Third Party Certification (Continued)

B Example of CCC-854 (Continued)

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CCC-854 (05-17-18)		Page 3 of 3
PART I – COUNTY COMMITTEE DETERMINATION		
	YES	NO
21. Documents provided as evidence of livestock verifiable beginning and ending inventory are acceptable. If "NO", explain in Item 27.	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
22. Livestock inventory is reasonable based on documents provided. If "NO", explain in Item 27.	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
23. Claimed livestock losses are reasonable. If "NO", explain in Item 27.	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
24. Claimed livestock injuries are reasonable. If "NO", explain in Item 27.	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
25. Third party is a reliable source in a position to have knowledge of loss or injury. If "NO", explain in Item 27.	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
26. Certification of participant and third party meet all requirements. If "NO", explain in Item 27.	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
27. Comment(s):		
28. COC Signature	29. Date (MM-DD-YYYY)	30. Determination <input type="checkbox"/> Approved <input type="checkbox"/> Disapproved

--\*

**\*--45.5 CCC-854A, Livestock Indemnity Program Veterinarian Certification****A Completing CCC-854A**

Complete CCC-854A according to the following table:

**Note:** Part B through D must be completed by a licensed, certified veterinarian.

<b>Item</b>	<b>Instruction</b>
1	Enter State and County code. This is the service center State and county responsible for the physical location county where the livestock deaths or injuries occurred.
2	Enter the calendar year the eligible loss condition occurred that caused the livestock death loss.
3	Enter County Office name and address. This is the administrative County Office where the participant's farm records are maintained.
<b>Part A – Livestock Producer Information</b>	
4	Enter the participant's name and address, including city, State and ZIP code.
<b>Part B – Veterinarian Information – From a Licensed and In-Good Standing Veterinarian</b>	
5	Enter the veterinarian's name and address, including city, State and ZIP code.
6	Veterinarian shall enter their license number and the state they are licensed in.
<b>Part C – Livestock Information</b>	
7	Enter livestock kind/type and weight range for which loss occurred. An entry in this field is always required when there is a loss in a particular kind/type and weight range of livestock for which a veterinarian certification is required.  <b>Note:</b> Livestock by kind, type, and weight range can be obtained from the local FSA office or LIP Fact Sheet located at <a href="http://disaster.fsa.usda.gov">http://disaster.fsa.usda.gov</a> .
8	Enter the date of the livestock death that was caused or exacerbated by disease, listed in item 11, that was caused or exacerbated by the eligible adverse weather event, listed in item 12.
9	Enter the number of livestock deaths due to disease that was exacerbated by an eligible adverse weather event, as observed by the certifying veterinarian.

--\*

## \*--45.5 CCC-854A, Livestock Indemnity Program Veterinarian Certification (Continued)

## A Completing CCC-854A (Continued)

Item	Instruction
10	Enter the physical location of the livestock where the deaths occurred.
11	Enter the type of disease that caused or exacerbated the livestock deaths.
12	Enter the adverse weather event and date that caused or exacerbated the disease that caused the livestock deaths.
13	Enter the specific details of the veterinarian's personal observation and knowledge of the deaths of the animals shown on this form, how deaths were caused or exacerbated by an eligible adverse weather event and if those deaths were not otherwise avoidable and preventable using good animal husbandry and management protocols and practices.
14	Check the appropriate box if good animal husbandry and management protocols and practices followed to prevent the disease and loss of livestock. Enter the management protocols and practices that were followed to prevent disease and loss of livestock as observed by the veterinarian.
<b>Part D – Veterinarian Signature Certification</b>	
15A through 15B	<p>After reading the certification, the veterinarian signs and dates.</p> <p><b>Important:</b> Veterinarians are responsible for the accuracy of any certification given to FSA. The certification of any fact on CCC-854A is subject to verification. Certifications must be based on the veterinarian's own personal observation of the animals and knowledge of the deaths of the animals.</p>

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## \*--45.5 CCC-854A, Livestock Indemnity Program Veterinarian Certification (Continued)

## B Example of CCC-854A

This form is available electronically. <b>CCC-854A</b> (05-17-18) <span style="float: right;"><b>U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE</b> Commodity Credit Corporation</span>						1. State and County Code	2. Calendar Year
<b>LIVESTOCK INDEMNITY PROGRAM</b> <b>Veterinarian Certification</b>						3. County Office Name and Address (Include Zip Code)	
<b>NOTE:</b> <i>The following statement is made in accordance with the Privacy Act of 1974 (5 USC 552a - as amended). The authority for requesting the information identified on this form is 7 CFR Part 1416, the Commodity Credit Charter Act (15 U.S.C. 714 et seq.), and the Agricultural Act of 2014 (Pub. L. 113-79). The information will be used to determine eligibility for livestock indemnity program benefits. The information collected on this form may be disclosed to other Federal, State, Local government agencies, Tribal agencies, and nongovernmental entities that have been authorized access to the information by statute or regulation and/or as described in applicable Routine Uses identified in the System of Records Notice for USDA/FSA-2, Farm Records File (Automated). Providing the requested information is voluntary. However, failure to furnish the requested information will result in a determination of ineligibility for livestock indemnity program benefits.</i>  <i>This information collection is exempted from the Paperwork Reduction Act, as specified in the Agricultural Act of 2014 (Pub. L. 113-79, Title I, Subtitle F - Administration).</i>  <i>The provisions of appropriate criminal and civil fraud, privacy, and other statutes may be applicable to the information provided. RETURN THIS COMPLETED FORM TO YOUR COUNTY FSA OFFICE.</i>							
<b>PART A – LIVESTOCK PRODUCER INFORMATION</b>							
4. Producer's Name and Address (City, State and Zip Code)							
<b>PART B – VETERINARIAN INFORMATION FROM A LICENSED AND IN GOOD STANDING VETERINARIAN</b>							
5. Veterinarian Name and Address (City, State, and Zip Code)						6. License Number and State	
<b>PART C – LIVESTOCK INFORMATION</b>							
7. Livestock Kind/Type and Weight Range	8. Date of Livestock Death (MM-DD-YYYY)	9. Number of Livestock Deaths Due to a Disease Caused/ Exacerbated By an Eligible Adverse Weather Event	10. Location of Livestock Deaths (County Name and Location)	11. Type of Disease	12. Eligible Adverse Weather Event and Date		
13. Please explain, based on your personal observation of the animals and knowledge of the deaths of the animals shown on this form, how deaths were caused by or exacerbated by an eligible adverse weather event and if those deaths were not otherwise avoidable and preventable using good animal husbandry and management protocols and practices.							
14. Were good animal husbandry and management protocols and practices followed to prevent the disease and loss of livestock (Check applicable box and enter reason)? <input type="checkbox"/> YES <input type="checkbox"/> NO.							
<b>PART D - VETERINARIAN SIGNATURE CERTIFICATION</b>							
I certify that: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>The specific details of my knowledge and personal observation of the animals identified in Part C are true and correct.</li> <li>All information provided on this form, whether personally entered by me or not is true and correct to the best of my knowledge.</li> </ul>							
15A. Veterinarian's Signature (By)						15B. Date (MM-DD-YYYY)	
In accordance with Federal civil rights law and U.S. Department of Agriculture (USDA) civil rights regulations and policies, the USDA, its Agencies, offices, and employees, and institutions participating in or administering USDA programs are prohibited from discriminating based on race, color, national origin, religion, sex, gender identity (including gender expression), sexual orientation, disability, age, marital status, family/parental status, income derived from a public assistance program, political beliefs, or reprisal or retaliation for prior civil rights activity, in any program or activity conducted or funded by USDA (not all bases apply to all programs). Remedies and complaint filing deadlines vary by program or incident.							
Persons with disabilities who require alternative means of communication for program information (e.g., Braille, large print, audiotape, American Sign Language, etc.) should contact the responsible Agency or USDA's TARGET Center at (202) 720-2600 (voice and TTY) or contact USDA through the Federal Relay Service at (800) 877-8339. Additionally, program information may be made available in languages other than English.							
To file a program discrimination complaint, complete the USDA Program Discrimination Complaint Form, AD-3027, found online at <a href="http://www.ascr.usda.gov/complaint_filing_cust.html">http://www.ascr.usda.gov/complaint_filing_cust.html</a> and at any USDA office or write a letter addressed to USDA and provide in the letter all of the information requested in the form. To request a copy of the complaint form, call (866) 632-9992. Submit your completed form or letter to USDA by: (1) mail: U.S. Department of Agriculture, Office of the Assistant Secretary for Civil Rights, 1400 Independence Avenue, SW Washington, D.C. 20250-9410; (2) fax: (202) 690-7442; or (3) email: <a href="mailto:usprogram.intake@usda.gov">usprogram.intake@usda.gov</a> . USDA is an equal opportunity provider, employer, and lender.							

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**\*--46 CCC-856, Livestock Beginning Inventory History Open Range Livestock Operations Under the Livestock Indemnity Program (LIP)**

**A Completing CCC-856**

Complete CCC-856 according to the following table for calf or ewe open range livestock operations when the livestock operation does not provide verifiable, reliable, or third party proof of death documentation according to subparagraphs 73 E, F, or G, or when the open range livestock operation chooses this method.

Item	Instruction
1	Enter State and County FSA Office Name. This is the State and administrative County Office where the participant's farm records are maintained.
2	Enter the calendar year the livestock deaths occurred.  <b>Note:</b> If the deaths occurred in 2 different calendar years as a result of the same adverse weather event or eligible attacks by animals or avian predators, a separate CCC-856 must be filed for each calendar year.
3	Enter farm numbers of physical location where livestock are located.
<b>Part A – Producer Information</b>	
4	Enter open range livestock producer's name/operation name.
<b>Part B – Adult Cow or Ewe Livestock Beginning Inventory (LBI) Report</b>	
Complete this section only if users do <b>not</b> have all 4 years of calf/lamb verifiable and/or reliable "Livestock Beginning Inventory" for the 4 calendar years preceding the calendar year in item 2. If users have calf/lamb Verifiable/Reliable Livestock Beginning Inventory (LBI) for all 4 calendar years preceding the calendar year in item 2, go to Part C.	
5	Enter the 4 preceding calendar years prior to the calendar year entered in item 2.
6	Enter livestock kind/type of Cows or Ewes. (Note: Mother for the type of livestock lost on the open range, either calf or lamb).
7	Enter the verifiable Livestock Beginning Inventory (LBI) for the Cows/Ewes provided for each of the calendar years entered in item 5 for which users do not have verifiable and/or reliable calf/or lamb livestock beginning inventory (LBI).  <b>Note:</b> Any year that the record is a verifiable and/or reliable calf/lamb inventory record, it should be entered in Part C, item 15.
8	Enter the applicable birthing rate percentage (90% for cows and 160% for ewes) for the kind/type of livestock entered in item 6.

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**46 CCC-856, Livestock Beginning Inventory History Open Range Livestock Operations Under the Livestock Indemnity Program (LIP) (Continued)**

**A Completing CCC-856 (Continued)**

Item	Instruction
9	Enter the Calf/Lamb Transitional Livestock Beginning Inventory History (TLBIH) calculated by multiplying item 7 times item 8. Round to the nearest whole number. (use normal rounding procedures) for each applicable calendar year for which no records were provided.
<b>Part C – Calf or Lamb Livestock Beginning Inventory History Calculations</b>	
Use up to 5 preceding years verifiable and reliable records	
10	Enter 4 or 5 preceding calendar year from calendar year item 2.
11	Enter the amount from item 9 for each calendar year.
12	Enter Transitional LBIH based on definitions in part D.
13	Enter sum of item 11 times item 12 (user will either have item 13 or 14, but <b>not</b> both).
14	Enter Verifiable or Reliable Livestock Inventory Records(user will either have item 13 or 14, but <b>not</b> both).
15	Enter the sum of either item 13 or item 14 for each calendar year.
<b>Part D – Approved Livestock Beginning Inventory History (LBIH) For Current Calendar Year</b>	
16	Enter the total sum of item 15.
17	Enter the number of calendar years in item 10 (this could be 4 or 5).
18	Enter result of dividing item 16 by the number of calendar years in item 17 (this could be 4 or 5).
<b>Part E – Producer Certification Statement</b>	
19A	Producer signature.
19B	Enter title/relationship of individual signing in the representative capacity.
19C	Enter date producer signature.
<b>Part F – County Committee Determination</b>	
20	*--COC or designee will sign.--*
21	Enter date of COC or designee signature.
22	Check approved or disapproved based on COC determination.

**\*--46 CCC-856, Livestock Beginning Inventory History Open Range Livestock Operations Under the Livestock Indemnity Program (LIP) (Continued)**

**B Scenario for CCC-856, Livestock Beginning Inventory History Open Range Livestock Operation Under the Livestock Indemnity Program – Example**

2013 is the loss year. BJ's livestock lost lambs because an eligible adverse weather event in April, 2013. BJ's Livestock does not have any lamb livestock beginning inventory records. BJ's Livestock goes to Prairie County Montana FSA Office on April 15, 2014, to complete a 2013 calendar year CCC-856.

BJ's Livestock's open range livestock operation consists of farms 501 and 600. BJ Livestock provides the following verifiable livestock beginning inventory ewe records to Prairie County for the following calendar years:

<u>Calendar Year</u>	<u>Verifiable Beginning Inventory of Ewes</u>
2012	1,000
2011	950
2010	975
2009	1,010

TLBIH for each calendar year 2012 to 2009 was calculated by the County Office as follows.

Applicable Calendar Year Ewe Verifiable Livestock Beginning Inventory x Ewe Drop Rate (160%) = Calf/Lamb TLBIH for the Applicable Calendar Year (Item 9)

2012 – 1000 ewes x 160% = 1600 TLBIH lambs  
 2011 – 950 ewes x 160% = 1520 TLBIH lambs  
 2010 – 975 ewes x 160% = 1560 TLBIH lambs  
 2009 – 1010 ewes x 160% = 1616 TLBIH lambs.

LBIH for each calendar year 2012 to 2009 was calculated by the County Office by multiplying the TLBIH for each of the calendar years times 65 percent and entering the result in item 13 and item 15 of the CCC-856.

1520 (2011 lamb TLBIH) x 65% = 988 LBIH

1560 (2010 lamb TLBIH) x 65% = 1014 LBIH

1616 (2009 lamb TLBIH) x 65% = 1050 LBIH

1600 (2012 lamb TLBIH) x 65% = 1040 LBIH.--\*

**46 CCC-856, Livestock Beginning Inventory History Open Range Livestock Operations Under the Livestock Indemnity Program (LIP) (Continued)**

**B Scenario for CCC-856, Livestock Beginning Inventory History Open Range Livestock Operation Under the Livestock Indemnity Program – Example (Continued)**

County Office calculated the approved calendar year LBIH by dividing the sum of LBIH's in items 15 by the number of LBIH calendar years in item 15.

$988 + 1014 + 1,050 + 1,040 = 4092/4 = 1,023$  Approved LBIH = Beginning Inventory to Enter in CCC-852, item 15.

BJ of BJ's Livestock signed CCC-856 on April 15, 2014.

**C Adjustment to Approved Calendar Year LBIH**

Adjustment to approved calendar year LBIH may need to be made during the calendar year of loss when an open range livestock operation makes a significant reduction in livestock beginning inventory, such as a reduction in the herd size of adult cow or ewes because of the sale of livestock. The reduction in LBIH for the current calendar year that is entered in \*--CCC-852, item 15 from item 18 will be calculated as follows:--\*

CCC-856, item 18 approved calendar year LBIH for the year of loss minus number of adult cows or ewes sold = adjusted current year approved calendar year LBIH (calves or lambs) to be entered in CCC-852, item 18.

**Example:** On April 15, 2014, BJ's Livestock filed CCC-856 and the calculated approved LBIH in CCC-856, item 18 was 1,023 according to the example in subparagraph B. BJ's Livestock reported to the County Office that because of drought, the lamb operation sold 500 ewes on January 1, 2013.

COC determined that the 1,023 LBIH in CCC-856, item 18 should be adjusted for the 2013 calendar as follows:

$1,023 \text{ LBIH (entry in CCC-856, item 18)} - 500 \text{ ewes sold} = 523$   
2013 adjusted LBIH (entry in CCC-852, item 18).

\*--COC will enter this determination in the COC minutes.--\*

**\*--46 CCC-856, Livestock Beginning Inventory History Open Range Livestock Operations Under the Livestock Indemnity Program (LIP) (Continued)**

**D Example of CCC-856 for Scenario in Subparagraphs B and C**

This form is available electronically.

<b>CCC-856</b> (04-15-14)	<b>U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE</b> Commodity Credit Corporation	1. State and County FSA Office Name Montana - Prairie County	2. Calendar Year
<b>LIVESTOCK BEGINNING INVENTORY HISTORY FOR OPEN RANGE LIVESTOCK OPERATIONS UNDER THE LIVESTOCK INDEMNITY PROGRAM (LIP)</b>		3. Farm Number(s) 501, 600	2013

**NOTE:** The following statement is made in accordance with the Privacy Act of 1974 (5 USC 552a - as amended). The authority for requesting the information identified on this form is the Agricultural Act of 2014 (Pub. L. 79). The information will be used to determine eligibility for livestock indemnity program benefits. The information collected on this form may be disclosed to other Federal, State, Local government agencies, Tribal agencies, and nongovernmental entities that have been authorized access to the information by statute or regulation and/or as described in applicable Routine Uses identified in the System of Records Notice for USDA/FSA-2, Farm Records File (Automated). Providing the requested information is voluntary. However, failure to furnish the requested information will result in a determination of ineligibility for livestock indemnity program benefits.

This information collection is exempted from the Paperwork Reduction Act as it is required for the administration of the Agricultural Act of 2014 (see Pub. L. 113-79, Title I, Subtitle F-Administration).

The provisions of criminal and civil fraud, privacy and other statutes may be applicable to the information provided. **RETURN THIS COMPLETED FORM TO YOUR COUNTY FSA OFFICE.**

**PART A – PRODUCER INFORMATION**

4. Livestock Producer Name/Operation Name

A. BJ's Livestock

B.

C.

D.

**PART B – ADULT COW OR EWE LIVESTOCK BEGINNING INVENTORY (LBI) REPORT**

5. Calendar Year	6. Livestock Kind/Type	7. Cow/Ewe Livestock Beginning Inventory (LBI)	8. Birthing Rate Percentage	9. Calf/Lamb Transitional Livestock Beginning Inventory History (TLBIH)
2012	Sheep/Ewes	1000	160%	1600
2011	Sheep/Ewes	950	160%	1520
2010	Sheep/Ewes	975	160%	1560
2009	Sheep/Ewes	1010	160%	1616

**PART C – CALF OR LAMB LIVESTOCK BEGINNING INVENTORY HISTORY CALCULATIONS**

**Transitional Percent of LBIH Information**

- No verifiable or reliable inventory records – Enter 65% in Item 12 for 4 calendar years because no records of LBI were provided in Item 14.
- 1 year of verifiable or reliable inventory records - Enter 80% in Item 12 for 3 of the calendars because only 1 year of verifiable or reliable LBI record was provided in Item 14.
- 2 years of verifiable or reliable inventory records - Enter 90% in Item 12 for 2 of the calendars because only 2 years of verifiable or reliable LBI records were provided in Item 14.
- 3 years of verifiable or reliable inventory records - Enter 100% in Item 12 for 3 of the calendars because only 3 years of verifiable or reliable LBI records were provided in Item 14.

10. Calendar Year	11. Calf/Lamb Transitional Livestock Beginning Inventory History (TLBIH)	12. Transitional Percent of LBIH	13. Transitional LBIH	14. Verifiable or Reliable Livestock Inventory Records	15. Livestock Beginning Inventory History (LBIH)
2012	1600	65%	1040		1040
2011	1520	65%	988		988
2010	1560	65%	1014		1014
2009	1616	65%	1050		1050

--\*

46 CCC-856, Livestock Beginning Inventory History Open Range Livestock Operations Under the Livestock Indemnity Program (LIP) (Continued)

D Example of CCC-856 for Scenario in Subparagraphs B and C (Continued)

CCC-856 (04-15-14)		Page 2 of 2
<b>PART D – APPROVED LIVESTOCK BEGINNING INVENTORY HISTORY (LBIH) FOR CURRENT CALENDAR YEAR</b>		
16. Total LBIH (Sum of Item 15)	17. No. of LBIH Calendar Years (Item 10)	18. Approved Calendar Year LBIH
4092	4	1023
<b>PART E – PRODUCER CERTIFICATION STATEMENT</b>		
<p><i>I hereby certify that the information included on this form includes a complete and accurate record of actual livestock inventory records of verifiable and/or reliable history. The verifiable and/or reliable livestock inventory history is accurately identified to the calendar years shown. I understand that the information on this form may be spot checked and failure to certify accurately may result in a loss of livestock indemnity program benefits. Additionally, I authorize CCC to obtain from third parties, such as, but not limited to, other government agencies, individuals, auction barns, contractors or processors, feed vendors, veterinarian services, and rendering services, records or other evidence that substantiates the information provided on this application or any supporting documentation provided. I understand that the livestock beginning inventory history may be different than the approved livestock beginning inventory history yield if the national birthing rate percentage changes.</i></p>		
19A. Producer's Signature (By)  BJ	19B. Title/Relationship of the Individual Signing in the Representative Capacity  Partner	19C. Date (MM/DD/YYYY)  04/15/2014
<b>PART F – COUNTY COMMITTEE DETERMINATION</b>		
20. COC or Designee Signature	21. Date (MM/DD/YYYY)	22. Determination  <input type="checkbox"/> Approved <input type="checkbox"/> Disapproved
<p>The U.S. Department of Agriculture (USDA) prohibits discrimination against its customers, employees, and applicants for employment on the basis of race, color, national origin, age, disability, sex, gender identity, religion, reprisal, and where applicable, political beliefs, marital status, familial or parental status, sexual orientation, or all or part of an individual's income is derived from any public assistance program, or protected genetic information in employment or in any program or activity conducted or funded by the Department. (Not all prohibited bases will apply to all programs and/or employment activities.) Persons with disabilities, who wish to file a program complaint, write to the address below or if you require alternative means of communication for program information (e.g., Braille, large print, audiotape, etc.) please contact USDA's TARGET Center at (202) 720-2600 (voice and TDD). Individuals who are deaf, hard of hearing, or have speech disabilities and wish to file either an EEO or program complaint, please contact USDA through the Federal Relay Service at (800) 877-8339 or (800) 845-6136 (in Spanish).</p> <p>If you wish to file a Civil Rights program complaint of discrimination, complete the USDA Program Discrimination Complaint Form, found online at <a href="http://www.ascr.usda.gov/complaint_filing_cust.html">http://www.ascr.usda.gov/complaint_filing_cust.html</a>, or at any USDA office, or call (866) 632-9992 to request the form. You may also write a letter containing all of the information requested in the form. Send your completed complaint form or letter by mail to U.S. Department of Agriculture, Director, Office of Adjudication, 1400 Independence Avenue, S.W., Washington, D.C. 20250-9410, by fax (202) 690-7442 or email at <a href="mailto:program.intake@usda.gov">program.intake@usda.gov</a>. USDA is an equal opportunity provider and employer.</p>		

47-69 (Reserved)

**\*--70 County Office Instructions for Processing CCC-852's for 2017 LIP--\*****A Overview**

The County Office must follow the instructions in this paragraph when processing a participant's LIP notice of loss and application for payment (CCC-852). It is important that the County Office process CCC-852's in the order provided in this paragraph.

**\*--Important:** This paragraph is only applicable to 2017 LIP applications when a Calculated Beginning Inventory Worksheet is used.--\*

**B First Eligible Loss Condition For Livestock Kind, Type, and Weight Range**

If the participant is filing livestock death losses due to the first eligible loss condition in the calendar year for livestock kind type, and weight range, the County Office must:

- accept participant's notice of loss (Parts A-B, CCC-852) when filed by participant, according to paragraph 71
- enter participant's notice of loss data into the automated LIP application software, according to paragraph 104
- accept participant's livestock data and documentation and complete the Calculated Beginning Inventory Worksheet, according to paragraph 79, for each livestock kind, type and weight range for which losses are claimed
- enter the participant's application for payment data into the automated LIP application software, according to paragraph 108 (Add Livestock Not Previously Recorded Screen)
- have the participant sign the application for payment when payment is requested
- attach the Calculated Beginning Inventory Worksheet(s), to the automated CCC-852.

**Important:** See subparagraph 73 B for when to delete loss condition data in the Calculated Beginning Inventory Worksheet(s).

Follow procedure in this subparagraph if the following conditions are met:

- livestock move up in weight range, since the previous loss condition
- it is the first eligible loss condition to affect the livestock kind, type, and weight range that the livestock moved up to.

**\*--70 County Office Instructions for Processing CCC-852's for 2017 LIP (Continued)--\*****C Subsequent Eligible Loss Condition and Final Year End Application**

If the participant is filing livestock death losses due to a subsequent eligible loss condition or final year end application, in the calendar year for the **same** livestock kind, type and weight range, the County Office must:

- accept participant's notice of loss (Parts A-B, CCC-852) when filed by participant, according to paragraph 71
- retrieve the participant's previous automated notice of loss in the LIP application software, according to paragraph 104
- add participant's subsequent notice of loss data in the automated LIP application software, according to paragraph 104
- accept participant's livestock data and documentation and revise the participant's prior Calculated Beginning Inventory Worksheet to capture data for the subsequent loss and/or final year end application, according to paragraph 79, for each livestock kind, type and weight range for which losses are claimed
- edit participant's previous eligible loss condition's application for payment in the automated LIP application software, according to paragraph 109 (Edit Option – Add Losses for Previously Recorded Livestock)
- have the participant sign the automated application for payment when payment is requested
- attach the Calculated Beginning Inventory Worksheet(s) to the automated CCC-852.

**Important:** See subparagraph 73 B for when to delete loss condition data in the Calculated Beginning Inventory Worksheet(s).

Follow procedure in this subparagraph if the following conditions are met:

- livestock move up in weight range, since the previous loss condition
- it is a subsequent loss condition or final year end application for the livestock kind, type, and weight range that the livestock moved up to.

## 71 Notice of Loss

**\*--A Filing Notice of Loss – 2017A, 2017B, and Prior Years--\***

To apply for LIP, the participant must provide a notice of loss on CCC-852, Parts A and B, in the administrative County Office for the farm where the death loss occurred and/or physical location County Office where the \* \* \* loss occurred by the dates provided in paragraph 40.

\*--For 2017A LIP and prior years, CCC-852 (4-15-14), as provided in paragraph 83, must be used to file a notice of loss.

For 2017B LIP, CCC-852 (2017), as provided in paragraph 89, must be used to file a notice of loss.--\*

A participant does not need to file a notice of loss:

- when suffering only normal mortality losses
- for final year end applications.

**Note:** If an eligible livestock owner does not own or lease land but owns eligible livestock located in a feedlot and the eligible livestock die because of an eligible loss condition, the eligible livestock owner must be associated in Business Partner to the county where the death losses occurred.

**Reminder:** A participant may file a notice of loss at any County Office in the nation using nationwide customer service. See paragraph 116 for accessing the nationwide customer service software.

A notice of loss is required for a producer to file the application for payment. Notices of loss must always be completed in the automated LIP application software.

A new notice of loss must be filed each time either of the following changes:

- administrative County Office for the farm where the death loss occurred and/or physical location County Office where the death loss occurred
- calendar year in which the eligible loss condition occurred.

**Note:** A participant may have multiple pages of CCC-852, page 1, on file for the calendar year.

## 71 Notice of Loss (Continued)

**\*--A Filing Notice of Loss – 2017A, 2017B, and Prior Years (Continued)--\***

In the following examples, the named individual or legal entity is fictitious and not intended to portray an actual person or entity. The examples are for illustration purposes only.

**Example 1:** Mr. Smith does not own or lease land. Mr. Smith owns cattle in XYZ Feedlot in County A, Kansas, and owns cattle in ABC Feedlot in County B, Nebraska. Mr. Smith suffers livestock death losses due to a winter storm in both County A, Kansas and County B, Nebraska. Mr. Smith must file **two** separate notices of loss, one in County A, Kansas and one in County B, Nebraska.

**Example 2:** Mr. Jones owns 2 farms in Dimmit County, Texas, and Mr. Jones owns cattle in Feeders Feedlot in Hartley County, Texas. Mr. Jones suffers livestock death losses on his ranch in Dimmit County due to black vulture attacks. Also, Mr. Jones suffers livestock death losses in Feeders Feedlot due to a winter storm. Mr. Jones must file **two** separate notices of loss, one in Dimmit County and one in Hartley County.

**Example 3:** Mrs. Baker owns Farm A and cash leases Farm B in Culpeper County, Virginia. Farms A and B's administrative county office is Culpeper. Mrs. Baker suffers livestock death losses on both Farms A and B due to flooding. Mrs. Baker must file **one** notice of loss in the Culpeper County Office, for livestock death losses that occurred on both Farms A and B.

## 71 Notice of Loss (Continued)

**\*--A Filing Notice of Loss – 2017A, 2017B, and Prior Years (Continued)--\***

A notice of loss may be filed by the participant or participant's representative by 1 of the following alternative methods:

- telephone
- facsimile
- e-mail.

The participant is not required to sign the notice of loss if one of the alternative methods is used. However the County Office receiving the notice of loss must enter both of the following:

- method by which the notice of loss was filed in item 8A of the CCC-852
- date notice of loss was received in item 8C of the CCC-852.

The participant must provide the notice of loss no later than the date the participant signs the applicable application for payment.

**Example:** Producer A lost 5 adult beef cows as the result of a blizzard on January 15, 2015. Producer A telephones County Office on January 25, 2015, and reports that he/she lost 5 adult beef cows because of a blizzard that occurred on January 15, 2015. County Office enters "phone" in item 8A as the method for which the "Notice of Loss" was reported and enters the date in item 8C. The County Office loads the notice of loss in the automated LIP application software.

Producer A lost 6 adult beef cows as the result of a flood that occurred on May 15, 2015. Producer A e-mails County Office on May 31, 2015, and reports he/she lost 6 adult beef cows because of a flood that occurred on May 15, County Office enters "e-mail" in item 8A as the method for which the subsequent "Notice of Loss" was reported and enters the date in item 8C. The County Office loads the date for the second eligible loss condition in the automated LIP application software.

## 71 Notice of Loss (Continued)

**B Filing Notice of Loss - 2018 and Subsequent Years**

To apply for LIP, only one producer having a share in the livestock unit must provide a  
 \*--notice of loss on CCC-852 (5-17-18), Parts A and B, in the Service Center County Office  
 responsible for the physical location county where the livestock death or injury occurred,--\*  
 by the dates provided in paragraph 40.

A participant does not need to file a notice of loss:

- when suffering only normal mortality losses
- for final year end applications
- \*--when a notice of loss has already been filed by the producer for the same eligible loss condition.--\*

**Notes:** Eligible livestock producers must be associated in Business Partner to the physical location county where the livestock death losses occurred.

\*--County Offices must establish livestock units by physical location county where the livestock death or injury occurred, according to paragraph 85.--\*

**Reminder:** A participant may file a notice of loss at any County Office in the nation using nationwide customer service. See paragraph 116 for accessing the nationwide customer service software.

A notice of loss is required for a producer to file the application for payment. Only one notice of loss is required to be filed for the livestock unit. When other livestock producers associated with the livestock unit choose to use a notice of loss previously filed by another livestock producer associated with the same livestock unit, the County Office must enter the notice of loss data **separately** for **each** livestock producer involved in the livestock unit in the LIP application software, according to paragraph 104. Notices of loss must always be completed in the automated LIP application software.

A new notice of loss must be filed each time any of the following changes:

- \*--physical location county where the death or injury occurred
- livestock unit for which a death or injury occurred--\*
- calendar year in which the eligible loss condition occurred.

**Note:** A participant may have multiple pages of CCC-852, page 1, on file for the calendar year.

**Important:** Each livestock producer associated to a unit must file separately an Application for Payment, CCC-852, Parts D-I, according to subparagraph 74 B.

## 71 Notice of Loss (Continued)

**\*--B Filing Notice of Loss - 2018 and Subsequent Years (Continued)**

In the following examples, the named individual or legal entity is fictitious and not intended to portray an actual person or entity. The examples are for illustration purposes only.

**Example 1:** Mr. Smith owns cattle in XYZ Feedlot in County A, Kansas, and owns cattle in ABC Feedlot in County B, Nebraska. Mr. Smith suffers livestock death losses due to a winter storm in both County A, Kansas, and County B, Nebraska. Mr. Smith must file two separate notices of loss, one in County A, Kansas, and one in County B, Nebraska. County B, Nebraska, establishes livestock unit 10, for all livestock in county B, Nebraska, for which Mr. Smith has 100 percent interest. County A, Kansas, establishes livestock unit 15 for all livestock in County A, Kansas, for which Mr. Smith has 100 percent interest.

**Example 2:** Mr. Jones owns cattle in Feeders Feedlot in Hartley County, Texas. Mr. Jones suffers livestock death losses on his ranch in Dimmit County, Texas, due to black vulture attacks. Also, Mr. Jones suffers livestock death losses in Feeders Feedlot due to a winter storm. Mr. Jones must file two separate notices of loss, one in Dimmit County and one in Hartley County. Dimmit County establishes livestock unit 2 for all livestock in Dimmit County for which Mr. Jones has 100 percent interest. Hartley County establishes livestock unit 3 for all livestock in Hartley County for which Mr. Jones has 100 percent interest.

**Example 3:** Mrs. Baker owns Farm A and Farm B in Culpeper County, Virginia. Mrs. Baker suffers livestock death losses on both Farms A and B due to flooding. Mrs. Baker must file one notice of loss in the Culpeper County Office, for livestock death losses that occurred on both Farms A and B. The County Office establishes livestock unit 102 for all livestock in Culpepper County (Farms A and B) for which Mrs. Baker has 100 percent interest.--\*

## 71 Notice of Loss (Continued)

**\*--B Filing Notice of Loss – 2018 and Subsequent Years (Continued)**

A notice of loss may be filed by the participant or participant's representative by 1 of the following alternative methods:

- telephone
- facsimile
- e-mail.

The participant is not required to sign the notice of loss if one of the alternative methods is used. However the County Office receiving the notice of loss must enter both of the following:

- method by which the notice of loss was filed in CCC-852, item 9A
- date notice of loss was received in CCC-852, item 9C.

The participant must provide the notice of loss no later than the date the participant signs the applicable application for payment.

County Offices must obtain the following information at the time of notification:

- producer name
- livestock unit affected
- date livestock loss is apparent
- eligible loss condition.

The participant must provide a notice of loss before the participant signs the applicable application for payment.

**Example:** Producer A and B have a 50-50 share in 100 beef cows (livestock unit 12). Of the 100 adult beef cows, 5 adult beef cows are lost as the result of a blizzard on January 15, 2018. Producer A telephones County Office on January 25, 2018, and reports that livestock unit 12 lost 5 adult beef cows because of a blizzard that occurred on January 15, 2018. County Office enters "phone" in item 9A as the method for which the "Notice of Loss" was reported and enters the date in item 9C. The County Office loads the following in the automated LIP application software according to paragraph 104 as follows:

- one notice of loss for Producer A for 50 percent interest in livestock unit 12
- one notice of loss for Producer B for 50 percent interest in livestock unit 12.--\*

## 71 Notice of Loss (Continued)

**C Late-Filed Notice of Loss – Equitable Relief**

A notice of loss must be filed within a time period that allows the COC or authorized CCC representative the opportunity to determine that the eligible loss condition occurred as claimed and directly caused the livestock death or injury. However, there have been--\* extenuating circumstances where a livestock producer has failed to provide a notice of loss within the prescribed timeframe, such as, but not limited to, the following examples:

- producer was hospitalized for several months during the time when he/she had lost livestock because of the blizzard, but was unable to provide a notice of loss within 30 calendar days of when the blizzard occurred because he/she was ill
- widespread adverse weather event occurred, such as a flood, resulting in a large number of livestock producers suffering livestock losses and a producer missed providing a notice of loss with the prescribed timeframe by 1 or 2 calendar days.

In these types of situations, DAFP is granting STC's authority to accept and approve late-filed notices of loss under equitable relief provisions provided COC and STC are satisfied, based on other timely filed notices of loss from other participants in the county that identify a similar event and loss or such other reliable information the COC and STC deems supportive, that livestock death losses occurred as claimed by the participant. If COC and STC are not satisfied that there is other information supporting accepting the late-filed notice of loss as credible (because it was not submitted at a time that would permit FSA to verify the accuracy and credibility of the notice based on its own merits and visit by FSA to the claimed loss location or review of similar notices of loss or supportive documentation), the late-filed notice of loss must be disapproved.

Any requests for exceptions to this late-file notice of loss policy **must** be submitted to DAFP.

**Note:** See paragraph 40 for late-filed applications for payment.

## 72 (Withdrawn--Amend. 22)

## 73 Acting on Notice of Loss

**\*--A Approving Notice of Loss – 2017A, 2017B, and Prior Years--\***

COC must act on all completed and signed CCC-852, Part B, Notice of Loss, submitted. Notice of Loss, as certified by the participant, must be approved or disapproved.

When acting on the notice of loss, COC must determine if the:

- cause of loss is an eligible loss condition
- notice of loss is timely filed.

The notice of loss must be acted on by COC in the:

- FSA administrative County Office for the farm where the \* \* \* losses occurred, if the producers is on a farm, or
- physical location County Office where the \* \* \* loss occurred, if the producer does not own or lease land.

If COC approves CCC-852, Part B, Notice of Loss, as certified by the participant and the participant has completed all other parts of CCC-852 and filed the application:

- notify the participant of approval
- thoroughly document the reasons for approving the notice of loss in the COC minutes.

**Note:** Documentation of COC action on Part B could be in an earlier COC minutes than final action on the completed application for payment, CCC-852.

## 73 Acting on Notice of Loss

**\*--B Disapproving Notice of Loss – 2017A, 2017B, and Prior Years--\***

COC will disapprove CCC-852, Part B, Notice of Loss, when:

- the participant claims livestock \* \* \* losses because of an ineligible loss condition
- the participant files a late-file notice of loss.

If COC disapproves CCC-852, Part B, Notice of Loss, and the participant **has completed** all other parts of CCC-852 and filed the application for payment:

- notify participant of disapproval
- the participant will be provided appeal rights according to 1-APP
- thoroughly document reason for disapproval in the COC minutes.

If COC disapproves CCC-852, Part B, Notice of Loss, and the participant **has not completed** all other parts of CCC-852 and filed the application for payment:

- notify participant of disapproval. See Exhibit 11
- thoroughly document reason for disapproval in the COC minutes
- do not provide the participant appeal rights.

**Important:** Calculated Beginning Inventory Worksheet(s) must be completed before an application for payment can be loaded in the automated application software and printed for producer signature. Therefore, if COC disapproves a participant's CCC-852, Part B, Notice of Loss, and the participant has completed all other parts of CCC-852 and filed an application for payment, the County Office must:

- enter the notice of loss data into the automated software
- disapprove the notice of loss in the automated application software
- complete the calculated beginning inventory worksheet(s), as applicable
- enter the application payment data into the automated application software
- delete the loss condition data for the notice of loss that was disapproved for each livestock kind, type, and weight range on the applicable Calculated Beginning Inventory Worksheet(s).

## 73 Acting on Notice of Loss

**C Approving Notice of Loss – 2018 and Subsequent Years**

COC must act on all completed and signed CCC-852, Parts A and B, Notice of Loss, submitted. Notice of Loss, as certified by the participant must be approved or disapproved.

When acting on the notice of loss, COC must determine if the:

- cause of loss is an eligible loss condition
- notice of loss is timely filed.

The notice of loss must be acted on by COC in the service center responsible for the physical location county where the injury or death loss occurred.

If COC approves CCC-852, Parts A and B, Notice of Loss, as certified by the participant and the participant has completed all other parts of CCC-852 and filed the application:

- notify the participant of approval
- thoroughly document the reasons for approving the notice of loss in the COC minutes.

**Note:** Documentation of COC action on Part C could be in an earlier COC minutes than final action on the completed application for payment, CCC-852.

**D Disapproving Notice of Loss – 2018 and Subsequent Years**

COC will disapprove CCC-852, Parts A and B, Notice of Loss, when the participant:

- claims livestock injury or death losses because of an ineligible loss condition
- files a late-file notice of loss.

If COC disapproves CCC-852, Parts A and B, Notice of Loss, and the participant **has completed** all other parts of CCC-852 and filed the application for payment:

- notify participant of disapproval
- the participant will be provided appeal rights according to 1-APP
- thoroughly document reason for disapproval in the COC minutes.

If COC disapproves CCC-852, Parts A and B, Notice of Loss, and the participant **has not completed** all other parts of CCC-852 and filed the application for payment:

- notify participant of disapproval (see Exhibit 11)
- thoroughly document reason for disapproval in the COC minutes
- do not provide the participant appeal rights.

## 74 Application for Payment

### \*--A Filing Application for Payment – 2017A, 2017B, and Prior Years--\*

To apply for LIP benefits, in addition to the notice of loss required in paragraph 71, eligible livestock owners and livestock contract growers must file a application for payment on CCC-852, Parts C through I, according to paragraph 83, in the administrative County Office for the farm where the death loss occurred and/or physical location County Office where the death loss occurred.

\*--For 2017A LIP and prior program years, CCC-852 (4-15-14), as provided in paragraph 83, must be used to file an application for payment.

For 2017B LIP, CCC-852 (2017), as provided in paragraph 87, must be used to file an application for payment.--\*

**Reminder:** A participant may file an application for payment at any County Office in the nation using nationwide customer service. See paragraph 116 for accessing the nationwide customer service software.

For all eligible loss conditions and final year end applications for payment in the calendar year, eligible livestock owners or contract growers must file an **automated** application for payment, CCC-852.

See paragraph 40 for signup deadlines for filing an application for payment.

**Important:** All supporting documentation must be on file for an application to be complete. All documentation must be on file by the signup deadline in paragraph 40. Supporting documentation includes all of the following:

- acceptable proof of livestock \* \* \* loss documentation according to paragraph 44
- \*--proof that the livestock loss was a direct result of an eligible loss condition
- documentation of livestock inventory when the loss occurred according to paragraph 44.--\*

## 74 Application for Payment (Continued)

**\*--A Filing Application for Payment – 2017A, 2017B, and Prior Years (Continued)--\***

Applications for payment are completed on a calendar year basis. However, for a specific livestock kind, type and weight range, if livestock death losses occur due to more than one eligible loss condition in the calendar year, the automated application for payment will be **revised** for each subsequent eligible loss condition to reflect cumulative inventory and cumulative livestock \* \* \* losses throughout the calendar year. Subsequent eligible loss conditions may result in an additional payment based on cumulative inventory and cumulative \* \* \* losses throughout the calendar year.

In addition to applying for LIP when an eligible loss condition occurs, livestock producers have the option (not required) to file a **final year end application**. Final year end applications must be filed from December 31 through the sign up **deadline**. A final year end application may result in an additional payment if the livestock producer suffers normal mortality death losses after the last eligible loss condition in the calendar year. Final year end applications will calculate benefits for a livestock producer based on the:

- highest calculated beginning inventory for all eligible loss conditions in the calendar year, including calculated beginning inventory for final year end applications, as determined according to paragraph 79
- cumulative eligible livestock death losses that occur in the calendar year due to eligible loss conditions
- cumulative eligible livestock death losses that occur in the calendar year due to normal mortality.

**Note:** See paragraph 70 for County Office instructions for processing notices of loss and applications for payment.

## 74 Application for Payment (Continued)

**\*--A Filing Application for Payment – 2017A, 2017B, and Prior Years (Continued)--\***

The application for payment must be signed and dated by the participant no later than the signup deadlines for filing provided in paragraph 40.

**Note:** A notice of loss must be on file for an application for payment to be filed.

Applications for payment are completed on a calendar year basis. Other documentation is required for a complete application for payment.

In the following example, the named individual or legal entity is fictitious and not intended to portray an actual person or entity. The example is for illustration purposes only.

**Example 1:** Mr. Smith does not own or lease land. Mr. Smith owns 200 head of cattle in XYZ Feedlot in County A, Kansas, and owns 500 head of cattle in ABC Feedlot in County B, Nebraska. Mr. Smith suffers livestock death losses due to a winter storm in both County A, Kansas and County B, Nebraska. Mr. Smith filed two separate notices of loss, one in County A, Kansas and one in County B, Nebraska, and both notices of loss have been approved by the COC. Mr. Smith must file a separate application for payment and supporting documentation in each county office in which a notice of loss was filed.

Complete an automated CCC-852 in the web-based software according to Part 3.

**Exception:** CCC-852's for 2011 death losses that occurred on or after October 1, 2011, and before January 1, 2012, will be taken on a manual application.

**State and County Offices must not use unauthorized or unapproved forms, worksheets, applications, or other documents to obtain or collect the data required from participants to complete CCC-852.**

CCC-852's application for payment for LIP will be based on the following:

- administrative county office for the farm where the death loss occurred and/or physical location county office where the death loss occurred
- calendar year in which the eligible loss condition occurred
- participant.

At any point when 1 of these items is different, a separate CCC-852 is required to be filed.

## 74 Application for Payment (Continued)

**\*--A Filing Application for Payment – 2017A, 2017B, and Prior Years (Continued)--\*****Producers can file multiple applications for payment within 1 calendar year.**

In the following examples, the named individual or legal entity is fictitious and not intended to portray an actual person or entity. The examples are for illustration purposes only.

**Example 2:** Mr. Jones owns two farms in Dimmit County, Texas, and Mr. Jones owns cattle in Feeders Feedlot in Hartley County, Texas. Dimmit County is the administrative County Office for the two farms in Dimmit County and Hartley County is the physical location County Office for the cattle in Hartley County. Mr. Jones suffers livestock death losses on 1 of his farms in Dimmit County because of black vulture attacks. Also, Mr. Jones suffers livestock death losses in Feeders Feedlot because of a winter storm. Mr. Jones filed 2 separate notices of loss, 1 in Dimmit County and 1 in Hartley County and both notices of loss were approved by the COC's. Mr. Jones must file 1 application for payment in Dimmit County that includes the calculated beginning inventory of all cattle in Dimmit County. Mr. Jones must file a second application for payment in Hartley County that includes the calculated beginning inventory of all cattle in Hartley County.

**Example 3:** Mrs. Baker owns Farm A and cash leases Farm B in Culpeper County. Farms A and B's administrative County Office is Culpeper County. Mrs. Baker suffers livestock death losses on both Farms A and B due to flooding. Mrs. Baker filed a notice of loss in the Culpeper County Office, for livestock death losses that occurred on both Farms A and B because of flooding and an application for payment for the flooding losses. The calculated beginning inventory for first application for payment will include all livestock located in Culpeper County.

Later in the calendar year, Mrs. Baker suffers livestock death losses due to a wildfire on farm B. Mrs. Baker filed a notice of loss in Culpeper County Office, for livestock death losses that occurred on Farm B because of wildfire and an application for payment for the wildfire. The second application for payment will not include a different calculated beginning inventory unless Mr. Baker has purchased new livestock or the livestock have changed weight classes since the subsequent eligible loss condition.

## 74 Application for Payment (Continued)

**\*--A Filing Application for Payment - 2017A, 2017B, and Prior Years (Continued)--\***

When a participant has a percentage share interest in a livestock operation with an associated producer that is physically located in the same county, in the same calendar year, the eligible livestock for each participant must be listed on separate CCC-852's based on each participant's share in the livestock operation.

In the following examples, the named individual or legal entity is fictitious and not intended to portray an actual person or entity. The examples are for illustration purposes only.

**Example:** Jane Jones has the following livestock interests in Castro County, Texas, for calendar year 2012. Livestock were lost because of eligible adverse weather events:

50-50 share owner of a beef cattle herd with Bill Green. Jane Jones and Bill Green, as individuals, each have a 50 percent interest in 100 head of beef cattle; 10 adult beef cows were lost because of adverse weather.

The following two CCC-852's would be filed in Castro County, Texas, for calendar year 2012, assuming all participants file an application for the eligible livestock and none of the participants have any other livestock interests:

- one CCC-852 for Jane Jones with a calculated beginning inventory of 50 eligible adult beef cows from the operation she shares with Bill Green indicating a 100 percent share and a loss of 5 adult beef cows.
- one CCC-852 for Bill Green with a calculated beginning inventory of 50 adult beef cows from the operation he shares with Jane Jones indicating a 100 percent share and a loss of 5 adult beef cows.

## 74 Application for Payment (Continued)

**\*--A Filing Application for Payment – 2017A, 2017B, and Prior Years (Continued)--\***

When in the same calendar year a participant has a percentage share interest with different associated producers in multiple livestock operations that are physically located in the same county, the eligible livestock for each participant will be listed on separate CCC-852's based on each participant's share.

In the following examples the named individual or legal entity is fictitious and not intended to portray an actual person or entity. The examples are for illustration purposes only.

**Example:** Sammy Smith has the following livestock interests in Motley County, Texas, which suffered an eligible adverse weather event for calendar year 2012.

- 50-50 share owner of a beef cattle herd with Bill Brown. Sammy Smith and Bill Brown, as individuals, each have a 50 percent interest in 100 head of beef cows; 10 adult beef cows were lost because of adverse weather.
- 75-25 share owner of a beef cattle herd with Martha Green; Sammy Smith and Martha Green jointly own the 100 beef cows as individuals on 75-25 percent share; 20 adult beef cows were lost because of adverse weather.
- 25-50-25 share owner of a beef cattle herd with Bob Black and Mike White. Sammy Smith, Bob Black, and Mike White have a 25-50-25 percent interest, respectively, in the 300 beef cattle; 25 adult beef cows were lost because of adverse weather after normal mortality.

## 74 Application for Payment (Continued)

**\*--A Filing Application for Payment – 2017A, 2017B, and Prior Years (Continued)--\***

**Example:** The following five CCC-852's would be filed in Motley County, Texas, for calendar year 2012, assuming all participants file CCC-852 for the eligible livestock, and none of the participants has any other livestock interests:

- one CCC-852 for Sammy Smith that includes **all** of the following:
  - beginning inventory of 200 adult beef cows - 100 percent share
  - 26 adult beef cows that died because of eligible adverse weather includes:
    - 5 eligible adult beef cow losses from the operation with Bill Brown
    - 15 eligible adult beef cow losses from the operation with Martha Green
    - 6 adult beef cow losses from the operation with Bob Black and Mike White
- one CCC-852 for Bill Brown that includes all of the following:
  - beginning inventory of 50 adult beef cows - 100 percent share
  - 5 eligible adult beef cow losses from the operation with Sammy Smith
- one CCC-852 for Martha Green that includes all of the following:
  - beginning inventory of 25 eligible adult beef cows - 100 percent share
  - 5 eligible adult beef cow losses from the operation with Sammy Smith

## 74 Application for Payment (Continued)

**\*--A Filing Application for Payment – 2017A, 2017B, and Prior Years (Continued)--\***

**Example:** • one CCC-852 for Bob Black that includes all of the following:

- beginning inventory of 150 adult beef cows - 100 percent share
- 13 eligible adult beef cow losses from the operation with Sammy Smith and Mike White

**Note:** Mr. White and Mr. Smith agreed to allow Mr. Black to claim 1 extra adult beef cow.

- one CCC-852 for Mike White that includes all of the following:
  - beginning inventory of 75 adult beef cows - 100 percent share
  - 6 eligible adult beef cow losses from the operation he shares with Sammy Smith and Bob Black.

After all information is entered into the automated LIP application software, County Offices must print the automated CCC-852, attach the applicable Calculated Beginning Inventory Worksheet(s), and obtain the participant's signature on the automated CCC-852.

**B Filing Application for Payment – 2018 and Subsequent Years**

To apply for LIP benefits, in addition to the notice of loss required in paragraph 71, eligible livestock owners and livestock contract growers must file an application for payment on \*--CCC-852 (5-17-18), Parts D through I, according to paragraph 83, by livestock unit in--\* the service center responsible for the physical location county where the death loss occurred.

**Reminder:** A participant may file an application for payment at any County Office in the nation using nationwide customer service. See paragraph 116 for accessing the nationwide customer service software.

For all eligible loss conditions and final year end applications for payment in the calendar year, eligible livestock owners or contract growers must file an **automated** application for payment, CCC-852.

## 74 Application for Payment (Continued)

**B Filing Application for Payment – 2018 and Subsequent Years (Continued)**

See paragraph 40 for signup deadlines for filing an application for payment.

**Important:** All supporting documentation must be on file for an application to be complete. All documentation must be on file by the signup deadline in paragraph 40. Supporting documentation includes all of the following:

- \*--acceptable proof of livestock death and injury documentation according to paragraph 44
- proof that the livestock death and/or injury was a direct result of an eligible loss condition
- documentation of livestock inventory when the deaths and/or injuries occurred according to paragraph 44
- documentation of amount received for sale of injured livestock according to paragraph 44.--\*

**All producers associated to the livestock unit must use the same supporting documentation.**

In addition to applying for LIP when an eligible loss condition occurs, livestock producers have the option (not required) to file a **final year end application**. Final year end applications must be filed from December 31 through the sign up **deadline**. A final year end application may result in an additional payment if the livestock producer suffers normal mortality death losses after the last eligible loss condition in the calendar year. Final year end applications will calculate benefits for a livestock producer based on the:

- highest beginning inventory for all eligible loss conditions in the calendar year
- \*--cumulative eligible livestock death and injury that occur in the calendar year due to--\* eligible loss conditions
- cumulative eligible livestock death losses that occur in the calendar year due to normal mortality.

## 74 Application for Payment (Continued)

**B Filing Application for Payment – 2018 and Subsequent Years (Continued)**

The application for payment must be signed and dated by the participant no later than the signup deadlines for filing provided in paragraph 40.

**Each producer that has an interest in the livestock unit that suffered livestock losses  
\*--must file a CCC-852, Parts D through J.--\***

**Note:** A notice of loss must be on file for the livestock unit for an application for payment to be filed.

Applications for payment are completed on a calendar year basis. Other documentation is required for a complete application for payment.

\*--CCC-852, Parts D through J, application for payment, for LIP will be based on the following:--\*

- physical location county where the \* \* \* loss occurred
- calendar year in which the eligible loss condition occurred
- participant.

At any point when 1 of these items is different, a separate CCC-852 is required to be filed.

In the following example, the named individual or legal entity is fictitious and not intended to portray an actual person or entity. The example is for illustration purposes only.

**Example 1:** Mr. Smith owns 200 head of cattle in XYZ Feedlot in County A, Kansas, and owns 500 head of cattle in ABC Feedlot in County B, Nebraska. Mr. Smith suffers livestock death losses due to a winter storm in both County A, Kansas and County B, Nebraska. Mr. Smith filed two separate notices of loss, one in County A, Kansas, for livestock unit 15, and one in County B, Nebraska, for livestock unit 10, and both notices of loss have been approved by the COC. Mr. Smith must file two separate applications for payment and supporting documentation in each of County A, Kansas, and County B, Nebraska.

Complete an automated CCC-852 in the web-based software according to Part 3.

**State and County Offices must not use unauthorized or unapproved forms, worksheets, applications, or other documents to obtain or collect the data required from participants to complete CCC-852.**

## 74 Application for Payment (Continued)

**\*--B Filing Application for Payment – 2018 and Subsequent Years (Continued)**

**Producers can file multiple applications for payment within 1 calendar year.**

In the following examples, the named individual or legal entity is fictitious and not intended to portray an actual person or entity. The examples are for illustration purposes only.

**Example 2:** Mr. Jones owns cattle in Feeders Feedlot in Hartley County, Texas. Mr. Jones suffers livestock death losses in Dimmit County, Texas, because of black vulture attacks. Also, Mr. Jones suffers livestock death losses in Feeders Feedlot because of a winter storm. Mr. Jones filed 2 separate notices of loss, 1 in Dimmit County for livestock unit 2 and 1 in Hartley County for livestock unit 3, and both notices of loss were approved by the COC's. Mr. Jones must file 1 application for payment in Dimmit County for livestock losses affecting unit 2. Mr. Jones must file a second application for payment in Hartley County for livestock losses affecting unit 3.

**Example 3:** Mrs. Baker suffers livestock death losses on both Farms A and B in Culpeper County due to flooding. Mrs. Baker filed a notice of loss in the Culpeper County Office, for livestock death losses affecting livestock unit 102 (Farms A and B) because of flooding. Mrs. Baker must file an application for payment for payment in Culpeper County for livestock losses affecting unit 102.

Later in the calendar year, Mrs. Baker suffers livestock death losses due to a wildfire in Culpeper County. Mrs. Baker filed a notice of loss in Culpeper County Office, for livestock death losses affecting livestock unit 102 because of wildfire and an application for payment for the wildfire.--\*

## 74 Application for Payment (Continued)

**B Filing Application for Payment – 2018 and Subsequent Years (Continued)**

**Each producer that has a share in the livestock unit must file an application for payment.** Livestock losses and inventory on each producer's application for payment must equal the livestock losses and inventory for 100 percent of the livestock unit. Each producer's share percentage will be applied to each livestock producer's payment, by unit.

In the following examples, the named individual or legal entity is fictitious and not intended to portray an actual person or entity. The examples are for illustration purposes only.

**Example:** Jane Jones and Bill Green have a 50-50 percent share of beef cattle herd, livestock unit 10, in Castro County, Texas. Jane Jones and Bill Green, as individuals, each have a 50 percent interest in 100 head of beef cattle; 10 adult beef cows were lost in calendar year 2018 because of an eligible loss condition.

The following two applications for payment would be filed in Castro County, Texas, for calendar year 2018 assuming all participants file an application for payment for the eligible livestock:

- \*--one CCC-852, Parts D through K, for Jane Jones with 50 percent share in 100 eligible adult beef cows and a loss of 10 adult beef cows
- one CCC-852, Parts D through K, for Bill Green with a 50 percent share in 100 eligible adult beef cows and a loss of 10 adult beef cows.--\*

**74 Application for Payment (Continued)****B Filing Application for Payment – 2018 and Subsequent Years (Continued)**

When, in the same calendar year, a participant has multiple livestock units that are physically located in the same county, each participant will file separate Applications for Payment, \*--CCC-852, Parts D through K.--\*

In the following examples, the named individual or legal entity is fictitious and not intended to portray an actual person or entity. The examples are for illustration purposes only.

**Example:** Sammy Smith has the following livestock interests in Motley County, Texas, which suffered an eligible adverse weather event for calendar year 2018:

- 50-50 share owner of a beef cattle herd with Bill Brown (livestock unit 1001). Sammy Smith and Bill Brown, as individuals, each have a 50 percent interest in 100 head of beef cows (livestock unit 1001); 10 adult beef cows were lost because of adverse weather.
- 75-25 share owner of a beef cattle herd with Martha Green (livestock unit 1020). Sammy Smith and Martha Green jointly own the 100 beef cows (livestock unit 1020) as individuals on 75-25 percent share; 20 adult beef cows were lost because of adverse weather.
- 25-50-25 share owner of a beef cattle herd with Bob Black and Mike White (livestock unit 1030). Sammy Smith, Bob Black, and Mike White have a 25-50-25 percent interest, respectively, in the 300 beef cattle (livestock unit 1030); 25 adult beef cows were lost because of adverse weather after normal mortality.

## 74 Application for Payment (Continued)

**\*--B Filing Application for Payment – 2018 and Subsequent Years (Continued)**

**Example:** The following five applications for payment would be filed in Motley County, Texas for calendar year 2018 assuming all participants file CCC-852 for the eligible livestock, and none of the participants has any other livestock interests:

- One CCC-852 for Sammy Smith that includes all of the following:
  - Unit 1001 – 50 percent share in beginning inventory of 100 adult beef cows and eligible livestock losses of 10 adult beef cows
  - Unit 1020 – 75 percent share in beginning inventory of 100 adult beef cows and eligible livestock losses of 20 adult beef cows
  - Unit 1030 – 25 percent share in beginning inventory of 300 adult beef cows and eligible livestock losses of 25 adult beef cows
- One CCC-852 for Bill Brown that includes Unit 1001 – 50 percent share in beginning inventory of 100 adult beef cows and eligible livestock losses of 10 adult beef cows
- One CCC-852 for Martha Green that includes Unit 1020 – 25 percent share in beginning inventory of 100 adult beef cows and eligible livestock losses of 20 adult beef cows
- One CCC-852 for Bob Black that includes Unit 1030 – 50 percent share in beginning inventory of 300 adult beef cows and eligible livestock losses of 25 adult beef cows
- One CCC-852 for Mike White that includes Unit 1030 – 25 percent share in beginning inventory of 300 adult beef cows and eligible livestock losses of 25 adult beef cows.--\*

## 74 Application for Payment (Continued)

**C Signing and Certifying CCC-852**

When signing an automated CCC-852 \* \* \* the participant is:

- applying for LIP benefits as the participant listed on CCC-852, item 5
- certifying **all** of the following:
  - information provided on CCC-852 and Calculated Beginning Inventory Worksheet, if applicable, is true and correct, if applicable
  - claimed livestock died as a direct result of an eligible loss condition and/or due to normal mortality that occurred in the calendar year for which benefits are requested
  - \*--claimed livestock were injured due to an eligible loss condition and sold at a reduced price within 30 calendar days of when the eligible loss condition occurred.--\*
  - livestock claimed on CCC-852 are eligible livestock according to paragraph 42
  - the physical location of the:
    - \*--claimed livestock on the day they died or were injured--\*
    - participant's current livestock inventory
  - the names and share of all other producers that had an interest in the claimed livestock
  - all supporting documentation provided are true and correct copies of the transaction reported
  - no compensation has been received for livestock losses listed on CCC-852 pursuant to 7 CFR § 1416.6, 1416.306, and section 10407(d) of the Animal Health Inspection Protection Act (7 U.S.C. 8306(d)).

**74 Application for Payment (Continued)****C Signing and Certifying CCC-852 (Continued)**

- authorizing FSA officials to:
  - enter upon, inspect, and verify all applicable livestock, and livestock deaths ~~and/or~~ injuries, in which the participant has an interest for the purpose of ~~confirming the accuracy of the information provided~~
  - review, verify, and authenticate all information provided on CCC-852 and supporting documents provided
  - contact other agencies, organizations, or facilities to verify data provided by a participant or third party from such agencies, organizations, or facilities
- acknowledging that:
  - failure to provide information requested by FSA is cause for disapproval of CCC-852
  - providing a false certification to FSA is cause for disapproval of CCC-852, and is punishable by imprisonment, fines, and other penalties. See paragraph 2 for unacceptable, incorrect, false records, and certification. See paragraph 3 for misrepresentation.

**Note:** Participants who receive assistance must keep records and supporting documentation for 3 years following the end of the year in which the application for payment was filed.

## 74 Application for Payment (Continued)

**D Signature Requirements**

\*--All participants' signatures **must** be received by:

- January 30, 2015, for losses occurring from October 1, 2011, through December 31, 2014--\*
- 30 calendar days after the end of the calendar year in which the loss of livestock occurred for 2015 calendar year applications for payment
- 90 calendar days after the end of the calendar year in which the eligible loss condition occurred.

Follow 1-CM for signature requirements.

**Important:** See 1-CM for signature requirements for general partnerships.

**Note:** All participants' signatures must be obtained on both manual and automated CCC-852's, if applicable.

**E Printing and Reviewing Automated CCC-852**

After all information is entered into the automated system, County Offices will:

- print an automated CCC-852
- if a manual CCC-852 was submitted attach the manual CCC-852 to the automated CCC-852
- conduct a second party review of all data on the automated CCC-852 to ensure that all data is loaded correctly.

**Important:** All documents, including supporting documents, Calculated Beginning Inventory Worksheet(s), and automated CCC-852's must be part of the second party review process to ensure accurate information and cumulative \*--totals are reflected correctly on the automated CCC-852, if applicable.--\*

**Important:** The individual conducting the second party review must:

- not be the same individual who entered the data into the automated system
- initial and date automated CCC-852 to indicate second party review has been completed.

**74 Application for Payment (Continued)****F Supporting Documents**

All supporting documents must be completed by the participant and on file in the County Office before CCC-852 may be approved.

The participant must have provided the following to the County Office by no later than the applicable application for payment signup deadline provided in paragraph 40:

- \*--proof of death and/or injury documentation, including documentation from APHIS, Federal and State DNR's, or other sources as determined by the Deputy Administrator, to document eligible attacks by animals and avian predators
- documentation of amount received for sale of injured livestock sold at a reduced price--\*
- copy of contract growers contracts
- proof of normal mortality documentation
- livestock inventory reports.

Additional supporting documents including, but not limited to, the following must be completed by the participant and be on file in the County Office before CCC-852 can be approved:

- CCC-902 on file for the applicant according to 5-PL
- CCC-901 on file for legal entities according to 5-PL
- AD-1026 on file according to 6-CP
- CCC-941 and other acceptable document according to 5-PL to determine compliance with average AGI provisions for 2011 and subsequent years.

## 75 Acting on Application for Payment CCC-852

## A Approving CCC-852

COC must act on all submitted, completed, and signed CCC-852's.

**Important:** Only COC has authority to act on (approve or disapprove) CCC-852's submitted that use producer records, third party certification, livestock beginning inventory history for calf/lamb open range operations, or \*--acceptable proof of livestock death and/or injury and inventory loss as--\* proof of loss.

See paragraph 40 D for guidance on late-filed CCC-852.

**Important:** DD review of initial applications must be completed according to subparagraph D before applications may be approved or disapproved.

CCC-852 will be approved or disapproved as certified by the participant. When more than 1 type of livestock is claimed, CCC-852 will be approved or disapproved based on all livestock claimed. However, COC does have authority to make adjustments to certain information reported on CCC-852 when documentation warrants making adjustments.

In the following example, the named individual or legal entity is fictitious and not intended to portray an actual person or entity. The example is for illustration purposes only.

**Example:** Jim Brown files CCC-852 that includes 10 adult beef cows \* \* \* lost because of adverse weather that meet the livestock eligibility requirements and 5 horses lost because of adverse weather that do not meet the livestock eligibility requirements. In this case, COC can enter "0" \* \* \*, "COC Adjusted Number of Lost Due to Adverse Weather/Animal Attack" field of CCC-852, \* \* \*, for horses and then approve CCC-852 for the 10 eligible adult beef cows. Jim Brown would be provided appeal rights according to 1-APP for the denial of livestock eligibility for the 5 horses not paid.

## 75 Acting on Application for Payment CCC-852 (Continued)

## A Approving CCC-852 (Continued)

Before approving CCC-852, COC **must**:

- ensure that **all** program eligibility requirements are met
- be satisfied with **all** the following:
  - \*--claimed livestock deaths and/or injuries occurred as follows:
    - because of an eligible loss condition
    - from October 1, 2011
- reasonableness of the claimed livestock deaths and/or injuries
- proof of death and/or injury loss documentation provided is verifiable along with reliable beginning inventory records
- reliable proof of death and/or injury loss records along with verifiable beginning inventory records provide adequate proof of loss
- third party certifications, if applicable, meet all requirements according to paragraph 45, along with verifiable beginning inventory records
- veterinarian certifications, if applicable, meets all requirements according to paragraph 45.5, along with verifiable beginning inventory records
- verifiable documentation of amount received for sale of injured livestock sold at a reduced price according to paragraph 44--\*
- livestock beginning inventory history for calf and lamb open range operations meet all the requirements according to paragraph 44
- acceptable proof of livestock death and inventory for livestock losses occurring October 1, 2011, through December 31, 2014, if applicable, meet all requirements according to paragraph 44
- all signature requirements are met.

**Note:** See subparagraph B when:

- COC questions any data provided by participant
- disapproving CCC-852.

## 75 Acting on Application for Payment CCC-852 (Continued)

**B Disapproving CCC-852**

COC must act on all completed and signed CCC-852's submitted. See subparagraph A when approving CCC-852.

**Important:** Only COC has authority to act on (approve or disapprove) CCC-852's  
 \*--submitted that use producer records or third party certification or  
 veterinarian certification as proof of loss, livestock beginning inventory  
 for calf/lamb open range operations or acceptable proof of livestock death  
 or injuries or inventory loss is acceptable according to paragraph 44.--\*

If it is determined that any information provided on CCC-852 is not reasonable or is questionable, additional verifiable documentation or evidence must be requested from the participant, in writing, to support the data provided. Other agencies, organizations, or facilities may also be contacted to verify information provided by participants.

**Important:** See subparagraph C when contacting other agencies, organizations, or facilities to verify information provided by participants.

**Exception:** COC will **not** require tax records; however, participant may voluntarily provide tax records.

If all program eligibility requirements are **not** met, or it is determined that the information on CCC-852, or any additional supporting documentation provided by the participant, is **not** accurate or reasonable, then the following actions must be taken:

- disapprove CCC-852
- notify participant of disapproval
- provide participant applicable appeal rights according to 1-APP
- thoroughly document reason for disapproval in the COC minutes.

**Notes:** See paragraph 40 for late-file payments.

See paragraph 2 for unacceptable, incorrect, or false records and certifications.

See paragraph 3 for misrepresentations.

## 75 Acting on Application for Payment CCC-852 (Continued)

**C Verifying Data With Other Agencies, Organizations, or Facilities**

When contacting agencies, organizations, or facilities to verify data provided by a participant \*--or third party, the County Office must be clear regarding the information requested. The request will include, but is not limited to, the following:--\*

- participant's name
- explanation of the representation the participant made about the agency, organization, or facility that FSA is attempting to verify as accurate \* \* \*
- animal kind and type
- information that is being requested.

**D DD Review and Report of Initial CCC-852's**

DD must review the first five CCC-852's for calendar years October 1, 2011, through calendar year 2014 approval where:

- proof of death is provided according to paragraph 44, before COC or CED may approve any such CCC-852
- reliable records are provided along with verifiable beginning and ending inventory records as proof of death according to paragraph 44, before COC may approve CCC-852
- third party certification is used to prove death according to paragraph 45, before COC may approve any such CCC-852
- livestock beginning inventory history for calf or lamb open range operations is used according to paragraph 44, before COC may approve such CCC-852
- acceptable proof of livestock death and inventory loss is used according to paragraph 44, before COC may approve any such CCC-852.

**Note:** Only COC is authorized to act on CCC-852's where reliable records are provided according to paragraph 45, third party certification according to paragraph 45, livestock beginning inventory history for calf or lamb open range operation issued according to paragraph 44, acceptable proof of livestock death and inventory loss is used according to paragraph 44 is used to prove loss.

## 75 Acting on Application for Payment CCC-852 (Continued)

**D DD Review and Report of Initial CCC-852's (Continued)**

For 2015 and subsequent calendar years, DD must review the first five CCC-852's each calendar year before approval where:

- \*--verifiable proof of death or injury loss records are provided along with reliable--\* beginning inventory records, according to paragraph 44, before COC may approve any such CCC-852
- \*--reliable proof of death or injury loss records are provided along with verifiable--\* beginning inventory records, according to paragraph 44, before COC may approve CCC-852
- third party certification is used to prove death according to paragraph 45, along with verifiable documentation of beginning inventory before COC may approve any such CCC-852
- \*--veterinarian certification used to prove death according to paragraph 45.5, along with verifiable documentation of beginning inventory before COC may approve any such CCC-852--\*
- livestock beginning inventory history for calf or lamb open range operations is used according to paragraph 44, before COC may approve any such CCC-852.

**Note:** Only COC is authorized to act on CCC-852's where reliable records are provided according to paragraph 44, third party certification is used to prove loss, and livestock beginning inventory history for calf/lamb open range operations is used according to paragraph 44.

## 75 Acting on Application for Payment CCC-852 (Continued)

**D DD Review and Report of Initial CCC-852's (Continued)**

The review will ensure that:

- separate CCC-852's are submitted by participant
- verifiable signature requirements, including power of attorney, are met
- \*--verifiable proof of death and/or injury is provided along with reliable beginning--\*  
inventory records, according to paragraph 44, when applicable
- reliable proof of death loss records are provided along with verifiable beginning  
inventory records, according to paragraph 44, when applicable
- third party certifications, if applicable, meet all requirements according to paragraph 45,  
along with verifiable beginning inventory records
- \*--veterinarian certifications, if applicable, meet all the requirements of paragraph 45.5--\*
- livestock beginning inventory history for calf/lamb open range operations, if applicable,  
meet all requirements according to paragraph 44
- no State or County Office developed forms, worksheets, applications, or other documents  
are being used to obtain or collect the data required from participants
- supporting data required for payment eligibility is properly completed and on file before  
a payment is issued; such as CCC-902, CCC-901, CCC-941, AD-1026, and accurate  
subsidiary and SCIMS data.

**75 Acting on Application for Payment CCC-852 (Continued)****D DD Review and Report of Initial CCC-852's (Continued)**

Within 10 workdays of completing the review, DD must provide a written report to SED describing the review findings, including a list of errors discovered, proposed corrective action, and the overall status of implementing LIP in the County Office.

DD review of the initial CCC-852's and supporting documentation submitted is critical to ensuring that LIP is being administered according to the procedures provided in this handbook and the regulations in 7 CFR Part 1416, Subparts A and D.

Reviewing the initial CCC-852's and supporting documentation in a timely manner:

- identifies possible weaknesses in the administration of the program that may be resolved by additional training, clarified procedures, or modified software
- prevents numerous participants from being impacted by erroneous administration of the program
- allows corrections to be made in a timely manner before erroneous payments are issued.

**76-77 (Withdrawn--Amend. 30)**

## 78 Determining 2017 Calculated Beginning Inventory

### A Calculated Beginning Inventory

Calculated beginning inventory must be used to determine the number of eligible livestock for which LIP benefits will be paid. Calculated beginning inventory must be determined according to this paragraph.

**\*--Note:** For 2017 and subsequent program years, injured livestock sold at a reduced price must be part of the inventory at the time of the eligible loss condition.--\*

Complete a separate Calculated Beginning Inventory Worksheet for each initial eligible loss condition affecting livestock kind, type, and weight range.

For each livestock kind, type, and weight range only one Calculated Beginning Inventory Worksheet will be used in a calendar year. Because applications for payment for eligible loss conditions in a calendar year reflect **cumulative** livestock inventory and death losses to date in the calendar year, calculated beginning inventory must be determined differently, for:

- the first eligible loss condition in the calendar year (see subparagraph B)
- subsequent eligible loss condition(s) in the calendar year (see subparagraph C)
- final year end application for payment (see subparagraph D).

The Calculated Beginning Inventory Worksheet, as provided in paragraph 79, will automatically calculate a livestock producer's calculated beginning inventory. State and County Office may access the Calculated Beginning Inventory Worksheet from the LIP Intranet Page at <https://inside.fsa.usda.gov/program-areas/dafp/dap/lip/index>.

County Offices must save each livestock producer's Calculated Beginning Inventory Worksheet(s) as instructed in subparagraph E.

**Note:** If a producer suffers eligible livestock death losses due to more than 3 eligible loss conditions in a calendar year, the County Office must contact the State Office. State Office must contact the LIP program manager for guidance.

### B First Eligible Loss Condition In the Calendar Year

For livestock death losses that occur as a result of the first eligible loss condition in the calendar year, calculated beginning inventory, for each livestock kind, type and weight range, is equal to the number of livestock in existence as of the beginning date of the first eligible loss condition in the calendar year.

**Important:** If normal mortality death losses are claimed before the beginning date of the first eligible loss condition, calculated beginning inventory must include:

- the number of livestock that died due to normal mortality before the first eligible loss condition; and
- the number of livestock that were sold or otherwise disposed of (for whatever reason) as of the earliest date normal mortality is claimed and before, on, or during the first eligible loss condition.

**\*--78 Determining 2017 Calculated Beginning Inventory (Continued)--\*****B First Eligible Loss Condition In the Calendar Year (Continued)**

The Calculated Beginning Inventory Worksheet, as provided in paragraph 79, will determine a livestock producer's calculated beginning inventory for the first eligible loss condition in the calendar year.

**C Subsequent Eligible Loss Conditions In Calendar Year**

For an application for payment resulting from livestock death losses that occur as a result of a subsequent eligible loss condition in the calendar year, calculated beginning inventory, for each livestock kind, type and weight range, will remain the same as the calculated beginning inventory for the previous eligible loss condition, as determined in subparagraph B, unless livestock inventory has been added.

The Calculated Beginning Inventory Worksheet, as provided in paragraph 79, will determine a livestock producer's calculated beginning inventory for subsequent eligible loss conditions in the calendar year.

**D Final Year End Application for Payment**

The calculated beginning inventory for the final year end application is the **highest calculated beginning inventory** for all eligible loss conditions in the calendar year, plus the number of livestock added to inventory from the last eligible loss condition through the end of the calendar year.

**Important:** The result will be loaded in the LIP application for payment software, according to paragraph 109.

The Calculated Beginning Inventory Worksheet, as provided in paragraph 79, will determine a livestock producer's calculated beginning inventory for the final year end application for payment.

**E Saving and Printing Calculated Beginning Inventory Worksheets**

The Administrative County Office for the farm where the death loss occurred and/or physical location County Office where the death loss occurred must save and print the Calculated Beginning Inventory Worksheets. After completing Calculated Beginning Inventory Worksheets, County Offices must:

- navigate to S:\Service Center\FSA\within S:\Service Center\FSA
- create the subfolder titled [Program Year] LIP Calculated Beginning Inventory Worksheets
- enter file name as "LIP\_Worksheet\_[Program Year]\_[Producer Name]\_[Livestock kind, type, weight range].

After saving, County Offices must print the LIP Calculated Beginning Inventory Worksheet and attach the worksheet to the automated application for payment.

**\*--79 2017 Calculated Beginning Inventory Worksheet--\*****A Completing Calculated Beginning Inventory Worksheet**

**\*--State and County Office will access the Calculated Beginning Inventory Worksheet--\***  
 from the LIP Intranet Page at <https://inside.fsa.usda.gov/program-areas/dafp/dap/lip/index>. The LIP Calculated Beginning Inventory Worksheet must be completed before the CCC-852, Parts C-I.

**Notes:** For each livestock kind, type and weight range per county, the same Calculated Beginning Inventory Worksheet will be used for the producer for the entire calendar year.

See subparagraph 73 B for when to delete loss condition data on the calculated Beginning Inventory Worksheet.

If a producer does not have a 100 percent ownership or contract grower share interest in a particular kind, type and weight range of livestock that was lost because of an eligible loss condition, the livestock for which the producer does not have a 100 percent ownership or contract grower share must be prorated based on the producer's percent share interest. See subparagraph 74 A for prorating livestock based on producer's share. Prorating must occur before any livestock numbers are loaded into the Calculated Beginning Inventory Worksheet, manual CCC-852 and/or automated CCC-852, as applicable.

Complete the Calculated Beginning Inventory Worksheet according to the following:

<b>Item</b>	<b>Instruction</b>
Producer Name	Enter the producer's name, as provided on CCC-852, item 5.
Application Number	Enter the LIP application number, as provided on the automated CCC-852, in item 4.
1	Use the drop down list to select the livestock kind for which the loss occurred.  <b>Note:</b> A Calculated Beginning Inventory Worksheet must be completed for each different kind, type, and weight range of livestock, if applicable, for which a loss occurred.
2	Use the drop down list to select the livestock type, if applicable, for which the loss occurred.
3	Use the drop down list to select the weight range, if applicable, for which the loss occurred.
4	Enter the normal mortality percentage for the livestock kind, type and weight range for which the loss occurred, as established according to subparagraph 24 A.  <b>Example:</b> "1.5" to represent 1.50 percent.

## \*--79 2017 Calculated Beginning Inventory Worksheet (Continued)--\*

## A Completing Calculated Beginning Inventory Worksheet (Continued)

Item	Instructions
<b>Eligible Loss Condition (Date)</b>	
5	Enter the beginning date of the first eligible loss condition that affected the livestock kind, type, and weight range selected in items 1-4.
6	<p>Only a required entry when normal mortality death losses are being claimed in item 7. Enter the number of livestock that were sold as of the earliest date normal mortality is claimed and before, on, or during eligible loss condition #1.</p> <p>In the “Date” column of the Calculated Beginning Inventory Worksheet, the date of eligible loss condition #1 will automatically populate in the note that appears next to item 6, as shown below.</p> <p>“Sales before, on, or during (date of eligible loss condition #1)”</p>
7	<p>Only a required entry when normal mortality death losses are being claimed before, on, or during eligible loss #1. Enter the number of livestock that died because of normal mortality <b>before, on, or during</b> eligible loss condition #1.</p> <p>In the “Date” column of the Calculated Beginning Inventory Worksheet, the beginning date of eligible loss condition #1 will automatically populate in the note that appears next to item 7, as shown below. When determining item 7, refer to the date provided.</p> <p>“NM before, on or during (beginning date of eligible loss condition #1).”</p>
8	<p>For the livestock kind, type and weight range selected above, enter the total number of eligible livestock in inventory as of the beginning date of eligible loss condition #1 (including any livestock purchased, born, or added to weight range through the ending date of eligible loss condition # 1), for all livestock located in the administrative county office for the farm(s) where the death loss occurred and/or physical location county office where the death loss occurred. Do not include livestock entered in item 6 or 7.</p> <p>In the “Date” column of the Calculated Beginning Inventory Worksheet, the beginning date of eligible loss condition #1 will automatically populate next to item 8. When determining item 8, refer to the date provided.</p>

## \*--79 2017 Calculated Beginning Inventory Worksheet (Continued)--\*

## A Completing Calculated Beginning Inventory Worksheet (Continued)

Item	Instructions
9	<p>For the livestock kind, type and weight range selected above, enter the number of livestock that died due to eligible loss condition #1.</p> <p>In the “Date” column of the Calculated Beginning Inventory Worksheet, the beginning date of eligible loss condition #1 will automatically populate next to item 9. When determining item 9, refer to the date provided.</p> <p>If the applicant does not have livestock death losses to report due to another eligible loss condition in the calendar year, proceed to the “Automated Results” section of the worksheet for “Eligible Loss Condition #1”, under the “Date” column.</p> <p><b>Note:</b> No entries are necessary after Line 19. The remaining portion of the worksheet is automated for user assistance in completing the CCC-852 and entering information into the LIP application software.</p>
<p align="center"><b>Eligible Loss Condition (Date) (As Applicable)</b></p> <p>For the livestock kind, type and weight range selected above, if the applicant does not suffer additional livestock death losses due to a subsequent eligible loss condition, items 10-17 must be left blank.</p> <p><b>Important:</b> This section may only be completed for livestock death losses of the same kind, type and weight range selected above.</p>	
10	Enter the date of eligible loss condition #2, that caused the claimed livestock death losses.
11	<p>Enter the number of livestock that were added to inventory (livestock purchased, born, added to weight range) after eligible loss condition #1 and before, on, or during eligible loss condition #2. Do not include livestock entered in item 8.</p> <p>In the “Date” column of the Calculated Beginning Inventory Worksheet, the dates of eligible loss condition #1 and #2 will automatically populate next to item 11. When determining item 11, refer to the date range provided.</p>

## \*--79 2017 Calculated Beginning Inventory Worksheet (Continued)--\*

**A Completing Calculated Beginning Inventory Worksheet (Continued)**

<b>Item</b>	<b>Instructions</b>
12	<p>Enter the number of livestock that died due to normal mortality after eligible loss condition #1 and <b>before, on, or during</b> eligible loss condition #2. Do not include livestock entered in item 7.</p> <p>In the "Date" column of the Calculated Beginning Inventory Worksheet, the dates of eligible loss condition #1 and #2 will automatically populate next to item 12. When determining item 12, refer to the date range provided.</p>
13	<p>Enter the number of livestock that died due to eligible loss condition #2.</p> <p>In the "Date" column of the Calculated Beginning Inventory Worksheet, the beginning date of eligible loss condition #2 will automatically populate next to item 13.</p> <p>If the applicant does not have livestock death losses to report due to another eligible loss condition in the calendar year, proceed to the "Automated Results" section of the worksheet for "Eligible Loss Condition #2", under the "Date" column.</p>
<p align="center"><b>Eligible Loss Condition (Date) (As Applicable)</b></p> <p>For the livestock kind, type and weight range selected above, if the applicant does not suffer additional livestock death losses due to a subsequent eligible loss condition after eligible loss condition #2, items 14-17 must be left blank.</p> <p><b>Important:</b> This section may only be completed for livestock death losses of the same kind, type and weight range selected above.</p>	
14	Enter the date of eligible loss condition #3, that caused the claimed livestock death losses, as provided on CCC-852, item 6.
15	<p>Enter the number of livestock that were added to inventory (livestock purchased, born, added to weight range) after eligible loss condition #2 and before, on, or during eligible loss condition #3. Do not include livestock entered in item 11.</p> <p>In the "Date" column of the Calculated Beginning Inventory Worksheet, the dates of eligible loss condition #2 and #3 will automatically populate next to item 15. When determining item 15, refer to the date range provided.</p>
16	<p>Enter the number of livestock that died due to normal mortality after eligible loss condition #2 and <b>before, on, or during</b> eligible loss condition #3. Do not include livestock entered in item 12.</p> <p>In the "Date" column of the Calculated Beginning Inventory Worksheet, the dates of eligible loss condition #2 and #3 will automatically populate next to item 16. When determining item 16, refer to the date range provided.</p>
17	<p>Enter the number of livestock that died due to eligible loss condition #3.</p> <p>In the "Date" column of the Calculated Beginning Inventory Worksheet, the beginning date of eligible loss condition #3 will automatically populate next to item 17.</p>

## \*--79 2017 Calculated Beginning Inventory Worksheet (Continued)--\*

**A Completing Calculated Beginning Inventory Worksheet (Continued)**

Item	Instructions
<b>Final Year End (Optional)</b>	
18	<p>Enter the number of livestock that died due to normal mortality after the last eligible loss condition and by December 31 in which benefits are requested. Do not include livestock entered in item 16.</p> <p>In the “Date” column of the Calculated Beginning Inventory Worksheet, the date of the last eligible loss condition in the calendar year and December 31 will automatically populate next to item 18. When determining item 18, refer to the date range provided.</p>
19	<p>Enter the number of livestock that were added to inventory (livestock purchased, born, added to weight range) after the last eligible loss condition and by December 31 in which benefits are requested. Do not include livestock entered in item 15.</p> <p>In the “Date” column of the Calculated Beginning Inventory Worksheet, the dates of the last eligible loss condition in the calendar year and December 31 will automatically populate next to item 19. When determining item 19, refer to the date range provided.</p>
<b>Automated Results</b>	
No entries are required. This section of the worksheet is automated based on the data entered in items 1-19. The results will be used to enter application data on the manual CCC-852 and/or the application software.	
<b>Eligible Loss Condition (Date)</b>	
20	<p><b>No entry required.</b> The “Calculated Beginning Inventory” is automatically calculated, by adding:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• item 22, plus</li> <li>• item 21.</li> </ul> <p><b>Important: Enter the result:</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• in item 15, CCC-852, for eligible loss condition #1; and</li> <li>• in the “Beginning or Additional Purchase Inventory “ field on the Add Livestock Not Previously Recorded Screen, in the LIP application software, as provided in paragraph 108.</li> </ul>

## \*--79 2017 Calculated Beginning Inventory Worksheet (Continued)--\*

## A Completing Calculated Beginning Inventory Worksheet (Continued)

Item	Instructions
21	<p><b>No entry required.</b> The result is calculated by adding:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• item 6, plus</li> <li>• item 7.</li> </ul>
22	<p><b>No entry required.</b> The result is equal to item 8.</p>
23	<p><b>No entry required.</b> The calculated normal mortality threshold is determined by multiplying:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• item 4, times</li> <li>• item 20.</li> </ul>
24	<p><b>No entry required.</b> The result is equal to item 7.</p> <p><b>Important: Enter</b> the result for:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• a manual application, in item 17, CCC-852, for eligible loss condition #1; and/or</li> <li>• an automated application, in the “Loss Due to Normal Mortality” field on the Add Livestock Not Previously Recorded Screen, in the LIP application software, as provided in paragraph 108.</li> </ul>
25	<p><b>No entry required.</b> The “additional livestock death losses needed to reach calculated normal mortality threshold” is determined by subtracting:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• item 23, minus</li> <li>• item 24</li> </ul> <p>If the result is negative, then item 25 is equal to “0”.</p>
26	<p><b>No entry required.</b> The result is equal to item 9.</p> <p><b>Important: Enter</b> the result for:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• a manual application, in item 16, CCC-852, for eligible loss condition #1; and/or</li> <li>• an automated application, in the “Loss Due to Adverse Weather Event” field on the Add Livestock Not Previously Recorded Screen in the LIP application software, as provided in paragraph 108.</li> </ul>

## \*--79 2017 Calculated Beginning Inventory Worksheet (Continued)--\*

## A Completing Calculated Beginning Inventory Worksheet (Continued)

Item	Instructions
27	<p><b>No entry required.</b> The number of livestock eligible for payment for loss condition #1 is determined by subtracting:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• item 26, minus</li> <li>• item 25.</li> </ul> <p>If the result is negative, then item 27 is equal to “0”.</p> <p><b>Important:</b> Verify the result is equal to the “Eligible Inventory” field on the CCC-852E, Estimated Calculated Payment Report, as provided in paragraph 254.</p>
<b>Eligible Loss Condition (Date) –Automated Results</b>	
28	<b>No entry required.</b> The result is equal to item 11.
29	<p><b>No entry required.</b> The result is the cumulative calculated beginning inventory for eligible loss condition #2. The result is equal to the sum of:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• item 20, plus</li> <li>• item 28</li> </ul> <p><b>Important:</b> Enter the result for:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• a manual application, in item 15, CCC-852, for eligible loss condition #2; and/or</li> <li>• an automated application, in the “Beginning or Additional Purchase Inventory “ field on the Edit Livestock Information Screen, in the LIP application software, as provided in paragraph 109. <b>The entry in the “Beginning or Additional Purchase Inventory” field from eligible loss condition #1 (item 20), must be overridden with the result in this item, for eligible loss condition #2.</b></li> </ul>
30	<p><b>No entry required.</b> The cumulative calculated normal mortality threshold is determined by multiplying:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• item 4, times</li> <li>• item 28</li> </ul>

## \*--79 2017 Calculated Beginning Inventory Worksheet (Continued)--\*

## A Completing Calculated Beginning Inventory Worksheet (Continued)

Item	Instructions
31	<p><b>No entry required.</b> The result is the cumulative number of livestock that died due to normal mortality before, on, or during eligible loss condition #2. The result is determined by adding:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• item 7, plus</li> <li>• item 12.</li> </ul> <p><b>Important: Enter</b> the result for:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• a manual application, in item 17, CCC-852, for eligible loss condition #2; and/or</li> <li>• an automated application, in the “Loss Due to Normal Mortality” field on the Edit Livestock Information Screen, in the LIP application software, as provided in paragraph 109. <b>The entry in the “Loss Due to Normal Mortality” field from eligible loss condition #1 (item 24), must be overridden with the result in this item, for eligible loss condition #2.</b></li> </ul>
32	<p><b>No entry required.</b> The cumulative “additional livestock death losses needed to reach calculated normal mortality threshold” for eligible loss condition #1 and #2 is determined by subtracting:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• item 30; minus</li> <li>• item 31.</li> </ul> <p>If the result is negative, then item 32 is equal to “0”.</p>
33	<p><b>No entry required.</b> The result is the cumulative number of livestock that died due to eligible loss conditions #1 and 2. The result is determined by adding:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• item 9, plus</li> <li>• item 13.</li> </ul> <p><b>Important: Enter</b> the result for:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• a manual application, in item 16, CCC-852, for eligible loss condition #2; and/or</li> <li>• an automated application, in the “Loss Due to Adverse Weather Event” field on the Edit Livestock Information Screen in the LIP application software, as provided in paragraph 109. <b>The entry in the “Loss Due to Adverse Weather Event” field from eligible loss condition #1 (item 26), must be overridden with the result in this item, for eligible loss condition #2.</b></li> </ul>

## \*--79 2017 Calculated Beginning Inventory Worksheet (Continued)--\*

## A Completing Calculated Beginning Inventory Worksheet (Continued)

Item	Instructions
34	<p><b>No entry required.</b> The cumulative number of livestock eligible for payment for loss conditions #1 and #2 is determined by subtracting:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• item 33, minus</li> <li>• item 32.</li> </ul> <p>If the result is negative, then item 34 is equal to “0”.</p> <p><b>Important:</b> Verify the result is equal to the “Eligible Inventory” field on the CCC-852E, Estimated Calculated Payment Report, as provided in paragraph 254.</p>
35	<p><b>No entry required.</b> The number of livestock eligible and paid for loss condition #1 is equal to the result in item 27.</p>
36	<p><b>No entry required.</b> The additional number of livestock eligible for payment for eligible loss condition #2 is equal to result of subtracting:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• item 34, minus</li> <li>• item 35.</li> </ul>
<b>Eligible Loss Condition (Date) – Automated Results</b>	
37	<p><b>No entry required.</b> The result is equal to item 15.</p>
38	<p><b>No entry required.</b> The result is the cumulative calculated beginning inventory for eligible loss condition #3. The result is equal to the sum of:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• item 29, plus</li> <li>• item 37.</li> </ul> <p><b>Important:</b> Enter the result for:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• a manual application, in item 15, CCC-852, for eligible loss condition #3; and /or</li> <li>• an automated application, “Beginning or Additional Purchase Inventory” field on the Edit Livestock Information Screen, in the LIP application software, as provided in paragraph 109.</li> </ul> <p><b>The entry in the “Beginning or Additional Purchase Inventory” field from eligible loss condition #2 (item 29), must be overridden with the result in this item, for eligible loss condition #3.</b></p>

## \*--79 2017 Calculated Beginning Inventory Worksheet (Continued)--\*

## A Completing Calculated Beginning Inventory Worksheet (Continued)

Item	Instructions
39	<p><b>No entry required.</b> The calculated normal mortality threshold is determined by multiplying:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• item 4, times</li> <li>• item 38.</li> </ul>
40	<p><b>No entry required.</b> The result is the cumulative number of livestock that died due to normal mortality before, on, or during eligible loss condition #3. The result is determined by adding:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• item 7, plus</li> <li>• item 12, plus</li> <li>• item 16.</li> </ul> <p><b>Important:</b> Enter the result for:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• a manual application, in item 17, CCC-852, for eligible loss condition #3; and/or</li> <li>• an automated application, in the “Loss Due to Normal Mortality” field on the Edit Livestock Information Screen, in the LIP application software, as provided in paragraph 109. <b>The entry in the “Loss Due to Normal Mortality” field from eligible loss condition #2 (item 31), must be overridden with the result in this item, for eligible loss condition #3.</b></li> </ul>
41	<p><b>No entry required.</b> The cumulative “additional livestock death losses needed to reach calculated normal mortality threshold” for eligible loss conditions #1, #2 and #3 is determined by subtracting:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• item 39, minus</li> <li>• item 40.</li> </ul> <p>If the result is negative, then item 41 is equal to “0”.</p>
42	<p><b>No entry required.</b> The result is the cumulative number of livestock that died due to eligible loss conditions #1, #2 and #3. The result is determined by adding:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• item 9, plus</li> <li>• item 13, plus</li> <li>• item 17.</li> </ul> <p><b>Important:</b> Enter the result for :</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• a manual application, in item 16, CCC-852, for eligible loss condition #3; and/or</li> <li>• an automated application, in the “Loss Due to Adverse Weather Event” field on the Edit Livestock Information Screen in the LIP application software, as provided in paragraph 109. <b>The entry in the “Loss Due to Adverse Weather Event” field from eligible loss condition #2 (item 33), must be overridden with the result in this item, for eligible loss condition #3.</b></li> </ul>

## \*--79 2017 Calculated Beginning Inventory Worksheet (Continued)--\*

## A Completing Calculated Beginning Inventory Worksheet (Continued)

Item	Instructions
43	<p><b>No entry required.</b> The cumulative number of livestock eligible for payment for loss conditions #1, #2 and #3 is determined by subtracting:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• item 42, minus</li> <li>• item 41.</li> </ul> <p>If the result is negative, item 43 is equal to “0”.</p> <p><b>Important:</b> Verify the result is equal to the “Eligible Inventory” field on the CCC-852E, Estimated Calculated Payment Report, as provided in paragraph 254.</p>
44	<p><b>No entry required.</b> The number of livestock eligible and paid for loss conditions #1 and #2 is equal the result of adding:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• item 27, plus</li> <li>• item 36.</li> </ul>
45	<p><b>No entry required.</b> The additional number of livestock eligible for payment for eligible loss condition #3 is equal to result of subtracting:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• item 43, minus</li> <li>• item 44.</li> </ul>
<b>Final Year End Application (Optional) – Automated Results</b>	
46	<b>No entry required.</b> The result is equal to item 19.
47	<b>No entry required.</b> The result is equal to item 18.
48	<p><b>No entry required.</b> The result is the cumulative calculated beginning inventory for the final year end application. The result is equal to the sum of:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• item 38, plus</li> <li>• item 46.</li> </ul> <p><b>Important:</b> Enter the result for:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• a manual application, item 15, CCC-852 for final year end application; and/or</li> <li>• an automated application, “Beginning or Additional Purchase Inventory” field on the Edit Livestock Information Screen, in the LIP application software, as provided in subparagraph 109. <b>The entry in the “Beginning or Additional Purchase Inventory” field from eligible loss condition #3 (item 38), must be overridden with the result in this item, for final year end application.</b></li> </ul>

## \*--79 2017 Calculated Beginning Inventory Worksheet (Continued)--\*

## A Completing Calculated Beginning Inventory Worksheet (Continued)

Item	Instructions
49	<p><b>No entry required.</b> The calculated normal mortality threshold is determined by multiplying:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• item 4, times</li> <li>• item 48.</li> </ul>
50	<p><b>No entry required.</b> The result is the cumulative number of livestock that died due to normal mortality for the calendar year in which benefits are requested. The result is determined by adding:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• item 7, plus</li> <li>• item 12, plus</li> <li>• item 16, plus</li> <li>• item 18.</li> </ul> <p><b>Important: Enter</b> the result for:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• a manual application, item 17, CCC-852, for final year end application, and/or</li> <li>• an automated application, in the “Loss Due to Normal Mortality” field on the Edit Livestock Information Screen, in the LIP application software, as provided in subparagraph 109. <b>The entry in the “Loss Due to Normal Mortality” field from eligible loss condition #3 (item 40), must be overridden with the result in this item, for the final year end application.</b></li> </ul>
51	<p><b>No entry required.</b> The cumulative “additional livestock death losses needed to reach calculated normal mortality threshold” for the final year end application is determined by subtracting:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• item 49, minus</li> <li>• item 50.</li> </ul> <p>If the result is negative, then item 51 is equal to “0”.</p>
52	<p><b>No entry required.</b> The result is the cumulative number of livestock that died due to all eligible loss conditions in the calendar year. The result is determined by adding:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• item 9, plus</li> <li>• item 13, plus</li> <li>• item 17.</li> </ul> <p><b>Important: Enter</b> the result for:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• a manual application, item 16, CCC-852, for final year end application; and/or</li> <li>• an automated application, in the “Loss Due to Adverse Weather Event” field on the Edit Livestock Information Screen in the LIP application software, as provided in subparagraph 109. <b>The entry in the “Loss Due to Adverse Weather Event” field from eligible loss condition #3 (item 43), must be overridden with the result in this item, for the final year end application.</b></li> </ul>

## \*--79 2017 Calculated Beginning Inventory Worksheet (Continued)--\*

## A Completing Calculated Beginning Inventory Worksheet (Continued)

Item	Instructions
53	<p><b>No entry required.</b> The cumulative number of livestock eligible for payment in the calendar year is determined by subtracting:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• item 52, minus</li> <li>• item 51.</li> </ul> <p><b>Note:</b> If the result is negative, item 53 is equal to “0”.</p> <p><b>Important:</b> Verify the result is equal to the “Eligible Inventory” field on the CCC-852E, Estimated Calculated Payment Report, as provided in paragraph 254.</p>
54	<p><b>No entry required.</b> The number of livestock eligible and paid for loss conditions #1, #2 and #3 is equal to the result of adding:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• item 27, plus</li> <li>• item 36, plus</li> <li>• item 45.</li> </ul>
55	<p><b>No entry required.</b> The additional number of livestock eligible for payment for final year end application is equal to the result of subtracting:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• item 53, minus</li> <li>• item 54.</li> </ul>

## \*--79 2017 Calculated Beginning Inventory Worksheet (Continued)--\*

**B Example of Calculated Beginning Inventory Worksheet**

Following is an example of the Calculated Beginning Inventory Worksheet.

CCC-852 Attachment		LIP CALCULATED BEGINNING INVENTORY WORKSHEET	
Producer(s) Name: <u>Bob Wheat</u>			
LIP Application #: <u>2222</u>			
County Office Data Entry			
Date	Description		
	1. Enter Livestock Kind		BEEF
	2. Enter Livestock Type		ADULT
	3. Enter Weight Range		COW
	4. Enter Normal mortality percentage for livestock kind, type and weight range (#.#)		1.50%
Eligible Loss Condition 3/1/2017			
	5. Enter Beginning date of eligible loss condition #1 (M/D/YY)		03/01/17
Sales before, on, or during 3/1/17	6. Enter Number of livestock sold as of the earliest date normal mortality is claimed and before, on, or during eligible loss condition #1 (optional)		2
NM before, on, or during 3/1/17	7. Enter Number of livestock that died due to normal mortality before, on, or during eligible loss condition #1 (optional)		3
3/1/17	8. Enter Livestock Inventory as of beginning date of eligible loss condition #1		100
3/1/17	9. Enter Number of livestock that died due to eligible loss condition #1		5
Eligible Loss Condition 08/01/17			
	10. Enter Beginning date of eligible loss condition #2 (M/D/YY)		08/01/17
3/2/17 - 8/1/17	11. Enter Number of livestock added to inventory (purchased, born, added to weight range) after eligible loss condition #1 and before, on, or during eligible loss condition #2 (if applicable)		50
3/2/17 - 8/1/17	12. Enter Number of livestock that died due to normal mortality after eligible loss condition #1 and before, on, or during		0
8/1/17	13. Enter Number of livestock that died due to eligible loss condition #2		6
Eligible Loss Condition 08/20/17			
	14. Enter beginning date of eligible livestock condition #3 (M/D/YY)		08/20/17
8/2/17 - 8/20/17	15. Enter Number of livestock added to inventory (purchased, born, added to weight range) after eligible loss condition #2 and before, on, or during eligible loss condition #3 (if applicable)		0
8/2/17 - 8/20/17	16. Enter Number of livestock that died due to normal mortality after eligible loss condition #2 and before, on, or during		0
8/20/17	17. Enter Number of livestock that died due to eligible loss condition #3		5
Final Year End (Optional)			
8/21/17 - 12/31/17	18. Enter Number of livestock that died due to normal mortality after the last eligible loss condition		
8/21/17 - 12/31/17	19. Enter Number of livestock added to inventory (purchased, born, added to weight range) after the last eligible loss condition in the calendar year		
Eligible Loss Condition 03/01/17	20. Calculated Beginning Inventory		105
	21. Number of livestock sold & number of livestock that died due to normal mortality losses before, on, or during eligible loss condition #1		5
	22. Livestock Inventory as of beginning date of eligible loss condition #1		100
	23. Calculated Normal Mortality Threshold		2
	24. Number of livestock that died due to normal mortality before, on, or during eligible loss condition #1		3
	25. Additional livestock death losses needed to reach calculated normal mortality threshold		0
	26. Number of livestock that died due to eligible loss condition #1		5
	27. Number of livestock eligible for payment - loss condition #1		5
Eligible Loss Condition 08/01/17 (Cumulative data for 1st & 2nd eligible loss conditions)	28. Number of livestock added to inventory (purchased, born, added to weight range) after eligible loss condition #1 and before, on, or during #2 (if applicable)		50
	29. Calculated Beginning Inventory (changes only if additions)		155
	30. Calculated Normal Mortality Threshold		2
	31. Number of livestock that died due to normal mortality before, on, or during eligible loss condition #2		3
	32. Additional livestock death losses needed to reach calculated normal mortality threshold		0
	33. Number of livestock that died due to eligible loss conditions #1 and #2		11
	34. Number of livestock eligible for payment - loss conditions #1 and #2		11
	35. Number of livestock eligible and paid - loss condition #1		5
Eligible Loss Condition 08/20/17 (Cumulative data for 1st, 2nd, & 3rd eligible loss conditions)	36. Additional number of livestock eligible for payment - eligible loss condition #2		6
	37. Number of livestock added to inventory (purchased, born, added to weight range) after eligible loss condition #2 and before, on, or during #3 (if applicable)		0
	38. Calculated Beginning Inventory (changes only if additions)		155
	39. Calculated Normal Mortality Threshold		2
	40. Number of livestock that died due to normal mortality before, on, or during eligible loss condition #3		3
	41. Additional livestock death losses needed to reach calculated normal mortality threshold		0
	42. Number of livestock that died due to eligible loss conditions #1, #2 and #3		16
	43. Number of livestock eligible for payment - loss conditions #1, #2 and #3		16
Final Year End Application (Optional) (Cumulative data for the whole calendar year)	44. Number of livestock eligible and paid - loss condition #1 and #2		11
	45. Additional number of livestock eligible for payment - eligible loss condition #3		5
	46. Number of livestock added to inventory (purchased, born, added to weight range) after last eligible loss condition in the calendar year (if applicable)		
	47. Number of livestock that died due to normal mortality after last eligible loss condition in the calendar year		
	48. Calculated Beginning Inventory at End of Year (changes only if additions)		155
	49. Calculated Normal Mortality Threshold		2
	50. Number of livestock that died due to normal mortality in the calendar year		3
	51. Additional livestock death losses needed to reach calculated normal mortality threshold		0
52. Total number of livestock that died due to eligible loss conditions in the calendar year		16	
53. Total number of livestock eligible for payment in the calendar year		16	
54. Number of livestock eligible and paid - loss conditions #1, #2 and #3		16	
55. Additional number of livestock eligible for payment - final year end application		0	

**\*--80 Scenario 1 for 2017A Application and 2017 Calculated Beginning Inventory Worksheet--\*****A Scenario for Death Losses – Adult Beef Cows**

Bob Wheat is a cow calf operator in Jones County, Texas. Bob Wheat is the owner of Farm 1450 and cash leases 1780 in Jones County. On March 1, 2017, Bob Wheat owned a total of 100 head of adult beef cows in Jones County; 25 head on farm 1450 and 75 head on farm 1780.

On February 15, 2017, 2 adult beef cows on farm 1450 are marketed.

On February 15, 2017, Bob Wheat loses 3 adult beef cows to normal mortality. Normal mortality rate is 1.5 percent in Jones County.

**Eligible Loss Condition #1** - On March 1, 2017, Bob Wheat suffers 5 death losses of adult beef cows as a result of a blizzard. On March 15, 2017, Bob Wheat phones the Jones County FSA Office to report the 5 losses of adult beef cows because of the blizzard on farm 1450.

On May 15, 2017, Bob Wheat purchased 50 additional head of adult beef cows and places these 50 head on farm 1450.

**Eligible Loss Condition #2** - On August 1, 2017, Bob Wheat lost 6 head of adult beef cows because of a hurricane. Bob Wheat notifies the Jones County FSA Office by e-mail on August 2, 2017, of the 6 losses of adult beef cows because of a hurricane on farm 1450.

Bob Wheat does not lose any adult beef cows due to normal mortality between eligible loss condition #1 and #2.

**Eligible Loss Condition #3** - On September 1, 2017, Bob Wheat reports by e-mail to the Jones County FSA Office the loss of an additional 5 head of adult beef cows on farm 1450 because of another hurricane that occurred on August 20, 2017.

Bob Wheat does not claim normal mortality death losses after eligible loss condition #3.

**Note:** See paragraph 70 for County Office instructions for processing CCC-852's.

Bob Wheat provides the following to the COF prior to signing the application for payment:

- provides proof of death loss documentation for 16 adult beef cow losses because of blizzard and hurricanes
- provides proof of death loss documentation for 3 adult beef cow losses due to normal mortality
- sale barn purchase receipt dated May 15, 2017, showing 50 adult beef cows being purchased
- bank chattel inspection form dated January 3, 2017, that supports the 105 adult beef cow inventory.

**\*--80 Scenario 1 for 2017A Application and 2017 Calculated Beginning Inventory Worksheet--\***  
**(Continued)**

**B Eligible Loss Condition #1**

For eligible loss condition #1, Bob Wheat's calculated beginning inventory must be determined according to the Calculated Beginning Inventory Worksheet, as instructed in paragraph 79. Bob Wheat's livestock data for eligible loss condition #1 must be loaded in the Calculated Beginning Inventory Worksheet as shown below.

County Office Data Entry		
Date	Description	
	1. Enter Livestock Kind	BEEF
	2. Enter Livestock Type	ADULT
	3. Enter Weight Range	COW
	4. Enter Normal mortality percentage for livestock kind, type and weight range (#.#)	1.50%
Eligible Loss Condition 3/1/2017		
	5. Enter Beginning date of eligible loss condition #1 (M/D/YY)	03/01/17
Sales before, on, or during 3/1/17	6. Enter Number of livestock sold before, on, or during eligible loss condition #1 (optional)	2
NM before, on, or during 3/1/17	7. Enter Number of livestock that died due to normal mortality before, on, or during eligible loss condition #1 (optional)	3
3/1/17	8. Enter Livestock inventory as of beginning date of eligible loss condition #1	100
3/1/17	9. Enter Number of livestock that died due to eligible loss condition #1	5
Eligible Loss Condition 03/01/17	20. Calculated Beginning Inventory	105
	21. Number of livestock sold & number of livestock that died due to normal mortality losses before, on, or during eligible loss condition #1	5
	22. Livestock inventory as of beginning date of eligible loss condition #1	100
	23. Calculated Normal Mortality Threshold	2
	24. Number of livestock that died due to normal mortality before, on, or during eligible loss condition #1	3
	25. Additional livestock death losses needed to reach calculated normal mortality threshold	0
	26. Number of livestock that died due to eligible loss condition #1	5
	27. Number of livestock eligible for payment - loss condition #1	5

Bob Wheat's **calculated beginning inventory** for eligible loss condition #1 is equal to 105 adult beef cows:

- 100 head of adult beef cows in Jones County on March 1, 2017 (25 adult beef cows on farm 1450 and 75 adult beef cows on farm 1780); plus
- 2 adult beef cows marketed on February 15, 2017; plus
- 3 adult beef cows that died because of normal mortality on February 15, 2017.

**\*--80 Scenario 1 for 2017A Application and 2017 Calculated Beginning Inventory Worksheet--\***  
**(Continued)**

**B Eligible Loss Condition #1 (Continued)**

For eligible loss condition #1, the following data is entered in the **automated** CCC-852:

- **beginning or additional purchase inventory** – 105 adult beef cows (calculated beginning inventory)
- **loss due to adverse weather** – 5 adult beef cows (death losses due eligible loss condition)
- **loss due to normal mortality** – 3 adult beef cows (normal mortality death losses).

See paragraph 108 for entering application data in the automated LIP application software for the first eligible loss condition in the calendar year.

The automated LIP application for Bob Wheat, eligible loss condition #1, is shown below.

PART D – LIVESTOCK INFORMATION									
12. Adverse Weather Event/ Animal Attack Date Number	13. Contract Grower		14. Livestock Kind Type and Weight Range	15. Inventory on Date of Adverse Weather Event/Animal Attack	16. Number of Death Losses Due to Adverse Weather Event/Animal Attack	17. Number Lost Due to Normal Mortality	COC USE ONLY		
	Yes	No					18. Adjusted Inventory	19. Adjusted Number Lost Due to Adverse Weather/ Animal Attack	20. Adjusted Number Lost Due to Normal Mortality
1		X	Beef Adult Cow	105	5	3			
PART E – DOCUMENTATION OF BEGINNING INVENTORY									
21. List the document(s) provided to verify beginning inventory. Attach copies of documents.						Number of Livestock			
Bank Chattel Inspection dated January 3						105			
PART F – DOCUMENTATION TO VERIFY LIVESTOCK LOSSES									
22. List the document(s) provided to verify livestock losses. Attach copies of documents.						Number of Livestock			
Rendering ticket						5			
Normal Mortality						3			
PART G – SIMILAR LOSS/CONTRACT GROWERS									
23. Other Compensation (Contract Growers): \$									
24. Reduction: \$									

**\*--80 Scenario 1 for 2017A Application and 2017 Calculated Beginning Inventory Worksheet--\***  
**(Continued)**

**C Eligible Loss Condition #2**

Bob Wheat added 50 additional livestock to his inventory of adult beef cows between eligible loss conditions #1 and #2; therefore, Bob Wheat's calculated beginning inventory for eligible loss condition #2 will not be the same as for eligible loss condition #1.

For eligible loss condition #2, Bob Wheat's calculated beginning inventory must be determined according to the Calculated Beginning Inventory Worksheet, as instructed in paragraph 79. Bob Wheat's livestock data for eligible loss condition #2 must be loaded in the Calculated Beginning Inventory Worksheet as shown below.

County Office Data Entry		
Date	Description	
	1. Enter Livestock Kind	BEEF
	2. Enter Livestock Type	ADULT
	3. Enter Weight Range	COW
	4. Enter Normal mortality percentage for livestock kind, type and weight range (#.#)	1.50%
<b>Eligible Loss Condition 3/1/2017</b>		
	5. Enter Beginning date of eligible loss condition #1 (M/D/YY)	03/01/17
before, on, or during 3/1/17	6. Enter Number of livestock sold before, on, or during eligible loss condition #1 (optional)	2
NM before, on, or during 3/1/17	7. Enter Number of livestock that died due to normal mortality before, on, or during eligible loss condition #1 (optional)	3
3/1/17	8. Enter Livestock inventory as of beginning date of eligible loss condition #1	100
3/1/17	9. Enter Number of livestock that died due to eligible loss condition #1	5
<b>Eligible Loss Condition 08/01/17</b>		
	10. Enter Beginning date of eligible loss condition #2 (M/D/YY)	08/01/17
3/2/17 - 8/1/17	11. Enter Number of livestock added to inventory (purchased, born, added to weight range) after eligible loss condition #1 and before, on, or during eligible loss condition #2 (if applicable)	50
3/2/17 - 8/1/17	12. Enter Number of livestock that died due to normal mortality after eligible loss condition #1 and before, on, or during eligible loss condition #2 (if applicable)	0
8/1/17	13. Enter Number of livestock that died due to eligible loss condition #2	6
Eligible Loss Condition 03/01/17	20. Calculated Beginning Inventory	105
	21. Number of livestock sold & number of livestock that died due to normal mortality losses before, on, or during eligible loss condition #1	5
	22. Livestock inventory as of beginning date of eligible loss condition #1	100
	23. Calculated Normal Mortality Threshold	2
	24. Number of livestock that died due to normal mortality before, on, or during eligible loss condition #1	3
	25. Additional livestock death losses needed to reach calculated normal mortality threshold	0
	26. Number of livestock that died due to eligible loss condition #1	5
Eligible Loss Condition 08/01/17  [Cumulative data for 1st & 2nd eligible loss conditions]	27. Number of livestock eligible for payment - loss condition #1	5
	28. Number of livestock added to inventory (purchased, born, added to weight range) after eligible loss condition #1 and before, on, or during #2 (if applicable)	50
	29. Calculated Beginning Inventory (changes only if additions)	155
	30. Calculated Normal Mortality Threshold	2
	31. Number of livestock that died due to normal mortality before, on, or during eligible loss condition #2	3
	32. Additional livestock death losses needed to reach calculated normal mortality threshold	0
	33. Number of livestock that died due to eligible loss conditions #1 and #2	11
	34. Number of livestock eligible for payment - loss conditions #1 and #2	11
	35. Number of livestock eligible and paid - loss condition #1	5
	36. Additional number of livestock eligible for payment - eligible loss condition #2	6

**\*--80 Scenario 1 for 2017A Application and 2017 Calculated Beginning Inventory Worksheet--\***  
**(Continued)**

**C Eligible Loss Condition #2 (Continued)**

Bob Wheat's **calculated beginning inventory** for eligible loss condition #2 is equal to 155 adult beef cows:

- calculated beginning inventory for eligible loss condition #1 of 105 head of adult beef cows; plus
- 50 adult beef cows purchased between eligible loss condition #1 and #2.

For eligible loss condition #2, the following data is entered in the **automated** CCC-852:

- **beginning or additional purchase inventory** – 155 adult beef cows (calculated beginning inventory)
- **loss due to adverse weather** – 11 adult beef cows (cumulative death losses due eligible loss condition)
- **loss due to normal mortality** – 3 adult beef cows (cumulative normal mortality death losses).

See paragraph 109 for entering application data in the automated LIP application payment software for subsequent eligible loss conditions in the calendar year.

The automated LIP application for Bob Wheat, eligible loss condition #2, is shown below.

PART D – LIVESTOCK INFORMATION									
12. Adverse Weather Event/ Animal Attack Date Number	13. Contract Grower		14. Livestock Kind Type and Weight Range	15. Inventory on Date of Adverse Weather Event/Animal Attack	16. Number of Death Losses Due to Adverse Weather Event/Animal Attack	17. Number Lost Due to Normal Mortality	COC USE ONLY		
	Yes	No					18. Adjusted Inventory	19. Adjusted Number Lost Due to Adverse Weather/ Animal Attack	20. Adjusted Number Lost Due to Normal Mortality
2		X	Beef Adult Cow	155	11	3			
PART E – DOCUMENTATION OF BEGINNING INVENTORY									
21. List the document(s) provided to verify beginning inventory. Attach copies of documents.						Number of Livestock			
Bank Chattel Inspection dated January 3						105			
Sale barn purchase receipt						50			
PART F – DOCUMENTATION TO VERIFY LIVESTOCK LOSSES									
22. List the document(s) provided to verify livestock losses. Attach copies of documents.						Number of Livestock			
FEMA records						6			
Rendering Receipts						3			
Rendering ticket						5			
PART G – SIMILAR LOSS/CONTRACT GROWERS									
23. Other Compensation (Contract Growers): \$									
24. Reduction: \$									

**Important:** To add losses for previously recorded livestock kind, type, and weight range due to a subsequent eligible loss condition, always use the “Edit” option next to the applicable livestock kind, type, and weight range on Part D, Livestock Information Screen, in the LIP application software.

**\*--80 Scenario 1 for 2017A Application and 2017 Calculated Beginning Inventory Worksheet--\***  
**(Continued)**

**D Eligible Loss Condition #3**

Bob Wheat does not add to his inventory of adult beef cows between eligible loss conditions #2 and #3; therefore, Bob Wheat's calculated beginning inventory for eligible loss condition #3 will remain the same as the calculated beginning inventory for eligible loss condition #2.

For eligible loss condition #3, Bob Wheat's calculated beginning inventory must be determined according to the Calculated Beginning Inventory worksheet, as instructed in paragraph 79. Bob Wheat's livestock data for eligible loss condition #3 must be loaded in the Calculated Beginning Inventory Worksheet as shown below.

County Office Data Entry		
Date	Description	
	1. Enter Livestock Kind	BEEF
	2. Enter Livestock Type	ADULT
	3. Enter Weight Range	COW
	4. Enter Normal mortality percentage for livestock kind, type and weight range (#.#)	1.50%
Eligible Loss Condition 3/1/2017		
	5. Enter Beginning date of eligible loss condition #1 (M/D/YY)	03/01/17
Sales before, on, or during 3/1/17	6. Enter Number of livestock sold as of the earliest date normal mortality is claimed and before, on, or during eligible loss condition #1 (optional)	2
NM before, on, or during 3/1/17	7. Enter Number of livestock that died due to normal mortality before, on, or during eligible loss condition #1 (optional)	3
3/1/17	8. Enter Livestock inventory as of beginning date of eligible loss condition #1	100
3/1/17	9. Enter Number of livestock that died due to eligible loss condition #1	5
Eligible Loss Condition 08/01/17		
	10. Enter Beginning date of eligible loss condition #2 (M/D/YY)	08/01/17
3/2/17 - 8/1/17	11. Enter Number of livestock added to inventory (purchased, born, added to weight range) after eligible loss condition #1 and before, on, or during eligible loss condition #2 (if applicable)	50
3/2/17 - 8/1/17	12. Enter Number of livestock that died due to normal mortality after eligible loss condition #1 and before, on, or during	0
8/1/17	13. Enter Number of livestock that died due to eligible loss condition #2	6
Eligible Loss Condition 08/20/17		
	14. Enter beginning date of eligible livestock condition #3 (M/D/YY)	08/20/17
8/2/17 - 8/20/17	15. Enter Number of livestock added to inventory (purchased, born, added to weight range) after eligible loss condition #2 and before, on, or during eligible loss condition #3 (if applicable)	0
8/2/17 - 8/20/17	16. Enter Number of livestock that died due to normal mortality after eligible loss condition #2 and before, on, or during	0
8/20/17	17. Enter Number of livestock that died due to eligible loss condition #3	5
Final Year End (Optional)		
8/21/17 - 12/31/17	18. Enter Number of livestock that died due to normal mortality after the last eligible loss condition	
8/21/17 - 12/31/17	19. Enter Number of livestock added to inventory (purchased, born, added to weight range) after the last eligible loss condition in the calendar year	
Eligible Loss Condition 03/01/17	20. Calculated Beginning Inventory	105
	21. Number of livestock sold & number of livestock that died due to normal mortality losses before, on, or during eligible loss condition #1	5
	22. Livestock inventory as of beginning date of eligible loss condition #1	100
	23. Calculated Normal Mortality Threshold	2
	24. Number of livestock that died due to normal mortality before, on, or during eligible loss condition #1	3
	25. Additional livestock death losses needed to reach calculated normal mortality threshold	0
	26. Number of livestock that died due to eligible loss condition #1	5
Eligible Loss Condition 08/01/17 (Cumulative data for 1st & 2nd eligible loss conditions)	27. Number of livestock eligible for payment - loss condition #1	5
	28. Number of livestock added to inventory (purchased, born, added to weight range) after eligible loss condition #1 and before, on, or during #2 (if applicable)	50
	29. Calculated Beginning Inventory (changes only if additions)	155
	30. Calculated Normal Mortality Threshold	2
	31. Number of livestock that died due to normal mortality before, on, or during eligible loss condition #2	3
	32. Additional livestock death losses needed to reach calculated normal mortality threshold	0
	33. Number of livestock that died due to eligible loss conditions #1 and #2	11
Eligible Loss Condition 08/20/17 (Cumulative data for 1st, 2nd, & 3rd eligible loss conditions)	34. Number of livestock eligible for payment - loss conditions #1 and #2	11
	35. Number of livestock eligible and paid - loss condition #1	5
	36. Additional number of livestock eligible for payment - eligible loss condition #2	6
	37. Number of livestock added to inventory (purchased, born, added to weight range) after eligible loss condition #2 and before, on, or during #3 (if applicable)	0
	38. Calculated Beginning Inventory (changes only if additions)	155
	39. Calculated Normal Mortality Threshold	2
	40. Number of livestock that died due to normal mortality before, on, or during eligible loss condition #3	3
	41. Additional livestock death losses needed to reach calculated normal mortality threshold	0
	42. Number of livestock that died due to eligible loss conditions #1, #2 and #3	16
	43. Number of livestock eligible for payment - loss conditions #1, #2 and #3	16
	44. Number of livestock eligible and paid - loss condition #1 and #2	11
	45. Additional number of livestock eligible for payment - eligible loss condition #3	5

**\*--80 Scenario 1 for 2017A Application and 2017 Calculated Beginning Inventory Worksheet--\***  
**(Continued)**

**D Eligible Loss Condition #3 (Continued)**

Bob Wheat's **calculated beginning inventory** for eligible loss condition #3 will remain the same as the calculated beginning inventory for eligible loss condition #2, 155 adult beef cows.

For eligible loss condition #3, the following data is entered in the **automated** CCC-852:

- **beginning or additional purchase inventory** – 155 adult beef cows (calculated beginning inventory)
- **loss due to adverse weather** – 16 adult beef cows (cumulative death losses due eligible loss condition)
- **loss due to normal mortality** – 3 adult beef cows (cumulative normal mortality death losses).

See paragraph 109 for entering application data in the automated LIP application payment software for subsequent eligible loss conditions in the calendar year.

The automated LIP application for Bob Wheat, eligible loss condition #3, is shown below.

PART D – LIVESTOCK INFORMATION							COC USE ONLY		
12. Adverse Weather Event/ Animal Attack Date Number	13. Contract Grower		14. Livestock Kind Type and Weight Range	15. Inventory on Date of Adverse Weather Event/Animal Attack	16. Number of Death Losses Due to Adverse Weather Event/Animal Attack	17. Number Lost Due to Normal Mortality	18. Adjusted Inventory	19. Adjusted Number Lost Due to Adverse Weather/ Animal Attack	20. Adjusted Number Lost Due to Normal Mortality
	Yes	No							
3		X	Beef Adult Cow	155	16	3			
PART E – DOCUMENTATION OF BEGINNING INVENTORY									
21. List the document(s) provided to verify beginning inventory. Attach copies of documents.							Number of Livestock		
Bank Chattel Inspection dated January 3							105		
Sale barn purchase receipt							50		
PART F – DOCUMENTATION TO VERIFY LIVESTOCK LOSSES									
22. List the document(s) provided to verify livestock losses. Attach copies of documents.							Number of Livestock		
FEMA records							6		
Rendering ticket							5		
rendering receipts							5		
Rendering Receipts							3		
PART G – SIMILAR LOSS/CONTRACT GROWERS									
23. Other Compensation (Contract Growers): \$									
24. Reduction: \$									

**Important:** To add losses for previously recorded livestock kind, type, and weight range due to a subsequent eligible loss condition, always use the “Edit” option next to the applicable livestock kind, type, and weight range on Part D, Livestock Information Screen, in the LIP application software.

**\*--80 Scenario 1 for 2017A Application and 2017 Calculated Beginning Inventory Worksheet--\*  
(Continued)**

**F Final Year End Application**

Since Bob Wheat does not claim any additional normal mortality death losses after eligible loss condition #3 through the end of the year, Bob Wheat has no need to file a final year end application for payment.

**\*--81 Scenario 2 for 2017A Application and 2017 Calculated Beginning Inventory Worksheet--\*****A Scenario 2 for Death Losses – Non-Adult Beef Cattle, Lightning – Wildfire**

Mary Roberts is a livestock operator in Jones County, Texas. Mary Roberts owns a total of 200 non-adult beef cattle weighing 400-799 lbs. on March 1, 2017. Mary Roberts is the owner of Farms 1 and 2. Farm 1 is physically located in Jones County and is administrated in Jones County. Farm 2 is physically located in Fisher County and is administrated in Jones County. Mary Roberts has a 100 percent ownership share in 100 head of non-adult beef cattle weighing 400-799 lbs. located on Farm 1 and 50 head of non-adult beef cattle weighing 400-799 lbs. located on Farm 2. Mary Roberts also has 100 percent ownership share in 50 head of non-adult beef cattle weighing over 400 lbs. located in XYZ feedlot in Jones County.

Normal mortality rate is 5.0 percent for non-adult beef cattle weighing 400-799 pounds in Jones County.

**Eligible Loss Condition #1** - On March 1, 2017, Mary Roberts suffers 10 death losses of non-adult beef cattle weighing 400-799 lbs. on Farm 1 as a result of lightning caused wildfire. Mary Roberts phones the Jones County FSA Office on March 15, 2017, to report the 10 losses to the non-adult beef cattle because of lightning.

On April 1, 2017, Mary Roberts loses 2 head non-adult beef cattle weighing 400-799 lbs. on Farm 1 because of normal mortality. Mary Roberts provides the County Office rendering truck receipts when the dead cattle are picked up.

**Eligible Loss Condition #2** – On April 7, 2017, Mary Roberts e-mails the County Office and reports that she lost 10 head non-adult beef cattle on Farm 2 because of a wildfire that occurred on April 6, 2016. She also reported moving the remaining cattle (195) to Farm 1.

On April 15, 2017, Mary Roberts visits the Jones County FSA Office, and while at the office she provides:

- private insurance documents, including adjustor claim verification supporting the 20 non-adult beef cows lost because of lightning caused wildfire
- date stamped pictures
- third party certification (CCC-854)
- Farm Credit balance sheet dated February 15, 2017, to support beginning inventory of 200 non-adult beef cattle
- rendering truck receipt dated April 14 that supports the 2 normal mortality non-adult cattle death losses.

Mary Roberts reviewed and signed CCC-852 for payment.

**Note:** See paragraph 70 for County Office instructions for processing CCC-852's.

**\*--81 Scenario 2 for 2017A Application and 2017 Calculated Beginning Inventory Worksheet--\***  
**(Continued)**

**B Eligible Loss Condition #1**

For eligible loss condition #1, Mary. Roberts' calculated beginning inventory must be determined according to the Calculated Beginning Inventory Worksheet, as instructed in paragraph 79. Mary Roberts' livestock data for eligible loss condition #1 must be loaded in the Calculated Beginning Inventory Worksheet as shown below.

County Office Data Entry		
Date	Description	
	1. Enter Livestock Kind	BEEF
	2. Enter Livestock Type	NONADULT
	3. Enter Weight Range	400 - 799 LBS
	4. Enter Normal mortality percentage for livestock kind, type and weight range (##)	5.00%
<b>Eligible Loss Condition 3/1/2017</b>		
	5. Enter Beginning date of eligible loss condition #1 (M/D/YY)	03/01/17
Sales before, on, or during 3/1/17	6. Enter Number of livestock sold before, on, or during eligible loss condition #1 (optional)	0
MM before, on, or during 3/1/17	7. Enter Number of livestock that died due to normal mortality before, on, or during eligible loss condition #1 (optional)	0
3/1/17	8. Enter Livestock inventory as of beginning date of eligible loss condition #1	200
3/1/17	9. Enter Number of livestock that died due to eligible loss condition #1	10
Eligible Loss Condition 03/01/17	20. <b>Calculated Beginning Inventory</b>	200
	21. Number of livestock sold & number of livestock that died due to normal mortality losses before, on, or during eligible loss condition #1	0
	22. Livestock inventory as of beginning date of eligible loss condition #1	200
	23. Calculated Normal Mortality Threshold	10
	24. <b>Number of livestock that died due to normal mortality before, on, or during eligible loss condition #1</b>	0
	25. Additional livestock death losses needed to reach calculated normal mortality threshold	10
	26. <b>Number of livestock that died due to eligible loss condition #1</b>	10
	27. Number of livestock eligible for payment - loss condition #1	0

Mary Roberts' **calculated beginning inventory** for eligible loss condition #1 is equal to 200 non-adult beef cattle weighing over 400 lbs. in inventory on the day before eligible loss condition #1.

For eligible loss condition #1, the following data is entered in the **automated** CCC-852:

- **beginning or additional purchase inventory** – 200 non-adult beef cattle over 400 lbs. (calculated beginning inventory)
- **loss due to adverse weather** – 10 non-adult beef cattle (death losses due eligible loss condition)
- **loss due to normal mortality** – 0 non-adult beef cattle (normal mortality death losses).

**\*--81 Scenario 2 for 2017A Application and 2017 Calculated Beginning Inventory Worksheet--\***  
**(Continued)**

**B Eligible Loss Condition #1 (Continued)**

The automated LIP application for Mary Roberts, eligible loss condition #1, is shown below.

PART D – LIVESTOCK INFORMATION									
12. Adverse Weather Event/ Animal Attack Date Number	13. Contract Grower		14. Livestock Kind Type and Weight Range	15. Inventory on Date of Adverse Weather Event/Animal Attack	16. Number of Death Losses Due to Adverse Weather Event/Animal Attack	17. Number Lost Due to Normal Mortality	COC USE ONLY		
	Yes	No					18. Adjusted Inventory	19. Adjusted Number Lost Due to Adverse Weather/ Animal Attack	20. Adjusted Number Lost Due to Normal Mortality
1		x	Beef Nonadult 400 to 799 pounds	200	10				
<b>PART E – DOCUMENTATION OF BEGINNING INVENTORY</b>									
21. List the document(s) provided to verify beginning inventory. Attach copies of documents.						Number of Livestock			
Farm Credit Balance Sheet dated 2/15/2017						200			
<b>PART F – DOCUMENTATION TO VERIFY LIVESTOCK LOSSES</b>									
22. List the document(s) provided to verify livestock losses. Attach copies of documents.						Number of Livestock			
private insurance adjuster claim						10			
<b>PART G – SIMILAR LOSS/CONTRACT GROWERS</b>									
23. Other Compensation (Contract Growers): \$									
24. Reduction: \$									

See paragraph 108 for entering application data in the automated LIP application payment software for the first eligible loss condition in the calendar year.

**\*--81 Scenario 2 for 2017A Application and 2017 Calculated Beginning Inventory Worksheet--\***  
**(Continued)**

**C Eligible Loss Condition #2**

Mary. Roberts claims to lose 2 head of non-adult beef cattle weighing over 400 lbs. on Farm 1 because of normal mortality on April 1, 2017, between eligible loss conditions #1 and #2.

Mary Roberts does not add to her inventory of non-adult beef cattle between eligible loss conditions #1 and #2; therefore, Mary Roberts' calculated beginning inventory for eligible loss condition #2 will remain the same as the calculated beginning inventory for eligible loss condition #1.

For eligible loss condition #2, Mary Roberts' calculated beginning inventory must be determined according to the Calculated Beginning Inventory Worksheet, as instructed in paragraph 79. Mary. Roberts' livestock data for eligible loss condition #2 must be loaded in the Calculated Beginning Inventory Worksheet as shown below.

County Office Data Entry		
Date	Description	
	1. Enter Livestock Kind	BEEF
	2. Enter Livestock Type	NONADULT
	3. Enter Weight Range	400 - 799 LBS
	4. Enter Normal mortality percentage for livestock kind, type and weight range (#.#)	5.00%
<b>Eligible Loss Condition 3/1/2017</b>		
	5. Enter Beginning date of eligible loss condition #1 (M/D/YY)	03/01/17
before, on, or during 3/1/17	6. Enter Number of livestock sold before, on, or during eligible loss condition #1 (optional)	0
NM before, on, or during 3/1/17	7. Enter Number of livestock that died due to normal mortality before, on, or during eligible loss condition #1 (optional)	0
3/1/17	8. Enter Livestock inventory as of beginning date of eligible loss condition #1	200
3/1/17	9. Enter Number of livestock that died due to eligible loss condition #1	10
<b>Eligible Loss Condition 04/06/17</b>		
	10. Enter Beginning date of eligible loss condition #2 (M/D/YY)	04/06/17
3/2/17 - 4/6/17	11. Enter Number of livestock added to inventory (purchased, born, added to weight range) after eligible loss condition #1 and before, on, or during eligible loss condition #2 (if applicable)	0
3/2/17 - 4/6/17	12. Enter Number of livestock that died due to normal mortality after eligible loss condition #1 and before, on, or during eligible loss condition #2 (if applicable)	2
4/6/17	13. Enter Number of livestock that died due to eligible loss condition #2	10
Eligible Loss Condition 03/01/17	20. Calculated Beginning Inventory	200
	21. Number of livestock sold & number of livestock that died due to normal mortality losses before, on, or during eligible loss condition #1	0
	22. Livestock inventory as of beginning date of eligible loss condition #1	200
	23. Calculated Normal Mortality Threshold	10
	24. Number of livestock that died due to normal mortality before, on, or during eligible loss condition #1	0
	25. Additional livestock death losses needed to reach calculated normal mortality threshold	10
	26. Number of livestock that died due to eligible loss condition #1	10
	27. Number of livestock eligible for payment - loss condition #1	0
Eligible Loss Condition 04/06/17 (Cumulative data for 1st & 2nd eligible loss conditions)	28. Number of livestock added to inventory (purchased, born, added to weight range) after eligible loss condition #1 and before, on, or during #2 (if applicable)	0
	29. Calculated Beginning Inventory (changes only if additions)	200
	30. Calculated Normal Mortality Threshold	10
	31. Number of livestock that died due to normal mortality before, on, or during eligible loss condition #2	2
	32. Additional livestock death losses needed to reach calculated normal mortality threshold	8
	33. Number of livestock that died due to eligible loss conditions #1 and #2	20
	34. Number of livestock eligible for payment - loss conditions #1 and #2	12
	35. Number of livestock eligible and paid - loss condition #1	0
	36. Additional number of livestock eligible for payment - eligible loss condition #2	12

**\*--81 Scenario 2 for 2017A Application and 2017 Calculated Beginning Inventory Worksheet--\***  
**(Continued)**

**C Eligible Loss Condition #2 (Continued)**

For eligible loss condition #2, the following data is entered in the **automated** CCC-852:

- **beginning or additional purchase inventory** – 200 non-adult beef cattle over 400 lbs. (calculated beginning inventory)
- **loss due to adverse weather** – 20 non-adult beef cattle over 400 lbs. (cumulative death losses due eligible loss condition)
- **loss due to normal mortality** – 2 non-adult beef cattle over 400 lbs. (cumulative normal mortality death losses).

The automated LIP application for Mary Roberts, eligible loss condition #2, is shown below.

PART D – LIVESTOCK INFORMATION									
12. Adverse Weather Event/ Animal Attack Date Number	13. Contract Grower		14. Livestock Kind Type and Weight Range	15. Inventory on Date of Adverse Weather Event/Animal Attack	16. Number of Death Losses Due to Adverse Weather Event/Animal Attack	17. Number Lost Due to Normal Mortality	COC USE ONLY		
	Yes	No					18. Adjusted Inventory	19. Adjusted Number Lost Due to Adverse Weather/ Animal Attack	20. Adjusted Number Lost Due to Normal Mortality
2		x	Beef Nonadult 400 to 799 pounds	200	20	2			
PART E – DOCUMENTATION OF BEGINNING INVENTORY									
21. List the document(s) provided to verify beginning inventory. Attach copies of documents.							Number of Livestock		
Farm Credit Balance Sheet dated 2/15/2017							200		
PART F – DOCUMENTATION TO VERIFY LIVESTOCK LOSSES									
22. List the document(s) provided to verify livestock losses. Attach copies of documents.							Number of Livestock		
private insurance adjuster claim							10		
rendering truck receipt							2		
date stamped pictures and CCC-854							10		
PART G – SIMILAR LOSS/CONTRACT GROWERS									
23. Other Compensation (Contract Growers): \$									
24. Reduction: \$									

**Important:** To add losses for previously recorded livestock kind, type and weight range due to a subsequent eligible loss condition, always use the “Edit” option next to the applicable livestock kind, type, and weight range on Part D, Livestock Information Screen, in the LIP application software.

See paragraph 109 for entering application data in the **automated** LIP application payment software for subsequent eligible loss conditions in the calendar year.

**D Final Year End Application**

Since Mrs. Roberts does not claim any additional normal mortality death losses after eligible loss condition #2 through the end of the year, Mary Roberts has no need to file a final year end application for payment.

**\*--82 Scenario 3 for 2017A Application and 2017 Calculated Beginning Inventory Worksheet--\*****A Death Losses – Non-Adult Beef Cattle Weighing Less Than 400 lbs**

Dave Brown is a livestock operator in Perkins County, Nebraska, On January 1, 2017. Dave Brown owns 70 non-adult beef cattle weighing less than 400 lbs with 100 percent interest. Dave Brown is the owner of Farm 5 which is physically located in Perkins County and is administrated in Perkins County.

On February 1, 2017, Dave Brown loses 3 non-adult beef cattle weighing less than 400 lbs. due to normal mortality.

Normal mortality percentage for non-adult beef cattle weighing less than 400 lbs is 5.0 percent in Perkins County.

On February 15, 2017, Dave Brown suffers 5 death losses of non-adult beef cattle weighing less than 400 lbs. as a result of a blizzard on Farm 5. Dave Brown notifies the Perkins County FSA Office by phone on February 20, 2017, of the losses.

On October 1, 2017, 20 of the non-adult beef cattle weighing less than 400 lbs. move up in weight range to non-adult beef cattle weighing 400 to 799 lbs.

Normal mortality percentage is 4.0 percent in Perkins County for non-adult beef cattle weighing 400 to 799 lbs.

On October 10, 2017, Dave Brown loses 2 non-adult beef cattle weighing 400 to 799 lbs. and 4 non-adult beef cattle weighing less than 400 lbs. because of a flood. Dave Brown notifies the Perkins County FSA Office by phone on October 15, 2017, of the 6 total non-adult beef cattle losses because of the flood on Farm 5.

On November 2, 2017, Dave Brown loses 1 non-adult beef cattle weighing 400 to 799 lbs. and 1 non-adult beef animal weighing less than 400 lbs. due to normal mortality.

Dave Brown provides the following to the County Office prior to signing the application for payments:

- proof of death loss documentation for 5 non-adult beef cattle weighing less than 400 lbs. losses because of blizzard
- proof of death loss documentation for 4 non-adult beef cattle weighing less than 400 lbs. and 2 non-adult beef cattle weighing 400 to 799 lbs. losses because of flooding
- proof of death loss documentation for 4 non-adult beef cattle weighing less than 400 lbs. and 1 non-adult beef animal weighing 400 to 799 lbs. losses because of normal mortality

**\*--82 Scenario 3 for 2017A Application and 2017 Calculated Beginning Inventory Worksheet--\***  
**(Continued)**

**A Death Losses – Non-Adult Beef Cattle Weighing Less Than 400 lbs (Continued)**

- calving records supporting a beginning inventory of 70 non-adult beef cattle weighing less than 400 lbs.

**Notes:** County Offices must use some test of reasonableness to verify average daily weight gain for livestock to transition up in a weight class category for LIP purposes. For example, County Offices could provide COC a state extension service or university publication as a source to verify average daily rate of weight gain for calves.

See paragraph 70 for County Office instructions for processing CCC-852's.

**Eligible Loss Condition #1**

For eligible loss condition #1, Dave Brown's calculated beginning inventory must be determined according to the Calculated Beginning Inventory Worksheet, as instructed in paragraph 79. Dave Brown's livestock data for eligible loss condition #1 must be loaded in the Calculated Beginning Inventory Worksheet as shown below.

County Office Data Entry		
Date	Description	
	1. Enter Livestock Kind	BEEF
	2. Enter Livestock Type	NONADULT
	3. Enter Weight Range	LESS THAN 400 LBS
	4. Enter Normal mortality percentage for livestock kind, type and weight range (##)	5.00%
<b>Eligible Loss Condition 2/15/2017</b>		
	5. Enter Beginning date of eligible loss condition #1 (M/D/YY)	02/15/17
Sales before, on, or during 2/15/17	6. Enter Number of livestock sold before, on, or during eligible loss condition #1 (optional)	0
NM before, on, or during 2/15/17	7. Enter Number of livestock that died due to normal mortality before, on, or during eligible loss condition #1 (optional)	3
2/15/17	8. Enter Livestock inventory as of beginning date of eligible loss condition #1	67
2/15/17	9. Enter Number of livestock that died due to eligible loss condition #1	5
Eligible Loss Condition 02/15/17	20. Calculated Beginning Inventory	70
	21. Number of livestock sold & number of livestock that died due to normal mortality losses before, on, or during eligible loss condition #1	3
	22. Livestock inventory as of beginning date of eligible loss condition #1	67
	23. Calculated Normal Mortality Threshold	4
	24. Number of livestock that died due to normal mortality before, on, or during eligible loss condition #1	3
	25. Additional livestock death losses needed to reach calculated normal mortality threshold	1
	26. Number of livestock that died due to eligible loss condition #1	5
	27. Number of livestock eligible for payment - loss condition #1	4

**\*--82 Scenario 3 for 2017A Application and 2017 Calculated Beginning Inventory Worksheet (Continued)**

**A Death Losses – Non-Adult Beef Cattle Weighing Less Than 400 lbs (Continued)**

For eligible loss condition #1, Dave Brown's **calculated beginning inventory** for non-adult beef cattle less than 400 lbs. is equal to 70:

- 67 non-adult beef cattle weighing less than 400 lbs. in inventory on the day before eligible loss condition #1, plus
- 3 non-adult beef cattle weighing less than 400 lbs. that died due to normal mortality prior to eligible loss condition #1.

For eligible loss condition #1, the following data is entered on the **automated CCC-852**:

- **beginning or additional purchase inventory** – 70 non-adult beef cattle less than 400 lbs. (calculated beginning inventory)
- **loss due to adverse weather** – 5 non-adult beef cattle less than 400 lbs. (death losses due eligible loss condition #1)
- **loss due to normal mortality** – 3 non-adult beef cattle less than 400 lbs. (normal mortality death losses).

The automated LIP application for Dave Brown, eligible loss condition #1, is shown below.

PART D – LIVESTOCK INFORMATION									
12. Adverse Weather Event/ Animal Attack Date Number	13. Contract Grower		14. Livestock Kind Type and Weight Range	15. Inventory on Date of Adverse Weather Event/Animal Attack	16. Number of Death Losses Due to Adverse Weather Event/Animal Attack	17. Number Lost Due to Normal Mortality	COC USE ONLY		
	Yes	No					18. Adjusted Inventory	19. Adjusted Number Lost Due to Adverse Weather/ Animal Attack	20. Adjusted Number Lost Due to Normal Mortality
1		x	Beef Nonadult Less than 400 pounds	70	5	3			
PART E – DOCUMENTATION OF BEGINNING INVENTORY									
21. List the document(s) provided to verify beginning inventory. Attach copies of documents.						Number of Livestock			
CALVING RECORDS						67			
PART F – DOCUMENTATION TO VERIFY LIVESTOCK LOSSES									
22. List the document(s) provided to verify livestock losses. Attach copies of documents.						Number of Livestock			
VERIFIABLE DOCUMENTATION						5			
VERIFIABLE DOCUMENTATION						3			
PART G – SIMILAR LOSS/CONTRACT GROWERS									
23. Other Compensation (Contract Growers): \$									
24. Reduction: \$									

See paragraph 108 for entering application data in the automated LIP application payment software for the first eligible loss condition in the calendar year.

**\*--82 Scenario 3 for 2017A Application and 2017 Calculated Beginning Inventory Worksheet--\***  
**(Continued)**

**A Death Losses – Non-Adult Beef Cattle Weighing Less Than 400 lbs (Continued)**

**Eligible Loss Condition #2**

Dave Brown claims to lose 4 head of non-adult beef cattle weighing less than 400 lbs. on Farm 5 because of flooding on October 10.

Dave Brown does not add to his inventory of non-adult beef cattle weighing less than 400 lbs. between eligible loss conditions #1 and #2; therefore, Mr. Brown's calculated beginning inventory for non-adult beef cattle less than 400 lbs for eligible loss condition #2 will remain the same as the calculated beginning inventory for eligible loss condition #1.

**Note:** Between eligible loss condition #1 and #2, 20 non-adult beef cattle weighing less than 400 lbs. move up in weight range to non-adult beef cattle weighing 400 to 799 lbs.; however, for eligible loss condition #2, Mr. Brown's calculated beginning inventory for the non-adult beef cattle weighing less than 400 lbs. **does not** decrease due to the change in weight range for 20 non-adult beef cattle.

**\*--82 Scenario 3 for 2017A Application and 2017 Calculated Beginning Inventory Worksheet--\***  
**(Continued)**

**A Death Losses – Non-Adult Beef Cattle Weighing Less Than 400 lbs (Continued)**

For eligible loss condition #2, Dave Brown's calculated beginning inventory must be determined according to the Calculated Beginning Inventory Worksheet, as instructed in paragraph 79. Dave Brown's livestock data for eligible loss condition #2 must be loaded in the Calculated Beginning Inventory Worksheet as shown below.

County Office Data Entry		
Date	Description	
	1. Enter Livestock Kind	BEEF
	2. Enter Livestock Type	NONADULT
	3. Enter Weight Range	LESS THAN 400 LBS
	4. Enter Normal mortality percentage for livestock kind, type and weight range (#/#)	5.00%
<b>Eligible Loss Condition 2/15/2017</b>		
	5. Enter Beginning date of eligible loss condition #1 (M/D/YY)	02/15/17
before, on, or during 2/15/17	6. Enter Number of livestock sold before, on, or during eligible loss condition #1 (optional)	0
NM before, on, or during 2/15/17	7. Enter Number of livestock that died due to normal mortality before, on, or during eligible loss condition #1 (optional)	3
2/15/17	8. Enter Livestock inventory as of beginning date of eligible loss condition #1	67
2/15/17	9. Enter Number of livestock that died due to eligible loss condition #1	5
<b>Eligible Loss Condition 10/10/17</b>		
	10. Enter Beginning date of eligible loss condition #2 (M/D/YY)	10/10/17
2/16/17 - 10/10/17	11. Enter Number of livestock added to inventory (purchased, born, added to weight range) after eligible loss condition #1 and before, on, or during eligible loss condition #2 (if applicable)	0
2/16/17 - 10/10/17	12. Enter Number of livestock that died due to normal mortality after eligible loss condition #1 and before, on, or during eligible loss condition #2 (if applicable)	0
10/10/17	13. Enter Number of livestock that died due to eligible loss condition #2	4
Eligible Loss Condition 02/15/17	20. Calculated Beginning Inventory	70
	21. Number of livestock sold & number of livestock that died due to normal mortality losses before, on, or during eligible loss condition #1	3
	22. Livestock inventory as of beginning date of eligible loss condition #1	67
	23. Calculated Normal Mortality Threshold	4
	24. Number of livestock that died due to normal mortality before, on, or during eligible loss condition #1	3
	25. Additional livestock death losses needed to reach calculated normal mortality threshold	1
	26. Number of livestock that died due to eligible loss condition #1	5
	27. Number of livestock eligible for payment - loss condition #1	4
Eligible Loss Condition 10/10/17  (Cumulative data for 1st & 2nd eligible loss conditions)	28. Number of livestock added to inventory (purchased, born, added to weight range) after eligible loss condition #1 and before, on, or during #2 (if applicable)	0
	29. Calculated Beginning Inventory (changes only if additions)	70
	30. Calculated Normal Mortality Threshold	4
	31. Number of livestock that died due to normal mortality before, on, or during eligible loss condition #2	3
	32. Additional livestock death losses needed to reach calculated normal mortality threshold	1
	33. Number of livestock that died due to eligible loss conditions #1 and #2	9
	34. Number of livestock eligible for payment - loss conditions #1 and #2	8
	35. Number of livestock eligible and paid - loss condition #1	4
36. Additional number of livestock eligible for payment - eligible loss condition #2		4

Dave Brown does not add to his inventory of non-adult beef cattle weighing less than 400 lbs. between eligible loss conditions #1 and #2; therefore, Dave Brown's **calculated beginning inventory** for eligible loss condition #2 will remain the same as the calculated beginning inventory for eligible loss condition #1.

**\*--82 Scenario 3 for 2017A Application and 2017 Calculated Beginning Inventory Worksheet--\***  
**(Continued)**

**A Death Losses – Non-Adult Beef Cattle Weighing Less Than 400 lbs (Continued)**

For eligible loss condition #2, the following data is entered in the **automated** CCC-852:

- **beginning or additional purchase inventory** – 70 non-adult beef cattle less than 400 lbs. (calculated beginning inventory)
- **loss due to adverse weather** – 9 non-adult beef cattle less than 400 lbs. (cumulative death losses due eligible loss condition #2)
- **loss due to normal mortality** – 3 non-adult beef cattle less than 400 lbs. (cumulative normal mortality death losses).

The automated LIP application for Dave Brown, eligible loss condition #2, is shown below.

PART D – LIVESTOCK INFORMATION									
12. Adverse Weather Event/ Animal Attack Date Number	13. Contract Grower		14. Livestock Kind Type and Weight Range	15. Inventory on Date of Adverse Weather Event/Animal Attack	16. Number of Death Losses Due to Adverse Weather Event/Animal Attack	17. Number Lost Due to Normal Mortality	COC USE ONLY		
	Yes	No					18. Adjusted Inventory	19. Adjusted Number Lost Due to Adverse Weather/ Animal Attack	20. Adjusted Number Lost Due to Normal Mortality
2		x	Beef Nonadult Less than 400 pounds	70	9	3			
PART E – DOCUMENTATION OF BEGINNING INVENTORY									
21. List the document(s) provided to verify beginning inventory. Attach copies of documents.						Number of Livestock			
CALVING RECORDS						67			
PART F – DOCUMENTATION TO VERIFY LIVESTOCK LOSSES									
22. List the document(s) provided to verify livestock losses. Attach copies of documents.						Number of Livestock			
VERIFIABLE DOCUMENTATION						4			
VERIFIABLE DOCUMENTATION						3			
VERIFIABLE DOCUMENTATION						5			
PART G – SIMILAR LOSS/CONTRACT GROWERS									
23. Other Compensation (Contract Growers): \$									
24. Reduction: \$									

**Final Year End Application**

Dave Brown claims the loss of 1 non-adult beef animal weighing less than 400 lbs. because of normal mortality after eligible loss condition #2. Therefore, Dave Brown files a final year end application for payment.

Dave Brown does not add to his inventory of non-adult beef cattle weighing less than 400 lbs. after eligible loss condition #2. Dave Brown's calculated beginning inventory for the final year end application must be determined according to the Calculated Beginning Inventory Worksheet, as instructed in paragraph 79.

**Important:** For final year end applications, the calculated beginning inventory, determined according to the Calculated Beginning Inventory Worksheet, is calculated by selecting the applicant's highest calculated beginning inventory for all eligible loss conditions in the calendar year.

**\*--82 Scenario 3 for 2017A Application and 2017 Calculated Beginning Inventory Worksheet--\***  
**(Continued)**

**A Death Losses – Non-Adult Beef Cattle Weighing Less Than 400 lbs (Continued)**

Dave Brown's livestock data for the final year end application must be loaded in the Calculated Beginning Inventory Worksheet as shown below.

County Office Data Entry		
Date	Description	
	1. Enter Livestock Kind	BEEF
	2. Enter Livestock Type	NONADULT
	3. Enter Weight Range	LESS THAN 400 LBS
	4. Enter Normal mortality percentage for livestock kind, type and weight range (#.#)	5.00%
<b>Eligible Loss Condition 2/15/2017</b>		
	5. Enter Beginning date of eligible loss condition #1 (MDYY)	02/15/17
Sales before, on, or during 2/15/17	6. Enter Number of livestock sold before, on, or during eligible loss condition #1 (optional)	0
MM before, on, or during 2/15/17	7. Enter Number of livestock that died due to normal mortality before, on, or during eligible loss condition #1 (optional)	3
2/15/17	8. Enter Livestock inventory as of beginning date of eligible loss condition #1	67
2/15/17	9. Enter Number of livestock that died due to eligible loss condition #1	5
<b>Eligible Loss Condition 10/10/17</b>		
	10. Enter Beginning date of eligible loss condition #2 (MDYY)	10/10/17
2/16/17 - 10/10/17	11. Enter Number of livestock added to inventory (purchased, born, added to weight range) after eligible loss condition #1 and before, on, or during eligible loss condition #2 (if applicable)	0
2/16/17 - 10/10/17	12. Enter Number of livestock that died due to normal mortality after eligible loss condition #1 and before, on, or during eligible loss condition #2 (if applicable)	0
10/10/17	13. Enter Number of livestock that died due to eligible loss condition #2	4
<b>Final Year End (Optional)</b>		
10/11/17 - 12/31/17	18. Enter Number of livestock that died due to normal mortality after the last eligible loss condition	1
10/11/17 - 12/31/17	19. Enter Number of livestock added to inventory (purchased, born, added to weight range) after the last eligible loss condition in the calendar year	0
Eligible Loss Condition 02/15/17	20. Calculated Beginning Inventory	70
	21. Number of livestock sold & number of livestock that died due to normal mortality losses before, on, or during eligible loss condition #1	3
	22. Livestock inventory as of beginning date of eligible loss condition #1	67
	23. Calculated Normal Mortality Threshold	4
	24. Number of livestock that died due to normal mortality before, on, or during eligible loss condition #1	3
	25. Additional livestock death losses needed to reach calculated normal mortality threshold	1
	26. Number of livestock that died due to eligible loss condition #1	5
	27. Number of livestock eligible for payment - loss condition #1	4
Eligible Loss Condition 10/10/17 (Cumulative data for 1st & 2nd eligible loss conditions)	28. Number of livestock added to inventory (purchased, born, added to weight range) after eligible loss condition #1 and before, on, or during #2 (if applicable)	0
	29. Calculated Beginning Inventory (changes only if additions)	70
	30. Calculated Normal Mortality Threshold	4
	31. Number of livestock that died due to normal mortality before, on, or during eligible loss condition #1 and before, on, or during eligible loss condition #2 (if applicable)	3
	32. Additional livestock death losses needed to reach calculated normal mortality threshold	1
	33. Number of livestock that died due to eligible loss conditions #1 and #2	9
	34. Number of livestock eligible for payment - loss conditions #1 and #2	8
	35. Number of livestock eligible and paid - loss condition #1	4
Final Year End Application (Optional) (Cumulative data for the whole calendar year)	36. Additional number of livestock eligible for payment - eligible loss condition #2	4
	46. Number of livestock added to inventory (purchased, born, added to weight range) after last eligible loss condition in the calendar year (if applicable)	0
	47. Number of livestock that died due to normal mortality after last eligible loss condition in the calendar year	1
	48. Calculated Beginning Inventory at End of Year (changes only if additions)	70
	49. Calculated Normal Mortality Threshold	4
	50. Number of livestock that died due to normal mortality in the calendar year	4
	51. Additional livestock death losses needed to reach calculated normal mortality threshold	0
	52. Total number of livestock that died due to eligible loss conditions in the calendar year	9
	53. Total number of livestock eligible for payment in the calendar year	9
	54. Number of livestock eligible and paid - loss conditions #1, #2 and #3	8
	55. Additional number of livestock eligible for payment - final year end application	1

**\*--82 Scenario 3 for 2017A Application and 2017 Calculated Beginning Inventory Worksheet--\***  
**(Continued)**

**A Death Losses – Non-Adult Beef Cattle Weighing Less Than 400 lbs (Continued)**

For the final year end application, the following data is loaded in the **automated CCC-852**:

- **beginning or additional purchase inventory** – 70 non-adult beef cattle less than 400 lbs. (calculated beginning inventory)
- **loss due to adverse weather** – 9 non-adult beef cattle less than 400 lbs. (cumulative death losses due eligible loss condition)
- **loss due to normal mortality** – 4 non-adult beef animal less than 400 lbs. (cumulative normal mortality death losses)

The automated LIP application for Dave Brown, final year end, is shown below.

PART D – LIVESTOCK INFORMATION									
12. Adverse Weather Event/ Animal Attack Date Number	13. Contract Grower		14. Livestock Kind Type and Weight Range	15. Inventory on Date of Adverse Weather Event/Animal Attack	16. Number of Death Losses Due to Adverse Weather Event/Animal Attack	17. Number Lost Due to Normal Mortality	COC USE ONLY		
	Yes	No					18. Adjusted Inventory	19. Adjusted Number Lost Due to Adverse Weather/ Animal Attack	20. Adjusted Number Lost Due to Normal Mortality
3		x	Beef Nonadult Less than 400 pounds	70	9	4			
PART E – DOCUMENTATION OF BEGINNING INVENTORY									
21. List the document(s) provided to verify beginning inventory. Attach copies of documents.							Number of Livestock		
CALVING RECORDS							67		
PART F – DOCUMENTATION TO VERIFY LIVESTOCK LOSSES									
22. List the document(s) provided to verify livestock losses. Attach copies of documents.							Number of Livestock		
VERIFIABLE DOCUMENTATION							3		
VERIFIABLE DOCUMENTATION							4		
VERIFIABLE DOCUMENTATION							5		
PART G – SIMILAR LOSS/CONTRACT GROWERS									
23. Other Compensation (Contract Growers): \$									
24. Reduction: \$									

See paragraph 109 for entering automated LIP application data in the application software.

**\*--82 Scenario 3 for 2017A Application and 2017 Calculated Beginning Inventory Worksheet--\***  
**(Continued)**

**B Death Losses – Non-Adult Beef Cattle Weighing 400 to 799 lbs.**

For each livestock kind, type, and weight range in which losses occur, a separate Calculated Beginning Inventory Worksheet must be completed, as instructed in paragraph 79.

In addition to the losses of non-adult beef cattle less than 400 lbs., Dave Brown suffers losses of non-adult beef cattle 400 to 799 lbs. in the same calendar year. Therefore, a separate Calculated Beginning Inventory Worksheet must be completed as shown below.

**Eligible Loss Condition #1**

On October 1, 2017, 20 non-adult beef cattle weighing less than 400 lbs. move up in weight range.

Dave Brown did not have non-adult beef cattle weighing more than 400 lbs. in inventory at the time of the blizzard on Feb. 15, 2017. The flood on Oct. 10, 2017 is the first eligible loss condition for this livestock kind, type, or weight range.

For non-adult beef cattle weighing more than 400 lbs., Dave Brown does not claim normal mortality death losses before Oct. 10, 2017.

For eligible loss condition #1, Dave Brown's calculated beginning inventory must be determined according to the Calculated Beginning Inventory Worksheet, as instructed in paragraph 79. Dave Brown's livestock data for eligible loss condition #1 must be loaded in the Calculated Beginning Inventory Worksheet as shown below.

County Office Data Entry		
Date	Description	
	1. Enter Livestock Kind	BEEF
	2. Enter Livestock Type	NONADULT
	3. Enter Weight Range	400 - 799 LBS
	4. Enter Normal mortality percentage for livestock kind, type and weight range (##)	4.00%
<b>Eligible Loss Condition 10/10/2017</b>		
	5. Enter Beginning date of eligible loss condition #1 (M/D/YY)	10/10/17
Sales before, on, or during 10/10/17	6. Enter Number of livestock sold before, on, or during eligible loss condition #1 (optional)	0
NM before, on, or during 10/10/17	7. Enter Number of livestock that died due to normal mortality before, on, or during eligible loss condition #1 (optional)	0
10/10/17	8. Enter Livestock inventory as of beginning date of eligible loss condition #1	20
10/10/17	9. Enter Number of livestock that died due to eligible loss condition #1	2
Eligible Loss Condition 10/10/17	20. Calculated Beginning Inventory	20
	21. Number of livestock sold & number of livestock that died due to normal mortality losses before, on, or during eligible loss condition #1	0
	22. Livestock inventory as of beginning date of eligible loss condition #1	20
	23. Calculated Normal Mortality Threshold	1
	24. Number of livestock that died due to normal mortality before, on, or during eligible loss condition #1	0
	25. Additional livestock death losses needed to reach calculated normal mortality threshold	1
	26. Number of livestock that died due to eligible loss condition #1	2
	27. Number of livestock eligible for payment - loss condition #1	1

**\*--82 Scenario 3 for 2017A Application and 2017 Calculated Beginning Inventory Worksheet--\***  
**(Continued)**

**B Death Losses – Non-Adult Beef Cattle Weighing 400 to 799 lbs. (Continued)**

Dave Brown's **calculated beginning inventory** for eligible loss condition #1 is equal to 20.

For eligible loss condition #1, Dave Brown enters the following data in the **automated CCC-852**:

- **beginning or additional purchase inventory** – 20 non-adult beef cattle 400 to 799 lbs. (calculated beginning inventory)
- **loss due to adverse weather** – 2 non-adult beef cattle 400 to 799 lbs. (death losses due to eligible loss condition)
- **loss due to normal mortality** – 0 non-adult beef cattle 400 to 799 lbs. (normal mortality death losses).

The automated LIP application for Dave Brown, eligible loss condition #1, is shown below.

PART D – LIVESTOCK INFORMATION								
12. Adverse Weather Event/ Animal Attack Date Number	13. Contract Grower		14. Livestock Kind Type and Weight Range	15. Inventory on Date of Adverse Weather Event/Animal Attack	16. Number of Death Losses Due to Adverse Weather Event/Animal Attack	17. Number Lost Due to Normal Mortality	COC USE ONLY	
	Yes	No					18. Adjusted Inventory	19. Adjusted Number Lost Due to Adverse Weather/ Animal Attack
2		x	Beef Nonadult 400 to 799 pounds	20	2			
2		x	Beef Nonadult Less than 400 pounds	70	9	3		
PART E – DOCUMENTATION OF BEGINNING INVENTORY								
21. List the document(s) provided to verify beginning inventory. Attach copies of documents.						Number of Livestock		
CALVING RECORDS						67		
PART F – DOCUMENTATION TO VERIFY LIVESTOCK LOSSES								
22. List the document(s) provided to verify livestock losses. Attach copies of documents.						Number of Livestock		
VERIFIABLE DOCUMENTATION						3		
VERIFIABLE DOCUMENTATION						4		
VERIFIABLE DOCUMENTATION						5		
PART G – SIMILAR LOSS/CONTRACT GROWERS								
23. Other Compensation (Contract Growers): \$								
24. Reduction: \$								

See paragraph 108 for entering application data in the application software for a subsequent eligible loss condition **when the livestock move up in weight range between eligible loss conditions** in the calendar year.

**\*--82 Scenario 3 for 2017A Application and 2017 Calculated Beginning Inventory Worksheet--\***  
**(Continued)**

**B Death Losses – Non-Adult Beef Cattle Weighing 400 to 799 lbs. (Continued)**

**Final Year End Application**

Dave Brown claims the loss of 1 non-adult beef animal weighing 400 to 799 lbs. because of normal mortality after eligible loss condition #1. Therefore, Dave Brown files a final year end application for payment. Dave Brown's calculated beginning inventory for the final year end application must be determined according to the Calculated Beginning Inventory Worksheet, as instructed in paragraph 79. Dave Brown's livestock data for the final year end application must be loaded in the Calculated Beginning Inventory Worksheet as shown below.

County Office Data Entry		
Date	Description	
	1. Enter Livestock Kind	BEEF
	2. Enter Livestock Type	NONADULT
	3. Enter Weight Range	400 - 799 LBS
	4. Enter Normal mortality percentage for livestock kind, type and weight range (#.#)	4.00%
<b>Eligible Loss Condition 10/10/2017</b>		
	5. Enter Beginning date of eligible loss condition #1 (M/D/YY)	10/10/17
Sales before, on, or during 10/10/17	6. Enter Number of livestock sold before, on, or during eligible loss condition #1 (optional)	0
NM before, on, or during 10/10/17	7. Enter Number of livestock that died due to normal mortality before, on, or during eligible loss condition #1 (optional)	0
10/10/17	8. Enter Livestock inventory as of beginning date of eligible loss condition #1	20
10/10/17	9. Enter Number of livestock that died due to eligible loss condition #1	2
<b>Final Year End (Optional)</b>		
10/11/17 - 12/31/17	18. Enter Number of livestock that died due to normal mortality after the last eligible loss condition	1
10/11/17 - 12/31/17	19. Enter Number of livestock added to inventory (purchased, born, added to weight range) after the last eligible loss condition in the calendar year	0
<b>Eligible Loss Condition 10/10/17</b>	20. Calculated Beginning Inventory	20
	21. Number of livestock sold & number of livestock that died due to normal mortality losses before, on, or during eligible loss condition #1	0
	22. Livestock inventory as of beginning date of eligible loss condition #1	20
	23. Calculated Normal Mortality Threshold	1
	24. Number of livestock that died due to normal mortality before, on, or during eligible loss condition #1	0
	25. Additional livestock death losses needed to reach calculated normal mortality threshold	1
	26. Number of livestock that died due to eligible loss condition #1	2
	27. Number of livestock eligible for payment - loss condition #1	1
<b>Final Year End Application (Optional)</b>  (Cumulative data for the whole calendar year)	46. Number of livestock added to inventory (purchased, born, added to weight range) after last eligible loss condition in the calendar year (if applicable)	0
	47. Number of livestock that died due to normal mortality after last eligible loss condition in the calendar year	1
	48. Calculated Beginning Inventory at End of Year (changes only if additions)	20
	49. Calculated Normal Mortality Threshold	1
	50. Number of livestock that died due to normal mortality in the calendar year	1
	51. Additional livestock death losses needed to reach calculated normal mortality threshold	0
	52. Total number of livestock that died due to eligible loss conditions in the calendar year	2
	53. Total number of livestock eligible for payment in the calendar year	2
	54. Number of livestock eligible and paid - loss conditions #1, #2 and #3	1
	55. Additional number of livestock eligible for payment - final year end application	1

**\*--82 Scenario 3 for 2017A Application and 2017 Calculated Beginning Inventory Worksheet--\***  
**(Continued)**

**B Death Losses – Non-Adult Beef Cattle Weighing 400 to 799 lbs. (Continued)**

For the final year end application, Dave Brown enters the following data in the **automated CCC-852**:

- **beginning or additional purchase inventory** – 20 non-adult beef cattle 400 to 799 lbs. (calculated beginning inventory)
- **loss due to adverse weather** – 2 non-adult beef cattle 400 to 799 lbs. (cumulative death losses due eligible loss condition)
- **loss due to normal mortality** – 1 non-adult beef cattle 400 to 799 lbs. (cumulative normal mortality death losses)

The automated LIP application for Dave Brown, final year end application is shown below.

PART D – LIVESTOCK INFORMATION									
12. Adverse Weather Event/ Animal Attack Date Number	13. Contract Grower		14. Livestock Kind Type and Weight Range	15. Inventory on Date of Adverse Weather Event/Animal Attack	16. Number of Death Losses Due to Adverse Weather Event/Animal Attack	17. Number Lost Due to Normal Mortality	COC USE ONLY		
	Yes	No					18. Adjusted Inventory	19. Adjusted Number Lost Due to Adverse Weather/ Animal Attack	20. Adjusted Number Lost Due to Normal Mortality
3		x	Beef Nonadult 400 to 799 pounds	20	2	1			
3		x	Beef Nonadult Less than 400 pounds	70	9	4			
<b>PART E – DOCUMENTATION OF BEGINNING INVENTORY</b>									
21. List the document(s) provided to verify beginning inventory. Attach copies of documents.						Number of Livestock			
<b>CALVING RECORDS</b>						<b>67</b>			
<b>PART F – DOCUMENTATION TO VERIFY LIVESTOCK LOSSES</b>									
22. List the document(s) provided to verify livestock losses. Attach copies of documents.						Number of Livestock			
<b>VERIFIABLE DOCUMENTATION</b>						<b>5</b>			
<b>VERIFIABLE DOCUMENTATION</b>						<b>4</b>			
<b>VERIFIABLE DOCUMENTATION</b>						<b>3</b>			
<b>PART G – SIMILAR LOSS/CONTRACT GROWERS</b>									
23. Other Compensation (Contract Growers): \$									
24. Reduction: \$									

See paragraph 109 for entering application data in the application software for subsequent eligible loss conditions in the calendar year.

## \*--83 CCC-852 (4-15-14), Livestock Indemnity Program Application

**A Completing Manual CCC-852 (4-15-14) – 2017A and Prior Years**

Complete manual CCC-852 (4-15-14) according to the following table.--\*

Item	Instructions
1	Enter State and County Code. This is the administrative county office for the farm where the death loss occurred and/or physical location county office where the death loss occurred.
2	Enter the calendar year the eligible loss condition occurred that caused the livestock death losses.
3	Enter County Office Name. This is the administrative county office for the farm where the death loss occurred and/or physical location county office where the death loss occurred.
4	Enter the application number.  <b>Note:</b> This is an automated system assigned number.
<b>Part A - Producer Information</b>	
5	Enter the producer's name and address.
<b>Part B - Notice of Loss</b>	
6	<p>Enter the date of the eligible loss condition that caused the livestock death losses claimed in item 16. For final year end applications enter December 31 of the applicable calendar year in which losses are claimed.</p> <p><b>Notes:</b> A number will be assigned to each date of occurrence and/or when loss was apparent. This number will be used to tie the eligible loss condition entered in item 7.</p> <p><b>Example:</b> For a freeze and blizzard that occurred on March 1, 2017, hurricane that occurred on August 1, 2017, and end of year application, item 6 should be completed as follows:</p> <p><u>Item 6:</u></p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. March 1, 2017</li> <li>2. August 1, 2017</li> <li>3. December 31, 2017.</li> </ol> <p>Multiple dates may be entered if livestock deaths resulted from more than 1 eligible loss condition during the calendar year. Dates can be a range of dates.</p>

## \*--83 CCC-852 (4-15-14), Livestock Indemnity Program Application (Continued)

## \*--A Completing Manual CCC-852 (4-15-14) – 2017A and Prior Years (Continued)--\*

Item	Instructions										
7	<p>Enter the eligible loss condition that caused the livestock deaths. For final year end applications enter <b>all</b> eligible loss conditions in the calendar year in which losses are claimed.</p> <p><b>Notes:</b> Enter the number from date of occurrence/when loss was apparent from item 6 that corresponds with the eligible loss condition.</p> <p><b>Example:</b> For a freeze and blizzard that occurred on March 1, 2017, hurricane that occurred on August 1, 2017, and end of year application item 6 and item 7 should be completed as follows:</p> <table> <tr> <td data-bbox="592 724 690 766"><u>Item 6:</u></td><td data-bbox="982 724 1079 766"><u>Item 7:</u></td></tr> <tr> <td data-bbox="592 798 820 829">1. March 1, 2017</td><td data-bbox="982 798 1112 829">1. Freeze</td></tr> <tr> <td data-bbox="592 829 820 871">2. August 1, 2017</td><td data-bbox="982 829 1128 871">1. Blizzard</td></tr> <tr> <td data-bbox="592 871 885 913">3. December 31, 2017</td><td data-bbox="982 871 1144 913">2. Hurricane</td></tr> <tr> <td></td><td data-bbox="982 913 1421 955">3. Freeze, Blizzard, and Hurricane</td></tr> </table> <p>Multiple eligible loss conditions may be entered if more than 1 eligible loss condition resulted in the loss of eligible livestock during the calendar year.</p>	<u>Item 6:</u>	<u>Item 7:</u>	1. March 1, 2017	1. Freeze	2. August 1, 2017	1. Blizzard	3. December 31, 2017	2. Hurricane		3. Freeze, Blizzard, and Hurricane
<u>Item 6:</u>	<u>Item 7:</u>										
1. March 1, 2017	1. Freeze										
2. August 1, 2017	1. Blizzard										
3. December 31, 2017	2. Hurricane										
	3. Freeze, Blizzard, and Hurricane										

## \*--83 CCC-852 (4-15-14), Livestock Indemnity Program Application (Continued)

## A Completing Manual CCC-852 (4-15-14) – 2017A and Prior Years (Continued)--\*

Item	Instructions
8A	<p>Producer or representative of producer will sign to indicate that livestock losses have occurred because of the eligible loss condition listed in item 7 and the losses occurred or were apparent to the producer on the dates listed in item 6.</p> <p>Producer or producer representative will also file a “notice of loss” with the a administrative County Office for the farm where the death loss occurred and/or physical location county office where the death loss occurred by any of the following alternative methods:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• telephone</li> <li>• facsimile</li> <li>• e-mail.</li> </ul> <p>Enter the method by which the “notice of loss” was filed with the administrative county office for the farm where the death loss occurred and/or physical location county office where the death loss occurred if the producer or producer’s representative did not sign in item 8A.</p> <p><b>Note:</b> Multiple “Notices of Loss” may be filed during the calendar year if multiple eligible loss conditions resulted in livestock losses during the calendar year.</p>
8B	<p>Signatory in item 8A will enter their title/relationship when signing in the representative capacity.</p> <p>If a producer and/or applicant is <b>not</b> signing in the representative capacity, this field will be left blank. If a producer/applicant is signing on behalf of themselves, it is acceptable to write “self”; however, it is <b>not</b> necessary.</p>
8C	<p>Producer or producer’s representative enters date they signed “Notice of Loss” or County Office employee enters date producer or producer’s representative reported “Notice of Loss” using 1 of the alternative methods in item 8A.</p>
<b>Part C - Livestock Location and Associated Producer Information</b>	
9	<p>Enter the physical location of claimed livestock at the time they died for the eligible loss condition. Include the name of the County where the claimed livestock were physically located at the time they died.</p> <p><b>Examples:</b> Jones County, TX, Farm 100, or 1211 Bovine Rd, Cow Palace, TX.</p>
10	<p>Enter the current physical location of the livestock in inventory.</p> <p><b>Examples:</b> Jones County, TX, Farm 100, or 1211 Bovine Rd., Cow Palace, TX.</p>
11	<p>Enter associated producers who had an ownership or contract grower share in the livestock <b>and indicate their share.</b></p>

## \*--83 CCC-852 (4-15-14), Livestock Indemnity Program Application (Continued)

## A Completing Manual CCC-852 (4-15-14) – 2017A and Prior Years (Continued)--\*

Item	Instructions												
<b>Part D - Livestock Losses by Kind and Type</b>													
12	Enter the corresponding number associated to the date of occurrence entered in item 6 that applies to the loss of livestock to be entered in item 14.												
13	Enter "Yes" if the producer in item 5 is a contract grower. Otherwise, enter "No".												
14	<p>Enter livestock kind, type, and weight range for which the loss occurred. A list of eligible livestock by kind, type, and weight range is found in paragraph 43. An entry in this field is always required when there is a loss in a particular livestock kind, type, and weight range.</p> <p>For subsequent eligible loss conditions in the calendar year for the <b>same</b> livestock type and weight range, enter as separate line items, for example as follows.</p> <table border="0"> <thead> <tr> <th><u>Eligible Loss Condition</u></th><th><u>Livestock Kind, Type and Weight Range</u></th></tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>1</td><td>Adult Beef Cows</td></tr> <tr> <td>2</td><td>Adult Beef Cows.</td></tr> </tbody> </table> <p>For subsequent eligible loss conditions in the calendar year, if livestock recorded for a previous eligible loss condition <b>move to a new weight range</b> and livestock losses occur in the new weight range, enter as separate line items, for example as follows.</p> <table border="0"> <thead> <tr> <th><u>Eligible Loss Condition</u></th><th><u>Livestock Kind, Type and Weight Range</u></th></tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>1</td><td>Nonadult Beef cattle under 400 lbs</td></tr> <tr> <td>2</td><td>Nonadult Beef cattle 400 lbs. or more.</td></tr> </tbody> </table>	<u>Eligible Loss Condition</u>	<u>Livestock Kind, Type and Weight Range</u>	1	Adult Beef Cows	2	Adult Beef Cows.	<u>Eligible Loss Condition</u>	<u>Livestock Kind, Type and Weight Range</u>	1	Nonadult Beef cattle under 400 lbs	2	Nonadult Beef cattle 400 lbs. or more.
<u>Eligible Loss Condition</u>	<u>Livestock Kind, Type and Weight Range</u>												
1	Adult Beef Cows												
2	Adult Beef Cows.												
<u>Eligible Loss Condition</u>	<u>Livestock Kind, Type and Weight Range</u>												
1	Nonadult Beef cattle under 400 lbs												
2	Nonadult Beef cattle 400 lbs. or more.												

## \*--83 CCC-852 (4-15-14), Livestock Indemnity Program Application (Continued)

## A Completing Manual CCC-852 (4-15-14) – 2017A and Prior Year (Continued)--\*

Item	Instructions
15	<p>For each eligible loss condition and livestock kind, type and weight range, enter the calculated beginning inventory; for all livestock located in the administrative county office for the farm(s) where the death loss occurred and/or physical location county office where the death loss occurred, as provided by the following items on the Calculated Beginning Inventory Worksheet (see subparagraph 79):</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• item 20 for the first eligible loss condition in the calendar year</li> <li>• item 29 for the second eligible loss condition in the calendar year, if applicable</li> <li>• item 38 for the third eligible loss condition in the calendar year, if applicable</li> <li>• item 48 for the final year end application, if applicable.</li> </ul> <p><b>Important:</b> For a subsequent eligible loss condition and for final year end applications for payment, calculated beginning inventory is <b>cumulative</b>. Therefore, if livestock losses occur for the same livestock kind, type and weight range listed for a previous eligible loss condition, the calculated beginning inventory, determined according to paragraph 79, must be recalculated and entered in this item, according to paragraph 79.</p> <p>If a producer does not have a 100 percent ownership or contract grower share interest in a particular kind, type and weight range of livestock that was lost because of an eligible loss condition, the livestock for which the producer does not have a 100 percent ownership or contract grower share shall be prorated based on the producer's percent share interest. See subparagraph 74 A for prorating livestock based on producer's share.</p>

## \*--83 CCC-852 (4-15-14), Livestock Indemnity Program Application (Continued)

## A Completing Manual CCC-852 (4-15-14) – 2017A and Prior Years (Continued)--\*

Item	Instructions						
16	<p>For each eligible loss condition and livestock kind, type and weight range, enter the number of livestock that died due to the eligible loss condition provided in item 12. For final year end applications for payment, if applicable, enter “0” in this item.</p> <p>For a subsequent eligible loss condition, if livestock losses occur for the same livestock kind, type and weight range listed for a previous eligible loss condition, the number of livestock that died due to the eligible loss condition is <b>cumulative</b> for all eligible loss conditions that occurred to date in the calendar year. See paragraph 109 for instructions for loading application payment data in the automated LIP application software for subsequent eligible loss conditions.</p> <p><b>Example:</b> On March 17, 2017, Producer A loses 10 adult beef cows due to a hurricane (first eligible loss condition in the calendar year). October 1, 2017, Producer A loses 5 adult beef cows due to flood. Enter the number of livestock death losses on the manual CCC-852 as follows.</p> <table><tr><th><u>Eligible Loss Condition</u></th><th><u>Livestock Kind, Type And Weight Range</u></th><th><u>Number of Death Losses</u></th></tr><tr><td>2</td><td>Beef, Adult Cows</td><td>15</td></tr></table> <p>In the example above, for eligible loss condition #2, the cumulative number of death losses, due to both eligible loss conditions #1 and #2, is entered in the automated LIP application software by editing the initial eligible loss condition, according to paragraph 109.</p> <p>If a producer does not have a 100 percent ownership or contract grower share interest in a particular kind, type and weight range of livestock that was lost because of an eligible loss condition, the livestock for which the producer does not have a 100 percent ownership or contract grower share shall be prorated based on the producer’s percent share interest. See subparagraph 74 A for prorating livestock based on producer’s share.</p>	<u>Eligible Loss Condition</u>	<u>Livestock Kind, Type And Weight Range</u>	<u>Number of Death Losses</u>	2	Beef, Adult Cows	15
<u>Eligible Loss Condition</u>	<u>Livestock Kind, Type And Weight Range</u>	<u>Number of Death Losses</u>					
2	Beef, Adult Cows	15					

## \*--83 CCC-852 (4-15-14), Livestock Indemnity Program Application (Continued)

## A Completing Manual CCC-852 (4-15-14) – 2017A and Prior Years (Continued)--\*

Item	Instructions						
17	<p>Enter the number of livestock that died during the calendar year because of normal mortality for all livestock located in the administrative County Office for the farm(s) where the death loss occurred and/or physical location County Office where the death loss occurred.</p> <p>For the first eligible loss condition in the calendar year, enter the number of livestock that died due to normal mortality <b>before, on, or during</b> the eligible loss condition, but in the calendar year</p> <p><b>Example:</b> Continuing with the example in item 16, on March 1, 2017, Producer A loses 2 adult beef cows due to normal mortality. In addition, on August 1, 2017, Producer A loses 1 adult beef cow due to normal mortality.</p> <table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th><u>Eligible Loss Condition</u></th><th><u>Livestock Kind, Type And Weight Range</u></th><th><u>Number of Normal Mortality Losses</u></th></tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>2</td><td>Beef, Adult Cows</td><td>3</td></tr> </tbody> </table> <p>If a producer does not have a 100 percent ownership or contract grower share interest in a particular kind, type and weight range of livestock that was lost because of an eligible loss condition, the livestock for which the producer does not have a 100 percent ownership or contract grower share shall be prorated based on the producer's percent share interest. See subparagraph 74 A for prorating livestock based on producer's share.</p>	<u>Eligible Loss Condition</u>	<u>Livestock Kind, Type And Weight Range</u>	<u>Number of Normal Mortality Losses</u>	2	Beef, Adult Cows	3
<u>Eligible Loss Condition</u>	<u>Livestock Kind, Type And Weight Range</u>	<u>Number of Normal Mortality Losses</u>					
2	Beef, Adult Cows	3					

## \*--83 CCC-852 (4-15-14), Livestock Indemnity Program Application (Continued)

## A Completing Manual CCC-852 (4-15-14) – 2017A and Prior Years (Continued)--\*

Item	Instructions
18	<p>COC will enter the adjusted calculated beginning inventory, if applicable.</p> <p><b>Notes:</b> An entry is only required when COC determines a beginning calculated inventory different than the inventory certified to by the producer.</p> <p>The producer must be provided applicable appeal rights according to 1-APP if an entry is entered in item 18 and only after Parts H and I are complete.</p>
19	<p>COC will enter the adjusted number of livestock lost because of an eligible loss condition, if applicable.</p> <p><b>Notes:</b> An entry is only required when COC determines the number of eligible livestock lost because of an eligible loss condition is different than the number of livestock certified to by the producer as lost because of the eligible loss condition.</p> <p>The producer must be provided applicable appeal rights according to 1-APP if an entry is entered in item 19 and only after Parts H and I are complete.</p>
20	<p>COC will enter the adjusted number of livestock lost because of normal mortality, if applicable.</p> <p><b>Notes:</b> An entry is only required when COC determines the number of livestock lost because of normal mortality is different than the number of livestock certified to by the producer as lost because of normal mortality.</p> <p>The producer must be provided applicable appeal rights according to 1-APP if an entry is entered in item 20 and only after Parts H and I are complete.</p>
<b>Part E - Documentation of Beginning Inventory</b>	
21	<p>Enter the type of supporting documentation provided by the producer to verify beginning inventory and enter the number of livestock supported by the documentation provided.</p> <p><b>Note:</b> See paragraph 44 for examples of acceptable documentation that may provide verifiable evidence of livestock beginning inventory.</p>
<b>Part F - Documentation to Verify Livestock Losses</b>	
22	<p>Enter the type of documentation provided by the producer to verify livestock losses due to normal mortality and losses as a direct result of an eligible loss condition. Enter the applicable number of livestock supported by the documentation provided.</p> <p><b>Note:</b> See paragraph 44 for acceptable documentation for verifying livestock losses.</p>

## \*--83 CCC-852 (4-15-14), Livestock Indemnity Program Application (Continued)

## A Completing Manual CCC-852 (4-15-14) – 2017A and Prior Years (Continued)--\*

Item	Instructions
<b>Part G - Similar Loss/Contract Growers</b>	
23	Enter the amount of monetary compensation received by the producer from their contractor for the loss of income suffered from the death of the livestock under contract (for contract growers only).
24	Enter amount of compensation received from other disaster assistance programs for the same livestock losses.  <b>Important:</b> Include benefits received from any Federal or State established programs for the same livestock losses because of eligible attacks.
<b>Part H - Producer Certification</b>	
25A through 25C	After reading the certification, the livestock owner or contract grower or representative signs and dates.  Signatory in item 25A will enter their title/relationship when signing in the representative capacity.  If a producer/applicant is <b>not</b> signing in the representative capacity, this field will be left blank. If an applicant is signing on behalf of themselves, it is acceptable to write “self”; however, it is <b>not</b> necessary.
<b>Part I - County Committee Determination</b>	
26	Enter COC signature.
27	Enter date of COC action.
28	Enter a check in approved or disapproved box.  <b>Important:</b> CCC-852 must be approved or disapproved as certified by the producer after applicable COC adjustment fields are completed. Provide appeal rights according to 1-APP if the application is either disapproved or if COC made adjustments to claimed losses.

## \*--83 CCC-852 (4-15-14), Livestock Indemnity Program Application (Continued)

## B Example of CCC-852 (4-15-14) – 2017A and Prior Years--\*

Following is an example of CCC-852 (4-15-14).

<b>CCC-852</b> (4/15/2014)			<b>U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE</b> Commodity Credit Corporation			1. State and County Code <b>48 109</b>		2. Calendar Year <b>2017</b>	
<b>LIVESTOCK INDEMNITY PROGRAM APPLICATION</b>						3. County Office Name <b>Jones</b>		4. Application Number <b>55962</b>	
<p><b>NOTE:</b> The following statement is made in accordance with the Privacy Act of 1974 (5 USC 552a - as amended). The authority for requesting the information identified on this form is 7 CFR Part 1416, the Commodity Credit Corporation Charter Act (15 U.S.C. 714 et seq.), and the Agricultural Act of 2014 (Pub. L. 113-79). The information will be used to determine eligibility for livestock indemnity program benefits. The information collected on this form may be disclosed to other Federal, State, Local government agencies, Tribal agencies, and nongovernmental entities that have been authorized access to the information by statute or regulation and/or as described in applicable Routine Uses identified in the System of Records Notice for USDA/FSA-2, Farm Records File (Automated). Providing the requested information is voluntary. However, failure to furnish the requested information will result in a determination of ineligibility for livestock indemnity program benefits.</p> <p>This information collection is exempted from the Paperwork Reduction Act as specified in the Agricultural Act of 2014 (Pub. L. 113-79, Title I, Subtitle F-Administration).</p> <p>The provisions of criminal and civil fraud, privacy and other statutes may be applicable to the information provided. <b>RETURN THIS COMPLETED FORM TO YOUR COUNTY FSA OFFICE.</b></p>									
<b>PART A – PRODUCER INFORMATION</b>									
5. Producer's Name and Address (City, State and Zip Code) <b>Bob Wheat PO Box Anywhere Anywhere TX 11111</b>									
<b>PART B – NOTICE OF LOSS</b>									
6. Date(s) of Occurrence/When Loss Was Apparent						7. Adverse Weather Event(s) or Eligible Animal Attack(s)			
<b>1) Start Date: 03/01/2017 End Date: 03/01/2017</b>						<b>1) Blizzards</b>			
8. I am reporting that I have incurred livestock losses due to the adverse weather event(s) or eligible animal attacks listed in Item 7 and the losses occurred or were apparent to me on the date(s) listed in Item 6.									
A. Producer's Signature (By)					B. Title/Relationship of the Individual Signing in the Representative Capacity			C. Date (MM/DD/YYYY) <b>03/15/2017</b>	
<b>PART C – LIVESTOCK LOCATION AND ASSOCIATED PRODUCER INFORMATION</b>									
9. Where were the claimed livestock physically located at the time they died? (Include County name, farm number, etc.) <b>1450, 1780</b>						10. Where is the current physical location of the livestock in inventory? <b>1450, 1780</b>			
11. Associated Producers (List all other producers that have an ownership share of any livestock listed in item 14 and indicate their share.) <b>None</b>									
<b>PART D – LIVESTOCK INFORMATION</b>									
12. Adverse Weather Event/ Animal Attack Date Number	13. Contract Grower		14. Livestock Kind Type and Weight Range	15. Inventory on Date of Adverse Weather Event/Animal Attack	16. Number of Death Losses Due to Adverse Weather Event/Animal Attack	17. Number Lost Due to Normal Mortality	COC USE ONLY		
	Yes	No					18. Adjusted Inventory	19. Adjusted Number Lost Due to Adverse Weather/ Animal Attack	20. Adjusted Number Lost Due to Normal Mortality
<b>1</b>		<b>x</b>	<b>Beef Adult Cow</b>	<b>105</b>	<b>5</b>	<b>3</b>			
<b>PART E – DOCUMENTATION OF BEGINNING INVENTORY</b>									
21. List the document(s) provided to verify beginning inventory. Attach copies of documents.							Number of Livestock <b>100</b>		
<b>Bank Chattel Inspection dated January 3</b>									
<b>PART F – DOCUMENTATION TO VERIFY LIVESTOCK LOSSES</b>									
22. List the document(s) provided to verify livestock losses. Attach copies of documents.							Number of Livestock		
<b>Rendering ticket</b>							<b>5</b>		
<b>Normal Mortality</b>							<b>3</b>		
<b>PART G – SIMILAR LOSS/CONTRACT GROWERS</b>									
23. Other Compensation (Contract Growers): \$									
24. Reduction: \$									

## \*--83 CCC-852 (4-15-14), Livestock Indemnity Program Application (Continued)

## B Example of CCC-852 (4-15-14) – 2017A and Prior Years (Continued)--\*

CCC-852 (4/15/2014)		Page 2 of 2
<b>PART H – PRODUCER CERTIFICATION</b>		
<p>Payments under the Livestock Indemnity Program will be made with respect to certain livestock deaths that occurred as a direct result of an eligible adverse weather event, except drought, or attacks by animals reintroduced into the wild by the Federal Government or protected by Federal law, including wolves and avian predators. Each producer must file a separate form CCC-852 to be eligible to receive program benefits. By signing this application, the producer:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Agrees to provide CCC any documentation it requires to determine eligibility that verifies and supports all information provided, including the producer's certification, and understands the application may be disapproved if they fail to provide any such information requested by CCC;</li> <li>• Authorizes CCC, at any time, with or without their presence, to enter upon, inspect and verify all livestock, livestock deaths, and acreage in which they have an interest;</li> <li>• Agrees to comply with, and acknowledges they are subject to, all the regulations governing the program and understands that instructions and assistance are available for completing this form;</li> <li>• Authorizes CCC to obtain from third parties, such as, but not limited to, other government agencies, individuals, auction barns, contractors or processors, feed vendors, veterinarian services, and rendering services, records or other evidence that substantiates the information provided on this application or any supporting documentation provided.</li> </ul> <p><b>I certify that:</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• If applying as an individual, that I am a citizen of the United States or a resident alien; if applying as a partnership, the members of the partnership are citizens of the United States; or if applying as a corporation, limited liability corporation, or other farm organizational structure, the entity is organized under State law. If applying as a Native American tribe, the tribe is organized according to the Indian Self-Determination and Education Assistance Act; if applying as any Native American organization or entity, the Native American organization or entity is chartered under the Indian Reorganization Act; if applying as a Native American economic enterprise, the Native American economic enterprise was established under the Indian Financing Act of 1974;</li> <li>• On the day livestock died, I owned or was a contract grower of all livestock entered on this application and physically maintained control of all such livestock on that date on my farm for commercial use as part of my farming operation;</li> <li>• All livestock entered as losses on this application died during the calendar year in Item 2 as a direct result of an eligible adverse weather event(s) or eligible animal attack no later than 60 calendar days from the ending dates of such adverse weather event(s) or eligible animal attack(s) provided in Item 7 in the county provided in Item 9, and that all losses occurred on or after October 1, 2011;</li> <li>• I have not received any compensation for livestock losses listed on this application pursuant to section 10407(d) of the Animal Health Protection Act (7 U.S.C. 8306(d)).</li> <li>• All livestock entered on this application meet all the livestock eligibility criteria provided in 7 CFR Part 1416 Subpart D, including being maintained for commercial use as part of my farming operation;</li> <li>• I understand that this application may be disapproved if information or evidence provided is false or in error, and that other sanctions or penalties could apply; and</li> <li>• All information on this application and all supporting documents I provided is true and correct.</li> </ul>		
25A. Producer's Signature (By)	25B. Title/Relationship of the Individual Signing in the Representative Capacity	25C. Date (MM/DD/YYYY) <b>08/09/2017</b>
<b>PART I – COUNTY COMMITTEE DETERMINATION</b>		
26. COC or Designee Signature	27. Date (MM/DD/YYYY) <b>08/09/2017</b>	28. Determination <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> <b>APPROVED</b> <input type="checkbox"/> <b>DISAPPROVED</b>
<p><small>The U.S. Department of Agriculture (USDA) prohibits discrimination against its customers, employees, and applicants for employment on the bases of race, color, national origin, age, disability, sex, gender identity, religion, reprisal, and where applicable, political beliefs, marital status, familial or parental status, sexual orientation, or all or part of an individual's income is derived from any public assistance program, or protected genetic information in employment or in any program or activity conducted or funded by the Department. (Not all prohibited bases will apply to all programs and/or employment activities.) Persons with disabilities, who wish to file a program complaint, write to the address below or if you require alternative means of communication for program information (e.g., Braille, large print, audiotape, etc.) please contact USDA's TARGET Center at (202) 720-2600 (voice and TDD). Individuals who are deaf, hard of hearing, or have speech disabilities and wish to file either an EEO or program complaint, please contact USDA through the Federal Relay Service at (800) 877-8339 or (800) 845-6136 (in Spanish).</small></p> <p><small>If you wish to file a Civil Rights program complaint of discrimination, complete the USDA Program Discrimination Complaint Form, found online at <a href="http://www.ascr.usda.gov/complaint_filing_cust.html">http://www.ascr.usda.gov/complaint_filing_cust.html</a>, or at any USDA office, or call (866) 632-9992 to request the form. You may also write a letter containing all of the information requested in the form. Send your completed complaint form or letter by mail to U.S. Department of Agriculture, Director, Office of Adjudication, 1400 Independence Avenue, S.W., Washington, D.C. 20250-9410, by fax (202) 690-7442 or email at <a href="mailto:program.intake@usda.gov">program.intake@usda.gov</a>. USDA is an equal opportunity provider and employer.</small></p>		

\* \* \*

84-85 (Withdrawn--Amend. 34)

**\*--86 Scenario 1 of CCC-852 (2017), Application for 2017B LIP****A Background on Scenario 1**

XYZ Ranch is a cow calf operator in Wharton County, Texas. XYZ Ranch is the owner and operator of Farm 1890 in Wharton County. Farm 1890 is physically located in Wharton County and is administrated in Wharton County. On August 24, 2017, XYZ Ranch owned a total of 101 head of adult beef cows in Wharton County.

On August 25, 2017, XYZ Ranch suffers 26 death losses of adult beef cows as a result of Hurricane Harvey. Two of the adult cows that survived were injured by the hurricane and had to be sold. On September 5, 2017, the owner of the XYZ Ranch phones the Wharton County FSA Office to report the 26 losses of adult beef cows because of the hurricane. Prior to the hurricane, XYZ Ranch had not lost any adult cattle due to normal mortality.

Normal mortality rate is 1.5 percent in Wharton County for adult beef cattle.

On October 24, 2017, the owner of XYZ Ranch completes the 2017 LIP application for payment for 26 head of adult beef cattle that were lost due to the hurricane. The following information was provided to the Wharton County FSA Office prior to XYZ Ranch signing the LIP application for payment:

- proof of death loss documentation for 26 adult beef cattle losses because of Hurricane Harvey.
- bank chattel inspection dated March 17, 2017 to support beginning inventory of 101 head of adult beef cattle.

On November 7, 2017 the Wharton County Committee approved the 2017 LIP application for XYZ Ranch. The 2017 LIP payment for XYZ Ranch was certified and signed on November 9, 2017.

On July 2, 2018, XYZ Ranch contacts the Wharton County FSA Office in person to report the injured 2 adult beef cattle that were sold on September 12, 2017.

On July 6, 2018, XYZ Ranch provides the following to the Wharton County FSA Office prior to signing the application for payment:

- 3<sup>rd</sup> Party Certification for the 2 adult cows that were injured due to hurricane
- sale barn sale receipt dated September 12, 2017, showing 2 adult beef cows being sold. The sale price was; cow 1, \$540.00, cow 2, \$586.00.--\*

## \*--86 Scenario 1 of CCC-852 (2017), Application for 2017B LIP (Continued)

**B 2017A LIP Application**

Under 2017A LIP signup, the calculated beginning worksheet was completed by the Wharton County FSA Office when XYZ Ranch applied for the 2017A LIP on CCC-852 (4-15-14). Following is a copy of the Calculated Beginning Inventory Worksheet that was completed for XYZ Ranch under 2017A LIP.

County Office Data Entry		
Date	Description	
	1. Enter Livestock Kind	BEEF
	2. Enter Livestock Type	ADULT
	3. Enter Weight Range	COW
	4. Enter Normal mortality percentage for livestock kind, type and weight range (##)	1.50%
<b>Eligible Loss Condition 8/25/2017</b>		
	5. Enter Beginning date of eligible loss condition #1 (M/D/YY)	08/25/17
Sales before, on, or during 8/25/17	6. Enter Number of livestock sold as of the earliest date normal mortality is claimed and before, on, or during eligible loss condition #1 (optional)	0
NM before, on, or during 8/25/17	7. Enter Number of livestock that died due to normal mortality before, on, or during eligible loss condition #1 (optional)	0
8/25/17	8. Enter Livestock inventory as of beginning date of eligible loss condition #1 (including purchased, born, added to weight range through the ending date of eligible loss condition)	101
8/25/17	9. Enter Number of livestock that died due to eligible loss condition #1	26
Eligible Loss Condition 08/25/17	20. Calculated Beginning Inventory	101
	21. Number of livestock sold & number of livestock that died due to normal mortality losses before, on, or during eligible loss condition #1	0
	22. Livestock inventory as of beginning date of eligible loss condition #1	101
	23. Calculated Normal Mortality Threshold	2
	24. Number of livestock that died due to normal mortality before, on, or during eligible loss condition #1	0
	25. Additional livestock death losses needed to reach calculated normal mortality threshold	2
	26. Number of livestock that died due to eligible loss condition #1	26
	27. Number of livestock eligible for payment - loss condition #1	24

Following is a copy of the automated 2017A LIP application CCC-852 (4-15-14) for XYZ Ranch that was approved by the Wharton County Committee in 2017.

PART D – LIVESTOCK INFORMATION									
12. Adverse Weather Event/ Animal Attack Date Number	13. Contract Grower		14. Livestock Kind Type and Weight Range	15. Inventory on Date of Adverse Weather Event/Animal Attack	16. Number of Death Losses Due to Adverse Weather Event/Animal Attack	17. Number Lost Due to Normal Mortality	COC USE ONLY		
	Yes	No					18. Adjusted Inventory	19. Adjusted Number Lost Due to Adverse Weather/	20. Adjusted Number Lost Due to Normal Mortality
1		X	Beef Adult Cow	101	26				
<b>PART E – DOCUMENTATION OF BEGINNING INVENTORY</b>									
21. List the document(s) provided to verify beginning inventory. Attach copies of documents.						Number of Livestock			
Bank Chattle Inspection March 17, 2017						101			
<b>PART F – DOCUMENTATION TO VERIFY LIVESTOCK LOSSES</b>									
22. List the document(s) provided to verify livestock losses. Attach copies of documents.						Number of Livestock			
Verifiable Documentation						26			
<b>PART G – SIMILAR LOSS/CONTRACT GROWERS</b>									
23. Other Compensation (Contract									
24. Reduction:									

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## \*--86 Scenario 1 of CCC-852 (2017), Application for 2017B LIP (Continued)

**C 2017B LIP Application – Includes 2018 Injured Livestock**

On July 2, 2018, XYZ Ranch reported to the Wharton County FSA Office that they sold two adult beef cattle at a reduced price due to injury from the Hurricane Harvey in calendar year 2017. Parts B and C of the 2017B LIP application CCC-852 (2017) does not need to be completed in this case because XYZ Ranch filed a notice of loss due to Hurricane Harvey back on September 5, 2017.

PART B – NOTICE OF LOSS		
6. Date(s) of Occurrence/When Loss Was Apparent <b>1) Start Date: 08/25/2017    End Date: 08/25/2017</b>		7. Adverse Weather Event(s) or Eligible Animal Attack(s) <b>1) Hurricanes</b>
8. I am reporting that I have incurred livestock losses due to the adverse weather event(s) or eligible animal attacks listed in item 7 and the losses occurred or were apparent to me on		
A. Producer's Signature (By)	B. Title/Relationship of the Individual Signing in the Representative Capacity	C. Date (MM/DD/YYYY) <b>09/05/2017</b>
PART C – LIVESTOCK LOCATION AND ASSOCIATED PRODUCER INFORMATION		
9. Where were the claimed livestock physically located at the time they died? (Include County name, farm number, etc.) <b>Farm 1890</b>		10. Where is the current physical location of the livestock in inventory? <b>Fam 1890</b>
11. Associated Producers (List all other producers that have an ownership share of any livestock listed in item 14 and indicate their share.)		

**Note:** If XYZ Ranch had not filed a notice of loss due to Hurricane Harvey back in 2017, then a new notice of loss would be required for the injury.

XYZ Ranch must file for two livestock sold at a reduced price on a CCC-852 (2017). However, in the automated application software, the County Office would revise the original 2017A application, to include the data captured on the 2017B application. In this scenario the following data is captured.

- **Number of Livestock Sold Due to Injury** - 2 adult beef cattle
- **Amount Received for Livestock Sold at Reduced Price** - \$1,126.00 (\$540.00 + \$586.00).

Following is the automated LIP application for XYZ Ranch.

PART D - LIVESTOCK INFORMATION										COC USE ONLY			
12. Adverse Weather Event/Animal Attack Date Number	13. Contract Grower YES NO		14. Livestock Kind/Type and Weight Range	15. Inventory on Date of Adverse Weather Event/Animal Attack	16. Number of Death Losses Due to Adverse Weather Event/Animal Attack	17. Number Lost Due to Normal Mortality	18. Number of Livestock Sold Due to Injury	19. Amount Received for Livestock Sold at Reduced Price	20. Adjusted Inventory	21. Adjusted Number Lost Due to Adverse Weather/Animal Attack	22. Adjusted Number Lost Due to Normal Mortality	23. Adjusted Number of Livestock Sold Due to Injury	24. Adjusted Amount Received for Livestock Sold at Reduced Price
1	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	beef Cow 401 - 2000 lbs	101	26		2	\$1,126.00					
PART E - DOCUMENTATION OF BEGINNING INVENTORY													
25. List the document(s) provided to verify beginning inventory. Attach Copies of documents.										Number of Livestock			
A. Bank Cattle Inspection March 17, 2017										101			
PART F - DOCUMENTATION TO VERIFY LIVESTOCK LOSSES													
26. List the document(s) provided to verify livestock losses. Attach copies of documents.										Number of Livestock			
A. Verifiable Documentation										26			
PART G - DOCUMENTATION TO VERIFY LIVESTOCK SOLD AT REDUCED SALES PRICES													
27. List the document(s) provided to prove livestock sales at reduced sales prices. Attach copies of documents.										Number of Livestock			
A. 3rd Party Certification										2			
B. Sale Barn Receipt September 12, 2017										2			
PART H - SIMILAR LOSS/CONTRACT GROWERS													
28. Other Compensation (Contract Growers)								29. Reduction					

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**\*--87 Scenario 2 of CCC-852 (2017), Application for 2017B LIP****A Background on Scenario 2**

Alicia Jones is a livestock operator in Pershing County, Nevada. Alicia Jones owns a total of 205 adult beef cattle on February 1, 2017. Alicia Jones is the owner of Farms 100 and 201. Farm 100 and 201 is physically located in Pershing County and is administrated in Pershing County. Alicia Jones has a 100 percent ownership share the 205 adult beef cattle. Normal mortality rate is 1.5 percent for adult beef cattle in Pershing County.

**B 2017A LIP Application****Eligible Loss Condition #1**

On February 9, 2017, Alicia Jones suffers 10 death losses of adult beef cattle on Farm 100 as a result of flooding. Alicia Jones phones the Pershing County FSA Office on February 15, 2017, to report the 10 losses to the adult beef cattle because of flooding.

On April 1, 2017, Alicia Jones loses 2 head adult beef cattle on Farm 1 because of normal mortality. Alicia Jones provides the County Office pictures with dates when the dead cattle along with her beginning inventory.

On April 14, 2017, Alicia Jones visits the Pershing County FSA Office, and while at the office she provides:

- date stamped pictures showing the livestock that died in the flooding
- Farm Credit balance sheet dated February 1, 2017, to support beginning inventory of 205 adult beef cattle
- date stamped pictures that supports the 2 normal mortality adult cattle death losses
- Under 2017A LIP, reviewed and signed CCC-852 (4-15-14) for payment.--\*

## \*--87 Scenario 2 of CCC-852 (2017), Application for 2017B LIP (Continued)

**B 2017A LIP Application**

Under 2017A LIP, for eligible loss condition #1, Alicia Jones calculated beginning inventory must be determined according to the Calculated Beginning Inventory Worksheet, as instructed in paragraph 79. Alicia Jones' livestock data for eligible loss condition #1 must be loaded in the Calculated Beginning Inventory Worksheet as shown below.

CCC-852 Attachment		LIP CALCULATED BEGINNING INVENTORY WORKSHEET		RESET FORM	
Producer(s) Name:		Alicia Jones			
LIP Application #:		32-027-0004			
County Office Data Entry					
Date	Description				
	1. Enter Livestock Kind				BEEF
	2. Enter Livestock Type				ADULT
	3. Enter Weight Range				COW
	4. Enter Normal mortality percentage for livestock kind, type and weight range (#.#)				1.50%
Eligible Loss Condition 2/9/2017					
	5. Enter Beginning date of eligible loss condition #1 (M/D/YY)				02/09/17
Sales before, on, or during 2/9/17	6. Enter Number of livestock sold as of the earliest date normal mortality is claimed and before, on, or during eligible loss condition #1 (optional)				0
NM before, on, or during 2/9/17	7. Enter Number of livestock that died due to normal mortality before, on, or during eligible loss condition #1 (optional)				0
2/9/17	8. Enter Livestock inventory as of beginning date of eligible loss condition #1 (including purchased, born, added to weight range through the ending date of eligible loss condition).				205
2/9/17	9. Enter Number of livestock that died due to eligible loss condition #1				10
Eligible Loss Condition					
Eligible Loss Condition 02/09/17	20. Calculated Beginning Inventory				205
	21. Number of livestock sold & number of livestock that died due to normal mortality losses before, on, or during eligible loss condition #1				0
	22. Livestock inventory as of beginning date of eligible loss condition #1				205
	23. Calculated Normal Mortality Threshold				3
	24. Number of livestock that died due to normal mortality before, on, or during eligible loss condition #1				0
	25. Additional livestock death losses needed to reach calculated normal mortality threshold				3
	26. Number of livestock that died due to eligible loss condition #1				10
	27. Number of livestock eligible for payment - loss condition #1				7

Alicia Jones' **calculated beginning inventory** for eligible loss condition #1 is equal to 205 adult beef cows in inventory on the day before eligible loss condition #1.

For eligible loss condition #1, the following data is entered in the **automated** CCC-852 (2017):

- **beginning or additional purchase inventory** – 205 adult beef cows (calculated beginning inventory)
- **loss due to adverse weather** – 10 adult beef cows (death losses due eligible loss condition)
- **loss due to normal mortality** – 0 beef cattle (normal mortality death losses)

The automated LIP application for Alicia Jones, eligible loss condition #1, is shown below.

PART D - LIVESTOCK INFORMATION								
12. Adverse Weather Event/Animal Attack Date Number	13. Contract Grower		14. Livestock Kind/Type and Weight Range	15. Inventory on Date of Adverse Weather Event/Animal Attack	16. Number of Death Losses Due to Adverse Weather Event/Animal Attack	17. Number Lost Due to Normal Mortality	18. Number of Livestock Sold Due to Injury	19. Amount Received for Livestock Sold at Reduced Price
	YES	NO						
1	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Beef Adult Cow	205	10			

See paragraph 108 for entering application data in the automated LIP application payment software for the first eligible loss condition in the calendar year.--\*

**\*--87 Scenario 2 of CCC-852 (2017), Application for 2017B LIP (Continued)****C 2017 B LIP Application****Eligible Loss Condition #2**

On June 5, 2018, Alicia Jones e-mails the County Office and reports that she sold 15 head of adult beef cattle on Farm 201 because of a wildfire that occurred on July 7, 2017. She also states that she lost 3 cows due to normal mortality on May 17, May 30 and June 11 of 2017.

On June 7, 2018, Alicia Jones visits the Pershing County FSA Office, and while at the office she provides:

- date stamped pictures of the injured livestock
- 3<sup>rd</sup> party certification for the 15 injured livestock due to wildfire
- a BLM news release, including a statement that the wildfire started July 5, 2017 and burned for 2 days
- a sales receipt for the 15 head that were sold at a reduced price due to injury from the wildfire by kind, weight, and type
- rendering truck receipt dated May 17, May 31 and June 11 that supports the 3 normal mortality adult cattle death losses
- a new completed CCC-852 (2017) to reflect second notice of loss and the injured livestock lost and livestock that died due to normal mortality and then reviewed and signed CCC-852 (2017) for payment.

**Note:** See paragraph 70 for County Office instructions for processing CCC-852's.

Under 2017B LIP, Alicia Jones claims to lose 2 head of adult beef cows on Farm 1 because of normal mortality on April 1, 2017, however she did not file a 2017 LIP A Final Year End Application. Alicia Jones does not add to her inventory of adult beef cows between eligible loss conditions #1 and #2; therefore, Alicia Jones' calculated beginning inventory for eligible loss condition #2 will remain the same as the calculated beginning inventory for eligible loss condition #1.--\*

## \*--87 Scenario 2 of CCC-852 (2017), Application for 2017B LIP (Continued)

## C 2017B LIP Application (Continued)

For eligible loss condition #2, Alicia Jones' calculated beginning inventory must be determined according to the Calculated Beginning Inventory Worksheet, as instructed in paragraph 79. Alicia Jones' livestock data for eligible loss condition #2 must be loaded in the Calculated Beginning Inventory Worksheet as shown below.

CCC-852 Attachment		LIP CALCULATED BEGINNING INVENTORY WORKSHEET		RESET FORM
Producer(s) Name:		Alicia Jones		
LIP Application #:		32-027-0004		
County Office Data Entry				
Date	Description			
	1. Enter Livestock Kind			BEEF
	2. Enter Livestock Type			ADULT
	3. Enter Weight Range			COW
	4. Enter Normal mortality percentage for livestock kind, type and weight range (#.#)			1.50%
Eligible Loss Condition 2/9/2017				
	5. Enter Beginning date of eligible loss condition #1 (M/D/YY)			02/09/17
Sales before, on, or during 2/9/17	6. Enter Number of livestock sold as of the earliest date normal mortality is claimed and before, on, or during eligible loss condition #1 (optional)			0
NM before, on, or during 2/9/17	7. Enter Number of livestock that died due to normal mortality before, on, or during eligible loss condition #1 (optional)			0
2/9/17	8. Enter Livestock inventory as of beginning date of eligible loss condition #1 (including purchased, born, added to weight range through the ending date of eligible loss condition).			205
2/9/17	9. Enter Number of livestock that died due to eligible loss condition #1			10
Eligible Loss Condition 07/07/17				
	10. Enter Beginning date of eligible loss condition #2 (M/D/YY)			07/07/17
2/10/17 - 7/7/17	11. Enter Number of livestock added to inventory (purchased, born, added to weight range) after eligible loss condition #1 and before, on, or during eligible loss condition #2 (if applicable)			
2/10/17 - 7/7/17	12. Enter Number of livestock that died due to normal mortality after eligible loss condition #1 and before, on, or during eligible loss condition #2			5
7/7/17	13. Enter Number of livestock that died due to eligible loss condition #2			0
Eligible Loss Condition 07/07/17  (Cumulative data for 1st & 2nd eligible loss conditions)	28. Number of livestock added to inventory (purchased, born, added to weight range) after eligible loss condition #1 and before, on, or during #2 (if applicable)			0
	29. Calculated Beginning Inventory (changes only if additions)			205
	30. Calculated Normal Mortality Threshold			3
	31. Number of livestock that died due to normal mortality before, on, or during eligible loss condition #2			5
	32. Additional livestock death losses needed to reach calculated normal mortality threshold			0
	33. Number of livestock that died due to eligible loss conditions #1 and #2			10
	34. Number of livestock eligible for payment - loss conditions #1 and #2			10
	35. Number of livestock eligible and paid - loss condition #1			7
	36. Additional number of livestock eligible for payment - eligible loss condition #2			3
Final Year End Application (Optional)  (Cumulative data for the whole calendar year)	46. Number of livestock added to inventory (purchased, born, added to weight range) after last eligible loss condition in the calendar year (if applicable)			
	47. Number of livestock that died due to normal mortality after last eligible loss condition in the calendar year			
	48. Calculated Beginning Inventory at End of Year (changes only if additions)			205
	49. Calculated Normal Mortality Threshold			3
	50. Number of livestock that died due to normal mortality in the calendar year			5
	51. Additional livestock death losses needed to reach calculated normal mortality threshold			0
	52. Total number of livestock that died due to eligible loss conditions in the calendar year			10
	53. Total number of livestock eligible for payment in the calendar year			10
	54. Number of livestock eligible and paid - loss conditions #1, #2 and #3			10
	55. Additional number of livestock eligible for payment - final year end application			0

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## \*--87 Scenario 2 of CCC-852 (2017), Application for 2017B LIP (Continued)

**C 2017B LIP Application (Continued)**

For eligible loss condition #2, the following data is entered in the **automated** CCC-852 (2017):

- **beginning or additional purchase inventory** – 205 adult cows (calculated beginning inventory)
- **loss due to adverse weather** – 10 beef cows (cumulative death losses due eligible loss condition)
- **loss due to normal mortality** – 5 adult cows (cumulative normal mortality death losses).
- **number of livestock sold due to injury** – 15 adult cows
- **amount received for livestock** – pulled from sales receipt (\$6,750.00)

Under 2017B LIP, for eligible loss condition #2, the 2017A LIP automated CCC-852 (4-15-14) must be updated to reflect the 2017B LIP application data. The automated LIP application for Alicia Jones, eligible loss condition #2, is shown below.

**Important:** The 2017 LIP automated software will only allow one entry for loss data for the year, for the same livestock.

<b>PART D - LIVESTOCK INFORMATION</b>								
12. Adverse Weather Event/ Animal Attack Date Number	13. Contract Grower		14. Livestock Kind/Type and Weight Range	15. Inventory on Date of Adverse Weather Event/Animal Attack	16. Number of Death Losses Due to Adverse Weather Event/Animal Attack	17. Number Lost Due to Normal Mortality	18. Number of Livestock Sold Due to Injury	19. Amount Received for Livestock Sold at Reduced Price
	YES	NO						
2	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Beef Adult Cow	205	10	5	15	\$6,750.00

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**\*--88 Scenario 3 of CCC-852 (2017), Application for 2017B LIP****A Background on Scenario 3**

Tom Smith has a livestock operation in Clay County, Nebraska, consisting of 132 adult beef cattle on January 1, 2017. Tom Smith owns Farm 1 physically located in Clay County. Tom Smith has 100 percent ownership interest in the livestock operation. On January 1, he has 125 adult beef cows and 7 adult beef bulls.

Normal mortality for adult beef cows and bulls is 1.5 percent and non-adult beef cattle weighing under 400 pounds is 5 percent.

**B 2017B LIP Application**

On May 15, 2017, a wildfire caused by a lightning strike, hits Farm 1 and causes injuries to Tom Smith's livestock operation. Tom Smith did not claim any death losses in calendar year 2017. On June 5, 2018, under 2017B LIP, Tom Smith visits the Clay County Office and files a 2017B LIP application CCC-852 (2017), including a notice of loss indicating he had injured livestock that had been sold at reduced prices because of the May 15, 2017, wildfire. He provides the following documents for his loss:

- Local sale barn documents, dated May 17, 2017, providing the following:
  - 3 (1,100 lb.) adult beef cows sold for \$1,500 – damaged hooves
  - 5 (250 lb.) beef calves sold for \$1,000 – damaged hooves
- Local sale barn documents, dated May 25, 2017, providing the following:
  - 2 (1,000 lb.) adult beef cows sold for \$1,200 – heavy breathers – smoke damaged
  - 3 (250 lb.) beef calves sold for \$900 – heavy breathers – smoke damaged
- Local sale barn documents, dated June 30, 2017, providing 1 (1,800 lb.) adult beef bull – heavy breather – smoke damage, sold for \$1,000
- Bank balance sheet dated January 4, 2017, reflecting 125 adult beef cows and 7 adult beef bulls
- Calving records showing 125 calves were born between March 1, 2017, and April 25, 2017, and on May 15, 2017 he had 115 calves under 400 pounds
- Veterinarian statement indicating that after the wildfire, he had treated 4 adult beef cows and 5 beef calves under 400 pounds for burnt hooves. In addition, he had treated 10 adult beef cows, 1 adult beef bull and 6 beef calves under 400 pounds for smoke inhalation. --\*

**\*--88 Scenario 3 of CCC-852 (2017), Application for 2017B LIP (Continued)****B 2017B LIP Application (Continued)**

County Office determines that inventory documents support that Tom Smith had 125 adult beef cows, 7 adult beef bulls and 115 calves under 400 pounds on the day of the eligible loss conditions.

**Note:** For losses due to livestock injured and sold at a reduced price, inventory is used only to determine that the claimed injured animals were in place on the date of the eligible loss condition. Normal mortality does not apply to the calculation of LIP benefits for injured livestock.

Under 2017B LIP, Tom Smith files an application for payment CCC-852 (2017) for the following livestock injuries due to wildfire:

- 5 adult cows
- 8 cow, calves
- 1 adult bull (not eligible).

Tom Smith claims he received \$5,600 for the injured animals.

**Note:** 1 Adult beef bull claimed on Tom Smith's application is not eligible for LIP, because it was sold over 30 days after the wildfire occurred.

Tom Smith's 2017B LIP application CCC-852 (2017) is shown below.

CCC-852 (2017) (05-17-18)

Page 2 of 3

PART D - LIVESTOCK INFORMATION													
12. Adverse Weather Event/ Animal Attack Date Number	13. Contract Grower		14. Livestock Kind/Type and Weight Range	15. Inventory on Date of Adverse Weather Event/Animal Attack	16. Number of Death Losses Due to Adverse Weather Event/Animal Attack	17. Number Lost Due to Normal Mortality	18. Number of Livestock Sold Due to Injury	19. Amount Received for Livestock Sold at Reduced Price	COC USE ONLY				
	YES	NO							20. Adjusted Inventory	21. Adjusted Number Lost Due to Adverse Weather/ Animal Attack	22. Adjusted Number Lost Due to Normal Mortality	23. Adjusted Number of Livestock Sold Due to Injury	24. Adjusted Amount Received for Livestock Sold at Reduced Price
1	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Beef Adult Bull	7	0		1	\$1,000.00				0	\$0.00
1	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Beef Adult Cow	125	0		5	\$2,700.00					
1	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Beef Nonadult Less than 400 pounds	115	0		8	\$1,900.00					

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## \*--89 CCC-852 (2017), Livestock Indemnity Program

**A Completing Manual CCC-852 (2017) – 2017B LIP**

Complete manual CCC-852 (2017) according to the following table, for 2017B signup.

Item	Instructions
1	Enter State and County Code. This is the administrative County Office for the farm where the death loss occurred and/or physical location County Office where the death loss occurred.
2	Enter the calendar year the eligible loss condition occurred that caused the livestock death losses.
3	Enter County Office Name. This is the administrative County Office for the farm where the death loss occurred and/or physical location County Office where the death loss occurred.
4	Enter the application number.  <b>Note:</b> This is an automated system assigned number.
<b>Part A - Producer Information</b>	
5	Enter the producer's name and address.
<b>Part B - Notice of Loss</b>	
6	<p>Enter the date of the eligible loss condition that caused the livestock losses claimed in item 16 and/or 18. For final year end applications enter December 31 of the applicable calendar year in which losses are claimed.</p> <p><b>Notes:</b> A number will be assigned to each date of occurrence and/or when loss was apparent. This number will be used to tie the eligible loss condition entered in item 7.</p> <p><b>Example:</b> For a freeze and blizzard that occurred on March 1, 2017, hurricane that occurred on August 1, 2017, and end of year application, item 6 should be completed as follows:</p> <p><u>Item 6:</u></p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. March 1, 2017</li> <li>2. August 1, 2017</li> <li>3. December 31, 2017.</li> </ol> <p>Multiple dates may be entered if livestock deaths resulted from more than 1 eligible loss condition during the calendar year. Dates can be a range of dates.</p>

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## \*--89 CCC-852 (2017), Livestock Indemnity Program (Continued)

## A Completing Manual CCC-852 (2017) – 2017B LIP (Continued)

Item	Instruction				
7	<p>Enter the eligible loss condition that caused the livestock deaths and/or injury. For final year end applications enter <b>all</b> eligible loss conditions in the calendar year in which losses are claimed.</p> <p><b>Notes:</b> Enter the number from date of occurrence/when loss was apparent from item 6 that corresponds with the eligible loss condition.</p> <p><b>Example:</b> For a freeze and blizzard that occurred on March 1, 2017, hurricane that occurred on August 1, 2017, and end of year application item 6 and item 7 should be completed as follows:</p> <table> <tr> <td data-bbox="613 726 711 758"><u>Item 6:</u></td><td data-bbox="1003 726 1101 758"><u>Item 7:</u></td></tr> <tr> <td data-bbox="613 800 906 905">           1. March 1, 2017            2. August 1, 2017            3. December 31, 2017         </td><td data-bbox="1003 800 1450 947">           1. Freeze            1. Blizzard            2. Hurricane            3. Freeze, Blizzard, and Hurricane         </td></tr> </table> <p>Multiple eligible loss conditions may be entered if more than 1 eligible loss condition resulted in the loss of eligible livestock during the calendar year.</p>	<u>Item 6:</u>	<u>Item 7:</u>	1. March 1, 2017 2. August 1, 2017 3. December 31, 2017	1. Freeze 1. Blizzard 2. Hurricane 3. Freeze, Blizzard, and Hurricane
<u>Item 6:</u>	<u>Item 7:</u>				
1. March 1, 2017 2. August 1, 2017 3. December 31, 2017	1. Freeze 1. Blizzard 2. Hurricane 3. Freeze, Blizzard, and Hurricane				

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## \*--89 CCC-852 (2017), Livestock Indemnity Program (Continued)

## A Completing Manual CCC-852 (2017) – 2017B LIP (Continued)

Item	Instruction
8A	<p>Producer or representative of producer will sign to indicate that livestock losses have occurred because of the eligible loss condition listed in item 7 and the losses occurred or were apparent to the producer on the dates listed in item 6.</p> <p>Producer or producer representative will also file a “notice of loss” with the a administrative County Office for the farm where the death loss occurred and/or physical location county office where the death loss occurred by any of the following alternative methods:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• telephone</li> <li>• facsimile</li> <li>• e-mail.</li> </ul> <p>Enter the method by which the “notice of loss” was filed with the administrative county office for the farm where the death loss occurred and/or physical location county office where the death loss occurred if the producer or producer’s representative did not sign in item 8A.</p> <p><b>Note:</b> Multiple “Notices of Loss” may be filed during the calendar year if multiple eligible loss conditions resulted in livestock losses during the calendar year.</p>
8B	<p>Signatory in item 8A will enter their title/relationship when signing in the representative capacity.</p> <p>If a producer and/or applicant is <b>not</b> signing in the representative capacity, this field will be left blank. If a producer/applicant is signing on behalf of themselves, it is acceptable to write “self”; however, it is <b>not</b> necessary.</p>
8C	<p>Producer or producer’s representative enters date they signed “Notice of Loss” or County Office employee enters date producer or producer’s representative reported “Notice of Loss” using 1 of the alternative methods in item 8A.</p>
<b>Part C - Livestock Location and Associated Producer Information</b>	
9	<p>Enter the physical location of claimed livestock at the time they died for the eligible loss condition. Include the name of the County where the claimed livestock were physically located at the time they died.</p> <p><b>Example:</b> Jones County, TX, Farm 100, or 1211 Bovine Rd, Cow Palace, TX.</p>
10	<p>Enter the current physical location of the livestock in inventory.</p> <p><b>Example:</b> Jones County, TX, Farm 100, or 1211 Bovine Rd., Cow Palace, TX.</p>
11	<p>Enter associated producers who had an ownership or contract grower share in the livestock <b>and indicate their share.</b></p>

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## \*--89 CCC-852 (2017), Livestock Indemnity Program (Continued)

## A Completing Manual CCC-852 (2017) – 2017B LIP (Continued)

Item	Instructions												
<b>Part D - Livestock Losses by Kind and Type</b>													
12	Enter the corresponding number associated to the date of occurrence entered in item 6 that applies to the loss of livestock to be entered in item 14.												
13	Enter “Yes” if the producer in item 5 is a contract grower. Otherwise, enter “No”.  <b>Note:</b> For losses due to injured livestock, always select “No”.												
14	<p>Enter livestock kind, type, and weight range for which the loss occurred. A list of eligible livestock by kind, type, and weight range is found in paragraph 43. An entry in this field is always required when there is a loss in a particular livestock kind, type, and weight range including animals injured by an eligible loss condition.</p> <p>For subsequent eligible loss conditions in the calendar year for the <b>same</b> livestock type and weight range, enter as separate line items, for example as follows.</p> <table> <tr> <td><u>Eligible Loss Condition</u></td><td><u>Livestock Kind, Type and Weight Range</u></td></tr> <tr> <td>1</td><td>Adult Beef Cows</td></tr> <tr> <td>2</td><td>Adult Beef Cows.</td></tr> </table> <p>For subsequent eligible loss conditions in the calendar year, if livestock recorded for a previous eligible loss condition <b>move to a new weight range</b> and livestock losses occur in the new weight range, enter as separate line items, for example as follows.</p> <table> <tr> <td><u>Eligible Loss Condition</u></td><td><u>Livestock Kind, Type and Weight Range</u></td></tr> <tr> <td>1</td><td>Nonadult Beef cattle under 400 lbs</td></tr> <tr> <td>2</td><td>Nonadult Beef cattle 400 lbs. or more.</td></tr> </table>	<u>Eligible Loss Condition</u>	<u>Livestock Kind, Type and Weight Range</u>	1	Adult Beef Cows	2	Adult Beef Cows.	<u>Eligible Loss Condition</u>	<u>Livestock Kind, Type and Weight Range</u>	1	Nonadult Beef cattle under 400 lbs	2	Nonadult Beef cattle 400 lbs. or more.
<u>Eligible Loss Condition</u>	<u>Livestock Kind, Type and Weight Range</u>												
1	Adult Beef Cows												
2	Adult Beef Cows.												
<u>Eligible Loss Condition</u>	<u>Livestock Kind, Type and Weight Range</u>												
1	Nonadult Beef cattle under 400 lbs												
2	Nonadult Beef cattle 400 lbs. or more.												

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## \*--89 CCC-852 (2017), Livestock Indemnity Program (Continued)

## A Completing Manual CCC-852 (2017) – 2017B LIP (Continued)

Item	Instructions
15	<p>For each eligible loss condition and livestock kind, type and weight range, enter the calculated beginning inventory; for all livestock located in the administrative county office for the farm(s) where the death loss or injury occurred and/or physical location county office where the death loss or injury occurred, as provided by the following items on the Calculated Beginning Inventory Worksheet (see subparagraph 79):</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• item 20 for the first eligible loss condition in the calendar year</li> <li>• item 29 for the second eligible loss condition in the calendar year, if applicable</li> <li>• item 38 for the third eligible loss condition in the calendar year, if applicable</li> <li>• item 48 for the final year end application, if applicable.</li> </ul> <p><b>Important:</b> For a subsequent eligible loss condition and for final year end applications for payment, calculated beginning inventory is <b>cumulative</b>. Therefore, if livestock losses occur for the same livestock kind, type and weight range listed for a previous eligible loss condition, the calculated beginning inventory, determined according to paragraph 79, must be recalculated and entered in this item, according to paragraph 79.</p> <p>If a producer does not have a 100 percent ownership or contract grower share interest in a particular kind, type and weight range of livestock that was lost because of an eligible loss condition, the livestock for which the producer does not have a 100 percent ownership or contract grower share shall be prorated based on the producer's percent share interest. See subparagraph 74 A for prorating livestock based on producer's share.</p>

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## \*--89 CCC-852 (2017), Livestock Indemnity Program (Continued)

## A Completing Manual CCC-852 (2017) – 2017B LIP (Continued)

Item	Instructions						
16	<p>For each eligible loss condition and livestock kind, type and weight range, enter the number of livestock that died due to the eligible loss condition provided in item 12. For final year end applications for payment, if applicable, enter “0” in this item.</p> <p>For a subsequent eligible loss condition, if livestock losses occur for the same livestock kind, type and weight range listed for a previous eligible loss condition, the number of livestock that died due to the eligible loss condition is <b>cumulative</b> for all eligible loss conditions that occurred to date in the calendar year. See paragraph 109 for instructions for loading application payment data in the automated LIP application software for subsequent eligible loss conditions.</p> <p><b>Example:</b> On March 17, 2017, Producer A loses 10 adult beef cows due to a hurricane (first eligible loss condition in the calendar year). October 1, 2017, Producer A loses 5 adult beef cows due to flood. Enter the number of livestock death losses on the manual CCC-852 (2017) as follows.</p> <table><tr><th><u>Eligible Loss Condition</u></th><th><u>Livestock Kind, Type And Weight Range</u></th><th><u>Number of Death Losses</u></th></tr><tr><td>2</td><td>Beef, Adult Cows</td><td>15</td></tr></table> <p>In the example above, for eligible loss condition #2, the cumulative number of death losses, due to both eligible loss conditions #1 and #2, is entered in the automated LIP application software by editing the initial eligible loss condition, according to paragraph 109.</p> <p>If a producer does not have a 100 percent ownership or contract grower share interest in a particular kind, type and weight range of livestock that was lost because of an eligible loss condition, the livestock for which the producer does not have a 100 percent ownership or contract grower share shall be prorated based on the producer’s percent share interest. See subparagraph 74 A for prorating livestock based on producer’s share.</p>	<u>Eligible Loss Condition</u>	<u>Livestock Kind, Type And Weight Range</u>	<u>Number of Death Losses</u>	2	Beef, Adult Cows	15
<u>Eligible Loss Condition</u>	<u>Livestock Kind, Type And Weight Range</u>	<u>Number of Death Losses</u>					
2	Beef, Adult Cows	15					

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## \*--89 CCC-852 (2017), Livestock Indemnity Program (Continued)

## A Completing Manual CCC-852 (2017) – 2017B LIP (Continued)

Item	Instructions						
17	<p>Enter the number of livestock that died during the calendar year because of normal mortality for all livestock located in the administrative County Office for the farm(s) where the death loss occurred and/or physical location County Office where the death loss occurred.</p> <p>For the first eligible loss condition in the calendar year, enter the number of livestock that died due to normal mortality <b>before, on, or during</b> the eligible loss condition, but in the calendar year</p> <p><b>Example:</b> Continuing with the example in item 16, on March 1, 2017, Producer A loses 2 adult beef cows due to normal mortality. In addition, on August 1, 2017, Producer A loses 1 adult beef cow due to normal mortality.</p> <table><tr><th><u>Eligible Loss Condition</u></th><th><u>Livestock Kind, Type And Weight Range</u></th><th><u>Number of Normal Mortality Losses</u></th></tr><tr><td>2</td><td>Beef, Adult Cows</td><td>3</td></tr></table> <p>If a producer does not have a 100 percent ownership or contract grower share interest in a particular kind, type and weight range of livestock that was lost because of an eligible loss condition, the livestock for which the producer does not have a 100 percent ownership or contract grower share shall be prorated based on the producer's percent share interest. See subparagraph 74 A for prorating livestock based on producer's share.</p>	<u>Eligible Loss Condition</u>	<u>Livestock Kind, Type And Weight Range</u>	<u>Number of Normal Mortality Losses</u>	2	Beef, Adult Cows	3
<u>Eligible Loss Condition</u>	<u>Livestock Kind, Type And Weight Range</u>	<u>Number of Normal Mortality Losses</u>					
2	Beef, Adult Cows	3					

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## \*--89 CCC-852 (2017), Livestock Indemnity Program (Continued)

## A Completing Manual CCC-852 (2017) – 2017B LIP (Continued)

Item	Instructions						
18	<p>For each eligible loss condition and livestock kind, type and weight range, enter the number of livestock that were injured and sold at a reduced price.</p> <p>For a subsequent eligible loss condition, if livestock injured occurs for the same livestock kind, type and weight range listed for a previous eligible loss condition, the number of livestock that were injured and sold at a reduced price due to the eligible loss condition is <b>cumulative</b> for all eligible loss conditions that occurred to date in the calendar year. See paragraph 109 for instructions for loading application payment data in the automated LIP application software for subsequent eligible loss conditions.</p> <p><b>Example:</b> On March 17, 2017, Producer A sells 10 injured adult beef cows due to a hurricane (first eligible loss condition in the calendar year). October 1, 2017, Producer A sells 5 injured adult beef cows due to flood. Enter the number of livestock sold on the manual CCC-852 (2017) as follows.</p> <table><tr><th><u>Eligible Loss Condition</u></th><th><u>Livestock Kind, Type And Weight Range</u></th><th><u>Number of Injured Livestock Sold at Reduced Price</u></th></tr><tr><td>2</td><td>Beef, Adult Cows</td><td>15</td></tr></table> <p>In the example above, for eligible loss condition #2, the cumulative number of injured livestock sold at a reduced price, due to both eligible loss conditions #1 and #2, is entered in the automated LIP application software by editing the initial eligible loss condition, according to paragraph 109.</p> <p>If a producer does not have a 100 percent ownership share interest in a particular kind, type and weight range of livestock that was injured and sold at a reduced price because of an eligible loss condition, the livestock for which the producer does not have a 100 percent ownership share shall be prorated based on the producer’s percent share interest. See subparagraph 74 A for prorating livestock based on producer’s share.</p>	<u>Eligible Loss Condition</u>	<u>Livestock Kind, Type And Weight Range</u>	<u>Number of Injured Livestock Sold at Reduced Price</u>	2	Beef, Adult Cows	15
<u>Eligible Loss Condition</u>	<u>Livestock Kind, Type And Weight Range</u>	<u>Number of Injured Livestock Sold at Reduced Price</u>					
2	Beef, Adult Cows	15					
19	Enter the amount in dollars that the producer received for the injured and sold livestock from the applicable sales receipt.						
20	<p>COC will enter the adjusted calculated beginning inventory, if applicable.</p> <p><b>Notes:</b> An entry is only required when COC determines a beginning calculated inventory different than the inventory certified to by the producer.</p> <p>The producer must be provided applicable appeal rights according to 1-APP if an entry is entered in item 18 and only after Parts H and I are complete.</p>						

## \*--89 CCC-852 (2017), Livestock Indemnity Program (Continued)

## A Completing Manual CCC-852 (2017) – 2017B LIP (Continued)

Item	Instructions
21	<p>COC will enter the adjusted number of livestock lost because of an eligible loss condition, if applicable.</p> <p><b>Notes:</b> An entry is only required when COC determines the number of eligible livestock lost because of an eligible loss condition is different than the number of livestock certified to by the producer as lost because of the eligible loss condition.</p> <p>The producer must be provided applicable appeal rights according to 1-APP if an entry is entered in item 19 and only after Parts H and I are complete.</p>
22	<p>COC will enter the adjusted number of livestock lost because of normal mortality, if applicable.</p> <p><b>Notes:</b> An entry is only required when COC determines the number of livestock lost because of normal mortality is different than the number of livestock certified to by the producer as lost because of normal mortality.</p> <p>The producer must be provided applicable appeal rights according to 1-APP if an entry is entered in item 20 and only after Parts H and I are complete.</p>
23	<p>COC will enter the adjusted number of livestock injured and sold, if applicable.</p> <p><b>Notes:</b> An entry is only required when COC determines a number of livestock injured and sold is different than the inventory certified to by the producer.</p> <p>The producer must be provided applicable appeal rights according to 1-APP if an entry is entered in item 18 and only after Parts H and I are complete.</p>
24	<p>COC will enter the adjusted amount received for the livestock injured and sold.</p> <p><b>Notes:</b> An entry is only required when COC determines the amount received for the injured and sold livestock is different than the amount certified to by the producer.</p> <p>The producer must be provided applicable appeal rights according to 1-APP if an entry is entered in item 20 and only after Parts H and I are complete.</p>
<b>Part E - Documentation of Beginning Inventory</b>	
25	<p>Enter the type of supporting documentation provided by the producer to verify beginning inventory and enter the number of livestock supported by the documentation provided.</p> <p><b>Note:</b> See paragraph 44 for examples of acceptable documentation that may provide verifiable evidence of livestock beginning inventory.</p>

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## \*--89 CCC-852 (2017), Livestock Indemnity Program (Continued)

## A Completing Manual CCC-852 (2017) – 2017B LIP (Continued)

Item	Instructions
<b>Part F – Documentation to Verify Livestock Losses</b>	
26	Enter the type of documentation provided by the producer to verify livestock losses due to normal mortality and losses as a direct result of an eligible loss condition. Enter the applicable number of livestock supported by the documentation provided.  <b>Note:</b> See paragraph 44 for acceptable documentation for verifying livestock losses.
<b>Part G – Documentation to Verify Livestock Injured and Sold</b>	
27	Enter the type of documentation provided by the producer to verify livestock injured and sold as a direct result of an eligible loss condition and the type of documentation used to certify the reduced price received. Enter the applicable number of injured and sold livestock supported by the documentation provided.  <b>Note:</b> See paragraph 44 for acceptable documentation for verifying livestock were injured due to an eligible loss condition and for verifying the amount received for the livestock injured and sold.
<b>Part H – Similar Loss/Contract Growers</b>	
28	Enter the amount of monetary compensation received by the producer from their contractor for the loss of income suffered from the death of the livestock under contract (for contract growers only).
29	Enter amount of compensation received from other disaster assistance programs for the same livestock losses.  <b>Important:</b> Include benefits received from any Federal or State established programs for the same livestock losses because of eligible attacks.
<b>Part I – Producer Certification</b>	
30A through 30C	After reading the certification, the livestock owner or contract grower or representative signs and dates.  Signatory in item 25A will enter their title/relationship when signing in the representative capacity.  If a producer/applicant is <b>not</b> signing in the representative capacity, this field will be left blank. If an applicant is signing on behalf of themselves, it is acceptable to write “self”; however, it is <b>not</b> necessary.
<b>Part J – County Committee Determination</b>	
31 A	Enter COC signature.
31 B	Enter date of COC action.
31 C	Enter a check in approved or disapproved box.  <b>Important:</b> CCC-852 must be approved or disapproved as certified by the producer after applicable COC adjustment fields are completed. Provide appeal rights according to 1-APP if the application is either disapproved or if COC made adjustments to claimed losses.

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## \*--89 CCC-852 (2017), Livestock Indemnity Program (Continued)

**B Example of CCC-852 (2017) – 2017B LIP for Scenario 1**

This form is available electronically.		Page 1 of 3	
<b>CCC-852 (2017)</b> (05-17-18)		<b>U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE</b> Commodity Credit Corporation	
<b>2017 LIVESTOCK INDEMNITY PROGRAM APPLICATION</b>		1. State and County Code	2. Calendar Year
		48-481	2017
		3. County Office Name	4. Application Number
		Wharton County	2160
<p><b>NOTE:</b> The following statement is made in accordance with the Privacy Act of 1974 (5 USC 552a - as amended). The authority for requesting the information identified on this form is 7 CFR Part 1416, the Commodity Credit Corporation Charter Act (15 U.S.C. 714 et seq.), the Agricultural Act of 2014 (Pub. L. 113-79), and the Bipartisan Budget Act of 2018 (PL 115-123). The information will be used to determine eligibility for livestock indemnity program benefits. The information collected on this form may be disclosed to other Federal, State, Local government agencies, Tribal agencies, and nongovernmental entities that have been authorized access to the information by statute or regulation and/or as described in applicable Routine Uses identified in the System of Records Notice for USDA/FSA-2, Farm Records File (Automated). Providing the requested information is voluntary. However, failure to furnish the requested information will result in a determination of ineligibility for livestock indemnity program benefits.</p> <p>This information collection is exempted from the Paperwork Reduction Act as specified in the Agricultural Act of 2014 (Pub. L. 113-79, Title I, Subtitle F-Administration).</p> <p>The provisions of criminal and civil fraud, privacy, and other statutes may be applicable to the information provided. <b>RETURN THIS COMPLETED FORM TO YOUR COUNTY FSA OFFICE.</b></p>			
<b>PART A – PRODUCER INFORMATION</b>			
5. Producer's Name and Address (City, State and Zip Code)			
XYZ RANCH 123 HIGHWAY WHARTON, TX			
<b>PART B – NOTICE OF LOSS</b>			
6. Date(s) of Occurrence/When Loss Was Apparent		7. Adverse Weather Event(s) or Eligible Animal Attack(s)	
1) START DATE 08-25-2017      END DATE 08-25-2017		2) HURRICANE	
8. I am reporting that I have incurred livestock losses due to the adverse weather event(s) or eligible animal attacks listed in Item 7 and the losses occurred or were apparent to me on the date(s) listed in Item 6.			
A. Producer's Signature (By)		B. Title/Relationship of the Individual Signing in the Representative Capacity	C. Date (MM/DD/YYYY)
			09-05-2017
<b>PART C – LIVESTOCK LOCATION AND ASSOCIATED PRODUCER INFORMATION</b>			
9. Where were the claimed livestock physically located at the time they died? (Include County name, farm number, etc.)		10. Where is the current physical location of the livestock in inventory?	
FARM 1890		FARM 1890	
11. Associated Producers (List all other producers that have an ownership share of any livestock listed in Item 14 and indicate their share.)			
<p>In accordance with Federal civil rights law and U.S. Department of Agriculture (USDA) civil rights regulations and policies, the USDA, its Agencies, offices, and employees, and institutions participating in or administering USDA programs are prohibited from discriminating based on race, color, national origin, religion, sex, gender identity (including gender expression), sexual orientation, disability, age, marital status, family/parental status, income derived from a public assistance program, political beliefs, or reprisal or retaliation for prior civil rights activity, in any program or activity conducted or funded by USDA (not all bases apply to all programs). Remedies and complaint filing deadlines vary by program or incident.</p> <p>Persons with disabilities who require alternative means of communication for program information (e.g., Braille, large print, audiotape, American Sign Language, etc.) should contact the responsible Agency or USDA's TARGET Center at (202) 720-2600 (voice and TTY) or contact USDA through the Federal Relay Service at (800) 877-8339. Additionally, program information may be made available in languages other than English.</p> <p>To file a program discrimination complaint, complete the USDA Program Discrimination Complaint Form AD-3027, found online at <a href="http://www.usda.gov/complaint_filing_cust.html">http://www.usda.gov/complaint_filing_cust.html</a> and at any USDA office or write a letter addressed to USDA and provide in the letter all of the information requested in the form. To request a copy of the complaint form, call (866) 632-6892. Submit your completed form or letter to USDA by: (1) mail: U.S. Department of Agriculture, Office of the Assistant Secretary for Civil Rights, 1400 Independence Avenue, SW, Washington, D.C. 20250-9410; (2) fax: (202) 696-7442; or (3) email: <a href="mailto:program.intake@usda.gov">program.intake@usda.gov</a>. USDA is an equal opportunity provider, employer, and lender.</p>			

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## \*--89 CCC-852 (2017), Livestock Indemnity Program (Continued)

**B Example of CCC-852 (2017) – 2017B LIP for Scenario 1 (Continued)**

CCC-852 (2017) (05-17-18)										Page 2 of 3				
PART D - LIVESTOCK INFORMATION										COC USE ONLY				
12. Adverse Weather Event/ Animal Attack Date Number	13. Contract Grower		14. Livestock Kind/Type and Weight Range	15. Inventory on Date of Adverse Weather Event/Animal Attack	16. Number of Death Losses Due to Adverse Weather Event/Animal Attack	17. Number Lost Due to Normal Mortality	18. Number of Livestock Sold Due to Injury	19. Amount Received for Livestock Sold at Reduced Price	20. Adjusted Inventory	21. Adjusted Number Lost Due to Adverse Weather/ Animal Attack	22. Adjusted Number Lost Due to Normal Mortality	23. Adjusted Number of Livestock Sold Due to Injury	24. Adjusted Amount Received for Livestock Sold at Reduced Price	
	Yes	No												
1	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	BEEF COW 401 - 2000 lbs.	101	26		2	\$1,126.00						
	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>												
	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>												
	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>												
	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>												
	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>												
	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>												
	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>												
	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>												
	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>												
PART E - DOCUMENTATION OF BEGINNING INVENTORY														
25. List the document(s) provided to verify beginning inventory. Attach copies of documents.												Number of Livestock		
Example: Receipt from Harry's Sale Barn for purchase of 25 feeder pigs on November 10, 2014												25		
A. BABK CHATTEL INSPECTION MARCH 17, 2018												101		
B.														
C.														
D.														
PART F - DOCUMENTATION TO VERIFY LIVESTOCK LOSSES														
26. List the document(s) provided to verify livestock losses. Attach copies of documents.												Number of Livestock		
Example: Rendering receipt for pick up of 10 pigs March 12, 2014												10		
A. VERIFIABLE DOCUMENTATION												26		
B.														
C.														
D.														

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## \*--89 CCC-852 (2017), Livestock Indemnity Program (Continued)

**B Example of CCC-852 (2017) – 2017B LIP for Scenario 1 (Continued)**

CCC-852 (2017) (05-17-18)		Page 3 of 3
<b>PART G – DOCUMENTATION TO VERIFY LIVESTOCK SOLD AT REDUCED SALES PRICES</b>		
27. List the document(s) provided to prove livestock sales at reduced sales prices. Attach copies of documents.	Number of Livestock	
A 3rd PARTY CERTIFICATION	2	
B SALE BARN RECEIPT SEPTEMBER 12, 2017	2	
C.		
<b>PART H – SIMILAR LOSS/CONTRACT GROWERS</b>		
28. Other Compensation (Contract Growers) \$	29. Reduction \$	
<b>PART I – PRODUCER CERTIFICATION</b>		
<p>Payments under the Livestock Indemnity Program will be made with respect to certain livestock deaths and/or injuries that occurred as a direct result of an eligible adverse weather event, except drought, or attacks by animals reintroduced into the wild by the Federal Government or protected by Federal law, including wolves and avian predators. Each producer must file a separate form CCC-852 to be eligible to receive program benefits. By signing this application, the producer:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Agrees to provide CCC any documentation it requires to determine eligibility that verifies and supports all information provided, including the producer's certification, and understands the application may be disapproved if they fail to provide any such information requested by CCC;</li> <li>• Authorizes CCC, at any time, with or without their presence, to enter upon, inspect and verify all livestock, livestock deaths and/or injuries, and acreage in which they have an interest;</li> <li>• Agrees to comply with, and acknowledges they are subject to, all the regulations governing the program and understands that instructions and assistance are available for completing this form;</li> <li>• Authorizes CCC to obtain from third parties, such as, but not limited to, other government agencies, individuals, auction barns, contractors or processors, feed vendors, veterinarian services, and rendering services, records or other evidence that substantiates the information provided on this application or any supporting documentation provided.</li> </ul> <p><i>I certify that:</i></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• If applying as an individual, that I am a citizen of the United States or a resident alien; if applying as a partnership, the members of the partnership are citizens of the United States; or if applying as a corporation, limited liability corporation, or other farm organizational structure, the entity is organized under State law. If applying as a Native American tribe, the tribe is organized according to the Indian Self-Determination and Education Assistance Act; if applying as any Native American organization or entity, the Native American organization or entity is chartered under the Indian Reorganization Act; if applying as a Native American economic enterprise, the Native American economic enterprise was established under the Indian Financing Act of 1974;</li> <li>• On the day livestock died or were injured, I owned or was a contract grower of all livestock entered on this application and physically maintained control of all such livestock on that date for commercial use as part of my farming operation;</li> <li>• All livestock entered as losses on this application died or were injured as a direct result of an eligible adverse weather event(s) or eligible animal attack during the calendar year in Item 2 and no later than 60 calendar days from the ending dates of such adverse weather event(s) or eligible animal attack(s) provided in Item 7 in the county provided in Item 9, and that all losses occurred on or after October 1, 2011;</li> <li>• For injured livestock sold at a reduced price, I received compensation for those livestock as provided in Item 19.</li> <li>• I have not received any compensation for livestock losses listed on this application pursuant to section 10407(d) of the Animal Health Protection Act (7 U.S.C. 8306(d)).</li> </ul> <p>All livestock entered on this application meet all the livestock eligibility criteria provided in 7 CFR Part 1416 Subpart D, including being maintained for commercial use as part of my farming operation;</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• I understand that this application may be disapproved if information or evidence provided is false or in error, and that other sanctions or penalties could apply; and</li> <li>• All information on this application and all supporting documents I provided is true and correct.</li> </ul>		
30A. Producer's Signature (By)	30B. Title/Relationship of the Individual Signing in the Representative Capacity	30C. Date (MM/DD/YYYY)
<b>PART J – COUNTY COMMITTEE DETERMINATION</b>		
31. COC or Designee Signature	32. Date (MM/DD/YYYY)	33. Determination <input type="checkbox"/> Approved <input type="checkbox"/> Disapproved

## \*--89 CCC-852 (2017), Livestock Indemnity Program (Continued)

## C Example of CCC-852 (2017) – 2017B LIP for Scenario 2

This form is available electronically.		Page 1 of 3	
<b>CCC-852 (2017)</b> (05-17-18)		<b>U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE</b> Commodity Credit Corporation	
<b>2017 LIVESTOCK INDEMNITY PROGRAM APPLICATION</b>		1. State and County Code	2. Calendar Year
		28-027	2017
		3. County Office Name	4. Application Number
		Pershing County	56238
<p><b>NOTE:</b> The following statement is made in accordance with the Privacy Act of 1974 (5 USC 552a - as amended). The authority for requesting the information identified on this form is 7 CFR Part 1416, the Commodity Credit Corporation Charter Act (15 U.S.C. 714 et seq.), the Agricultural Act of 2014 (Pub. L. 113-79), and the Bipartisan Budget Act of 2018 (PL 115-123). The information will be used to determine eligibility for livestock indemnity program benefits. The information collected on this form may be disclosed to other Federal, State, Local government agencies, Tribal agencies, and nongovernmental entities that have been authorized access to the information by statute or regulation and/or as described in applicable Routine Uses identified in the System of Records Notice for USDA/FSA-2, Farm Records File (Automated). Providing the requested information is voluntary. However, failure to furnish the requested information will result in a determination of ineligibility for livestock indemnity program benefits.</p> <p>This information collection is exempted from the Paperwork Reduction Act as specified in the Agricultural Act of 2014 (Pub. L. 113-79, Title I, Subtitle F-Administration).</p> <p>The provisions of criminal and civil fraud, privacy, and other statutes may be applicable to the information provided. <b>RETURN THIS COMPLETED FORM TO YOUR COUNTY FSA OFFICE.</b></p>			
<b>PART A – PRODUCER INFORMATION</b>			
5. Producer's Name and Address (City, State and Zip Code)			
ALICIA JONES 123 HIGHWAY 1 PERSHING, NY			
<b>PART B – NOTICE OF LOSS</b>			
6. Date(s) of Occurrence/When Loss Was Apparent		7. Adverse Weather Event(s) or Eligible Animal Attack(s)	
8. I am reporting that I have incurred livestock losses due to the adverse weather event(s) or eligible animal attacks listed in Item 7 and the losses occurred or were apparent to me on the date(s) listed in Item 6.			
A. Producer's Signature (By)		B. Title/Relationship of the Individual Signing in the Representative Capacity	C. Date (MM/DD/YYYY)
			09-05-2017
<b>PART C – LIVESTOCK LOCATION AND ASSOCIATED PRODUCER INFORMATION</b>			
9. Where were the claimed livestock physically located at the time they died? (Include County name, farm number, etc.)		10. Where is the current physical location of the livestock in inventory?	
FSN 100 and 201		FSN 100 and 201	
11. Associated Producers (List all other producers that have an ownership share of any livestock listed in Item 14 and indicate their share.)			

In accordance with Federal civil rights law and U.S. Department of Agriculture (USDA) civil rights regulations and policies, the USDA, its Agencies, offices, and employees, and institutions participating in or administering USDA programs are prohibited from discriminating based on race, color, national origin, religion, sex, gender identity (including gender expression), sexual orientation, disability, age, marital status, family/parental status, income derived from a public assistance program, political beliefs, or reprisal or retaliation for prior civil rights activity, in any program or activity conducted or funded by USDA (not all bases apply to all programs). Remedies and complaint filing deadlines vary by program or incident.

Persons with disabilities who require alternative means of communication for program information (e.g., Braille, large print, audiotape, American Sign Language, etc.) should contact the responsible Agency or USDA's TARGET Center at (202) 720-2600 (voice and TTY) or contact USDA through the Federal Relay Service at (800) 877-8339. Additionally, program information may be made available in languages other than English.

To file a program discrimination complaint, complete the USDA Program Discrimination Complaint Form, AD-3027, found online at <http://www.usda.gov/complaints> and at any USDA office or write a letter addressed to USDA and provide in the letter all of the information requested in the form. To request a copy of the complaint form, call (866) 930-9992. Submit your completed form or letter to USDA by: (1) mail: U.S. Department of Agriculture Office of the Assistant Secretary for Civil Rights 1400 Independence Avenue, SW Washington, D.C. 20258-3410; (2) fax: (202) 690-7442; or (3) email: [program.intake@usda.gov](mailto:program.intake@usda.gov). USDA is an equal opportunity provider, employer, and lender.

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## \*--89 CCC-852 (2017), Livestock Indemnity Program (Continued)

## C Example of CCC-852 (2017) – 2017B LIP for Scenario 2 (Continued)

Page 2 of 3

**CCC-852 (2017)** (05-17-18)

**PART D - LIVESTOCK INFORMATION**

12. Adverse Weather Event/ Animal Attack Date Number	13. Contract Grower		14. Livestock Kind/Type and Weight Range	15. Inventory on Date of Adverse Weather Event/Animal Attack	16. Number of Death Losses Due to Adverse Weather Event/Animal Attack	17. Number Lost Due to Normal Mortality	18. Number of Livestock Sold Due to Injury	19. Amount Received for Livestock Sold at Reduced Price	COC USE ONLY				
	Yes	No							20. Adjusted Inventory	21. Adjusted Number Lost Due to Adverse Weather/ Animal Attack	22. Adjusted Number Lost Due to Normal Mortality	23. Adjusted Number of Livestock Sold Due to Injury	24. Adjusted Amount Received for Livestock Sold at Reduced Price
109633	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	BEEF ADULT COW			5	15	\$6,750.00					
	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>											
	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>											
	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>											
	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>											
	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>											
	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>											
	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>											
	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>											

**PART E – DOCUMENTATION OF BEGINNING INVENTORY**

25. List the document(s) provided to verify beginning inventory. Attach copies of documents.	Number of Livestock
Example: Receipt from Harry's Sale Barn for purchase of 25 feeder pigs on November 10, 2014	25
A. FARM CREDIT BALANCE SHEET DATED FEB. 1, 2017	205
B.	
C.	
D.	

**PART F – DOCUMENTATION TO VERIFY LIVESTOCK LOSSES**

26. List the document(s) provided to verify livestock losses. Attach copies of documents.	Number of Livestock
Example: Rendering receipt for pick up of 10 pigs March 12, 2014	10
A. DATE STAMPED PICTURES	10
B. DATE STAMPED PICTURES	15
C. 3 <sup>rd</sup> PARTY CERTIFICATION OF INJURED LIVESTOCK	15
D. RENDERING TRUCK RECEIPTS FOR NORMAL MORTALITY DEATH	5

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## \*--89 CCC-852 (2017), Livestock Indemnity Program (Continued)

## C Example of CCC-852 (2017) – 2017B LIP for Scenario 2 (Continued)

CCC-852 (2017) (05-17-18)		Page 3 of 3
<b>PART G – DOCUMENTATION TO VERIFY LIVESTOCK SOLD AT REDUCED SALES PRICES</b>		
27. List the document(s) provided to prove livestock sales at reduced sales prices. Attach copies of documents.	Number of Livestock	
A. SALES RECEIPTS	15	
B.		
C.		
<b>PART H – SIMILAR LOSS/CONTRACT GROWERS</b>		
28. Other Compensation (Contract Growers) \$	29. Reduction \$	
<b>PART I – PRODUCER CERTIFICATION</b>		
<p>Payments under the Livestock Indemnity Program will be made with respect to certain livestock deaths and/or injuries that occurred as a direct result of an eligible adverse weather event, except drought, or attacks by animals reintroduced into the wild by the Federal Government or protected by Federal law, including wolves and avian predators. Each producer must file a separate form CCC-852 to be eligible to receive program benefits. By signing this application, the producer:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Agrees to provide CCC any documentation it requires to determine eligibility that verifies and supports all information provided, including the producer's certification, and understands the application may be disapproved if they fail to provide any such information requested by CCC;</li> <li>• Authorizes CCC, at any time, with or without their presence, to enter upon, inspect and verify all livestock, livestock deaths and/or injuries, and acreage in which they have an interest;</li> <li>• Agrees to comply with, and acknowledges they are subject to, all the regulations governing the program and understands that instructions and assistance are available for completing this form;</li> <li>• Authorizes CCC to obtain from third parties, such as, but not limited to, other government agencies, individuals, auction barns, contractors or processors, feed vendors, veterinarian services, and rendering services, records or other evidence that substantiates the information provided on this application or any supporting documentation provided.</li> </ul> <p><i>I certify that:</i></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• If applying as an individual, that I am a citizen of the United States or a resident alien; if applying as a partnership, the members of the partnership are citizens of the United States; or if applying as a corporation, limited liability corporation, or other farm organizational structure, the entity is organized under State law. If applying as a Native American tribe, the tribe is organized according to the Indian Self-Determination and Education Assistance Act; if applying as any Native American organization or entity, the Native American organization or entity is chartered under the Indian Reorganization Act; if applying as a Native American economic enterprise, the Native American economic enterprise was established under the Indian Financing Act of 1974;</li> <li>• On the day livestock died or were injured, I owned or was a contract grower of all livestock entered on this application and physically maintained control of all such livestock on that date for commercial use as part of my farming operation;</li> <li>• All livestock entered as losses on this application died or were injured as a direct result of an eligible adverse weather event(s) or eligible animal attack during the calendar year in Item 2 and no later than 60 calendar days from the ending dates of such adverse weather event(s) or eligible animal attack(s) provided in Item 7 in the county provided in Item 9, and that all losses occurred on or after October 1, 2011;</li> <li>• For injured livestock sold at a reduced price, I received compensation for those livestock as provided in Item 19.</li> <li>• I have not received any compensation for livestock losses listed on this application pursuant to section 10407(d) of the Animal Health Protection Act (7 U.S.C. 8306(d)).</li> </ul> <p>All livestock entered on this application meet all the livestock eligibility criteria provided in 7 CFR Part 1416 Subpart D, including being maintained for commercial use as part of my farming operation;</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• I understand that this application may be disapproved if information or evidence provided is false or in error, and that other sanctions or penalties could apply; and</li> <li>• All information on this application and all supporting documents I provided is true and correct.</li> </ul>		
30A. Producer's Signature (By)	30B. Title/Relationship of the Individual Signing in the Representative Capacity	30C. Date (MM/DD/YYYY) 06-07-2018
<b>PART J – COUNTY COMMITTEE DETERMINATION</b>		
31. COC or Designee Signature	32. Date (MM/DD/YYYY) 06-29-2018	33. Determination <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Approved <input type="checkbox"/> Disapproved

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## \*--89 CCC-852 (2017), Livestock Indemnity Program (Continued)

## D Example of CCC-852 (2017) – 2017B LIP for Scenario 3

This form is available electronically.		Page 1 of 3	
CCC-852 (2017) (05-17-15)	U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE Commodity Credit Corporation	1. State and County Code  <b>31 - 035</b>	2. Calendar Year  <b>2017</b>
<b>2017 LIVESTOCK INDEMNITY PROGRAM APPLICATION</b>		3. County Office Name  <b>Clay County</b>	4. Application Number  <b>56271</b>
<p><b>NOTE:</b> The following statement is made in accordance with the Privacy Act of 1974 (5 USC 552a - as amended). The authority for requesting the information identified on this form is 7 CFR Part 1416, the Commodity Credit Corporation Charter Act (15 U.S.C. 714 et seq.), the Agricultural Act of 2014 (Pub. L. 113-79), and the Bipartisan Budget Act of 2016 (PL 115-123). The information will be used to determine eligibility for livestock indemnity program benefits. The information collected on this form may be disclosed to other Federal, State, Local government agencies, Tribal agencies, and nongovernmental entities that have been authorized access to the information by statute or regulation and/or as described in applicable Routine Uses identified in the System of Records Notice for USDA/FSA-2, Farm Records File (Automated). Providing the requested information is voluntary. However, failure to furnish the requested information will result in a determination of ineligibility for livestock indemnity program benefits.</p> <p>This information collection is exempted from the Paperwork Reduction Act as specified in the Agricultural Act of 2014 (Pub. L. 113-79, Title I, Subtitle F-Administration).</p> <p>The provisions of criminal and civil fraud, privacy and other statutes may be applicable to the information provided. <b>RETURN THIS COMPLETED FORM TO YOUR COUNTY FSA OFFICE.</b></p>			
<b>PART A - PRODUCER INFORMATION</b>			
5. Producer's Name and Address (City, State and Zip Code) <b>Smith, Tom</b>			
<b>PART B - NOTICE OF LOSS</b>			
6. Date(s) of Occurrence/When Loss Was Apparent		7. Adverse Weather Event(s) or Eligible Animal Attack(s)	
<b>1) Start Date 05/15/2017 End Date 05/15/2017</b>		<b>1) Wild Fire</b>	
8. I am reporting that I have incurred livestock losses due to the adverse weather event(s) or eligible animal attacks listed in Item 7 and the losses occurred or were apparent to me on date(s) listed in Item 6.			
A. Producer's Signature (By)		B. Title/Relationship of the Individual Signing in the Representative Capacity	
		C. Date (MM/DD/YYYY) <b>05/16/2017</b>	
<b>PART C - LIVESTOCK LOCATION AND ASSOCIATED PRODUCER INFORMATION</b>			
9. Where were the claimed livestock physically located at the time they died? (Include County name, farm number, etc.) <b>Farm 1</b>		10. Where is the current physical location of livestock in inventory? <b>Farm 1</b>	
11. Associated Producers (List all other producers that have an ownership share of any livestock listed in item 14 and indicate their share.)			
<p><small>In accordance with Federal civil rights law and U.S. Department of Agriculture (USDA) civil rights regulations and policies, the USDA, its Agencies, offices, and employees, and institutions participating in or administering USDA programs are prohibited from discriminating based on race, color, national origin, religion, sex, gender identity (including gender expression), sexual orientation, disability, age, marital status, family/parental status, income derived from a public assistance program, political beliefs, or reprisal or retaliation for prior civil rights activity, in any program or activity conducted or funded by USDA (not all bases apply to all programs). Remedies and complaint filing deadlines vary by program or incident.</small></p> <p><small>Persons with disabilities who require alternative means of communication (e.g., Braille, large print, audiotape, American Sign Language, etc.) should contact the responsible Agency or USDA's TARGET Center at (202) 720-2600 (voice and TTY) or contact USDA through the Federal Relay Service at (800) 877-3339. Additionally, program information may be made available in languages other than English.</small></p> <p><small>To file a program discrimination complaint, complete the USDA Program Discrimination Complaint Form, AD-3027, found online at <a href="http://www.ascr.usda.gov/complaint_filing_cust.html">http://www.ascr.usda.gov/complaint_filing_cust.html</a> and at any USDA office or write a letter addressed to USDA and provide in the letter all of the information requested in the form. To request a copy of the complaint form, call (866) 632-6962. Submit your completed form or letter to USDA by: (1) mail, U.S. Department of Agriculture Office of the Assistant Secretary for Civil Rights 1400 Independence Avenue, SW Washington, D.C. 20250-9410; (2) fax: (202) 596-7442; or (3) email: <a href="mailto:program.intake@usda.gov">program.intake@usda.gov</a>. USDA is an equal opportunity provider, employer, and lender.</small></p>			

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## \*--89 CCC-852 (2017), Livestock Indemnity Program (Continued)

**D Example of CCC-852 (2017) – 2017B LIP for Scenario 3 (Continued)**

CCC-852 (2017) (05-17-18)										Page 2 of 3			
<b>PART D - LIVESTOCK INFORMATION</b>													
12. Adverse Weather Event/ Animal Attack Date Number	13. Contract Grower		14. Livestock Kind/Type and Weight Range	15. Inventory on Date of Adverse Weather Event/Animal Attack	16. Number of Death Losses Due to Adverse Weather Event/Animal Attack	17. Number Lost Due to Normal Mortality	18. Number of Livestock Sold Due to Injury	19. Amount Received for Livestock Sold at Reduced Price	COC USE ONLY				
	YES	NO							20. Adjusted Inventory	21. Adjusted Number Lost Due to Adverse Weather/ Animal Attack	22. Adjusted Number Lost Due to Normal Mortality	23. Adjusted Number of Livestock Sold Due to Injury	24. Adjusted Amount Received for Livestock Sold at Reduced Price
1	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Beef Adult Bull	7	0		1	\$1,000.00				0	\$0.00
1	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Beef Adult Cow	125	0		5	\$2,700.00					
1	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Beef Nonadult Less than 400 pounds	115	0		8	\$1,900.00					
<b>PART E - DOCUMENTATION OF BEGINNING INVENTORY</b>													
25. List the document(s) provided to verify beginning inventory. Attach copies of documents.										Number of Livestock			
A. Adult Beef - Bank Balance sheet										125			
B. Adult bulls - bank balance sheet										7			
C. calving records										115			
<b>PART F - DOCUMENTATION TO VERIFY LIVESTOCK LOSSES</b>													
26. List the document(s) provided to verify livestock losses. Attach copies of documents.										Number of Livestock			
A. Vet Statement										14			
<b>PART G - DOCUMENTATION TO VERIFY LIVESTOCK SOLD AT REDUCED SALES PRICES</b>													
27. List the document(s) provided to prove livestock sales at reduced sales prices. Attach copies of documents.										Number of Livestock			
A. Sales Receipts										14			
<b>PART H - SIMILAR LOSS/CONTRACT GROWERS</b>													
28. Other Compensation (Contract Growers) \$							29. Reduction \$						

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## \*--89 CCC-852 (2017), Livestock Indemnity Program (Continued)

**D Example of CCC-852 (2017) – 2017B LIP for Scenario 3 (Continued)**

<b>CCC-852 (2017) (05-17-18)</b>		Page 3 of 3
<b>PART I - PRODUCER CERTIFICATION</b>		
<p>Payments under the Livestock Indemnity Program will be made with respect to certain livestock deaths and/or injuries that occurred as a direct result of an eligible adverse weather event, except drought, or attacks by animals reintroduced into the wild by the Federal Government or protected by Federal law, including wolves and avian predators. Each producer must file a separate form CCC-852 to be eligible to receive program benefits. By signing this application, the producer:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>● Agrees to provide CCC any documentation it requires to determine eligibility that verifies and supports all information provided, including the producer's certification, and understands the application may be disapproved if they fail to provide any such information requested by CCC;</li> <li>● Authorizes CCC, at any time, with or without their presence, to enter upon, inspect and verify all livestock, livestock deaths and/or injuries, and acreage in which they have an interest;</li> <li>● Agrees to comply with, and acknowledges they are subject to, all the regulations governing the program and understands that instructions and assistance are available for completing this form;</li> <li>● Authorizes CCC to obtain from third parties, such as, but not limited to, other government agencies, individuals, auction barns, contractors or processors, feed vendors, veterinarian services, and rendering services, records or other evidence that substantiates the information provided on this application or any supporting documentation provided.</li> </ul> <p><i>I certify that:</i></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>● If applying as an individual, that I am a citizen of the United States or a resident alien; if applying as a partnership, the members of the partnership are citizens of the United States; or if applying as a corporation, limited liability corporation, or other farm organizational structure, the entity is organized under State law. If applying as a Native American tribe, the tribe is organized according to the Indian Self-Determination and Education Assistance Act; if applying as any Native American organization or entity, the Native American organization or entity is chartered under the Indian Reorganization Act; if applying as a Native American economic enterprise, the Native American economic enterprise was established under the Indian Financing Act of 1974;</li> <li>● On the day livestock died or were injured, I owned or was a contract grower of all livestock entered on this application and physically maintained control of all such livestock on that date for commercial use as part of my farming operation;</li> <li>● All livestock entered as losses on this application died or were injured as a direct result of an eligible adverse weather event(s) or eligible animal attack during the calendar year in Item 2 and no later than 60 calendar days from the ending dates of such adverse weather event(s) or eligible animal attack(s) provided in Item 7 in the county provided in Item 9, and that all losses occurred on or after October 1, 2011;</li> <li>● For injured livestock sold at a reduced price, I received compensation for those livestock as provided in Item 19.</li> <li>● I have not received any compensation for livestock losses listed on this application pursuant to section 10407(d) of the Animal Health Protection Act (7 U.S.C. 8306(d)).</li> </ul> <p>All livestock entered on this application meet all the livestock eligibility criteria provided in 7 CFR Part 1416 Subpart D, including being maintained for commercial use as part of my farming operation;</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>● I understand that this application may be disapproved if information or evidence provided is false or in error, and that other sanctions or penalties could apply; and</li> <li>● All information on this application and all supporting documents I provided is true and correct.</li> </ul>		
30A. Producer's Signature (By)	30B. Title/Relationship of the Individual Signing in the Representative Capacity	30C. Date (MM/DD/YYYY)  <b>06/21/2018</b>
<b>PART J - COUNTY COMMITTEE DETERMINATION</b>		
31. COC or Designee Signature	32. Date (MM/DD/YYYY)  <b>06/25/2018</b>	33. Determination  <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> <b>Approved</b> <input type="checkbox"/> <b>Disapproved</b>

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## \*--90 Scenario 1 of CCC-852, 2018 LIP Application

**A Eligible Loss Condition 1 – Death Losses**

ABC Ranch is a cow calf operator in Clay County, Nebraska. ABC Ranch is the owner and operator of Farm 500 in Clay County. Farm 500 is physically located in Clay County. On February 15, 2018, ABC Ranch owned a total of 200 head of adult beef cows in Clay County.

On February 15, 2018, ABC Ranch suffers 50 death losses of adult beef cows as a result of a blizzard. Prior to the blizzard, ABC Ranch had not lost any adult cattle due to normal mortality. On February 15, 2018, the owner of the ABC Ranch phones the Clay County FSA Office to report the 50 losses of adult beef cows because of the blizzard. The notice of loss, Part B and C of the 2018 LIP application form CCC-852, is shown below.

<b>PART B - NOTICE OF LOSS</b>						
6A. Notice of Loss Number	6B. Livestock Unit	6C. Associated Producers	6D. Eligible Loss Condition	6E. Eligible Loss Condition Start Date (MM-DD-YYYY)	6F. Eligible Loss Condition End Date (MM-DD-YYYY)	6G. Date Livestock Loss Is Apparent (MM-DD-YYYY)
109630	001958	ABC Ranch (OP)	Blizzards	02/15/2018	02/15/2018	02/15/2018
7. Where were the claimed livestock physically located at the time they died? (Include County name, farm number, etc.) FSN 500			8. Where is the current physical location of the livestock in inventory? FSN 500			
9. I certify that I have incurred livestock losses due to the eligible loss condition listed in Items 6A - G and the livestock losses occurred or were apparent to me on the date(s) listed in Item 6G.						
9A. Producer's Signature (By)			9B. Title/Relationship of the Individual Signing in the Representative Capacity		9C. Date (MM/DD/YYYY) 03/01/2018	
10. Producer certifies that all information in Part B is correct, whether personally entered by the producer or another party, and acknowledges receipt of a copy of this form.						
<b>PART C - COUNTY COMMITTEE DETERMINATION OF LOSS</b>						
11. COC approves or disapproves, as applicable, this notice of loss in Part B.						
A. COC or Designee Signature				B. Date (MM/DD/YYYY) 03/15/2018		C. Determination <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Approval <input type="checkbox"/> Disapproval

On March 1, 2018, the owner of ABC Ranch completes the 2018 LIP application for payment for 50 head of adult beef cattle that were lost due to the blizzard. The following information was provided to the Clay County FSA Office prior to ABC Ranch signing the LIP application for payment:

- proof of death loss documentation for 50 adult beef cattle losses because of the blizzard
- bank chattel inspection dated March January 28, 2018, to support beginning inventory of 200 head of adult beef cattle.--\*

## \*--90 Scenario 1 of CCC-852, 2018 LIP Application (Continued)

**A Eligible Loss Condition 1 – Death Losses**

On March 15, 2018 the Clay County Committee approved the 2018 LIP application for ABC Ranch. The 2018 LIP payment for ABC Ranch was certified and signed on March 18, 2018.

Normal mortality rate is 1.5 percent in Clay County for adult beef cattle.

PART D - APPLICATION FOR PAYMENT												COC USE ONLY				
12. Notice of Loss Number	13. Contract Grower		14. Livestock Kind/Type and Weight Range	15. Share	16. Number of Livestock Sold Before First Notice of Loss	17. Number of Livestock in Inventory on Day Before Eligible Loss Condition	18. Number of Livestock Lost Due to Eligible Loss Condition	19. Notice of Livestock Lost Due to Normal Mortality	20. Number of Livestock Added to Inventory Between Notices of Loss	21. Number of Livestock Sold Due to Injury	22. Amount Received for Livestock Sold at Reduced Price	23. Adjusted Number of Livestock in Inventory on Day Before Eligible Loss Condition	24. Adjusted Number of Livestock Lost Due to Eligible Loss Condition	25. Adjusted Number of Livestock Lost Due to Normal Mortality	26. Adjusted Number of Livestock Sold Due to Injury	27. Adjusted Amount Received for Livestock Sold at Reduced Price
	YES	NO														
109630	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Beef Adult Cow	100.00	0	200	50									
<b>PART E - DOCUMENTATION OF BEGINNING INVENTORY</b>																
28. List the document(s) provided to verify beginning inventory. Attach copies of documents.												Number of Livestock				
A. Bank chattel inspection												200				
<b>PART F - DOCUMENTATION TO VERIFY SALES AND PURCHASES</b>																
29. List the document(s) provided to verify livestock sales and/or purchases. Attach copies of documents.												Number of Livestock				
A.																
<b>PART G - DOCUMENTATION TO VERIFY LIVESTOCK LOSSES</b>																
30. List the document(s) provided to verify livestock losses. Attach copies of documents.												Number of Livestock				
A. Rendering truck receipts												50				
<b>PART H - DOCUMENTATION TO VERIFY LIVESTOCK SOLD AT REDUCED SALES PRICES</b>																
31. List the document(s) provided to prove livestock sales at reduced sale prices.												Number of Livestock				
A.																
<b>PART I - SIMILAR LOSS/CONTRACT GROWERS</b>																
32. Other Compensation (Contract Growers)										33. Reduction						
\$										\$						

On March 18, 2017, ABC Ranch received a payment of \$71,870 for the 50 head of livestock lost due to the blizzard.--\*

## \*--90 Scenario 1 of CCC-852, 2018 LIP Application (Continued)

**B Eligible Loss Condition 1 – Injured Livestock**

Five of the adult cows that survived the February blizzard were injured and had to be sold. On June 15, 2018, ABC Ranch contacts the Clay County FSA Office in person to report the injured 5 adult beef cattle that were sold on February 28, 2018.

On June 15, 2018, ABC Ranch provides the following to the Clay County FSA Office prior to signing the application for payment:

- 3<sup>rd</sup> party certification for the 5 adult cows that were injured due to blizzard
- sale barn sale receipt dated February 28, 2018, showing 5 adult beef cows being sold. The total sale price was; \$1,009.

Parts B and C of the 2018 CCC-852 LIP application does not need to be completed in this cases because ABC previously filed a notice of loss, CCC-852 (5-17-18), Parts B and C, for the blizzard when the 50 adult beef cows died. Therefore, in this case, the Clay County Office must “Edit” the livestock information previously filed on the application for payment for the 50 adult beef cows lost, to include the 5 adult cows injured and sold for \$1009.

Following is the automated 2018 LIP application for ABC Ranch.

Page 2 of 3

CCC-852 (05-17-18)												Calendar Year 2018				
Producer Name ABC Ranch																
<b>PART D - APPLICATION FOR PAYMENT</b>																
12. Notice of Loss Number	13. Contract Grower		14. Livestock Kind/Type and Weight Range	15. Share	16. Number of Livestock Sold Before First Notice of Loss	17. Number of Livestock in Inventory on Day Before Eligible Loss Condition	18. Number of Livestock Lost Due to Eligible Loss Condition	19. Notice of Livestock Lost Due to Normal Mortality	20. Number of Livestock Added to Inventory Between Notices of Loss	21. Number of Livestock Sold Due to Injury	22. Amount Received for Livestock Sold at Reduced Price	<b>COC USE ONLY</b>				
	YES	NO										23. Adjusted Number of Livestock in Inventory on Day Before Eligible Loss Condition	24. Adjusted Number of Livestock Lost Due to Eligible Loss Condition	25. Adjusted Number of Livestock lost Due to Normal Mortality	26. Adjusted Number of Livestock Sold Due to Injury	27. Adjusted Amount Received for Livestock Sold at Reduced Price
109684	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Beef Adult Cow	100.00		200	50			5	\$1,009.00					
<b>PART E - DOCUMENTATION OF BEGINNING INVENTORY</b>																
28. List the document(s) provided to verify beginning inventory. Attach copies of documents.												Number of Livestock				
A. Bank Chattel Inspection												200				
<b>PART F - DOCUMENTATION TO VERIFY SALES AND PURCHASES</b>																
29. List the document(s) provided to verify livestock sales and/or purchases. Attach copies of documents.												Number of Livestock				
A.																
<b>PART G - DOCUMENTATION TO VERIFY LIVESTOCK LOSSES</b>																
30. List the document(s) provided to verify livestock losses. Attach copies of documents.												Number of Livestock				
A. Rendering truck receipts												50				
<b>PART H - DOCUMENTATION TO VERIFY LIVESTOCK SOLD AT REDUCED SALES PRICES</b>																
31. List the document(s) provided to prove livestock sales at reduced sale prices.												Number of Livestock				
A. sale barn receipt												5				
B. 3rd party certification												5				
<b>PART I - SIMILAR LOSS/CONTRACT GROWERS</b>																
32. Other Compensation (Contract Growers)										33. Reduction						
\$										\$						

Clay County Office approves the revised application for payment on June 20, 2018. ABC Ranch receives an additional 2018 LIP payment of \$6,637 for injured livestock sold at a reduced price.--\*

## \*--91 CCC-852, Livestock Indemnity Program Application

**A Completing Manual CCC-852 – 2018 and Subsequent Years**

For 2018 and subsequent years, complete manual CCC-852 according to the following table.

<b>Item</b>	<b>Instructions</b>
1	Enter State and county code. This is the service center State and county responsible for the physical location county where the livestock loss occurred.
2	Enter the calendar year the eligible loss condition occurred that caused the livestock losses.
3	Enter County Office name. This is the service center County Office for the physical location county where the livestock units are physically located.
4	Enter the application number.  <b>Note:</b> This is an automated system-assigned number.
<b>Part A - Producer Information</b>	
5	Enter the name and address for the producer filing the notice of loss for the livestock unit provided in item 6B.
<b>Part B - Notice of Loss</b> Multiple notices of loss may be entered in Part B if more than 1 eligible loss condition resulted in the loss of eligible livestock during the calendar year and/or more than one livestock unit in the physical location county suffers livestock losses due to an eligible loss condition.	
6A	Enter the notice of loss number.  <b>Note:</b> This is an automated system-assigned number.
6B	Enter the livestock unit number affected by the livestock loss.  <b>Note:</b> Livestock unit numbers will be established in the NAP software according to paragraph 85.
6C	Enter the producers associated to the livestock unit entered in item 6B.
6D	Enter the eligible loss condition that caused the livestock losses. For final year end applications enter <b>all</b> eligible loss conditions in the calendar year in which losses are claimed.
6E	Enter the start date of the eligible loss condition listed in item 6D. For final year end applications enter December 31 of the applicable calendar year in which losses are claimed.
6F	Enter the end date of the eligible loss condition listed in item 6D.  <b>Note:</b> This is not a required field.
6G	Enter the date the livestock losses due to the eligible loss condition listed in item 6D, first became apparent to the producer.

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## \*--91 CCC-852, Livestock Indemnity Program Application (Continued)

## A Completing Manual CCC-852 – 2018 and Subsequent Years (Continued)

Item	Instructions
7	<p>Enter the physical location of claimed livestock at the time they died or were injured for the eligible loss condition. Include the name of the county where the claimed livestock were physically located at the time they died or were injured.</p> <p><b>Examples:</b> Jones County, TX, Farm 100, or 1211 Bovine Rd, Cow Palace, TX.</p>
8	<p>Enter the current physical location of the livestock in inventory.</p> <p><b>Examples:</b> Jones County, TX, Farm 100, or 1211 Bovine Rd., Cow Palace, TX.</p>
9A	<p>Producer or representative of producer may sign to indicate that livestock losses have occurred because of the eligible loss condition listed in item 6D and the losses occurred or were apparent to the producer on the dates listed in item 6G.</p> <p>Producer or producer representative may also file a “notice of loss” with the service center County Office responsible for the physical location county where the death loss occurred by any of the following alternative methods:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• telephone</li> <li>• facsimile</li> <li>• e-mail.</li> </ul> <p>Enter the method by which the Notice of Loss was filed with the service center County Office responsible for the physical location county where the death loss occurred if the producer or producer’s representative did not sign in item 9A.</p> <p><b>Note:</b> Multiple Notices of Loss may be filed during the calendar year if:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• multiple livestock units in the same physical location county were affected by livestock losses due to an eligible loss condition; and/or</li> <li>• multiple eligible loss conditions caused livestock losses affecting the same livestock units during the calendar year.</li> </ul>
9B	<p>Signatory in item 9A will enter their title/relationship when signing in the representative capacity.</p> <p>If a producer and/or applicant is <b>not</b> signing in the representative capacity, this field will be left blank. If a producer/applicant is signing on behalf of themselves, it is acceptable to write “self”; however, it is <b>not</b> necessary.</p>
9C	<p>Producer or producer’s representative enters date they signed “Notice of Loss” or County Office employee enters date producer or producer’s representative reported “Notice of Loss” using 1 of the alternative methods in item 9A.</p>
10	<p>No entry required. Producer certifies that all information in Part B is correct, whether personally entered by the producer or another party, and acknowledges receipt of a copy of this form.</p>

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## \*--91 CCC-852, Livestock Indemnity Program Application (Continued)

## A Completing Manual CCC-852 – 2018 and Subsequent Years (Continued)

Item	Instructions																											
<b>Part C – County Committee Determination of Loss</b>																												
11A	Enter COC signature.																											
11B	Enter date of COC action.																											
11C	CHECK ( ) “Approved” or “Disapproved”.																											
<b>Part D – Application for Payment</b>																												
12	Enter the notice of loss number, from item 6A, that caused the livestock losses listed in item 18.																											
13	Enter “Yes” if the producer in item 5 is a contract grower. Otherwise, enter “No”.																											
14	<p>For each livestock unit in the physical location county where the loss occurred, enter livestock kind, type, and weight range for which the loss occurred. A list of eligible livestock by kind, type, and weight range is found in paragraph 43.</p> <p>An entry in this field is always required when there is a loss in a particular livestock kind, type, and weight range.</p> <p>For different livestock units in the same physical location county affected by the same eligible loss condition and same livestock kind, type and weight range, enter as separate line items, for example as follows.</p> <table border="0"> <thead> <tr> <th><u>Notice of Loss Number</u></th><th><u>Unit Number</u></th><th><u>Livestock Kind, Type and Weight Range</u></th></tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>3</td><td>100</td><td>Adult Beef Cows</td></tr> <tr> <td>3</td><td>105</td><td>Adult Beef Cows</td></tr> </tbody> </table> <p>For subsequent eligible loss conditions in the calendar year for the <b>same</b> livestock unit and same livestock kind, type and weight range, enter as separate line items, for example as follows.</p> <table border="0"> <thead> <tr> <th><u>Notice of Loss Number</u></th><th><u>Unit Number</u></th><th><u>Livestock Kind, Type and Weight Range</u></th></tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>3</td><td>100</td><td>Adult Beef Cows</td></tr> <tr> <td>4</td><td>100</td><td>Adult Beef Cows</td></tr> </tbody> </table> <p>For subsequent eligible loss conditions in the calendar year, if livestock recorded for a previous eligible loss condition <b>move to a new weight range</b> and livestock losses occur in the new weight range, enter as separate line items, for example as follows.</p> <table border="0"> <thead> <tr> <th><u>Notice of Loss Number</u></th><th><u>Unit Number</u></th><th><u>Livestock Kind, Type and Weight Range</u></th></tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>3    300</td><td></td><td>Nonadult Beef cattle under 400 lbs</td></tr> <tr> <td>4    300</td><td></td><td>Nonadult Beef cattle 400 lbs. or more.</td></tr> </tbody> </table>	<u>Notice of Loss Number</u>	<u>Unit Number</u>	<u>Livestock Kind, Type and Weight Range</u>	3	100	Adult Beef Cows	3	105	Adult Beef Cows	<u>Notice of Loss Number</u>	<u>Unit Number</u>	<u>Livestock Kind, Type and Weight Range</u>	3	100	Adult Beef Cows	4	100	Adult Beef Cows	<u>Notice of Loss Number</u>	<u>Unit Number</u>	<u>Livestock Kind, Type and Weight Range</u>	3    300		Nonadult Beef cattle under 400 lbs	4    300		Nonadult Beef cattle 400 lbs. or more.
<u>Notice of Loss Number</u>	<u>Unit Number</u>	<u>Livestock Kind, Type and Weight Range</u>																										
3	100	Adult Beef Cows																										
3	105	Adult Beef Cows																										
<u>Notice of Loss Number</u>	<u>Unit Number</u>	<u>Livestock Kind, Type and Weight Range</u>																										
3	100	Adult Beef Cows																										
4	100	Adult Beef Cows																										
<u>Notice of Loss Number</u>	<u>Unit Number</u>	<u>Livestock Kind, Type and Weight Range</u>																										
3    300		Nonadult Beef cattle under 400 lbs																										
4    300		Nonadult Beef cattle 400 lbs. or more.																										
15	Enter the producer’s share in the livestock losses listed in item 18.																											

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## \*--91 CCC-852, Livestock Indemnity Program Application (Continued)

## A Completing Manual CCC-852 – 2018 and Subsequent Years (Continued)

Item	Instructions									
16	<p>Only a required entry when <b>both</b> of the following conditions are met:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>it is the first eligible loss condition in the calendar year for the livestock kind, type and weight range provided in item 14</li><li>normal mortality death losses are being claimed in item 19.</li></ul> <p>For the livestock kind, type and weight range listed in item 14, enter the number of livestock that were sold as of the earliest date normal mortality death losses are being claimed, in item 19, before, on, or during eligible loss condition.</p>									
17	<p>For the livestock kind, type and weight range listed in item 14, enter the total number of eligible livestock in inventory for the livestock unit as of the beginning date of the eligible loss condition.</p> <p>This is only a required entry for the first eligible loss condition in the calendar year for the livestock kind, type and weight range listed in item 14. This item must be left blank for subsequent eligible loss conditions in the calendar year for the livestock kind, type and weight range listed in item 14.</p> <p><b>Important:</b> For the first eligible loss condition, if normal mortality is claimed during the eligible loss condition, do not include those animals in beginning inventory.</p> <p>For the first eligible loss condition if lossess are only for injured livestock, beginning inventory must always be loaded.</p>									
18	<p>For the livestock kind, type and weight range listed in item 14, enter the number of livestock lost due to the corresponding eligible loss condition listed in item 6D.</p> <p><b>Note:</b> This is a required field. For each eligible loss condition and livestock kind, type and weight range, enter the number of livestock that died due to the eligible loss condition provided in item 6D.</p> <p><b>Important:</b> For final year end applications for payment, if applicable, enter “0” in this item.</p> <p><b>Example:</b> On March 17, 2017, Producer A loses 10 adult beef cows due to a hurricane (first eligible loss condition in the calendar year – notice of loss number 1). October 1, 2017, Producer A loses 5 adult beef cows due to flood (second eligible loss condition in the calendar year for the livestock kind, type and weight range notice of loss number 2). Enter the number of livestock death losses on the manual CCC-852 as follows.</p> <table><tr><th><u>Notice of Loss Number</u></th><th><u>Livestock Kind, Type And Weight Range</u></th><th><u>Number of Death Losses</u></th></tr><tr><td>1</td><td>Beef, Adult Cows</td><td>10</td></tr><tr><td>2</td><td>Beef, Adult Cows</td><td>5</td></tr></table>	<u>Notice of Loss Number</u>	<u>Livestock Kind, Type And Weight Range</u>	<u>Number of Death Losses</u>	1	Beef, Adult Cows	10	2	Beef, Adult Cows	5
<u>Notice of Loss Number</u>	<u>Livestock Kind, Type And Weight Range</u>	<u>Number of Death Losses</u>								
1	Beef, Adult Cows	10								
2	Beef, Adult Cows	5								

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## \*--91 CCC-852, Livestock Indemnity Program Application (Continued)

## A Completing Manual CCC-852 – 2018 and Subsequent Years (Continued)

Item	Instructions
19	<p>For the livestock kind, type and weight range listed in item 14, enter the number of livestock lost due to normal mortality, as follows:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• for the first eligible loss condition in the calendar year for the livestock kind, type and weight range, listed in item 14, enter the number of livestock that died because of normal mortality before, on or during the first eligible loss condition</li> <li>• for subsequent eligible loss condition(s) in the calendar year for the livestock kind, type, and weight range, listed in item 14, enter the number of livestock that died because of normal mortality after the previous eligible loss condition and before, on or during the current eligible loss condition</li> <li>• for final year end applications, enter the number of livestock that died because of normal mortality after the last eligible loss condition in the calendar year for the livestock kind, type and weight range and by December 31 in which benefits are requested.</li> </ul>
20	<p>For each livestock kind, type and weight range, enter the number of livestock added to inventory between notices of loss, as follows:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• for the first eligible loss condition in the calendar year this item must be left blank.</li> <li>• for subsequent eligible loss condition(s), enter the number of livestock that were added to inventory (livestock purchased, born, added to weight range) after the previous eligible loss condition for the livestock kind, type and weight range, and before, on or during the current eligible loss condition.</li> <li>• for final year end applications, enter the number of livestock added to inventory (livestock purchased, born, added to weight range) after last eligible loss condition in the calendar year and by December 31 in which benefits are requested.</li> </ul>

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## \*--91 CCC-852, Livestock Indemnity Program Application (Continued)

## A Completing Manual CCC-852 – 2018 and Subsequent Years (Continued)

Item	Instructions									
21	<p>For the livestock kind, type and weight range listed in item 14, enter the number of livestock injured and sold at a reduced price due to the corresponding eligible loss condition listed in item 6D.</p> <p><b>Note:</b> This is a required field for injured livestock. For each eligible loss condition and livestock kind, type and weight range, enter the number of livestock that was injured due to the eligible loss condition provided in item 6D.</p> <p><b>Important:</b> For final year end applications for payment, if applicable, enter “0” in this item.</p> <p><b>Example:</b> On March 17, 2017, Producer A sells 5 adult beef cows due to a hurricane (first eligible loss condition in the calendar year – notice of loss number 1). October 1, 2017, Producer A loses 5 adult beef cows due to flood (second eligible loss condition in the calendar year for the livestock kind, type and weight range notice of loss number 2). Enter the number of livestock injured on the manual CCC-852 as follows.</p> <table><tr><th><u>Notice of Loss Number</u></th><th><u>Livestock Kind, Type And Weight Range</u></th><th><u>Number of Injured Livestock</u></th></tr><tr><td>1</td><td>Beef, Adult Cows</td><td>5</td></tr><tr><td>2</td><td>Beef, Adult Cows</td><td>5</td></tr></table>	<u>Notice of Loss Number</u>	<u>Livestock Kind, Type And Weight Range</u>	<u>Number of Injured Livestock</u>	1	Beef, Adult Cows	5	2	Beef, Adult Cows	5
<u>Notice of Loss Number</u>	<u>Livestock Kind, Type And Weight Range</u>	<u>Number of Injured Livestock</u>								
1	Beef, Adult Cows	5								
2	Beef, Adult Cows	5								
22	<p>For each livestock kind, type and weight range, enter the dollar amount the producer received for the injured livestock.</p> <p><b>Note:</b> This is a required entry if producers reports livestock sold in Item 20. Sales documentation is required. See paragraph 44.</p>									

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## \*--91 CCC-852, Livestock Indemnity Program Application (Continued)

## A Completing Manual CCC-852 – 2018 and Subsequent Years (Continued)

Item	Instructions
23	<p>COC will enter the adjusted number of livestock on day before the eligible loss condition, if applicable.</p> <p><b>Notes:</b> An entry is only required when COC determines a livestock inventory on day before the eligible loss condition different than the inventory certified to by the producer.</p> <p>The producer must be provided applicable appeal rights according to 1-APP if an entry is entered in item 21 and only after Parts I and J are complete.</p>
24	<p>COC will enter the adjusted number of livestock lost due to an eligible loss condition, if applicable.</p> <p><b>Notes:</b> An entry is only required when COC determines the number of eligible livestock lost because of an eligible loss condition is different than the number of livestock certified to by the producer as lost because of the eligible loss condition.</p> <p>The producer must be provided applicable appeal rights according to 1-APP if an entry is entered in item 22 and only after Parts I and J are complete.</p>
25	<p>COC will enter the adjusted number of livestock lost because of normal mortality, if applicable.</p> <p><b>Notes:</b> An entry is only required when COC determines the number of livestock lost because of normal mortality is different than the number of livestock certified to by the producer as lost because of normal mortality.</p> <p>The producer must be provided applicable appeal rights according to 1-APP if an entry is entered in item 23 and only after Parts I and J are complete.</p>
26	<p>COC will enter the adjusted number of livestock sold at a reduced price, if applicable.</p> <p><b>Notes:</b> An entry is only required when COC determines the number of livestock injured and sold at a reduced price is different than the number of livestock certified to by the producer as sold.</p> <p>The producer must be provided applicable appeal rights according to 1-APP if an entry is entered in item 23 and only after Parts I and J are complete.</p>

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## \*--91 CCC-852, Livestock Indemnity Program Application (Continued)

## A Completing Manual CCC-852 – 2018 and Subsequent Years (Continued)

Item	Instructions
27	<p>COC will enter the adjusted dollar amount of livestock sold at a reduced price, if applicable.</p> <p><b>Notes:</b> An entry is only required when COC determines the number of livestock injured and sold at a reduced price is different than the number of livestock certified to by the producer as sold.</p> <p>The producer must be provided applicable appeal rights according to 1-APP if an entry is entered in item 23 and only after Parts I and J are complete</p>
<b>Part E – Documentation of Beginning Inventory</b>	
28	<p>Enter the type of supporting documentation provided by the producer to verify beginning inventory and enter the number of livestock supported by the documentation provided.</p> <p><b>Note:</b> See paragraph 44 for examples of acceptable documentation that may provide verifiable evidence of livestock beginning inventory.</p>
<b>Part F – Documentation to Verify Sales and Purchases</b>	
29	<p>Enter the type of supporting documentation provided by the producer to verify livestock sales and/or purchases and enter the number of livestock supported by the documentation provided.</p>
<b>Part G – Documentation to Verify Livestock Losses</b>	
30	<p>Enter the type of documentation provided by the producer to verify livestock losses due to normal mortality and losses as a direct result of an eligible loss condition. Enter the applicable number of livestock supported by the documentation provided.</p> <p><b>Note:</b> See paragraph 44 for acceptable documentation for verifying livestock losses.</p>
<b>Part H – Documentation to Verify Livestock Injured and Sold</b>	
31	<p>Enter the type of documentation provided by the producer to verify livestock injured and sold. Enter the type of documentation provided to verify the reduced sale price. Enter the applicable number of livestock supported by the documentation provided.</p> <p><b>Note:</b> See paragraph 44 for acceptable documentation for verifying livestock losses.</p>

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## \*--91 CCC-852, Livestock Indemnity Program Application (Continued)

## A Completing Manual CCC-852 – 2018 and Subsequent Years (Continued)

Item	Instructions
<b>Part I - Similar Loss/Contract Growers</b>	
32	Enter the amount of monetary compensation received by the producer from their contractor for the loss of income suffered from the death of the livestock under contract (for contract growers only).
33	Enter amount of compensation received from other disaster assistance programs for the same livestock losses.  <b>Important:</b> Include benefits received from any Federal or State established programs for the same livestock losses because of eligible attacks.
<b>Part J - Producer Certification</b>	
34A through 34C	After reading the certification, the livestock owner or contract grower or representative signs and dates.  Signatory in item 34A will enter their title/relationship when signing in the representative capacity.  If a producer/applicant is <b>not</b> signing in the representative capacity, this field will be left blank. If an applicant is signing on behalf of themselves, it is acceptable to write “self”; however, it is <b>not</b> necessary.
<b>Part K - County Committee Determination</b>	
35A	Enter COC signature.
35B	Enter date of COC action.
35C	Enter a check in approved or disapproved box.  <b>Important:</b> CCC-852 must be approved or disapproved as certified by the producer after applicable COC adjustment fields are completed. Provide appeal rights according to 1-APP if the application is either disapproved or if COC made adjustments to claimed losses.

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## \*--91 CCC-852, Livestock Indemnity Program Application (Continued)

**B Example of CCC-852 – 2018 and Subsequent Years**

Following is an example of CCC-852.

This form is available electronically. Page 1 of 3

<b>CCC-852</b> (05-17-18)	<b>U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE</b> Commodity Credit Corporation
<b>LIVESTOCK INDEMNITY PROGRAM APPLICATION</b> <b>2018 and Subsequent Years</b>	
1. State and County Code 31-035	2. Calendar Year 2018
3. County Office Name Clay County	4. Application Number 56236

**NOTE:** The following statement is made in accordance with the Privacy Act of 1974 (5 USC 552a - as amended). The authority for requesting the information identified on this form is 7 CFR Part 1416, the Commodity Credit Corporation Charter Act (15 U.S.C. 714 et seq.), the Agricultural Act of 2014 (Pub. L. 113-79), and the Bipartisan Budget Act of 2018 (PL 115-123). The information will be used to determine eligibility for livestock indemnity program benefits. The information collected on this form may be disclosed to other Federal, State, Local government agencies, Tribal agencies, and nongovernmental entities that have been authorized access to the information by statute or regulation and/or as described in applicable Routine Uses Identified in the System of Records Notice for USDA/FSA-2, Farm Records File (Automated). Providing the requested information is voluntary. However, failure to furnish the requested information will result in a determination of ineligibility for livestock indemnity program benefits.

*This information collection is exempted from the Paperwork Reduction Act as specified in the Agricultural Act of 2014 (Pub. L. 113-79, Title I, Subtitle F-Administration).*

*The provisions of criminal and civil fraud, privacy and other statutes may be applicable to the information provided. RETURN THIS COMPLETED FORM TO YOUR COUNTY FSA OFFICE.*

**PART A – PRODUCER INFORMATION**

5. Producer's Name and Address (City, State and Zip Code)  
 ABC Ranch  
 123 Magnolia St.  
 Clay, NE 68676

**PART B – NOTICE OF LOSS**

6A. Notice of Loss Number	6B. Livestock Unit	6C. Associated Producers	6D. Eligible Loss Condition	6E. Eligible Loss Condition Start Date (MM-DD-YYYY)	6F. Eligible Loss Condition End Date (MM-DD-YYYY)	6G. Date Livestock Loss Is Apparent (MM-DD-YYYY)
109630	001958	ABC Ranch (OP)	Blizzards	2/15/2018	2/5/2018	2/15/2018

7. Where were the claimed livestock physically located at the time they died? (Include County name, farm number, etc.)  
 FSN 500

8. Where is the current physical location of the livestock in inventory?  
 FSN 500

9. I certify that I have incurred livestock losses due to the eligible loss condition listed in Items 6A - G and the livestock losses occurred or were apparent to me on the date(s) listed in Item 6G.

9A. Producer's Signature (By) \_\_\_\_\_ 9B. Title/Relationship of the Individual Signing in the Representative Capacity \_\_\_\_\_ 9C. Date (MM/DD/YYYY)  
 3/1/2018

10. Producer certifies that all information in Part B is correct, whether personally entered by the producer or another party, and acknowledges receipt of a copy of this form.

**PART C – COUNTY COMMITTEE DETERMINATION OF LOSS**

11. COC approves or disapproves, as applicable, this notice of loss in Part B.

A. COC or Designee Signature _____	B. Date (MM/DD/YYYY) 3/15/2018	C. Determination <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Approval <input type="checkbox"/> Disapproval
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**B Example of CCC-852 – 2018 and Subsequent Years (Continued)**

CCC-852 (05-17-18)

Page 2 of 3

Producer Name ABC Ranch										Calendar Year 2018							
PART D – APPLICATION FOR PAYMENT										COC USE ONLY							
12. Notice of Loss Number	13. Contract Grower		14. Livestock Kind/Type and Weight Range	15. Share	16. Number of Livestock Sold Before First Notice of Loss	17. Number of Livestock in Inventory on Day Before Eligible Loss Condition	18. Number of Livestock Lost Due to Eligible Loss Condition	19. Number of Livestock Lost Due to Normal Mortality	20. Number of Livestock Added to Inventory Between Notices of Loss	21. Number of Livestock Sold Due to Injury	22. Amount Received for Livestock Sold at Reduced Price	23. Adjusted Number of Livestock in Inventory on Day Before Eligible Loss Condition	24. Adjusted Number of Livestock Lost Due to Eligible Loss Condition	25. Adjusted Number of Livestock lost Due to Normal Mortality	26. Adjusted Number of Livestock Sold Due to Injury	27. Adjusted Amount Received for Livestock Sold at Reduced Price	
	YES	NO															
109630	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Beef Adult COW	100.00	0	200	50			5	\$1,009.0						
	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>															
	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>															
	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>															
	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>															
PART E – DOCUMENTATION OF BEGINNING INVENTORY																	
28. List the document(s) provided to verify beginning inventory. Attach copies of documents.															Number of Livestock		
Example: Receipt from Harry's Sale Barn for purchase of 25 feeder pigs on November 10, 2014															25		
A. Bank Chattel Inspection															200		
B.																	
C.																	
D.																	
PART F – DOCUMENTATION TO VERIFY SALES AND PURCHASES																	
29. List the document(s) provided to verify livestock sales and/or purchases. Attach copies of documents.															Number of Livestock		
Example: Receipts from Bill's Sale Barn for the sale of 5 pigs May 1, 2014															5		
A.																	
B.																	
C.																	
D.																	
PART G – DOCUMENTATION TO VERIFY LIVESTOCK LOSSES																	
30. List the document(s) provided to verify livestock losses. Attach copies of documents.															Number of Livestock		
Example: Rendering receipt for pick up of 10 pigs March 12, 2014															10		
A. Rendering truck receipts															50		
B.																	
C.																	
D.																	
PART H – DOCUMENTATION TO VERIFY LIVESTOCK SOLD AT REDUCED SALES PRICES																	
31. List the document(s) provided to prove livestock sales at reduced sale prices.															Number of Livestock		
A. Sale barn receipt															5		
B. 3 <sup>rd</sup> Party Certification															5		
C.																	

## \*--91 CCC-852, Livestock Indemnity Program Application (Continued)

## B Example of CCC-852 – 2018 and Subsequent Years (Continued)

CCC-852 (05-17-18)		Page 3 of 3
<b>PART I – SIMILAR LOSS/CONTRACT GROWERS</b>		
32. Other Compensation (Contract Growers) \$	33. Reduction \$	
<b>PART J – PRODUCER CERTIFICATION</b>		
<p>Payments under the Livestock Indemnity Program will be made with respect to certain livestock deaths and/or injuries occurred as a direct result of an eligible adverse weather event, except drought, or attacks by animals reintroduced into the wild by the Federal Government or protected by Federal law, including wolves and avian predators. Each producer must file a separate form CCC-852 to be eligible to receive program benefits. By signing this application, the producer:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Agrees to provide CCC any documentation it requires to determine eligibility that verifies and supports all information provided, including the producer's certification, and understands the application may be disapproved if they fail to provide any such information requested by CCC;</li> <li>Authorizes CCC, at any time, with or without their presence, to enter upon, inspect and verify all livestock, livestock deaths and/or injuries, and acreage in which they have an interest;</li> <li>Agrees to comply with, and acknowledges they are subject to, all the regulations governing the program and understands that instructions and assistance are available for completing this form;</li> <li>Authorizes CCC to obtain from third parties, such as, but not limited to, other government agencies, individuals, auction barns, contractors or processors, feed vendors, veterinarian services, and rendering services, records or other evidence that substantiates the information provided on this application or any supporting documentation provided.</li> </ul> <p><b>I certify that:</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>If applying as an individual, that I am a citizen of the United States or a resident alien; if applying as a partnership, the members of the partnership are citizens of the United States; or if applying as a corporation, limited liability corporation, or other farm organizational structure, the entity is organized under State law. If applying as a Native American tribe, the tribe is organized according to the Indian Self-Determination and Education Assistance Act; if applying as any Native American organization or entity, the Native American organization or entity is chartered under the Indian Reorganization Act; if applying as a Native American economic enterprise, the Native American economic enterprise was established under the Indian Financing Act of 1974;</li> <li>On the day livestock died or were injured, I owned or was a contract grower of all livestock entered on this application and physically maintained control of all such livestock on that date for commercial use as part of my farming operation;</li> <li>All livestock entered as losses on this application died or were injured as a direct result of an eligible adverse weather event(s) or eligible animal attack during the calendar year in Item 2 and no later than 30 calendar days from the ending dates of such adverse weather event(s) or eligible animal attack(s) provided in Item 6 in the county provided in Item 7, and that all losses occurred on or after October 1, 2011;</li> <li>For injured livestock sold at a reduced price, I received compensation for those livestock as provided in Item 22.</li> <li>I have not received any compensation for livestock losses listed on this application pursuant to section 10407(d) of the Animal Health Protection Act (7 U.S.C. 8306(d)).</li> </ul> <p>All livestock entered on this application meet all the livestock eligibility criteria provided in 7 CFR Part 1416 Subpart D, including being maintained for commercial use as part of my farming operation;</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>I understand that this application may be disapproved if information or evidence provided is false or in error, and that other sanctions or penalties could apply; and</li> </ul> <p>All information on this application and all supporting documents I provided is true and correct.</p>		
34A. Producer's Signature (By)	34B. Title/Relationship of the Individual Signing in the Representative Capacity	34C. Date (MM/DD/YYYY) 6/20/2018
<b>PART K – COUNTY COMMITTEE DETERMINATION</b>		
35A. COC or Designee Signature	35B. Date (MM/DD/YYYY) 6/25/2018	35C. Determination <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Approved <input type="checkbox"/> Disapproved
<p><small>In accordance with Federal civil rights law and U.S. Department of Agriculture (USDA) civil rights regulations and policies, the USDA, its Agencies, offices, and employees, and institutions participating in or administering USDA programs are prohibited from discriminating based on race, color, national origin, religion, sex, gender identity (including gender expression), sexual orientation, disability, age, marital status, family/parental status, income derived from a public assistance program, political beliefs, or reprisal or retaliation for prior civil rights activity, in any program or activity conducted or funded by USDA (not all bases apply to all programs). Remedies and complaint filing deadlines vary by program or incident.</small></p> <p><small>Persons with disabilities who require alternative means of communication for program information (e.g., Braille, large print, audiotape, American Sign Language, etc.) should contact the responsible Agency or USDA's TARGET Center at (202) 720-2600 (voice and TTY) or contact USDA through the Federal Relay Service at (800) 877-8339. Additionally, program information may be made available in languages other than English.</small></p> <p><small>To file a program discrimination complaint, complete the USDA Program Discrimination Complaint Form, AD-3027, found online at <a href="http://www.ascr.usda.gov/complaint_filing_cust.html">http://www.ascr.usda.gov/complaint_filing_cust.html</a> and at any USDA office or write a letter addressed to USDA and provide in the letter all of the information requested in the form. To request a copy of the complaint form, call (866) 632-9992. Submit your completed form or letter to USDA by: (1) mail: U.S. Department of Agriculture, Office of the Assistant Secretary for Civil Rights, 1400 Independence Avenue, SW Washington, D.C. 20250-9410; (2) fax: (202) 690-7442; or (3) email: <a href="mailto:program.intel@usda.gov">program.intel@usda.gov</a>. USDA is an equal opportunity provider, employer, and lender.</small></p>		

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## \*--92 CCC-770 LIP, Livestock Indemnity Program Checklist

## A Completing CCC-770's

CCC-770 LIP will be completed according to the following.

Item	Instructions
1	Enter the name of the producer.
2	Enter applicable State name.
3	Enter County Office name that is completing CCC-770 LIP.
4	Enter the calendar year for which benefits are being requested from CCC-852, item 2.
5-27	Check (✓) "YES", "NO", or "N/A", as applicable for each entry.
28	Enter any remarks that may explain special circumstances or explanation for items checked "NO".
29A and B, 30A and B	Any employee that initials 1 or more items from 5 through 27 must certify by signing as preparer and entering date of signature.
31A, B, and C	<b>Important:</b> This item will be completed if CCC-770 LIP is selected for spot check. If CCC-770 LIP is selected for spot check, CED or designated representative must certify: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• item 33A by checking "Concur" or "Do Not Concur" accordingly if CCC-770 LIP items have been verified and completed</li> <li>• item 33B by signing</li> <li>• item 33C by entering date or signature.</li> </ul>
32A, B, and C	<b>Important:</b> This item will be completed if CCC-770 LIP is selected for spot check. If CCC-770 LIP is selected for spot check, CED or designated representative must certify: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• item 34A by checking "Concur" or "Do Not Concur" accordingly if CCC-770 LIP items have been verified and completed</li> <li>• item 34B by signing</li> <li>• item 34C by entering date or signature.</li> </ul>

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## \*--92 CCC-770 LIP, Livestock Indemnity Program Checklist (Continued)

**B Example of CCC-770 LIP**

Following is an example of CCC-770 LIP.

This form is available electronically. <b>CCC-770 LIP</b> <b>U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE</b> (09-16-16)      Farm Service Agency					1. Producer Name	2. State Name
<b>LIVESTOCK INDEMNITY PROGRAM (LIP) CHECKLIST</b>					3. County Office Name	4. Calendar Year
<b>NOTE:</b> County Offices shall ensure that eligibility has been updated according to CCC-770 ELIG 2014 as applicable, before payments are issued for applicable producer.						
<b>Office Staff Actions</b>		<b>Handbook or Other Reference</b>	<b>YES</b>	<b>NO</b>	<b>N/A</b>	
5. Did the participant file a notice of loss on CCC-852, Parts A and B, for the physical location of the loss by the applicable deadline?		1-LDAP (Rev. 1), Paragraphs 40 and 71				
6. Did the participant sign and date CCC-852, application for payment for the physical location of the loss, by the applicable deadline?		1-LDAP (Rev. 1), Paragraphs 40 and 73				
7. If a participant files an application for payment, was signature authority verified?		1-CM, Part 25				
8. Does the loss condition which caused the loss of the claimed livestock meet the definition of an eligible loss condition?		1-LDAP (Rev. 1), Paragraphs 23 and 41				
9A. Do all of the livestock on the CCC-852 meet the requirements for being eligible livestock for owners or contract growers, as applicable?		1-LDAP (Rev. 1), Subparagraphs 42A and B				
9B. Does the total inventory in Item 15 on CCC-852, include all livestock in inventory in the administrative county for the physical location of the loss?		1-LDAP (Rev. 1) Subparagraph 76A				
9C. If subsequent losses occur within a particular kind/type and weight range, has the inventory in Item 15 on CCC-852 been recorded correctly?		1-LDAP (Rev. 1), Subparagraph 76A				
10. Does the applicant meet the requirements of an eligible livestock owner or eligible livestock contract grower, as applicable?		1-LDAP (Rev. 1), Subparagraphs 42D and E				
11. Did the applicant provide verifiable documentation of livestock losses claimed on CCC-852, including livestock the participant claims died because of normal mortality?		1-LDAP (Rev. 1), Subparagraph 44E				
12. If item 11, is answered "NO", did the applicant provide reliable documentation of losses, in conjunction with verifiable beginning and ending inventory records as documentation of livestock loss claimed on CCC-852, including livestock the participant claims died because of normal mortality?		1-LDAP (Rev. 1), Subparagraphs 44B and D				
13. If item 12 is answered "YES", has the COC determined whether the claimed livestock losses appear reasonable and acceptable?		1-LDAP (Rev. 1), Subparagraph 44D				
14. If item 12 is answered "NO", was a 3 <sup>rd</sup> party certification provided on CCC-854 to document livestock losses, in conjunction with verifiable beginning and ending inventory records as documentation of livestock loss claimed on CCC-852, including livestock the participant claims died because of normal mortality?		1-LDAP (Rev. 1), Subparagraph 44C				
15. If item 14 is "YES", does the CCC-854 indicate the number, kind/type and weight range of participant's livestock that died?		1-LDAP (Rev. 1), Subparagraph 45A				
16. If item 14 is "YES", did COC approve/disapprove, sign and date CCC-854 after completing the review, and document review in COC minutes?		1-LDAP (Rev. 1), Subparagraphs 44C and 45A				
17. If the applicant is a calf and/or lamb open range livestock operation, were beginning livestock inventory records provided timely to determine the livestock beginning inventory history and were these records supported by written verifiable records?		1-LDAP (Rev. 1), Subparagraph 44E				
18. If item 17 was answered "YES", did COC determine if the livestock beginning inventory records are acceptable and calculate the approved livestock beginning inventory history using CCC-856?		1-LDAP (Rev. 1), Subparagraph 44E and Paragraph 77				
19. If item 17 was answered "YES", did COC review and approve/disapprove CCC-856 and was their determination documented in the COC minutes?		1-LDAP (Rev. 1), Subparagraph 44E and Paragraph 77				
20. Were livestock death losses claimed on CCC-852 attributed to an eligible attack?		1-LDAP (Rev. 1), Paragraph 23 and Subparagraph 41F				

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## \*--92 CCC-770 LIP, Livestock Indemnity Program Checklist (Continued)

## B Example of CCC-770 LIP (Continued)

Office Staff Actions		Handbook or Other Reference	YES	NO	N/A
21. If Item 20 is answered "YES", was documentation provided to substantiate livestock losses due to eligible attacks?		1-LDAP (Rev. 1), Subparagraph 44G			
22. Was all supporting documentation provided by the participant and on file in the County Office by the signup deadline and before CCC-852 was approved?		1-LDAP (Rev. 1), Subparagraph 44D			
23. If applicant is an eligible contract grower, has the LIP payment amount been reduced for the calendar year listed in Item 4, by the amount of monetary compensation received from their contractor for the loss of income in the calendar year listed in Item 4, from the dead livestock?		1-LDAP (Rev. 1), Subparagraph 43C			
24. Has CCC-852 been signed, dated, and approved by COC, CED, or authorized representative?		1-LDAP (Rev. 1), Paragraphs 73, 75, and 76			
25. Has CCC-852 approval/disapproval been thoroughly documented in COC minutes?		1-LDAP (Rev. 1), Paragraph 75			
26. If CCC-852, CCC-854 or CCC-856 is disapproved, or if any COC adjustments have been made, has the producer been notified in writing and provided the applicable appeal rights?		1-LDAP (Rev. 1), Paragraph 75			
27. Has a second party review been conducted and has CCC-852 been initialed and dated, if applicable?		1-LDAP (Rev. 1), Subparagraph 73D			
28. Remarks					
<b>Certification</b>					
29A. Signature of Preparer(s)		29B. Date (MM-DD-YYYY)	30A. Signature of Preparer(s)		30B. Date (MM-DD-YYYY)
<b>31A. I concur/do not concur the above items have been verified and updated accordingly:</b> <input type="checkbox"/> Concur <input type="checkbox"/> Do Not Concur					
31B. CED Signature for Spot Check					31C. Date (MM-DD-YYYY)
<b>32A. I concur/do not concur the above items have been verified and updated accordingly:</b> <input type="checkbox"/> Concur <input type="checkbox"/> Do Not Concur					
32B. STC Designee Signature for Spot Check					32C. Date (MM-DD-YYYY)
<small>In accordance with Federal civil rights law and U.S. Department of Agriculture (USDA) civil rights regulations and policies, the USDA, its Agencies, offices, and employees, and institutions participating in or administering USDA programs are prohibited from discriminating based on race, color, national origin, religion, sex, gender identity (including gender expression), sexual orientation, disability, age, marital status, family/parental status, income derived from a public assistance program, political beliefs, or reprisal or retaliation for prior civil rights activity, in any program or activity conducted or funded by USDA (not all bases apply to all programs). Remedies and complaint filing deadlines vary by program or incident.</small>					
<small>Persons with disabilities who require alternative means of communication for program information (e.g., Braille, large print, audiotope, American Sign Language, etc.) should contact the responsible Agency or USDA's TARGET Center at (202) 720-2600 (voice and TTY) or contact USDA through the Federal Relay Service at (800) 877-8339. Additionally, program information may be made available in languages other than English.</small>					
<small>To file a program discrimination complaint, complete the USDA Program Discrimination Complaint Form, AD-3027, found online at <a href="http://www.ascr.usda.gov/complaint_filing_cust.html">http://www.ascr.usda.gov/complaint_filing_cust.html</a> and at any USDA office or write a letter addressed to USDA and provide in the letter all of the information requested in the form. To request a copy of the complaint form, call (866) 632-9992. Submit your completed form or letter to USDA by: (1) mail: U.S. Department of Agriculture Office of the Assistant Secretary for Civil Rights 1400 Independence Avenue, SW Washington, D.C. 20250-9410; (2) fax: (202) 690-7442; or (3) email: <a href="mailto:program.intake@usda.gov">program.intake@usda.gov</a>. USDA is an equal opportunity provider, employer, and lender.</small>					

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**\*--93 Livestock Units****A CCC-852 Notice of Loss and Application for Payment**

CCC-852, Notice of Loss and Application for Payment, must be filed by livestock units. A notice of loss (CCC-852, Parts A and B) must be filed separately for each livestock unit by physical location county where the livestock losses occurred. However, an application for payment (CCC-852, Parts D-I) must be filed, by physical location, for all livestock units that suffered livestock losses in the calendar year.

In the following example, the named individual or legal entity is fictitious and not intended to portray an actual person or entity. The example is for illustration purposes only.

**Example:** Mary Moore suffered livestock losses physically located in County B. Mary Moore has the following interest and relationships in physical location County B:

- 100 percent interest as owner in 250 adult beef cows (livestock unit 100) – 5 adult beef cows died due to winter storm on February 1
- 50/50 percent interest as owner in 200 adult beef cows with operator, John Dole (livestock unit 200) – 3 adult beef cows died due to winter storm on February 1

The following notices of loss (CCC-852, Parts A and B) must be filed with the service center responsible for County B:

- livestock unit 100 for Mary Moore for livestock losses due to winter storm
- livestock unit 200 for Mary Moore and John Dole for livestock losses due to winter storm

**Important:** Only one notice of loss must be filed for livestock unit 200 for both Mary Moore and John Dole; however, the County Office must load the notice of loss data in the LIP application software for both Mary Moore and John Dole separately.

The following applications for payment (CCC-852, Parts D-I) must be filed with the service center responsible for County B:

- Mary Moore, for 100 percent interest in livestock unit 100 and 50 percent interest in livestock unit 200
- John Dole, for 50 percent interest in livestock unit 200.--\*

**\*--93 Livestock Units (Continued)****B Creating Livestock Units**

For LIP purposes, livestock units must be established in the NAP unit software according to 3-NAP. Livestock units are to be established based on the unique relationship of the owner to 1 or more operators in the physical location county in which the livestock losses occurred.

**Important:** The livestock producer must be associated in Business Partner with the physical location county where the livestock losses occurred.

**Example:** Continuing with our example above, the County Office must establish the following livestock unit(s) in physical location County B:

- Unit 100 – Mary Moore, owner in 250 adult beef cows
- Unit 200 – Mary Moore and John Dole, owner and operator in 200 adult beef cows.--\*

**94-99 (Reserved)**

## **Part 3 LIP Software**

### **Section 1 Level 2 eAuthentication Access**

#### **100 Accessing LIP Software**

##### **A Basic Information**

CCC-852 software is intuitive web-based software with a centralized database.

CCC-852's will be updated by FSA employees with Level 2 eAuthentication access.

##### **B Definitions**

In this part:

- user means FSA employees with Level 2 eAuthentication access, **except** where specifically noted
- home county means the same as administrative county in the web-based environment.

**100 Accessing LIP Software****C Accessing LIP Application**

Access the LIP Home Page from the FSA Applications Intranet web site at **\*--<https://intranet.fsa.usda.gov/fsa/applications.asp>**. From “FSA Applications”, under the “Applications Directory” menu select “G-O” and then “**LIP – Livestock Indemnity Program**”.--\*

**Note:** Internet Explorer shall be used when accessing the LIP Home Page.

**D LIP Login Screen**

After users click “LIP – Livestock Indemnity Program”, users will be prompted with the following Livestock Indemnity Program (LIP) Screen. CLICK “**LIP Login**” to continue.

**Livestock Indemnity Program (LIP)**

This Farm Service Agency web site is provided for producers to apply for benefits for LIP. LIP provides payments to eligible producers. This was a new program for 2008. LIP is calendar year specific.

**LIP Login**

USDA is committed to making its web pages accessible to all individuals. If you are a person with a disability and have trouble accessing or using our web site, please contact the FSA National Help Desk at (800)-255-2434 or the Centralized Help Desk at 800-457-3642, option 1, option 2. Please provide us with the specific URL with which you have a problem or concern.

## 100 Accessing LIP Software (Continued)

**E USDA eAuthentication Login Screen**

After users click “LIP Login”, the following USDA eAuthentication Login Screen will be displayed. To login do either of the following:

- CLICK “Click Here to Log In With Your LincPass (PIV)”
- enter user ID and password and CLICK “Login”.

USDA United States Department of Agriculture  
USDA eAuthentication

eARS

Home About eAuthentication Help Contact Us Find an LRA

You are here: [eAuthentication Home](#) > eAuthentication Login

## eAuthentication Login

**Quick Links**

- ▶ [What is an account?](#)
- ▶ [Create an account](#)
- ▶ [Update your account](#)

**Administrator Links**

- ▶ [Local Registration Authority Login](#)

**LincPass (PIV)**

CLICK HERE TO  
**LOG IN**  
WITH YOUR  
**LincPass (PIV)**

**User ID & Password**

User ID:

Password:

[I forgot my User ID | Password](#)

[REGISTER](#) [LOGIN](#)

[Change my Password](#)

### WARNING

**Upon Login You Agree to the Following Information:**

- You are accessing a U.S. Government information system, which includes (1) this computer, (2) this computer network, (3) all computers connected to this network, and (4) all devices and storage media attached to this network or to a computer on this network. This information system is provided for U.S. Government-authorized use only.
- Unauthorized or improper use of this system may result in disciplinary action, as well as civil and criminal penalties.
- By using this information system, you understand and consent to the following:
  1. You have no reasonable expectation of privacy regarding any communications or data transiting or stored on this information system. At any time, the government may for any lawful government purpose monitor, intercept, search and seize any communication or data transiting or stored on this information system.
  2. Any communications or data transiting or stored on this information system may be disclosed or used for any lawful government purpose.
  3. Your consent is final and irrevocable. You may not rely on any statements or informal policies purporting to provide you with any expectation of privacy regarding communications on this system, whether oral or written, by your supervisor or any other official, except USDA's Chief Information Officer.

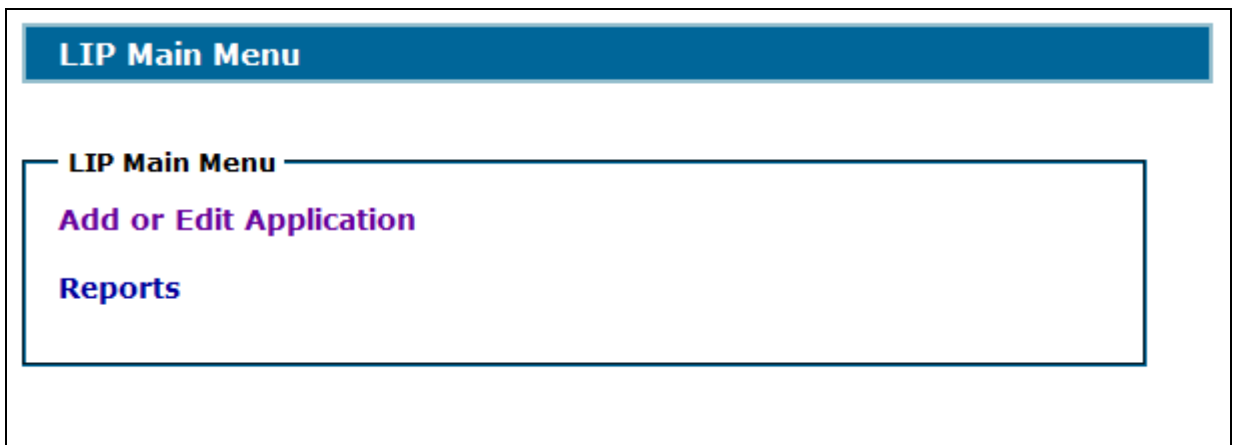
**101 LIP Main Menu****A Overview**

After user is logged in and has been authenticated, the LIP Main Menu will be displayed. The LIP Main Menu allows the user to do any of the following:

- add CCC-852's
- edit CCC-852's
- view and print reports.

**B Example LIP Main Menu**

Following is an example of the LIP Main Menu.

**C Action**

Following is an explanation of the options available on the LIP Main Menu.

Option	Result
Add or Edit Application	State and County Selection Screen will be displayed.
Reports	LIP Reports Screen will be displayed. See Section 2 for additional information on reports.

**\*--102 State and County Selection – 2017 and Prior Years--\*****A Overview**

If users click “**Add or Edit Application**” on the LIP Main Menu, the State and County Selection Screen will be displayed. Users must select a State, county, and year to process CCC-852’s in their home counties. Users will also have the option of selecting “Nationwide Customer Service” from the left navigation menu on the LIP Main Menu. This provides the ability to take CCC-852’s for a producer from any Service Center nationwide (see paragraph 116 for more information on Nationwide Customer Service access).

**B Example State and County Selection Screen**

Following is an example of the State and County Selection Screen.

**State and County Selection**

**Select Administrative State/County**

**State-County:** Mississippi-Coahoma ▼

**Program Year:** 2014 ▼

Cancel Continue

**C Action**

User shall use the drop-down menus to select the applicable:

- State/county
- year.

CLICK “**Continue**”, the Producer Search – Application Status Screen will be displayed.

**Note:** Program year 2011 is split into 2 program years, as follows:

- 2011A applies to losses from January 1 through September 30, 2011
- 2011B applies to losses from October 1 through December 31, 2011.

**\*--103 Producer Search – Application Status Screen – 2017 and Prior Years--\***

**A Overview**

After users have clicked “Next”, the Producer Search – Application Status Screen will be displayed. The Producer Search – Application Status Screen allows users to:

- add CCC-852’s
- view/print CCC-852’s
- edit existing CCC-852’s
- delete CCC-852’s.

**B Example Producer Search – Application Status Screen**

Following is an example of the Producer Search – Application Status Screen.

Producer Search - Application Status				
<b>Year:</b> 2013	<b>State:</b> Mississippi	<b>County:</b> Coahoma		
<div> <input type="button" value="Add/Search"/> <input type="button" value="Back"/> <input type="button" value="Cancel"/> </div>				
<b>Producer</b>	<b>Application Status</b>	<b>Action</b>		
PRODUCER, ANY 2	Disapproved	View/Print	Edit	Delete
PRODUCER, ANY 3	Initiated	View/Print	Edit	Delete
PRODUCER, ANY 1	Approved	View/Print	Edit	Delete

**\*--103 Producer Search – Application Status Screen – 2017 and Prior Years (Continued)--\*****C Action**

To:

- add a new CCC-852, CLICK “**Add/Search**”; the SCIMS Customer Search Screen will be displayed
- view and/or print existing CCC-852, CLICK “**View/Edit**” next to CCC-852 to be viewed and/or printed; CCC-852 will be displayed in a separate window
- edit existing CCC-852, do either of the following:
  - select “**Edit**” next to CCC-852 to be edited; the Part B - Notice of Loss Screen will be displayed (paragraph 104)
  - CLICK “**Search**”; the SCIMS Customer Search Screen will be displayed
- delete CCC-852, CLICK “**Delete**” next to CCC-852 to be deleted; the Delete Applications Screen will be displayed.

## \*--103 Producer Search – Application Status Screen – 2017 and Prior Years (Continued)--\*

**D “Application Status” Column**

The “Application Status” column will be displayed with the status of the producer’s CCC-852, as follows.

<b>If the application status is...</b>	<b>THEN...</b>
Initiated	CCC-852 has been started, but the producer has <b>not</b> signed CCC-852.
Approved	COC or designee has approved CCC-852.
Disapproved	COC or designee has disapproved CCC-852.
Suspended	<p>CCC-852 has been placed in a suspended state because of either of the following:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• changes to basic program data (for example, the removal of a previously eligible adverse weather event)</li> <li>• SCIMS duplicate resolution merges.</li> </ul> <p>Suspended CCC-852’s <b>must</b> be accessed and modified to ensure that the most current data is on CCC-852. A report is available that provides a listing of all suspended CCC-852’s along with the reason for the suspension (see paragraph 115 for additional information).</p> <p><b>Note:</b> A SCIMS duplicate resolution merge will suspend CCC-852’s tied to the merged producers. CCC-852’s tied to the producer that was “kept” will <b>not</b> be suspended. CCC-852’s suspended because of SCIMS duplicate resolution merges do <b>not</b> need to be accessed and modified.</p>

\*--104 Part B – Notice of Loss Screen – 2017 and Prior Years--\*

**A Example Part B – Notice of Loss Screen**

The Part B - Notice of Loss Screen provides the ability to add, edit, and/or delete notices of loss. Following is an example of the Part B – Notice of Loss Screen.

Part B - Notice of Loss

Year: 2013
State: Mississippi
County: Coahoma

Producer: PRODUCER, ANY 2

Add Notice Of Loss

Start Date : 
End Date:

Disaster Event(s)

☐ Hurricane
☐ Flood
☐ Blizzard
☐ Wild Fire
☐ Extreme Heat
☐ Extreme Cold
☐ Tornado
☐ Earthquake
☐ Tropical Storm
☐ Winter Storm
☐ Anthrax
☐ Disease
☐ Lightning
☐ Volcanic Eruption
☐ VOG
☐ Animal Attack
☐ Avian Attack

Save Notice Of Loss
Cancel

Notices of Loss

Notice of Loss Number	Start Date of Occurrence	End Date of Occurrence	Disasters	Actions
1	01/01/2013	01/05/2013	Blizzard	Edit Delete

Type of Signature: Email
Date: 01/08/2013

Back
Save and Exit
Save and Continue
Cancel

## \*--104 Part B – Notice of Loss Screen – 2017 and Prior Years (Continued)--\*

**B Field Descriptions and Actions**

The following table provides the field descriptions and actions for the Part B – Notice of Loss Screen.

Field/Button	Description	Action
Year	Calendar year selected on the State and County Selection Screen will be displayed.	
State	State selected on the State and County Selection Screen will be displayed.	
County	County selected on the State and County Selection Screen will be displayed.	
Producer	Producer for which the CCC-852 is being updated will be displayed.	
Start Date	Manual entry of the start date of the disaster event.	<p>Enter the start and end dates of the disaster event by either:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>entering the date in mmddyyyy, mmddyy, or mm/dd/yyyy format</li> <li>clicking the “calendar” icon.</li> </ul> <p>A start date is always required; however, an end date is <b>not</b> required unless the disaster event continued over multiple days.</p> <p><b>Note:</b> For final year end applications:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>start date must be the end date of the last eligible loss condition for the calendar year.</li> <li>end date must be December 31 of the applicable calendar year in which losses are claimed.</li> </ul>
End Date	Manual entry of the end date of the disaster event.	

## \*--104 Part B – Notice of Loss Screen – 2017 and Prior Years (Continued)--\*

**B Field Descriptions and Actions**

<b>Field/Button</b>	<b>Description</b>	<b>Action</b>
Disaster Event(s)	Manual selection for the disaster events that caused the livestock deaths.	Select 1 or more disaster events that caused the livestock deaths. If disease is selected, another disaster event <b>must</b> be selected.  <b>Note:</b> For final year end applications, select all disaster events that caused livestock death losses in the entire calendar year (multiple events may be selected).
Save Notice of Loss	Saves the notice of loss to CCC-852. "Save Notice of Loss" must be clicked <b>before</b> continuing.	
Cancel	Cancels the notice of loss being entered.	
Notice of Loss Number	System generated number assigned to the notice of loss.	
Start Date of Occurrence	Start date of the disaster event entered on the notice of loss will be displayed.	
End Date of Occurrence	End date of the disaster event entered on the notice of loss will be displayed.	



## \*--104 Part B – Notice of Loss Screen – 2017 and Prior Years (Continued)--\*

## C Field Descriptions and Actions (Continued)

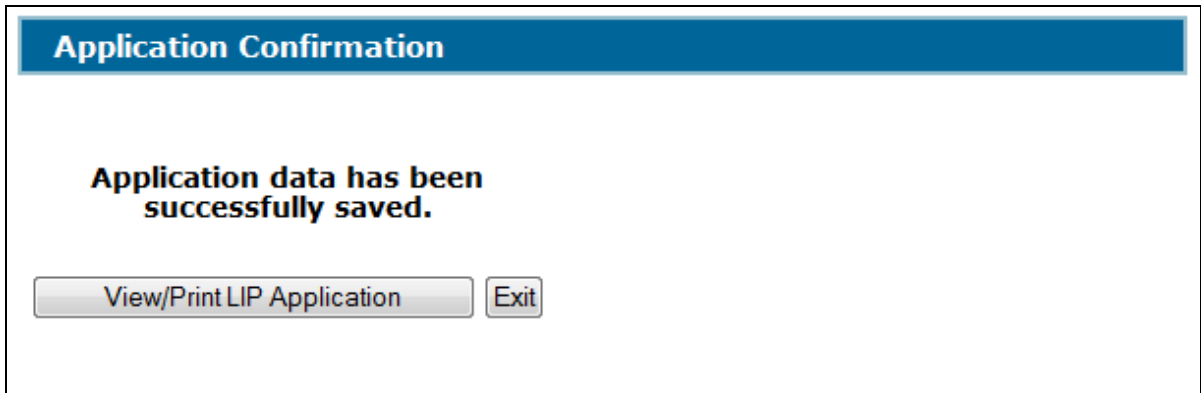
Field/Button	Description	Action
Disasters	Disaster events selected on the notice of loss will be displayed.	
Actions	Provides the ability to edit or delete a previously entered notice of loss.	
Type of Signature	Manual selection of the type of signature provided by the producer.  Applicable signature types are: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• paper</li> <li>• FAX</li> <li>• e-mail.</li> </ul>	Signature types shall only be updated after 1 of the following occurs: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• producer signs and dates the notice of loss</li> <li>• FAX with the producers signature and date has been received in the County Office</li> <li>• e-mail from the producer has been received in the County Office.</li> </ul>
Date	Manual entry of the date the producer signed, FAXed, or e-mailed the notice of loss.	Enter the date the producer signed, FAXed, or e-mailed the notice of loss in mmddyyyy, mmddyy, or mm/dd/yyyy format.
Back	The Producer Search – Application Status Screen will be displayed (paragraph 103).	
Save and Exit	Saves notice of loss information only. Click <b>“Save and Exit”</b> if the producer only provides notice of loss data and no other CCC-852 data.  Application Confirmation Screen will be displayed (paragraph 112).	
Save and Continue	The Part C – Livestock Location & Producers Screen will be displayed (paragraph 106).	
Cancel	CCC-852 will be cancelled and the LIP Main Menu will be displayed (paragraph 101).  All data saved on the CCC-852 up to this point will be saved.	

**\*--105 Application Confirmation Screen – 2017 and Prior Years--\*****A Overview**

The Application Confirmation Screen provides users the ability to view and/or print CCC-852.

**B Example Application Confirmation Screen**

Following is an example of the Application Confirmation Screen.

**C Actions**

To view and or print CCC-852, CLICK “**View/Print LIP Application**”; CCC-852 will be displayed in a separate window. CCC-852 will contain only application data that has been entered into the system as of the date it is being printed.

**\*--106 Part C – Livestock Location and Producers Screen – 2017 and Prior Years--\***

**A Overview**

The Part C – Livestock Location & Producers Screen provides users the ability to enter:

- where the claimed livestock were physically located when they died
- the current physical location of the livestock in inventory
- other producers with an ownership interest in the livestock.

**B Example Part C – Livestock Location & Producers Screen**

Following is an example of the Part C – Livestock Location & Producers Screen.

Part C - Livestock Location & Producers

Year: 2013

State: Mississippi

County: Coahoma

---

Producer: PRODUCER, ANY 2

Where were the claimed livestock physically located at the time they died?  
(Include County name, farm number, etc.)

Where is the current physical location of the livestock in inventory?

List other producers with an ownership share of livestock listed and their share.

Back

Save and Continue

Cancel

**\*--106 Part C – Livestock Location and Producers Screen – 2017 and Prior Years (Continued)--\*****C Field Descriptions and Actions**

The following table provides the field descriptions and actions for the Part C – Livestock Location and Producers Screen.

<b>Field/Button</b>	<b>Description</b>	<b>Action</b>
Year	Calendar year selected on the State and County Selection Screen will be displayed.	
State	State selected on the State and County Selection Screen will be displayed.	
County	County selected on the State and County Selection Screen will be displayed.	
Producer	Producer for which CCC-852 is being updated will be displayed.	
Where were the claimed livestock physically located at the time they died?	Free form entry.	Enter the physical location of the livestock at the time they died. If there are multiple locations, enter each location separated by a comma. Entry is required.
Where is the current physical location of the livestock in inventory?	Free form entry.	Enter the current physical location of the livestock in inventory. If there are multiple locations, enter each location separated by a comma. Entry is required.
List other producers with an ownership share of livestock listed and their share.	Free form entry.	Enter other producers that have an ownership share of the livestock along with that producers share. If there are multiple producers, enter each producer separated by a comma. Entry is not required.
Back	The Part B – Notice of Loss Screen will be displayed (paragraph 104).	
Save and Continue	Part D – Livestock Information Screen will be displayed (paragraph 107).	
Cancel	CCC-852 will be cancelled and the LIP Main Menu will be displayed (paragraph 101).  All data saved on the CCC-852 up to this point will be saved.	

## 107 Part D - Livestock Information Screen – 2017 and Prior Years

## A Overview

The Part D - Livestock Information Screen provides the ability to:

- enter new livestock death loss information for losses due to first eligible loss condition in the calendar year for the livestock kind, type, and weight ranges
- edit existing livestock death loss information due to subsequent eligible loss condition(s) in the calendar year for the livestock kind, type, and weight range
- delete existing livestock death loss information.

## B Example Part D - Livestock Information Screen

Following is an example of the Part D - Livestock Information Screen.

\*--

**Part D - Livestock Information**

**Year:** 2018
**State:** Alabama(01)
**County:** Autauga(001)

**Producer:** Any Producer

Livestock Losses														
Loss Type	Livestock Unit	Contract Grower	Livestock Kind/Type and Weight Range			Beginning Inventory	Added Inventory	Number Lost due to Adverse Weather	Number Lost due to Normal Mortality	Sold Inventory	Producer Share	Number sold at reduced price	Amount sold at reduced price \$	Action
First	000138	no	Beef	Adult	Cow	100	-	5	-	-	100.00	2	500.00	Edit Delete
<b>COC Use Only</b>														
Subsq	000138	no	Beef	Adult	Cow	-	-	3	2	-	100.00	-	-	Edit Delete
<b>COC Use Only</b>														
Subsq	000138	no	Beef	Adult	Cow	-	5	4	2	-	100.00	-	-	Edit Delete Add Subsq Add Final
<b>COC Use Only</b>														
First	000138	no	Sheep	Ewes		50	-	3	-	-	100.00	2	200.00	Edit Delete
<b>COC Use Only</b>														
Subsq	000138	no	Sheep	Ewes		-	-	3	1	-	100.00	-	-	Edit Delete Add Subsq Add Final
<b>COC Use Only</b>														

List other producers with an ownership share of livestock listed and their share.

**Note:** See paragraph 111.4 for special instructions for entering “Number of livestock sold at a reduced price due to current eligible loss condition” as well as the “Amount received for sold livestock” for 2017 LIP applications. These special instructions apply to 2017 LIP only.--\*

## \*--107 Part D - Livestock Information Screen – 2017 and Prior Years (Continued)--\*

**C Field Descriptions and Actions**

The following table provides the field descriptions and actions for the Part D - Livestock Information Screen.

<b>Field/Button</b>	<b>Description</b>	<b>Action</b>
Year	Calendar year selected on the State and County Selection Screen will be displayed.	
State	State selected on the State and County Selection Screen will be displayed.	
County	County selected on the State and County Selection Screen will be displayed.	
Producer	Producer for which CCC-852 is being updated will be displayed.	
Producer ID	Last 4 digits of the producer ID for which CCC-852 is being updated will be displayed.	
Add Livestock Not Previously Recorded	Add Livestock Not Previously Recorded Screen (paragraph 108) will be displayed.	<p>This option must be used for recording death losses due to the first eligible loss condition in the calendar year for a specific livestock kind, type, and weight range</p> <p><b>Note:</b> Use this option when livestock move up in weight range between eligible loss conditions.</p>
Notice of Loss Number	If livestock deaths have been previously recorded, the system generated notice of loss number applicable to the livestock death listed will be displayed.	
Contract Grower	If livestock deaths have been previously recorded, whether the livestock listed is contract grower livestock will be displayed	
Livestock Kind/Type and Weight Range	If livestock deaths have been previously recorded, the livestock kind, type, and weight range of the livestock that died will be displayed.	

## \*--107 Part D - Livestock Information Screen – 2017 and Prior Years (Continued)--\*

**C Field Descriptions and Actions (Continued)**

<b>Field/Button</b>	<b>Description</b>	<b>Action</b>
Beginning or Additional Purchase Inventory	For a livestock kind, type, and weight range if livestock deaths have been previously recorded for previous eligible loss condition(s) in the calendar year, the calculated beginning inventory for the previous eligible loss condition will be displayed.	
Number Lost Due to Adverse Weather	For a livestock kind, type, and weight range if livestock deaths have been previously recorded for a previous eligible loss condition in the calendar year, the cumulative number of livestock lost due to previous eligible loss condition(s) in the calendar year will be displayed.	
Number Lost Due to Normal Mortality	For a livestock kind, type, and weight range if livestock deaths have been previously recorded for a previous eligible loss condition(s) in the calendar year, the cumulative number of livestock lost due to normal mortality in the calendar year will be displayed.	
Action	Provides the ability to edit or delete a previously recorded livestock death.	For a livestock kind, type, and weight range always use “Edit” to record livestock death losses for the subsequent eligible loss conditions in the calendar year, as provided in paragraph 109.
Back	The Part C – Livestock Location & Producers Screen will be displayed (paragraph 106).	
Continue	The Parts E and F – Documentation of Purchase and Loss Screen will be displayed (paragraph 110).	
Cancel	CCC-852 will be cancelled and the LIP Main Menu will be displayed (paragraph 101).  All data saved on the CCC-852 up to this point will be saved.	

**108 Add Livestock Not Previously Recorded Screen – First Eligible Loss Condition for  
\*--Livestock Kind, Type, and Weight Range – 2017 and Prior Years--\***

**A Overview**

The Add Livestock Not Previously Recorded Screen provides the ability to load livestock losses for a livestock kind, type, and weight range that was not previously recorded on CCC-852. The Add Livestock Not Previously Recorded Screen shall be used for loading data for livestock death losses (due to the first eligible loss condition in the calendar year) for the specific livestock kind, type, and weight range.

**B Example Add Livestock Not Previously Recorded Screen**

Following is an example of the Add Livestock Not Previously Recorded Screen.

Add Livestock not previously recorded

**Year:** 2013
**State:** Mississippi
**County:** Coahoma

---

**Producer:** PRODUCER, ANY 2

**Save Loss**

Kind

Select Kind ▼

Type/Weight Range at Loss

Select Type/Weight Range ▼

Notice of Loss

01/01/2013 - 01/05/2013 Blizzard ▼

Beginning or Additional  
Purchase Inventory

**Adjustments  
(COC Use Only)**

Loss due to Adverse Weather  
Event

Loss due to Normal Mortality

Contract Grower ☐ Yes ☐ No

**108 Add Livestock Not Previously Recorded Screen – First Eligible Loss Condition for**  
**\*--Livestock Kind, Type, and Weight Range - 2017 and Prior Years (Continued) --\***

**C Field Descriptions and Actions**

The following table provides the field descriptions and actions for the Add Livestock Not Previously Recorded Screen.

Field/Button	Description	Action
Year	Calendar year selected on the State and County Selection Screen will be displayed.	
State	State selected on the State and County Selection Screen will be displayed.	
County	County selected on the State and County Selection Screen will be displayed.	
Producer	Producer for which CCC-852 is being updated will be displayed.	
Kind	Manual selection.	Select the kind of livestock from the drop-down menu.
Type/Weight Range at Loss	Manual selection.	Select the type and weight range from the drop-down menu.
Notice of Loss	Manual selection.	Select the notice of loss than corresponds to the eligible loss condition entered in item 5 of the Calculated Beginning Inventory Worksheet.
Beginning or Additional Purchase Inventory	Manual entry.	For a livestock kind, type, and weight range not already recorded on CCC-852, enter the <b>calculated beginning inventory from item 20</b> of the Calculated Beginning Inventory Worksheet (see paragraph 79).

**108 Add Livestock Not Previously Recorded Screen – First Eligible Loss Condition for  
\*--Livestock Kind, Type, and Weight Range – 2017 and Prior Years (Continued)--\***

**C Field Descriptions and Actions (Continued)**

<b>Field/Button</b>	<b>Description</b>	<b>Action</b>
COC Adjusted Beginning or Additional Purchase Inventory	Manual entry.	<p>*--COC will enter the adjusted calculated beginning--* inventory, if applicable, from CCC-852, item 18.</p> <p><b>Note:</b> An entry is only required when COC determines a calculated beginning inventory different than the inventory certified to by the producer on CCC-852, item 15.</p>
Loss Due to Adverse Weather Event	Manual entry.	Enter the number of livestock that died due to the <b>eligible loss condition from item 26</b> of the Calculated Beginning Inventory Worksheet (see paragraph 79), for the applicable livestock kind, type, and weight range.
COC Adjusted Loss Due to Adverse Weather Event	Manual entry.	<p>*--COC will enter the adjusted number of livestock--* lost due to the eligible loss condition if applicable, from CCC-852, item 19.</p> <p><b>Note:</b> An entry is only required when COC determines the number of eligible livestock lost due eligible loss condition is different than the number of livestock certified to by the producer as lost by the producer on CCC-852, item 16.</p>
Loss Due to Normal Mortality	Manual entry.	Enter the number of livestock that died due to normal mortality before, on, or during eligible loss condition from item 24 of the Calculated Beginning Inventory Worksheet (see paragraph 79), for the applicable livestock kind, type, and weight range.
COC Adjusted Loss Due to Normal Mortality	Manual entry.	<p>*--COC will enter the adjusted number of livestock--* lost due to normal mortality before, on, or during eligible loss condition if applicable.</p> <p><b>Note:</b> An entry is only required when COC determines the number of livestock lost due to normal mortality before, on, or during eligible loss condition is different than the number of livestock certified to by the producer on CCC-852, item 17.</p>
Contract Grower	Manual selection.	<p>Select “Yes” if the producer is a contract grower of the selected livestock. Select “No” if the producer is not a contract grower of the selected livestock.</p> <p><b>Note:</b> Only available for selection if a livestock that can be placed under contract is selected.</p>

**108 Add Livestock Not Previously Recorded Screen – First Eligible Loss Condition for**  
**\*--Livestock Kind, Type, and Weight Range – 2017 and Prior Years (Continued) --\***

**C Field Descriptions and Actions (Continued)**

<b>Field/Button</b>	<b>Description</b>	<b>Action</b>
Save Loss	Saves the livestock loss information to CCC-852. Users must click “Save Loss” <b>before</b> continuing or the livestock loss will not be saved to the CCC-852.	
Cancel	CCC-852 will be cancelled and the Part D – Livestock Information Screen will be displayed (paragraph 107).  All data saved on the CCC-852 up to this point will be saved.	

**109 Edit Option - Add Losses for Subsequent Eligible Loss Condition and Final Year End for  
\*--Livestock Kind, Type, and Weight Range – 2017 and Prior Years--\***

**A Overview**

When adding livestock death losses for previously recorded livestock, do **not** use the “Add Losses for Previously Recorded Livestock” button. This button will be removed in a future software update.

To add losses for previously recorded livestock due to a subsequent eligible loss condition in the calendar year, always use the “Edit” option next to the applicable livestock kind, type, and weight range on Part D - Livestock Information Screen, as shown in subparagraph 107 B.

**B Example of Edit Livestock Information Screen**

After selecting the “Edit” option on the Part D – Livestock Information Screen, the Edit Livestock Information Screen will be displayed. Following is an example of the Edit Livestock Information Screen.

Edit Livestock Information

**Year:** 2017
**State:** Mississippi
**County:** Coahoma

---

**Producer:** CARTER, ALBERT

Save Loss

Kind Alpacas ▼

Type/Weight Range at Loss All ▼

Notice of Loss 06/01/2017 - 06/01/2017 Hurricanes ▼

Adjustments  
(COC Use Only)

Beginning or Additional Purchase Inventory

25

Loss due to Adverse Weather Event

3

Loss due to Normal Mortality

1

Contract Grower ☐ Yes ☒ No

Save Loss

Cancel

--\*

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**109 Edit Option - Add Losses for Subsequent Eligible Loss Condition and Final Year End for  
\*--Livestock Kind, Type, and Weight Range – 2017 and Prior Years (Continued)--\***

**C Field Descriptions and Actions**

The following table provides the field descriptions and actions for the Edit Livestock Information Screen.

<b>Field/Button</b>	<b>Description</b>	<b>Action</b>
Year	Calendar year selected on the State and County Selection Screen will be displayed.	
State	State selected on the State and County Selection Screen will be displayed.	
County	County selected on the State and County Selection Screen will be displayed.	
Producer	Producer for which CCC-852 is being updated will be displayed.	
Kind	The kind of livestock selected for the previous eligible loss condition will be displayed.	Do <b>not</b> change the kind of livestock that appears for the previous eligible loss condition.
Type/Weight Range at Loss	The type and weight range that was selected for the previous eligible loss condition will be displayed.	Do <b>not</b> change the type and weight range that appears for the previous eligible loss condition.
Notice of Loss	Manual selection.	Select the notice of loss applicable to subsequent eligible loss condition that corresponds to the applicable eligible loss condition date on item 10 or 14 of the Calculated Beginning Inventory Worksheet. For final year end select the December 31 notice of loss.
Beginning or Additional Purchase Inventory	Manual entry.	Enter the cumulative calculated beginning inventory for subsequent eligible loss condition(s), from the following item(s) on the Calculated Beginning Inventory Worksheet (see paragraph 79), as applicable: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• item 29 for eligible loss condition #2</li> <li>• item 38 for eligible loss condition #3</li> <li>• item 48 for final year end application.</li> </ul>

**109 Edit Option - Add Losses for Subsequent Eligible Loss Condition and Final Year End for  
\*--Livestock Kind, Type, and Weight Range – 2017 and Prior Years (Continued)--\***

**C Field Descriptions and Actions (Continued)**

<b>Field/Button</b>	<b>Description</b>	<b>Action</b>
COC Adjusted Beginning or Additional Purchase Inventory	Manual entry.	<p>Enter the COC adjusted calculated beginning inventory from the CCC-852, item 18, if applicable.</p> <p><b>Note:</b> An entry is only required when COC determines the calculated beginning inventory is different than the calculated beginning inventory certified to by the producer on CCC-852, item 15.</p>
Loss Due to Adverse Weather Event	Manual entry.	<p>Enter the cumulative number of livestock that died due to subsequent eligible loss condition(s), from the following items on the Calculated Beginning Inventory Worksheet (see paragraph 79), applicable.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• item 33 for eligible loss condition #2</li> <li>• item 42 for eligible loss condition #3</li> <li>• item 52 for final year end application.</li> </ul> <p>An entry in this field is required.</p>
Loss Due to Normal Mortality	Manual entry.	<p>Enter the cumulative number of livestock that died due to normal mortality before or on subsequent eligible loss condition(s), from the following items on the Calculated Beginning Inventory Worksheet (see paragraph 79), as applicable.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• item 31 for eligible loss condition #2</li> <li>• item 40 for eligible loss condition #3</li> <li>• item 50 for final year end application.</li> </ul> <p>An entry in this field is not required.</p>
COC Adjusted Loss Due to Normal Mortality	Manual entry.	<p>Enter the COC adjusted number of livestock lost due to normal mortality for subsequent eligible loss condition(s) from the manual CCC-852, item 20, if applicable.</p> <p><b>Note:</b> An entry is only required when COC determines the number of livestock lost due to normal mortality is different than the number of livestock certified to by the producer on CCC-852, item 17.</p>

**109 Edit Option - Add Losses for Subsequent Eligible Loss Condition and Final Year End for  
\*--Livestock Kind, Type, and Weight Range – 2017 and Prior Years (Continued)--\***

**C Field Descriptions and Actions (Continued)**

<b>Field/Button</b>	<b>Description</b>	<b>Action</b>
Contract Grower	Manual selection.	Select “Yes” if the producer is a contract grower of the selected livestock. Select “No” if the producer is not a contract grower of the selected livestock.  <b>Note:</b> Only available for selection if a livestock that can be placed under contract is selected.
Save	Saves the livestock loss information to CCC-852. Users must click “Save” <b>before</b> continuing or the livestock loss will not be saved to the CCC-852.	
Cancel	CCC-852 will be cancelled and the Part D – Livestock Information Screen will be displayed (paragraph 107).  All data saved on the CCC-852 up to this point will be saved.	



**\*--110 Part E and F – Documentation of Purchase and Loss Screen – 2017 and Prior Years--\***

**A Overview**

The Part E & F – Documentation of Purchase and Loss Screen provides the ability to load the type of supporting documentation that was provided by the producer to verify beginning inventory and livestock losses.

**B Example Part E and F – Documentation of Purchase and Loss Screen**

Following is an example of the Part E & F – Documentation of Purchase and Loss Screen.

Part E&F - Documentation of Purchase and Loss

**Year: 2013**
**State: Mississippi**
**County: Coahoma**

---

**Producer:** PRODUCER, ANY 2

**Add Documentation**

Documentation Type : Select Type ▼

Livestock Count :

Description :

Save
Cancel

Documentation		
Documentation of Loss	Livestock Count	Action
rendering receipt	3	<a href="#">Edit</a> <a href="#">Delete</a>
Documentation of Beginning Inventory	Livestock Count	
Sales Receipt	20	<a href="#">Edit</a> <a href="#">Delete</a>

Back
Continue
Cancel

**\*--110 Part E and F – Documentation of Purchase and Loss Screen – 2017 and Prior Years--\***  
**(Continued)**

**C Field Descriptions/Actions**

The following table provides the field descriptions and actions for the Approve Contracts Screen.

<b>Field/Button</b>	<b>Description</b>	<b>Action</b>
Year	Calendar year selected on the State and County Selection Screen will be displayed.	
State	State selected on the State and County Selection Screen will be displayed.	
County	County selected on the State and County Selection Screen will be displayed.	
Producer	Producer for which CCC-852 is being updated will be displayed.	
Documentation Type	Manual selection.	Select from the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• beginning inventory</li> <li>• loss.</li> </ul> Entry of at least one record for both documentation types is required.
Livestock Count	Manual entry.	Enter the number of livestock applicable to the documentation that was provided by the producer.
Description	Manual entry.	Enter a free-form description of the type of documentation that was provided by the producer (see paragraph 73 for examples of acceptable documentation).

**\*--110 Part E and F – Documentation of Purchase and Loss Screen – 2017 and Prior Years--\***  
**(Continued)**

**C Field Descriptions/Actions (Continued)**

<b>Field/Button</b>	<b>Description</b>	<b>Action</b>
Save	Saves the documentation information to CCC-852. Users must click “Save” <b>before</b> continuing or the documentation information will <b>not</b> be added to the CCC-852.	
Documentation of Loss	Free-form description that was entered as documentation to verify losses will be displayed.	
Livestock Count	Number of livestock that was entered as being applicable to the documentation to verify losses will be displayed.	
Action	Provides the ability to edit or delete previously recorded documentation to verify losses.	
Documentation of Beginning Inventory	Free-form description that was entered as documentation to verify beginning inventory will be displayed.	
Livestock Count	Number of livestock that was entered as being applicable to the documentation to verify beginning inventory will be displayed.	
Action	Provides the ability to edit or delete previously recorded documentation to verify beginning inventory.	
Back	The Part D - Livestock Information Screen will be displayed (paragraph 107).	
Continue	The Producer Summary Screen will be displayed (paragraph 111).	
Cancel	CCC-852 will be cancelled and the LIP Main Menu will be displayed (paragraph 101).  All data saved on the CCC-852 up to this point will be saved.	

**\*--111 Producer Summary Screen – 2017 and Prior Years--\***

**A Overview**

The Producer Summary Screen provides the ability to:

- load other compensation
- load reductions
- review all CCC-852 data that has been entered
- enter the producer signature type and date
- approve/disapprove CCC-852.

## \*--111 Producer Summary Screen – 2017 and Prior Years (Continued)--\*

**B Example Producer Summary Screen**

Following is an example of the Producer Summary Screen.

Producer Summary				
Year: 2013		State: Mississippi		County: Coahoma
Producer: PRODUCER, ANY 2				
<b>Part B - Notice Of Loss</b>				
Start Date of Occurrence	End Date of Occurrence	Disasters		
01/01/2013	01/05/2013	Blizzard		
Notice of Loss Signature Date: 01/08/2013				
<b>Part C - Livestock Location and Associated Producer Information</b>				
Where were the claimed livestock physically located at the time they died?				
Farm 100				
Where is the current physical location of the livestock in inventory?				
Farm 100				
List other producers with an ownership share of the livestock listed and their share				
<b>Part D - Livestock Information</b>				
Contract Grower	Livestock Kind Type/Weight Range	Inventory	Number lost to Adverse Weather	Number lost to Normal Mortality
No	Alpacas All All	25	3	1
No	Chickens Layers	20	4	2
<b>PART E - Documentation Of Beginning Inventory</b>				
Documentation of Purchase			Livestock Count	
Sales Receipt			20	
<b>Part F - Documentation To Verify Livestock Losses</b>				
Documentation of Loss			Livestock Count	
rendering receipt			3	
<b>Part G - Similar Loss/Contract Growers</b>				
Reduction: <input type="text"/>				
Type of Signature		Date of Signature		
Select Type ▼		<input type="text"/>		
COC Signature Date				
<input type="text"/>		<input type="checkbox"/> Approve <input type="checkbox"/> Disapprove		
<input type="button" value="Back"/>	<input type="button" value="Cancel"/>	<input type="button" value="Save/Submit"/>		

**\*--111 Producer Summary Screen – 2017 and Prior Years (Continued)--\*****C Field Descriptions/Actions**

The following table provides the field descriptions and actions for the Producer Summary Screen.

<b>Field/Button</b>	<b>Description</b>	<b>Action</b>
Year	Calendar year selected on the State and County Selection Screen will be displayed.	
State	State selected on the State and County Selection Screen will be displayed.	
County	County selected on the State and County Selection Screen will be displayed.	
Producer	Producer for which CCC-852 is being updated will be displayed.	
Notices of Loss	Notices of loss entered on the Part B - Notice of Loss Screen (paragraph 104) will be displayed.	
Livestock Location and Associated Producer Information	Livestock location and other producers that were entered on the Part C - Livestock Location & Producers Screen (paragraph 106) will be displayed.	
Livestock Losses	Livestock losses entered on the Part D - Livestock Information Screen (paragraph 107) will be displayed.	
Purchase Documentation	Purchase documentation entered on the Part E & F - Documentation of Purchase and Loss Screen (paragraph 110) will be displayed.	
Loss Documentation	Loss documentation entered on the Part E & F - Documentation of Purchase and Loss Screen (paragraph 110) will be displayed.	

## 111 Producer Summary Screen – 2017 and Prior Years (Continued)

## C Field Descriptions/Actions (Continued)

Field/Button	Description	Action
Similar Loss/Contract Grower	Manual entry.	As applicable, enter the amount of monetary compensation received by the producer: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>from their contractor for the loss of income suffered from the death of the livestock under contract (contract grower only)</li> <li>from other disaster assistance programs for the same livestock losses.</li> </ul>
Type of Signature	Manual selection. The type of signature provided by the producer.  Eligible signature types are: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>paper</li> <li>FAX.</li> </ul>	Signature types shall only be updated after either of the following occurs: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>producer signs and dates CCC-852</li> <li>FAX with the producer's signature and date has been received in the County Office.</li> </ul>
Date of Signature	Manual entry of the date the producer signed or FAXed CCC-852.	Enter the date the producer signed or FAXed CCC-852 in mmddyyyy, mmddyy, or mm/dd/yyyy format.
COC Signature Date	Manual entry of the date the COC signed CCC-852.	Enter the date the COC signed CCC-852 in mmddyyyy, mmddyy, or mm/dd/yyyy format.
Approve/Disapprove	Manual selection.	Select whether CCC-852 will be approved or disapproved.
Back	The Part E & F – Documentation of Purchase and Loss Screen will be displayed (paragraph 110).	
Cancel	CCC-852 will be cancelled and the LIP Main Menu will be displayed (paragraph 101).  All data saved on the CCC-852 up to this point will be saved.	
Save/Submit	CCC-852 will be submitted and the Producer Search – Application Status Screen will be displayed (paragraph 103).	

**\*--111.4 Special Instructions for 2017 for Livestock Sold at Reduced Prices Only****A Overview**

For 2017 LIP, the LIP application software allows the entry of the “Number of livestock sold at a reduced price due to current eligible loss condition” as well as the “Amount received for sold livestock.” These entries are also included in 2018 and subsequent years, but are not included in years previous to 2017.

These instructions are only for entering “Number of livestock sold at a reduced price due to current eligible loss condition” and “Amount received for sold livestock” in a 2017 LIP application.

**B New Fields Added for Injured Livestock**

“Number of livestock sold at a reduced price due to current eligible loss condition” as well as the “Amount received for sold livestock” are entered when adding losses. Refer to paragraph 107 for instructions on entering losses other than “Number of livestock sold at a reduced price due to current eligible loss condition” as well as the “Amount received for sold livestock” for 2017 and previous years.

“Number of livestock sold at a reduced price due to current eligible loss condition” as well as the “Amount received for sold livestock” are not allowed to be entered for contract growers. These blocks will be grayed out if “No” is not selected for “Contract Grower.”

Add Livestock not previously recorded		
Year: 2017	State: Alabama(01)	County: Autauga(001)
Producer: Any Producer		
<b>Save Loss</b>		
Kind	Select Kind	
Type/Weight Range at Loss	Select Type/Weight Range	
Notice of Loss	Select Notice of Loss	
		<b>Adjustments (COC Use Only)</b>
Beginning or Additional Purchase Inventory		
Loss due to Adverse Weather Event		
Loss due to Normal Mortality		
Number of livestock sold at a reduced price due to current eligible loss condition.		
Amount recieved for livestock sold at a reduced price due to current eligible loss condition.		
Contract Grower <input type="radio"/> Yes <input checked="" type="radio"/> No		
<input type="button" value="Save Loss"/> <input type="button" value="Cancel"/>		

--\*

**\*--111.4 Special Instructions for 2017 for Livestock Sold at Reduced Prices Only (Continued)****C Field Descriptions and Actions**

The following table provides the field descriptions and actions for adding livestock sold at a reduced price and the amount received.

<b>Field/Button</b>	<b>Description</b>	<b>Action</b>
Number of livestock sold at a reduced price due to current eligible loss condition	Manual entry.	Enter the number of livestock that were sold at a reduced price due to current eligible loss condition. Software will allow up to 6 whole numbers.  Not allowed if contract grower is selected.
COC Adjusted number of livestock sold at a reduced price due to current eligible loss condition	Manual entry.	Enter the number of livestock that were sold at a reduced price due to current eligible loss condition, if adjusted by COC.
Amount received for sold livestock	Manual entry.	Enter the amount received for livestock sold at a reduced price due to current eligible loss condition. This is a monetary value and software will allow for 6 whole numbers and two decimal places.  This is a required entry if “Number of livestock sold at a reduced price due to current eligible loss condition” had an entry greater than zero.  Not allowed if contract grower is selected.
COC adjusted amount received for sold livestock	Manual entry.	Enter the amount received for livestock sold at a reduced price due to current eligible loss condition, if adjusted by COC. This is a monetary value and software will allow for 6 whole numbers and 2 decimal places. This is a required entry if “Number of livestock sold at a reduced price due to current eligible loss condition” had an entry greater than zero.  Not allowed if contract grower is selected.

--\*

**\*--111.4 Special Instructions for 2017 for Livestock Sold at Reduced Prices Only (Continued)**

**D Displayed in Part D**

“Number of livestock sold at a reduced price due to current eligible loss condition” and “Amount received for sold livestock” are displayed in the Livestock Losses screen in Part D – Livestock Losses.

**Part D - Livestock Information**

---

**Year: 2017**                      **State: Alabama(01)**                      **County: Autauga(001)**

Producer: BROWN, CHARLIE

<b>Livestock Losses</b>								
Contract Grower	Livestock Kind/Type and Weight Range	Beginning or Additional Purchase Inventory	Number Lost due to Adverse Weather	Number Lost due to Normal Mortality	Number sold at reduced price	Amount sold at reduced price \$		Action
no	beef Cow 401 - 2000 lbs	100	94	2	5	55.00		<a href="#" style="color: purple; text-decoration: none;">Edit</a> <a href="#" style="color: purple; text-decoration: none;">Delete</a>
	<b>COC Use Only</b>				<b>4</b>	<b>65.00</b>		

--\*

\*--111.4 Special Instructions for 2017 for Livestock Sold at Reduced Prices Only (Continued)

**E Parts E, F & G – Documentation of Purchase and Loss**

Documentation for “Number of livestock sold at a reduced price due to current eligible loss condition” is entered in “Part E, F & G – Documentation of Purchase and Loss.”

Part E, F, & G - Documentation of Purchase and Loss

**Year:** 2017      **State:** Alabama(01)      **County:** Autauga(001)

**Producer:** Any Producer

**Add Documentation**

Documentation Type : Select Type      Livestock Count :

Description : Beginning Inventory  
Loss  
Reduced Sale Price

**Documentation**

Documentation of Beginning Inventory	Livestock Count	Action
<b>Physical Delivery Count</b>	100	Edit Delete
Documentation of Loss	Livestock Count	Action
<b>Morgue count</b>	10	Edit Delete
Documentation to Verify Livestock Sold at Reduced Prices	Livestock Count	Action
<b>sale barn reciepts</b>	2	Edit Delete

--\*

**\*--111.4 Special Instructions for 2017 for Livestock Sold at Reduced Prices Only (Continued)****E Parts E, F & G – Documentation of Purchase and Loss (Continued)**

The following table provides Descriptions and Actions for the “Add Documentation” screen.

<b>Field/Button</b>	<b>Description</b>	<b>Action</b>
Documentation Type	Manual selection.	Select “Reduced Sale Price” from the drop-down menu.
Livestock Count	Manual entry.	Enter the number of livestock applicable to the documentation that was provided by the producer.
Description	Manual entry.	Enter a free-form description of the type of documentation that was provided by the producer (see paragraph 44 for examples of acceptable documentation).

The following table provides Fields and Descriptions for the “Documentation” screen.

<b>Field/Button</b>	<b>Description</b>
Documentation of Sales	Loss documentation entered on the Part E, F G & H - Documentation of Purchase and Loss Screen for Livestock Sold at Reduced Prices (paragraph 111.12) will be displayed.
Livestock Count	Livestock count entered for documentation of sales for Livestock Sold at Reduced Prices will be displayed.
Action	Provides the ability to edit or delete previously recorded documentation to verify purchases and sales

--\*

## \*--111.4 Special Instructions for 2017 for Livestock Sold at Reduced Prices Only (Continued)

**F Producer Summary**

The Producer Summary displays “Number of livestock sold at a reduced price due to current eligible loss condition” and “Amount received for sold livestock” in Part D and documentation in Part G.

Producer Summary							
Year: 2017		State: Alabama(01)			County: Autauga(001)		
Producer: Any Producer							
<b>Part B - Notice Of Loss</b>							
Notice of Loss Number	Start Date of Occurrence	End Date of Occurrence	Disasters				
109685	01/05/2017	01/31/2017	Blizzards				
109686	03/01/2017	04/15/2017	Blizzards				
Notice of Loss Signature Date: 09/04/2017							
<b>Part C - Livestock Location and Associated Producer Information</b>							
Where were the claimed livestock physically located at the time they died?							
Any Farm							
Where is the current physical location of the livestock in inventory?							
Any Farmj							
List other producers with an ownership share of the livestock listed and their share							
John Brown 25, Sam Smith 25							
<b>Part D - Livestock Information</b>							
Contract Grower	Livestock Kind/Type and Weight Range	Beginning or Additional Purchase Inventory	Number Lost due to Adverse Weather	Number Lost due to Normal Mortality	Number sold at reduced price	Amount sold at reduced price \$	
no	Beef Nonadult 400 to 799 pounds COC Use Only	100	94	2	5 3	55.00 65.00	
<b>PART E - Documentation Of Beginning Inventory</b>							
Documentation of Purchase				Livestock Count			
Physical deliver count				100			
<b>Part F - Documentation To Verify Livestock Losses</b>							
Documentation of Loss				Livestock Count			
Morgue County				10			
<b>Part G - Documentation to Verify Livestock Sold at Reduced Prices</b>							
Documentation of Sales				Livestock Count			
Sale Barn Receipt				2			
<b>Part H - Similar Loss/Contract Growers</b>							
Reduction: <input type="text"/>							
Ignore Validations: <input type="checkbox"/>							
Type of Signature <input type="text" value="Select Type"/>				Date of Signature <input type="text" value="mm/dd/yyyy"/>			
Original Approved Date <input type="text" value="mm/dd/yyyy"/>							
COC Signature Date <input type="text" value="mm/dd/yyyy"/>				<input type="checkbox"/> Approve <input type="checkbox"/> Disapprove			
<input type="button" value="Back"/>		<input type="button" value="Exit"/>		<input type="button" value="Save/Submit"/>			

--\*

## \*--111.5 State and County Selection - 2018 and Subsequent Years

**A Overview**

If users click “**Add or Edit Application**” on the LIP Main Menu, the State and County Selection Screen will be displayed. Users must select a State, county, and year to process CCC-852’s. Users must select the State and County Service Center responsible for the physical location State and County Office where the loss occurred. Users will also have the option of selecting “Nationwide Customer Service” from the left navigation menu on the LIP Main Menu. This provides the ability to take CCC-852’s for a producer from any Service Center nationwide (see paragraph 116 for more information on Nationwide Customer Service access).

**B Example State and County Selection Screen**

Following is an example of the State and County Selection Screen.

USDA United States Department of Agriculture  
Farm Service Agency

Livestock Indemnity Program (LIP)

LIP Home About LIP Help Contact Us Exit LIP Logout of eAuth

**LIP Menu**  
Welcome: Amy R. Mitchell  
Role: Nationwide Customer Service  
**Sign Up**  
Blank CCC-852  
LIP Home Page  
Nationwide Customer Service

**State and County Selection**

Select from All States and Counties

Program Year: 2018  
State: Select State  
County: Select County  
Continue

Screen ID: L108Signup002  
Last Modified: 01/03/2018 11:54:25 AM  
Back to Top ^

LIP Home Page | FSA Internet | FSA Intranet | USDA.gov  
Site Map | Policies and Links | FOIA | Accessibility Statement | Privacy | Non-Discrimination | Information Quality | USA.gov | White House

**C Action**

User will use the drop-down menus to select the applicable:

- program year
- State/county.

CLICK “**Continue**”, the Producer Search – Application Status Screen will be displayed.--\*

## 111.6 Producer Search – Application Status Screen - 2018 and Subsequent Years

### A Overview

After users have clicked “Next”, the Producer Search – Application Status Screen will be displayed. The Producer Search – Application Status Screen allows users to:

- add CCC-852’s
- view/print CCC-852’s
- edit existing CCC-852’s
- delete CCC-852’s
- view ECPR.

### B Example Producer Search – Application Status Screen

Following is an example of the Producer Search – Application Status Screen.

\*--

Producer Search - Application Status				
Year: 2018		State: Alabama(01)		County: Autauga(001)
<input type="button" value="Add/Search"/>		<input type="button" value="Back"/>		<input type="button" value="Cancel"/>
Application Number	Producer	Application Status	Action	
55974	Producer, Any	Initiated	View/Print Edit Delete ECPR	
55991	Producer, Any 2	Approved	View/Print Edit Delete ECPR	
55999	Producer, Any 3	Suspended	View/Print Edit Delete ECPR	

--\*

**\*--111.6 Producer Search – Application Status Screen - 2018 and Subsequent Years (Continued)**

**C Action**

To:

- add a new CCC-852, CLICK “**Add/Search**”; the SCIMS Customer Search Screen will be displayed
- view and/or print existing CCC-852, CLICK “**View/Edit**” next to CCC-852 to be viewed and/or printed; CCC-852 will be displayed in a separate window
- edit existing CCC-852, do either of the following:
  - select “**Edit**” next to CCC-852 to be edited; the Part B - Notice of Loss Screen will be displayed (paragraph 111.7)
  - CLICK “**Search**”; the SCIMS Customer Search Screen will be displayed
- delete CCC-852, CLICK “**Delete**” next to CCC-852 to be deleted; the Delete Applications Screen will be displayed.
- view ECPR, click “ECPR,” ECPR will open.--\*

**\*--111.6 Producer Search – Application Status Screen - 2018 and Subsequent Years  
(Continued)**

**D “Application Status” Column**

The “Application Status” column will be displayed with the status of the producer’s CCC-852, as follows.

<b>If the application status is...</b>	<b>THEN...</b>
initiated	CCC-852 has been started, but the producer has <b>not</b> signed CCC-852.
approved	COC or designee has approved CCC-852.
disapproved	COC or designee has disapproved CCC-852.
suspended	<p>CCC-852 has been placed in a suspended state because of either of the following:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• changes to basic program data (for example, the removal of a previously eligible adverse weather event)</li> <li>• SCIMS duplicate resolution merges.</li> </ul> <p>Suspended CCC-852’s <b>must</b> be accessed and modified to ensure that the most current data is on CCC-852. A report is available that provides a listing of all suspended CCC-852’s along with the reason for the suspension (see paragraph 111.8 for additional information).</p> <p><b>Note:</b> A SCIMS duplicate resolution merge will suspend CCC-852’s tied to the merged producers. CCC-852’s tied to the producer that was “kept” will <b>not</b> be suspended. CCC-852’s suspended because of SCIMS duplicate resolution merges do <b>not</b> need to be accessed and modified.</p>

--\*

## 111.7 Part B &amp; C – Notice of Loss Screen - 2018 and Subsequent Years

## A Example Part B and C – Notice of Loss Screen

The Part B - Notice of Loss Screen provides the ability to add, edit, and/or delete notices of loss. Part C – County Committee Determination of Loss provides the COC ability to approve or disapprove a notice of loss. Following is an example of the Part B – Notice of Loss Screen.

\*--

**Part B - Notice of Loss**

**Year:** 2018      **State:** Alabama(01)      **County:** Autauga(001)

**Producer:** Any Producer

**Add Notice Of Loss**

**Start Date:** 02/01/2018      **End Date:** 02/03/2018      **Apparent Date:** 02/04/2018

**Disaster Event(s)**

☐ Animal Attack  
 ☐ Anthrax  
 ☐ Avian Attack  
 ☐ Blizzards  
 ☐ Cyanobacteria  
 ☐ Disease  
 ☐ Earthquake  
 ☐ Extreme Cold  
 ☐ Extreme Heat  
 ☐ Floods  
 ☐ Hail  
 ☐ Hurricanes  
 ☐ Larkspur Poisoning  
 ☐ Lightning  
 ☐ Straight Line Winds  
 ☐ Tornado  
 ☐ Tropical Storm  
 ☐ Type B Botulism  
 ☐ Typhoon  
 ☐ VOG  
 ☐ Volcanic Eruption  
 ☐ Wild Fire  
☒ Winter Storm

Where were the claimed livestock physically located at the time they died? (Include County name, farm number, etc.)

Any Farm

Where is the current physical location of the livestock in inventory?

Any Farm

**Livestock Unit**      **Producers**      **Type**

000138      Any Producer      OP

To add a new Livestock Unit please click [here](#).

Refresh Units

**Type of Signature:** Paper      **Date:** 02/08/2018

**Part C - County Committee Determination of Loss**

**COC Signature Date:** mm/dd/yyyy      ☐ Approved      ☐ Disapproved

Save Notice Of Loss
Cancel

**Ignore Validations:** ☐

**Notices of Loss**

Notice of Loss Number	Start Date of Occurrence	End Date of Occurrence	Apparent Date of Occurrence	Disaster Event(s)	Livestock Unit	Actions
109617	01/01/2018		01/01/2018	Extreme Cold	000138	<a href="#">Edit</a> <a href="#">Delete</a>

**Type of Signature:** Paper      **Date:** 01/08/2018      **COC Signature Date:**

Update COC Signature Dates

Save and Exit
Save and Continue
Exit

--\*

**\*--111.7 Part B & C – Notice of Loss Screen - 2018 and Subsequent Years (Continued)****B Field Descriptions and Actions**

The following table provides the field descriptions and actions for the Part B – Notice of Loss Screen.

<b>Field/Button</b>	<b>Description</b>	<b>Action</b>
Year	Calendar year selected on the State and County Selection Screen will be displayed.	
State	State selected on the State and County Selection Screen will be displayed.	
County	County selected on the State and County Selection Screen will be displayed.	
Producer	Producer for which the CCC-852 is being updated will be displayed.	
Start Date of Occurrence	Manual entry, start date of disaster event.	Enter the start date of the disaster event that caused the loss.
End Date of Occurrence	Manual entry, end date of disaster event.	Enter the end date of the disaster event that caused the loss.
Apparent Date	Manual entry, the date loss was apparent due eligible disaster event.	Enter the date the loss was apparent due to eligible disaster event.
Disaster Event(s)	Manual selection for the disaster events that caused the livestock deaths.	Select 1 or more disaster events that caused the livestock deaths. If disease is selected, another disaster event <b>must</b> be selected.

--\*

**\*--111.7 Part B & C – Notice of Loss Screen - 2018 and Subsequent Years (Continued)****B Field Descriptions and Actions**

<b>Field/Button</b>	<b>Description</b>	<b>Action</b>
Where were the claimed livestock physically located at the time they died?	Free form entry.	Enter the physical location of the livestock at the time they died. If there are multiple locations, enter each location separated by a comma. Entry is required.
Where is the current physical location of the livestock in inventory?	Free form entry.	Enter the current physical location of the livestock in inventory. If there are multiple locations, enter each location separated by a comma. Entry is required.
Livestock Unit	Drop down menu	Select the applicable livestock unit. Livestock units are based on NAP units. If there are no NAP units, a message will be displayed with a link to the NAP unit software. A NAP unit must be set up for livestock units to appear.
Producers	Producers associated with the livestock unit	
Type	Type of producer for this livestock unit	
Refresh Units	Button	Click to refresh for current updated list of livestock units that will be displayed for this notice of loss.

--\*

**\*--111.7 Part B & C – Notice of Loss Screen - 2018 and Subsequent Years (Continued)****B Field Descriptions and Actions**

<b>Field/Button</b>	<b>Description</b>	<b>Action</b>
Type of Signature	Manual selection of the type of signature provided by the producer.  Applicable signature types are: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• paper</li> <li>• FAX</li> <li>• e-mail.</li> </ul>	Signature types shall only be updated after 1 of the following occurs: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• producer signs and dates the notice of loss</li> <li>• FAX with the producers signature and date has been received in the County Office</li> <li>• e-mail from the producer has been received in the County Office.</li> </ul>
Date	Manual entry of the date the producer signed, FAXed, or e-mailed the notice of loss.	Enter the date the producer signed, FAXed, or e-mailed the notice of loss in mmddyyyy, mmddyy, or mm/dd/yyyy format.
COC Signature Date	Manual entry of the date the COC signed the notice of loss.	Enter the date the COC signed notice of loss in mmddyyyy, mmddyy, or mm/dd/yyyy format.
COC Signature Date Approve/Disapprove	Manual selection.	Select whether notice of loss will be approved or disapproved.
Save Notice of Loss	Notice of Loss data is saved	
Cancel	Notice of loss will be cancelled and the LIP Main Screen will be displayed.	
Notice of Loss Number	The notice of loss number	
Start Date of Occurrence	Start Date of disaster event entered in Notice of Loss	

--\*

## \*--111.7 Parts B &amp; C – Notice of Loss Screen – 2018 and Subsequent Years (Continued)

**B Field Descriptions and Actions (Continued)**

<b>Field/Button</b>	<b>Description</b>	<b>Action</b>
End Date of Occurrence	End Date of disaster event entered in Notice of Loss	
Apparent Date of Occurrence	Apparent Date of Occurrence entered in Notice of Loss	
Disaster Event(s)	The disaster event selected for this notice of loss	
Livestock Unit	Livestock unit selected for notice of loss	
Actions	Allows user to edit or delete a notice of loss	Click “Edit” to edit this notice of loss or click “Delete” to delete this notice of loss.
Type of Signature	Type of signature used by producer to approve this notice of loss	
Date	Date of signature to approve this notice of loss	
COC Signature Date	Date COC signed approval/disapproval	
Update COC Signature Dates	Opens “Update Notice of Loss COC Signature Dates” screen	See “Part C, COC Signature Date” and “Part C, COC Signature Date” above Approve/Disapprove
Save and Exit	Saves notice of loss information only. Click “ <b>Save and Exit</b> ” if the producer only provides notice of loss data and no other CCC-852 data.  Application Confirmation Screen will be displayed (paragraph 111.5).	

--\*

**\*--111.7 Part B & C – Notice of Loss Screen - 2018 and Subsequent Years (Continued)****B Field Descriptions and Actions**

<b>Field/Button</b>	<b>Description</b>	<b>Action</b>
Save and Continue	The Part D – Livestock Information Screen will be displayed (paragraph 111.8).	
Exit	Exit application and return to Producer Search.  All data saved on the CCC-852 up to this point will be saved.	

--\*

**\*--111.8 Part D - Livestock Information Screen - 2018 and Subsequent Years**

**A Overview**

The Part D - Livestock Information Screen provides the ability to:

- enter new livestock death loss information for losses due to first eligible loss condition in the calendar year for the livestock kind, type, and weight ranges
- enter subsequent livestock death loss information which will be in addition to the first recorded loss in the calendar year for the livestock unit and livestock kind, type, and weight range
- enter final livestock death loss information which is in addition to the first and/or subsequent loss(es) in the calendar year for the livestock unit and livestock kind, type, and weight range
- edit existing livestock death loss information (This option must only be used to correct errors to information entered for a previous loss. This option must not be used to add new livestock losses. To enter additional livestock losses, enter as “subsequent” or “final” loss.)
- delete existing livestock death loss information.--\*

## \*--111.8 Part D - Livestock Information Screen - 2018 and Subsequent Years (Continued)

**B Example Part D - Livestock Information Screen**

Following is an example of the Part D - Livestock Information Screen.

Part D - Livestock Information												
Year: 2017			State: Alabama(01)				County: Autauga(001)					
Producer: <b>Producer, Any</b>												
<input type="button" value="Record First Loss for Livestock"/>												
Livestock Losses												
Loss Type	Livestock Unit	Contract Grower	Livestock Kind/Type and Weight Range			Beginning Inventory	Added Inventory	Number Lost due to Adverse Weather	Number Lost due to Normal Mortality	Sold Inventory	Producer Share	Action
First	502019	yes	Sheep	Ewes	a - b	99		9	8	7	100.00	Edit Delete
			COC Use Only									
Subsequent	502019	yes	Sheep	Ewes	a - b		100	10	8		100.00	Edit Delete Add Subsequent Loss
			COC Use Only					9	7			Add Final Loss
First	502020	no	Beef	Adult	Cow	999		9	8	7	100.00	Edit Delete
			COC Use Only					8				
Final	502020	no	Beef	Adult	Cow		10		2		100.00	Edit Delete
			COC Use Only									
First	502020	yes	Sheep	Ewes	a - b	100		9	8	7	100.00	Edit Delete Add Subsequent Loss
			COC Use Only					8				Add Final Loss
List other producers with an ownership share of livestock listed and their share.												
<input style="width: 300px; height: 30px;" type="text"/>												
<input type="button" value="Back"/>			<input type="button" value="Save and Continue"/>						<input type="button" value="Exit"/>			

--\*

**\*--111.8 Part D - Livestock Information Screen - 2018 and Subsequent Years (Continued)****C Field Descriptions and Actions**

The following table provides the field descriptions and actions for the Part D - Livestock Information Screen.

<b>Field/Button</b>	<b>Description</b>	<b>Action</b>
Year	Calendar year selected on the State and County Selection Screen will be displayed.	
State	State selected on the State and County Selection Screen will be displayed.	
County	County selected on the State and County Selection Screen will be displayed.	
Producer	Producer for which CCC-852 is being updated will be displayed.	
Record First Loss for Livestock	Record First Loss for Livestock screen will be displayed.	<p>This option must be used for recording death losses due to the first eligible loss condition in the calendar year for a specific livestock kind, type, and weight range.</p> <p><b>Note:</b> Use this option when livestock move up in weight range between eligible loss conditions.</p>
<p style="text-align: center;"><b>Livestock Losses</b></p> <p>If livestock death losses have been previously recorded for the producer in the same calendar year, the following information will be displayed.</p>		
Loss Type	The type of loss recorded (First, Subsequent or Final).	
Livestock Unit	Livestock unit number, as established in NAP Unit software.	

--\*

**111.8 Part D - Livestock Information Screen - 2018 and Subsequent Years (Continued)****C Field Descriptions and Actions (Continued)**

<b>Field/Button</b>	<b>Description</b>	<b>Action</b>
Contract Grower	If livestock deaths have been previously recorded, whether the livestock listed is contract grower livestock will be displayed.	
Livestock Kind/Type and Weight Range	If livestock deaths have been previously recorded, the livestock kind, type, and weight range of the livestock that died will be displayed.	
Beginning Inventory	Livestock beginning inventory on beginning date of eligible loss condition.	
Added Inventory	For subsequent and final year end losses, livestock added to inventory since previous loss condition.	
Number Loss Due to Adverse Weather	Number of livestock loss entered due to adverse weather event.	
Number Loss Due to Normal Mortality	Number of livestock loss entered due to normal mortality.	
Sold Inventory	For first eligible loss condition in the calendar year, the number of livestock sold.	
Producer Share	Producer's share of livestock entered.	
*--Number of livestock sold at a reduced price due to current eligible loss condition	The number of livestock that were sold at a reduced price due to current eligible loss condition.	
Amount received for sold livestock	Dollar amount received for livestock sold at a reduced price due to current eligible loss condition.--*	

**111.8 Part D - Livestock Information Screen - 2018 and Subsequent Years (Continued)****C Field Descriptions and Actions (Continued)**

<b>Field/Button</b>	<b>Description</b>	<b>Action</b>
Action - Edit	Edit record.	Allows this record to be edited. Edits should only be made for corrections. Any additional losses to a livestock unit, livestock type, kind and weight range must be made by using the appropriate “Add Subsequent Loss” or “Add Final Loss” action. For first losses, always use “Record First Loss for Livestock” button in Part D – Livestock Information.
Action - Delete	Deletes record.	Allows this record to be deleted from the CCC-852.
*--Action – Add Subsq	Add a subsequent loss in the same calendar year for the same livestock kind, type, and weigh range for which previous losses have been recorded.	Takes user to “Record Subsequent Loss for Livestock” Screen to enter additional livestock losses for livestock unit and livestock kind, type, and weight ranges for which pevious lossess have been recorded the same calendar year.--*
Action - Add Final Loss	Add a final loss for livestock unit and livestock kind, type and weight range for which previous losses have been recorded.	Takes user to “Record Final Loss for Livestock” Screen to enter additional livestock losses for livestock unit and livestock kind, type and weight range for which previous losses have been recorded.
List other producers with an ownership share of livestock listed and their share.	Free form entry.	Enter other producers that have an ownership share of the livestock along with that producers share. If there are multiple producers, enter each producer separated by a comma. Entry is not required.
Back	The Part D – Livestock Information Screen will be displayed (this paragraph).	
Save and Continue	The Parts E, F and G – Documentation of Purchase and Loss Screen will be displayed (paragraph 111.12).	
Exit	CCC-852 will be cancelled and the LIP Main Menu will be displayed (paragraph 101).  All data saved on the CCC-852 up to this point will be saved.	

## 111.9 Record First Loss for Livestock Screen - 2018 and Subsequent Years

### A Overview

The Record First Loss for Livestock Screen provides the ability to load livestock losses for a livestock kind, type, and weight range that was not previously recorded on CCC-852. The Record First Loss for Livestock Screen shall be used for loading data for livestock death losses (due to the first eligible loss condition in the calendar year) for the specific livestock kind, type, and weight range.

### B Example Record First Loss for Livestock Screen

Following is an example of the Record First Loss for Livestock Screen.

\*--

Record First Loss for Livestock		
Year: 2018	State: Alabama(01)	County: Autauga(001)
Producer: Any Producer		
<b>Save Loss</b>		
Kind	Beef	
Type/Weight Range	Adult Bull	
Notice of Loss/Livestock Unit	01/01/2018 Extreme Cold / 000138	
		<b>Adjustments (COC Use Only)</b>
Number of livestock in inventory as of eligible loss condition date of 01/01/2018.	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>
Number of livestock that died due to current eligible loss condition.	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>
Number of livestock that died due to normal mortality on or before 01/01/2018.	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>
Number of livestock sold before 01/01/2018.	<input type="text"/>	
Number of livestock sold at a reduced price due to current eligible loss condition.	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>
Amount recieved for livestock sold at a reduced price due to current eligible loss condition.	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>
Producer Share	<input type="text"/>	
Contract Grower	<input type="radio"/> Yes <input checked="" type="radio"/> No	
Save Loss		Cancel

--\*

**111.9 Record First Loss for Livestock Screen - 2018 and Subsequent Years (Continued)****C Field Descriptions and Actions**

The following table provides the field descriptions and actions for the Record First Loss for Livestock Screen.

<b>Field/Button</b>	<b>Description</b>	<b>Action</b>
Year	Calendar year selected on the State and County Selection Screen will be displayed.	
State	State selected on the State and County Selection Screen will be displayed.	
County	County selected on the State and County Selection Screen will be displayed.	
Producer	Producer for which CCC-852 is being updated will be displayed.	
Kind	Manual selection.	Select the kind of livestock from CCC-852, item 14, from the drop-down menu.
Type/Weight Range at Loss	Manual selection.	Select the type and weight range from CCC-852, item 14, from the drop-down menu.
Notice of Loss/Livestock Unit	Manual selection.	Select the notice of loss/livestock unit from CCC-852, item 12, that corresponds to the eligible loss condition.
Number of livestock in inventory on the day before (First day of eligible loss condition)	Manual entry	Enter the number of livestock in inventory on the day before the first day of the eligible loss condition for this notice of loss from CCC-852, item 17.
COC Adjusted Number of livestock in inventory on the day before (First day of eligible loss condition)	Manual entry.	Enter the number of livestock in inventory the day before the eligible loss condition, if adjusted by COC, from CCC-852, item 21.  <b>Note:</b> An entry is only required when COC determines an inventory different than the inventory certified to by the producer on CCC-852, item 17.

**111.9 Record First Loss for Livestock Screen - 2018 and Subsequent Years (Continued)****C Field Descriptions and Actions (Continued)**

<b>Field/Button</b>	<b>Description</b>	<b>Action</b>
Number of livestock that died due to current eligible loss condition	Manual entry	Enter the number of livestock that died due to current eligible loss condition for the applicable livestock unit/livestock kind, type, and weight range from CCC-852, item 18.
COC Adjusted Number of livestock that died due to current eligible loss condition	Manual entry.	Enter the number of livestock that died due to current eligible loss condition, if adjusted by COC, from CCC-852, item 22.  <b>Note:</b> An entry is only required when COC determines the number of eligible livestock lost due eligible loss condition is different than the number of livestock certified to by the producer as lost by the producer on CCC-852, item 18.
Number of livestock that died due to normal mortality on or before (first day of eligible loss condition)	Manual entry.	Enter the number of livestock that died due to normal mortality before, on, or during eligible loss condition, for the applicable livestock unit/livestock kind, type, and weight range, from CCC-852, item 19.
COC Adjusted Number of livestock that died due to normal mortality on or before (first day of eligible loss condition)	Manual entry.	Enter the number of livestock that died due to normal mortality before, on, or during (first day of eligible loss condition), if adjusted by COC, from CCC-852, item 23.  <b>Note:</b> An entry is only required when COC determines the number of livestock lost due to normal mortality before, on, or during eligible loss condition is different than the number of livestock certified to by the producer on CCC-852, item 19.
Number of livestock sold before (first day of eligible loss event)	Manual entry	Enter number of livestock that was sold before the first day of the eligible loss event from CCC-852, item 16.
*--Number of livestock sold at a reduced price due to current eligible loss condition	Manual entry	Enter the number of livestock that were sold at a reduced price due to current eligible loss condition. Software will allow up to 6 whole numbers.--*

## 111.9 Record First Loss for Livestock Screen - 2018 and Subsequent Years (Continued)

## C Field Descriptions and Actions (Continued)

Field/Button	Description	Action
*--COC Adjusted number of livestock sold at a reduced price due to current eligible loss condition	Manual entry	Enter the number of livestock that were sold at a reduced price due to current eligible loss condition, if adjusted by COC.
Amount received for sold livestock	Manual entry	Enter the amount received for livestock sold at a reduced price due to current eligible loss condition. This is a monetary value and software will allow for 6 whole numbers and 2 decimal places.  This is a required entry if "Number of livestock sold at a reduced price due to current eligible loss condition" had an entry greater than zero.
COC adjusted amount for sold livestock	Manual entry	Enter the amount received for livestock sold at a reduced price due to current eligible loss condition. This is a monetary value and software will allow for 6 whole numbers and 2 decimal place.  This is a required entry if "Number of livestock sold at a reduced price due to current eligible loss condition" had an entry greater than zero.--*
Producer Share	Manual entry	Enter the producer share from CCC-852, item 15.
Contract Grower	Manual selection.	Select "Yes" if the producer is a contract grower of the selected livestock. Select "No" if the producer is not a contract grower of the selected livestock.  <b>Note:</b> Only available for selection if a livestock that can be placed under contract is selected.
Save and Continue	Saves the livestock loss information to CCC-852. Users must click "Save Loss" <b>before</b> continuing or the livestock loss since the last "save" will not be saved to the CCC-852.	
Cancel	Record First Loss for Livestock Screen will be cancelled and the Part D – Livestock Information Screen will be displayed (paragraph 107).  All data saved on the CCC-852 up to this point will be saved.	

**111.10 Record Subsequent Loss for Livestock Screen - 2018 and Subsequent Years****A Overview**

To add losses for previously recorded livestock due to a subsequent eligible loss condition in the calendar year, always use the “Record Subsequent Loss for Livestock” option next to the applicable livestock kind, type, and weight range on Part D - Livestock Information Screen, as shown in subparagraph 111.8 B. “Record Final Year End Loss” screen must be used for the final loss before submitting for payment.

**B Example of Record Subsequent Loss for Livestock Screen**

After selecting the “Add Subsequent Loss” option on the Part D – Livestock Information Screen, the Record Subsequent Loss for Livestock Screen will be displayed. Following is an example of the Record Subsequent Loss for Livestock Screen.

\*--

Record Subsequent Loss for Livestock		
Year: 2018	State: Alabama(01)	County: Autauga(001)
Producer: Any Producer		
<b>Save Loss</b>		
<div> <div>Kind: Sheep</div> <div>Type/Weight Range: Ewes/</div> <div>Livestock Unit: 000138</div> <div>Notice of Loss: 03/01/2018 Floods</div> </div>		
		<b>Adjustments (COC Use Only)</b>
Number of livestock added to inventory after 02/03/2018 and on or before 03/01/2018.	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>
Number of livestock that died due to current eligible loss condition.	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>
Number of livestock that died due to normal mortality after 02/03/2018 and on or before 03/01/2018.	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>
Number of livestock sold at a reduced price due to current eligible loss condition.	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>
Amount recieved for livestock sold at a reduced price due to current eligible loss condition.	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>
Producer Share	<input type="text"/>	
Contract Grower	<input type="radio"/> Yes <input checked="" type="radio"/> No	
<input type="button" value="Save Loss"/> <input type="button" value="Cancel"/>		

--\*

# 111.10 Record Subsequent Loss for Livestock Screen - 2018 and Subsequent Years (Continued)

## C Field Descriptions and Actions

The following table provides the field descriptions and actions for the **Record Subsequent Loss for Livestock Screen**.

Field/Button	Description	Action
Year	Calendar year selected on the State and County Selection Screen will be displayed.	
State	State selected on the State and County Selection Screen will be displayed.	
County	County selected on the State and County Selection Screen will be displayed.	
Producer	Producer for which CCC- 852 is being updated will be displayed.	
Kind	The kind of livestock selected for the previous eligible loss condition will be displayed.	
Type/Weight Range at Loss	The type and weight range that was selected for the previous eligible loss condition will be displayed.	
Livestock Unit	The livestock unit selected for the previous loss will be displayed	
Notice of Loss	Manual selection.	Select the notice of loss unit than corresponds to the eligible loss condition from CCC-852, item 12.
Number of Livestock added to inventory (since last eligible loss and during current eligible loss condition)	Manual entry	Enter the total number of livestock added to inventory since the last eligible loss condition and during the current eligible loss condition from CCC-852, item 20.
Number of livestock that died due to current eligible loss condition	Manual entry	Enter the number of livestock that have died due to the current eligible loss condition from CCC-852, item 18.

# 111.10 Record Subsequent Loss for Livestock Screen - 2018 and Subsequent Years (Continued)

## C Field Descriptions and Actions (Continued)

Field/Button	Description	Action
COC Adjusted Number of livestock that died due to current eligible loss condition	Manual entry	Enter the number of livestock that have died due to the current eligible loss condition, adjusted by COC from CCC-852, item 22.  <b>Note:</b> An entry is only required when COC determines the number of livestock is different than the number of livestock certified to by the producer on CCC-852, item 18.
Number of livestock that died due to normal mortality(since last eligible loss and during current eligible loss condition)	Manual entry	Enter the total number of livestock that have died since the last eligible loss condition and during the current eligible loss condition from CCC-852, item 19.
COC Adjusted Number of livestock that died due to normal mortality (since last eligible loss and during current eligible loss condition)	Manual entry	Enter the total number of livestock that have died since the last eligible loss condition and during the current eligible loss condition, adjusted by COC from CCC-852, item 23.  <b>Note:</b> An entry is only required when COC determines the number of livestock is different than the number of livestock certified to by the producer on CCC-852, item 19.
*--Number of livestock sold at a reduced price due to current eligible loss condition	Manual entry.	Enter the number of livestock that were sold at a reduced price due to current eligible loss condition Software will allow up to 6 whole numbers.  Not allowed if contract grower is selected.
COC Adjusted number of livestock sold at a reduced price due to current eligible loss condition	Manual entry.	Enter the number of livestock that were sold at a reduced price due to current eligible loss condition, if adjusted by COC.--*

# 111.10 Record Subsequent Loss for Livestock Screen - 2018 and Subsequent Years (Continued)

## C Field Descriptions and Actions (Continued)

Field/Button	Description	Action
*--Amount received for sold livestock	Manual entry.	Enter the amount received for livestock sold at a reduced price due to current eligible loss condition. This is a monetary value and software will allow for 6 whole numbers and 2 decimal places.  This is a required entry if “Number of livestock sold at a reduced price due to current eligible loss condition” had an entry greater than zero.  Not allowed if contract grower is selected.
COC adjusted amount received for sold livestock	Manual entry.	Enter the amount received for livestock sold at a reduced price due to current eligible loss condition, if adjusted by COC. This is a monetary value and software will allow for 6 whole numbers and 2 decimal places. This is a required entry if “Number of livestock sold at a reduced price due to current eligible loss condition” had an entry greater than zero.  Not allowed if contract grower is selected.--*
Producer Share	Manual entry	Enter the producer share from CCC-852, item 15.
Contract Grower	Manual selection	Click on the selection that applies to this producer.
Save Loss	Saves the livestock loss information to CCC-852. Users must click “Save Loss” <b>before</b> continuing or the livestock loss since the last “save” will not be saved to the CCC-852.	
Cancel	Record Final Loss for Livestock Screen will be cancelled and the Part D – Livestock Information Screen will be displayed.  All data saved on the CCC-852 up to this point will be saved.	

**111.11 Record Final Year End Loss for Livestock Screen - 2018 and Subsequent Years****A Overview**

Always use “Record Final Year End Loss for Livestock” option next to the applicable livestock unit/livestock kind, type, and weight range on Part D - Livestock Information Screen when adding additional inventory and/or livestock that died due to normal mortality since the last eligible loss condition, when filing a final year end application for the calendar year.

**B Example of Add Final Year End Loss for Livestock Screen**

After selecting the “Add Final Loss” option on the Part D Livestock Information Screen, the **Record Final Year End Loss for Livestock** Screen will be displayed. Following is an example of the **Record Final Year End Loss for Livestock** Screen.

\*\_

Record Final Year End Loss for Livestock		
Year: 2018	State: Alabama(01)	County: Autauga(001)
Producer: Any Producer		
<b>Save Loss</b>		
<div> <div>Kind: Sheep</div> <div>Type/Weight Range: Ewes/</div> <div>Livestock Unit: 000138</div> </div>		
Number of livestock added to inventory after 02/03/2018 and on or before 12/31/2018.		Adjustments (COC Use Only)
Number of livestock that died due to normal mortality after 02/03/2018.		
Producer Share		
Contract Grower		<input type="radio"/> Yes <input checked="" type="radio"/> No
<input type="button" value="Save Loss"/> <input type="button" value="Cancel"/>		

--\*

**\*--111.11 Record Final Year End Loss for Livestock Screen - 2018 and Subsequent Years  
(Continued)**

**C Field Descriptions and Actions**

The following table provides the field descriptions and actions for the **Record Final Year End Loss for Livestock Screen**

<b>Field/Button</b>	<b>Description</b>	<b>Action</b>
Year	Calendar year selected on the State and County Selection Screen will be	
State	State selected on the State and County Selection Screen will be	
County	County selected on the State and County Selection Screen will be	
Producer	Producer for which CCC-852 is being updated will be displayed.	
Kind	The kind of livestock selected for the previous eligible loss condition will be displayed.	
Type/Weight Range at Loss	The type and weight range that was selected for the previous eligible loss condition will be displayed.	

--\*

**\*--111.11 Record Final Year End Loss for Livestock Screen - 2018 and Subsequent Years  
(Continued)**

**C Field Descriptions and Actions (Continued)**

<b>Field/Button</b>	<b>Description</b>	<b>Action</b>
Livestock Number	The livestock number selected for the previous loss condition will be displayed.	
Number of Livestock added to inventory (since last eligible loss and during current eligible loss condition)	Manual entry	Enter the total number of livestock added to inventory since the last eligible loss condition from CCC-852, item 20.
Number of livestock that died due to normal mortality(since last eligible loss)	Manual entry	Enter the total number of livestock that have died due to normal mortality since the last eligible loss condition from CCC 852, item 19.
COC Adjusted Number of livestock that died due to normal mortality (since last eligible loss period)	Manual entry	Enter the total number of livestock that died due to normal mortality (since last eligible loss period), adjusted by COC from CCC-852, item 23.  <b>Note:</b> An entry is only required when COC determines the number of livestock is different than the number of livestock certified to by the producer on CCC-852, item 19.
Producer Share	Manual entry	Enter the producer share from CCC-852, item 15.

--\*

**\*--111.11 Record Final Year End Loss for Livestock Screen - 2018 and Subsequent Years  
(Continued)**

**C Field Descriptions and Actions (Continued)**

<b>Field/Button</b>	<b>Description</b>	<b>Action</b>
Contract Grower	Manual selection	Click on the selection that applies to this producer
Save Loss	Saves the livestock loss information to CCC-852. Users must click “Save” <b>before</b> continuing or the livestock loss since the last “save” will not be saved to the CCC-852.	
Cancel	Record First Loss for Livestock Screen will be cancelled and the Part D – Livestock Information Screen will be displayed.  All data saved on the CCC-852 up to this point will be saved.	

--\*

**\*--111.12 Part E, F, G, and H – Documentation of Purchase and Loss Screen – 2018 and Subsequent Years**

**A Overview**

The Part E, F, G, & H – Documentation of Purchase and Loss Screen provides the ability to load the type of supporting documentation that was provided by the producer to verify beginning inventory and livestock losses.

**B Example Part E, F, G, & H – Documentation of Purchase and Loss Screen**

Following is an example of the Part E, F, G, & H – Documentation of Purchase and Loss Screen.

**Part E, F, G & H - Documentation of Purchase and Loss**

**Year: 2018**
**State: Alabama(01)**
**County: Autauga(001)**

Producer: Any Producer

**Add Documentation**

Documentation Type : Select Type

Livestock Count :

Description :

Save
Cancel

**Documentation**

Documentation of Beginning Inventory	Livestock Count	Action
<b>Purchase Receipt</b>	100	<a href="#">Edit</a> <a href="#">Delete</a>
Documentation of Loss	Livestock Count	Action
<b>Rendering Receipt</b>	10	<a href="#">Edit</a> <a href="#">Delete</a>
Documentation of Sales and Purchases	Livestock Count	Action
<b>Sales Receipt</b>	5	<a href="#">Edit</a> <a href="#">Delete</a>
Documentation to Verify Livestock Sold at Reduced Prices	Livestock Count	Action
<b>Sales Receipt</b>	2	<a href="#">Edit</a> <a href="#">Delete</a>

Back
Continue
Exit

--\*

**\*--111.12 Part E, F, G, & H – Documentation of Purchase and Loss Screen - 2018 and Subsequent Years (Continued)--\***

**C Field Descriptions/Actions**

The following table provides the field descriptions and actions for the Approve Contracts Screen.

<b>Field/Button</b>	<b>Description</b>	<b>Action</b>
Year	Calendar year selected on the State and County Selection Screen will be displayed.	
State	State selected on the State and County Selection Screen will be displayed.	
County	County selected on the State and County Selection Screen will be displayed.	
Producer	Producer for which CCC-852 is being updated will be displayed.	
Documentation Type	Manual selection.	<p>Select from the following:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• beginning inventory</li> <li>• loss</li> <li>• sales and purchases</li> <li>•*--reduced sales price.--*</li> </ul> <p>Entry of at least one record for each documentation type is required.</p>
Livestock Count	Manual entry.	Enter the number of livestock applicable to the documentation that was provided by the producer.
Description	Manual entry.	Enter a free-form description of the type of documentation that was provided by the producer (see paragraph 44 for examples of acceptable documentation).

**\*--111.12 Part E, F, G, & H – Documentation of Purchase and Loss Screen - 2018 and Subsequent Years (Continued)--\***

**C Field Descriptions/Actions (Continued)**

<b>Field/Button</b>	<b>Description</b>	<b>Action</b>
Save	Saves the documentation information to CCC-852. Users must click “Save” <b>before</b> continuing or the documentation information will <b>not</b> be added to the CCC-852.	
Cancel	Clears the Add Documentation screen.	
Documentation of Beginning Inventory	Free-form description that was entered as documentation to verify beginning inventory will be displayed.	
Livestock Count	Number of livestock that was entered as being applicable to the documentation to verify beginning inventory will be displayed.	
Action	Provides the ability to edit or delete previously recorded documentation to verify beginning inventory.	
Documentation of Loss	Free-form description that was entered as documentation to verify losses will be displayed.	
Livestock Count	Number of livestock that was entered as being applicable to the documentation to verify losses will be displayed.	
Action	Provides the ability to edit or delete previously recorded documentation to verify losses.	
Documentation of Purchases and Sales	Free-form description that was entered as documentation to verify purchases and sales will be displayed.	
Livestock Count	Number of livestock that was entered as being applicable to the documentation to verify purchases and sales will be displayed.	
Action	Provides the ability to edit or delete previously recorded documentation to verify purchases and sales	
*--Documentation of livestock sold at reduced prices	Free-form description that was entered as documentation to verify documentation of livestock sold at reduced pricess will be displayed.	
Livestock Count	Number of livestock that was entered as being applicable to the documentation to verify livestock sold at reduced prices will be displayed.--*	

**\*--111.12 Part E, F, G, & H – Documentation of Purchase and Loss Screen - 2018 and Subsequent Years (Continued)--\***

**C Field Descriptions/Actions (Continued)**

<b>Field/Button</b>	<b>Description</b>	<b>Action</b>
*--Action	Provides the ability to edit or delete previously recorded documentation to verify livestock sold at reduced prices.--*	
Back	The Part D - Livestock Information Screen will be displayed (paragraph 111.8).	
Continue	The Producer Summary Screen will be displayed (paragraph 111.13).	
Exit	CCC-852 will be cancelled and the LIP Main Menu will be displayed (paragraph 101).  All data saved on the CCC-852 up to this point will be saved.	

--\*

**\*--111.13 Producer Summary Screen – 2018 and Subsequent Years**

**A Overview**

The Producer Summary Screen provides the ability to:

- load other compensation
- load reductions
- review all CCC-852 data that has been entered
- enter the producer signature type and date
- approve/disapprove CCC-852.--\*

## 111.13 Producer Summary Screen – 2018 and Subsequent Years (Continued)

## B Example Producer Summary Screen

Following is an example of the Producer Summary Screen.

\*--

Producer Summary												
Year: 2018			State: Alabama(01)				County: Autauga(001)					
Producer: Any Producer												
<b>Part B and C - Notice of Loss and County Committee Determination of Loss</b>												
Notice of Loss Number	Start Date of Occurrence	End Date of Occurrence	Apparent Date of Occurrence	Disasters	Livestock Unit							
109617	01/01/2018		01/01/2018	Extreme Cold	000138							
Type of Signature: Paper Date: 01/08/2018 COC Signature Date:												
109618	02/01/2018	02/03/2018	02/04/2018	Winter Storm	000138							
Type of Signature: Paper Date: 02/08/2018 COC Signature Date:												
109619	03/01/2018		03/01/2018	Floods	000138							
Type of Signature: Paper Date: 03/06/2018 COC Signature Date:												
<b>Part D - Livestock Information</b>												
Loss Type	Livestock Unit	Contract Grower	Livestock Kind/Type and Weight Range	Beginning Inventory	Added Inventory	Number Lost due to Adverse Weather	Number Lost due to Normal Mortality	Sold Inventory	Producer Share	Number sold at reduced price	Amount sold at reduced price \$	
First	000138	no	Beef Adult Cow	100	-	5	-	-	100.00	2	500.00	
			COC Use Only									
First	000138	no	Sheep Ewes	50	-	3	-	-	100.00	2	200.00	
			COC Use Only									
Subsq	000138	no	Beef Adult Cow	-	-	3	2	-	100.00	-	-	
			COC Use Only									
Subsq	000138	no	Sheep Ewes	-	-	3	1	-	100.00	-	-	
			COC Use Only									
Subsq	000138	no	Beef Adult Cow	-	5	4	2	-	100.00	-	-	
			COC Use Only									
<b>PART E - Documentation Of Beginning Inventory</b>												
Documentation of Purchase										Livestock Count		
Purchase Receipt										100		
<b>Part F - Documentation To Verify Sales and Purchases</b>												
Documentation of Sales										Livestock Count		
Sales Receipt										5		
<b>Part G - Documentation To Verify Livestock Losses</b>												
Documentation of Loss										Livestock Count		
Rendering Receipt										10		
<b>Part H - Documentation to Verify Livestock Sold at Reduced Prices</b>												
Documentation of Sales										Livestock Count		
Sales Receipt										2		
<b>Part I - Similar Loss/Contract Growers</b>												
Reduction: <input type="text"/>												

Ignore Validations: ☐

Type of Signature	Date of Signature
<input type="text" value="Select Type"/>	<input type="text" value="mm/dd/yyyy"/>
Original Approved Date	
<input type="text" value="mm/dd/yyyy"/>	
COC Signature Date	
<input type="text" value="mm/dd/yyyy"/>	
<input type="button" value="Back"/>	<input type="button" value="Exit"/>
<input type="button" value="Save/Submit"/>	<input type="button" value="Save/Submit"/>

☐ Approve ☐ Disapprove

--\*

**\*--111.13 Producer Summary Screen – 2018 and Subsequent Years (Continued)****C Field Descriptions/Actions**

The following table provides the field descriptions and actions for the Producer Summary Screen.

<b>Field/Button</b>	<b>Description</b>	<b>Action</b>
Year	Calendar year selected on the State and County Selection Screen will be displayed.	
State	State selected on the State and County Selection Screen will be displayed.	
County	County selected on the State and County Selection Screen will be displayed.	
Producer	Producer for which CCC-852 is being updated will be displayed.	
Notices of Loss	Notices of loss entered on the Part B - Notice of Loss Screen (paragraph 111.7) will be displayed.	
Start Date of Occurrence	The start date for the eligible loss condition entered in Part B, Notice of Loss	
End Date of Occurrence	The end date for the eligible loss condition entered in Part B, Notice of Loss	
Apparent Date of Occurrence	The apparent date for the eligible loss condition entered in Part B, Notice of Loss	
Disaster	The eligible loss condition selected in Part B, Notice of Loss	
Livestock Unit	The livestock unit entered in Part B, Notice of Loss	
Loss Type	The type of loss being recorded, First, Subsequent or Final	
Livestock Unit	The livestock unit entered in Part B, Notice of Loss	
Contract Grower	If livestock deaths have been previously recorded, whether the livestock listed is contract grower livestock will be	

**111.13 Producer Summary Screen – 2018 and Subsequent Years (Continued)****C Field Descriptions/Actions (Continued)**

<b>Field/Button</b>	<b>Description</b>	<b>Action</b>
Livestock Kind/Type and Weight Range	If livestock deaths have been previously recorded, the livestock kind, type, and weight range of the livestock that died will be displayed.	
Beginning Inventory	Inventory entered for first loss	
Added Inventory	Inventory added on subsequent and/or final loss	
Number Loss Due to Adverse Weather	Livestock loss entered due to adverse weather	
Number Loss Due to Normal Mortality	Livestock loss entered due to normal mortality	
Sold Inventory	Number of livestock sold	
Producer Share	Producer's share of livestock entered	
Documentation of Purchase	Purchase documentation entered on the *--Part E, F, G, & H – Documentation--* of Purchase and Loss Screen (paragraph 111.12) will be displayed.	
Livestock Count	Livestock count entered for documentation of purchase.	
Documentation of Sales	Sales documentation entered on the *--Part E, F, G, & H – Documentation--* of Purchase and Loss Screen (paragraph 111.12) will be displayed.	
Livestock Count	Livestock count entered for documentation of sales.	
Documentation of Loss	Loss documentation entered on the *--Part E, F, G, & H – Documentation--* of Purchase and Loss Screen (paragraph 111.12) will be displayed.	
*--Documentation of Sales	Loss documentation entered on the Part E, F, G, & H - Documentation of Purchase and Loss Screen for Livestock Sold at Reduced Prices (paragraph 111.12) will be displayed.	
Livestock Count	Livestock count entered for documentation of sales for Livestock Sold at Reduced Prices.--*	

**111.13 Producer Summary Screen – 2018 and Subsequent Years (Continued)****C Field Descriptions/Actions (Continued)**

<b>Field/Button</b>	<b>Description</b>	<b>Action</b>
Similar Loss/Contract Growers	Manual entry.	As applicable, enter the amount of monetary compensation received by the producer: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>from their contractor for the loss of income suffered from the death of the livestock under contract (contract grower only)</li> <li>from other disaster assistance programs for the same livestock losses.</li> </ul>
Type of Signature	Manual selection. The type of signature provided by the producer.  Eligible signature types are: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>paper</li> <li>FAX.</li> </ul>	Signature types shall only be updated after either of the following occurs: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>producer signs and dates CCC-852</li> <li>FAX with the producer's signature and date has been received in the County Office.</li> </ul>
Date of Signature	Manual entry of the date the producer signed or FAXed CCC-852.	Enter the date the producer signed or FAXed CCC-852 in mmddyyyy, mmddyy, or mm/dd/yyyy format.
Original Approved Date	The first date this CCC-852 was approved	
COC Signature Date	Manual entry of the date the COC signed CCC-852.	Enter the date the COC signed CCC-852 in mmddyyyy, mmddyy, or mm/dd/yyyy format.
Approve/Disapprove	Manual selection.	Select whether CCC-852 will be approved or disapproved.
Back	*--The Part E, F, G, & H--* – Documentation of Purchase and Loss Screen will be displayed (paragraph 111.12).	

**\*--111.13 Producer Summary Screen – 2018 and Subsequent Years (Continued)****C Field Descriptions/Actions (Continued)**

<b>Field/Button</b>	<b>Description</b>	<b>Action</b>
Exit	CCC-852 will be cancelled and the LIP Main Menu will be displayed (paragraph 101).  All data saved on the CCC-852 up to this point will be saved.	
Save/Submit	CCC-852 will be submitted and the Producer Search – Application Status Screen will be displayed (paragraph 103).	

--\*

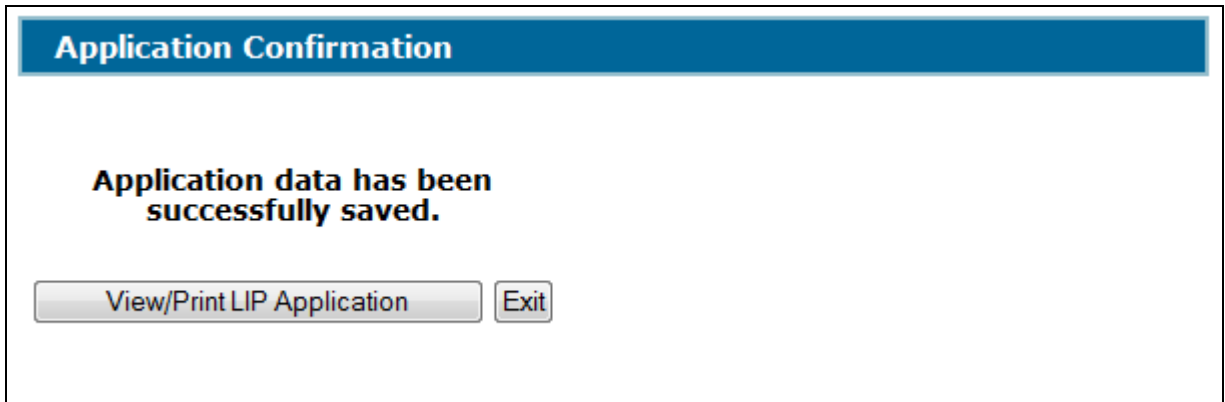
## 112 Application Confirmation Screen

### A Overview

The Application Confirmation Screen provides users the ability to view and/or print CCC-852.

### B Example Application Confirmation Screen

Following is an example of the Application Confirmation Screen.



### C Actions

To view and or print CCC-852, CLICK “**View/Print LIP Application**”; CCC-852 will be displayed in a separate window. CCC-852 will contain only application data that has been entered into the system as of the date it is being printed.



## 113 Approve/Disapprove Applications Screen

### A Overview

A process to enter the same approval/disapproval date to multiple CCC-852's is being provided in the web-based software. To access the multiple CCC-852 approval/disapproval process, CLICK “**Approve Applications**” link in the left navigation menu.

**Note:** The approval/disapproval date can also be entered by specific CCC-852 on the Producer Summary Screen.

### B Example Approve/Disapprove Applications Screen

Following is an example of the Approve/Disapprove Applications Screen.

**Approve/Disapprove Applications**


**Program Year:** 2013 **State:** Mississippi **County:** Coahoma

---

**Producer**

PRODUCER, ANY 2 ☐ Select Application

PRODUCER, ANY 3 ☐ Select Application

**COC Signature Date:**  

## 113 Approve/Disapprove Applications Screen (Continued)

**C Field Descriptions/Actions**

The following table provides the field descriptions and actions for the Approve/Disapprove Applications Screen.

<b>Field/Button</b>	<b>Description</b>	<b>Action</b>
Year	Manual selection.	Select the year for which bulk approval/disapproval will be completed.
State	Manual selection.	Select the State for which the bulk approval/disapproval will be completed.
County	Manual selection.	Select the county for which the bulk approval/disapproval will be completed.
Producer	Producers with CCC-852's ready for approval/disapproval will be displayed.	
Select Application	Manual selection.	Select the application(s) to be approved or disapproved.
COC Signature Date	Manual entry of the approval/disapproval date.	Enter the date COC approved/disapproved CCC-852.
Select All	Selects all listed applications for approval/disapproval.	
Clear All	Clears all selections.	
Approve	Approves all selected applications.	
Disapprove	Disapproves all selected applications.	

**D Criteria for Being Included in Multiple Approval Process**

CCC-852 **must** be signed and dated by the producer for CCC-852 to be included in the multiple approval process.

## 114 CCC Representative Electronic Approval/Disapproval Screen

### A Overview

A CCC representative electronic approval/disapproval process is being provided. All FSA County Office employees will have access to the CCC Representative Electronic Approval/Disapproval process; however, **only employees that are designated to approve/disapprove CCC-852's shall access and electronically approve CCC-852's.**

The approving official's name will be printed in the "County Committee Determination" signature block and the system date will be entered for the approval/disapproval date.

### B Example CCC Representative Electronic Approval/Disapproval Screen

Following is an example of the CCC Representative Electronic Approval/Disapproval Screen.

COC Representative Electronic Approval/Disapproval		
<div> <b>Program Year:</b> <b>State:</b> <b>County:</b> </div>		
<div> 2013    Mississippi    Coahoma </div>		
Producer	Electronic Signature	CCC-852
PRODUCER, ANY 2	<input type="checkbox"/> Electronically Sign	<a href="#">View Application</a>
PRODUCER, ANY 3	<input type="checkbox"/> Electronically Sign	<a href="#">View Application</a>
<div> Select All    Clear All    Approve    Disapprove </div>		

## 114 CCC Representative Electronic Approval/Disapproval Screen (Continued)

**C Field Descriptions/Actions**

The following table provides the field descriptions and actions for the CCC Representative Electronic Approval/Disapproval Screen.

<b>Field/Button</b>	<b>Description</b>	<b>Action</b>
Year	Manual selection.	Select the year for which CCC representative electronic approval/disapproval will be completed.
State	Manual selection.	Select the State for which the CCC representative electronic approval/disapproval will be completed.
County	Manual selection.	Select the county for which the CCC representative electronic approval/disapproval will be completed.
Producer	Producers with CCC-852's ready for approval/disapproval.	
Electronic Signature	Manual selection.	Select the application(s) to be electronically approved or disapproved.
CCC-852	Click View Application to display the PDF version of the CCC-852.	
Select All	Selects all listed applications for approval/disapproval.	
Clear All	Clears all selections.	
Approve	Approves all selected applications.	
Disapprove	Disapproves all selected applications.	

**D Criteria for Being Included in Multiple Approval Process**

CCC-852 must be signed and dated by the producer for CCC-852 to be included in the multiple approval process.

**115 LIP Reports Screen****A Overview**

Several standard reports are being provided for County Offices to use as tools for LIP signup. To access the Reports Menu, CLICK “**Reports**” under “LIP Menu”.

**B Example LIP Reports Screen**



Following is an example of the LIP Reports Screen.

**LIP Reports**

**Program Year:**  **State:**  **County:**

**Reports**

- ☒ 1. Summary Report
- ☐ 2. Approved Applications
- ☐ 3. Initiated Applications with No Notice of Loss Signature Date
- ☐ 4. Initiated Applications with No Producer Application Date
- ☐ 5. Initiated Applications with No COC or Designee Signature Date
- ☐ 6. Deleted Applications
- ☐ 7. Disapproved Applications
- ☐ 8. Applications Suspended Due to Program Load Table Changes

**Start Date:**    
**End Date:**  

## 115 LIP Reports Screen (Continued)

**C Descriptions of Reports**

The following table provides the report, action required, and data elements on the report. Only 1 report can be created at a time.

<b>Report</b>	<b>Action</b>	<b>Result</b>
Year	Manual selection.	Select the year for which reports will be run.
State	Manual selection.	Select the State for which reports will be run.
County	Manual selection.	Select the county for which reports will be run.
Summary Report	Select report.	Report will be displayed providing a summary of CCC-852 information in the year, State, and county selected.
Approved Applications	Select report.	Report will be displayed identifying all producers with approved CCC-852's in the year, State, and county selected.
Initiated Applications with No Notice of Loss Signature Date	Select report.	Report will be displayed identifying CCC-852's that have notices of loss initiated, but the producer has not signed the notice of loss in the year, State, and county selected.
Initiated Applications with No Producer Application Date	Select report.	Report will be displayed identifying CCC-852's that have been initiated, but producers have not signed CCC-852's in the year, State, and county selected.
Initiated Applications with No COC or Designee Signature Date	Select report.	Report will be displayed identifying CCC-852's that have been initiated, but have not been approved by COC or designee in the year, State, and county selected.
Deleted Applications	Select report.	Report will be displayed identifying all CCC-852's that have been deleted in the year, State, and county selected.
Disapproved Applications	Select report.	Report will be displayed identifying all CCC-852's that have been disapproved in the year, State, and county selected.
Applications Suspended Because of Program Load Table Changes	Select report.	Report will be displayed identifying CCC-852's that have been suspended in the year, State, and county selected.
Start Date	Manual entry.	Provide a start date to limit data displayed on any of the reports.
End Date	Manual entry.	Provide an end date to limit date displayed on any of the reports.
LIP Menu	Returns the user to the LIP Main Menu without displaying a report.	
Create Report	The selected report will be displayed.	

**116 Nationwide Customer Service****A County Office User Access**

The web-based LIP software automatically allows for nationwide customer service for County Office users. County Office users will have the ability to access and load CCC-852 for any producer nationwide. This service will be extremely beneficial for travelers, absentee landowners, etc. County Office employees loading nationwide CCC-852's will have limited authority.

**B Example State and County Selection Screen**

Nationwide customer service can be accessed by selecting "Nationwide Customer Service" from the menu bar. The State and County Selection Screen will be displayed. Following is an example of the State and County Selection Screen.



**State and County Selection**

**Select from All States and Counties**

**State:** Select State ▼

**County:** Select County ▼

**Program Year:** 2013 ▼

Cancel Continue

**C Action**

User shall use the drop-down menus to select the applicable:

- State
- county
- year.

CLICK "**Continue**", the Producer Search – Application Status Screen will be displayed.

**116 Nationwide Customer Service (Continued)****D Producer Search – Application Status Screen**

The functionality of the Producer Search – Application Status Screen in Nationwide Customer Service is the same as CCC-852's being loaded in the home county (paragraph 103). Once CCC-852 has been selected, the Part B – Notice of Loss Screen will be displayed.

**E Part B – Notice of Loss Screen**

The functionality of the Part B – Notice of Loss Screen in Nationwide Customer Service is the same as CCC-852's being loaded in the home county (paragraph 104).

**F Part C – Livestock Location and Producers Screen**

The functionality of the Part C – Livestock Location and Producers Screen in Nationwide Customer Service is the same as CCC-852's being loaded in the home county (paragraph 106).

**G Part D - Livestock Information Screen**

The functionality of the Part D - Livestock Information Screen in Nationwide Customer Service is the same as CCC-852's being loaded in the home county (paragraph 107).

**\*---H Part E, F, G, & H – Documentation of Purchase and Loss Screen**

The functionality of the Part E, F, G, & H – Documentation of Purchase and Loss Screen--\* is the same as CCC-852's being loaded in the home county (paragraph 110).

**I Producer Summary Screen**

The functionality of the Producer Summary Screen is the same CCC-852's being loaded in the home county, **except** that the approval date **cannot** be loaded. CCC-852 must be approved in a producer's home county (paragraph 111).

**J County Office Action**

County Offices that process nationwide customer service CCC-852's must:

- immediately FAX a copy of the signed CCC-852 to the producer's home county
- mail the original signed CCC-852 to the producer's home county
- maintain a copy of the signed CCC-852.

**117-149 (Reserved)**

**Section 2 State Office Administrative Access****150 State Office Access to LIP Web Site****A Requesting Access**

If State Office administrative access has not already been requested for users in a State Office, requests shall be made according to the following:

- provide the National Office with all State employees who are to have access, and include the following:
  - State name
  - employee's legal first and last name
  - employee's USDA eAuthentication user ID
- e-mail information to Neeru Gulati at **neeru.gulati@wdc.usda.gov**

**Note:** Include in the e-mail that the request is for LIP State Office administrative access.

- contact PECD, Program Delivery Branch at 202-720-3464 with any questions or concerns.

**Note:** Additional employees can be added at any time by requesting access according to this subparagraph.

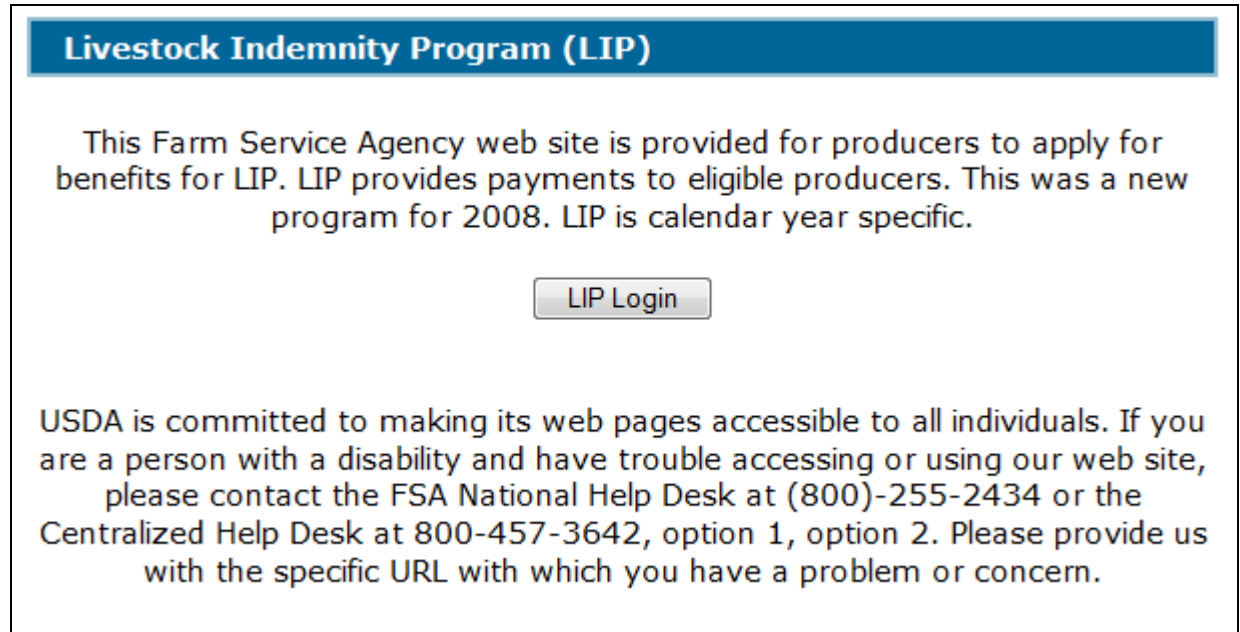
**B Accessing the LIP Web Site**

Access the LIP Home Page from the FSA Applications Intranet web site at [http://fsaIntranet.sc.egov.usda.gov/fsa/FSAIntranet\\_applications.html](http://fsaIntranet.sc.egov.usda.gov/fsa/FSAIntranet_applications.html). Users shall click on the link, "LIP – Livestock Indemnity Program", under the Production Adjustment and Disaster Programs column.

**Note:** Internet Explorer shall be used when accessing the LIP Home Page.

**150 State Office Access to LIP Web Site (Continued)****C LIP Login Screen**

State Office users will be prompted with the following login screen. CLICK “**LIP Login**” to continue.



**Livestock Indemnity Program (LIP)**

This Farm Service Agency web site is provided for producers to apply for benefits for LIP. LIP provides payments to eligible producers. This was a new program for 2008. LIP is calendar year specific.

[LIP Login](#)

USDA is committed to making its web pages accessible to all individuals. If you are a person with a disability and have trouble accessing or using our web site, please contact the FSA National Help Desk at (800)-255-2434 or the Centralized Help Desk at 800-457-3642, option 1, option 2. Please provide us with the specific URL with which you have a problem or concern.

## 150 State Office Access to LIP Web Site (Continued)

**D USDA eAuthentication Login Screen**

After users click “LIP Login”, the following USDA eAuthentication Login Screen will be displayed. To login do one of the following:

- CLICK “Click Here to Log In With Your LincPass (PIV)”
- enter user ID and password and CLICK “Login”.

USDA United States Department of Agriculture  
USDA eAuthentication

Home About eAuthentication Help Contact Us Find an LRA

You are here: [eAuthentication Home](#) > [eAuthentication Login](#)

## eAuthentication Login

**Quick Links**

- ▶ [What is an account?](#)
- ▶ [Create an account](#)
- ▶ [Update your account](#)

**Administrator Links**

- ▶ [Local Registration Authority Login](#)

**LincPass (PIV)** ?

CLICK HERE TO  
**LOG IN**  
WITH YOUR  
**LincPass (PIV)**

**User ID & Password** ?

User ID:

Password:

[I forgot my User ID | Password](#)

[REGISTER](#) [LOGIN](#)

[Change my Password](#)

### WARNING

**Upon Login You Agree to the Following Information:**

- You are accessing a U.S. Government information system, which includes (1) this computer, (2) this computer network, (3) all computers connected to this network, and (4) all devices and storage media attached to this network or to a computer on this network. This information system is provided for U.S. Government-authorized use only.
- Unauthorized or improper use of this system may result in disciplinary action, as well as civil and criminal penalties.
- By using this information system, you understand and consent to the following:
  1. You have no reasonable expectation of privacy regarding any communications or data transiting or stored on this information system. At any time, the government may for any lawful government purpose monitor, intercept, search and seize any communication or data transiting or stored on this information system.
  2. Any communications or data transiting or stored on this information system may be disclosed or used for any lawful government purpose.
  3. Your consent is final and irrevocable. You may not rely on any statements or informal policies purporting to provide you with any expectation of privacy regarding communications on this system, whether oral or written, by your supervisor or any other official, except USDA's Chief Information Officer.

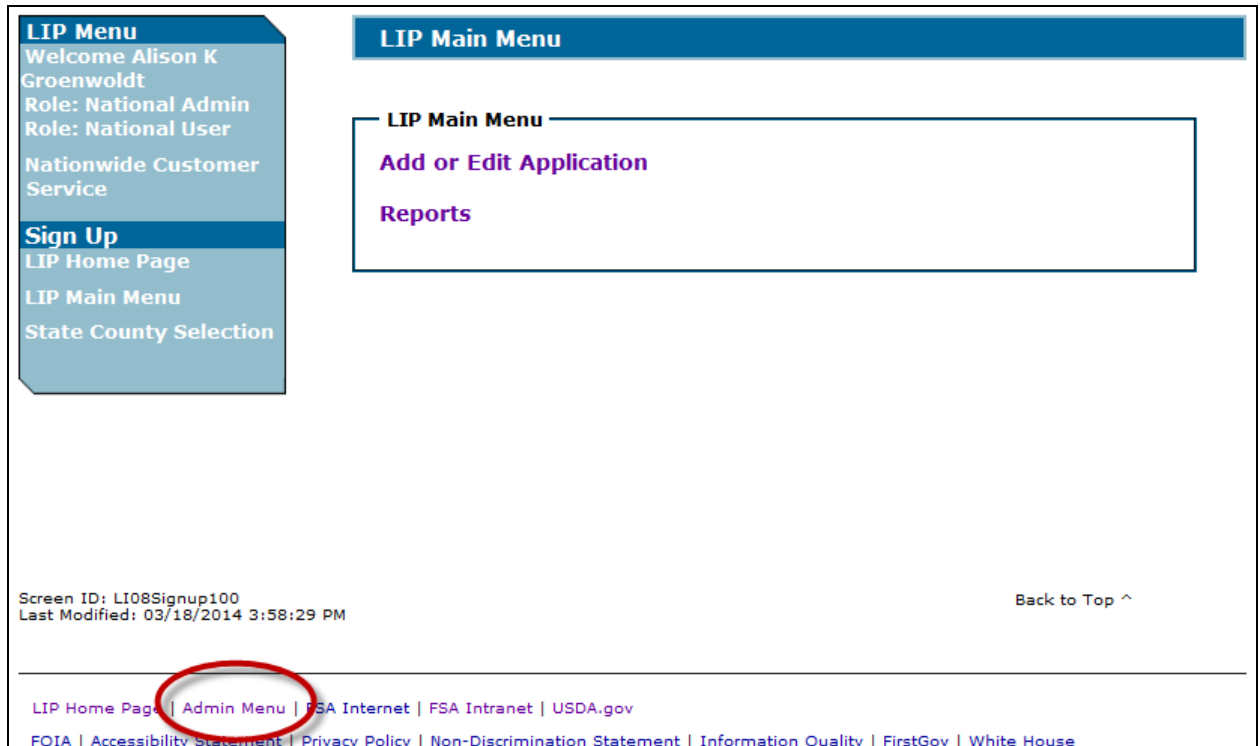
## 151 LIP Main Menu

### A Overview

Once the State Office administrative user is logged in and has been authenticated, the LIP Main Menu will be displayed.

### B Example LIP Main Menu

Following is an example of the LIP Main Menu.



### C Action

At the bottom of the page, State Office administrative users shall CLICK “**Admin Menu**” to access the LIP mortality rate table.


## 152 Manage Master Data Screen

### A Overview

The Manage Master Data Screen provides a link to the option that allows State Office administrative users the ability to add, update, modify, and view LIP normal mortality rates.

### B Example Manage Master Data Screen

Following is an example of the Manage Master Data Screen.



The screenshot shows a web interface for the Livestock Indemnity Program (LIP). At the top, there is a blue header bar with the text "Livestock Indemnity Program (LIP)". Below this, there is a white box with a blue border. Inside this box, the text "Manage Master Data" is displayed in blue, and "Manage Mortality Rates" is displayed in purple. A horizontal line is positioned between these two lines of text.

### C Action

State Office administrative users shall CLICK "**Manage Mortality Rate**" to be taken to the LIP normal mortality rate load process. The Mortality Rate Maintenance Screen will be displayed.

## 153 Program Year, State, and County Selections

### A Overview

The Mortality Rate Maintenance Screen provides for program year, State, and county selection. Program year, State, and county must be selected before continuing.

### B Example Mortality Rate Maintenance Screen

Following is an example of the Mortality Rate Maintenance Screen with drop-down menus for program year, State, and county.

The screenshot shows a web interface titled "Mortality Rate Maintenance". At the top right is a button labeled "Go Back To the Admin Menu". Below this, there are three drop-down menus: "Program Year" with "2013" selected, "State" which is empty, and "County" which is empty. At the bottom center is another button labeled "Go Back To the Admin Menu".

### C Action

User shall use the drop-down menu to select the applicable:

- program year
- State
- county.

The Mortality Rate Maintenance Screen will be displayed.

**\*--Note:** Program year 2011 is split into 2 program years, as follows:

- 2011A applies to losses from January 1 through September 30, 2011
- 2011B applies to losses from October 1 through December 31, 2011.--\*

## 154 Mortality Rate Maintenance Screen

### A Overview

After users have selected a program year, State, and county, the Mortality Rate Maintenance Screen will be redisplayed allowing users to add, edit, and delete mortality rates by county.

### B Example Mortality Rate Maintenance Screen

Following is an example of the Mortality Rate Maintenance Screen.

**Mortality Rate Maintenance**

[Go Back To the Admin Menu](#)

Program Year 2013 ▼  
State Mississippi ▼  
County Adams ▼

Status	Description	Weight Range	Mortality Rate	Action
Approved	Chickens - Broilers/Cornish Hens (sm)		6.3	<a href="#">Edit</a> <a href="#">Delete</a>
Approved	Chickens - Broilers/Pullets (reg. size)		5.6	<a href="#">Edit</a> <a href="#">Delete</a>
Approved	Chickens - Layers		5.0	<a href="#">Edit</a> <a href="#">Delete</a>
Approved	Chickens - Roasters		4.9	<a href="#">Edit</a> <a href="#">Delete</a>
<a href="#">Add a New Mortality Rate</a>				

[Go Back To the Admin Menu](#)

## 154 Mortality Rate Maintenance Screen (Continued)

**C Field Descriptions and Actions**

The following table provides field descriptions and actions to be taken on the Mortality Rate Maintenance Screen.

<b>Field</b>	<b>Description/Action</b>
State	State to which the user is assigned.
County	County that was selected on the Mortality Rate Maintenance Screen.
Program Year	Program year selected on the Mortality Rate Maintenance Screen.
Status	This field will list either pending or approved. If the rate is in a pending status, CCC-852's <b>cannot</b> be taken for that livestock kind, type, and weight range. CCC-852's can <b>only</b> be taken for livestock kinds, types, and weight ranges with approved mortality rates.
Description	Livestock kind and type.
Weight Range	Livestock weight range.
Mortality Rate	Mortality rate that was entered for the livestock kind, type, and weight range.
Action	Users have the ability to edit or delete an existing rate; see: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• paragraph 7 for additional information on editing an existing rate</li> <li>• paragraph 8 for additional information on deleting an existing rate.</li> </ul>
Add a New Mortality Rate	The Add Mortality Rate Screen will be displayed. Users can add additional mortality rates (see paragraph 9 for additional information on adding mortality rates).
Go Back to the Admin Menu	The Administrator Menu will be displayed.

## 155 Edit Mortality Rate Screen

### A Overview

The Edit Mortality Rate Screen provides for the ability to edit existing mortality rates for a particular kind, type, and weight range of livestock.

### B Example Edit Mortality Rate Screen

Following is an example of the Edit Mortality Rate Screen.

**Edit Mortality Rate**

Program Year: 2013  
 State: Mississippi  
 County: Adams  
 Kind: Chickens  
 Type/Weight: Broilers/Cornish Hens (sm)  
 Mortality Rate:

**Apply change to other Counties:** ☐ Select All

<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Adams	<input type="checkbox"/> Alcorn	<input type="checkbox"/> Amite	<input type="checkbox"/> Attala
<input type="checkbox"/> Benton	<input type="checkbox"/> Bolivar	<input type="checkbox"/> Calhoun	<input type="checkbox"/> Carroll
<input type="checkbox"/> Chickasaw	<input type="checkbox"/> Choctaw	<input type="checkbox"/> Claiborne	<input type="checkbox"/> Clarke

### C Action

User can edit the existing mortality rate by typing the new mortality rate in the “Mortality Rate” box and then do any of the following:

- click “**Save**” to update that mortality rate to the County that is displayed
- click “**Cancel**” to cancel the mortality rate edit
- check (✓) “**Select All**” to update the mortality rate to all counties in the State
- check (✓) next to the County names to update the mortality rate to individual counties in the State.

## 155 Edit Mortality Rate Screen (Continued)

**D Editing Approved Mortality Rates**

If an approved mortality rate is edited, the updated mortality rate will be placed in a pending status. The approved mortality rate will continue to be used until the updated mortality rate is approved.

Following is an example of the Mortality Rate Maintenance Screen when an approved mortality rate is edited.

**Mortality Rate Maintenance**

Program Year 2013

State Mississippi

County Adams

Status	Description	Weight Range	Mortality Rate	Action
Approved	Chickens - Broilers/Pullets (reg. size)		5.6	<a href="#">Edit</a> <a href="#">Delete</a>
Approved	Chickens - Layers		5.0	<a href="#">Edit</a> <a href="#">Delete</a>
Approved	Chickens - Roasters		4.9	<a href="#">Edit</a> <a href="#">Delete</a>
Pending	Chickens - Broilers/Cornish Hens (sm)		6.4	<a href="#">Edit</a> <a href="#">Delete</a> -
Approved	Chickens - Broilers/Cornish Hens (sm)		6.3	--

[Add a New Mortality Rate](#)

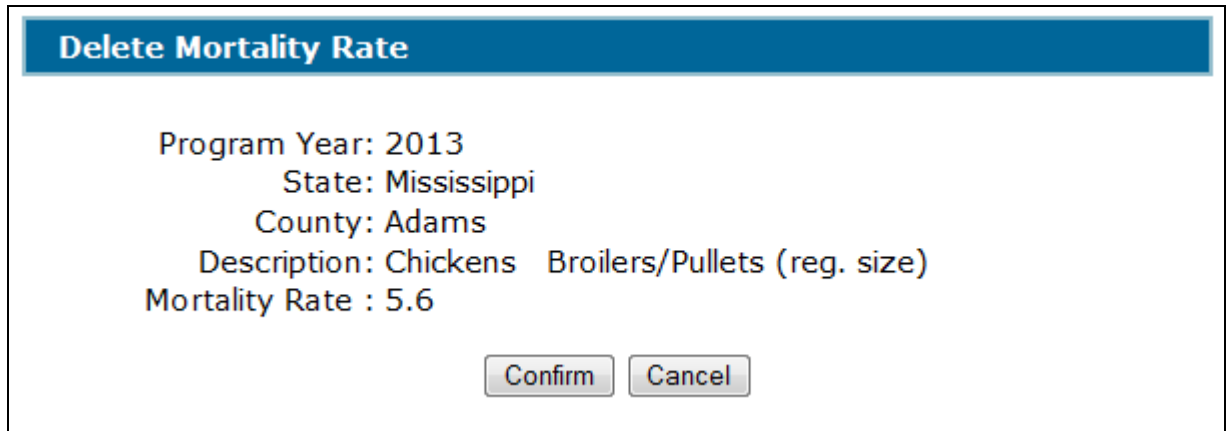
## 156 Delete Mortality Rate Screen

### A Overview

The Delete Mortality Rate Screen provides for the ability to delete existing mortality rates for a particular kind, type, and weight range of livestock.

### B Example Delete Mortality Rate Screen

Following is an example of the Delete Mortality Rate Screen.



The screenshot shows a web application window titled "Delete Mortality Rate". Inside the window, the following information is displayed:

- Program Year: 2013
- State: Mississippi
- County: Adams
- Description: Chickens Broilers/Pullets (reg. size)
- Mortality Rate : 5.6

At the bottom of the window, there are two buttons: "Confirm" and "Cancel".

### C Action

Click either of the following:

- **“Confirm”** to delete the selected mortality rate
- **“Cancel”** to return to the Mortality Rate Maintenance Screen without deleting the selected mortality rate.

## 157 Add Mortality Rate Screen

### A Overview

The Add Mortality Rate Screen provides for the ability to add a new mortality rate for each kind, type, and weight range of livestock.

### B Example Add Mortality Rate Screen

Following is an example of the Add Mortality Rate Screen.

**Add Mortality Rate**

Program Year: 2013  
 State: Mississippi  
 County: Adams  
 Kind:   
 Type/Weight:   
 Mortality Rate: 0.0

Save Cancel

### C Action

User shall use the drop-down menu to select the applicable:

- county

**Note:** The County drop-down menu includes a “Select Many” option. If “Select Many” is selected, the user has the ability to select more than 1 county to which the rates will apply. See subparagraph D for additional information.

- kind
- type/weight range.

User shall enter the mortality rate applicable to the selected county, kind, type, and weight range.

When users click “**Save**”, the Mortality Rate Maintenance Screen will be displayed.

## 157 Add Mortality Rate Screen (Continued)

**D “Select Many” Option**

If the “Select Many” option is selected from the “County” drop-down menu, the following screen will be displayed.

**Add Mortality Rate**

Warning: Selecting multiple counties will overwrite data if it already exists for that county.

Program Year: 2013  
 State: Mississippi  
 County: Select Many  
 Kind:   
 Type/Weight:   
 Mortality Rate: 0.0

Save Cancel

**Apply change to other Counties:** ☐ Select All

<input type="checkbox"/> Adams	<input type="checkbox"/> Alcorn	<input type="checkbox"/> Amite	<input type="checkbox"/> Attala
<input type="checkbox"/> Benton	<input type="checkbox"/> Bolivar	<input type="checkbox"/> Calhoun	<input type="checkbox"/> Carroll
<input type="checkbox"/> Chickasaw	<input type="checkbox"/> Choctaw	<input type="checkbox"/> Claiborne	<input type="checkbox"/> Clarke

Users can do either of the following:

- check (✓) “Select All” to add the mortality rate to all counties in the State
- check (✓) county names to add the mortality rate to individual counties in the State.

**158-199 (Reserved)**



**Part 4 LIP Payment Provisions****Section 1 General Payment Provisions****200 Payment Provisions That Apply to LIP****A Introduction**

This part contains payment provisions that apply to LIP.

**B Obtaining FSA-325's**

FSA-325 shall be completed, according to 1-CM, by individuals or entities requesting payment **earned** by a producer who has died, disappeared, or been declared incompetent subsequent to applying for LIP benefits. Payment shall be issued to the individuals or entities requesting payment using the deceased, incompetent, or disappeared producer's TIN.

**Note:** A revised CCC-852 is **not** required to be completed when payments are issued under the deceased, incompetent, or disappeared producer's TIN.

**C Administrative Offsets**

LIP payments are subject to administrative offset provisions.

**D Assignments**

Producers entitled to LIP payments may assign payments according to 63-FI.

**E Bankruptcy**

Bankruptcy status does **not** exclude a producer from requesting LIP benefits.

**Contact the OGC Regional Attorney for guidance on issuing LIP payments on all bankruptcy cases.**

**F Payments Less Than \$1**

The LIP payment processes will:

- issue payments that round to at least \$1
- **not** issue payments less than 50 cents.

**200 Payment Provisions That Apply to LIP (Continued)****G Prompt Payment Due Dates**

LIP payments are subject to the Prompt Payment Act. See 61-FI for general guidance for determining payment due dates for various programs. The LIP payment system sends the current system date to NPS as the payment due date. The system cannot determine the payment due date because of numerous factors. County Offices shall manually determine the payment due date is 30 calendar days after the later of the following:

- date producer signs a properly completed CCC-852 and provides all supporting documentation required to issue the payment
- all OGC referrals are completed
- participant appeals are finalized.

See 61-FI for additional information on handling prompt payment interest penalties.

**201 Payment Limitation****A Payment Limitation Amount**

The payment limitation for LIP is \$125,000 per program year. The \$125,000 program year payment limitation is shared with the following programs for:

- 2011 program year:
  - ELAP
  - LFP
  - SURE

**Notes:** Applicable to losses sustained during 2011 B program year (October 1 through December 31, 2011).

If it is determined that a producer's LIP payment will exceed the \$100,000 payment limit, State Offices should e-mail the following information to Lenior Simmons, at [lenior.simmons@wdc.usda.gov](mailto:lenior.simmons@wdc.usda.gov), so that the Payment Limitation record can be increased:

- "County Name"
- "Producer Name".

A producer's Payment Limitation record will be increased only by the amount needed to satisfy the 2011B LIP payment.

- \*--2012 through 2016:
  - ELAP
  - LFP.
- 2017 and subsequent program years, the BBA removed the payment limitation for 2017 and future LIP payments.--\*

**B Effect of Average AGI Provisions on Payment Limitation for Entities**

If a member of an entity is not eligible because of average AGI provisions, the payment limitation for the entity is reduced by the ineligible member's ownership share in the operation.

**Example:** ABC Corporation has 2 members, each with a 50 percent share. Member 1 does **not** meet average AGI provisions. The corporation has a \$100,000 payment limitation, but since Member 1 does **not** meet average AGI provisions, the payment limitation for the corporation is reduced by 50 percent and the maximum payment that can be issued to the corporation is \$50,000.

**Note:** Other payment eligibility provisions, such as conservation compliance, fraud, etc., do **not** affect the payment limitation for the entity because average AGI is the **only** payment eligibility that is checked for members of entities.

## 202 Payment Eligibility

### A Determining Payment Eligibility

The payment process reads the web-based eligibility system for the applicable year associated with CCC-852, to determine whether a producer or member of a joint operation is eligible to be paid. If the producer or member is ineligible to be paid, then the individual or entity will be listed on the Nonpayment Register with the applicable message. Eligibility flags **must** be updated **before** the producer or member can be paid. These flags should accurately reflect COC determinations.

### B Eligibility Values

The following identifies web-based eligibility determinations that apply to LIP and how the system will use the web-based subsidiary eligibility data for payment processing.

Eligibility Determination	Value	Eligible for LIP
AD-1026	Certified	Yes
	Not Filed	No
	Good Faith Determination	Yes
	COC Exemption	Yes
	Awaiting Affiliate Certification	No
	Affiliate Violation	No
AGI	Compliant - Producer	Yes
	Compliant – Agent	Yes
	Exempt	Yes
	Not Filed	No
	Not Met – COC	No
	Not Met – Producer	No
Conservation Compliance - Farm/Tract Eligibility	In Compliance	Yes
	Partial Compliance	Yes
	In Violation	No
	No Association	Yes
	Past Violation	Yes
	Reinstated	Yes
Controlled Substance	No Violation	Yes
	Growing	No
	Trafficking	No
	Possession	No
FCIC Fraud	Compliant	Yes
	Not Compliant	No

**202 Payment Eligibility (Continued)****C Eligibility Condition Priority**

If a producer has multiple invalid subsidiary eligibility conditions, **only** the highest priority ineligible condition will be printed on the Nonpayment Register. The following is the priority of conditions.

<b>Priority</b>	<b>Condition</b>
1	Fraud
2	Conservation Compliance
3	Controlled Substance
4	AD-1026

**203 Funds Control****A eFunds Account**

Funding for LIP has been established in eFunds with a national allocation that does **not** require State or county allotments.

**Note:** Because LIP has a national allocation, State Office specialists do not have to monitor or request funds for their State.

**B Funds Allotment and Access**

If the national eFunds allocation is ever depleted, PECD will work with OBF to obtain additional funds, if possible. PECD will send an e-mail message to all applicable State Office specialists advising them of the situation.

If a County Office reports that producer payments are being displayed on the Insufficient Funds Report and no information has been received by PECD, State Offices shall advise PECD of the situation by contacting the following employees:

- Lisa Berry by e-mail to **[lisa.berry@wdc.usda.gov](mailto:lisa.berry@wdc.usda.gov)**
- Alison Groenwoldt by e-mail to **[alison.groenwoldt@wdc.usda.gov](mailto:alison.groenwoldt@wdc.usda.gov)**
- Tina Nemec by e-mail to **[tina.nemec@wdc.usda.gov](mailto:tina.nemec@wdc.usda.gov)**
- Lenior Simmons by e-mail to **[lenior.simmons@wdc.usda.gov](mailto:lenior.simmons@wdc.usda.gov)**.

**204-249 (Reserved)**

## Section 2 Issuing LIP Payments

## 250 Overview

## A Supporting Files for Integrated Payment Processing

The LIP payment process is a web-based integrated process that reads a wide range of information from other program determinations and values to determine whether a payment should be issued, the amount of the gross payment, reductions, and net payment amount. For payments to be calculated correctly, all supporting files **must** be updated correctly, including the following.

Type of Information	How Information Is Used for Payment Processing	Source
CCC-852 Data	To compute the payment amount for the producer.	Web-Based LIP Application Software
Payment Eligibility Information	To determine whether the producer and members of a joint operation are eligible for payment for the year in which CCC-852 was filed.	Web-Based Eligibility System
General Name and Address Information	To determine the producer's business type and general name and address information.	SCIMS
Entity and Joint Operation Information	To determine the following for the year in which CCC-852 is filed: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• member contribution value</li> <li>• substantive change value</li> <li>• LIP, members and members share of the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• general partnership</li> <li>• joint ventures</li> <li>• entities.</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	Entity and Joint Operation Control County Mainframe Record
Combined Producer Information	To determine whether the LIP producer or members of entities or joint operations are combined with other producers to ensure that the payment limitation is controlled properly.	Combined Producer System
Available Payment Limitation	To determine payment limitation availability.	Payment Limitation System
Financial Related Information	Calculated payment information is provided to NPS. Determined overpayment amount is provided to NRRS.	NPS or NRRS

## 250 Overview (Continued)

**B Actions To Be Completed Before Issuing Payments**

The following provides actions that must be completed **before** issuing payments. COC, CED, or designee shall ensure that the actions are completed.

<b>Step</b>	<b>Action</b>
1	Ensure that CCC-852 has been approved and approval date has been recorded in the system according to paragraph 102.
2	Ensure that: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• AD-1026 is on file for the applicable year for producers seeking benefits</li> <li>• eligibility information is recorded in the web-based eligibility system.</li> </ul>
3	Ensure that the CCC-901 is on file for legal entities according to 5-PL.
4	For producers seeking benefits, ensure that that certification information is recorded *--in the web-based eligibility system and that CCC-941 is on file according to 5-PL.
5	Ensure that all eligibility determinations have been updated according to the determinations made by COC for producers and members of joint operations.  <b>Note:</b> See 5-PL.
6	Ensure that the joint operation and entity files are updated correctly for the applicable year according to (5-PL).
7	Ensure that substantive change values are updated according to 5-PL.
8	Ensure that combined producer files are updated correctly for the applicable year.  <b>Note:</b> See 5-PL.--*
9	Ensure that all assignments and joint payment requests have been updated in NPS if CCC-36, CCC-37, or both that are filed.

**251 Payment Calculations for LIP****A LIP Payment Rates**

Payment rates have been established by DAFP for eligible livestock owners and eligible contract growers. See subparagraph:

- 42 E, for payment rates for livestock owners
- 42 F, for payment rates for eligible livestock for livestock contract growers.

**B LIP Payment Calculation Variables**

The LIP payment calculation will be based on a number of variables, such as the following:

- number of head lost, in excess of normal mortality
- if the livestock were contracted or owned
- payment rate, based on head lost
- share
- other compensation.

**Notes:** Head lost is the number of livestock that fit a category consisting of kind, type, and weight range.

There may be multiple calculations per CCC-852 because of these varying elements.

Initially, LIP payments are computed separately for contracted and owned livestock. After a total for each is determined, the contracted and owned livestock determinations are added together for a total LIP payment. Subparagraph C provides the method to calculate LIP payments.

**C LIP Payment Calculation**

LIP payments are calculated by according to the following:

- \*--cumulative number of eligible livestock (death and sales), times
- payment rate, times
- producer share, minus
- amount received for sold livestock, minus
- other compensation and reduction.--\*

## 252 Computing Payments and Overpayment Amounts

### A Payment and Overpayment Amounts

The LIP payment process is an integrated process that reads a wide range of files to determine the payment and overpayment amount. The following is a high-level processing sequence to calculate LIP payments for producers.

Step	Action
1	Payment is triggered according to subparagraph 252 B.
2	Determine if there is an unsigned payment for the producer in NPS, and if so, cancel the payment in NPS.
3	Determine the gross payment amount for the producer according to subparagraph 251 C.
4	Determine if the producer is an entity or joint operation, and if so, obtain member information.
5	Determine if the producer and/or members are eligible for payment.
6	Provide the following to the direct attribution process for producer: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• gross payment amount</li> <li>• 1 reason producer is ineligible because of subsidiary eligibility provisions, if applicable.</li> </ul>
7	Direct attribution will determine the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• reduction amounts</li> <li>• payment limitation availability</li> <li>• net payment or overpayment amount</li> <li>• reasons for nonpayment or overpayment.</li> </ul>
8	All net payment and overpayment amounts will be totaled to determine the net payment for the farm and producer.
9	Determine if eFunds are available for the payment.
10	Provide the payment or overpayment amount, as applicable, to either of the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• NPS</li> <li>• NRRS.</li> </ul>
11	Update the Nonpayment Register with applicable information.
12	Update the Payment History with applicable information.

## 252 Computing Payments and Overpayment Amounts (Continued)

**B Triggering Payments**

Payments will be “triggered” through events that occur throughout the system. As a result, processing will happen behind the scenes for the most part. Calculations and determinations will occur during the evening and nighttime hours without user intervention. The following is an explanation of the types of triggers that will occur during payment processing.

<b>Trigger</b>	<b>Description</b>
Initial	When payment software is released, a process will automatically run to determine all CCC-852's that are approved for payment. This will initiate the process described in subparagraph A and does <b>not</b> require any County Office user interaction. The following will occur automatically: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• payments will be sent to NPS for certification and signature</li> <li>• overpayments will be sent to NRRS.</li> </ul>
Primary	Subsequent payments will be initiated when County Office users approve CCC-852. Entering COC approval date initiates the payment process for the selected CCC-852's.
Secondary	Payments that <b>cannot</b> be issued during any payment process are sent to the Nonpayment Report. If a condition causing the producer to be on the Nonpayment Report is corrected, the payment will be triggered to reprocess to determine if the payment can be issued.  <b>Note:</b> See 9-CM for information on the Nonpayment Report.
Tertiary	The payment system will periodically recalculate all payments.

## 253 LIP Payment Reports

### A Displaying or Printing LIP Payment Reports

LIP payment reports are available to provide information about each payment or nonpayment. Most of the payment reports have information that is common between program areas so information about these reports is in 9-CM. The Estimated Calculated Payment and Payment History Report – Detail Level has program specific data so information for this report is in paragraph 255.

The following LIP payment reports are available by accessing the Common Payments Reports System.

**Note:** To access the Common Payment Reports System, go to [http://intranet.fsa.usda.gov/fsa/FSAIntranet\\_applications.html](http://intranet.fsa.usda.gov/fsa/FSAIntranet_applications.html). Under “Common Applications”, CLICK “**Common Payment Reports System**”.

Report Name	Type of Data	Reference
Estimated Calculated Payment Report	Live	paragraph 254
Submitted Payments Report	Live	9-CM, paragraph 63
Submitted Overpayments Report	Live	9-CM, paragraph 64
Pending Overpayment Report	Live	9-CM, paragraph 65
Nonpayment/Reduction Report	Report Database	9-CM, paragraph 66
*--Failed Obligation/Insufficient Funds--* Report	Live	9-CM, paragraph 67
Payments Computed to Zero Report	Live	9-CM, paragraph 68
Payment History Report – Summary	Report Database	9-CM, paragraph 69
Payment History Report – Detail	Report Database	paragraph 255

**\*--254 CCC-852E, Estimated Calculated Payment Report for 2014 Through 2017--\*****A Background**

CCC-852E, Estimated Calculated Payment Report, is a computer-generated report that prints a summarized estimated calculated payment amount for a producer based on data currently loaded in CCC-852.

**B Description of CCC-852E, Estimated Calculated Payment Report**

The following information will be displayed on CCC-852E, Estimated Calculated Payment Report.

<b>Field</b>	<b>Description</b>	<b>CCC-852 Item</b>
Calendar Year	Year associated with CCC-852 that was filed by the affected producer.	2
Program Name	Defaults to "Livestock Indemnity Program".	
State	State as selected.	
County	County as selected.	3
Producer Name and Address	Name and address of the producer associated with the selection.	5
Application Number	CCC-852 number.	
Application Status	Status of CCC-852 as follows:  <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>●*--"Initiated"--*</li> <li>● "Approved"</li> <li>● "Disapproved".</li> </ul>	28
Owner/Grower Designation	Designates whether the producer is a owner or grower of the livestock.	13
Livestock Kind	Kind of livestock.	14
Livestock Type/Weight Range	Type and weight range of livestock.	
Adverse Weather Event No.	Number for the adverse event from CCC-852.	12

## \*--254 CCC-852E, Estimated Calculated Payment Report for 2014 Through 2017 (Continued)--\*

**B Description of CCC-852E, Estimated Calculated Payment Report (Continued)**

The following information will be displayed on CCC-852E, Estimated Calculated Payment Report.

Field	Description		CCC-852 Item
Beginning Inventory	Beginning inventory entered on CCC-852.		15 or 18
Normal Mortality Rate (%)	Normal mortality rate for the livestock kind/type and weight range.		
Normal Mortality	Beginning Inventory <b>times</b> Normal Mortality Rate (%) for the livestock kind/type/weight range.		
Number Loss To Normal Mortality	The number lost to normal mortality.		17 or 20
Net Loss Threshold	Normal Mortality <b>minus</b> Number Loss To Normal Mortality.		
Number Lost to Adverse Weather	Number lost to adverse weather.  Note: If the normal mortality for 1 disaster event exceeds the loss threshold, the difference can be used in future losses.		16 or 19
Remaining Normal Mortality	Determined by the calculation of eligible inventory.		
	<b>IF the eligible inventory is...</b>	<b>THEN the Remaining Normal Mortality is...</b>	
	greater than zero	zero.	
	zero	zero.	
	a negative number	becomes a positive of the determined negative number.	
	<b>Note:</b> If the normal mortality for 1 disaster event exceeds the loss threshold, the difference can be used in future losses.		

\*--254 CCC-852E, Estimated Calculated Payment Report for 2014 Through 2017 (Continued)--\*

**B Description of CCC-852E, Estimated Calculated Payment Report (Continued)**

<b>Field</b>	<b>Description</b>	<b>CCC-852 Item</b>
Eligible Inventory	Normal Mortality <b>minus</b> Number Loss To Normal Mortality.	
Payment Rate	Payment Rate for the applicable livestock kind/type/weight.	
Calculated Payment Amount	Eligible Inventory <b>times</b> the Payment Rate.	
Calculated Owner Payment	Total of all Calculated Payment Amounts for the "Owner" Livestock Kind line items	
Other Compensation	Amount of monetary compensation entered on CCC-852 for contract growers <b>only</b> .  <b>Note:</b> Other compensation is subtracted from calculated Contract Grower Payment <b>only</b> .	23
Calculated Contract Owner Payment	Total of all Calculated Payment Amounts for the "Grower" Livestock line items.	
Reductions	Amount entered for compensation from other disaster programs for the same livestock losses.	24
Total Payment	Calculated Owner Payment <b>plus</b> Calculated Contract Grower Payment <b>minus</b> Other Compensation <b>minus</b> Reductions.	
Calculation Explanation	Provides an explanation of the calculated fields.	

## \*--254 CCC-852E, Estimated Calculated Payment Report for 2014 Through 2017 (Continued)--\*

**C Example of CCC-852E, Estimated Calculated Payment Report**

The following is an example of CCC-852E, Estimated Calculated Payment Report, which will be displayed.

Coahoma  
Mississippi  
FSA-914E

United States Department of Agriculture  
Farm Service Agency

Date: 03/14/2014  
Page: 01 of 01

2011 Livestock Indemnity Program  
Estimated Calculated Payment Report

ROESSLER, ELEANOR H  
1251 LEE DR  
CLARKSDALE, MS 38614

Application Number: 955  
Application Status: Approved

Owner/ Grower	Livestock Kind	Livestock Type/Weight Range	Adverse Weather Event No	Beginning Inventory	Normal Mortality Rate (%)	Normal Mortality	Number Lost To Normal Mortality	Net Loss Threshold	Number Lost To Adverse Weather	Remaining Normal Mortality	Eligible Inventory	Payment Rate (\$)	Calculated Payment Amount (\$)
O	Buffalo/Beefalo	Adult Bull	1	3	1.70 %	0	0	0	1	0	1	\$ 1232.82	\$ 1,233
O	Buffalo/Beefalo	Adult Cow	1	130	1.60 %	2	2	0	14	0	14	\$ 657.50	\$ 9,205
O	Buffalo/Beefalo	Nonadult Less than 400 pounds	1	10	5.00 %	1	0	1	1	0	0	\$ 319.24	\$ 0

Calculated Owner Payment: \$ 10,438

Other Compensation:

Calculated Contract Grower Payment: \$ 0

Reductions:

Total Payment: \$ 10,438

**Calculation Explanation:**

- Normal Mortality is determined by: Beginning Inventory times Normal Mortality Rate for the Livestock Kind/Type/Weight Range.
- Net Loss Threshold is determined by: Normal Mortality minus the number lost due to normal mortality.  
Note: For additional loss to the same inventory, the Net Loss Threshold is determined by: Remaining Normal Mortality (from previous initial event) minus the number of lost due to normal mortality.
- Eligible Inventory is determined by: Number Lost to Adverse Weather minus Net Loss Threshold.  
Note: If the calculation is:  
  - Greater than zero, then the remaining normal mortality is zero.
  - Zero, the remaining normal mortality is zero.
  - A negative number, the eligible inventory is zero and the negative number is made positive and is the remaining normal mortality.
- The calculated Payment amount is determined by the Eligible Inventory times the payment rate.

**DISCLAIMER:** The payment data reflected on this report includes estimated payment amounts and may vary due to changes in livestock losses, share, producer program eligibility, and payment limitation. The distribution of this report does not in any way obligate FSA to disburse the payment amounts reflected.

**\*--254.5 CCC-852E, Estimated Calculated Payment Report for 2018 and Subsequent Years****A Background**

CCC-852E, Estimated Calculated Payment Report, is a computer-generated report that prints a summarized estimated calculated payment amount for a producer based on data currently loaded in CCC-852.

**B Description of CC-852E, Estimated Calculated Payment Report for 2018 and Future**

The following information will be displayed on CCC-852E, Estimated Calculated Payment Report.

<b>Field</b>	<b>Description</b>	<b>CCC-852 Item</b>
Calendar Year	Year associated with the CCC-852 that was filed.	2
Program Name	Defaults to "Livestock Indemnity Program".	
State	State as selected.	
County	County as selected.	
Producer Name and Address	Name and address of the producer associated with the selection.	5
Application Number	CCC-852 number assigned by the system.	
Application Status	Status of CCC-852E as follows: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Initiated</li> <li>• Approved</li> <li>• Disapproved.</li> </ul>	
Owner/Grower Designation	Designates whether the producer is an owner or grower of the livestock.	13
Loss Type	First, Subsequent, or Final.	
Livestock Unit	Livestock unit number entered for the livestock loss.	6B
Livestock Kind	Kind of Livestock.	14
Livestock Type/Weight Range	Type and weight range of livestock.	14
Notice of Loss Number		12

--\*

**\*--254.5 CCC-852E, Estimated Calculated Payment Report for 2018 and Subsequent Years (Continued)**

**B Description of CC-852E, Estimated Calculated Payment Report for 2018 and Future (Continued)**

Field	Description		CCC-852 Item
Calculated Beginning Inventory	Determined by the following calculations of calculated beginning inventory.		
	INITIAL LOSS		
	IF Number of livestock that died due to normal mortality on or before (DATE) is...	THEN Calculated Beginning Inventory for the livestock unit is equal to...	
	zero	Number of livestock in inventory on day before Loss Date.	17
	greater than zero	Number of livestock sold before Loss DATE, plus	16
		Number of livestock that died due to normal mortality on or before Loss DATE, plus	19
		Number of livestock in inventory on day before Loss DATE.	17
	SUBSEQUENT LOSS		
	For Subsequent Losses, the calculated beginning Inventory is determined by adding: <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>calculated beginning inventory for previous loss condition, plus</li><li>the number of livestock added to inventory since previous loss condition.</li></ul>		
	FINAL LOSS		
	IF there...	THEN the calculated beginning inventory is equal to...	
	was only one loss for the livestock kind, type, and weight range for a livestock unit and share	the initial loss calculation.	
	were multiple losses for the livestock kind, type, and weight range for a livestock unit and share	calculate beginning inventory as follows: <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>calculated beginning inventory, plus</li><li>number of livestock added to inventory after the last loss condition and on or before 12/31/XX, plus</li><li>number of livestock that died due to normal mortality after the last loss condition.</li></ul>	

--\*

**254.5 CCC-852E, Estimated Calculated Payment Report for 2018 and Subsequent Years  
(Continued)**

**B Description of CC-852E, Estimated Calculated Payment Report for 2018 and Future  
(Continued)**

<b>Field</b>	<b>Description</b>	<b>CCC-852 Item</b>
Normal Mortality Rate (%)	Normal Mortality Rate (%) for the livestock kind/type/weight range.	
Cumulative Number Lost to Adverse Weather or Animal Attack	Cumulative number of livestock loss due to weather or animal attack.	
Normal Mortality Threshold	Calculated beginning inventory times normal mortality rate for livestock kind/type/weight range.	
Cumulative Number Due to Normal Mortality	Cumulative number of livestock lost due to normal mortality.	
Cumulative Number of Additional Livestock Needed to Reach Normal Mortality	Normal Mortality threshold <b>minus</b> cumulative number lost due to normal mortality. If the result is negative than result is equal to zero.	
*--Eligible Livestock Deaths	Number lost to adverse weather or animal attack for the initial loss and all subsequent losses, minus cumulative number of additional livestock needed to reach normal mortality minus eligible livestock for previous loss condition, if applicable.	
Eligible Livestock Sold	Number of livestock sold.	
Cumulative Number of Eligible Livestock Deaths and Sales	Cumulative number of livestock deaths and sales.	
Amount Received for Sold Livestock	Dollar value received for livestock sold.--*	
Payment Rate	Payment Rate for the applicable livestock kind/type/weight.	
Producer Share	Producer percentage of the loss	15
Calculated Payment Amount	Eligible Livestock <b>times</b> the Payment Rate, times producer's share..	
Calculated Owner Payment	Total of all Calculated Payment Amounts for the "Owner" Livestock Kind line items	
Other Compensation	Amount of monetary compensation entered on CCC-852 for contract growers <b>only</b> .  <b>Note:</b> Other compensation is subtracted from calculated Contract Grower Payment <b>only</b> .	27
Calculated Contract Owner Payment	Total of all Calculated Payment Amounts for the "Grower" Livestock line items.	
Reductions	Amount entered for compensation from other disaster programs for the same livestock losses.	28
Total Payment	Calculated Owner Payment <b>plus</b> Calculated Contract Grower Payment <b>minus</b> Other Compensation <b>minus</b> Reductions.	
Calculation Explanation	Provides an explanation of the calculated fields.	

## 254.5 CCC-852E, Estimated Calculated Payment Report for 2018 and Subsequent Years (Continued)

### C Example of CCC-852E, Estimated Calculated Payment Report for 2018 and Subsequent Years

\*--

Clay Nebraska CCC-852E	<b>United States Department of Agriculture</b> <b>Farm Service Agency</b>  <b>2018 Livestock Indemnity Program</b> <b>Estimated Calculated Payment Report</b>	Date: 05/07/2018 Page: 01 of 01
ABC Ranch 123 MAGNOLIA ST Clay, NE 38676	Application Number: 56236 Application Status: Approved	

Owner/ Grower	Loss Type	Livestock Unit	Livestock Kind	Livestock Type / Weight Range	Notice of Loss Number	Calculated Beginning Inventory	Normal Mortality Rate (%)	Cmity # Lost to Adverse Weather or Animal Attack	Normal Mortality Threshold	Cmity # Lost Due to Normal Mortality	Cmity # of Additional Livestock Needed To Reach Normal Mortality	Eligible Livestock Deaths	Eligible # of Livestock Sold	Cmity # of Eligible Livestock (Death and Sales)	Amount received for Sold Livestock	Payment Rate (\$)	Producer Share (%)	Calculated Payment Amount (\$)
O	First	001958	Beef	Adult Cow	109630	200	1.50 %	50	3	0	3	47	5	52	\$1,009	\$1,529.14	100 %	\$78,506

Calculated Owner Payment:	\$78,506
Other Compensation:	
Calculated Contract Grower Payment:	\$0
Reductions:	
Total Payment:	\$78,506

**Calculation Explanation:**

- Normal Mortality Threshold is determined by: Calculated Beginning Inventory times Normal Mortality Rate for the Livestock Kind/Type/Weight Range.  
 Note: For additional losses to the same inventory, the Normal Mortality Threshold is determined by: normal mortality threshold minus total number of livestock that die due to normal mortality for the initial loss, all subsequent losses, and the final year-end application.
- Eligible Livestock Deaths is determined by: Cumulative Number Lost to Adverse Weather or Animal Attack minus Cumulative number of Additional Livestock needed to reach Normal Mortality.  
 Note: If the calculation is a negative number, then the amount is zero.
- The calculated Contract Grower and Owner Payment Amount are determined by adding the calculated payment amount for each line item.
- The total payment amount is determined by the following calculation:
  - Calculated Contract Grower Payment minus Other Compensation, plus
  - Calculated Owner payment, minus
  - Reductions

**DISCLAIMER:** The payment data reflected on this estimated calculated payment report includes estimated payment amounts and may vary due to changes in livestock losses, producer program eligibility, and payment limitation. The distribution of this report does not in any way obligate CCC to disburse the estimated payment amounts reflected.

--\*

## 255 LIP Payment History Report – Detail

### A Background

The LIP Payment History Report – Detail is a report that provides detailed information about a LIP payment.

### B LIP Payment History Report – Detail Description

The following information will be displayed/printed on the LIP Payment History Report – Detail.

Field	Description
Program Year	Program year selected by the user.
Program Name	Livestock Indemnity Program
County	Full name of the State selected by the user.
State	Full name of the county selected by the user.
Producer Name and Address	Name from SCIMS as follows: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• for individuals, last name, middle name, and suffix</li> <li>• for businesses, business name.</li> </ul>
Date	Date the report is generated by the user.
Date	Date the payment was processed and sent to NPS or, the date the overpayment transaction was processed and sent to NRRS.
State/County	State and county code associated with the applicable transaction record.
Payment Entity/Member Name	Payment entity or member name field will provide payment entity or member name information if the payment history report is generated for: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• an entity or joint operation where amounts were attributed to members</li> <li>• a member to show the payment entity the amount was attributed through.</li> </ul>
Payment ID Number	Unique number that ties the program history data to the NPS history data.
Business Type	Business type of the producer and/or member.

## 255 LIP Payment History Report – Detail (Continued)

## B LIP Payment History Report – Detail Description (Continued)

Field	Description			
Contract/ Application/ Farm	Contract, application or farm number that is associated with the payment transaction.  <b>Note:</b> If the selected program does not have a contract, application, or farm number, this field will be blank.			
Commodity	Type of livestock.  <b>Note:</b> The type of livestock is abbreviated because of space limitations. See 9-CM, Exhibit 10 for additional information on the abbreviation definitions.			
Transaction Type	One of the following transaction types will be displayed: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Payment</li> <li>• Receivable</li> <li>• Canceled Payment</li> <li>• Canceled Receivable.</li> </ul>			
Gross Payment	Amount of the payment initially attributed to the payment entity or member, as applicable.			
Total Reduction Amount	Total reductions on file for the payment entity or member by transaction.			
	<b>IF the transaction is for...</b>			
	<b>THEN the reduction includes the accumulated reductions for...</b>			
	<table> <tr> <td>payment entity</td><td> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• payment entity</li> <li>• each member of the operation.</li> </ul> </td></tr> <tr> <td>member</td><td>only the applicable member.</td></tr> </table>	payment entity	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• payment entity</li> <li>• each member of the operation.</li> </ul>	member
payment entity	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• payment entity</li> <li>• each member of the operation.</li> </ul>			
member	only the applicable member.			
Net Payment	Net payment amount for the producer after all reductions have been applied.			

## 255 LIP Payment History Report – Detail (Continued)

### C LIP Payment History Report – Detail Example

The following is an example of the LIP Payment History Report – Detail.

Coahoma Mississippi		United States Department of Agriculture Farm Service Agency				Date: 06/01/2014 Page: 1			
		2011 Livestock Indemnity Program Payment History Report - Detail Level							
Producer Name: ROESSLER, ELEANOR H Business Type: Individual									
Date	State/ County	Payment Entity / Member Name	Payment ID Number	Business Type	Contract/ Application/ Farm	Commodity	Transaction Type	Total Reduction Amount	Net Payment
05/01/2014	28/0278	FARMER, IMA A.	11111111	00	123	BUFF 05 0	Payment	\$0	\$7,782
05/01/2014	28/0278	FARMER, IMA A.	11111111	00	123	BUFF 05 0	Payment	\$0	\$7,782
* Name may have changed due to SCIMS merge.									
FOR INTERNAL USE ONLY									

**256 General Provisions for Canceling Payments****A Canceling Payments**

After payment processing has been completed, County Offices shall review the NPS Payment Worklist to ensure that the correct payments have been generated. The user should complete the following if an error is determined:

- payment should **not** be signed in NPS
- condition causing the incorrect payment should be corrected.

**B User Intervention**

User intervention is **not** allowed for the cancellation process. If the condition causing the incorrect payment is corrected, the system will automatically cancel the unsigned payment and recalculate the payment amount owed.

If the payment amount is determined to be incorrect and the payment has been signed in the NPS System, the payment can **no** longer be canceled. The producer will be underpaid or overpaid after the condition causing the incorrect payment has been corrected.

## 257 General Provisions for Overpayments

### A Overview

Overpayments will be determined during the LIP payment calculation process. See paragraph 252 for information on transferring overpayments to NRRS.

**Note:** See 64-FI for handling overpayments in NRRS.

### B Overpayments Due Dates

Overpayments can occur for a number of reasons and County Offices are **required** to take necessary action to collect overpayments. The following table lists situations that may cause overpayment and the overpayment due dates.

<b>Time of Determination</b>	<b>Situation</b>	<b>Overpayment Due Date</b>
Anytime.	Payment was issued to the wrong producer.	Immediately
After something affecting the payment amount is changed on CCC-852.	Payment was issued and later something occurred that changed the amount on CCC-852.	Immediately
After producer misrepresentation is determined.	Producer received a LIP payment and COC determined that the producer misrepresented their interest on CCC-852.	Immediately
After payment limitation is exceeded.	It is determined that payments have been issued exceeding the producer's effective payment limitation amount.	Immediately
After an eligibility value changes that makes the producer ineligible for payment.	Producer's eligibility value changed that makes the producer ineligible for payment.	Immediately
Anytime CCC-852 is canceled.	CCC-852 was canceled after payments were issued to the producer.	Immediately.

**258 Charging Interest****A Introduction**

Program interest shall be charged on all LIP overpayments to producers when the:

- producer becomes ineligible after payments have been issued
- COC determines fraud, scheme, or device for the producer.

**B When Program Interest Applies**

A producer will be charged program interest if COC determines that the producer is ineligible for payment. Reasons for ineligibility include, but are **not** limited to, the following:

- erroneously or fraudulently represented any fact affecting a determination
- knowingly adopted a scheme or device that tends to defeat the purposes of LIP
- misrepresented their interest and subsequently received a 2008-2011 LIP payment
- does **not** meet commensurate contribution requirements for “person”
- does **not** meet conservation compliance provisions
- does **not** meet controlled substance provisions.

Program interest for ineligible producers shall be charged from the date of disbursement. The system will compute this interest when the overpayment is transferred to NRRS.

**C When Not to Charge Interest**

Interest shall **not** be charged if the producer:

- is not determined to be ineligible as defined in subparagraph B
- returns a check without being cashed
- refunds the payment voluntarily.

**259-299 (Reserved)**

**Part 5 (Reserved)**

**300-399 (Reserved)**

**Part 6 LFP****Section 1 Basic LFP Information****400 General Information****A Purpose**

This part provides instructions for administering LFP.

LFP provides compensation to eligible livestock producers that have suffered grazing losses because of qualifying drought or fire. For drought, the losses **must** have occurred because of a qualifying drought during the normal grazing period for the county on land that is native or improved pastureland with permanent vegetative cover or is planted to a crop planted specifically for grazing for covered livestock. For fire, LFP provides payments to eligible livestock producers that have suffered grazing losses on rangeland managed by a Federal Agency if the eligible livestock producer is prohibited by the Federal Agency from grazing the normal permitted livestock on the managed rangeland because of a qualifying fire. Eligible grazing losses **must** have occurred **after** September 30, 2011. The eligible grazing losses **must** occur within the same calendar year for which benefits are being requested.

**Note:** Compensation provided under LFP is **not** required to be used by the payee for any specific purpose.

**B Source of Authority**

LFP will be administered using funds from CCC, established under the 2014 Farm Bill.

The regulations for LFP are provided in 7 CFR Part 1416, Subpart C.

**C Public Information**

Follow instructions in 2-INFO for providing information about LFP.

**D Modifying Provisions**

\*--Provisions in this handbook must **not** be revised without prior approval from the National Office. Any requests for revisions or amendments must be sent to the Livestock Assistance Program Manager, through DAFP.--\*

## 400 General Information (Continued)

**E Forms**

**Any** document that collects data from a participant, regardless of whether the participant's signature is required:

- is subject to the Privacy Act and information collection procedures
- \*--requires approval or clearance by the following applicable offices:
  - National Office program area
  - MSD, Forms and Graphics Section
  - OMB.

Forms, worksheets, applications and other documents, other than those provided in this handbook or issued by the National Office, are **not** authorized for LFP and will not be used.

**F 2011 Payment Limitation**

For 2011, no person or legal entity, **excluding** a joint venture or general partnership as determined under the provisions of 7 CFR Part 1400, may receive more than \$125,000 total 2011 program year payments under ELAP, LFP, and LIP combined. When at least \$25,000 total 2011 program year payments are from LFP or LIP losses from October 1, 2011, through December 31, 2011, if **no** 2011 program year payments are issued under LFP or LIP for losses occurring from October 1, 2011, through December 31, 2011, the total amount of **all** 2011 program year payments under ELAP, LFP, LIP, and SURE combined is **limited** to \$100,000.

For payment limitation documentation:

- obtain CCC-901 for legal entities to determine individual members of legal entities and attribution
- obtain CCC-902 from the participant, if **not** on file
- do **not** make a "person" or "actively engaged in farming" determination according to 5-PL.

**Notes:** Actively engaged and cash-rent tenant provisions do **not** apply.

Direct attribution provisions in 5-PL apply.

The amount of any payment for which a participant may be eligible under ELAP, LFP, LIP, and SURE may be reduced by any amount received by the participant for the same or any similar loss from a different source.--\*

## 400 General Information (Continued)

**\*--G 2012 and Subsequent Years Payment Limitation**

For 2012 and subsequent program years, no person or legal entity, **excluding** a joint venture or general partnership as determined by the rules in 7 CFR Part 1400, may receive directly or indirectly, more than \$125,000 per program year total under ELAP, LFP, and LIP combined. For this purpose, both indirect and direct benefits are counted by attribution. For legal entities, the same payment is attributed to the direct payee in the full amount and individual members that have an indirect interest to the amount of the interest.

For payment limitation documentation:

- obtain CCC-901 for legal entities to determine individual members of legal entities and attribution
- obtain CCC-902 from the participant, if **not** on file
- do **not** make a “person” or “actively engaged in farming” determination according to 5-PL.

**Notes:** Actively engaged and cash-rent tenant provisions do **not** apply.

Direct attribution provisions in 5-PL apply.

**H AGI Provisions**

For eligible grazing losses incurred **after** September 30, 2011, the average AGI limitation provisions in 7 CFR Part 1400 about limits on payments, persons, or legal entities, **excluding** joint ventures and general partnerships, with certain levels of average AGI that exceeds \$900,000 will **not** be eligible for benefits under LFP.--\*

## 400 General Information (Continued)

**\*--I Sequestration Reduction**

The Balanced Budget and Emergency Deficit Control Act passed by Congress in 2011 requires USDA to implement reductions to LFP. In general, sequestration entails the permanent cancellation of budgetary resources by a uniform percentage. This uniform percentage reduction is applied to all programs, projects, and activities within a budget account.

LFP payments will have a sequestration percentage applied to the payment amount determined after all reductions have been applied. The sequestration percentage:

- amount is applied at the payment entity/producer level
- amount is not attributed to members
- amount is applied to the producer receiving the payment after the payment has been attributed for payment limitation purposes
- amount is reduced from the determined payment amount for the producer as the last step before sending the payment information to NPS
- percentage is determined based on the approval or register date entered according to Part 7 on CCC-853 as shown in the following table.

<b>IF the lesser of the register date or approval date is ...</b>	<b>THEN the sequestration percentage will be..</b>
September 30, 2014, or before	0 percent.
October 1, 2014, through September 30, 2015	7.3 percent.
October 1, 2015, through September 30, 2016	6.8 percent.
October 1, 2016, through September 30, 2017	6.9 percent.

**Note:** The sequestration percentages apply regardless of the program year of the payment.--\*

## 400 General Information (Continued)

**\*--J Payment Reductions**

Any payment for which the eligible livestock producer may be eligible under LFP may be reduced by any amount received by the eligible livestock producer for the same or similar loss.

An eligible livestock producer may elect to receive assistance for grazing losses because of drought conditions under subparagraph 411 A or fire conditions under subparagraph 411 C, but **not** both for the same loss on the same grazing land or pastureland acres.

Other restrictions may apply, including but **not** limited to, restrictions about:

- HEL and WC provisions
- grazing losses that are **not** related to a qualifying drought or fire condition.

**K Multiple Benefits**

NAP provides that if a producer is eligible to receive payment under NAP and benefits under any other program administered by the Secretary for the same crop loss, the producer **must** choose whether to receive the other program benefits or payments under NAP, but shall **not** be eligible under both. This limitation on multiple benefits will **not** apply to LFP for losses that occur on or after October 1, 2011, as specified in 7 CFR Part 1416.

For 2014 and prior years, NAP provided that crop acreage ineligible for NAP assistance includes crop acreage for which individual CAT level coverage is available, including pilot insurance products. An exception applies for the following cases.

- Livestock producers who suffered grazing losses from October 1, 2011, through December 31, 2014, who purchased NAP coverage for grazing and RI-PRF and/or VI-PRF policy on the same acres for the same intended use of “Grazing (GZ)”, still remain eligible to earn LFP payment, PRF indemnity, and NAP payment on the same acres for the same intended use of “Grazing (GZ)”.
- Livestock producers in the States of Kansas, Nebraska, North Dakota, Oklahoma, South Dakota, and Texas who suffered 2014 grazing losses on annually planted crops for livestock feed intended for grazing who purchased 2014 NAP coverage on annually planted crops for livestock feed intended for grazing, and 2014 CAT level RI-Annual Forage Insurance Plan from RMA on the same acres for the same intended use of “Grazing (GZ)” are eligible to earn an LFP payment, NAP payment, and indemnity payment, under the 2014 RI-Annual Forage Insurance Plan because of the lateness of the announcement of the RMA pilot product.--\*

## 400 General Information (Continued)

**\*--K Multiple Benefits (Continued)**

Beginning in 2015, NAP assistance may be made available for any commercially produced crop acreage for which individual CAT level or buy-up coverage is available as a pilot product; however, if a producer is eligible to receive a payment under NAP and under the pilot the producer **must** choose whether to receive the benefit under the pilot product or NAP, but **not** be eligible for both. An exception applies for the following cases.

- Livestock producers who suffer grazing losses in calendar year 2015, 2016, and 2017 who purchased NAP coverage for grazing and a RI-PRF or VI-PRF policy on the same acres for the same intended use of “Grazing (GZ)” still remain eligible to earn a LFP payment, PRF indemnity, and NAP payment on the same acres for the same intended use of “Grazing (GZ)” for the applicable year of loss.

**Note:** Beginning in 2016, the RI-PRF policy replaces the VI-PRF policy which is now available in the 48 contiguous States.

- Livestock producers in the States of Kansas, Nebraska, North Dakota, Oklahoma, South Dakota, and Texas in 2015, in the States of Colorado, Kansas, Nebraska, North Dakota, Oklahoma, South Dakota, and Texas in 2016, and in the States of Colorado, Kansas, Nebraska, New Mexico, North Dakota, Oklahoma, South Dakota, and Texas in 2017 and subsequent years who suffered grazing losses on annually planted crops for livestock feed intended for grazing, who purchased NAP coverage on annually planted crops for livestock feed intended for grazing and a buy-up RI-Annual Forage Insurance Plan from RMA on the same acres for the same intended use of “Grazing (GZ)” are eligible to earn an LFP payment, but the producer **must** choose whether to receive the NAP payment or the RMA pilot product benefit, but **not** be eligible for both for the applicable year of loss.

**Note:** The rainfall annual forage insurance plan in New Mexico is a mid-year implementation beginning with growing season two, April 30, 2017, to September 30, 2017.--\*

**401 Responsibilities****A STC Responsibilities**

Within the authorities and limitations in this handbook and 7 CFR Part 1416, Subparts A  
\*--and C, STC's must:--\*

- direct the administration of LFP
- ensure that FSA State and County Offices follow LFP provisions
- thoroughly document all actions taken in the STC minutes
- handle appeals according to 1-APP
- require reviews be conducted by DD's according to subparagraph 441 D to ensure that County Offices comply with LFP provisions

**Note:** STC's may establish additional reviews to ensure that LFP is administered according to these provisions.

- take oversight actions to ensure that IPIA provisions are met to prevent County Offices from issuing improper payments according to subparagraph 423 E.

**401 Responsibilities (Continued)****B SED Responsibilities**

Within the authorities and limitations in this handbook and 7 CFR Part 1416, Subparts A  
\*--and C, SED's must:--\*

- ensure that FSA County Offices follow LFP provisions
- handle appeals according to 1-APP
- ensure that DD's conduct reviews according to subparagraph 441 D

**Note:** SED's may establish additional reviews to ensure that LFP is administered according to these provisions.

- ensure that **all** County Offices publicize LFP provisions according to subparagraph D
- immediately notify the National Office Livestock Assistance Program Manager of software problems, incomplete or incorrect procedures, specific problems, or findings
- take oversight actions to ensure that IPIA provisions are met to prevent County Offices from issuing improper payments according to subparagraph 423 E.

**C DD Responsibilities**

Within the authorities and limitations in this handbook and 7 CFR Part 1416, Subparts A  
\*--and C, DD's must:--\*

- ensure that COC's and CED's follow LFP provisions
- conduct reviews according to subparagraph 441 D, and any additional reviews established by STC's or SED's according to subparagraphs A and B
- provide SED with written report of all reviews according to paragraph 441
- ensure that County Offices publicize LFP provisions according to subparagraph D.

**401 Responsibilities (Continued)****D COC Responsibilities**

Within the authorities and limitations in this handbook and 7 CFR Part 1416, Subparts A and C, COC's shall:

- fully comply with all LFP provisions
- ensure that CED's fully comply with all LFP provisions
- act on completed CCC-853's according to paragraph 441
- handle appeals according to 1-APP
- thoroughly document all actions taken in the COC minutes

**Important:** All the following **must** be thoroughly documented for all LFP program determinations made by COC:

- all factors reviewed or considered
  - all documentation reviewed
  - references to applicable handbooks, notices, and regulations
  - all sources of information obtained for review or consideration.
- take any oversight actions necessary to ensure that IPIA provisions are met to prevent County Offices from issuing any improper payments according to subparagraph 423 E

## 401 Responsibilities (Continued)

## D COC Responsibilities (Continued)

- ensure FSA assists persons by providing as much program information as possible in a variety of ways.

**Notes:** Because of FSA resource limits, publication may be by direct mail or on an individual basis. FSA meets its publication responsibilities by making broad program announcements in the press, print, and electronic media; FR documents; radio and television announcements; and through posting program information in USDA Service Centers. The reality of limited resources has increased the participant's responsibility for being aware of program provisions. FSA **cannot** be responsible for reaching out to every potential program participant with all program information. Participants must seek information on program details and **not** wait for FSA to individually contact them about program provisions. As resources permit, COC will ensure that program provision are publicized and maintain a record of **all** publicity efforts, including postings in Service Centers.

The LFP Fact Sheet:

- may be used to provide general program information
  - is available online at <http://disaster.fsa.usda.gov>.
- take oversight actions to ensure that IPIA provisions are met to prevent County Offices from issuing improper payments according to subparagraph 423 E.

**401 Responsibilities (Continued)****E CED Responsibilities**

Within the authorities and limitations in this handbook and 7 CFR Part 1416, Subparts A  
\*--and C, CED's must:--\*

- fully comply with all LFP provisions
- ensure that County Office employees fully comply with all LFP provisions
- handle appeals according to 1-APP
- act on completed CCC-853 according to paragraph 441
- ensure that all program and payment eligibility requirements have been met by participants before issuing any payments to ensure that IPIA provisions are met

**Note:** See subparagraph 423 E for additional information.

- ensure that participants receive complete and accurate program information
- immediately notify SED, through DD, of software problems and incomplete or incorrect procedures
- ensure that general provisions and other important items are publicized according to subparagraph D and copies are retained in the County Office.

## 401 Responsibilities (Continued)

### F PT Responsibilities

Within the authorities and limitations in this handbook and 7 CFR Part 1416, Subparts A  
\*--and C, the PT must:--\*

- fully comply with all LFP provisions
- immediately notify CED of software problems and incomplete or incorrect procedures
- ensure that participants receive complete and accurate program information
- ensure that all program and payment eligibility requirements have been met by participants before issuing any payments to ensure that IPIA provisions are met.

**Note:** See subparagraph 423 E for additional information.

## 402 Definitions for LFP

### A Definitions

The following definitions apply to LFP. The definitions provided in other parts of this handbook do **not** apply to LFP.

Adult beef bull means a male beef bovine animal that was at least 2 years old and used for breeding purposes on or before the beginning date of a qualifying drought or fire.

Adult beef cow means a female beef breed bovine animal that had delivered 1 or more offspring. A first time bred beef heifer shall also be considered an adult beef cow if it was pregnant on or before the beginning date of a qualifying drought or fire.

\*--Adult beefalo bull means a male hybrid of beef and bison that was at least 2 years old and used for breeding purposes before it died.

Adult beefalo cow means a female hybrid of beef and bison that had delivered 1 or more offspring before dying. A first-time bred beefalo heifer shall also be considered an adult beefalo cow if it was pregnant on or before the beginning date of a qualifying drought or fire.

Adult buffalo/bison bull means a male animal of those breeds that was at least 2 years old and used for breeding purposes on or before the beginning date of a qualifying drought or fire.

Adult buffalo/bison cow means a female animal of those breeds that had delivered 1 or more offspring. A first time bred buffalo/bison heifer shall also be considered an adult buffalo/bison cow if it was pregnant on or before the beginning date of a qualifying--\* drought or fire.

Adult dairy bull means a male dairy breed bovine animal at least 2 years old used primarily for breeding dairy cows on or before the beginning date of a qualifying drought or fire.

Adult dairy cow means a female dairy breed bovine animal used for the purpose of providing milk for human consumption that had delivered one or more offspring. A first time bred dairy heifer shall also be considered an adult dairy cow if it was pregnant on or before the beginning date of a qualifying drought or fire.

Agricultural operation means a farming operation.

Application means CCC-853.

Commercial use means used in the operation of a business activity engaged in as a means of livelihood for profit by the eligible livestock producer.

Contract means, with respect to contracts for the handling of livestock, a written agreement between a livestock owner and another individual or entity setting the specific terms, conditions, and obligations of the parties involved regarding the production of livestock or livestock products.

## 402 Definitions for LFP (Continued)

## A Definitions (Continued)

\*--Contract grower, according to the regulations at 7 CFR § 1416.202, will only include producers of livestock **not** in feedlots whose income is dependent on the actual weight gain and survival of the livestock.

**Note:** The regulations at 7 CFR § 1416.206 (b) provide that contract growers **must** provide copies of grower contracts, if a contract grower, and other supporting documents to the administrative FSA County Office **not** later than 30 calendar days after the end of the calendar year in which the grazing loss occurred.

The following table provides STC's and COC's guidance in determining whether written agreements between livestock owners of eligible livestock that set the specific terms, conditions, and obligations of the parties involved about the production of the livestock, constitutes risk to the party providing care for (that is, survival of the livestock) the livestock as contract grower, including risk in the livestock and grazing land/pastureland for which loss is being claimed. When a contract grower is determined eligible for LFP payment according to the following table as a contract grower; the owner of the livestock is **not** eligible.

Determining Contract Grower Risk in Livestock		
Questions 1, 2, and 5 <b>must</b> be "Yes" for the contract grower to be eligible for LFP. Questions 3 and 4 <b>must</b> be "Yes", if included in the written agreement, for the contract grower to be eligible for LFP.		
Questions About Risk in Livestock	Answer	
1 Does the written agreement provide a mortality clause requiring the contract grower to reimburse the owner for a percent or portion of loss of livestock?	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• If "Yes", the contract grower is considered at risk in the livestock, but <b>must</b> also meet risk in the production of the grazing land to be eligible. Go to question 2.</li> <li>• If "No", the contract grower is <b>not</b> considered at risk.</li> </ul>	
2 Does the contract grower pay or provide for the labor to care for the livestock while they are in the possession of the contract grower?	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Yes, the <b>contract grower</b> pays or provides for labor to care for the livestock while they are in the possession of the contract grower. Go to question 3.</li> <li>• No, the <b>owner</b> of livestock pays or provides for labor to care for the livestock while they are in the possession of the contract grower; therefore, the contract grower is <b>not</b> considered at risk.</li> </ul>	

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## 402 Definitions for LFP (Continued)

## A Definitions (Continued)

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Determining Contract Grower Risk in Livestock (Continued)	
Questions About Risk in Livestock	Answer
3 If applicable, does the contract grower provide livestock insurance for the death of the animals for the owner's livestock while they are in the care of the contract grower?	<p>Yes, the contract grower provides insurance for the death of the animals for the owner's livestock while they are in possession of the contract grower. Go to question 4, if the answer is "yes" or if the livestock owner does <b>not</b> provide insurance for the death of the animals for the livestock while they are in the possession of the contract grower.</p> <p>No, the <b>owner</b> of the livestock provides the livestock insurance for the death of the animals; therefore, the contract grower is <b>not</b> considered at risk.</p>
4 If applicable, does the written agreement provide that the contract grower will reimburse the livestock owner for missing livestock that are in the care of the contract grower?	<p>Yes, the contract grower is responsible for replacement cost of a percentage or all missing livestock during care while in their possession and the contract grower is considered at risk. Go to question 5 if the answer is "Yes", or if this clause is <b>not</b> included in the agreement.</p>

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## 402 Definitions for LFP (Continued)

## A Definitions (Continued)

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5	Question About Contract Grower Income Dependent on Weight Gain	Answer
	<p>Is the lease agreement for the grazing land between the livestock owner and the contract grower on a rate of gain basis; that is, is the contract grower's income dependent on the actual weight gain of the livestock as required under the definition of covered livestock in 7 CFR § 1416.202?</p>	<p>Yes, the contract grower provides the pastureland and/or grazing land on a rate of gain basis. If "yes", does the contract grower own or cash lease the pasture or grazing land that is being provided? If "yes", the contract grower may be considered at risk in the grazing land/pastureland being provided.</p> <p>No, if the land is <b>not</b> owned or cash-leased by the contract grower and the contract grower rents or leases land owned by another person on a rate-of-gain basis, on a per head per day, etc. The contract grower is <b>not</b> considered to have risk in the production of the grazing land and would <b>not</b> be eligible for LFP on the grazing land.</p> <p><b>Example:</b> Producer Joe owns 100 adult beef cows. Producer Joe enters into a written agreement with Producer Bob, a contract grower. Producer Bob agrees to care for the 100 adult beef cows on a rate-of-gain basis and to reimburse Producer Joe for death loss in excess of 1 percent normal mortality. Producer Bob leases 2000.0 acres of native pasture from Producer Jane on a rate-of-gain basis. Producer Bob is not an eligible livestock producer for LFP purposes because he leased pastureland owned by another person on a rate-of-gain basis.</p>

**Note:** If there are questions about whether an agreement meets eligibility criteria for a contract grower, State Offices shall contact the National Office program manager.--\*

## 402 Definitions for LFP (Continued)

## A Definitions (Continued)

\*--Covered livestock means livestock of an eligible livestock producer that, at anytime during the 60 calendar days before the beginning date of a qualifying drought or fire as determined by the Secretary, the eligible livestock producer:

- owned, leased, purchased, or entered into a contract to purchase
  - is a contract grower
  - sold or otherwise disposed of because of a qualifying drought conditions during the current production year
  - sold or otherwise disposed of because of drought conditions in 1 or both of the 2 production years immediately preceding the current production year.--\*
- Notwithstanding the foregoing portions of this definition, covered livestock for “contract growers” shall **not** include livestock in feedlots.

Equine animal means a domesticated horse, mule, or donkey.

Farming operation means a business enterprise engaged in producing agricultural products.

Federal Agency means, with respect to the control of grazing land, an agency of the Federal Government that manages rangeland on which livestock is generally permitted to graze. For the purposes of LFP, it includes, but is **not** limited to:

- BIA
- BLM
- FS.

Goat means a domesticated, ruminant mammal of the genus Capra, including Angora goats.



**402 Definitions for LFP (Continued)****A Definitions (Continued)**

Nonadult beef cattle means a beef breed bovine animal that weighed 500 pounds or more on or before the beginning date of a qualifying drought or fire that but that does **not** meet the definition of adult beef cow or bull.

\*--Nonadult beefalo means an animal hybrid of beef and bison that weighed 500 pounds or more on or before the beginning date of a qualifying drought or fire, but does not meet the definition of a beefalo cow or bull.

Nonadult buffalo/bison means an animal of those breeds that weighed 500 pounds or more on or before the beginning date of a qualifying drought or fire, but does **not** meet the definition of adult buffalo/bison cow or bull.--\*

Nonadult dairy cattle means a bovine animal, of a breed used for the purpose of providing milk for human consumption, that weighed 500 pounds or more on or before the beginning date of a qualifying drought or fire, but that does **not** meet the definition of adult dairy cow or bull.

Normal carrying capacity means, with respect to each type of grazing land or pastureland in a county, the normal carrying capacity that would be expected from the grazing land or pastureland for livestock during the normal grazing period in the county, in the absence of a drought or fire that diminishes the production of the grazing land or pastureland.

Normal grazing period means, with respect to a county, the normal grazing period during the calendar year with respect to each specific type of grazing land or pastureland in the county served by the applicable COC.

Owner means 1 who had legal ownership of the livestock for which benefits are being requested during the 60 calendar days before the beginning of a qualifying drought or fire.

Sheep means a domesticated, ruminant mammal of the genus Ovis.

U.S. Drought Monitor is a system for classifying drought severity according to a range of abnormally dry to exceptional drought It is a collaborative effort between Federal and academic partners, produced on a weekly basis, to synthesize multiple indices, outlooks, and drought impacts on a map and in narrative form. This synthesis of indices is reported by the National Mitigation Center at <http://droughtmonitor.unl.edu>.

**403-409 (Reserved)**



## Section 2 Policy and Procedure

## 410 Signup Period

## A LFP Signup

A general signup period and ending date are **not** applicable for LFP. COC will only announce that producers may make application for LFP benefits in their respective county after the State and County Office are notified by the National Office that the county has a qualifying drought based on the U.S. Drought Monitor severity rating or the County Office receives notification from a Federal Agency of a qualifying fire on rangeland managed by the Federal Agency and eligible livestock producers are prohibited from grazing their normal permitted livestock on the rangeland managed by the Federal Agency because of a qualifying fire.

**Note:** Producers can receive LFP payments for grazing losses because of drought or fire on rangeland that is managed by a Federal Agency, but **not** both for the same loss.

## B 2011-2014 Calendar Year Signup

For eligible grazing losses that occurred **after** September 30, 2011, and **before** January 1, 2015, eligible livestock producers that suffered these grazing losses may begin signing up for LFP in eligible counties beginning April 15, 2014. To apply for payment, eligible livestock producers **must** submit a completed CCC-853 and required supporting documentation to their administrative County Office no later than **January 30, 2015**, to be considered timely filed.

**Exception:** To apply for payment for 2011 grazing losses that occurred **after** September 30, 2011, and **before** January 1, 2012, eligible livestock producers shall submit a manual CCC-853.

\* \* \*

The livestock producer **must** also provide a copy of their grower contract, if a contract grower, by no later than January 30, 2015.

## C 2015 and Subsequent Year Signup

For 2015 and subsequent year calendar year losses, to apply for payment, eligible livestock producers **must** submit a completed CCC-853 and required supporting documentation no later than 30 calendar days after the end of the calendar year in which the grazing loss occurred.

**Note:** The livestock producer **must** also provide a copy of their grower contract, if a contract grower, by no later than 30 calendar days after the end of the calendar year in which benefits are being requested.

\* \* \*

**410 Signup Period (Continued)****\*--D Late-Filed Provisions**

The COC and STC do not have authority to approve programmatic relief for late-filed CCC-853's. However, a late-filed CCC-853 will be reviewed according to the following table.

**Note:** Neither COC nor STC are under any obligation to recommend relief. COC is not required to submit cases to STC that COC believes do not warrant relief, nor is STC required to submit cases to DAFP that STC believes do not warrant relief. If relief is not recommended by either COC or STC, the late-file application will be disapproved and the County Office will notify the participant in writing of the decision on the participant's request for late-filed CCC-853 with appropriate appeal rights according to 1-APP (based on the reviewing authority's decision that CCC-853 was late and that relief was not appropriate). Cases do not have to be submitted to STC or DAFP for disapproval of relief.

<b>If CCC-853 is submitted...</b>	<b>THEN do the following...</b>
after the deadline but it is not accompanied by a written request of the participant for late-filing	County Office will issue a letter to the participant explaining that FSA cannot process CCC-853 because it was filed after the deadline. The letter must advise the participant that the participant may, within 30 days of the receipt of the letter advising that CCC-853 was filed late, file a written appeal with COC of the notification by County Office according to 1-APP.
after the application deadline and is either accompanied by a written request for late filing or the participant has filed a timely appeal of the county FSA office's notification that the application cannot be processed	<p>COC will review and make a determination of whether relief is appropriate and, if so, forward a recommendation to STC for final action. STC will review the participant's request and COC recommendation.</p> <p><b>Note:</b> If the matter comes to COC by appeal, follow 1-APP for acknowledging and scheduling an appeal. Neither COC nor STC are under any obligation to recommend relief. COC or STC can disapprove CCC-853 and choose not to forward a recommendation for relief of approval of the late-filed CCC-853 to DAFP. STC will forward an appropriate recommendation to DAFP to grant programmatic relief.</p> <p>DAFP may:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>grant relief to approve the late-filed CCC-853</li> </ul> <p><b>Note:</b> The FSA representative will sign and date CCC-853 with the effective DAFP decision date.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>deny relief and disapprove the CCC-853.</li> </ul> <p><b>Note:</b> State Offices will advise COC to notify the participant in writing that relief has been disapproved by DAFP. The letter <b>must</b> include appropriate appeal rights according to 1-APP.</p>

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## 411 Eligibility Criteria

### A Eligible Grazing Losses Because of Drought

An eligible livestock producer may receive assistance under LFP for grazing losses because of a qualifying drought that occurred **after** September 30, 2011. Grazing losses for the covered livestock **must** occur on land that is:

- native or improved pastureland with permanent vegetative cover
- planted to crops planted specifically for the purpose of providing grazing for covered livestock such as:
  - small grains
  - forage sorghum

**Note:** 7 CFR Part 1416.205(a)(2) specifically provides that corn stalks and grain sorghum stalks are **not** considered crops planted specifically for the purpose of providing grazing for covered livestock.

- physically located in a county that is, during the normal grazing period for the specific type of grazing land or pastureland for the county, rated by the U.S. Drought Monitor as having any of the following:
  - D2 (severe drought) intensity in any area of the county for at least 8 consecutive weeks during the normal grazing period for the specific type of grazing land or pastureland for the county
  - D3 (extreme drought) intensity in any area of the county at any time during the normal grazing period for the specific type of grazing land or pastureland for the county
  - D3 (extreme drought) intensity in any area of the county for at least 4 weeks during the normal grazing period (nonconsecutive weeks) for the specific type of grazing land or pastureland for the county or is rated as having a D4 (exceptional drought) intensity in any area of the county at any time during the normal grazing period for the specific grazing land or pastureland for the county
  - D4 (exceptional drought) intensity in any area of the county for at least 4 weeks during the normal grazing period (nonconsecutive weeks) for the specific type of grazing land or pastureland for the county.

**Note:** The grazing losses that occur because of a qualifying drought **must** occur during the normal grazing period for the specific type of grazing land during the calendar year for which benefits are being requested. Whenever an intensity rating of D2, D3, or D4 occurs in any area of the county, the entire county is eligible under a qualifying drought and eligible livestock producers who certify a grazing loss are eligible for LFP.

## 411 Eligibility Criteria (Continued)

**B Determining Beginning Date of Qualifying Drought**

National Office personnel will monitor the U.S. Drought Monitor and will notify applicable State and County Offices on a weekly basis of those counties eligible for LFP because of a qualifying drought. The National Office will determine the beginning date of a qualifying drought by pasture type and will notify applicable State and County Offices of the beginning date of a D2, D3, or D4 drought intensity rating. The National Office will notify State and County Offices of counties eligible for LFP by posting a list of eligible counties, by State, by pasture type, every Thursday at <http://fsaintranet.sc.egov.usda.gov/ffas/farmbill/coc/> under "LFP Eligible Counties". COC will use the LFP Eligible Counties Report to determine the beginning date of each qualifying drought to determine the eligibility of covered livestock.

The LFP Eligible Counties Report contains the following columns:

- State
- County
- Program Year
- Pasture Type
- D2 Qualifying Date
- D3a Qualifying Date
- D3b Qualifying Date
- D4a Qualifying Date
- D4b Qualifying Date.

**Note:** The report only contains counties that are eligible for 1 or more pasture types. If a county is **not** listed, that county is **not** eligible for any pasture types.

The following table explains how to determine the drought intensity level applicable to each pasture type listed on the LFP Eligible Counties Report.

IF a date is present for...	AND there are no dates present for...	THEN the county is eligible for a maximum of...
D2 Qualifying Date	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• D3a Qualifying Date</li> <li>• D3b Qualifying Date</li> <li>• D4a Qualifying Date</li> <li>• D4b Qualifying Date</li> </ul>	<p>1 month.</p> <p><b>Note:</b> All or a portion of the county was rated a D2 drought intensity for 8 consecutive weeks during the normal grazing period for the specific type of grazing land. This equates to a drought intensity payment factor of 1.</p>

## 411 Eligibility Criteria (Continued)

**B Determining Beginning Date of Qualifying Drought (Continued)**

<b>IF a date is present for...</b>	<b>AND there are no dates present for...</b>	<b>THEN the county is eligible for a maximum of...</b>
D3a Qualifying Date  <b>Note:</b> A date may also be present for D2 Qualifying Date.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• D3b Qualifying Date</li> <li>• D4a Qualifying Date</li> <li>• D4b Qualifying Date</li> </ul>	3 months.  <b>Note:</b> All or a portion of the county was rated a D3 drought intensity for 1 day during the normal grazing period for the specific type of grazing land. This equates to a drought intensity payment factor of 3.
D3b Qualifying Date  <b>Note:</b> A date may also be present for a D2 and/or a D3a Qualifying Date.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• D4a Qualifying Date</li> <li>• D4b Qualifying Date</li> </ul>	4 months.  <b>Note:</b> All or a portion of the county was rated a D3 drought intensity for 4 weeks (nonconsecutive weeks) during the normal grazing period for the specific type of grazing land. This equates to a drought intensity payment factor of 4.
D4a Qualifying Date  <b>Note:</b> A date may also be present for a D2, D3a, and/or D3b Qualifying Date.	D4b Qualifying Date	4 months.  <b>Note:</b> All or a portion of the county was rated a D4 drought intensity for 1 calendar day during the normal grazing period for the specific type of grazing land. This equates to a drought intensity payment factor of 4.
D4b Qualifying Date  <b>Note:</b> A date may also be present for a D2, D3a, D3b, and/or D4a Qualifying Date.		5 months.  <b>Note:</b> All or a portion of the county was rated a D4 drought intensity for 4 weeks (nonconsecutive weeks) during the normal grazing period for the specific type of grazing land. This equates to a drought intensity payment factor of 5.

## 411 Eligibility Criteria (Continued)

**B Determining Beginning Date of Qualifying Drought (Continued)**

The beginning date of a qualifying drought is used to determine eligible livestock under LFP. Eligible livestock are livestock that the eligible livestock producer owned, leased, purchased, entered into a contract to purchase, or was a contract grower of at any time during the 60 calendar days before the beginning date of a qualifying drought.

The beginning date of a qualifying drought for a specific type of grazing land or pastureland for a:

- **--D2 drought intensity rating is the last day of the 8-consecutive-week period during the--\***  
normal grazing period for the specific type of pasture that the county was rated D2 on the U.S. Drought Monitor

**Example:** Normal grazing period for native pasture in County A is April 1 through October 31. County A had a D2 drought intensity rating for 8 consecutive weeks **--for the period April 5 through May 30, 2016. The last day of the 8-week period that the county reached the D2 drought intensity rating was May 30, which is--\*** the beginning date of the qualifying drought.

- D3 or D4 drought intensity rating is the first day that a county was rated a D3 or D4 on the U.S. Drought Monitor during the normal grazing period for the specific type of **--grazing land, or the last day the county was rated a D3 for any 4-weeks (consecutive or non-consecutive) period during the normal grazing period for the specific type of--\*** grazing land.

**Example 1:** Normal grazing period in County B for improved pasture is March 1 through September 1. County B was rated a D3 drought intensity rating for 1 day on June 1. June 1 is the beginning date of the qualifying drought.

**Example 2:** Normal grazing period in County A for improved pasture is March 1 through September 1. County A was rated a D3 drought intensity rating for 4 weeks at **--different times during the normal grazing period for the county. The last week of D3 began June 7, 2016, and ended on Monday, June 13, 2016, during the normal grazing period. The beginning date of the qualifying drought is June 13.--\***

**Example 3:** Normal grazing period in County B for improved pasture is March 1 through September 1. County B was rated a D4 for 1 day on July 1. July 1 is the beginning date of the qualifying drought.

## 411 Eligibility Criteria (Continued)

**B Determining Beginning Date of Qualifying Drought (Continued)**

LFP eligible counties reports, available under “**LFP**” at <http://fsaintranet.sc.gov.usda.gov/ffas/farmbill/ccc/>, may list multiple qualifying start dates, better known as “beginning dates of qualifying drought”, for a specific type of pasture, but in these types of situations the earliest qualifying start date for that specific type of pasture will be the “beginning date of the qualifying drought” for that specific type of pasture.

**\*--Example:** County A has a native pasture D2 qualifying start date of May 30, 2016; a D3a qualifying start date of June 7, 2016; and a D4a qualifying start date of June 13, 2016. The earliest qualifying start date for native pasture is the D2 qualifying start date of May 30, 2016, that will be the date the county will use as the--\* “beginning date of the qualifying drought” to determine livestock eligibility.

**C Eligible Grazing Losses Because of Fire**

An eligible livestock producer may receive assistance for grazing losses because of a qualifying fire that occurred **after** September 30, 2011, only if the:

- grazing losses occurred on rangeland that is managed by a Federal Agency
- eligible livestock producer is prohibited by the Federal Agency from grazing the normal permitted livestock on the managed rangeland because of a fire.

**Note:** The grazing losses that occur because of a qualifying fire on land managed by a Federal Agency **must** occur during the calendar year that benefits are being requested.

**Example 1:** A fire occurred on Federally managed rangeland on September 20, 2012, and the producer was prohibited from grazing the permitted number of livestock because of the fire. The grazing loss occurred during the 2012 calendar year. The producer would file a 2012 year CCC-853 for payment.

**Example 2:** A fire occurred on Federally managed rangeland on July 24, 2012, and the producer was prohibited from grazing the permitted number of livestock because of the fire. The producer was prohibited from grazing the rangeland beginning July 24, 2012, through December 31, 2013. The grazing loss occurred during the 2012 calendar year. The producer would file a 2012 year CCC-853 for payment. The producer is also prohibited from grazing the permitted number of livestock during the 2013 calendar year because of the July 24, 2012, fire. The grazing loss occurred during the 2013 calendar year. The producer would file a 2013 year CCC-853 for payment.

## 411 Eligibility Criteria (Continued)

**D Beginning Date of Qualifying Fire on Federally Managed Land**

Although a local County Office and/or COC may have knowledge of a fire occurrence on Federally managed rangeland their respective county, COC's shall request documentation from the Federal Agency that manages the rangeland to substantiate that a qualifying fire has occurred. The documentation provided by the Federal Agency, at a minimum, should include the following:

- location of fire
- cause of fire
- date the fire started
- whether livestock producers were prohibited from grazing their normal permitted livestock and/or whether their grazing days reduced because of the fire.

Based on the information provided by the Federal Agency, COC shall use the information to determine the beginning date when the Federal Agency excluded the permitted livestock from grazing the rangeland managed by the Federal Agency.

**Example:** COC became aware of a fire that started on June 15. The Federal Agency notified livestock producers that a fire was burning out of control and that permitted livestock would have to be removed from the grazing land on June 21. COC determined that the beginning date of the qualifying fire was June 21 since that was the day that permitted livestock were excluded from grazing on the Federally managed land.

**411 Eligibility Criteria (Continued)****D Beginning Date of Qualifying Fire on Federally Managed Land (Continued)**

\*--COC's must submit a request through their State Office to the National Office Livestock--\* Assistance Program Manager requesting that the software be made available for accepting LFP applications for fire. The request should include the following information:

- name of county
- calendar year or years software needs to be made available for accepting applications
- documentation from the Federal Agency showing that a qualifying fire occurred, including the following:
  - location of fire
  - cause of fire
  - date fire started
  - whether livestock producers were prohibited from grazing their normal permitted livestock and/or whether their grazing days were reduced because of the fire.

## 411 Eligibility Criteria (Continued)

**E Eligible Covered Livestock**

To be eligible considered covered livestock, livestock **must** meet **all** of the following conditions:

- be adult and nonadult beef cows or cattle, adult and nonadult buffalo/ beefalo, adult and nonadult dairy cows or cattle, alpacas, deer, elk, emus, equine, goats, llamas, \* \* \* reindeer or sheep \* \* \*
- be livestock that would normally have been grazing the eligible grazing land or pastureland in the county
- during the normal grazing period for the specific type of grazing land or pastureland for the county

**Note:** Livestock that would **not** have normally been grazing the land in the eligible county will **not** be eligible to be included in the calculation for determining monthly feed cost. However, if the livestock would normally have been grazing the eligible grazing land but the producer had to move the livestock to another county for grazing, the livestock would be eligible to be included when calculating the monthly feed cost.

- when the Federal Agency prohibited the eligible livestock producer from using the managed rangeland for grazing because of a fire
- be livestock that the eligible livestock producer:
  - at any time during the 60 calendar days before the beginning date of a qualifying drought or fire owned, leased, purchased, entered into a contract to purchase, or was a contract grower of
  - sold or otherwise disposed of because of a qualifying drought during:
    - the current production year
    - 1 or both of the 2 production years immediately preceding the current production year
  - been maintained for commercial use as part of the producer's farming operation on the beginning date of the qualifying drought or fire
  - **not** have been produced or maintained for reasons other than commercial use as part of the producer's farming operation

## 411 Eligibility Criteria (Continued)

## E Eligible Covered Livestock (Continued)

- **not** have been livestock that were or would have been in a feedlot, on the beginning date of the qualifying drought or fire, as part of the normal business operation of the producer.

**\*--Important:** Mitigated livestock are eligible covered livestock of an eligible livestock--\* producer that during the 60 calendar days before the beginning date of a qualifying drought the eligible livestock producer sold or otherwise disposed of because of a qualifying drought condition during the current production year or 1 or both of the 2 production years immediately preceding the current production year.

\*--Mitigated livestock must be eligible covered livestock in the year the livestock producer sold or otherwise disposed of the livestock because of a qualifying drought condition during the current production year or 1 or both of the 2 production years immediately preceding the current production year and would normally have been grazing the eligible grazing land or pastureland in the county during the normal grazing period for the specific type of grazing land or pastureland for the county.

**Note:** Livestock sold because of a fire are not considered mitigated livestock.--\*

## 411 Eligibility Criteria (Continued)

## E Eligible Covered Livestock (Continued)

**Example:** Producer Sam has a cow/calf operation in County A which he derives income from the sale of stockers. Stockers are calves in Producer Sam's operation that are normally born in February and are weaned from the mother cow when they reach approximately 500 pounds. Producer Sam places the 100 head of 500 pound stocker calves on wheat pasture in County A to graze during the normal grazing period for long season small grain wheat pasture which is November 15, 2015, through May 15, 2016, when the stockers reach approximately 750 to 800 pounds. Producer Sam's normal practice is to sell the stockers to the feed lot on approximately May 15 of each year after taking them off of the wheat pasture.

County A met the D2 requirement of 8 consecutive weeks on \*--March 29, 2016. Because of the severity of the drought--\* conditions, Producer Sam sold the 100 head of stockers on April 15, 2016, one month earlier than normal during the current production year. The stockers could be considered current year mitigated livestock; however, they will never be considered mitigated livestock in future production years because the stockers would not be eligible covered livestock that would normally have been grazing eligible grazing land in future production years as it is a normal practice of Producer Sam to sell the stockers during the current production year.

Livestock are also considered **current year mitigated livestock** when **all** of the following occur:

- the county was rated as having a qualifying drought by the U.S. Drought Monitor according to subparagraph A in the production year immediately preceding the current production year
- the county was suffering a systemic drought from the previous calendar year and livestock are sold by the eligible livestock producer more than 60 calendar days before the qualifying drought and the county rated at least a D2 or greater according to the web site at <http://droughtmonitor.unl.edu/MapsAndData/GISData.aspx> during the week the livestock were sold during the current production year.

**411 Eligibility Criteria (Continued)****E Eligible Covered Livestock (Continued)**

To be considered a qualifying drought for the year the livestock were sold for mitigated **livestock** purposes in 2009 and subsequent years, the county **must** have been rated as having 1 of the following by the U.S. Drought Monitor and the livestock **must** have been sold or disposed of because of the qualifying drought:

- D2 intensity in any area of the county for at least 8 consecutive weeks during the normal grazing period for the county
- D3 intensity in any area of the county at any time during the normal grazing period for the county
- D3 intensity in any area of the county during the normal grazing period for the county for 4 weeks during the normal grazing period
- D4 intensity in any area of the county at any time during the normal grazing period for the county
- D4 intensity in any area of the county during the normal grazing period for the county for 4 weeks during the normal grazing period.

## 411 Eligibility Criteria (Continued)

## E Eligible Covered Livestock (Continued)

**Example 1: 2011 CCC-853:** Producer Bill has 100 adult beef cows that graze native pasture in Baylor County, Texas, on October 1, 2011. Baylor County's normal grazing period for native pasture is January 1 through December 31. On October 1, 2011, Baylor County is rated a D3 by the U.S. Drought Monitor. October 1, 2011, through December 31, 2011, is the time period remaining in the grazing period, which is 3 months. Producer Bill had 140 adult beef cows during the 60 calendar days before October 1, 2011, in the current production year.

Producer Bill filed a manual 2011 CCC-853 on May 8, 2014, reporting the following:

Item 14:	Current Year Inventory is:	100 Adult Beef Cows
Item 15:	Current Year Mitigated is:	40 Adult Beef Cows

**Note:** On September 10, 2011, Producer Bill sold 40 cows because of drought conditions and the 40 adult beef cows sold are considered **current year mitigated** because they were sold during the 60 calendar days before the October 1, 2011, qualifying drought. On December 15, 2011, Producer Bill sold 20 adult beef cows because of drought conditions and the 20 adult beef cows sold will be considered **prior year mitigated** in calendar year 2012.

Item 16:	Prior Year Mitigated is:	0 Adult Beef Cows
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**Note:** Producer Bill did **not** replace any of the mitigated adult beef cows because of the systemic drought.

## 411 Eligibility Criteria (Continued)

**E Eligible Covered Livestock (Continued)**

**\*--Example 1: 2012 CCC-853:** Producer Bill has 80 adult beef cows that graze native pasture in Baylor County, Texas, on January 1, 2012. Baylor County's normal grazing period for native pasture is January 1 through December 31. On January 1, 2012, Baylor County is rated a D3 by the U.S. Drought Monitor.

Producer Bill filed a 2012 CCC-853 on May 8, 2014, reporting the following:

Item 14: Current Year Inventory is: 80 Adult Beef Cows

Item 15: Current Year Mitigated is: 0 Adult Beef Cows

**Note:** On July 20, 2012, Producer Bill sold 30 adult beef cows because of drought conditions and the 30 adult beef cows sold will be considered **prior year mitigated** in calendar year 2013.

Item 16: Prior Year Mitigated is: 60 Adult Beef Cows

**Note:** Producer Bill's 2011 CCC-853 had 40 current year mitigated livestock in item 15. Producer Bill sold 20 adult beef cows on December 15, 2011, because of drought conditions for a total of 60 prior year mitigated livestock. The 20 adult beef cows were sold December 15, 2011, within the 60 calendar day period before the D3 drought rating, outside the 2012 LFP current production year and are considered prior year mitigated livestock.--\*

411 Eligibility Criteria (Continued)

E Eligible Covered Livestock (Continued)

**\*--Example 1: 2013 CCC-853:** Producer Bill has 50 adult beef cows that graze native pasture in Baylor County, Texas, on January 1, 2013.

Baylor County's normal grazing period for native pasture is January 1 through December 31. On January 1, 2013, Baylor County is rated a D3 by the U.S. Drought Monitor. Producer Bill had 50 adult beef cows on the beginning date of the qualifying drought that is also the beginning date of the current production year that is the 2013 calendar year.

Producer Bill filed a 2013 CCC-853 on May 8, 2014, reporting the following:

Item 14: Current Year Inventory is: 50 Adult Beef Cows

Item 15: Current Year Mitigated is: 0 Adult Beef Cows

**Note:** Producer Bill did not sell any livestock in 2013.

Item 16: Prior Year Mitigated is: 90 Adult Beef Cows

**Note:** Producer Bill's 2012 CCC-853 had 60 prior year mitigated livestock in item 16. Producer Bill sold 30 adult beef cows on July 20, 2012, because of drought conditions for a total of 90 prior year mitigated livestock. 2013 will be the last year that Producer Bill can report the 60 adult beef cows as prior year mitigated livestock because of this being the 2nd year of claiming these mitigated livestock. Producer Bill has **not** replaced any of these adult beef cows because of the systemic drought conditions.--\*

## 411 Eligibility Criteria (Continued)

**E Eligible Covered Livestock (Continued)**

**\*--Example 1: 2014 CCC-853:** Producer Bill has 50 adult beef cows that graze native pasture in Baylor County, Texas on January 1, 2014. Baylor County's normal grazing period for native pasture is January 1 through December 31. On January 1, 2014, Baylor County is rated a D3 by the U.S. Drought Monitor. Producer Bill had 50 adult beef cows on the beginning date of the qualifying drought which is also the beginning date of the current production year which is the 2014 calendar year.

Producer Bill files 2014 CCC-853 on May 8, 2014, reporting the following:

Item 14: Current Year Inventory is: 50 Adult Beef Cows

Item 15: Current Year Mitigated is: 0 Adult Beef Cows

**Note:** Producer Bill did **not** sell any livestock in 2014.

Item 16: Prior Year Mitigated is: 30 Adult Beef Cows

**Note:** The 30 adult beef cows sold on July 20, 2012, because of drought conditions are still considered prior year mitigated livestock. Producer Bill has **not** replaced any of these adult beef cows because of the systemic drought conditions.--\*

## 411 Eligibility Criteria (Continued)

**E Eligible Covered Livestock (Continued)**

**\*--Example 2: 2011 CCC-853:** Producer Jill has 100 adult beef cows that graze native pasture in Lincoln County, South Dakota on October 1, 2011. Lincoln County's normal grazing period for native pasture is May 1, through October 31. On October 1, 2011, Lincoln County is rated a D3 by the U.S. Drought Monitor. October 1, 2011, through October 31, 2011, is the time period remaining in the grazing period, which is 1 month. Producer Jill had 140 adult beef cows during the 60 calendar days before October 1, 2011, in the current production year.

Producer Jill filed a manual 2011 CCC-853 on May 8, 2014, reporting the following:

Item 14: Current Year Inventory is: 100 Adult Beef Cows

Item 15: Current Year Mitigated is: 40 Adult Beef Cows

**Note:** On September 10, 2011, Producer Jill sold 40 cows during the 60 calendar days before the qualifying drought because of drought conditions and these livestock are considered **current year mitigated** livestock. In fact, the 40 head of adult beef cows were sold on September 10, 2011, because of drought conditions. On December 15, 2011, Producer Jill sold 20 adult beef cows because of drought conditions and the 20 adult beef cows will be considered **prior year mitigated** in calendar year 2012.

Item 16: Prior Year Mitigated is: 0 Adult Beef Cows

**Note:** Producer Jill did not replace any of the mitigated adult beef cows because of the systemic drought conditions.--\*

## 411 Eligibility Criteria (Continued)

**E Eligible Covered Livestock (Continued)**

**\*--Example 2: 2012 CCC-853:** Producer Jill has 60 adult beef cows that were grazing native pasture in Lincoln County, South Dakota, on May 11, 2012. Lincoln County's normal grazing period for native pasture is May 1 through October 31. On May 1, 2012, Lincoln County is rated a D3 by the U.S. Drought Monitor.

Producer Jill filed a 2012 CCC-853 on May 8, 2014, reporting the following:

Item 14: Current Year Inventory is: 60 Adult Beef Cows

Item 15: Current Year Mitigated is: 20 Adult Beef Cows

**Notes:** On January 28, 2012, Producer Jill sold 10 adult beef cows outside the normal grazing period because of a systemic drought that continued from the 2011 calendar year. Lincoln County was rated a D2 or greater by the U.S. Drought Monitor the week the 10 adult beef cows were sold in Lincoln County and will be considered **current year mitigated**. The County Office can determine drought condition eligibility outside the grazing period for the calendar year and week to determine if the county rated a D2 or greater at <http://droughtmonitor.unl.edu/MapsAndData/GISData.aspx>.

On April 10, 2012, Producer Jill sold 10 adult beef cows because of drought conditions and the 10 adult beef cows sold are 2012 current year mitigated and will be considered **prior year mitigated** in calendar year 2013.

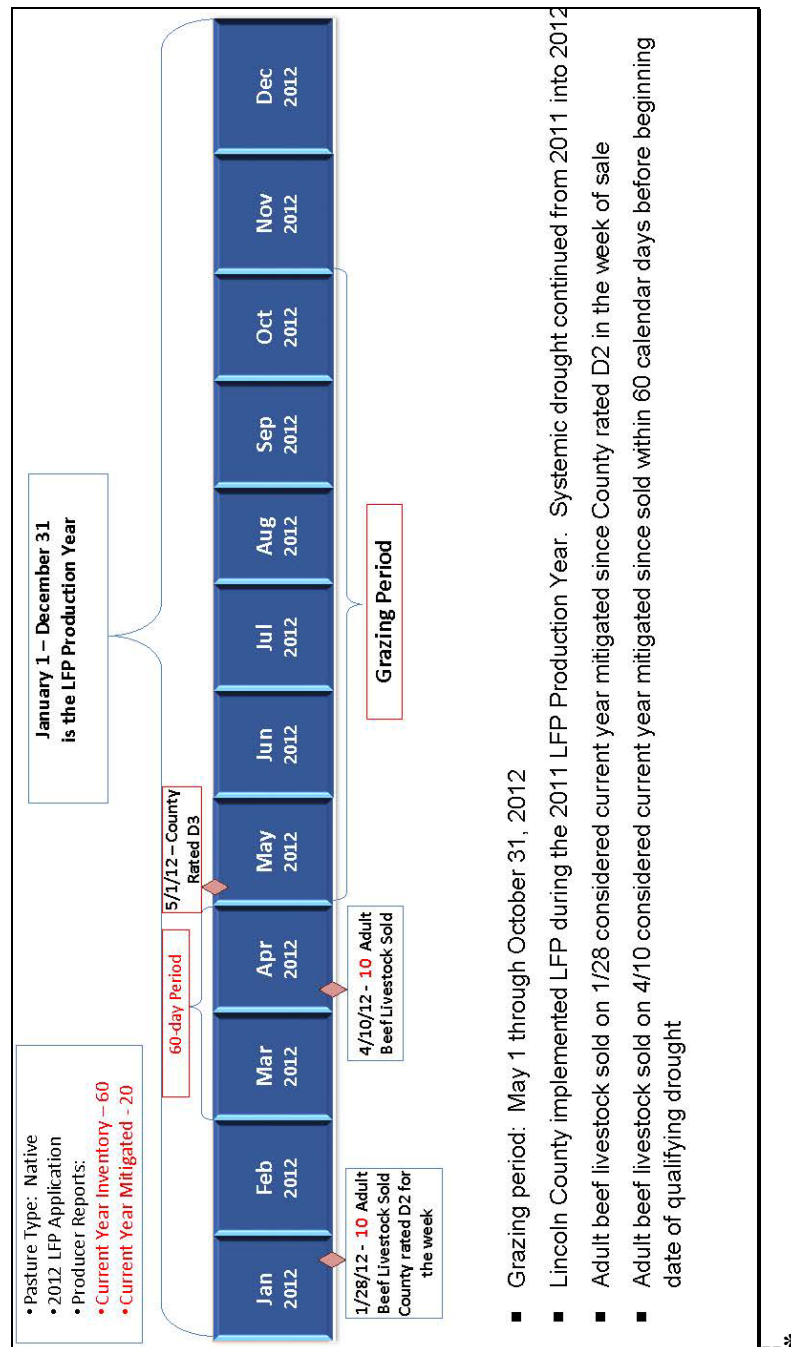
Item 16: Prior Year Mitigated is: 60 Adult Beef Cows

**Note:** 2011 CCC-853 had 40 **current year mitigated** livestock in item 15. Producer Jill sold 20 adult beef cows on December 15, 2011, because of drought conditions for a total of 60 **prior year mitigated** livestock. Even though the 20 adult beef cows were sold December 15, 2011, and they were sold within the 60-calendar-day period before the D3 drought rating, they were sold outside the 2012 LFP current production year and are considered prior year mitigated livestock.--\*

### E Eligible Covered Livestock (Continued)

**\*--Example 2: 2012 CCC-853 (Continued)**

The following table is an example of the livestock sold outside the normal grazing period that were considered current year mitigated livestock because of the systemic drought and also that were sold during the 60-calendar-day period before the beginning date of the qualifying drought for the 2012 production year.



## 411 Eligibility Criteria (Continued)

**E Eligible Covered Livestock (Continued)**

**\*--Example 2: 2013 CCC-853:** Producer Jill has 60 adult beef cows that were grazing native pasture in Lincoln County, South Dakota, on May 1, 2013. Lincoln County's normal grazing period for native pasture is May 1 through October 31. On May 1, 2013, Lincoln County is rated a D3 by the U.S. Drought Monitor.

Producer Jill filed a 2013 CCC-853 on May 8, 2014, reporting the following:

Item 14: Current Year Inventory is: 60 Adult Beef Cows

Item 15: Current Year Mitigated is: 0 Adult Beef Cows

**Note:** Producer Jill did **not** sell any livestock.

Item 16: Prior Year Mitigated is: 80 Adult Beef Cows

**Note:** 2012 CCC-853 had 60 prior year mitigated livestock in item 16. Producer Jill sold 10 adult beef cows on January 28, 2012, and 10 adult beef cows on April 10, 2012, because of drought conditions for a total of 80 prior year mitigated livestock. 2013 will be the last year that Producer Jill can report the 60 adult beef cows as prior year mitigated livestock because of this being the 2nd year of claiming these as mitigated livestock. Producer Jill has **not** replaced any of these livestock because of the systemic drought conditions.--\*

## 411 Eligibility Criteria (Continued)

**E Eligible Covered Livestock (Continued)**

**\*--Example 2: 2014 CCC-853:** Producer Jill has 50 adult beef cows that were grazing native pasture in Lincoln County, South Dakota, on May 1, 2014. Lincoln County's normal grazing period for native pasture is May 1 through October 31. On May 1, 2014, Lincoln County is rated a D3 by the U.S. Drought Monitor.

Producer Jill filed a 2014 CCC-853 on May 8, 2014, reporting the following:

Item 14: Current Year Inventory is: 50 Adult Beef Cows

Item 15: Current Year Mitigated is: 10 Adult Beef Cows

**Note:** Producer Jill sold 10 adult beef cows on February 13, 2014, outside the normal grazing period because of a systemic drought that continued from calendar year 2013. Lincoln County rated a D2 or greater by the U.S. Drought Monitor the week the 10 adult beef cows were sold in Lincoln County and will be considered **current year mitigated** livestock. The County Office can determine drought condition eligibility outside the grazing period for the calendar year and week to determine if the county rated a D2 or greater at <http://droughtmonitor.unl.edu/MapsAndData/GISData.aspx>.

Item 16: Prior Year Mitigated is: 20 Adult Beef Cows

**Note:** 2013 CCC-853 had 80 prior-year mitigated livestock in item 16, but 60 head were livestock mitigated since 2011. The 60 head **cannot** be prior mitigated in 2014 because they have been considered prior year mitigated for 2 consecutive years. Prior year mitigated for 2014 includes the 10 head of livestock sold on January 28, 2012, and the 10 head sold on April 10, 2012, totaling 20 head. Producer Jill has **not** replaced any of these livestock because of the systemic drought conditions.--\*

**411 Eligibility Criteria (Continued)****F Ineligible Covered Livestock**

Livestock that are **not** eligible covered livestock for LFP include, but are **not** limited to the following:

- livestock produced or maintained for reasons other than commercial use as part of a farming operation, including, but **not** limited to, livestock produced or maintained for recreational purposes, such as:
  - consumption by the owner
  - hunting
  - used as pets
  - pleasure
  - roping
  - show

**Example 1:** Mike Jones owns 5 horses, 2 beef steers, and 3 goats. Mr. Jones maintains the horses for pleasure riding and fox hunting, and maintains the goats as pets for his children. He maintains the beef steers to be consumed by his family. Accordingly, Mr. Jones does **not** maintain any of the livestock for commercial use as part of a farming operation.

Because none of Mr. Jones' livestock is maintained for commercial use as part of a farming operation, the animals are **not** eligible livestock for LFP.

**Example 2:** Joe Smith owns 5 horses which he uses to pull hansom cabs in the tourist district of the local city. The hansom cabs are Mr. Smith's business activity he engages in as a means of livelihood for profit.

However, because the horses are **not** maintained as part of a farming operation, they are **not** eligible livestock for LFP.



## 411 Eligibility Criteria (Continued)

**F Ineligible Covered Livestock**

**Example 3:** Jane Black owns and raises a deer herd. Mrs. Black sells the does to a local food market to be processed into meat products. She sells the bucks to hunting preserves nationwide.

Mrs. Black is in the business of selling deer as a means of livelihood for profit; therefore, the deer are maintained for commercial use. However, the deer also **must** be maintained as part of a farming operation.

The County Office **must** determine whether Mrs. Black's deer business is a farming operation. Mrs. Black **must** provide evidence to satisfy COC or CED that the deer are part of a farming operation. One indicator of being a farming operation would be whether Mrs. Black files taxes as a farming operation. The County Office **cannot** request Mrs. Black to provide a copy of her tax records; however, COC or CED may ask Mrs. Black how she files her taxes for the operation.

- yaks
- ostriches
- \*--all beef and dairy cattle, and buffalo/bison and beefalo that weighed less than 500--\* pounds on the beginning date of a qualifying drought or fire
- any wild free roaming livestock, including horses and deer
- any animals **not** included in subparagraph D.

## 411 Eligibility Criteria (Continued)

**G Livestock Located in Feed Lots**

Livestock that were or would have been physically located in a feedlot on or before the beginning date of a qualifying drought or fire are **not** eligible for LFP. COC shall determine eligibility of livestock placed in a feedlot on a case-by-case basis. This includes, but is **not** limited to, livestock that were physically located in a feedlot:

- on or before the beginning date of a qualifying drought or fire, or placed in a feedlot after the beginning date of a qualifying drought or fire, for the purpose of fattening for slaughter as part of producer's normal operation
- as part of a livestock producer's normal course of business before the livestock reached their normal selling or fattening weight.

**Example 1:** John Smith owns 500 head of nonadult beef cattle weighing an average of 750 pounds each. Mr. Smith's eligible grazing land is located in County A. County A was rated as having a D3 drought intensity level on the U.S. Drought Monitor for 1 day on January 1, 2012. Mr. Smith placed the 500 head of nonadult beef cattle in Lucky 7 Feedlot, Inc., located in County A, on January 1, 2012, for the purpose of fattening for slaughter. The 500 head of nonadult beef cattle owned by Mr. Smith are **not** eligible for LFP because the adult beef cattle were placed in the feedlot for the purpose of fattening for slaughter as part of his normal operation.

**Example 2:** Judy Jones owns 750 head of nonadult beef cattle weighing an average of 500 pounds each. Ms. Jones' eligible grazing land is located in County A. County A was rated as having a D2 drought intensity level for 8 consecutive weeks on the U.S. Drought Monitor on March 1, 2012. The normal grazing period for native pasture in County A is May 1 through November 15. Ms. Jones, as part of her normal business operation, placed the 750 head of nonadult beef cattle in Rafter 3 Feedlot, located in County A, on March 20, 2012. The 750 head of nonadult beef cattle owned by Ms. Jones are **not** eligible for LFP because nonadult beef cattle were placed in the feedlot as part of Ms. Jones' normal business operation and **not** because of an eligible qualifying drought or fire.

**Note:** Eligible livestock placed in a feedlot earlier than normal because of a qualifying drought or fire may be eligible for LFP if all other eligibility requirements are met.

**411 Eligibility Criteria (Continued)****G Livestock Located in Feed Lots (Continued)**

**Example 3:** Jim Black owned 500 head of nonadult beef cattle weighing an average of 500 pounds each on March 1, 2012. Mr. Black's eligible grazing land is located in County A. County A is rated as having a D3 intensity level on the U.S. Drought Monitor on March 1, 2012. Mr. Black normally removes the 500 head of nonadult beef cattle from the 1,000 acres of native pasture he owns and places them in Lucky 7 Feedlot, Inc., located in County A, when nonadult beef cattle reach 750 pounds for the purpose of fattening for slaughter. Because of a qualifying drought, Mr. Black ran out of native pasture and was forced to place the 500 head of nonadult beef cattle in the feedlot on March 1, 2012, before nonadult beef cattle reached the weight of 750 pounds.

The 500 head of nonadult beef cattle placed in the feedlot earlier than normal are eligible for LFP because of the unavailability of native pasture for grazing because of a qualifying drought.

## 411 Eligibility Criteria (Continued)

**H Eligible Livestock Producers**

To be considered an eligible livestock producer, the eligible producer on a farm **must**:

- during the 60 calendar days before the beginning date of a qualifying drought or fire, own, cash or share lease, or be a contract grower or covered livestock
- provide grazing land or pastureland for covered livestock, including cash-rented grazing land or pastureland that is either:
  - physically located in a county affected by a qualifying drought during the normal grazing period for the county
  - rangeland managed by a Federal Agency for which the otherwise eligible livestock producer is prohibited by the Federal Agency from grazing the normal permitted livestock because of a qualifying fire
- certify that the livestock producer has suffered a grazing loss because of a qualifying drought or fire to be eligible for LFP payments
- **\*--**timely file FSA-578, according to 2-CP, for all grazing land for which a loss is being claimed

**Notes:** For 2011 through 2014:

- late-filed FSA-578's will be accepted without requiring the producer to pay a late-filed fee
- physical evidence inspections will be waived for native and improved pastures and annually planted forages
- evidence of disposition is **required** according to 2-CP, subparagraph 21 F
- all other requirements for late-filed FSA-578's **must** be met according to **\*--**2-CP.

**411 Eligibility Criteria (Continued)****H Eligible Livestock Producers (Continued)**

- be an individual or entity that is a:

- citizen of the U.S.
- resident alien

**Note:** Resident alien means “lawful alien”.

- partnership of citizens of the U.S.
- corporation, limited liability corporation, or other farm organizational structure organized under State law
- any Native American tribe as defined in the Indian Self-Determination and Education Assistance Act
- any Native American organization or entity chartered under the Indian Reorganization Act
- any economic enterprise under the Indian Financing Act of 1974.

**I Eligible Grazing Types**

Different types or varieties of pasture and grazing crops for a county shall be grouped into 1 of the following:

- improved pasture with permanent vegetative cover (nonirrigated)
- native pasture with permanent vegetative cover (nonirrigated)
- short season small grain crops planted specifically for the purpose of providing grazing for covered livestock (nonirrigated)
- long season small grain crops planted specifically for the purpose of providing grazing for covered livestock (nonirrigated)
- annual ryegrass planted specifically for the purpose of providing grazing for covered livestock (nonirrigated)

**\*--Note:** Because of the lateness of annual ryegrass being approved as an eligible grazing type, County Offices have the option of paying annual ryegrass grazing losses because of drought that occurred on or after October 1, 2011, and before January 1, 2015, as either improved pasture or annual ryegrass.--\*

## 411 Eligibility Criteria (Continued)

**I Eligible Grazing Types (Continued)**

- annual crabgrass planted specifically for the purpose of providing grazing for covered livestock (nonirrigated)

**Note:** Because of the lateness of annual crabgrass being approved as an eligible grazing type, County Offices have the option of paying annual crabgrass grazing losses because of drought that occurred on or after October 1, 2011, and before January 1, 2015, as either improved pasture or annual crabgrass.

- forage sorghum crops planted specifically for the purpose of providing grazing for covered livestock (nonirrigated).

**J Eligible Grazing Lands**

The following are eligible grazing lands:

- State and Federal lands, if either of the following apply:
  - the land is leased on a long-term basis that COC determines requires lessee contribution, including but **not** limited to wells, fences, or other maintenance and upkeep inputs
  - pasture or grazing land is leased for cash or fixed amount for an established grazing period
- previously irrigated grazing land that was **not** irrigated during the current production year because of lack of water for reasons beyond the participant's control

**Note:** Counties should use the same provisions as used under NAP for covering irrigated grazing losses according to 2 CP.

- privately owned, cash or share leased pasture or rangeland that is used to provide grazing for covered livestock
- land enrolled in GRP seeded to one of the eligible grazing types in subparagraph J.

**\*--Exception:** The producer is not eligible for LFP during the time period the GRP conservation plan prohibits grazing during the normal grazing period.--\*

Acreage leases and rental agreements for private or Federal- and State-owned land intended for grazing may include many arrangements for compensation and provide varying degrees of control for using the acreage. Many leases, particularly leases with grazing arrangements, are similar to sales agreements. For example, the lessee pays **only** for the days actual grazing occurs or according to the rate of gain of the grazing animals, etc. These leases do **not** convey control of the acreage, nor does the lessee acquire risk in production of the specific crop acreage under these arrangements.

## 411 Eligibility Criteria (Continued)

**J Eligible Grazing Lands (Continued)**

\*--To ensure that eligibility requirements have been met, the livestock producer must provide--\* signed copies of the following, as applicable:

- BLM grazing permit and/or lease and final bill or invoice

**Note:** Final bill or invoice is only required if producer cannot meet control or risk from 1 of the risk questions on the following pages.

- FS grazing permit and/or lease and final bill or invoice

**Note:** Final bill or invoice is only required if producer cannot meet control or risk from 1 of the risk questions on the following pages.

- State land lease and/or State land subleases

**Note:** Some State land leases may contain the following clause:

“Assignment, Sublease, and Relinquishment Land Lessee will not assign or sublease the leased premises or the improvements on said premises without the prior written consent of lessor and other requirements as required by lessor rule. As provided by law and rule, any lease in good standing may be relinquished to the State on relinquishment, however, therefore the lessee will not be entitled to a refund of rent previously owned and paid”.

- written acreage lease or rental agreement.

COC or CED will review all acreage leases to determine whether:

- the lease conveys control, however limited, to the lessee
- lessee is at risk in the grazing land or pastureland crop acreage for which benefits are being requested for LFP.

**Note:** All COC or CED determinations must be documented in COC minutes.

## 411 Eligibility Criteria (Continued)

**J Eligible Grazing Lands (Continued)**

\*--The lessee will be considered to have risk in the grazing land and/or pastureland crop acreage under LFP, if COC determines that the lease does either of the following:

- conveys control of the acreage to the lessee, however limited
- indicates the lessee has a risk in the grazing land or pastureland crop acreage for which benefits are being requested for LFP.

**Note:** If the lease prohibits the sublease of the land, the lessee associated to the sublease will be ineligible for LFP benefits on that acreage.

COC or CED will use the following questions and others, as warranted, to determine whether a lessee has risk in grazing land or pastureland crop acreage or the lease conveys control of the crop acreage to the lessee. Only 1 of the following conditions must be met to find a lessee at risk in the grazing land or pastureland crop acreage for which benefits are being requested for LFP.

- Does the lessee pay local property or similar taxes on the leased acreage or improvements made to the leased acreage?
  - If yes, the lessee is considered to have control of the crop acreage.
  - If no, see the next question.
- Can the lessee, according to the lease, recoup specific expenses for significant infrastructure or range improvements (that is, fences, water well, seed or fertilizer applications, drainage improvements, or brush and weed control)?
  - If no, the lessee is considered to have control of the crop acreage.
  - If yes, see the next question.
- Is the lessee allowed to sell the lease or the permit?
  - If yes, the lessee is considered to have control of the crop acreage.
  - If no, see the next question.
- Can the lease or the permit be inherited?
  - If yes, the lessee is considered to have control of the crop acreage.
  - If no, see the next question.--\*

## 411 Eligibility Criteria (Continued)

## J Eligible Grazing Lands (Continued)

- \*--Does the lessee compensate the lessor for using the crop acreage?
  - If no, the lessee is **not** entitled to a crop share and does **not** have a risk in production of the crop acreage.
  - If yes, is the compensation payment refundable if grazing use of the crop acreage is lost?
    - If yes, the lessee **only** has a risk in the portion of the crop acreage used and paid for, if any.
    - If no, does the compensation payment entitle the lessee to a vested crop share interest in production of the commodity versus purchasing the commodity?
      - If no, the lessee does **not** have a crop share interest and risk in production of the crop acreage.
      - If yes, the lessee is considered to have a crop share interest and risk in production of the crop acreage.--\*

**411 Eligibility Criteria (Continued)****J Eligible Grazing Lands (Continued)**

If written acreage lease or rental agreement was **not** entered into, a copy of CCC-855 **must** be completed and signed by the lessor, according to paragraph 412.

1-CM, subparagraphs 707 and 708 provide guidance for signature authority for representative signatures. The guidance indicates how a person signing in a representative capacity **must** indicate on the document (in this case CCC-855) the title and/or relationship to the person (landlord or landowner at the time of benefit) for whom they are providing the signature.

In situations where the landowner or landlord is now deceased and the spouse of the deceased is now providing the deceased individual's certification on CCC-855 according to 1-CM, paragraphs 707 and 708, this may be considered acceptable by COC without any documentation. See 1-CM, subparagraphs 707 C and 708 A. An heir to the deceased may also sign CCC-855 on behalf of the deceased, if a last will and testament or other acceptable proof of heirship is provided to substantiate the heir's relationship to the deceased.

If the person signing CCC-855 in a representative capacity for the deceased landlord or landowner is someone other than the spouse or heir, follow 1-CM, paragraph 708 and have the representative enter the title and relationship to the deceased (note the capacity they are signing for the deceased) and accompany that certification with either of the documentary evidence options available (before and after April 2, 2009). If users have specific questions on program eligibility, they shall contact their State Office. The State Office shall contact their Program Manager.

In the case of undivided ownership interest, if owners having a majority, undivided ownership interest in the farm signs CCC-855, COC may accept CCC-855 as documentation supporting the lease agreement between the parties, if COC determines shares are acceptable.

**Note:** Majority means at least 50 percent of the collective, undivided interest owner's share.

## 411 Eligibility Criteria (Continued)

**J Eligible Grazing Lands (Continued)**

\*--If a written acreage lease or rental agreement was **not** entered into between the original lessee and lessor, and the grazing land or pastureland is **subleased**, for the lessee associated to the sublease to be considered by COC or CED to have control of the leased acreage or risk in the grazing land and/or pastureland crop acreage for LFP benefits, separate CCC-855's must be completed and signed, according to paragraph 412, by the:

- lessor, acknowledging the lease agreement terms between lessor and the original lessee and that the original lessee has the authority to sublease the grazing land or pastureland, and
- original lessee acknowledging lease agreement terms between original lessee and lessee associated to sublease.

**Note:** For the lessee associated to the sublease to be considered in control of the leased acreage or have risk in the grazing land and/or pastureland crop acreage for LFP benefits, the first criteria that must be met is that the original lessee must have been determined to have had control of the acreage and/or been at risk in the grazing land and/or pastureland crop acreage. If the original lessee was not considered to be in control of the acreage or at risk, then the lessee associated to the sublease cannot obtain control in or risk in the grazing land and/or pastureland from the original lessee that did not have such control or risk.--\*

## 411 Eligibility Criteria (Continued)

**J Eligible Grazing Lands (Continued)**

**\*--Example 1:** Lessee A and Lessor B entered into a verbal agreement on January 1, 2016, for Lessee A to cash lease from Lessor B, Farm 1 in Knox County consisting of 200 acres of native pasture for \$2000 per year for 5 years. Lessee A has also been given the authority to sublease the acreage. The normal grazing period for native grass is January 1 through December 31.

On January 15, 2016, Lessee A subleases Farm 1 to Lessee C for \$2500 for the 2016 calendar year. Lessee C's 10 head of adult beef cattle graze on the 200 acres of native pasture in Knox County beginning on January 16, 2016. On April 5, 2016, Knox County becomes eligible for a 5 month payment on native pasture.

Lessee C provides the Knox County COC CCC-855 completed and signed by Lessor B where Lessor B checked that Farm 1 was cash rented to Lessee A for 5 years beginning January 1, 2016, through December 31, 2021, and the "Other" box on CCC-855 was checked with Lessor B indicating that Lessee A had the authority to sublease Farm 1. Lessee C also provided CCC-855 completed by Lessee A indicating that Lessee A has subleased Farm 1 to Lessee C from January 15, 2016, through December 31, 2016, for cash.

COC reviewed CCC-855's and determined that:

- Lessee A cash leased Farm 1 from Lessor B giving Lessee A control and risk in the 200 acres of native pasture and authority to sublease Farm 1
- Lessee A subleased Farm 1 to Lessee C for cash transferring control and risk for 2016 to Lessee C; therefore, Lessee C is in control and at risk in the 200 acres of native pasture on Farm 1 for 2016.--\*

## 411 Eligibility Criteria (Continued)

**J Eligible Grazing Lands (Continued)**

**\*--Example 2:** Lessee A and Lessor B entered into a verbal agreement on January 1, 2016, for Lessee A to lease from Lessor B, Farm 1 in Knox County consisting of 200 acres of native pasture on a \$0.20 per day basis for the 2016 crop year on 20 adult beef cows. Lessee A has also been given the authority to sublease the acreage. The normal grazing period for native grass is January 1 through December 31.

On January 15, 2016, Lessee A subleases Farm 1 to Lessee C for \$2500 for the 2016 calendar year. Lessee C's 10 head of adult beef cattle graze on the 200 acres of native pasture in Knox County beginning on January 16, 2016. On April 5, 2016, Knox County becomes eligible for a 5 month payment on native pasture.

Lessee C provides the Knox County COC CCC-855 completed and signed by Lessor B where Lessor B checked that Farm 1 was rented to Lessee A for the 2016 crop year on a \$0.20 per day basis for 20 adult beef cows with Lessor B indicating that Lessee A had the authority to sublease Farm 1. Lessee C also provided CCC-855 completed by Lessee A, indicating that Lessee A has subleased Farm 1 to Lessee C from January 15, 2016, through December 31, 2016 for cash.

COC reviewed the CCC-855's and determined that:

- Lessee A has an agreement with Lessor B which Lessee A pays \$0.20 per day for 20 adult beef cows on Lessor B's pasture and Lessee A is only paying for the number of days grazed which equates to no grazing loss and Lessee A not being in control or at risk in the 200 acres of native pasture on Farm 1
- Lessee A subleased Farm 1 to Lessee C for cash, but since Lessee A does not have control or risk in Farm 1, Lessee A did not transfer control or risk in Farm 1 to Lessee C; therefore, Lessee C is **not** in control and at risk in the 200 acres of native pasture on Farm 1 for 2016.--\*

**411 Eligibility Criteria (Continued)****J Eligible Grazing Lands (Continued)**

\*--COC or CED must review all acreage leases, including CCC-855's, to determine whether the livestock producer's contributions are at risk in the grazing land and pastureland for which benefits are being requested under LFP. COC or CED must document in the COC minutes, that cash-leased grazing land or pastureland meets the eligibility criteria for leased grazing land or pastureland under LFP. In cases where CED determination of risk in the grazing land and pastureland may result in an adverse determination, CED will obtain concurrence from COC.--\*

**Note:** The name on the lease must reflect the name of the applicant requesting benefits on CCC-853 for the leased land.

## 411 Eligibility Criteria (Continued)

**K Ineligible Grazing Land**

The following are ineligible types of grazing:

- acreage enrolled in CRP

**Exception:** Land enrolled in CRP grasslands will be eligible for LFP if all of the following are met:

- the acreage is native or improved pastureland with permanent vegetative cover
- the acreage is not a first year seeding biennial or perennial forage crop intended for grazing
- the acreage is not devoted to Practice CP42, Pollinator Habitat, which does not allow for grazing
- the acreage under CRP grasslands is not mechanically harvested at any time during the normal grazing period during the calendar year, and only grazed, the acreage may be eligible for LFP, if all other LFP program provisions are met and the CRP grasslands conservation plan does not prohibit grazing during the normal grazing period.

**Note:** CRP grasslands acreage **will not** be eligible for LFP if mechanically harvested for seed, hay, etc. during the normal grazing period in the calendar year in which it is mechanically harvested.

•\*--acreage enrolled in WRP.--\*

- irrigated pastures or crops
- acreage intended for grain, such as corn and grain sorghum, where the stalks or aftermath is grazed

**Note:** 7 CFR Part 1416.205(a)(2) specifically provides that corn stalks and grain sorghum stalks are **not** considered crops planted specifically for the purpose of providing grazing for covered livestock.

## 411 Eligibility Criteria (Continued)

**K Ineligible Grazing Land (Continued)**

●\*--seeded small grain forage crops or forage sorghum crops that are:

- planted with the specific purpose of harvesting forage or seed
- planted after the final planting date for the specific kind and type of seeded small grain or forage sorghum crops intended for grazing
- planted and reported as full season small grains or forage sorghum crops intended for grazing and the actual use is reported as grain or forage--\*

**Note:** Seeded small grain forage crops include the following:

- barley
- \* \* \*
- oats
- rye
- triticale
- wheat.

●\*--acreage reported on FSA-578, with an initial intended use of forage, grain, cover only, left standing, green manure, volunteer or seed and an actual use of grazing--\*

- grazing land that is leased under any of the following conditions:
  - basis of weight gain
  - cost per head, per day or per month

**Example:** Owner A has an agreement with Producer B under which Owner A pays \$.30 per day for 100 yearlings grazed on Producer B's pasture. Owner A pays **only** for the number of days the 100 yearlings graze. Because Owner A pays only for the actual days grazed, Owner A suffers no grazing loss, and is **ineligible** for LFP.

## 411 Eligibility Criteria (Continued)

**K Ineligible Grazing Land (Continued)**

**Exception:** If a lease (considered a combination lease) provides for a guaranteed amount per month and a share of the crop or crop proceeds, the agreement will be considered a cash lease.

**Note:** Some grazed forage leases on a cost-per-head-per-month basis are combination leases where the tenant is responsible for expenses, such as fence maintenance and repair, maintenance of property and wells, windmills, stock tanks, and materials and labor to rebuild handling facilities, and conducting controlled burns or mechanical control of cedar trees and other shrubs, etc., which is tantamount to a guaranteed amount of lease. The risk of the expenses under leases of this type, whether actually incurred or not, is the same as a guaranteed minimum and the arrangement is viewed as a cash lease, whether or not the lease also provides for a share to the landlord or not.

**Example:** Owner B has an agreement with Producer A under which Owner B pays \$10 per month for 100 yearlings to graze on Producer A's pasture. Owner B also is responsible for expenses related to maintenance and repair of the fences, maintenance of water wells, windmills, and materials and labor to rebuild handling facilities. Owner B has had this type of agreement with Producer A for over 10 years. Because this is a cost-per-head-per-month lease that is a combination lease where Owner B is responsible for expenses tantamount to a guaranteed amount of lease, then this type of lease is considered a cash lease.

- on an AUM-only basis, when the lessee incurs no additional expense for pasture maintenance, wells, fences, etc.

**L Establishing Grazing Loss Percentages**

There is **no** requirement for a producer to suffer a certain percentage of loss to be eligible for LFP. In addition, there is **no** requirement for STC or COC to establish a minimum or ~~maximum~~ amount of loss to be eligible for LFP; therefore, STC and COC must **not** establish minimum or maximum loss percentages for LFP. The producer will **not** be required to report a loss percentage to be eligible for LFP.



## 411 Eligibility Criteria (Continued)

**M Establishing Normal Grazing Periods for LFP**

LFP provides payments to eligible livestock producers that have suffered livestock grazing losses because of a qualifying drought during the normal grazing period for the county. The qualifying drought **must** have occurred **after** September 30, 2011.

For drought, the losses **must** have occurred:

- on land that is native or improved pastureland with permanent vegetative cover, or is planted to a crop planted specifically for grazing for covered livestock
- because of a qualifying drought during the normal grazing period for the specific type of grazing land or pastureland in the county during the calendar year.

In 2009, STC's established normal grazing periods for each of the grazing types listed in subparagraph I for each county in their State. Only 1 grazing period per pasture or grazing crop type was to be established per county. The normal grazing period established for each pasture or grazing crop type was to be consistent with grazing periods established for **NAP** purposes.

<b>Example: <u>Pasture Type</u></b>	<b><u>Start Date</u></b>	<b><u>End Date</u></b>
Forage Sorghum	June 20	October 20
Improved Pasture	August 1	October 31
Native Pasture	March 1	October 31
Long Season Small Grains	October 15	May 15
Short Season Small Grains	October 15	March 1

**Exception:** Two grazing periods for small grains could be established in each applicable county in States where producers purchase NAP coverage for small grains grazing and the producer subsequently harvests the small grains for grain; however, the normal grazing period for full season grazing shall be entered into the LFP Normal Grazing Period Table.

**Example 1:** In County A, producers plant small grains with the intent to graze the small grains for the full growing season. The normal grazing period for full season small grains grazing in County A is October 15, 2012, through June 1, 2013. The normal grazing period for full season small grains would be established as follows.

<b><u>Pasture Type</u></b>	<b><u>Start Date</u></b>	<b><u>End Date</u></b>
Full Season Small Grains	October 15	June 1

## 411 Eligibility Criteria (Continued)

**M Establishing Normal Grazing Periods for LFP (Continued)**

**Example 2:** In County A, producers also plant small grains with the intent of grazing the small grains until the normal livestock pull off date of March 1, and then subsequently harvest the small grains for grain. The normal grazing period for small grains grazing in County A that are subsequently harvested for grain is October 15, 2012, through March 1, 2013. The normal grazing period for small grains intended for grazing that are subsequently harvested for grain would be established as follows.

<u>Pasture Type</u>	<u>Start Date</u>	<u>End Date</u>
Short Season Small Grains	October 15	March 1

STC's shall ensure that normal grazing periods are:

- reviewed and updated for each eligible type of grazing land or pastureland for 2012, 2013, and 2014, **before** CCC-853's are accepted
- for each pasture or grazing crop type, consistent with grazing periods established for the applicable year for NAP purposes
- loaded into the LFP Normal Grazing Period Table.

**Note:** If the NAP sales closing date has passed for the specific pasture or grazing crop type for the applicable year, the normal grazing period for that specific pasture or grazing crop may **not** be changed, **except** for the next crop year.

**411 Eligibility Criteria (Continued)**

**N Deceased Individuals and Dissolved Entities**

\* \* \*

\*--Follow 1-CM for guidance on accepting signatures for deceased individuals and dissolved entities.--\*



**412 CCC-855, Emergency Assistance for Livestock, Honey Bees, and Farm Raised Fish Program (ELAP) and Livestock Forage Disaster Program (LFP) Lease Agreement Certification Statement**

**A Completing CCC-855**

Complete CCC-855 according to the following.

Item	Instructions	
1	Enter State in which the leased land is physically located.	
2	Enter physical location county of where the land being leased is located.	
3	Enter program year of the lease.	
4	*--Enter name of operator/tenant (lessee), or lessee associated to sublease, if subleased.	
5	Enter name of landowner/landlord (lessor) or original lessee, if the original lessee is subleasing the land for which the original lessee did not have a written acreage lease or rental agreement with lessor.--*	
6	Enter farm numbers encumbered by the lease agreement.	
7	Enter number of acres leased.	
8	Enter date lease commenced.	
9	Enter date lease expires.	
10	<p>Lessor shall check (✓) appropriate terms of the lease agreement that apply or "Other", if none of the terms listed apply and then specify specific terms that do apply.</p> <p><b>*--Notes:</b> Lessor must indicate in this block whether lessee in item 4 is authorized to sublease farms listed in item 6.</p> <p>If land being leased is subleased, original lessee must include in this block the terms and conditions of the sublease.</p>	
11A, 12A, 13A	Lessor, original lessee if land is subleased, or authorized representative shall sign.	
11B, 12B, 13B	<b>IF...</b>	<b>THEN...</b>
	lessor or original lessee is signing	leave blank.
	someone is signing in a representative capacity for lessor or original lessee	enter title or relationship to lessor or original lessee.--*
11C, 12C, 13C	Enter date signatory signs.	

# 412 CCC-855, Emergency Assistance for Livestock, Honey Bees, and Farm Raised Fish Program (ELAP) and Livestock Forage Disaster Program (LFP) Lease Agreement Certification Statement (Continued)

## B Example of Completed CCC-855

This form is available electronically.			
<b>CCC-855</b> (04-15-2014)		U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE Commodity Credit Corporation	
<b>EMERGENCY ASSISTANCE FOR LIVESTOCK, HONEY BEES, AND FARM-RAISED FISH PROGRAM (ELAP) AND LIVESTOCK FORAGE DISASTER PROGRAM (LFP) LEASE AGREEMENT CERTIFICATION STATEMENT</b>		1. State Montana	
		2. County Gallatin	
		3. Lease Year 2013	
<p><b>NOTE:</b> The following statement is made in accordance with the Privacy Act of 1974 (5 USC 552a – as amended). The authority for requesting the information identified on this form is 7 CFR Part 1416, the Commodity Credit Corporation Charter Act (15 U.S.C. 714 et seq.), and the Agricultural Act of 2014 (Pub. L. 113-79). The information will be used to determine eligibility for the emergency assistance for livestock, honey bees, and farm-raised fish program and livestock forage disaster program benefits. The information collected on this form may be disclosed to other Federal, State, Local government agencies, Tribal agencies, and nongovernmental entities that have been authorized access to the information by statute or regulation and/or as described in applicable Routine Uses identified in the System of Records Notice for USDA/FSA-2, Farm Records File (Automated). Providing the requested information is voluntary. However, failure to furnish the requested information will result in a determination of ineligibility for emergency assistance for livestock, honey bees, and farm-raised fish and livestock forage disaster program benefits.</p> <p>This information collection is exempted from the Paperwork Reduction Act as specified in the Agricultural Act of 2014 (Pub. L. 113-79, Title 1, Subtitle F – Administration).</p> <p>The provisions of criminal and civil fraud, privacy and other statutes may be applicable to the information provided. <b>RETURN THIS COMPLETED FORM TO YOUR COUNTY FSA OFFICE.</b></p>			
<b>LEASE AGREEMENT CERTIFICATION STATEMENT</b>			
4. Operator/Tenant (Lessee) (Print): Producer B			
5. Landowner/Landlord (Lessor) (Print): Landowner C			
6. FSA Farm Number(s) 1200	7. Number of Acres Leased 500	8. Lease Commenced on 05/01/2013	9. Lease Expires on 12/31/2013
10. Terms of the Lease Agreement (Check the appropriate box): <input type="checkbox"/> Dollar/Acre Rental Arrangement. <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Cash or Fixed Dollar Amount. <input type="checkbox"/> Share Rent. <input type="checkbox"/> Rate of Gain. <input type="checkbox"/> Cost Per Head, Per Day or Month. <input type="checkbox"/> Animal Unit Month Basis. <input type="checkbox"/> Other, (Specify):			
<i>I certify that I entered into a lease agreement with the Operator/Tenant specified in Item 4 beginning on the date specified in Item 8 and ending on the date in Item 9. I certify that the terms of the lease agreement entered in Item 10 are true and correct for the specified farm(s) listed in Item 6 for the period of the lease agreement entered in Items 8 and 9.</i>			
11A. Signature of Lessor (By)  Landowner C	11B. Title/Relationship of the Individual Signing in a Representative Capacity		11C. Date (MM-DD-YYYY) 04-15-2014
12A. Signature of Lessor (By)	12B. Title/Relationship of the Individual Signing in a Representative Capacity		12C. Date (MM-DD-YYYY)
13A. Signature of Lessor (By)	13B. Title/Relationship of the Individual Signing in a Representative Capacity		13C. Date (MM-DD-YYYY)
<small>The U.S. Department of Agriculture (USDA) prohibits discrimination against its customers, employees, and applicants for employment on the bases of race, color, national origin, age, disability, sex, gender identity, religion, reprisal, and where applicable, marital status, familial or parental status, sexual orientation, or all or part of an individual's income is derived from any public assistance program, or protected genetic information in employment or in any program or activity conducted or funded by the Department. (Not all prohibited bases will apply to all programs and/or employment activities.) Persons with disabilities, who wish to file a program complaint, write to the address below or if you require alternative means of communication for program information (e.g., Braille, large print, audiotape, etc.) please contact USDA's TARGET Center at (202) 720-2600 (voice and TDD). Individuals who are deaf, hard of hearing, or have speech disabilities and wish to file either an EEO or program complaint, please contact USDA through the Federal Relay Service at (800) 877-8339 or (800) 845-6136 (in Spanish).</small>			
<small>If you wish to file a Civil Rights program complaint of discrimination, complete the USDA Program Discrimination Complaint Form, found online at <a href="http://www.ascr.usda.gov/complaint_filing_cust.html">http://www.ascr.usda.gov/complaint_filing_cust.html</a>, or at any USDA office, or call (866) 632-9992 to request the form. You may also write a letter containing all of the information requested in the form. Send your completed complaint form or letter by mail to U.S. Department of Agriculture, Director, Office of Adjudication, 1400 Independence Avenue, S.W., Washington, D.C. 20250-9410, by fax (202) 690-7442 or email at <a href="mailto:program.intake@usda.gov">program.intake@usda.gov</a>. USDA is an equal opportunity provider and employer.</small>			

413-419 (Reserved)

4-15-14

1-LDAP (Rev. 1) Amend. 1

 Page 6-56  
 (through 6-70)

### Section 3 Payment Rates, Limitations, and Reductions

420 (Withdrawn—Amend. 26)

421 Drought Payment Calculation

#### A General Payment Information

An eligible livestock producer will be eligible to receive LFP payments for grazing losses because of a qualifying drought equal to 1, \* \* \* 3, 4, or 5 times the monthly payment rate calculated according to subparagraph B.

To be eligible to receive a:

- 1-month payment, that is a payment equal to the monthly feed cost as determined according to subparagraph B, the eligible livestock producer **must** own or lease grazing land or pastureland that is physically located in a county that is rated a D2 severe drought (intensity) in any area of the county for at least 8 consecutive weeks during the normal grazing period for the specific type of grazing land or pastureland in the county
- 3-month payment, that is a payment equal to 3 times the monthly feed cost as determined according to subparagraph B, the eligible livestock producer **must** own or lease grazing land or pastureland that is physically located in a county that is rated at least a D3 (extreme drought) intensity in any area of the county at any time during the normal grazing period for the specific type of grazing land or pastureland for the county
- 4-month payment, that is a payment equal to 4 times the monthly feed cost as determined under subparagraph B, the eligible livestock producer **must** own or lease grazing land or pastureland that is physically located in a county that is rated a D3 (extreme drought) intensity in any area of the county for at least 4 weeks during the normal grazing period for the specific type of grazing land or pastureland for the county or is rated a D4 (exceptional drought) intensity in any area of the county at any time during the normal grazing period for the specific type of grazing land or pastureland for the county
- 5-month payment, that is a payment equal to 5 times the monthly feed cost as determined under subparagraph B, the eligible livestock producer **must** own or lease grazing land or pastureland that is physically located in a county that is rated a D4 (exceptional drought) intensity in any area of the county for at least 4 weeks during the normal grazing period for the specific type of grazing land or pastureland for the county.



**421 Drought Payment Calculation (Continued)****B LFP Monthly Payment Rate**

The monthly payment rate will be equal to 60 percent of the lesser of either the monthly feed cost:

- for all covered livestock owned or leased by the eligible livestock producer
- calculated by using the normal carrying capacity of the eligible grazing land of the eligible livestock producer.

Total LFP payments to an eligible livestock producer in a calendar year for grazing losses because of qualifying drought will **not** exceed 5 monthly payments for the same livestock; that is, the maximum payment a producer can receive under LFP in a calendar year **cannot** exceed 5 times the same covered livestock's feed cost times 60 percent.

In the case of an eligible livestock producer that sold or otherwise disposed of covered livestock because of drought conditions in 1 or both of the 2 previous production years, the payment rate shall be equal to 80 percent of the monthly payment rate.

## 421 Drought Payment Calculation (Continued)

**C Monthly Feed Cost Payment Rates For Covered Livestock**

The monthly feed cost for covered livestock is based, in part, on the number of pounds of corn equivalent per head, as established by FSA, determined necessary to provide the energy requirements for the specific kind/type of livestock for 30 calendar days.

The following provides the monthly payment rate per head by covered livestock category.

Kind of Livestock	Type	Weight Range	Payment Rate Per Head							
			2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	*--2018
Beef	Adult	Cows and Bulls	\$34.57	\$51.81	\$57.27	\$52.56	\$40.79	\$32.36	\$30.00	\$28.07
	Nonadult	500 pounds or more	\$25.93	\$38.86	\$42.96	\$39.42	\$30.59	\$24.27	\$22.50	\$21.05
Dairy	Adult	Cows and Bulls	\$89.89	\$134.71	\$148.90	\$136.66	\$106.05	\$84.14	\$78.00	\$72.98
	Nonadult	500 pounds or more	\$25.93	\$38.86	\$42.96	\$39.42	\$30.59	\$24.27	\$22.50	\$21.05
*--Beefalo	Adult	Cows and Bulls							\$30.00	\$28.07
	Nonadult	500 pounds or more							\$22.50	\$21.05
Buffalo/ Bison--*	Adult	Cows and Bulls	\$34.57	\$51.81	\$57.27	\$52.56	\$40.79	\$32.36	\$30.00	\$28.07
	Nonadult	500 pounds or more	\$25.93	\$38.86	\$42.96	\$39.42	\$30.59	\$24.27	\$22.50	\$21.05
Sheep	All		\$8.64	\$12.96	\$14.32	\$13.14	\$10.20	\$8.09	\$7.50	\$7.02
Goats	All		\$8.64	\$12.96	\$14.32	\$13.14	\$10.20	\$8.09	\$7.50	\$7.02
Deer	All		\$8.64	\$12.96	\$14.32	\$13.14	\$10.20	\$8.09	\$7.50	\$7.02
Equine	All		\$25.58	\$38.34	\$42.38	\$38.90	\$30.18	\$23.95	\$22.20	\$20.77
Elk		Less than 400 pounds	\$7.61	\$11.40	\$12.60	\$11.58	\$8.98	\$7.12	\$6.60	\$6.18
		400 pounds to 799 pounds	\$14.18	\$21.24	\$23.48	\$21.56	\$16.73	\$13.27	\$12.30	\$11.51
		800 pounds or more	\$18.67	\$27.98	\$30.93	\$28.39	\$22.03	\$17.47	\$16.20	\$15.16
Reindeer		All	\$7.61	\$11.40	\$12.60	\$11.58	\$8.98	\$7.12	\$6.60	\$6.18
Alpacas		All	\$28.48	\$42.68	\$47.18	\$43.30	\$33.60	\$26.65	\$24.71	\$23.12
Emus		All	\$17.69	\$26.52	\$29.31	\$26.90	\$20.87	\$16.56	\$15.36	\$14.37
Llamas		All	\$12.62	\$18.91	\$20.90	\$19.18	\$14.89	\$11.81	\$10.95	\$10.25--*

The monthly feed cost for covered livestock will be calculated by multiplying the monthly payment rate per head, from the table, times the number of eligible covered livestock.

**Example:** Participant A has 100 head of adult beef cattle that suffer a 2012 grazing loss because of a qualifying drought. The monthly feed cost for the 100 head of adult beef cattle equals the monthly payment rate, from the table for adult beef cattle, times 100 head.

100 head adult beef cattle x \$51.81 (monthly payment rate for adult beef cattle) = \$5,181 (monthly feed cost for adult beef cattle).

## 421 Drought Payment Calculation (Continued)

**D Example of Monthly Payment Rate Calculation**

The LFP monthly payment rate for losses because of qualifying drought are calculated at 60 percent of the smaller of step 1 or step 2 below as follows:

**Step 1** The monthly feed cost for all covered livestock calculated by multiplying the monthly feed cost payment rate for each specific kind, type and weight range from the table in subparagraph C, times the number of head of eligible covered livestock for each specific kind/type and weight range of livestock and totaling the result.

**Example:** Participant has 100 head of adult beef cows that suffer a grazing loss during 2012, because of a qualifying drought. The monthly feed cost for the 100 head of adult beef cows equals the monthly payment rate from the table in subparagraph C times the number of head of eligible covered livestock.

100 head adult beef cattle x \$51.81 (monthly payment rate per head) =  
\$5,181 (monthly feed cost payment rate for adult beef cattle).

**Step 2** Monthly feed cost based on normal carrying capacity of the eligible grazing land is calculated by dividing the number of eligible grazing land or pastureland acres of the specific type of grazing land by the normal carrying capacity of the specific type of eligible grazing land or pastureland, times 30 days, times the daily feed cost.

**Example:** 1,000 acres eligible grazing land/5 acres per AU normal carrying capacity x \$1.7270 (daily feed cost) x 30 days = \$10,362 (monthly feed cost using normal carrying capacity).

**421 Drought Payment Calculation (Continued)****D Example of Monthly Payment Rate Calculation (Continued)**

The LFP monthly payment rate is 60 percent of the smaller of step 1, monthly feed cost for covered livestock or step 2, monthly feed cost using normal carrying capacity. In this example, the monthly feed cost for covered livestock in step 1 is smaller. The livestock producer's monthly payment rate is calculated as follows.

$\$5,181 \times .60 = \$3,109$  (monthly payment rate for LFP grazing loss)

An eligible producer can only receive a maximum of 5 monthly payments for the same covered livestock during the calendar year regardless of how many different drought intensity ratings the county receives; that is, the maximum payment a producer can receive under LFP in a calendar year cannot exceed 5 times the same covered livestock's feed cost times 60 percent.

**Example:** Producer A owns 100 head of adult beef cows. The maximum payment amount Producer A can receive under LFP during the calendar year for the 100 head of adult beef is:

Livestock Monthly Feed Cost for the 100 Head of Adult Beef Cows  $\times 5 \times 60\%$ .

## 421 Drought Payment Calculations (Continued)

**\*--E Limiting LFP Payments for the Same Covered Livestock Grazing in Multiple Counties**

7 CFR 1416.207(g) and subparagraph C provide that total LFP payments to an eligible livestock producer in a calendar year for grazing losses because of a qualifying drought must **not** exceed 5 monthly payments for the same livestock.

Subparagraph C provides that an eligible producer can only receive a maximum of 5 monthly payments for the same covered livestock during the calendar year **regardless** of how many different drought intensity ratings the county receives or how many different counties a livestock producer may operate in or conduct operations. The maximum payment an eligible livestock producer can receive under LFP in a calendar year **cannot** exceed 5 times the same producer's covered livestock's feed cost times 60 percent.

Situations exist where a livestock producer's **same** covered livestock graze eligible grazing land during the normal grazing period in more than 1 county at different times during the year. While the **same** covered livestock were grazing specific grazing land in each county during the normal grazing period, each county qualified for LFP because of drought. In this situation, the livestock producer may qualify for LFP payments on specific eligible livestock in 1 or more of the counties; however, the maximum payment the producer can receive in **all** counties combined under LFP in a calendar year for the **same** covered livestock **cannot** exceed 5 monthly payments.

Current LFP payment software allows for processing LFP payments by administrative county, by physical location. LFP payment software does **not** have the capability of identifying particular and/or specific animals. In a situation where the eligible livestock producer files CCC-853 because of drought in more than 1 qualifying county for the **same** covered livestock, the LFP payment software will **not** limit an eligible livestock producer's payments to 5 monthly payments. County Offices **must** manually make adjustments.--\*

## 421 Drought Payment Calculations (Continued)

**F Adjusting LFP Payments for Same Covered Livestock Grazing in Multiple Counties**

County Offices **must** make manual adjustments to LFP payment for same covered livestock grazing in multiple counties amounts, according to this paragraph, to ensure that an eligible livestock producer's payments for specific eligible livestock do **not** exceed 5 monthly payments in any calendar year.

Step	Action
1	The administrative County Office, <b>before</b> issuing payment, <b>must</b> print ECPR and Payment History Report – Summary for all counties in which the eligible livestock producer has an interest. ECPR and Payment History Report – Summary shall be printed for <b>all</b> counties the producer is linked to SCIMS.
2	<p>Using the Payment History Report – Summary, determine the total number of monthly LFP payments the eligible livestock producer was paid or will be paid in the other counties for the producer's <b>same</b> livestock kind, type, and weight range of covered livestock that have grazed in more than 1 county at different times during the year for which the eligible livestock producer filed CCC-853.</p> <p><b>Example:</b> Jim Black's 100 head of adult beef cows grazed native pasture during *--the normal grazing period in Colusa County from January 1 through March 15, 2013. Colusa County was rated D3 on March 1, 2013.--* ECPR, Part E shows a drought intensity factor of 3 for native pasture. A drought intensity factor of 3 was used in calculating the total net calculated payment amount of \$10,308 for the 100 head of adult beef cows.</p> <p>Jim Black received 3 monthly payments in the amount of \$10,308 for the 100 head of adult beef cows on native pasture in Colusa County.</p>

## 421 Drought Payment Calculations (Continued)

**F Adjusting LFP Payments for Same Covered Livestock Grazing in Multiple Counties (Continued)**

Step	Action
3	<p>Use ECPR, Part E to determine the number of LFP monthly payments, by pasture type, used to calculate the total net calculated payment amount for the <b>same</b> specific livestock by kind, type, and weight range of a producer's covered livestock that:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• grazed in more than 1 county at different times during the year for which the eligible livestock producer filed CCC-853</li> <li>• received LFP payments because of drought in other counties.</li> </ul> <p><b>Example:</b> Jim Black grazed 100 head of adult beef cows on native pasture in Moduc County during the normal grazing period from March 16 through September 30, 2013. The <b>same</b> 100 head of adult beef cows grazed in Colusa County from January 1 through March 15, 2013, for which the eligible livestock producer was paid 3 monthly payments. Moduc County was rated D3 for 1 day on April 15, 2012.</p> <p>ECPR, Part E shows a drought intensity factor of 3 for native pasture in Moduc County. Three monthly payments will be used to calculate Jim Black's total net calculated payment amount for the 100 head of adult beef cows on native pasture in Moduc County.</p>
4	<p>Determine the number of monthly payments remaining to be issued by subtracting the number of monthly payments issued for the producer's <b>same</b> covered livestock by kind, type, and weight range in all other counties in step 2 from 5 monthly payments. If negative, consider the result zero.</p> <p><b>Example:</b> Jim Black received 3 monthly payments on 100 head of adult beef cows grazing native pasture in Colusa County totaling \$10,308. He filed CCC-853 in Moduc County for the <b>same</b> 100 head of adult beef cows that grazed native pasture in Moduc County at a different time during the year. He is <b>only</b> eligible to receive 2-monthly payments on the <b>same</b> 100 head of adult beef cows in Moduc County.</p> <p>*--5 monthly payments - 3 monthly payments issued (Colusa County) = 2 monthly payment remaining to be issued (Moduc County).--*</p>

## 421 Drought Payment Calculations (Continued)

**F Adjusting LFP Payments for Same Covered Livestock Grazing in Multiple Counties (Continued)**

Step	Action
5	<p>Compare the number of monthly payments remaining to be issued to the producer for the <b>same</b> covered livestock by kind, type, and weight range in step 4 to the number of monthly payments calculated to be issued for the <b>same</b> covered livestock by kind, type, and weight range in step 3. If the number of monthly payments remaining to be issued in step 4 is:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• equal to the number of monthly payments calculated to be issued in step 3, <b>no</b> adjustment needs to be made to the number of monthly LFP payments to be issued for the <b>same</b> covered livestock by kind, type, and weight range that received payment in other counties (<b>go to step 7</b>)</li> </ul> <p><b>Example:</b> Sam Sneed's 100 head of adult beef cows grazed on native pasture in Baylor County during the normal grazing period from April 16 through September 15, 2013. Baylor County was rated D2 drought intensity on July 15, 2013, for 8 weeks. The producer's <b>same</b> 100 head of adult beef cows grazed in Knox County from January 1 through April 15, 2013, in which Sam Sneed was paid 4 monthly payments.</p> <p>ECPR, Part E shows that Baylor County, for Sam Sneed, used a drought intensity factor of 1 to calculate the total net calculated payment amount on the 100 head of adult beef cows.</p> <p>5 monthly payments - 4 monthly payment issued (Knox County) = 1 monthly payment remaining.</p> <p>When comparing the 1 monthly payment remaining to be issued to the 1-monthly payment calculated to be paid on the 100 head of adult beef cows in Baylor County for Sam Sneed, they are <b>equal</b>. Therefore, <b>no</b> adjustment needs to be made in the number of monthly payments to be made for the producer's 100 head of adult beef cows in Baylor County.--*</p>

## 421 Drought Payment Calculations (Continued)

**F Adjusting LFP Payments for Same Covered Livestock Grazing in Multiple Counties (Continued)**

Step	Action
5 (Cntd)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>less than the number of monthly payments calculated to be issued in step 3, but <b>greater than zero</b>, subtract step 4 from step 3 to determine the number of months the eligible livestock producer's calculated payment amount needs to be adjusted for the producer's <b>same</b> covered livestock by kind, type, and weight range that received payment in other administrative counties (<b>go to step 6</b>)</li> </ul> <p><b>Example:</b> Sarah Smith's 100 head of adult beef cows grazed on native pasture in Floyd County during the normal grazing period from April 16 through July 15, 2013. Floyd County was rated D3 drought intensity for 1 day on June 15, 2013. The <b>same</b> 100 head of adult beef cows grazed in Hale County from January 1 through April 15, 2013, for *--which Sarah Smith was paid 4 monthly payments.</p> <p>ECPR, Part E shows that Floyd County, for Sarah Smith, used a drought intensity factor of 3 to calculate the total net calculated payment amount on the 100 head of adult beef cows.</p> <p>5 monthly payments – 4 monthly payments issued (Hale County) = 1 monthly payment remaining.</p> <p>When comparing the 1 monthly payment remaining to be paid to the 3 monthly payments calculated to be paid on the 100 head of adult beef cows in Floyd County for Sarah Smith, the calculated payment amount will need to be adjusted for the producer's 100 adult beef cows by 3 monthly payments.</p> <p>3 monthly payment calculated payment amounts – 1 monthly payments remaining to be issued = 2 monthly payment (number of months LFP calculated payment amount on the producer's 100 adult beef cows in Floyd County needs to be adjusted).--*</p>

## 421 Drought Payment Calculations (Continued)

**F Adjusting LFP Payments for Same Covered Livestock Grazing in Multiple Counties (Continued)**

Step	Action
5 (Cntd)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>equal to zero, the number of months the eligible livestock producer's calculated payment amount needs to be adjusted for the producer's <b>same</b> covered livestock by kind, type, and weight range that received payment in other counties is <b>equal</b> to the number of months used to calculate the total net calculated payment amount for the <b>same</b> covered livestock by kind, type, and weight range in step 3 (go to step 6).</li> </ul> <p><b>Example:</b> Bobby Gentry's 600 head of adult beef cows grazed on native pasture in Knox County during the normal grazing period from  *--June 2 through August 13, 2013. Knox County was rated D3 drought intensity for 1 day on June 15, 2013. Of the 600 head of adult beef cows, 100 head of the producer's <b>same</b> adult beef cows grazed in Haskell County from January 1 through May 31, 2013,--* for which Bobby Gentry was paid 5 monthly payments.</p> <p>When comparing the zero monthly payments remaining to the 3 monthly payments calculated to be paid on the 100 head of adult beef cows previously paid in Haskell County, the eligible livestock producer's calculated payment amount <b>must</b> be adjusted for the  *--producer's 100 head of adult beef cows by 3 monthly payments.--*</p>

## 421 Drought Payment Calculations (Continued)

## F Adjusting LFP Payments for Same Covered Livestock Grazing in Multiple Counties (Continued)

Step	Action
6	<p>To adjust an eligible livestock producer's LFP payment for the <b>same</b> covered livestock by kind, type, and weight range when the total net calculated monthly payment rate is based on:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>livestock monthly feed cost</b>, multiply the result of step 5 times the number of <b>same</b> covered livestock by kind, type, and weight range for which payments are to be adjusted times the payment rate per head times the producer's share times 60 percent to obtain the <b>LFP payment adjustment amount</b></li> </ul> <p><b>Note:</b> Manually enter the LFP payment adjustment amount on CCC-853, item 41. Load the LFP payment adjustment amount, according to paragraph 512, in the web-based software in the Producer Summary Screen, "Other Compensation" field. <b>Go to step 7.</b></p> <p><b>Example</b> Jim Black received 3-monthly payments on 100 head of adult beef cows grazing native pasture in Knox County in 2013 totaling \$10,308. His payment was based on <b>livestock monthly feed cost</b>. He filed a 2013 CCC-853 in Baylor County for 605 adult beef cows that are grazing native pasture at a different time during the year. 100 head of the 605 adult beef cows grazing in Baylor County earned 3 monthly payments in Knox County. Baylor County was rated D3 drought intensity for 1 day during the normal grazing period for native pasture. ECPR, Part E for Jim Black in Baylor County displays a total net calculated 3 monthly payments amount for the 605 head of adult beef cows of \$62,367. The total net calculated payment amount is based on <b>livestock monthly feed costs</b>.</p> <p>Jim Black's LFP payment in Baylor County <b>must</b> be adjusted for the 100 head of adult beef cows by an amount equal to 1 monthly payment, because the producer's <b>same</b> covered livestock received 3 monthly payments in Knox County as follows:</p> <p>3 monthly payments calculated to be issued for 100 head of adult beef cows – 2 monthly payments remaining to be issued for 100 head of adult beef cows times 100 head of adult beef cows times \$57.27 per head payment rate times 100 percent producer share times 60 percent = *--\$3,436 (LFP payment adjustment amount). \$3,436 shall be manually entered in CCC-853, item 41 and loaded in the web-based software on the Producer Summary Screen in the "Other Compensation" field for Jim Black's 2013 LFP application in Baylor County. \$62,367 - \$3,436 <b>LFP payment adjustment amount</b> = \$58,931 LFP payment to be issued in Baylor County.--*</p>

## 421 Drought Payment Calculations (Continued)

**F Adjusting LFP Payments for Same Covered Livestock Grazing in Multiple Counties (Continued)**

Step	Action
6 (Cntd)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>carrying capacity monthly feed cost</b>, multiply the result of step 5 times the result of dividing the total carrying capacity feed cost by the total livestock feed cost and multiply the number of <b>same</b> livestock by kind, type, and weight range for which payments are to be adjusted times the payment rate per head times the producer's share times 60 percent to obtain the LFP payment adjustment amount.</li> </ul> <p><b>Notes:</b> Manually enter the LFP payment adjustment amount on CCC-853, item 41. Load the LFP payment adjustment amount according to paragraph 512 in the web-based software on the Producer Summary Screen in the "Other Compensation" field. <b>Go to step 7.</b></p> <p>Additional instructions are forthcoming on how to handle CCC-853's for 2011 losses occurring October 1 through December 31, 2011.</p> <p><b>Example:</b> Tom Flores received 4-monthly payments on 100 head of adult beef cows grazing native pasture in Bernalillo County in 2013 totaling \$13,745. His payment was based on <b>livestock monthly feed costs</b>.</p> <p>Tom Flores filed a 2013 CCC-853 because of drought in Sandoval County for 100 adult beef cows, 20 head of nonadult beef calves over 500 pounds, and 2 head of horses grazing on native pasture at a different time during the year. The 100 head of adult beef cows  *--earned 4-monthly payments in Bernalillo County. Sandoval--* County was rated D3 drought intensity for 1 day during the normal grazing period for native pasture. ECPR, Part E for Tom Flores in Sandoval County displays a total net calculated 3 monthly payments amount of \$9,000, based on <b>carrying capacity feed costs</b> for the producer's 100 head of the adult beef cows, 20 head of nonadult beef calves, and 2 head of horses.</p>

## 421 Drought Payment Calculations (Continued)

**F Adjusting LFP Payments for Same Covered Livestock Grazing in Multiple Counties (Continued)**

Step	Action
6 (Cntd)	<p>Tom Flores' LFP payment in Sandoval County <b>must</b> be adjusted for the producer's 100 head of adult beef cows by an amount equal to 2 monthly payments, because the producer's <b>same</b> covered livestock have already received 4 monthly payments in Bernalillo County, as follows:</p> <p>3 monthly payments calculated to be issued for the producer's 100 head of adult beef cows in Sandavol County – 1 monthly payment remaining to be issued in Sandoval County for the producer's 100 head of adult beef cows times \$9,000 carrying capacity feed cost divided by \$12,008 livestock monthly feed cost (rounded to 4 decimal places) times 100 head of adult beef cows times \$57.27 per head payment rate times 100 percent producer share times 60 percent times 2 = \$5,150 (<b>LFP payment adjustment amount</b>).</p> <p>\$5,150 shall be manually entered in CCC-853, item 41 and loaded in the web-based software in the Producer Summary Screen, "Other Compensation" field for Tom Flores' 2013 LFP application in Sandoval County.</p> <p>\$9,000 - \$5,150 <b>LFP payment adjustment amount</b> = \$3,850 LFP payment to be issued in Sandoval County.</p>
7	<p>Print CCC-853 and have the producer review the document for accuracy, sign, and date. Enter producer's signature date in CCC-853 software according to paragraph 512. LFP payment software will automatically process the payment.</p> <p>* * *</p>

## 421 Drought Payment Calculations (Continued)

**G Limiting LFP Payments for Covered Livestock Grazing Multiple Pasture Types**

7 CFR Part 1416.207(g) provides that an eligible livestock producer **cannot** receive more than a 5-months payment for the same covered livestock during the calendar year, regardless of the number of drought intensity ratings the county receives; that is, the maximum payment an eligible livestock producer may receive under LFP in a calendar year **cannot** exceed 60 percent of 5 times the same covered livestock's monthly feed costs.

LFP software does **not** have the capability to determine when the same covered livestock are grazing multiple pasture types. As a result, it is possible that the same covered livestock that are grazing multiple pasture types could receive more than the maximum of 5 monthly payments, resulting in a producer being overpaid.

Accordingly, County Offices shall provide guidance to livestock producers to distribute eligible livestock on CCC-853, as follows:

- at the time the participant files CCC-853
- \*--between the multiple grazing land and/or pastureland types according to subparagraph H--\*
- to ensure that an eligible livestock producer's payments for specific eligible livestock that are grazing multiple pasture types are **not** overpaid and do **not** receive more than 5 monthly payments.

\*--When either of the following occurs, livestock producers are required to distribute eligible livestock between multiple pastures according to subparagraph H:

- no fence exists between the 2 eligible pasture types being grazed simultaneously by the same covered livestock
- the 2 eligible pasture types being grazed simultaneously by the same covered livestock have similar grazing periods.

**Exception:** Subparagraph H is not applicable according to subparagraph I and the participant is not required to redistribute the same covered livestock on CCC-853, if the County Office determines that the total value of the carry capacity monthly feed costs for the multiple pasture types being grazed in the Estimated Calculated Payment Report, Part C is less than the total value of the livestock monthly feed cost associated to the multiple grazing land and/or pasture types being grazed in the Estimated Payment Report, Parts A and B for the multiple grazing land and/or pastureland types being grazed by the same covered livestock.--\*

## 421 Drought Payment Calculations (Continued)

**\*--H Distributing Eligible Livestock on CCC-853 When Covered Livestock Are Grazing Multiple Pasture Types**

The following table provides instructions to County Offices for distributing eligible livestock between the multiple grazing land and pastureland types, being grazed by the same covered livestock on CCC-853, at the time the participant files CCC-853.

Step	Action
1	<p>When the eligible livestock producer indicates on CCC-853, Part D, item 21 that the same covered livestock are grazing multiple pasture types listed in item 22, County Offices shall encourage eligible livestock producers to distribute eligible livestock between the multiple pasture types so that the maximum AU's that the specific pasture type can sustain is <b>not</b> exceeded.</p> <p>County Offices shall determine the maximum AU's that each pasture type can sustain by dividing the acres being grazed in item 23 of that pasture type by the carrying capacity in item 24 for that pasture type.</p> <p><b>Example:</b> Alfred Register's 300 head of adult beef cows are grazing 2,739.8 acres of native pasture with a carrying capacity of 10.0 acres per AU, and 863.2 acres of full season improved pasture with a carrying capacity of 5.0 acres per AU (<b>no fence</b> exists between the 2 pasture types). To determine the maximum AU's that each pasture type can sustain, the County Office performs the following calculations for Mr. Register:</p> $2,739.8 \text{ acres native pasture} \div 10.0 \text{ acres per AU} = 273.98 = 273 \text{ maximum AU's native pasture can sustain.}$ $863.2 \text{ acres full season improved pasture} \div 5.0 \text{ acres per AU} = 172.64 = 172 \text{ maximum AU's full season improved pasture can sustain.}$ <p>Based on these calculations, Mr. Register's 2,739.8 acres of native pasture can sustain 273 AU's and his full season improved pasture can sustain 172 AU's. The multiple pasture types can sustain a total of 445 AU's. Mr. Register has 300 head of adult beef cows and has no current year mitigated livestock. Mr. Register is considered understocked and <b>must distribute the same covered livestock between the multiple pasture types</b>. Estimated Calculated Payment Report, Part C would not be less than Parts A and B for the multiple pastures being grazed by the same covered livestock.</p>

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## 421 Drought Payment Calculations (Continued)

**\*--H Distributing Eligible Livestock on CCC-853 When Covered Livestock Are Grazing Multiple Pasture Types (Continued)**

Step	Action																		
2	<p>After the County Office calculates the maximum AU's that each specific pasture type can sustain, then the livestock producer will select the number of head of animals to distribute between each specific pasture type, ensuring that the number distributed does <b>not</b> exceed the number that each pasture type can sustain.</p> <p><b>Example:</b> In step 1, it was determined that Alfred Register's 2,739.8 acres of native pasture, with a carrying capacity of 10 acres per AU, could sustain 273 maximum AU's, and his 863.2 acres of full season improved pasture, with a carrying capacity of 5 acres per AU, could sustain 172 maximum AU's. Mr. Register decided to distribute 170 adult beef cows to the native pasture acreage of 2,739.8 acres, and the remaining 130 adult beef cows to the 863.2 acres of full season improved pasture grazing land.</p> <p><b>Note:</b> County Offices can use CCC-853-1 to assist producers in determining the most beneficial payment, as long as the producer does <b>not</b> distribute more than the maximum number of AU's between each of the specific pasture types.</p> <p><b>Example:</b> Mr. Register, in this example, could <b>not</b> distribute more than 273 adult beef cattle to the native pasture and 28 adult beef cattle to the full season improved pasture, or more than 172 adult beef cattle to the full season improved pasture, and 128 adult beef cattle to the native pasture.</p>																		
3	<p>After the producer has selected the number of head of livestock to distribute between each specific pasture type, the livestock producer will complete CCC-853, by selecting the number of head of livestock to be entered in items 14, 15, and 16 that will be associated with each livestock kind, type, and weight entered in item 13. The automated system will match the specific pasture type in item 22 with the livestock number in item 21. The livestock number or numbers from item 12 are used for livestock distributed for the specific type of pasture.</p> <p><b>Example:</b></p> <table><tr><th><u>Item 12</u></th><th><u>Item 13</u></th><th><u>Item 14</u></th><th><u>Item 21</u></th><th><u>Item 22</u></th><th><u>Item 23</u></th></tr><tr><td>1</td><td>Adult Beef Cows</td><td>170</td><td>1</td><td>Native Pasture</td><td>2,739.8</td></tr><tr><td>2</td><td>Adult Beef Cows</td><td>130</td><td>2</td><td>Full Season Improved Pasture</td><td>863.2</td></tr></table>	<u>Item 12</u>	<u>Item 13</u>	<u>Item 14</u>	<u>Item 21</u>	<u>Item 22</u>	<u>Item 23</u>	1	Adult Beef Cows	170	1	Native Pasture	2,739.8	2	Adult Beef Cows	130	2	Full Season Improved Pasture	863.2
<u>Item 12</u>	<u>Item 13</u>	<u>Item 14</u>	<u>Item 21</u>	<u>Item 22</u>	<u>Item 23</u>														
1	Adult Beef Cows	170	1	Native Pasture	2,739.8														
2	Adult Beef Cows	130	2	Full Season Improved Pasture	863.2														
4	Livestock producer completes CCC-853 remaining sections according to paragraph 442.																		

--\*

## 421 Drought Payment Calculations (Continued)

**\*--I Situations Where the Participant is Not Required to Distribute Livestock on CCC-853 When Covered Livestock Are Grazing Multiple Pasture Types**

The following is an example of when the participant is **not** required to distribute livestock on CCC-853.

**Example:** Jim Black's 42 head of adult beef cows and 103 head of nonadult beef cattle weighing 500 pounds or more are grazing 47.9 acres of native pasture with a carrying capacity of 20.4 acres per AU and 259.54 acres of full season improved pasture with a carrying capacity of 4.1 acres per AU (**no fence** exists between the 2 pasture types). Based on the calculations completed in subparagraph 2 B, step 1, Mr. Black's 47.9 acres of native pasture can sustain 2 AU's and the 259.54 acres of full season improved pasture can sustain 63 AU's. Mr. Black is considered overstocked and the total value in Estimated Calculated Payment Report, Part C is less than Parts A and B. Mr. Black is **not** required to distribute livestock on CCC-853 in this example.

Example Estimated Calculated Payment Report						
Part A - Livestock Information - Drought - Current Year Inventory and Current Year Mitigated						
Livestock Number	Livestock Kind Type and Weight Range	Current Year Inventory	Current Year Mitigated	Number of Livestock	Share	Livestock Monthly Feed Cost
1	Beef Adult Cows and Bulls	42	0	42	100.00 %	\$1,713
2	Beef Non-adult 500 pounds or more	103	0	103	100.00 %	\$3,151
Total Livestock Monthly Feed Cost - Current Year						\$4,864
Part B - Livestock Information - Drought - Mitigated Livestock From Prior Years						
Livestock Number	Livestock Kind Type and Weight Range	Number of Livestock	Share	Payment Rate	Mitigated Partial Compensation Factor	Livestock Monthly Feed Cost
1	Beef Adult Cows and Bulls	0	100.00 %	\$40.79	80%	\$0
2	Beef Non-adult 500 pounds or more	0	100.00 %	\$30.59	80%	\$0
Total Livestock Monthly Feed Cost - Prior Year Mitigated Livestock						\$0
Part C - Forage Information - Drought - Owned or Cash Leased Land						
Livestock Number	Pasture Type	Acres	Carrying Capacity	Maximum AU's	Monthly Value of Forage	Carrying Capacity Monthly Feed Cost
1, 2	Full Season Improved Pasture	259.54	4.1	63.30	\$40.79	\$2,582
1, 2	Native Pasture	47.9	20.4	2.35	\$40.79	\$96
<p>The total value of the carrying capacity monthly feed cost in the Estimated Calculated Payment Report, Part C for the native pasture and full season improved pasture being grazed is \$2,678 (\$96 native pasture feed cost + \$2,582 full season improved pasture feed cost), which is less than the \$4,864 livestock monthly feed cost (\$4,864 Part A + \$0 Part B) for the eligible livestock grazing the native and full season improved pastures; therefore, the livestock producer is <b>not</b> required to redistribute livestock between the 2 pasture types.</p>						

--\*



## 422 Drought Fire Payment Calculation

**A Payment Calculation Under Fire**

An eligible livestock producer will be eligible to receive compensation for grazing losses because of fire on Federally managed lands. The payment begins on the first day the permitted livestock are prohibited from grazing the eligible rangeland and ending on the earlier of the last day of the Federal lease of the eligible livestock producer or the day that would make the period a 180 calendar day period. The payment rate is 50 percent of the monthly feed cost for the number of days the producer is prohibited from grazing the managed rangeland because of a qualifying fire, **not** to exceed 180 calendar days.

A producer's payment for losses suffered because of a qualifying fire on Federally managed rangeland for which the producer is prohibited from grazing the normal permitted livestock is calculated according to the following.

Step	Action
1	<p>Calculate the total maximum payment according to the following for a 2012 loss.</p> <p>Permitted AU's x normal permitted grazing days (<b>not</b> to exceed 180 calendar days) x daily AUD payment rate x 50 percent (statutory factor) = maximum payment amount.</p> <p><b>Example:</b> 100 (permitted AU's) x 180 calendar days (normal permitted grazing days) x \$1.7270 (daily AUD rate) x 50 percent = \$15,543 (maximum payment amount)</p>
2	<p>Calculate the value of the reduced grazing (reduced AU's and grazing days) because of the fire according to the following.</p> <p>Reduced AU's x Reduced Grazing Days x daily AUD payment rate x 50 percent = value of reduction because of fire.</p> <p><b>Example:</b> 75 (reduced AU's) x 110 (reduced grazing days) x \$1.7270 (daily AUD rate) = x 50 percent = \$7,124.</p>
3	<p>Issue payment to producer based on the smaller of step 1 or step 2.</p> <p><b>Example:</b> Smaller of step 1 or step 2 is step 2; therefore, the producers calculated payment, because of a qualifying fire is \$7,124.</p> <p><b>Note:</b> The payment the producer receives <b>cannot</b> exceed the maximum payment amount.</p>

**423 General Payment Information****A Assignments and Offsets**

\*--For LFP, County Offices will:

- accept assignments according to 63-FI
- apply offsets according to 58-FI.

**B Issuing Payments to Deceased Individuals, Closed Estates, and Dissolved Entities**

LFP payments for CCC-853's involving deceased individuals, closed estates, or dissolved entities shall be made according to the following, provided all other eligibility requirements are met.

\*--

<b>IF the participant is an...</b>	<b>AND CCC-853 is signed by an authorized representative of the...</b>	<b>THEN payments will be issued...</b>
individual who died before CCC-853 was filed	deceased according to 1-CM	to any of the following, as applicable, using TIN of the participant: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• the deceased individual</li> <li>• the individual's estate</li> <li>• the heirs, based on OGC determination, according to 1-CM, Part 26.</li> </ul>
estate that closed before CCC-853 was filed	estate according to 1-CM	
entity that dissolved before CCC-853 was filed	dissolved entity according to 1-CM	using the ID number of the participant.
individual who dies, is declared incompetent, or is missing after filing CCC-853		to eligible payees executing FSA-325 according to 1-CM, paragraph 779.

**Note:** FSA-325 is only used when there is a request that a payment earned by a deceased,--\* missing, or incompetent program participant be issued in a name other than that of the deceased, missing, or incompetent program participant.

**423 General Payment Information (Continued)****C Subsequent Years Payment Eligibility Requirements**

A participant **must** meet all the following for 2011 and subsequent calendar year losses before a payment shall be issued:

- current CCC-902 on file for the participant on CCC-853
- CCC-901 on file for legal entities according to 5-PL
- AD-1026 on file according to 6-CP
- **not** be in violation of fraud provisions, including FCIC fraud provisions, according to 1-CM and 3-PL (Rev. 1)
- compliance with:
  - average AGI provisions according to 5-PL
  - controlled substance provisions according to 1-CM.

**Note:** See:

- \*--subparagraphs 400 F and G for more information about CCC-901 and CCC-902
- subparagraph D for more information about AD-1026.

County Offices will record determinations for the applicable criteria in the web-based eligibility system according to 5-PL.--\*

**423 General Payment Information (Continued)****D Conservation Compliance Provisions**

AD-1026 applicable to the year for which LFP benefits are requested **must** be on file for the participant according to 6-CP.

If AD-1026 applicable for the year for which LFP benefits are requested is:

- already on file for the participant, and affiliates, if applicable, it is **not** necessary to obtain a new AD-1026 for LFP
- **--not** on file for the participant, and affiliates, if applicable, County Office will obtain a **--** completed AD-1026 applicable to the year for which LFP benefits are requested.

If a new AD-1026 is required to be filed, payments may be issued to eligible participants upon signing in AD-1026, item 12. It is **not** necessary to withhold payments pending NRCS HEL or WC determinations. The continuous certification statement on AD-1026 requires participants to refund program payments if an NRCS determination results in the discovery of a HELC/WC violation.

**E Prevention of Improper Payments**

IPIA requires Federal agencies to evaluate programs to determine whether internal controls **--**are sufficient to prevent improper payments. County Offices must take all steps necessary **--** to ensure that program and payment eligibility requirements have been met before issuing any payments.

**F Definition of Improper Payment**

Improper payment, as defined by OMB, means any payment that should **not** have been issued or was issued in an incorrect amount under statutory, contractual, administrative, or other legally applicable requirement.

**424-439 (Reserved)**

## Section 4 Applying for Benefits

## 440 Applying for Benefits

## A CCC-853 Process

To apply for LFP, the participant that suffered eligible grazing losses because of a qualifying drought or fire:

- **after** September 30, 2011, and **before** January 1, 2015, **must** submit a completed CCC-853 and required supporting documentation to **their administrative County Office no later than** January 30, 2015
- during 2015 and later calendar years, **must** submit a completed application for payment and required supporting documentation to the administrative County Office no later than 30 calendar days after the end of the calendar year in which the grazing loss occurred.

**Note:** If the 30<sup>th</sup> calendar day after the end of the calendar year in which the grazing loss occurred falls on a day the County Office is not open for business during normal work hours, then a completed CCC-853 and required supporting documentation must be submitted to the administrative County Office no later than the next workday.

\* \* \*

Producers who suffer grazing losses because of additional grazing types being affected by drought or fire during the calendar year may file multiple CCC-853's for payment. Other documentation is required for a complete CCC-853.

Complete CCC-853 in the web-based software according to Part 7.

\* \* \*

**\*--State and County Offices must not develop, design, or use any forms, worksheets,--\* applications, or other documents to obtain or collect the data required from participants to complete CCC-853.**

CCC-853's for LFP will be based on the following:

- administrative county (physical location county)
- calendar year
- participant.

## 440 Applying for Benefits (Continued)

### A CCC-853 Process (Continued)

If at any point the administrative county (physical location county), calendar year, or participant is different, a separate CCC-853 **must** be filed.

**\*--CCC-853's must be filed by eligible livestock producers in their administrative County--\***  
**Office.** The administrative County Office is the County Office designated by FSA to:

- handle official records
- issue payment to eligible livestock producers
- make determinations.

An eligible livestock producer's administrative County Office is generally the County Office where the eligible livestock producer's farm records are maintained. FSA does have provisions in 2-CM and 3-CM that will allow farms to be transferred to other counties; therefore, some farms may be administratively located in a county where the farm is **not** physically located.

LFP applications will be filed in the participant's administrative county by physical county location.

When a participant has a percentage share interest in a livestock operation with an associated participant that is physically located in the same county in the same calendar year, the total **\*--eligible livestock for each participant must be listed on separate CCC-853's based on each--\*** participant's share in the livestock operation

**Example:** Jane Jones has livestock interests in Castro County in calendar year 2012, and certified grazing losses because of a qualifying drought. Jane Jones is a 50-50 share owner with Bill Green of 100 adult beef cows in Castro County. Jane Jones and Bill Green, as individuals, each have a 50 percent interest in 100 head of beef cattle.

The following two CCC-853's would be filed in Castro County, Texas for calendar year 2012, assuming all participants file CCC-853 for the eligible livestock, and none of the participants have any other livestock interests.

- One CCC-853 for Jane Jones that includes 100 head of beef cows from the operation shared with Bill Green with a share of 50 percent.
- One CCC-853 for Bill Green for 100 head of beef cattle from the operation he shares with Jane Jones with a share of 50 percent.

**440 Applying for Benefits (Continued)****A CCC-853 Process (Continued)**

When, in the same calendar year, a participant has a percentage share interest with different associated producers in multiple livestock operations that are physically located in the same \*--county, the eligible livestock for each participant must be listed separately on CCC-853's--\* based on each participant's share.

**Example:** Sammy Smith has the following livestock interests in Motley County, Texas and suffered grazing losses for calendar year 2012.

- 50-50 owner share of an eligible beef cow herd with Bill Brown. Sammy Smith and Bill Brown, as individuals, each have a 50 percent interest in 100 head of beef cows
- 75-25 owner share of a beef cow herd with Martha Green. Sammy Smith and Martha Green jointly own the beef cows as individuals on 75-25 percent share interest in 200 head of beef cows
- 25-50-25 owner share of a beef cow herd with Bob Black and Mike White. Sammy Smith, Bob Black, and Mike White have a 25-50-25 percent interest, respectively, in 300 head of beef cows.

**440 Applying for Benefits (Continued)****A CCC-853 Process (Continued)**

The following five CCC-853's would be filed in Motley County, Texas, the administrative county for calendar year 2012, assuming all participants file CCC-853 for the eligible livestock, and none of the participants have any other livestock interests.

- one CCC-853 for Sammy Smith that includes **all** of the following:
  - 100 eligible adult beef cows from the operation he shares with Bill Brown with a share of 50 percent
  - 200 eligible adult beef cows from the operation he shares with Martha Green with a share of 75 percent
  - 300 eligible adult beef cows from the operation he shares with Bob Black and Mike White with a share of 25 percent.
- One CCC-853 for Bill Brown that includes 100 eligible adult beef cows from the operation he shares with Sammy Smith with a share of 50 percent.
- One CCC-853 for Martha Green that includes 200 eligible adult beef cows from the operation she shares with Sammy Smith with a share of 25 percent.
- One CCC-853 for Bob Black that includes 300 eligible adult beef cows from the operation he shares with Sammy Smith and Mike White with a 50 percent share.
- One CCC-853 for Mike White that includes 300 eligible adult beef cows from the operation he shares with Sammy Smith and Bob Black with a 25 percent share.

## 440 Applying for Benefits (Continued)

### B Signing and Certifying CCC-853

When signing CCC-853, item 42A, the participant is:

- applying for LFP benefits for the participant listed on CCC-853, item 6
- certifying **all** of the following:
  - information provided on CCC-853 is true and correct
  - livestock claimed on CCC-853 are eligible livestock according to subparagraph 411 E
  - all supporting documentation provided are true and correct copies of the transaction reported
  - that an eligible grazing loss occurred because of a qualifying drought or fire on Federally managed grazing land for which the producer was prohibited from grazing the normal permitted livestock on the Federally managed rangeland
  - physical location and date of qualifying fire condition, if applicable
  - the physical location of the:
    - claimed livestock on the beginning date of the qualifying grazing loss condition
    - participant's current livestock inventory
  - the names of all other producers that have an interest in the claimed livestock, including their share
- authorizing FSA officials to:
  - enter upon, inspect, and verify all applicable livestock and acreage in which the participant has an interest for the purpose of confirming the accuracy of the information provided
  - review, verify, and authenticate all information provided on CCC-853 and supporting documents
  - contact other agencies, organizations, or facilities to verify data provided by an participant from such agencies, organizations, or facilities

## 440 Applying for Benefits (Continued)

**B Signing and Certifying CCC-853 (Continued)**

- acknowledging that:
  - failure to provide information requested by FSA is cause for disapproval of CCC-853
  - providing a false certification to FSA is cause for disapproval of CCC-853, and is punishable by imprisonment, fines, and other penalties.

**Note:** Participants who receive assistance **must** keep records and supporting documentation for 3 years following the end of the year in which CCC-853 for payment was filed.

**C Signature Requirements**

All participants' signatures **must** be received by no later than:

- January 30, 2015, applications for payment for grazing losses that occurred **after** September 30, 2011, and **before** January 1, 2015
- 30 calendar days after the end of the calendar year in which the grazing loss occurred for 2015 and subsequent calendar year applications for payment.

**Note:** If the 30<sup>th</sup> calendar day after the end of the calendar year in which the grazing loss occurred falls on a day the County Office is not open for business during normal work hours, then all participants' signatures on CCC-853 must be received no later than the next work day.

STC or COC do **not** have authority to approve late-filed CCC-853.

See 1-CM for signature requirements.

**\*--Important:** See 1-CM for signature requirements for general partnerships. County Offices shall see 1-CM for signature requirements for general partnerships.

**Note:** All participants' signatures must be obtained on both manual and automated CCC-853's, if applicable.--\*

\* \* \*

## 440 Applying for Benefits (Continued)

### D Printing and Reviewing CCC-853

\*--After all information is entered into the automated system, County Offices will:--\*

- print an automated CCC-853
  - if a manual CCC-853 was submitted:
    - attach the manual CCC-853 to the automated CCC-853
  - conduct a second party review of all data on the automated CCC-853 to ensure that
- \*--all data is loaded correctly.

**Important:** The individual conducting the second party review must:--\*

- **not** be the same individual who entered the data into the automated system
- initial and date automated CCC-853 to indicate second party review has been completed.

**Note:** Manual CCC-853's shall only be taken if the automated system is **not** operational or available at the time of application. DD shall conduct second party reviews for all manual CCC-853's to ensure that manual CCC-853's are loaded in the automated system within 5 workdays from the date the participant signs.

\* \* \*

### E Supporting Documents

All supporting documents **must** be completed by the participant and on file in the County Office before CCC-853 may be approved.

## 440 Applying for Benefits (Continued)

**E Supporting Documents (Continued)**

For losses occurring **after** September 30, 2011, and **before** January 1, 2015, the participant **must** have provided the following to the County Office by no later than **January 30, 2015**:

- report of acreage for the grazing land incurring losses according to 2-CP

**\*--Notes:** FSA-578, intended use must **not** be revised according to 2-CP.--\*

For 2011 through 2014:

- late-filed FSA-578's will be accepted without requiring the producer to pay a late-filed fee
- physical evidence inspections will be waived for native and improved pastures, and annually planted forages
- evidence of disposition is **not required** according to 2-CP, subparagraph 21 F
- all other requirements for late-filed FSA-578's **must** be met according to 2-CP.
- evidence that grazing land is owned or leased.

For 2015 and subsequent year calendar year losses, the participant **must** provide the following supporting documentation to the County Office by no later than 30 calendar days after the end of the calendar year for which benefits are requested:

- **\*--report of acreage for the grazing land incurring losses filed by the applicable crops final reporting date or the report of acreage is determined acceptable under late-filed provisions according to 2-CP**

**Note:** FSA-578, intended use must **not** be revised after the crops acreage reporting date according to 2-CP.--\*

- evidence that grazing land is owned or leased.

**Note:** If the 30<sup>th</sup> calendar day after the end of the calendar year for which benefits are requested falls on a day the County Office is not open for business during normal work hours, then all participants must provide the following supporting documentation to the County Office no later than the next work day:

- **\*--report of acreage for grazing land incurring loss that was filed by the applicable crop's final reporting date or the report of acreage is determined acceptable under late-filed provisions according to 2-CP**

**Note:** FSA-578 intended use shall not be revised after the crop's acreage reporting date.--\*

- evidence that grazing land is owned or leased.

**440 Applying for Benefits (Continued)****E Supporting Documents (Continued)**

Additional supporting documents including, but **not** limited to, the following **must** be completed by the participant and be on file in the County Office before CCC-853 can be approved:

- AD-1026, applicable for grazing loss occurring **after** September 30, 2011, and subsequent years
- CCC-901, if applicable according to 5-PL, for applicable grazing loss occurring **after** September 30, 2011, and subsequent years
- CCC-902, for applicable grazing loss occurring **after** September 30, 2011, and subsequent calendar years
- CCC-941, or other acceptable document according to 5-PL to determine compliance with average AGI provisions
- copy of contract grower contracts
- evidence that participant is prohibited by the Federal Agency from grazing the normal permitted livestock on the managed rangeland because of a fire.

**441 Acting on CCC-853's****A Approving CCC-853's**

COC or CED **must** act on **all** completed and signed CCC-853's submitted.

**Important:** DD review of initial CCC-853's **must** be completed according to subparagraph D before CCC-853's may be approved or disapproved.

\*--CCC-853 must be approved or disapproved as certified by the participant. When more than 1 type of livestock is claimed, CCC-853 must be approved or disapproved based on all--\* livestock claimed. However, COC does have authority to make adjustments to certain information reported on CCC-853 when documentation warrants making adjustments.

**Example:** Jim Brown files CCC-853 that includes 100 adult beef cows reported in item 14. COC has documentation that only 98 adult beef cows meet eligibility requirements as eligible covered livestock in inventory on the beginning date of the qualifying drought. In this case, on CCC-853, COC can enter "98" in item 18 for adult beef cows and then approve CCC-853 for the 98 eligible adult beef cows. Jim Brown would be provided appeal rights according to 1-APP for the 2 adult beef cows **not** used in the calculation of LFP benefits.

## 441 Acting on CCC-853's (Continued)

### A Approving CCC-853's (Continued)

Before approving CCC-853, COC or CED **must**:

- ensure that **all** program eligibility requirements are met
- be satisfied with **all** the following:
  - livestock claimed are eligible livestock according to subparagraph 411 E
  - all forage information entered on the application meets eligibility requirements according to paragraph 411
  - participant is an eligible livestock producer according to subparagraph 411 H
  - reasonableness of the number and type of livestock claimed
  - all signature requirements are met.

**Note:** See subparagraph B when:

- COC or CED questions any data provided by participant
- disapproving CCC-853.

### B Disapproving CCC-853's

COC or CED **must** act on all completed and signed CCC-853's submitted.

\* \* \*

**Important:** DD review of initial CCC-853's **must** be completed according to subparagraph D before CCC-853's may be approved or disapproved.

## 441 Acting on CCC-853's (Continued)

**B Disapproving CCC-853's (Continued)**

**\*--CCC-853** must be approved or disapproved as certified by the participant. When more than 1 type of livestock is claimed, CCC-853 must be approved or disapproved based on all--\* livestock claimed. However, COC does have authority to make adjustments to certain information reported on CCC-853 when documentation warrants making adjustments.

**Example:** Jim Brown files CCC-853 that includes 100 adult beef cows reported in item 14. COC has documentation that only 98 adult beef cows meet eligibility requirements as eligible covered livestock in inventory on the beginning date of the qualifying drought. In this case, on CCC-853, COC can enter "98" in item 18, for adult beef cows and then approve CCC-853 for the 98 eligible adult beef cows. Jim Brown would be provided appeal rights according to 1-APP for the 2 adult beef cows **not** used in the calculation of LFP benefits.

If it is determined that any information provided on CCC-853 is **not** reasonable or is questionable, including but not limited to current year inventory, additional verifiable **\*--documentation** or evidence must be requested from the participant, in writing, to support--\* the data provided. Other agencies, organizations, or facilities may also be contacted to verify information provided by participants or in limited cases on farm visits may be required to verify information.

**Important:** See subparagraph C when contacting other agencies, organizations, or facilities to verify information provided by participants.

**\*--Exception:** COC's will **not** require tax records; however, participant may voluntarily provide tax records.

If all program eligibility requirements are **not** met or it is determined that the information--\* on CCC-853 or any additional supporting documentation provided by participant, is **not** accurate or reasonable, then the following actions shall be taken:

- disapprove CCC-853
- notify participant of disapproval
- provide participant applicable appeal rights according to 1-APP
- thoroughly document reason for disapproval in COC minutes \* \* \*.

**\*--Notes:** See paragraph 410 for late-filed provisions.

See paragraph 2 for unacceptable, incorrect, or false records and certifications.

See paragraph 3 for misrepresentation.--\*

## 441 Acting on CCC-853's (Continued)

**C Verifying Data With Other Agencies, Organizations, or Facilities**

When contacting agencies, organizations, or facilities to verify data provided by a participant, the County Office must be specific in the information requested. The request should include, but is **not** limited to, the following:

- participant's name and address
- animal kind and type
- why the request is being made
- what information is being requested.

**D DD Review and Report of Initial CCC-853's**

DD's must review the first five CCC-853's submitted for calendar years October 1, 2011, through calendar year 2014, for both qualifying drought conditions and fire conditions, in each Service Center before approval. The review will ensure that:

- \* \* \* separate CCC-853's are submitted by participant and physical location County Office
- signature requirements, including power of attorney, are met
- no State or County Office developed forms, worksheets, applications, or other documents are being used to obtain or collect the data required from participants
- supporting data required for payment eligibility is properly completed and on file; such as AD-1026, CCC-901, CCC-902, CCC-941, and accurate subsidiary and SCIMS data.

For 2015 DD's must review the first five CCC-853's submitted, for both qualifying drought conditions and fire conditions, in each Service Center before approval. The review will ensure that:

- \* \* \* separate CCC-853's are submitted by participant and physical location County Office
- signature requirements, including power of attorney, are met
- no State or County Office developed forms, worksheets, applications, or other documents are being used to obtain or collect the data required from participants
- supporting data required for payment eligibility is properly completed and on file; such as AD-1026, CCC-901, CCC-902, CCC-941, and accurate subsidiary and SCIMS data.

**441 Acting on CCC-853's (Continued)****D DD Review and Report of Initial CCC-853's (Continued)**

\*--For 2016 and subsequent calendar years, DD's must review the first five CCC-853's submitted, for both qualifying drought conditions and fire conditions, in each Service Center before approval. The review will ensure that:

- separate CCC-853's are submitted by participant and physical location County Office--\*
- signature requirements, including power of attorney, are met
- no State or County Office developed forms, worksheets, applications, or other documents are being used to obtain or collect the data required from participants
- supporting data required for payment eligibility is properly completed and on file; such as AD-1026, CCC-901, CCC-902, CCC-941, and accurate subsidiary and SCIMS data
- \* \* \* payment calculations are correct and payment eligibility is met

\* \* \*

\*--**Note:** DD's must document review on CCC-770 LFP for each CCC-853.--\*

**441 Acting on CCC-853's (Continued)****D DD Review and Report of Initial CCC-853's (Continued)**

**\*--Within 10 workdays of completing the applicable review, DD must provide a written--\*** report to SED describing the review findings, including a list of errors discovered, and the overall status of the implementation of LFP in the County Office.

DD review of the initial CCC-853's and supporting documentation submitted is critical to ensuring LFP is being administered according to the procedures provided in this handbook and the regulations in 7 CFR Part 1416, Subparts A and C.

Reviewing the initial CCC-853's and supporting documentation in a timely manner:

- identifies possible weaknesses in the administration of LFP that may be resolved by additional training, clarified procedures, modified software, or for 2016 and subsequent years, require the County Office to complete CCC-770 LFP for each CCC-853 filed before payment is issued
- prevents numerous participants from being impacted by erroneous LFP administration
- allows corrections to be made in a timely manner before erroneous payments are issued.

## 442 CCC-853, Livestock Forage Disaster Program Application

## A Completing Manual CCC-853

Complete CCC-853 according to the following.

Item	Instruction
1	Enter State and county code for the physical location of the county in which the loss occurred.
2	<p>Enter calendar year the loss of grazing occurred.</p> <p><b>*--Note:</b> If pasture type is a short season small grains for grazing crop, enter the calendar year as the calendar year when the normal grazing period for the short season small grains ends.</p> <p><b>Example:</b> The producer claims to have suffered a grazing loss for wheat (short season small grains) reported as intended for grazing. The normal grazing period for wheat (short season small grains) is October 1, 2017, through March 1, 2018. The calendar year the producer would file an application for payment would be 2018.--*</p>
3	Enter County Office name for the physical County Office location where the participant's loss occurred.
4	Enter date of application.
5	<p>Enter application number.</p> <p><b>Note:</b> This is an automated system-assigned number.</p>
<b>Part A - Producer Information</b>	
6	Enter producer's name and address.
<b>Part B - Disaster Information</b>	
7	<p>Check (✓) appropriate box or boxes to indicate the type of qualifying disaster conditions causing the grazing loss. Indicate whether the grazing loss is a result of drought, fire, or both. If:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• fire is checked, go to item 8</li> <li>• drought is checked, go to item 9.</li> </ul> <p><b>Note:</b> A producer <b>cannot</b> receive assistance for grazing losses because of drought and fire on the same acres.</p>
8	<p>Enter date and location of the qualifying fire conditions that occurred on Federal managed rangelands <b>only</b>, for which the producer is prohibited by the Federal Agency from grazing the normal permitted livestock covered by the Federal lease. Leave item 8 blank if fire was <b>not</b> selected as a qualifying grazing loss condition in item 7.</p> <p>Each date and location of a qualifying fire condition will be sequentially numbered, starting with 1. This will be used to identify the fire event numbers, by occurrence in Part D, item 30.</p>

## 442 CCC-853, Livestock Forage Disaster Program Application (Continued)

## A Completing Manual CCC-853 (Continued)

Item	Instruction								
<b>Part C - Livestock Information</b>									
9	<p>Enter physical location of the covered livestock on the beginning date of the qualifying grazing loss condition in item 7. Include the name of the county where the grazing loss occurred.</p> <p><b>Example:</b> Livestock located in Knox County, TX, Farm 1234. Grazing loss occurred in Knox County, TX, Farm 1234.</p>								
10	<p>Enter current physical location of covered livestock in inventory.</p> <p><b>Example:</b> Knox County, TX, Farm 1234.</p>								
11	<p>Enter associated producers who had an ownership share, contract grower share, or cash-lease share of any of the eligible covered livestock in item 13 during the 60 calendar days before the beginning date of the applicable qualifying grazing loss conditions in item 7 and indicate their share. If application is solely for a fire condition, go to item 30.</p>								
12	<p>Enter sequential corresponding number to be associated to each livestock kind, type, and weight range to be entered in item 13 will be assigned by the automated system.</p> <p><b>Example:</b></p> <table> <tr> <td><b>Item 12</b></td><td><b>Item 13</b></td></tr> <tr> <td>1</td><td>Adult Beef Cows</td></tr> <tr> <td>2</td><td>Nonadult Beef Cattle &gt; 500 lbs.</td></tr> <tr> <td>3</td><td>Sheep</td></tr> </table> <p><b>Note:</b> An entry is only required in this field for those livestock that are or would have been grazing the <b>drought</b> affected pasture or grazing land.</p>	<b>Item 12</b>	<b>Item 13</b>	1	Adult Beef Cows	2	Nonadult Beef Cattle > 500 lbs.	3	Sheep
<b>Item 12</b>	<b>Item 13</b>								
1	Adult Beef Cows								
2	Nonadult Beef Cattle > 500 lbs.								
3	Sheep								
13	<p>Enter covered livestock by kind, type, and weight range that were owned/leased by the producer or that the producer was a contract grower of during the 60 calendar days before the beginning date of the applicable qualifying grazing loss conditions in item 7.</p> <p><b>Note:</b> Livestock kind, type, and weight range can be obtained from the local FSA office or LFP Fact Sheet available at <a href="http://disaster.fsa.usda.gov">http://disaster.fsa.usda.gov</a>.</p>								
14	<p>Enter number of covered livestock owned/leased by the producer or that the producer was a contract grower of that was in inventory 60 calendar days before the beginning date of the applicable qualifying grazing loss conditions in item 7.</p>								

## 442 CCC-853, Livestock Forage Disaster Program Application (Continued)

## A Completing Manual CCC-853 (Continued)

Item	Instruction
15	<p data-bbox="396 323 1451 394">Enter number of covered livestock that were sold or otherwise disposed of because of a qualifying <b>drought</b> condition during the current production year.</p> <p data-bbox="396 436 1403 508"><b>Note:</b> The current production year is defined as the calendar year in which the grazing loss occurred for which benefits are being requested.</p> <p data-bbox="396 550 1468 863"><b>Example:</b> The normal grazing period for the specific type of grazing land (native *--pasture) is May 1 through October 1, 2017. The D2 designation occurred on August 15, 2017. The qualifying 8 consecutive week drought condition occurred August 15, 2017. The producer sold 48 head of livestock on July 17, 2017, because of drought conditions. The 48--* head of livestock were sold within the current calendar year, because of the qualifying drought condition, would be considered mitigated livestock in the current production year. The 48 head of livestock would be entered in item 15.</p>

## 442 CCC-853, Livestock Forage Disaster Program Application (Continued)

## A Completing Manual CCC-853 (Continued)

Item	Instruction
16	<p>Enter number of mitigated livestock that were sold because of drought in either 1 or both of the prior production years.</p> <p><b>Example:</b> The county's grazing period for native pasture is May 15 through *--November 1, 2017. The D2 designation occurred on August 15, 2017. The beginning date of the qualifying 8 consecutive week drought condition began on August 15, 2017. The producer sold 75 head of livestock on February 1, 2015, because of a qualifying drought in 2015 and sold 20 head of livestock on April 1, 2016, because of a qualifying drought condition in 2016. The 95 head of livestock were sold in both--* of the prior production years because of qualifying drought conditions in those years and would be considered mitigated livestock in the 2 prior production years and would be entered in item 16.</p>
17	<p>Enter producer's ownership, cash lease, or contract grower share in the livestock entered in item 14, 15, or 16 on the beginning date of the applicable grazing loss events for which a grazing loss was suffered.</p>
18	<p>COC shall enter the adjusted current year inventory, if applicable.</p> <p><b>Note:</b> An entry is only required when COC determines a current year inventory different than the current year inventory certified to by the producer.</p> <p>The producer shall be provided applicable appeal rights according to 1-APP if an entry is entered in item 18.</p>
19	<p>COC shall enter the adjusted current year mitigated, if applicable.</p> <p><b>Note:</b> An entry is only required when COC determines a current year mitigated different than the current year mitigated certified to by the producer.</p> <p>The producer shall be provided applicable appeal rights according to 1-APP if an entry is entered in item 19.</p>
20	<p>COC shall enter the adjusted prior years mitigated, if applicable.</p> <p><b>Note:</b> An entry is only required when COC determines different prior years mitigated than the prior years mitigated certified to by the producer.</p> <p>The producer shall be provided applicable appeal rights according to 1-APP if an entry is entered in item 20.</p>

## 442 CCC-853, Livestock Forage Disaster Program Application (Continued)

## A Completing Manual CCC-853 (Continued)

Item	Instruction												
Part D - Forage Information Drought													
21	<p>Enter livestock number or numbers from item 12 for each livestock kind/type and weight range that are grazing or would have been grazing the specific type of pasture entered in item 22.</p> <p><b>Example:</b> Adult beef cows, nonadult beef cattle weighing more than 500 pounds, and equine are grazing the native pasture.</p> <table><tr><td><u>Item 12</u></td><td><u>Item 13</u></td><td><u>Item 21</u></td></tr><tr><td>1</td><td>Adult Beef Cows</td><td>1, 2, 3</td></tr><tr><td>2</td><td>Nonadult Beef Cattle &gt; 500</td><td></td></tr><tr><td>3</td><td>Equine</td><td></td></tr></table>	<u>Item 12</u>	<u>Item 13</u>	<u>Item 21</u>	1	Adult Beef Cows	1, 2, 3	2	Nonadult Beef Cattle > 500		3	Equine	
<u>Item 12</u>	<u>Item 13</u>	<u>Item 21</u>											
1	Adult Beef Cows	1, 2, 3											
2	Nonadult Beef Cattle > 500												
3	Equine												
22	<p>Enter all pasture types for owned or cash-leased land normally used in the operation to support eligible covered livestock during the qualifying <b>drought</b> condition grazing loss events for the applicable livestock numbers.</p> <p>*--Pasture types include the following for grazing losses that occurred after September 30, 2011, and before January 1, 2015:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• annual crabgrass planted specifically for grazing</li><li>• annual ryegrass planted specifically for grazing</li><li>• forage sorghum planted specifically for grazing</li><li>• improved</li><li>• long season small grains planted specifically for grazing</li><li>• native</li><li>• short season small grains planted specifically for grazing.--*</li></ul>												

## 442 CCC-853, Livestock Forage Disaster Program Application (Continued)

## A Completing Manual CCC-853 (Continued)

*--Item--*	Instruction
22 (Cntd)	<p>Pasture types include the following for 2015 and subsequent years:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• annual crabgrass planted specifically for grazing</li> <li>• annual ryegrass planted specifically for grazing</li> <li>• cool season improved</li> <li>• forage sorghum planted specifically for grazing</li> <li>• full season improved</li> <li>• long season small grains planted specifically for grazing</li> <li>• native</li> <li>• short season small grains planted specifically for grazing</li> <li>• warm season improved.</li> </ul> <p><b>Note:</b> For 2015 and subsequent years, STC's <b>must</b> designate grazed forage types for improved pasture in the county as either of the following to be consistent with NAP:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• full season improved</li> <li>• cool season and warm season improved.</li> </ul> <p>Only enter pasture types for Federal or State land if the agreement is by the acre and does <b>not</b> provide for an allotted number of AU or AUM that can be grazed for an established period of time.</p>

## 442 CCC-853, Livestock Forage Disaster Program Application (Continued)

## A Completing Manual CCC-853 (Continued)

*--Item--*	Instruction
23	<p>Enter acres, by physical location county, associated with each pasture type entered in item 22.</p> <p><b>Note:</b> If multiple participants are using the same pasture acres for their livestock, the acres <b>must</b> be prorated.</p> <p><b>Example 1:</b> Participant A has 200 head of eligible livestock and Participant B has 75 head, a total of 275 head grazing the same 500 pasture acres.</p> <p>Calculate prorated acres according to the following.</p> <p>Participant A: 200 head/275 head = .7273 Participant B: 75 head/275 head = .2727</p> <p>.7273 x 500 ac. = 363.7 total acres for Participant A .2727 x 500 ac. = 136.3 total acres for Participant B.</p> <p><b>Example 2:</b> Participant A and Participant B have a 50-50 owner share in 200 head of eligible livestock. The 200 head of eligible livestock graze 500 acres of native pasture.</p> <p>Calculate prorated acres according to the following.</p> <p>.5000 x 500 ac. = 250 total acres for Participant A .5000 x 500 ac. = 250 total acres for Participant B</p>
24	<p>Enter applicable carrying capacity for the specific type of pasture entered in item 22.</p> <p><b>Note:</b> This entry will be the STC/COC-approved carrying capacity for the specific type of pasture in item 22 as established under NAP.</p>
25	<p>COC shall enter the adjusted acres, if applicable.</p> <p><b>Note:</b> An entry is only required when COC determines acres different than the acres certified to by the producer.</p> <p>The producer shall be provided applicable appeal rights according to 1-APP if an entry is entered in item 25.</p>
26	<p>Enter livestock number or numbers from item 12 for each livestock kind/type and weight range that are grazing or would have been grazing the specific type of pasture entered in item 27.</p>

## 442 CCC-853, Livestock Forage Disaster Program Application (Continued)

## A Completing Manual CCC-853 (Continued)

Item	Instruction
27	<p>Enter all pasture types for AUM or AU leased land normally used in the operation to support eligible covered livestock during the applicable <b>drought</b> grazing loss condition for the livestock numbers entered in item 26.</p> <p>*--Pasture types include the following for grazing losses that occurred after September 30, 2011, and before January 1, 2015:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• annual crabgrass planted specifically for grazing</li> <li>• annual ryegrass planted specifically for grazing</li> <li>• forage sorghum planted specifically for grazing</li> <li>• improved</li> <li>• long season small grains planted specifically for grazing</li> <li>• native</li> <li>• short season small grains planted specifically for grazing.</li> </ul> <p>Pasture types include the following for 2015 and subsequent years:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• annual crabgrass planted specifically for grazing</li> <li>• annual ryegrass planted specifically for grazing</li> <li>• cool season improved</li> <li>• forage sorghum planted specifically for grazing</li> <li>• full season improved</li> <li>• long season small grains planted specifically for grazing</li> <li>• native</li> <li>• short season small grains planted specifically for grazing</li> <li>• warm season improved.</li> </ul> <p><b>Notes:</b> For 2015 and subsequent years, STC's <b>must</b> designate grazed forage types for improved pasture in the county as either of the following to be consistent with NAP:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• full season improved</li> <li>• cool season and warm season improved.--*</li> </ul> <p>Only enter pasture types for privately leased, Federal, or State land that provide for an allotted number of AU's or AUM's that can be grazed for an established period of time. Pasture types for Federal and State leases expressed in acres and <b>not</b> AU's or AUM's for an established period of time shall be entered in item 22.</p>

## 442 CCC-853, Livestock Forage Disaster Program Application (Continued)

## A Completing Manual CCC-853 (Continued)

Item	Instruction
28	<p>Enter number of AU's allowed by the pasture type entered in item 27.</p> <p><b>Example 1:</b> Grazing Permit allows the producer to graze 150 AU's from September 1 through December 31 for a total of 600 AUM's. The number of AU's to enter in item 27 would be 150 AU's.</p> <p><b>Example 2:</b> Grazing Permit allows the producer to graze 500 AUM's for a 5-month grazing period. The total number of AU's entered in item 27 would be 100 AU's. 500 AUM's/5 months = 100 AU's.</p> <p><b>Important:</b> Ensure that AU's for each specific animal type are converted to an AU equivalent. See Exhibit 16.</p> <p><b>Example:</b> 100 sheep x .25 AU's = 25 AU's.</p> <p><b>Note:</b> Adjustments may need to be made to the number of AU's entered if the Federal Agency reduces the grazing days under the Federal grazing permit or lease because of drought, and the producer does <b>not</b> pay the Federal Agency because of a temporary non-use of the--* *--permit. An adjustment to the AU's need <b>not</b> be made when one of the questions in subparagraph 411 J, or other as warranted, are met to determine the lessee has a risk in production of the crop acreage or the lessee has control of the crop acreage. The adjustment, if required, may need to be entered in item 29, if the producer provides a copy of the last quarter billing statement from the Federal Agency.</p>
29	<p>COC shall enter the adjusted AU's, if applicable.</p> <p><b>Note:</b> An entry is only required when COC determines AU's different than the AU's certified to by the producer in item 28.</p> <p>The producer shall be provided applicable appeal rights according to 1-APP if an entry is entered in item 29.</p>
<b>Part E - Forage Information Fire</b>	
30	Enter fire event number that corresponds to the fire event number listed in item 8.
31	<p>Manually assign a pasture number to each fire event.</p> <p><b>Note:</b> Multiple fire events may be associated to the same pasture number.</p>

## 442 CCC-853, Livestock Forage Disaster Program Application (Continued)

## A Completing Manual CCC-853 (Continued)

Item	Instruction
32	<p>ENTER “<b>rangeland</b>” as the pasture type for all rangeland that is managed by a Federal Agency (that is, BIA, BLM, FS, etc.) that was affected by <b>fire</b> for which the eligible producer is prohibited by the Federal Agency from grazing the normal permitted livestock on the managed rangeland because of fire.</p> <p><b>Note:</b> Grazing losses on private or State rangelands managed by a Federal Agency because of <b>fire</b> for which an eligible producer is prohibited by the Federal Agency from grazing the normal permitted rangeland because of fire shall also be entered in items 30 through 36.</p>
33	Enter permitted AU’s from the Federal grazing lease agreement.
34	<p>Enter number of permit days grazing is allowed under the Federal lease agreement during the calendar year.</p> <p><b>Note:</b> The number of permit days grazing is allowed under the Federal lease agreement shall be obtained from the producers grazing permit.</p>
35	<p>Enter number of AU’s the producer is prohibited from grazing on the managed rangeland by the Federal Agency because of fire.</p> <p><b>Note:</b> There may be entries in item 35 and/or item 36.</p>
36	<p>Enter number of days the producer is prohibited from grazing the normal permitted livestock on the managed rangeland by the Federal Agency because of fire.</p> <p><b>Note:</b> There may be entries in item 35 and/or item 36.</p>
37	<p>COC shall enter the adjusted permitted AU’s, if applicable.</p> <p><b>Note:</b> An entry is only required when COC determines permitted AU’s different than the permitted AU’s certified to by the producer in item 33.</p> <p>The producer shall be provided applicable appeal rights according to 1-APP if an entry is entered in item 37.</p>
38	<p>COC shall enter the adjusted permit days, if applicable.</p> <p><b>Note:</b> An entry is only required when COC determines permit days different than the permit days certified to by the producer in item 34.</p> <p>The producer shall be provided applicable appeal rights according to 1-APP if an entry is entered in item 38.</p>

## 442 CCC-853, Livestock Forage Disaster Program Application (Continued)

## A Completing Manual CCC-853 (Continued)

Item	Instructions
39	<p>COC shall enter the adjusted reduced AU's, if applicable.</p> <p><b>Note:</b> An entry is only required when COC determines reduced AU's different than the reduced AU's certified to by the producer in item 35.</p> <p>The producer shall be provided applicable appeal rights according to 1-APP if an entry is entered in item 39.</p>
40	<p>COC shall enter the adjusted reduced grazing days, if applicable.</p> <p><b>Note:</b> An entry is only required when COC determines reduced grazing days different than the reduced grazing days certified to by the producer in item 36.</p> <p>The producer shall be provided applicable appeal rights according to 1-APP if an entry is entered in item 40.</p>
41	Enter amount of compensation received from other disaster assistance programs for the same grazing losses.
<b>Part F - Producer Certification</b>	
42A through 42C	<p>After reading the certification, producer or producer's representative signs and dates.</p> <p>Signatory in item 42A shall enter their title/relationship when signing in the representative capacity.</p> <p>If a producer/applicant is:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>not</b> signing in the representative capacity, this field should be left blank</li> <li>• signing on behalf of themselves, it is acceptable to ENTER "self"; however, it is <b>not</b> necessary.</li> </ul>
<b>Part G - County Committee Determination</b>	
43	Enter COC signature.
44	Enter date of COC action.
45	<p>Check (✓) either "APPROVED" or "DISAPPROVED".</p> <p><b>Important:</b> CCC-853 shall be approved or disapproved as certified by the producer after applicable COC adjustment fields are completed.</p>

## 442 CCC-853, Livestock Forage Disaster Program Application (Continued)

**B Scenario for Completed Example of CCC-853**

Luther Hill's livestock operation consists of 100 head of adult beef cows, 100 nonadult beef cattle 550 pounds or more, and 3 head of equine in Alfalfa County, Oklahoma. The eligible livestock graze on 1,000.0 acres of native pasture that Mr. Hill owns with a carrying capacity of 5.6 acres per AU and on 500 acres of annual ryegrass with a carrying capacity of 4 acres per AU. The normal grazing period for native pasture in Alfalfa County is April 15 through October 15 and the normal grazing period for annual ryegrass is October 16, 2012, through April 14, 2013. In calendar year 2013, Alfalfa County rated D2 drought intensity for at least 8 consecutive weeks during the normal grazing period for annual ryegrass on March 1, 2013, and D2 intensity for at least 8 consecutive weeks during the normal grazing period for native pasture on July 15, 2013. Mr. Hill completed CCC-853 to receive a 1-month payment for each of the eligible pasture types on May 23, 2014.

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<b>CCC-853 U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE</b> (04-15-2014) Commodity Credit Corporation <b>LIVESTOCK FORAGE DISASTER PROGRAM APPLICATION</b>										1. State and County Code 40 003		2. Calendar Year 2013	
										3. County Office Name Alfalfa		4. Application Date May 23, 2013	
												5. Application Number 51	
<small>NOTE: The following statement is made in accordance with the Privacy Act of 1974 (5 USC 552a -- as amended). The authority for requesting the information identified on this form is 7 CFR Part 1416, the Commodity Credit Corporation Charter Act (15 U.S.C. 714 et seq.), and the Agricultural Act of 2014 (Pub. L. 113-79). The information will be used to determine eligibility for livestock forage disaster program benefits. The information collected on this form may be disclosed to other Federal, State, Local government agencies, Tribal agencies, and nongovernmental entities that have been authorized access to the information by statute or regulation and/or as described in applicable Routine Uses identified in the System of Records Notice for USDA/FSA-2, Farm Records File (Automated). Providing the requested information is voluntary. However, failure to furnish the requested information will result in a determination of ineligibility for livestock forage disaster program benefits.</small> <small>This information collection is exempted from the Paperwork Reduction Act as specified in the Agricultural Act of 2014 (Pub. L. 113-79, Title 1, Subtitle F -- Administration).</small> <small>The provisions of criminal and civil fraud, privacy and other statutes may be applicable to the information provided. RETURN THIS COMPLETED FORM TO YOUR COUNTY FSA OFFICE.</small>													
<b>PART A -- PRODUCER INFORMATION</b>							<b>PART B -- DISASTER INFORMATION</b>						
6. Producer's Name and Address (City, State and Zip Code) Luther Hill Anywhere Street Cherokee, Oklahoma 000000							7. Type of qualifying disaster condition causing grazing loss: <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Drought <input type="checkbox"/> Fire						
							8. Date and location of qualifying fire condition(s)						
<b>PART C -- LIVESTOCK INFORMATION</b>													
9. Where were the claimed livestock physically located on the beginning date of the qualifying grazing loss condition? (Include County name, farm number, etc.) Farm 750													
10. Where is the current physical location of the livestock in inventory? 750													
11. Associated Producers (List all other producers that have an ownership share of any livestock listed in Item 13 and indicate their share.) None													
12. Livestock Number	13. Livestock Kind/Type and Weight Range	14. Current Year Inventory	15. Current Year Mitigated	16. Prior Years Mitigated	17. Share %	<b>COC USE ONLY</b>							
						18. Adjusted Current Year Inventory	19. Adjusted Current Year Mitigated	20. Adjusted Prior Years Mitigated					
1	Beef, Adult Cows and Bulls	100			100.00								
2	Beef, Non-Adult, 500 Pounds or More	100			100.00								
3	Equine, All	3			100.00								
<b>PART D -- FORAGE INFORMATION DROUGHT</b>													
21. Livestock Number	22. Pasture Type -- Owned or Cash Leased Land (Drought Affected)				23. Acres	<b>COC USE ONLY</b>							
						24. Carrying Capacity	25. Adjusted Acres						
1,2,3	Native Pasture				1,000.00	5.6							
1,2,3	Annual Ryegrass				500.00	4.0							
26. Livestock Number	27. Pasture Type -- AUM/AU Leased Land (Drought Affected)				28. Animal Units	<b>COC USE ONLY</b>							
						29. Adjusted Animal Units							

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## 442 CCC-853, Livestock Forage Disaster Program Application (Continued)

## B Scenario for Completed Example of CCC-853 (Continued)

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CCC-853 (04-15-2014)							Page 2 of 2			
PART E - FORAGE INFORMATION FIRE										
30. Fire Event Number	31. Pasture Number	32. Pasture Type - Federal Managed Lands (Fire Affected)	33. Permitted AU's	34. Permit Days	35. Reduced AU's	36. Reduced Grazing Days	COC USE ONLY			
							37. Adjusted Permitted AU's	38. Adjusted Permit Days	39. Adjusted Reduced AU's	40. Adjusted Reduced Grazing Days

41. Other payments received for loss \$

**PART F - PRODUCER CERTIFICATION**

Payments under the Livestock Forage Disaster Program will be made to eligible livestock producers that have suffered livestock grazing losses on land that is native or improved pastureland with permanent vegetative cover or is land planted to a crop planted specifically for grazing for covered livestock due to a qualifying drought condition during the normal grazing period for the county. Payments under the Livestock Forage Disaster Program will also be made to eligible livestock producers that have suffered grazing losses on rangeland managed by a Federal agency if the eligible livestock producer is prohibited by the Federal agency from grazing the normal permitted livestock on the managed rangeland due to a qualifying fire condition. Each producer must file a separate form CCC-853 to be eligible to receive program benefits. By signing this application, the producer:

- Agrees to provide CCC any documentation it requires to determine eligibility that verifies and supports all information provided, including the producer's certification, and understands the application may be disapproved if they fail to provide any information requested by CCC;
- Authorizes CCC, at any time, with or without their presence, to enter upon, inspect and verify all livestock and acres in which they have an interest;
- Agrees to comply with, and acknowledges they are subject to, all the regulations governing the program and understands that instructions and assistance are available for completing this form;
- Authorizes CCC to obtain from third parties, such as, but not limited to, other government agencies, individuals, auction barns, contractors, or processors, feed cooperatives, feed supply companies and rendering services, any records or other evidence that substantiates the information provided on this application or any supporting documentation provided.

I certify that:

- If applying as an individual, that I am a citizen of the United States or a resident alien; if applying as a partnership, the members of the partnership are citizens of the United States; or if applying as a corporation, limited liability corporation, or other farm organizational structure, the entity is organized under State law. If applying as a Native American tribe, the tribe is organized according to the Indian Self-Determination and Education Assistance Act; if applying as any Native American organization or entity, the Native American organization or entity is chartered under the Indian Reorganization Act; if applying as a Native American economic enterprise, the Native American economic enterprise was established under the Indian Financing Act of 1974.
- During the 60 days prior to the beginning date of the qualifying drought and/or fire condition in Item 7, I owned, leased, purchased, entered into a contract to purchase, or was a contract grower of the livestock entered in Item 13 on this application, and/or I sold or otherwise disposed of the livestock entered in Items 15 and/or Item 16 on this application due to a qualifying drought condition(s) during the current production year or 1 or both of the 2 production years immediately preceding the current production year, and I physically maintained control of all such livestock on that date;
- All livestock for which information is entered on this application meet all eligibility criteria provided in 7 CFR Part 1416 Subpart C, including being maintained by me for commercial use as part of my farming operation, and are livestock that would normally have been grazing the eligible grazing land or pastureland in the county:
  - during the normal grazing period for the specific type of grazing land or pastureland entered in Item 22 and/or Item 27 for the county in Item 10 during the time period that the qualifying drought occurred; or
  - when the Federal agency excluded the eligible livestock producer from using the managed rangeland listed in Item 31 for grazing due to a fire.
- All forage information entered on this application meets all eligibility criteria provided in 7 CFR Part 1416 Subpart C;
- All information on this application and all supporting documents provided are true and correct;
- Within the county provided in Item 10 and as a direct result of the qualifying grazing loss condition(s) listed in Item 7, I have suffered a grazing loss for the livestock entered on this application in Item 13; and
- All livestock checked as mitigated in Item 15 and/or Item 16, were sold as a direct result of a drought condition(s) during the current production year or 1 or both of the 2 production years immediately preceding the current production year.
- All benefits received under any other Federal disaster payment program for the same grazing losses and loss year have been reported on this application in Item 41.
- I understand that this application may be disapproved if information or evidence provided is false or in error, and that other sanctions or penalties could apply.

42A. Signature (By)  Luther Hill	42B. Title/Relationship of the individual signing in the Representative Capacity  	42C. Date (MM-DD-YYYY)  5/23/2014
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**PART G - COUNTY COMMITTEE DETERMINATION**

43. COC or Designee Signature  	44. Date (MM-DD-YYYY)  	45. Determination  <input type="checkbox"/> APPROVED <input type="checkbox"/> DISAPPROVED
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## 443 CCC-853-1, Estimated Livestock Forage Disaster Program Payment Calculation Worksheet

### A Using CCC-853-1

CCC-853-1 may be used as a tool by County Offices to calculate LFP payment amounts for \*--eligible livestock producers. CCC-853-1 is not a required form.

If CCC-853-1 is used as a tool by County Office's to calculate LFP payment amounts for eligible livestock producers, a new CCC-853-1 **must** be completed for an eligible--\* livestock producer each time the drought intensity level changes for a county for a specific type of grazing land or a new type of grazing land becomes eligible for LFP that was **not** previously eligible.

**Example 1:** In calendar year 2013, County A rated a D2 drought intensity for at least 8 consecutive weeks during the normal grazing period for short season small grains. CCC-853-1 was completed for Producer A and the producer received a 1-month payment. Later on during the normal grazing period for short season small grains, County A rated a D3 drought intensity for at least 1 day during the normal grazing period for short season small grains. Producer A is eligible for an additional 1-month payment for short season small grains. A new CCC-853-1 needs to be completed to calculate Producer A's payment based on the new D3 drought intensity rating.

**Example 2:** In calendar year 2013, County A rated a D2 drought intensity for at least 8 consecutive weeks during the normal grazing period for long season small grains. CCC-853-1 was completed for Producer A and the producer received a 1-month payment. Later on during the year County A rated a D3 drought intensity for at least 1 day during the normal grazing period for native pasture which has a different normal grazing period than long season small grains. Producer A is eligible to apply for a 2-month payment for native pasture. A new CCC-853-1 needs to be completed to calculate Producer A's payment based on a D2 drought intensity rating for long season small grains the D3 drought intensity rating for native pasture.

CCC-853-1 is available on the FFAS Employees Form/Publications Online Website at <http://fsaintranet.sc.egov.usda.gov/dam/ffasforms/forms.html>.

**443 CCC-853-1, Estimated Livestock Forage Disaster Program Payment Calculation Worksheet (Continued)**

**B Completing CCC-853-1**

CCC-853-1 shall be completed according to the following.

Item	Instruction
1	Enter State and county code for is the physical location of the county in which the loss occurred.
2	Enter participant's name.
3	<p>Enter calendar year the loss of grazing occurred.</p> <p><b>Note:</b> If the pasture type is a small grains for grazing crop, enter the calendar year of when the normal grazing period for the small grains ends.</p> <p><b>Example:</b> The participant claims to have suffered a grazing loss for wheat, *--short season small grain, reported as intended for grazing. The--* normal grazing period for wheat is October 1, 2012, to March 1, 2013. The calendar year the participant's loss occurred would be 2013.</p>
4	<p>Check (✓) the appropriate box or boxes to indicate the type of qualifying disaster conditions causing the grazing loss. Indicate whether the grazing loss is a result of drought, fire, or both.</p> <p><b>Notes:</b> The National Office will notify State and County Offices when their county becomes eligible for LFP and whether the county's drought intensity level is rated a D2, D3, or D4 according to the U.S. Drought Monitor. Fire is only applicable to Federally managed grazing lands for which the participant is prohibited from grazing the normal permitted livestock because of fire.</p> <p>A producer <b>cannot</b> receive assistance for grazing losses because of drought and fire on the same acres.</p>
<p align="center"><b>Part A - Livestock Information - Drought - Current Year Inventory and Current Year Mitigated</b></p>	
<p><b>Note:</b> This Part A calculation shall be completed for each livestock number listed in CCC-853, item 12.</p>	
5	Enter corresponding number or alpha-numeric number assigned to the livestock kind/type and weight range from CCC-853, item 12.
6	Enter applicable livestock kind/type and weight range from CCC-853, item 13.

**443 CCC-853-1, Estimated Livestock Forage Disaster Program Payment Calculation Worksheet (Continued)**

**B Completing CCC-853-1 (Continued)**

<b>Item</b>	<b>Instruction</b>
7	<p>Enter number of livestock from CCC-853 (item 14 plus item 15).</p> <p><b>Notes:</b> If an entry is entered in CCC-853, item 18, then item 18 shall be used in performing the calculation for the specific livestock kind/type and weight range instead of item 14.</p> <p>If an entry is entered in CCC-853, item 19, then item 19 shall be used in performing the calculation for the specific livestock kind/type and weight range instead of item 15.</p>
8	Enter participant's ownership, cash lease, or contract grower share from CCC-853, item 17.
9	Enter payment rate per head for the applicable livestock kind/type and weight range.
10	<p>Enter the livestock monthly feed cost calculated by multiplying:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• item 7, times</li> <li>• item 8, times</li> <li>• item 9.</li> </ul> <p>The result should be rounded to the nearest whole dollar.</p>
11	Enter total of all entries in item 10. This is the total value of livestock monthly feed cost for all current year inventory and mitigated livestock.
<b>Part B - Livestock Information - Drought - Mitigated Livestock From Prior Years</b>	
<b>Note:</b> This Part B calculation shall be completed for each livestock number listed in CCC-853, item 12.	
12	Enter corresponding number or alpha-numeric number assigned to the livestock kind/type and weight range from CCC-853, item 12.
13	Enter applicable livestock kind/type and weight range from CCC-853, item 13.
14	<p>Enter number of livestock by kind/type and weight range that were mitigated in 1 or both of the 2 previous production years because of drought from CCC-853, item 16.</p> <p><b>Note:</b> If an entry is entered in CCC-853, item 20, then item 20 for the specific livestock kind/type and weight range shall be used instead of item 16.</p>
15	Enter participant's ownership, cash lease, or contract grower share from CCC-853, item 17.

**443 CCC-853-1, Estimated Livestock Forage Disaster Program Payment Calculation Worksheet (Continued)**

**B Completing CCC-853-1 (Continued)**

<b>Item</b>	<b>Instruction</b>
16	Enter payment rate per head for the applicable livestock kind/type and weight range.
17	Partial compensation factor of 80 percent for prior year mitigated livestock.
18	<p>Enter livestock monthly feed cost calculated by multiplying:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• item 14, times</li> <li>• item 15, times</li> <li>• item 16, times</li> <li>• item 17.</li> </ul> <p>The result should be rounded to the nearest whole dollars.</p>
19	Enter total of all entries in item 18. This is the total value of livestock monthly feed cost for all mitigated livestock from prior years.
<b>Part C - Forage Information - Drought - Owned or Cash Leased Land</b>	
20	For owned or cash-leased land, enter the numeric or alpha-numeric number from CCC-853, item 12 for each livestock kind/type and weight range that are grazing or would have been grazing the specific pasture type in CCC-853, item 22.
21	<p>Enter all pasture types for owned or cash-leased land normally used in the operation to support eligible covered livestock during the specific qualifying drought condition from CCC-853, item 22.</p> <p><b>*--Notes:</b> Eligible pasture types will be 1 of the following grazing losses that occurred after September 30, 2011, and before January 1, 2015:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• annual crabgrass planted specifically for grazing</li> <li>• annual ryegrass planted specifically for grazing</li> <li>• forage sorghum planted specifically for grazing</li> <li>• improved</li> <li>• long season small grains planted specifically for grazing</li> <li>• native</li> <li>• short season small grains planted specifically for grazing.--*</li> </ul>

**443 CCC-853-1, Estimated Livestock Forage Disaster Program Payment Calculation Worksheet (Continued)**

**B Completing CCC-853-1 (Continued)**

Item	Instruction
21 (Cntd)	<p>*--Pasture types include the following for 2015 and subsequent years:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• annual crabgrass planted specifically for grazing</li> <li>• annual ryegrass planted specifically for grazing</li> <li>• cool season improved</li> <li>• forage sorghum planted specifically for grazing</li> <li>• full season improved</li> <li>• long season small grains planted specifically for grazing</li> <li>• native</li> <li>• short season small grains planted specifically for grazing</li> <li>• warm season improved.</li> </ul> <p>For 2015 and subsequent years, STC's <b>must</b> designate grazed forage types for improved pasture in the county as either of the following to be consistent with NAP:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• full season improved</li> <li>• cool season and warm season improved.--*</li> </ul> <p><b>Only enter pasture types for Federal or State land if the agreement is by the acre and does not provide for an allotted number of AU's or AUM's that can be grazed for an established period of time.</b></p>

**443 CCC-853-1, Estimated Livestock Forage Disaster Program Payment Calculation Worksheet (Continued)**

**B Completing CCC-853-1 (Continued)**

Item	Instruction
22	<p>Enter number of acres, by pasture type, from CCC-853, item 23, normally used in the operation to support eligible covered livestock during the qualifying drought condition for privately owned/cashed leased land.</p> <p>If multiple participants are using the same pasture acres during the qualifying drought period, the acres <b>must</b> be prorated.</p> <p><b>Example 1:</b> Participant A has 200 head of eligible livestock and Participant B has 75 head, a total of 275 head grazing the same 500 pasture acres.</p> <p>Calculate prorated acres according to the following.</p> <p>Participant A: <math>200 \text{ head} / 275 \text{ head} = .7273</math>  Participant B: <math>75 \text{ head} / 275 \text{ head} = .2727</math></p> <p><math>.7273 \times 500 \text{ acres} = 363.7 \text{ total acres for Participant A.}</math>  <math>.2727 \times 500 \text{ acres} = 136.3 \text{ total acres for Participant B.}</math></p> <p><b>Example 2:</b> Participant A and Participant B have a 50-50 owner share in 200 head of eligible livestock. The 200 head of eligible livestock graze 500 acres of native pasture.</p> <p>Calculate prorated acres according to the following.</p> <p><math>.5000 \times 500 \text{ acres} = 250.0 \text{ total acres for Participant A.}</math>  <math>.5000 \times 500 \text{ acres} = 250.0 \text{ total acres for Participant B.}</math></p> <p><b>Notes:</b> If an entry is entered in CCC-853, item 25, then item 25 for the specific pasture type shall be used instead of item 23.</p> <p><b>Only enter pasture types for Federal or State land if the agreement is by the acre and does not provide for an allotted number of AU's or AUM's that can be grazed for an established period of time.</b></p>
23	<p>Enter carrying capacity or acres/AU for the applicable type of pasture type from CCC-853, item 24.</p> <p><b>Note:</b> This entry will be the STC/COC-approved carrying capacity for the specific type of pasture in item 21 as established under NAP.</p>

**443 CCC-853-1, Estimated Livestock Forage Disaster Program Payment Calculation Worksheet (Continued)**

**B Completing CCC-853-1 (Continued)**

Item	Instruction
24	<p>Enter maximum AU's by dividing acres in item 22 by acre/AU in item 23. Round the result to 2 decimal places.</p> <p><b>Example:</b> 2000 acres/30.0 acre/AU = 66.67 AU's</p>
25	<p>Enter established monthly value of forage for the applicable calendar year. The monthly value of forage has been established at:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• \$34.57 for 2011</li> <li>• \$51.81 for 2012</li> <li>• \$57.27 for 2013</li> <li>• \$52.56 for 2014</li> <li>• \$40.79 for 2015</li> <li>• \$32.36 for 2016</li> <li>• *--\$30.00 for 2017.--*</li> </ul>
26	<p>Enter the carrying capacity monthly feed cost calculated by multiplying item 24 times item 25. Round to the nearest whole dollar.</p>
<b>Part D - Forage Information - Drought - AUM or Animal Unit Lease Land</b>	
27	<p>For land leased on an AUM or AU basis, enter the numeric or alpha-numeric number from CCC-853, item 12 for each livestock kind/type and weight range that are grazing or would have been grazing the specific pasture type in CCC-853, item 27.</p>
28	<p>Enter all pasture types leased on an AUM/AU basis normally used in the operation to support eligible covered livestock during the qualifying drought condition from CCC-853, item 27.</p> <p><b>Notes:</b> Eligible pasture types will be 1 of the following grazing losses that occurred after September 30, 2011, and before January 1, 2015:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• annual crabgrass planted specifically for grazing</li> <li>• annual ryegrass planted specifically for grazing</li> <li>• forage sorghum planted specifically for grazing</li> <li>• improved</li> <li>• long season small grains planted specifically for grazing</li> <li>• native</li> <li>• short season small grains planted specifically for grazing.</li> </ul>

**443 CCC-853-1, Estimated Livestock Forage Disaster Program Payment Calculation Worksheet (Continued)**

**B Completing CCC-853-1 (Continued)**

Item	Instruction
28 (Cntd)	<p>*--Pasture types include the following for 2015 and subsequent years:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• annual crabgrass planted specifically for grazing</li> <li>• annual ryegrass planted specifically for grazing</li> <li>• cool season improved</li> <li>• forage sorghum planted specifically for grazing</li> <li>• full season improved</li> <li>• long season small grains planted specifically for grazing</li> <li>• native</li> <li>• short season small grains planted specifically for grazing</li> <li>• warm season improved.</li> </ul> <p>For 2015 and subsequent years, STC's <b>must</b> designate grazed forage types for improved pasture in the county as either of the following to be consistent with NAP:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• full season improved</li> <li>• cool season and warm season improved.--*</li> </ul> <p><b>Only enter pasture types for Federal or State land that provide for an allotted number of AU's or AUM's that can be grazed for an established period of time. Pasture types for Federal or State leases expressed in acres and not AU's or AUM's for an established period of time shall be entered in item 21.</b></p>

**443 CCC-853-1, Estimated Livestock Forage Disaster Program Payment Calculation Worksheet (Continued)**

**B Completing CCC-853-1 (Continued)**

Item	Instruction
29	<p>Enter AU's from CCC-853, item 28.</p> <p><b>Notes:</b> If an entry is entered in CCC-853, item 29, then item 29 shall be used instead of item 28.</p> <p>Federal permits and some private/State land leases provide for an allotted number of AU's or AUM's that can be grazed for an established period of time. AU's will be listed on the Federal grazing permits or can be calculated by dividing the AUM's by the number of months grazed.</p> <p><b>Example:</b> Federal permit allows grazing 1100 AUM's for 5 months.</p> $1100 \text{ AUM's} / 5 \text{ months} = 220 \text{ AU's}$ <p>Ensure that AU's for each specific animal type are converted to an AU equivalent. Round to the nearest whole number. See Exhibit 16.</p> <p><b>Example:</b> 100 sheep x .25 AU's = 25 AU's.</p> <p>Adjustments may need to be made to the number of AU's entered when the Federal Agency reduces the grazing days under the Federal grazing permit or lease because of drought, and the producer does <b>not</b> have to pay the Federal Agency because of a temporary non-use of the permit.</p> <p>*--An adjustment to the AU's need not be made when one of the questions in subparagraph 411 J, or other as warranted, are met to determine the lessee has a risk in production of the crop acreage or the lessee has control of the crop acreage. The adjustment, if required, may need to be entered if the producer provides a copy of the last quarter billing statement from the Federal Agency.--*</p>
30	<p>Enter established monthly value of forage for the applicable calendar year. The monthly value of forage has been established at:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• \$34.57 for 2011      • \$32.36 for 2016</li> <li>• \$51.81 for 2012      •*--\$30.00 for 2017.--*</li> <li>• \$57.27 for 2013</li> <li>• \$52.56 for 2014</li> <li>• \$40.79 for 2015</li> </ul>
31	<p>Enter the carrying capacity monthly feed cost calculated by multiplying item 29 times item 30. Round to the nearest whole dollar.</p>

**443 CCC-853-1, Estimated Livestock Forage Disaster Program Payment Calculation Worksheet (Continued)**

**B Completing CCC-853-1 (Continued)**

Item	Instruction
	<b>Part E - Net Payment Calculation for Drought by Pasture Type</b>
32	<p>Enter sum of the livestock monthly feed costs (items 10 plus item 18) for all the livestock that were or would have been grazing the specific pasture type listed in item 21 and/or item 28.</p> <p><b>Example:</b> In calendar year 2013, County A rated a D2 for at least 8 consecutive weeks during the normal grazing period for native pasture. 100 beef adult cows and 100 beef nonadult cattle weighing more than 500 pounds were grazing the native pasture during the normal grazing period. The livestock monthly feed costs for each of the specific kind/type and weight range of livestock grazing the native pasture listed in item 10 while the county was rated a D2 for 8 consecutive weeks is calculated as follows.</p> <p style="padding-left: 40px;">100 adult beef cows x 100 percent producer share x \$57.27 payment rate per head = \$5,727 (item 10).</p> <p style="padding-left: 40px;">100 nonadult beef cattle weight 500 pounds or more x 100 percent producer share x \$42.96 payment rate per head = \$4,296 (item 18).</p> <p>Sum the livestock monthly feed costs for the adult beef cows and the nonadult beef cows weighing 500 pounds or more in item 10 and item 18 to determine total livestock monthly feed costs for all livestock grazing the native pasture to be entered in item 32 as follows.</p> <p style="padding-left: 40px;"><math>\\$5,727 + \\$4,296 = \\$10,023</math> (sum of livestock monthly feed cost).</p>

**443 CCC-853-1, Estimated Livestock Forage Disaster Program Payment Calculation Worksheet (Continued)**

**B Completing CCC-853-1 (Continued)**

Item	Instruction
33	<p>Enter sum of the entries in item 26 plus item 31 for the specific pasture type being grazed or that would have been grazed by the specific livestock in item 6 or item 13.</p> <p><b>Example:</b> In calendar year 2013, County A rated a D2 for at least 8 consecutive weeks during the normal grazing period for native pasture. Beef adult cows and beef nonadult cattle weighing 500 pounds or more were grazing a 1,000 acre native pasture with a carrying capacity of 10.0 acre/AU and another native pasture of 1,000 acres with a carrying capacity of 5.0 acre/AU. The carrying capacity monthly feed cost for each of the specific pasture types listed in item 26 while the county was rated a D2 for 8 consecutive weeks is calculated as follows.</p> <p style="padding-left: 40px;"> <math>(1,000 \text{ acres native pasture} / 10.0 \text{ acre/AU}) \times \\$57.27 \text{ monthly value of forage} = \\$5,727 \text{ carrying capacity monthly feed cost.}</math> </p> <p style="padding-left: 40px;"> <math>(1,000 \text{ acres native pasture} / 5.0 \text{ acre/AU}) \times \\$57.27 \text{ monthly value of forage} = \\$11,454 \text{ carrying capacity monthly feed cost.}</math> </p> <p>Sum the carrying capacity monthly feed costs in item 26 and item 31 for all of the native pasture for which the adult beef cows and nonadult beef cattle were grazing to be entered in item 33 as follows.</p> <p style="padding-left: 40px;"> <math>\\$5,727 + \\$11,454 = \\$17,181 \text{ (sum of carrying capacity monthly feed cost).}</math> </p>

**443 CCC-853-1, Estimated Livestock Forage Disaster Program Payment Calculation Worksheet (Continued)**

**B Completing CCC-853-1 (Continued)**

Item	Instruction
34	<p>Enter monthly feed cost by entering the smaller of the following:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• item 32</li> <li>• item 33.</li> </ul> <p><b>Example:</b> Item 32 = \$10,023 Item 33 = \$17,181</p> <p>Smaller amount is item 32, \$10,023.</p>
35	Enter national payment factor of 60 percent.
36	<p>Enter calculated monthly payment rate by multiplying:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• item 34, times</li> <li>• item 35.</li> </ul> <p>Round to the nearest whole dollar.</p> <p><b>Example:</b> \$10,023 (item 34) x 60 percent (item 35) = \$6,014.</p>
37	<p>Select appropriate drought monitor intensity for the specific pasture type listed in item 21 and/or item 28. State and County Offices will be notified by the National Office whenever a county reaches the applicable D2, D3, or D4 intensity rating in any portion of the county for the required time period.</p> <p><b>Example:</b> County A rated a D2 drought intensity for 8 consecutive weeks for native pasture. The box under “native pasture” for “x 1” is selected.</p>

**443 CCC-853-1, Estimated Livestock Forage Disaster Program Payment Calculation Worksheet (Continued)**

**B Completing CCC-853-1 (Continued)**

Item	Instruction
38	<p>Enter calculated payment amount by multiplying:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• item 36, times</li> <li>• item 37.</li> </ul> <p><b>Example:</b> \$6,014 (item 36) x 1 (drought intensity factory for native pasture) = \$6,014 calculated payment amount.</p> <p><b>Note:</b> The calculated payment amount for a:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• D2 drought intensity rating for 8 consecutive weeks during the normal grazing period for a specific type of grazing will equal item 36 x 1</li> <li>• D3 drought intensity rating at any time during the normal grazing period for a specific type of grazing will equal item 36 x 3</li> <li>• D3 drought intensity rating for any 4-week period during the normal grazing period for a specific type of grazing, or a D4 drought intensity rating at any time during the normal grazing period for a specific type of grazing will equal item 36 x 4</li> <li>• D4 drought intensity rating for any 4-week period for a specific type of grazing at any time during the normal grazing period for a specific type of grazing will equal item 36 x 5.</li> </ul>
39	<p>Enter maximum calculated maximum payment amount for all covered livestock by multiplying (item 11 plus item 19) times 5 months times 60 percent.</p> <p><b>Example:</b> (\$6,014, item 11 entry + \$1,000, item 19 entry) x 5 months x 60% = \$21,042.</p>

**443 CCC-853-1, Estimated Livestock Forage Disaster Program Payment Calculation Worksheet (Continued)**

**B Completing CCC-853-1 (Continued)**

Item	Instruction
40	<p>Enter adjusted maximum payment amount for each specific pasture type. This calculation is obtained for each specific pasture type as follows:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• 40a. short season small grains = (item 39)</li> <li>• 40b. long season small grains = (item 39 - item 41a)</li> <li>• 40c. native pasture = (item 39 - item 41a - item 41b)</li> <li>• 40d. full season improved pasture = (item 39 - item 41a - item 41b - item 41c)</li> <li>• 40e. forage sorghum = (item 39 - item 41a - item 41b - item 41c - item 41d)</li> <li>• 40f. annual planted ryegrass = (item 39 - item 41a - item 41b - item 41c - item 41d - item 41e)</li> <li>• 40g. annual planted crabgrass = (item 39 - item 41a - item 41b - item 41c - item 41d - item 41e - item 41f)</li> <li>• 40h. cool season improved = (item 39 - item 41a - item 41b - item 41c - item 41d - item 41e - item 41f - item 41g)</li> <li>• 40i. warm season improved = (item 39 - item 41a - item 41b - item 41c - item 41d - item 41e - item 41f - item 41g - item 41h)</li> </ul> <p><b>Example:</b> County A was rated a D2 drought intensity for small grains during the normal grazing period for short season small grains. County A was rated a D4 drought intensity for long season small grains, native pasture, and improved pasture during the normal grazing periods for native pasture and improved pasture. Producer A's maximum payment amount for all covered livestock (item 39) is \$50,000. The calculated payment amount for short season small grains, item 38 is \$3,000; for long season small grains is \$10,000; for native pasture is \$5,000; and for full season improved pasture is \$2,000. Item 40a for short season small grains, item 40b for long season small grains, item 40c for native pasture, and item 40d for improved pasture shall be calculated as follows:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• 40a. short season small grains = (item 39) = \$50,000</li> <li>• 40b. long season small grains = (item 39 - item 41a) = \$50,000 - \$3,000 = \$47,000</li> <li>• 40c. native pasture = (item 39 - item 41a - item 41b) = \$50,000 - 3,000 - \$10,000 = \$37,000</li> <li>• 40d. full season improved pasture = (item 39 - item 41a - item 41b - item 41c) = \$50,000 - \$3,000 - \$10,000 - \$5,000 = \$32,000.</li> </ul>

**443 CCC-853-1, Estimated Livestock Forage Disaster Program Payment Calculation Worksheet (Continued)**

**B Completing CCC-853-1 (Continued)**

Item	Instruction
41	Enter smaller of item 38 or item 40. This is the net calculated payment amount for the specific type of pasture.
42	Enter total of all item 41 line entries. This is the total net calculated payment amounts for all pasture types for drought.
<b>Part F - Fire - Federally Managed Lands - Maximum Calculated Payment by Federal Lease</b>	
<b>Note:</b> This Part F calculation shall be completed for each fire event number listed on CCC-853, item 30.	
43	Enter fire event number from CCC-853, item 30.
44	<p>Enter participant's permitted AU's from CCC-853, item 33 for the specific fire event number.</p> <p><b>Notes:</b> If an entry is entered in CCC-853, item 37, then item 37 shall be used instead of item 33.</p> <p>The permitted AU's will be listed on the producer's Federal grazing lease. If AUM's are listed on the lease, AU's can be calculated by dividing the AUM's by the number of months in the grazing lease.</p> <p><b>Example:</b> Federal permit allows grazing 500 AUM's for 5 months.</p> $500 \text{ AUM's} / 5 \text{ months} = 100 \text{ AU's.}$ <p>Ensure that AU's for each specific animal type is converted to an AU equivalent. Round to the nearest whole number. See Exhibit 16.</p> <p><b>Example:</b> 100 sheep x .25 AU's = 25 AU's.</p>
45	<p>Enter permitted grazing days from CCC-853, item 34, <b>not</b> to exceed 180 calendar days per calendar year. The permitted grazing days will be listed on the Federal grazing permit. The statute limits the grazing days to a maximum of 180 calendar days.</p> <p><b>Note:</b> If an entry is entered in CCC-853, item 38, then item 38 shall be used instead of item 34.</p>

**443 CCC-853-1, Estimated Livestock Forage Disaster Program Payment Calculation Worksheet (Continued)**

**B Completing CCC-853-1 (Continued)**

Item	Instruction
46	Enter total permitted AUD's by multiplying: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• item 44, times</li> <li>• item 45, <b>not</b> to exceed 180 calendar days.</li> </ul>
47	Enter AUD payment rate. The AUD payment rate for: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• 2011 is \$1.1523</li> <li>• 2012 is \$1.7270</li> <li>• 2013 is \$1.9090</li> <li>• 2014 is \$1.752</li> <li>• 2015 is \$1.3596</li> <li>• 2016 is \$1.0787</li> <li>• 2017 is \$1.0000</li> <li>• *--2018 is \$0.9357.--*</li> </ul>
48	National payment factor of 50 percent.
49	Enter calculated maximum payment amount for each specific fire event by multiplying: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• item 46, times</li> <li>• item 47, times</li> <li>• item 48.</li> </ul> Round to the nearest whole dollar.
50	Enter total of all entries in item 49. This is the total maximum calculated payments from Federal leases.

**443 CCC-853-1, Estimated Livestock Forage Disaster Program Payment Calculation Worksheet (Continued)**

**B Completing CCC-853-1 (Continued)**

Item	Instruction
	<b>Part G - Fire - Federally Managed Lands - Calculated Value of Reduced AUD's by Federal Lease</b>
	<b>Note:</b> This Part G calculation shall be completed for each fire event number listed on CCC-853, item 30.
51	Enter fire event number from CCC-853, item 30.
52	Enter number of AU's the producer is prohibited from grazing on the managed rangeland by the Federal Agency because of fire from CCC-853, item 35.  <b>Note:</b> If an entry is entered in CCC-853, item 39, then item 39 shall be used instead of item 35.
53	Enter number of days the producer is prohibited from grazing the normal permitted livestock on the managed rangeland by the Federal Agency because of fire from CCC-853, item 36.  <b>Note:</b> If an entry is entered in CCC-853, item 40, then item 40 shall be used instead of item 36.
54	Enter total reduced AUD's for the specific fire event number, which is the result of multiplying:  <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• item 52, times</li> <li>• item 53.</li> </ul>
55	Enter AUD payment rate. The AUD payment rate for:  <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• 2011 is \$1.1523</li> <li>• 2012 is \$1.7270</li> <li>• 2013 is \$1.9090</li> <li>• 2014 is \$1.752</li> <li>• 2015 is \$1.3596</li> <li>• 2016 is \$1.0787</li> <li>• 2017 is \$1.0000</li> <li>• *--2018 is \$0.9357.--*</li> </ul>
56	National payment factor is 50 percent.
57	Enter calculated value of the reduced AUD's for each specific fire event number by multiplying:  <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• item 54, times</li> <li>• item 55, times</li> <li>• item 56.</li> </ul> <p>Round to the nearest whole dollar.</p>
58	Enter total of all entries in item 57. This is the total value of reduced AUD's from Federal leases.

**443 CCC-853-1, Estimated Livestock Forage Disaster Program Payment Calculation Worksheet (Continued)**

**B Completing CCC-853-1 (Continued)**

Item	Instruction
<b>Part H - Fire - Federally Managed Lands - Total Net Calculated Payment Amount of Reduced AUD's</b>	
59	Enter smaller of item 50 or item 58. This is the calculated payment due the producer because of fire before reductions.
<b>Part I - Total Net Calculated Payment Amount After Reductions - Drought and/or Fire</b>	
60	Enter total net calculated payment amount before reduction by adding: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• item 42, plus</li> <li>• item 59.</li> </ul> This is the total net calculated payment amounts <b>before</b> reduction for drought and/or fire.
61	Enter amount of compensation received from other disaster assistance programs for the same grazing losses because of drought and/or fire from CCC-853, item 41.
62	Enter result of item 60 minus item 61. This is the LFP calculated payment amount due the participant for grazing losses because of drought and/or fire on Federally managed land.
<b>Part J - Calculated Payment Amount After Reduction for Previous Payments Issued</b>	
63	Enter total amount of previous calendar year LFP payments issued to the participant.
64	Enter result of item 62 minus item 63. This is the LFP estimated payment to be issued.
65A	Preparer of form shall sign.
65B	Preparer of form shall enter title.
65C	Preparer of form shall enter date form is prepared.

# 443 CCC-853-1, Estimated Livestock Forage Disaster Program Payment Calculation Worksheet (Continued)

## C Example of CCC-853-1

The following example displays the payment calculation for the Luther Hill livestock operation scenario in subparagraph 442 B for the completed CCC-853 example in subparagraph 442 C.

\*--

This form is available electronically.						1. State and County Code		2. Participant's Name	
<b>CCC-853-1</b> U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE (02-12-15) Commodity Credit Corporation						3. Calendar Year		4. Qualifying Disaster Condition Causing Grazing Loss (Check appropriate box or boxes) <input type="checkbox"/> Drought <input type="checkbox"/> Fire	
<b>ESTIMATED LIVESTOCK FORAGE DISASTER PROGRAM          PAYMENT CALCULATION WORKSHEET</b>									
<b>PART A - LIVESTOCK INFORMATION - DROUGHT - CURRENT YEAR INVENTORY AND CURRENT YEAR MITIGATED</b>									
5. Livestock Number	6. Livestock Kind/Type and Weight Range	7. Number of Livestock	8. Participant Share	9. Payment Rate Per Head	10. Livestock Monthly Feed Cost (Items 7 X 8 X 9)				
				\$	\$				
				\$	\$				
				\$	\$				
				\$	\$				
				\$	\$				
				\$	\$				
				\$	\$				
				\$	\$				
				\$	\$				
				\$	\$				
11. Total Livestock Monthly Feed Cost - Current Year (Total of Item 10)					\$				
<b>PART B - LIVESTOCK INFORMATION - DROUGHT - MITIGATED LIVESTOCK FROM PRIOR YEARS</b>									
12. Livestock Number	13. Livestock Kind/Type and Weight Range	14. Number of Livestock	15. Participant Share	16. Payment Rate Per Head	17. Partial Compensation Factor	18. Livestock Monthly Feed Cost (Items 14 X 15 X 16 X 17)			
				\$	80%	\$			
				\$	80%	\$			
				\$	80%	\$			
				\$	80%	\$			
				\$	80%	\$			
				\$	80%	\$			
19. Total Livestock Monthly Feed Cost - Prior Year Mitigated Livestock (Total of Item 18)					\$				
<b>PART C - FORAGE INFORMATION - DROUGHT - OWNED OR CASH LEASED LAND</b>									
20. Livestock Number	21. Pasture Type	22. Acres	23. Acres Per Animal Unit (AU)	24. Maximum Animal Units (MAU's) (Items 22 X 23)	25. Monthly Value of Forage	26. Carrying Capacity Monthly Feed Cost (Items 24 X 25)			
					\$	\$			
					\$	\$			
					\$	\$			
					\$	\$			
					\$	\$			
					\$	\$			

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# 443 CCC-853-1, Estimated Livestock Forage Disaster Program Payment Calculation Worksheet (Continued)

## C Example of CCC-853-1 (Continued)

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CCC-853-1 (02-12-15)										Page 2 of 4
PART D - FORAGE INFORMATION - DROUGHT - AUM OR ANIMAL UNIT LEASES										
27. Livestock Number	28. Pasture Type	29. Animal Units (AU's)	30. Monthly Value of Forage	31. Carrying Capacity Monthly Feed Cost (Items 29 x 30)						
			\$	\$						
			\$	\$						
			\$	\$						
			\$	\$						
			\$	\$						
			\$	\$						
			\$	\$						
PART E - NET PAYMENT CALCULATION FOR DROUGHT BY PASTURE TYPE										
	A. Short Season Small Grains	B. Long Season Small Grains	C. Native Pasture	D. Full Season Improved Pasture	E. Forage Sorghum	F. Annual Planted Ryegrass	G. Annual Planted Crabgrass	H. Cool Season Improved Pasture	I. Warm Season Improved Pasture	
32. Sum of Livestock Monthly Feed Cost (Items 10 + 18) for the specific livestock grazing the specific pasture type in Items 21 and/or Item 28.	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	
33. Sum of Carrying Capacity Monthly Feed Cost (Item 26 + 31) for the specific pasture type being grazed by the specific livestock in Item 6 and/or Item 13.	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	
34. Monthly Feed Cost. Enter the smaller of Item 32 or Item 33.	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	
35. National Payment Reduction Factor.	60%	60%	60%	60%	60%	60%	60%	60%	60%	
36. Calculated Monthly Payment Rate for the Specific Pasture Type Loss (Item 34 x Item 35).	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	
37. If any portion of the county is rated by the U.S. Drought Monitor as having a (Check only one box for each specific grazing land type):										
• D2 drought intensity for eight consecutive weeks during the normal grazing period for the specific type of grazing land, the calculated monthly payment rate will be multiplied by a drought intensity factor of 1.	<input type="checkbox"/> X 1	<input type="checkbox"/> X 1	<input type="checkbox"/> X 1	<input type="checkbox"/> X 1	<input type="checkbox"/> X 1	<input type="checkbox"/> X 1	<input type="checkbox"/> X 1	<input type="checkbox"/> X 1	<input type="checkbox"/> X 1	
• D3 drought intensity at anytime during the normal grazing period for the specific type of grazing land, the calculated monthly payment rate will be multiplied by a drought intensity factor of 3.	<input type="checkbox"/> X 3	<input type="checkbox"/> X 3	<input type="checkbox"/> X 3	<input type="checkbox"/> X 3	<input type="checkbox"/> X 3	<input type="checkbox"/> X 3	<input type="checkbox"/> X 3	<input type="checkbox"/> X 3	<input type="checkbox"/> X 3	

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443 CCC-853-1, Estimated Livestock Forage Disaster Program Payment Calculation Worksheet (Continued)

C Example of CCC-853-1 (Continued)

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CCC-853-1 (02-12-15)										Page 3 of 4
PART E – NET PAYMENT CALCULATION FOR DROUGHT BY PASTURE TYPE (Continuation)										
	A. Short Season Small Grains	B. Long Season Small Grains	C. Native Pasture	D. Full Season Improved Pasture	E. Forage Sorghum	F. Annual Planted Ryegrass	G. Annual Planted Crabgrass	H. Cool Season Improved Pasture	I. Warm Season Improved Pasture	
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>D4 drought intensity at anytime during the normal grazing period or a D3 intensity for any 4 week period during the normal grazing period for the specific type of grazing land, the calculated monthly payment rate will be multiplied by a drought intensity factor of 4.</li> </ul>	<input type="checkbox"/> X 4	<input type="checkbox"/> X 4	<input type="checkbox"/> X 4	<input type="checkbox"/> X 4	<input type="checkbox"/> X 4	<input type="checkbox"/> X 4	<input type="checkbox"/> X 4	<input type="checkbox"/> X 4	<input type="checkbox"/> X 4	
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>D4 drought intensity for any 4 week period during the normal grazing period for the specific type of grazing land, the calculated monthly payment rate will be multiplied by a drought intensity factor of 5.</li> </ul>	<input type="checkbox"/> X 5	<input type="checkbox"/> X 5	<input type="checkbox"/> X 5	<input type="checkbox"/> X 5	<input type="checkbox"/> X 5	<input type="checkbox"/> X 5	<input type="checkbox"/> X 5	<input type="checkbox"/> X 5	<input type="checkbox"/> X 5	
38. Enter calculated payment amount (Item 36 times Item 37)	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	
39. Maximum Payment Amount = ((Item 11 + Item 19) x 5 x 60 percent).	\$									
40. Adjusted Maximum Payment Amount:										
40a. Short Season Small grains = (Item 39) 40b. Long Season Small grains = (Item 39 – Item 41a) 40c. Native pasture = (Item 39 – Item 41a – Item 41b) 40d. Full season improved pasture = (Item 39 – Item 41a – Item 41b – Item 41c) 40e. Forage sorghum = (Item 39 – Item 41a – Item 41b – Item 41c – Item 41d) 40f. Annual Ryegrass = (Item 39 – Item 41a – Item 41b – Item 41c – Item 41d – Item 41e) 40g. Annual Crabgrass = (Item 39 – Item 41a – Item 41b – Item 41c – Item 41d – Item 41e – Item 41f) 40h. Cool season improved pasture = (Item 39 – Item 41a – Item 41b – Item 41c – Item 41d – Item 41e – Item 41f – Item 41g) 40i. Warm season improved pasture = (Item 39 – Item 41a – Item 41b – Item 41c – Item 41f – Item 41g – Item 41h)	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	
41. Net Calculated Payment Amount For Specific Pasture Type (Smaller of Item 38 or Item 40).	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	
42. Total Net Calculated Payment Amounts for All Pasture Types (Sum of All Item 41 entries).										\$

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# 443 CCC-853-1, Estimated Livestock Forage Disaster Program Payment Calculation Worksheet (Continued)

## C Example of CCC-853-1 (Continued)

CCC-853-1 (02-12-15)						Page 4 of 4
<b>PART F – FIRE – FEDERALLY MANAGED LANDS – MAXIMUM CALCULATED PAYMENT BY FEDERAL LEASE</b>						
43. Fire Event Number	44. Permitted Animal Units (AU's)	45. Permit Days (NTE 180 Days)	46. Total Permit Animal Unit Days (AUD's) (Item 44 x 45)	47. AUD Payment Rate	48. Payment Factor	49. Calculated Maximum Payment Amount (Items 46 x 47 x 48)
					50%	\$
					50%	\$
					50%	\$
					50%	\$
					50%	\$
					50%	\$
50. Total Maximum Calculated Payment Amounts From Federal Leases (Total of Item 49)						\$
<b>PART G – FIRE – FEDERALLY MANAGED LANDS – CALCULATED VALUE OF REDUCED AUD'S BY FEDERAL LEASE</b>						
51. Fire Event Number	52. Reduced AU's From Permit	53. Reduced Grazing Days From Permit	54. Total Reduced Animal Unit Days (AUD's) (Item 52 x 53)	55. AUD Payment Rate	56. Payment Factor	57. Calculated Value of Reduced AUD's (Items 54 x 55 x 56)
					50%	\$
					50%	\$
					50%	\$
					50%	\$
					50%	\$
					50%	\$
					50%	\$
58. Total Value of Reduced AUD's From Federal Leases (Total of Item 57)						\$
<b>PART H – FIRE – FEDERALLY MANAGED LANDS – TOTAL NET CALCULATED PAYMENT AMOUNT OF REDUCED AUD'S</b>						
59. Net Calculated Payment Amount of Reduced AUD's (Smaller of Item 50 or Item 58)						\$
<b>PART I – TOTAL NET CALCULATED PAYMENT AMOUNT AFTER REDUCTIONS – DROUGHT AND/OR FIRE</b>						
60. Total Net Calculated Payment Amount Before Reduction (Item 42 + Item 59)						\$
61. Reduction						\$
62. Total Net Calculated Payment Amount (Item 60 minus Item 61)						\$
<b>PART J – CALCULATED PAYMENT AMOUNT AFTER REDUCTION FOR PREVIOUS PAYMENTS ISSUED</b>						
63. Total Prior LFP Payment Amounts.						\$
64. LFP Calculated Payment Amount (Item 62 minus Item 63)						\$
65A. PREPARER SIGNATURE			65B. Title		65C. Date (MM-DD-YYYY)	

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**\*--444 CCC-770 LFP, Livestock Forage Disaster Program (LFP) Checklist****A Introduction**

The Improper Payments Information Act of 2002 requires Federal agencies to evaluate programs to determine whether internal controls are sufficient to prevent improper payments. CCC-770 LFP was developed to address areas of concern to ensure that LFP payments are issued properly.

**B Program Checklist**

CCC-770 LFP:

- is applicable to administering LFP
- may be used when a CCC-853 is filed
- does **not** negate STC, SED, State Office, DD, COC, CED, and County Office responsibility for administering all provisions applicable to LFP.

**Note:** CCC-770 LFP was developed by the National Office and is the **only** authorized checklist for LFP. County Offices will **not** use State- or locally-generated checklists for administering LFP.

**C Maintaining CCC-770 LFP**

CCC-770 LFP is applicable for each producer, by administrative county, and calendar year, as applicable.

CCC-770 LFP has been designed to assist County Offices in determining eligibility for approving or disapproving producer's CCC-853. CCC-770 LFP will be filed in the producer's LFP folder.

**D Retention Period**

All CCC-770 LFP's **must** be retained in the producer's LFP folder with CCC-853 according to 25-AS. CCC-770 LFP will be destroyed when CCC-853 is destroyed.--\*

**\*--444 CCC-770 LFP, Livestock Forage Disaster Program (LFP) Checklist (Continued)****E County Offices Using CCC-770 LFP**

County Offices may use CCC-770 LFP as a management tool to help address deficiencies identified by a review or spot check of whether LFP policies or procedures are being followed before issuing LFP payments.

The County Office employee that completes each item on CCC-770 LFP is certifying that the applicable LFP provisions have, or have **not**, been met. As an alternative, County Offices may choose to review all items after COC approval, if applicable.

After all questions on CCC-770 LFP have been answered in a manner that supports approving the applicable CCC-853, the County Office employee will sign and date CCC-770 LFP, item 35, as the preparer.

**Note:** In cases involving multiple preparers, the preparer can use item 34, “Remarks” section, to indicate which items they verified.

County Offices will see the applicable handbook provisions, as specified, for additional information.

**Reminder:** County Offices **cannot** rely solely on CCC-770 LFP for administering LFP. All program provisions **must** be met, **not** just items on CCC-770 LFP. CCC-770 LFP is a tool to assist with LFP administration and includes the major areas where deficiencies have been identified, but it is **not**, nor is it intended to be, inclusive of all LFP provisions.

**F Determining When to Use CCC-770 LFP**

SED, STC, or designee, DD, or CED, will determine:

- when County Offices are to complete CCC-770 LFP, if apparent internal control deficiencies are found during CED, STC representative, or DD reviews
- whether CCC-770 LFP is necessary to avoid findings indicated in COR reviews
- when additional internal controls are necessary to reduce improper payments.--\*

## 444 CCC-770 LFP, Livestock Forage Disaster Program (LFP) Checklist (Continued)

## \*--G Example of CCC-770 LFP

The following is an example of CCC-770 LFP.

This form is available electronically. <b>CCC-770 LFP</b> (06-08-16)		U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE Farm Service Agency		1. Producer Name	2. State Name
<b>LIVESTOCK FORAGE DISASTER PROGRAM (LFP) CHECKLIST</b>		3. County Office Name	4. Calendar Year		
Office Staff Actions		Handbook or Other Reference	YES	NO	N/A
5. Has the county triggered a loss for the specific pasture type under LFP for a qualifying drought?		1-LDAP (Rev. 1) subparagraph 411B	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
6. Did the applicant suffer a grazing loss due to fire on rangeland that is managed by a Federal agency?		1-LDAP (Rev. 1) subparagraphs 411C and 411D	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
7. If item 6 is "YES", did the applicant provide documentation from the Federal Agency to show the location of the fire, cause of fire, date the fire started, and whether the livestock producer was prohibited from grazing their normal permitted livestock and/or their grazing days were reduced because of the fire?		1-LDAP (Rev. 1) subparagraph 411D	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
8. If fire was the qualifying disaster condition causing the grazing loss, did the applicant provide the date and location of the qualifying fire in Item 8 of CCC-853?		1-LDAP (Rev. 1) paragraph 442	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
9. Has a separate CCC-853 been filed for each participant by administrative county, by physical location for the land for which a grazing loss is claimed?		1-LDAP (Rev. 1) subparagraph 440A	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
10. Did the livestock producer complete, sign, date, and submit CCC-853 by the applicable deadline?		1-LDAP (Rev. 1) subparagraph 410C and paragraph 440	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
11. Has signature authority been verified for all signatures on CCC-853?		1-CM, Part 25	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
12. Does the producer meet the requirements of an eligible livestock producer?		1-LDAP (Rev. 1) subparagraph 411H and paragraph 420	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
13. Did the producer own, lease, purchase, enter into a contract to purchase or was a contract grower of the eligible livestock at any time during the 60 calendar days before the beginning date of the qualifying loss?		1-LDAP (Rev. 1) subparagraph 411E	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
14. Do claimed mitigated livestock meet the definition of mitigated livestock to qualify for payment on the application?			<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
15. Are the claimed livestock, livestock that were or would have been grazing in the eligible county during the normal grazing period established for the county?		1-LDAP (Rev. 1) subparagraphs 411E and 411G	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
16. Are claimed livestock on CCC-853 animals that were or would have been in a feedlot on the beginning date of the qualifying loss? <i>Note: If "Yes", these livestock are not eligible.</i>			<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
17. Were all claimed livestock being maintained for commercial use as part of the producer's farming operation on the beginning date of the qualifying drought or fire?		1-LDAP (Rev. 1) subparagraphs 402A, 411E through 411G	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
18. Do all the livestock claimed on the CCC-853 meet the requirements for being eligible livestock?		1-LDAP (Rev. 1) subparagraphs 411E through 411G	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
19. Did the applicant provide the physical location of livestock in inventory on the beginning date of the qualifying grazing loss condition in Item 9 of CCC-853?		1-LDAP (Rev. 1) paragraph 442	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
20. Did the applicant provide physical location of current livestock inventory in Item 10 of CCC-853?			<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
21. Does all land claimed on the CCC-853 meet the requirements of eligible grazing land?		1-LDAP (Rev. 1) paragraph 411	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
22. For leased land, have all leases/permits and final bills or invoices if applicable, been obtained and provided to the County Office by the applicable deadline so that risk can be determined? <i>Note: Original lease or permit must allow for subleasing if producer is claiming subleased land.</i>		1-LDAP (Rev. 1) subparagraph 411J	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>

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## 444 CCC-770 LFP, Livestock Forage Disaster Program (LFP) Checklist (Continued)

## G Example of CCC-770 LFP (Continued)

Office Staff Actions		Handbook or Other Reference	YES	NO	N/A
23.	If a written lease or rental agreement was <b>not</b> entered into, is CCC-855 on file and completed correctly by the applicable signature authority?	1-LDAP (Rev. 1) subparagraph 411J and paragraph 412	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
24.	Has the FSA-578 Report of Acreage been timely filed and signed by the producer according to 2-CP for all grazing land for which a loss is being claimed?	1-LDAP (Rev. 1) subparagraph 411H	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
25.	Has the producer's contributions been determined to be at risk in the grazing and pastureland for which benefits are being requested under LFP and documented in COC minutes?	1-LDAP (Rev. 1) subparagraph 411J	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
26.	Is the grazing land or pastureland acreage claimed on CCC-853 accurate and does it agree with the producer's grazing land and/or pastureland acreage reported on FSA-578 Report of Acreage?	1-LDAP (Rev. 1) subparagraph 411H	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
27.	Has the correct carrying capacity(ies) been entered in Item 24 of CCC-853 for the specific pasture type(s) entered in Item 22 of CCC-853?	1-LDAP (Rev. 1), paragraphs 441 through 443	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
28.	If the producer is a multi-county producer, has an adjustment been made to ensure that five monthly payments are not exceeded for the same covered livestock?	1-LDAP (Rev. 1), subparagraph 421F	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
29.	Is all supporting documentation on file before CCC-853 approval?	1-LDAP (Rev. 1), subparagraph 440E	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
30.	Has CCC-853 been signed, dated, and approved by COC, CED, or authorized representative?	1-LDAP (Rev. 1), paragraphs 441 through 442	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
31.	Has CCC-853 approval/disapproval been thoroughly documented in COC minutes?	1-LDAP (Rev. 1) subparagraphs 401D and 441B	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
32.	If CCC-853 is disapproved, or if any COC adjustments have been made, has the producer been notified in writing and provided the applicable appeal rights?	1-LDAP (Rev. 1) subparagraph 441B	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
33.	Has a second party review been conducted and has CCC-853 been initialed and dated, if applicable?	1-LDAP (Rev. 1) subparagraph 440D	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
34.	Remarks				
<b>Certification:</b>					
35A. Signature of Preparer(s)	35B. Date (MM-DD-YYYY)	35C. Signature of Preparer(s)	35D. Date (MM-DD-YYYY)		
36A. I concur/do not concur the above items have been verified and updated accordingly: <input type="checkbox"/> Concur <input type="checkbox"/> Do Not Concur					
36B. CED Signature for Spot Check			36C. Date (MM-DD-YYYY)		
37A. I concur/do not concur the above items have been verified and updated accordingly: <input type="checkbox"/> Concur <input type="checkbox"/> Do Not Concur					
37B. STC Designee Signature for Spot Check			37C. Date (MM-DD-YYYY)		

In accordance with Federal civil rights law and U.S. Department of Agriculture (USDA) civil rights regulations and policies, the USDA, its Agencies, offices, and employees, and institutions participating in or administering USDA programs are prohibited from discriminating based on race, color, national origin, religion, sex, gender identity (including gender expression), sexual orientation, disability, age, marital status, family/parental status, income derived from a public assistance program, political beliefs, or reprisal or retaliation for prior civil rights activity, in any program or activity conducted or funded by USDA (not all bases apply to all programs). Remedies and complaint filing deadlines vary by program or incident.

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To file a program discrimination complaint, complete the USDA Program Discrimination Complaint Form, AD-3027, found online at [http://www.ascr.usda.gov/complaint\\_filing\\_cust.html](http://www.ascr.usda.gov/complaint_filing_cust.html) and at any USDA office or write a letter addressed to USDA and provide in the letter all of the information requested in the form. To request a copy of the complaint form, call (866) 632-9992. Submit your completed form or letter to USDA by: (1) mail: U.S. Department of Agriculture Office of the Assistant Secretary for Civil Rights 1400 Independence Avenue, SW Washington, D.C. 20250-9410; (2) fax: (202) 690-7442; or (3) email: [program.intake@usda.gov](mailto:program.intake@usda.gov). USDA is an equal opportunity provider, employer, and lender.

--\*

445-499 (Reserved)



**Part 7 LFP Software**

**Section 1 Level 2 eAuthentication Access**

**500 Accessing LFP Software**

**A Basic Information**

CCC-853 software is intuitive web-based software with a centralized database.

CCC-853's will be updated by FSA employees with Level 2 eAuthentication access.

**B Definitions**

In this part:

- user means FSA employees with Level 2 eAuthentication access, **except** where specifically noted
- home county means the same as administrative county in the web-based environment.

**500 Accessing LFP Software (Continued)****C Accessing Web-Based LFP**

Access the LFP Home Page from FSA Applications Intranet web site at  
\*--<http://fsaintranet.sc.egov.usda.gov/fsa/applications.asp>. From the FSA Intranet Screen, under “FSA Applications” “Applications Directory”, CLICK “**G-O**”. The FSA Intranet Screen will be redisplayed with applications with names started from G to O. Scroll down--\* and CLICK “**LFP - Livestock Forage Program**”.

**Note:** Internet Explorer shall be used when accessing the LFP Home Page.

**D LFP Login Screen**

After users click “LFP - Livestock Forage Program”, the following Livestock Forage Program (LFP) Screen will be displayed. CLICK “**LFP Login**” to continue.

**Livestock Forage Program (LFP)**

This Farm Service Agency web site is provided for producers to apply for benefits for LFP. LFP provides payments to eligible producers. This was a new program for 2008. LFP is calendar year specific.

**LFP Login**

USDA is committed to making its web pages accessible to all individuals. If you are a person with a disability and have trouble accessing or using our web site, please contact the FSA National Help Desk at (800)-255-2434 or the Centralized Help Desk at 800-457-3642, option 1, option 2. Please provide us with the specific URL with which you have a problem or concern.

## 500 Accessing LFP Software (Continued)

**E USDA eAuthentication Login Screen**

After users click “LFP Login”, the following USDA eAuthentication Login Screen will be displayed. To login, do either of the following:

- CLICK “Click Here to Log In With your LincPass (PIV)”
- enter user ID and password and CLICK “Login”.

USDA United States Department of Agriculture  
USDA eAuthentication

login :   
Password :

Home About eAuthentication Help Contact Us Find an LRA

You are here: eAuthentication Home > eAuthentication Login

## eAuthentication Login

**Quick Links**

- What is an account?
- Create an account
- Update your account

**Administrator Links**

- Local Registration Authority Login

**LincPass (PIV)** ?

CLICK HERE TO  
**LOG IN**  
WITH YOUR  
**LincPass (PIV)**

**User ID & Password** ?

User ID:

Password:

I forgot my [User ID](#) | [Password](#)

**REGISTER** **LOGIN**

[Change my Password](#)

**WARNING**

***Upon Login You Agree to the Following Information:***

- You are accessing a U.S. Government information system, which includes (1) this computer, (2) this computer network, (3) all computers connected to this network, and (4) all devices and storage media attached to this network or to a computer on this network. This information system is provided for U.S. Government-authorized use only.
- Unauthorized or improper use of this system may result in disciplinary action, as well as civil and criminal penalties.
- By using this information system, you understand and consent to the following:
  1. You have no reasonable expectation of privacy regarding any communications or data transiting or stored on this information system. At any time, the government may for any lawful government purpose monitor, intercept, search and seize any communication or data transiting or stored on this information system.
  2. Any communications or data transiting or stored on this information system may be disclosed or used for any lawful government purpose.
  3. Your consent is final and irrevocable. You may not rely on any statements or informal policies purporting to provide you with any expectation of privacy regarding communications on this system, whether oral or written, by your supervisor or any other official, except USDA's Chief Information Officer.

## 501 LFP Main Menu

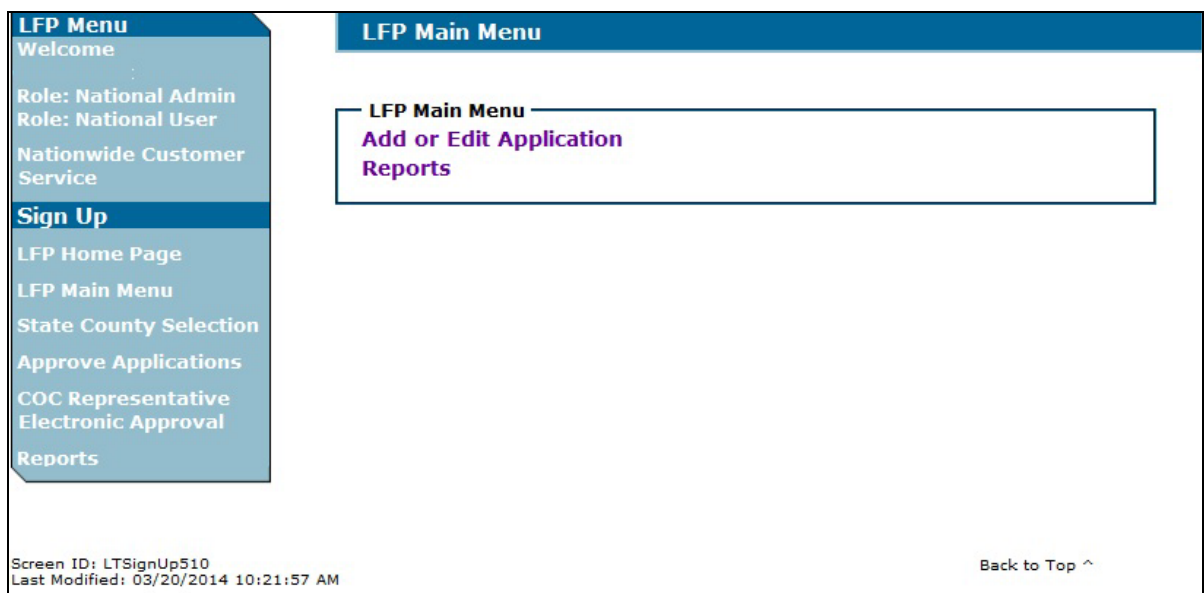
### A Overview

After user is logged in and has been authenticated, the LFP Main Menu will be displayed. The LFP Main Menu allows users to do the following:

- add CCC-853's
- edit CCC-853's
- view and print reports.

### B Example LFP Main Menu

Following is an example of the LFP Main Menu.



### C Action

The following table provides the options available on the LFP Main Menu.

Option	Result
Add or Edit Application	State and County Selection Screen will be displayed.
Reports	LFP Reports Screen will be displayed. See Section 2 for additional information on reports.

## 502 State and County Selection

### A Overview

If users click “**Add or Edit Application**” on the LFP Main Menu, the State and County Selection Screen will be displayed. Users must select an administrative State, county, and year to process CCC-853’s.

Users also have the option of selecting the “Nationwide Customer Service” link from the left navigation menu on the LFP Main Menu. This allows users to take CCC-853’s for a producer from any Service Center nationwide (see paragraph 517 for more information on Nationwide Customer Service access).

### B Example State and County Selection Screen

Following is an example of the State and County Selection Screen.



**State and County Selection**

**Select Administrative State/County**

**State-County:** Mississippi-Coahoma ▼

**Year:** 2013 ▼

### C Action

Use the drop-down lists to select the applicable:

- administrative State/county
- year.

CLICK “**Continue**” and the Producer Search - Application Status Screen will be displayed.

**\*--Note:** Program year 2011 is split into 2 program years, as follows:

- 2011A applies to losses from January 1 through September 30, 2011
- 2011B applies to losses from October 1 through December 31, 2011.--\*

## 503 Producer Search - Application Status Screen

### A Overview

After users click “Continue”, the Producer Search - Application Status Screen will be displayed. The Producer Search - Application Status Screen allows users to:

- add CCC-853’s
- view/print CCC-853’s
- edit existing CCC-853’s
- delete CCC-853’s.

### B Example Producer Search - Application Status Screen

Following is an example of the Producer Search - Application Status Screen.

Producer Search - Application Status

**Year:** 2013
**State:** Mississippi
**County:** Coahoma

---

Producer	Location State- County	Application Status	Action
PRODUCER, ANY 2	Mississippi - Coahoma	Initiated	View/Print Edit Delete
PRODUCER, ANY 3	Mississippi - Quitman	Initiated	View/Print Edit Delete
PRODUCER, ANY 1	Mississippi - Coahoma	Approved	View/Print Edit Delete

**503 Producer Search - Application Status Screen (Continued)****C Actions**

To:

- add a new CCC-853, CLICK “**Add/Search**” and the SCIMS Customer Search Screen will be displayed
- view and/or print an existing CCC-853, CLICK “**View/Edit**” next to CCC-853 to be viewed and/or printed; CCC-853 will be displayed in a separate window
- edit an existing CCC-853, do either of the following:
  - CLICK “**Edit**” next to CCC-853 to be edited and the Disaster Selection Screen will be displayed (paragraph 505)
  - CLICK “**Add/Search**” and the SCIMS Customer Search Screen will be displayed
- delete CCC-853, CLICK “**Delete**” next to CCC-853 to be deleted and the Delete Application Screen will be displayed.

## 503 Producer Search - Application Status Screen (Continued)

## D “Application Status” Column

The “Application Status” column will be displayed with the status of the producer’s CCC-853, as follows.

If the Application Status is...	THEN...
“Initiated”	CCC-853 has been started, but the producer has <b>not</b> signed CCC-853.
“Approved”	COC or designee has approved CCC-853.
“Disapproved”	COC or designee has disapproved CCC-853.
“Suspended”	<p>CCC-853 has been placed in a suspended state because of either of the following:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• changes to basic program data (for example, the removal of a previously eligible pasture type)</li> <li>• SCIMS duplicate resolution merges.</li> </ul> <p>Suspended CCC-853’s <b>must</b> be accessed and modified to ensure that the most current data is on CCC-853. A report is available that provides a list of all suspended CCC-853’s with the reason for the suspension (see paragraph 516 for additional information).</p> <p><b>Note:</b> A SCIMS duplicate resolution merge will suspend CCC-853’s tied to the merged producers. CCC-853’s tied to the producer that was “kept” will <b>not</b> be suspended. CCC-853’s suspended because of SCIMS duplicate resolution merges do <b>not</b> need to be accessed and modified.</p>

## 504 Physical Location State and County Selection Screen

### A Overview

CCC-853's are recorded in a producer's administrative County Office by physical location. The Physical Location State and County Selection Screen allows users to select the physical location where the loss occurred.

### B Example Physical Location State and County Selection Screen

Following is an example of the Physical Location State and County Selection Screen.

**Physical Location State and County Selection**

**Year:** 2013      **State:** Mississippi      **County:** Coahoma

---

**Producer:** PRODUCER, ANY 1

**Location State-County**

☐ Mississippi-Coahoma  
☐ Mississippi-Quitman  
☐ Mississippi-Tunica

### C Action

Select the applicable physical location State and county. CLICK “**Next**” and the Disaster Selection Screen will be displayed.

### D Physical Location State and County

The physical location State and county are determined from Farm Records. Ensure that the Farm Records, Tract Data Screen, “Physical Location” field in has been updated with the correct physical location according to 3-CM, paragraph 152 for prior years. For 2014, the physical location is automatically determined using GIS so it **cannot** be modified.

**505 Disaster Selection Screen****A Overview**

Disaster Selection Screen allows users to select the type of disaster for which the producer is applying.

**B Example Disaster Selection Screen**

Following is an example of the Disaster Selection Screen.

**C Actions**

Check (✓) 1 or both of the following, as applicable:

- “Fire”
- “Drought”.

CLICK “Save and Continue”.

IF user checked...	THEN...
“Fire” or both	Part B - Disaster Information Screen will be displayed (paragraph 506).
“Drought”	Part C - Livestock Information Screen will be displayed (paragraph 507).

## 506 Part B - Disaster Information Screen

### A Overview

Part B - Disaster Information Screen will **only** be displayed if user checked “Fire” or both on the Disaster Selection Screen according to paragraph 505.

Part B - Disaster Information Screen allows users to enter the date and location of the qualifying fire conditions that occurred on Federally managed rangelands **only**, for which the producer is prohibited by a Federal Agency from grazing the normal permitted livestock covered by a Federal lease.

### B Example Part B - Disaster Information Screen

Following is an example of the Part B - Disaster Information Screen.

Part B - Disaster Information

Year: 2013

State: Mississippi

County: Coahoma

Producer: PRODUCER, ANY 1

Location State: Mississippi

Location County: Coahoma

Fire Information

Begin Date:

End Date:

Location:

Save Loss

Recorded Fires

Event Number	Begin Date	End Date	Location	Action
1	08/15/2013		Farm 100	<a href="#">Edit</a> <a href="#">Delete</a>

Back

Cancel

Continue

## 506 Part B - Disaster Information Screen (Continued)

## C Field Descriptions and Actions

The following table provides the field descriptions and actions for the Part B - Disaster Information Screen.

Field/Button	Description	Action
Year	Calendar year selected on the State and County Selection Screen will be displayed.	
State	State selected on the State and County Selection Screen will be displayed.	
County	County selected on the State and County Selection Screen will be displayed.	
Producer	Producer for which CCC-853 is being updated will be displayed.	
Location State and County	Location State and county selected on the Physical Location State and County Selection Screen will be displayed.	
Begin Date	Manual entry of the begin date of the qualifying fire condition.	Enter begin and end date of the qualifying fire condition by either: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>entering the date in mmddyyyy, mmddy, or mm/dd/yyyy format</li> <li>clicking the “calendar” icon.</li> </ul> A begin date is always <b>required</b> ; however, an end date is <b>not</b> required unless the fire continued over multiple days.
End Date	Manual entry of the end date of the qualifying fire condition.	

## 506 Part B - Disaster Information Screen (Continued)

## C Field Descriptions and Actions (Continued)

Field/Button	Description	Action
Location	Free form entry.	Enter location that the qualifying fire condition occurred.  <b>Note:</b> No PII information shall be entered in this field.
Save Loss	Saves the disaster information to CCC-853. User <b>must</b> CLICK “ <b>Save Loss</b> ” <b>before</b> continuing or the disaster information will <b>not</b> be added to CCC-853.	
Begin Date	Begin date previously saved will be displayed.	
End Date	End date previously saved will be displayed.	
Location	Location previously saved will be displayed.	
Action	Allows users to edit or delete previously saved disaster information.	
Back	Disaster Selection Screen will be displayed (paragraph 505).	
Cancel	CCC-853 will be cancelled and the LFP Main Menu will be displayed (paragraph 501).	
Continue	Part C - Livestock Information Screen will be displayed (paragraph 507).	

## 507 Part C - Livestock Information Screen

## A Overview

Part C - Livestock Information Screen allows users to enter:

- where the claimed livestock were physically located on the beginning date of the grazing loss event
- the current physical location of the livestock in inventory
- other producers with an ownership interest in the livestock.

## B Example Part C - Livestock Information Screen

Following is an example of the Part C - Livestock Information Screen.

Part C - Livestock Information

**Year:** 2013
**State:** Mississippi
**County:** Coahoma

---

**Producer:** PRODUCER, ANY 1

**Location State:** Mississippi
**Location County:** Coahoma

Where were the claimed livestock physically located on the beginning date of the qualifying grazing loss condition?  
*(Include County name, farm number, etc.)*

Tunica County, Farm 1234

Where is the current physical location of the livestock in inventory?

Tunica County, Farm 1234

Associated Producers  
*(List all other producers that have an ownership share of any livestock reported and indicate their share.)*

Any 2 Producer - 50% ownership of cows

Back

Cancel

Save and Continue

## 507 Part C - Livestock Information Screen (Continued)

**C Field Descriptions and Actions**

The following table provides the field descriptions and actions for the Part C - Livestock Information Screen.

<b>Field/Button</b>	<b>Description</b>	<b>Action</b>
Year	Calendar year selected on the State and County Selection Screen will be displayed.	
State	State selected on the State and County Selection Screen will be displayed.	
County	County selected on the State and County Selection Screen will be displayed.	
Producer	Producer for which CCC-853 is being updated will be displayed.	
Location State and County	Location State and county selected on the Physical Location State and County Selection Screen will be displayed.	
Where were the claimed livestock physically located on the beginning date of the grazing loss event?	Free form entry.	Enter physical location of the livestock on the beginning date of the grazing loss event. If there are multiple locations, enter each location separated by a comma. Entry is <b>required</b> .  <b>Note:</b> No PII information shall be entered in this field.
Where is the current physical location of the livestock in inventory?	Free form entry.	Enter current physical location of the livestock in inventory. If there are multiple locations, enter each location separated by a comma. Entry is <b>required</b> .  <b>Note:</b> No PII information shall be entered in this field.

## 507 Part C - Livestock Information Screen (Continued)

## C Field Descriptions and Actions (Continued)

Field/Button	Description		Action
Please list associated producers and their approximate share percentage.	Free form entry.		Enter other producers that have an ownership share of the livestock along with that producers share. If there are multiple producers, enter each producer separated by a comma. Entry is <b>not</b> required.  <b>Note:</b> No PII information shall be entered in this field.
Back	Disaster Selection Screen will be displayed (paragraph 505).		
Cancel	CCC-853 will be cancelled and the LFP Main Menu will be displayed (paragraph 501).		
Save and Continue	<b>IF drought was...</b>	<b>THEN...</b>	
	selected on Disaster Selection Screen	Part C - Livestock Information (Continued) Screen (will be displayed (paragraph 508).	
	<b>not</b> selected on Disaster Selected Screen	Part E - Forage Information Fire Screen will be displayed (paragraph 511).	

## 508 Part C - Livestock Information (Continued) Screen

### A Overview

Part C - Livestock Information (Continued) Screen will **only** be displayed if user checked “Drought” on the Disaster Selection Screen according to paragraph 505.

Part C - Livestock Information (Continued) Screen allows users to enter inventory information for livestock owned/leased by the producer or for which the producer was a contract grower.

### B Example Part C - Livestock Information (Continued) Screen

Following is an example of the Part C - Livestock Information (Continued) Screen.

Part C - Livestock Information (Continued)

Year: 2013
State: Mississippi
County: Coahoma

---

Producer: PRODUCER, ANY 1
Location State: Mississippi
Location County: Coahoma

#### Add Livestock

**Livestock Kind:**  

Select Kind

**Type / Weight Range:**

	Current Inventory	Mitigated Current Year	Mitigated Prior 2 Years	Share %
	<div style="border: 1px solid #ccc; width: 80px; height: 20px;"></div>	<div style="border: 1px solid #ccc; width: 80px; height: 20px;"></div>	<div style="border: 1px solid #ccc; width: 80px; height: 20px;"></div>	<div style="border: 1px solid #ccc; width: 80px; height: 20px;"></div> %
<b>COC Use Only</b>	<div style="border: 1px solid #ccc; width: 80px; height: 20px;"></div>	<div style="border: 1px solid #ccc; width: 80px; height: 20px;"></div>	<div style="border: 1px solid #ccc; width: 80px; height: 20px;"></div>	

Save Livestock

#### Livestock Kind

Livestock Kind	Type / Weight Range	Current Inventory	Mitigated Current Year	Mitigated Prior 2 Years	Share %	Action
Beef	Adult Cows and Bulls	150	30	20	50.00	
	<b>COC Use Only</b>	-	-	-		<a href="#" style="color: blue; text-decoration: none;">Edit</a> <a href="#" style="color: blue; text-decoration: none;">Delete</a>
Beef	Non-adult 500 pounds or more	200	-	-	100.00	
	<b>COC Use Only</b>	-	-	-		<a href="#" style="color: blue; text-decoration: none;">Edit</a> <a href="#" style="color: blue; text-decoration: none;">Delete</a>

Livestock Kind	Type / Weight Range	Current Inventory	Mitigated Current Year	Mitigated Prior 2 Years	Share %	Action
Sheep	All	400	-	-	100.00	
	<b>COC Use Only</b>	-	-	-		<a href="#" style="color: blue; text-decoration: none;">Edit</a> <a href="#" style="color: blue; text-decoration: none;">Delete</a>

Back

Cancel

Continue

**508 Part C - Livestock Information (Continued) Screen (Continued)****C Field Descriptions and Actions**

The following table provides the field descriptions and actions for the Part C - Livestock Information (Continued) Screen.

<b>Field/Button</b>	<b>Description</b>	<b>Action</b>
Year	Calendar year selected on the State and County Selection Screen will be displayed.	
State	State selected on the State and County Selection Screen will be displayed.	
County	County selected on the State and County Selection Screen will be displayed.	
Producer	Producer for which CCC-853 is being updated will be displayed.	
Location State and County	Location State and county selected on the Physical Location State and County Selection Screen will be displayed.	
Livestock Kind	Manual selection.	Select kind of livestock from the drop-down list.
Type/Weight Range	Manual selection.	Select type and weight range from the drop-down list.

## 508 Part C - Livestock Information (Continued) Screen (Continued)

## C Field Descriptions and Actions (Continued)

Field/Button	Description	Action
Current Inventory	Manual entry.	Enter number of covered livestock owned/leased by the producer or for which the producer was a contract grower that was in inventory during the 60 calendar days before the beginning date of the applicable qualifying grazing loss condition.
COC Adjusted Current Inventory	Manual entry.	Enter COC adjusted current year inventory, if applicable.
Mitigated Current Year	Manual entry.	Enter number of covered livestock that were sold or otherwise disposed of because of a qualifying drought condition during the current production year. See subparagraph 442, step 15 for additional information.
COC Adjusted Mitigated Current Year	Manual entry.	Enter COC adjusted current year mitigated, if applicable.
Mitigated Prior 2 Years	Manual entry.	Enter number of mitigated livestock that were sold because of drought in either 1 or both of the prior production years. See subparagraph 442, step 16 for additional information.

## 508 Part C - Livestock Information (Continued) Screen (Continued)

## C Field Descriptions and Actions (Continued)

Field/Button	Description	Action
COC Adjusted Mitigated Prior 2 Years	Manual entry.	Enter COC adjusted prior years mitigated, if applicable.
Share	Manual entry.	Enter producer's ownership, cash lease, or contract grower share in the livestock on the beginning date of the applicable grazing loss event for which a grazing loss was suffered.
Save Livestock	Saves livestock information to CCC-853. User <b>must</b> CLICK " <b>Save Livestock</b> " before continuing or the livestock information will <b>not</b> be added to CCC-853.	
Livestock Kind	Livestock kind that was previously saved will be displayed.	
Type/Weight Range	Livestock type and weight range that was previously saved will be displayed.	
Current Inventory	Current inventory that was previously saved will be displayed.	
Mitigated Current Year	Current year mitigated that was previously saved will be displayed.	
Mitigated Prior 2 Years	Prior years mitigated that was previously saved will be displayed.	
Share	Share that was previously saved will be displayed.	
COC Use Only	If applicable, COC adjusted amounts previously saved will be displayed.	
Action	Allows users to edit or delete previously saved livestock information.	
Back	Part C - Livestock Information Screen will be displayed (paragraph 507).	
Continue	Part D - Forage Information Drought Screen will be displayed (paragraph 509).	
Cancel	CCC-853 will be cancelled and the LFP Main Menu will be displayed (paragraph 501).  All data saved on CCC-853 up to this point will be saved.	

## 509 Part D - Forage Information Drought Screen

### A Overview

Part D - Forage Information Drought Screen allows users to enter forage information for owned or cash-leased land normally used in the operation to support eligible covered livestock during the qualifying **drought** grazing loss condition.

### B Example Part D - Forage Information Drought Screen

Following is an example of Part D - Forage Information Drought Screen.

Part D - Forage Information (Owned or Cash Leased Land)

**Year:** 2013
**State:** Mississippi
**County:** Coahoma

**Producer:** PRODUCER, ANY 1

**Location State:** Mississippi
**Location County:** Coahoma

#### Add Owned or Cash Leased Land

##### Select Livestock

Livestock ID	Livestock Kind	Type/Weight (LBS)	Current Inventory	Share %
<input type="checkbox"/> 1	Beef	Adult Cows and Bulls	150	50.00
<input type="checkbox"/> 2	Beef	Non-adult 500 pounds or more	200	100.00
<input type="checkbox"/> 3	Sheep	All	400	100.00

**Pasture Type:** Select Type

Acres

Carrying Capacity

COC Use Only

Save Forage Information

#### Owned or Cash Leased

Pasture Type: Native Pasture

Livestock ID	Livestock Kind / Type/Weight (LBS)	Acres	Carrying Capacity	Action
1	Beef Adult Cows and Bulls	1,750.00		
<b>COC Use Only</b>			15.0	Edit Delete

Pasture Type: Small Grains - Long Season

Livestock ID	Livestock Kind / Type/Weight (LBS)	Acres	Carrying Capacity	Action
2	Beef Non-adult 500 pounds or more	500.00		
<b>COC Use Only</b>			5.0	Edit Delete

Back

Cancel

Continue

## 509 Part D - Forage Information Drought Screen (Continued)

## C Field Descriptions and Actions

The following table provides the field descriptions and actions for the Part D - Forage Information Drought Screen.

Field/Button	Description	Action
Year	Calendar year selected on the State and County Selection Screen will be displayed.	
State	State selected on the State and County Selection Screen will be displayed.	
County	County selected on the State and County Selection Screen will be displayed.	
Producer	Producer for which CCC-853 is being updated will be displayed.	
Location State and County	Location State and County selected on the Physical Location State and County Selection Screen will be displayed.	
Select Livestock	Manual selection.	Select livestock that are grazing or would have been grazing the pasture.
Pasture Type	Manual selection.	Select pasture type for owned or cash-leased land normally used in the operation to support eligible covered livestock during the qualifying <b>drought</b> condition grazing loss event.
Acres	Manual entry.	Enter acres associated with the selected pasture type. See subparagraph 442, step 23 for additional information.
COC Adjusted Acres	Manual entry.	Enter COC adjusted acres, if applicable.
Carrying Capacity	Manual entry.	Enter carrying capacity. Entry is required <b>before</b> CCC-853 approval.
Save Forage Information	Saves the forage information to CCC-853. User <b>must CLICK "Save Forage Information" before</b> continuing or the livestock information will <b>not</b> be added to CCC-853.	

**509 Part D - Forage Information Drought Screen (Continued)****C Field Descriptions and Actions (Continued)**

<b>Field/Button</b>	<b>Description</b>	<b>Action</b>
Livestock ID	Livestock ID for the livestock that was previously saved will be displayed.	
Acres	The acres that were previously saved will be displayed.	
COC Adjusted Acres	If applicable, COC adjusted acres previously saved will be displayed.	
Carrying Capacity	Carrying capacity previously saved will be displayed.	
Action	Allows users to edit or delete previously saved forage information.	
Back	Part C - Livestock Information (Continued) Screen will be displayed (paragraph 508).	
Continue	Part D - Forage Information Drought Screen will be displayed (paragraph 510).	
Cancel	CCC-853 will be cancelled and the LFP Main Menu will be displayed (paragraph 501).  All data saved on CCC-853 up to this point will be saved.	

## 510 Part D - Forage Information Drought (Continued) Screen

### A Overview

Part D - Forage Information Drought (Continued) Screen allows users to enter forage information for AUM or AU leased land normally used in the operation to support eligible covered livestock during the qualifying **drought** grazing loss condition.

### B Example Part D - Forage Information Drought (Continued) Screen

Following is an example of the Part D - Forage Information Drought (Continued) Screen.

Part D - Forage Information Drought (AUM/AU leased land)

**Year:** 2013
**State:** Mississippi
**County:** Coahoma

---

**Producer:** PRODUCER, ANY 1
**Location State:** Mississippi
**Location County:** Coahoma

**Add AUM/AU leased land**

Select Livestock					
	Livestock ID	Livestock Kind	Type/Weight (LBS)	Current Inventory	Share %
<input type="checkbox"/>	1	Beef	Adult Cows and Bulls	150	50.00
<input type="checkbox"/>	2	Beef	Non-adult 500 pounds or more	200	100.00
<input type="checkbox"/>	3	Sheep	All	400	100.00

**Pasture Type:** Select Type

Animal Units	COC Adjusted Animal Units

Save Forage Information

**AUM/AU leased land**

Pasture Type: Native Pasture

Livestock ID	Livestock Kind / Type/Weight (LBS)	Animal Units	COC Adjusted Animal Units	Action
3	Sheep All	100	-	<a href="#">Edit</a> <a href="#">Delete</a>

Back
Cancel
Continue

## 510 Part D - Forage Information Drought (Continued) Screen (Continued)

## C Field Descriptions and Actions

The following table provides the field descriptions and actions for the Part D - Forage Information Drought (Continued) Screen.

Field/Button	Description	Action
Year	Calendar year selected on the State and County Selection Screen will be displayed.	
State	State selected on the State and County Selection Screen will be displayed.	
County	County selected on the State and County Selection Screen will be displayed.	
Producer	Producer for which CCC-853 is being updated will be displayed.	
Location State and County	Location State and County selected on the Physical Location State and County Selection Screen will be displayed.	
Select Livestock	Manual selection.	Select livestock that are grazing or would have been grazing the pasture.
Pasture Type	Manual selection.	Select pasture type for owned or cash-leased land normally used in the operation to support eligible covered livestock during the qualifying <b>drought</b> condition grazing loss event.
Animal Units	Manual entry.	Enter number of AU's allowed by the selected pasture type. See paragraph 442, step 28 for additional information.
COC Adjusted Animal Units	Manual entry.	Enter COC adjusted AU's, if applicable.
Save Forage Information	Saves the forage information to CCC-853. User <b>must CLICK "Save Forage Information" before</b> continuing or the livestock information will <b>not</b> be added to CCC-853.	

## 510 Part D - Forage Information Drought (Continued) Screen (Continued)

## C Field Descriptions and Actions (Continued)

Field/Button	Description		Action
Livestock ID	Livestock ID for the livestock that was previously saved will be displayed.		
Animal Units	AU's that were previously saved will be displayed.		
COC Adjusted Animal Units	If applicable, COC adjusted AU's previously saved will be displayed.		
Action	Allows users to edit or delete previously saved forage information.		
Back	Part D - Forage Information Drought Screen will be displayed (paragraph 509).		
Continue	<b>IF fire was...</b>	<b>THEN...</b>	
	selected on Disaster Selection Screen	Part E - Forage Information Fire Screen will be displayed (paragraph 511).	
	<b>not</b> selected on Disaster Selection Screen	Producer Summary Screen will be displayed (paragraph 512).	
Cancel	CCC-853 will be cancelled and the LFP Main Menu will be displayed (paragraph 501).  All data saved on CCC-853 up to this point will be saved.		

## 511 Part E - Forage Information Fire Screen

### A Overview

Part E - Forage Information Fire Screen allows users to enter rangeland that is managed by a Federal Agency that was affected by **fire** for which the eligible producer is prohibited by a Federal Agency from grazing the normal permitted livestock on the managed rangeland because of fire.

### B Example Part E - Forage Information Fire Screen

Following is an example of the Part E - Forage Information Fire Screen.

Part E - Forage Information (Federal Managed Lands)

**Year:** 2013
**State:** Mississippi
**County:** Coahoma

**Producer:** PRODUCER, ANY 1

**Location State:** Mississippi
**Location County:** Coahoma

Add Federal Managed Lands (Fire Affected)

**Pasture Number:**

**Pasture Type:**

**Fire:**

	Permitted Animal Units	Permit Days	Reduced Animal Units	Reduced Grazing Days
	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>
<b>COC Use Only</b>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>

Federal Managed Lands (Fire Affected)

**Pasture Number:** 1

**Fire:** 1) 08/15/2013 Farm 100

**Pasture Type:** Rangeland

	Permitted Animal Units	Permit Days	Reduced Animal Units	Reduced Grazing Days	Action
	57	185	48	154	<a href="#">Edit</a> <a href="#">Delete</a>
<b>COC Use Only</b>	-	-	-	-	

**Pasture Number:** 2

**Fire:** 1) 08/15/2013 Farm 100

**Pasture Type:** Rangeland

	Permitted Animal Units	Permit Days	Reduced Animal Units	Reduced Grazing Days	Action
	28	184	23	154	<a href="#">Edit</a> <a href="#">Delete</a>
<b>COC Use Only</b>	-	-	-	-	

## 511 Part E - Forage Information Fire Screen (Continued)

**C Field Descriptions and Actions**

The following table provides the field descriptions and actions for the Part E - Forage Information Fire Screen.

Field/Button	Description	Action
Year	Calendar year selected on the State and County Selection Screen will be displayed.	
State	State selected on the State and County Selection Screen will be displayed.	
County	County selected on the State and County Selection Screen will be displayed.	
Producer	Producer for which CCC-853 is being updated will be displayed.	
Location State and County	Location State and County selected on the Physical Location State and County Selection Screen will be displayed.	
Pasture Number	Manual entry.	Manually assign a pasture number to each fire event.
Pasture Type	Manual selection.	Select “ <b>rangeland</b> ” as the pasture type.
Fire	Manual selection.	Select fire event.
Permitted Animal Units	Manual entry.	Enter permitted AU’s from the Federal grazing lease agreement.
COC Adjusted Permitted Animal Units	Manual entry.	Enter COC adjusted permitted AU’s, if applicable.
Permit Days	Manual entry.	Enter number of permit days grazing is allowed under the Federal lease agreement during the calendar year.
COC Adjusted Permit Days	Manual entry.	Enter COC adjusted permit days, if applicable.

## 511 Part E - Forage Information Fire Screen (Continued)

## C Field Descriptions and Actions (Continued)

Field/Button	Description	Action
Reduced Animal Units	Manual entry.	Enter number of AU's the producer is prohibited from grazing on the rangeland managed by a Federal Agency because of fire.
COC Adjusted Reduced Animal Units	Manual entry.	Enter COC adjusted reduced AU's, if applicable.
Reduced Grazing Days	Manual entry.	Enter number of days the producer is prohibited from grazing the normal permitted livestock on the rangeland managed by a Federal Agency because of fire.
COC Adjusted Reduced Grazing Days	Manual entry.	Enter COC adjusted reduced grazing days, if applicable.
Save Forage Information	Saves forage information to CCC-853. User <b>must</b> CLICK "Save Forage Information" before continuing or the livestock information will <b>not</b> be added to CCC-853.	
Fire	Fire event previously saved will be displayed.	
Pasture Number	Pasture number previously saved will be displayed.	
Pasture Type	Pasture type previously saved will be displayed.	
Permitted Animal Units	Permitted AU's previously saved will be displayed.	
Permit Days	Permit days previously saved will be displayed.	
Reduced Animal Units	Reduced AU's previously saved will be displayed.	

## 511 Part E - Forage Information Fire Screen (Continued)

## C Field Descriptions and Actions (Continued)

Field/Button	Description		Action
Action	Allows users to edit or delete previously saved forage information.		
Back	<b>IF drought was...</b>	<b>THEN...</b>	
	selected on Disaster Selection Screen	Part D - Forage Information Drought (Continued) Screen will be displayed (paragraph 510).	
	<b>not</b> selected on Disaster Selection Screen	Part C - Livestock Information Screen will be displayed (paragraph 507).	
Cancel	CCC-853 will be cancelled and the LFP Main Menu will be displayed (paragraph 501).  All data saved on CCC-853 up to this point will be saved.		
Continue	Producer Summary Screen will be displayed (paragraph 512).		

## 512 Producer Summary Screen

## A Overview

Producer Summary Screen allows users to:

- load other compensation
- review all CCC-853 data that has been entered
- \* \* \*
- enter the producer signature type and date
- approve/disapprove CCC-853.

## B Example Producer Summary Screen

Following is an example of the top of the Producer Summary Screen.

Producer Summary							
Year: 2013		State: Mississippi			County: Coahoma		
Producer: PRODUCER, ANY 1							
Location State: Mississippi				Location County: Coahoma			
<b>Part B - Disaster Information (Type of Event: Fire, Drought)</b>							
<b>Fire Information</b>							
Event Number	Begin Date	End Date	Location				
1	Aug 15, 2013		Farm 100				
<b>Part C - Livestock Information</b>							
<b>Livestock Location and Associated Producer Information</b>							
Where were the claimed livestock physically located on the beginning date of the qualifying grazing loss condition? (Include County name, farm number, etc.)							
Tunica County, Farm 1234							
Where is the current physical location of the livestock in inventory?							
Tunica County, Farm 1234							
Associated Producers (List all other producers that have an ownership share of any livestock reported and indicate their share.)							
Any 2 Producer - 50% ownership of cows							
<b>Livestock Itemizations Descriptions</b>							
Livestock ID	Livestock Kind	Type/Weight (LBS)	Current Inventory	Mitigated Current Year	Mitigated Prior 2 Years	Share %	
1	Beef	Adult Cows and Bulls	150	30	20	50.00	
COC Use Only							
Livestock ID	Livestock Kind	Type/Weight (LBS)	Current Inventory	Mitigated Current Year	Mitigated Prior 2 Years	Share %	
2	Beef	Non-adult 500 pounds or more	200			100.00	
COC Use Only							
Livestock ID	Livestock Kind	Type/Weight (LBS)	Current Inventory	Mitigated Current Year	Mitigated Prior 2 Years	Share %	
3	Sheep	All	400			100.00	
COC Use Only							

## 512 Producer Summary Screen (Continued)

## B Example Producer Summary Screen (Continued)

Following is an example of the bottom of the Producer Summary Screen.

\*--

Part D - Forage Information Drought				
Owned, share leased, or cash leased				
Pasture Type: Small Grains - Long Season				
Livestock ID	Livestock Kind / Type/Weight (LBS)	Acres	Carrying Capacity	
2	Beef Non-adult 500 pounds or more	500.00		
COC Use Only			5.00	
Pasture Type: Native Pasture				
Livestock ID	Livestock Kind / Type/Weight (LBS)	Acres	Carrying Capacity	
1	Beef Adult Cows and Bulls	1,750.00		
COC Use Only			15.00	
AUM/AU leased land				
Pasture Type: Native Pasture				
Livestock ID	Livestock Kind / Type/Weight (LBS)	Animal Units		
3	Sheep All	100		
COC Use Only				
Part E - Forage Information Fire				
Federal Managed Lands (Fire Affected)				
Pasture Type: Rangeland				
Pasture Number: 1				
Fire Event Number	Animal Units	Permit Days	Reduce Animal Units	Reduced Grazing Days
1	57	185	48	154
COC Use Only				
Pasture Type: Rangeland				
Pasture Number: 2				
Fire Event Number	Animal Units	Permit Days	Reduce Animal Units	Reduced Grazing Days
1	28	184	23	154
COC Use Only				
Other Compensation:		<input type="text" value="0"/>		
Type of Signature		Date of Signature		
<input type="text" value="Select Type"/>		<input type="text" value=""/>		
Register Date		<input type="text" value=""/>		
COC Signature Date		<input type="text" value=""/>		
		<input type="checkbox"/> Approve <input type="checkbox"/> Disapprove		
<input type="button" value="Back"/> <input type="button" value="Cancel"/> <input type="button" value="Save/Submit"/>				

\*--

## 512 Producer Summary Screen (Continued)

**C Field Descriptions/Actions**

The following table provides the field descriptions and actions for the Producer Summary Screen.

Field/Button	Description	Action
Year	Calendar year selected on the State and County Selection Screen will be displayed.	
State	State selected on the State and County Selection Screen will be displayed.	
County	County selected on the State and County Selection Screen will be displayed.	
Producer	Producer for which CCC-853 is being updated will be displayed.	
Location State and County	Location State and county selected on the Physical Location State and County Selection Screen will be displayed.	
Disaster Information	Disaster Information entered on the Disaster Information Screen (paragraph 506) will be displayed.	
Livestock Location and Associated Producer Information	Livestock location and associated producers that were entered on the Part C - Livestock Information Screen (paragraph 507) will be displayed.	
Livestock Information	Livestock inventory entered on the Part C - Livestock Information (Continued) Screen (paragraph 508) will be displayed.	
Forage Information	Forage information entered on the Part D - Forage Information Drought Screens (paragraphs 509 and 510) and Part E - Forage Information Fire Screen (paragraph 511) will be displayed.	
Other Compensation	Manual entry.	Enter amount of compensation received from other disaster assistance programs for the same grazing loss.
Type of Signature	Manual selection. The type of signature provided by the producer.  Eligible signature types are: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• paper</li> <li>• FAX.</li> </ul>	Signature types shall only be updated after either of the following occurs: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• producer signs and dates CCC-853</li> <li>• FAX with the producer's signature and date has been received in the County Office.</li> </ul>

## 512 Producer Summary Screen (Continued)

## C Field Descriptions/Actions (Continued)

Field/Button	Description		Action
Date of Signature	Manual entry of the date the producer signed or FAXed CCC-853.		Enter date producer signed or FAXed CCC-853 in mmddyyyy, mmddyy, or mm/dd/yyyy format or select the date from the calendar.
*--Register Date	Manual Entry of register date.		Enter the date the producer was entered into the register. For 2014, if the producer was on an online register, internal register, or the application was started in the system by COB September 30, 2014, then enter, "09/30/2014".  <b>Note:</b> This field is used by the system to calculate the correct sequestration factor.--*
COC Signature Date	Manual entry of the date COC signed CCC-853.		Enter date COC signed CCC 853 in mmddyyyy, mmddyy, or mm/dd/yyyy format or select the date from the calendar.
Approve/ Disapprove	Manual selection.		Select whether CCC-853 will be approved or disapproved.
Back	<b>IF fire was...</b>	<b>THEN...</b>	
	selected on Disaster Selection Screen	Part E - Forage Information Fire Screen will be displayed (paragraph 511).	
	<b>not</b> selected on Disaster Selection Screen	Part D - Forage Information Drought (Continued) Screen will be displayed (paragraph 510).	
Cancel	CCC-853 will be cancelled and the LFP Main Menu will be displayed (paragraph 501).  All data saved on CCC-853 up to this point will be saved.		
Save/Submit	CCC-853 will be submitted and the Application Confirmation Screen will be displayed (paragraph 513).		

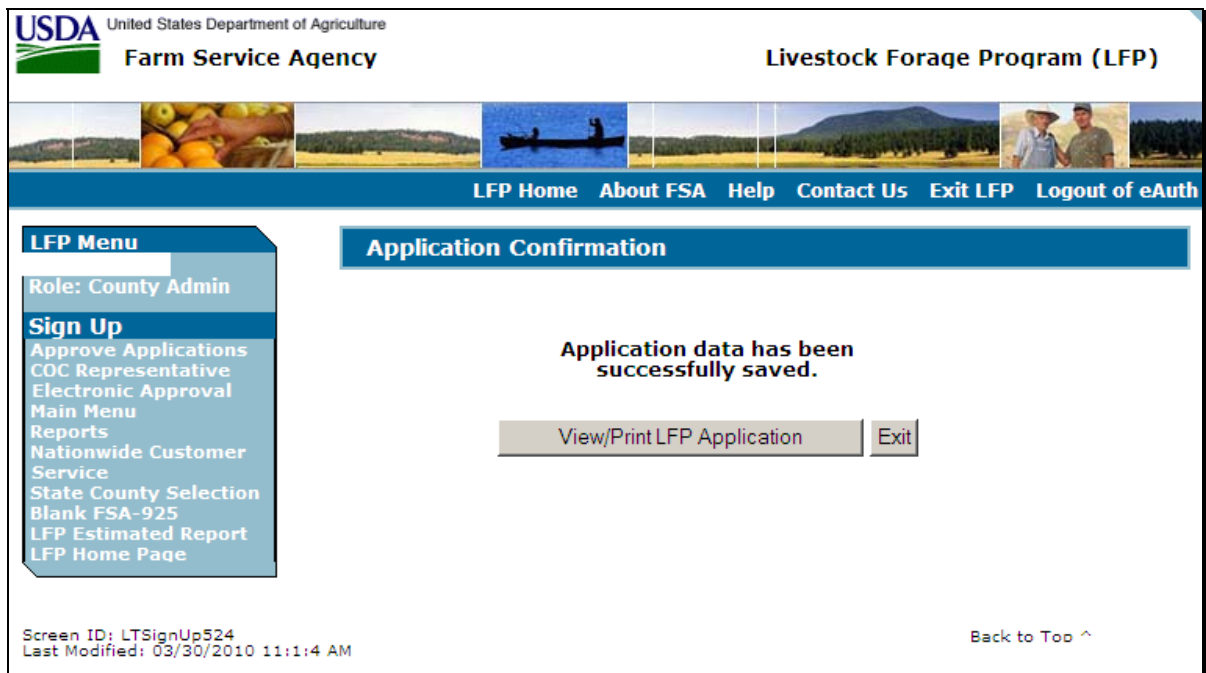
## 513 Application Confirmation Screen

### A Overview

Application Confirmation Screen allows users to view and/or print CCC-853.

### B Example Application Confirmation Screen

Following is an example of the Application Confirmation Screen.



### C Actions

To view and or print CCC-853, CLICK “**View/Print LFP Application**” and CCC-853 will be displayed in a separate window. CCC-853 will contain only application data that has been entered into the system as of the date it is being printed.

## 514 Approve/Disapprove Applications Screen


### A Overview

A process to enter the same approval/disapproval date to multiple CCC-853's is available in the web-based software. To access the multiple CCC-853 approval/disapproval process, CLICK “**Approve Applications**” link in the left navigation menu. Approve/Disapprove Applications Screen will be displayed.

**Note:** The approval/disapproval date can also be entered by specific CCC-853 on the Producer Summary Screen.

### B Example Approve/Disapprove Applications Screen

Following is an example of the Approve/Disapprove Applications Screen.

Approve/Disapprove Applications		
Program Year	State	County
2013	Mississippi	Coahoma
Producer	Location State-County	
PRODUCER, ANY 1	Mississippi - Coahoma	<input type="checkbox"/> Select Application
PRODUCER, ANY 2	Mississippi - Coahoma	<input type="checkbox"/> Select Application
Approval Date:		<input type="text"/> 
<input type="button" value="Select All"/>	<input type="button" value="Clear All"/>	<input type="button" value="Approve"/> <input type="button" value="Disapprove"/>

## 514 Approve/Disapprove Applications Screen (Continued)

**C Field Descriptions/Actions**

The following table provides the field descriptions and actions for the Approve/Disapprove Applications Screen.

Field/Button	Description	Action
Year	Manual selection.	Select year for which bulk approval/disapproval will be completed.
State	Manual selection.	Select State for which the bulk approval/disapproval will be completed.
County	Manual selection.	Select administrative county for which the bulk approval/disapproval will be completed.
Producer	Producers with CCC-853's ready for approval/disapproval will be displayed.	
Location State-County	Location State and County of the CCC-853.	
Select Application	Manual selection.	Select CCC-853's to be approved or disapproved.
Approval Date	Manual entry of the approval/disapproval date.	Enter date COC approved/disapproved CCC-853.
Select All	Selects all listed CCC-853's for approval/disapproval.	
Clear All	Clears all selections.	
Approve	Approves all selected CCC-853's.	
Disapprove	Disapproves all selected CCC-853's.	

**D Criteria for Being Included in Multiple Approval Process**

CCC-853 **must** be signed and dated by the producer for CCC-853 to be included in the multiple approval process.

## 515 CCC Representative Electronic Approval/Disapproval Screen

### A Overview

A CCC representative electronic approval/disapproval process is available in the web-based software. To access the CCC Representative Electronic Approval/Disapproval, CLICK “**CCC Representative Electronic Approval**” link in the left navigation menu. CCC Representative Electronic Approval/Disapproval Screen will be displayed.

**Note:** All FSA County Office employees will have access to the CCC Representative Electronic Approval/Disapproval process; however, **only employees that are designated to approve/disapprove CCC-853’s shall access and electronically approve CCC-853’s.**

The approving official’s name will be printed in the “County Committee Determination” signature block and the system date will be entered for the approval/disapproval date.

### B Example CCC Representative Electronic Approval/Disapproval Screen

Following is an example of the CCC Representative Electronic Approval/Disapproval Screen.

COC Representative Electronic Approval/Disapproval				
Program Year		State	County	
2013 ▼		Mississippi ▼	Coahoma ▼	
Producer	Location State-County	Electronic Signature	CCC-853	
PRODUCER, ANY 1	Mississippi - Coahoma	<input type="checkbox"/> Electronically Sign	<a href="#">View Application</a>	
PRODUCER, ANY 2	Mississippi - Coahoma	<input type="checkbox"/> Electronically Sign	<a href="#">View Application</a>	
<input type="button" value="Select All"/>		<input type="button" value="Clear All"/>	<input type="button" value="Approve"/>	<input type="button" value="Disapprove"/>

**515 CCC Representative Electronic Approval/Disapproval Screen (Continued)****C Field Descriptions/Actions**

The following table provides the field descriptions and actions for the CCC Representative Electronic Approval/Disapproval Screen.

<b>Field/Button</b>	<b>Description</b>	<b>Action</b>
Year	Manual selection.	Select year for which CCC representative electronic approval/disapproval will be completed.
State	Manual selection.	Select State for which CCC representative electronic approval/disapproval will be completed.
County	Manual selection.	Select county for which CCC representative electronic approval/disapproval will be completed.
Producer	Producers with CCC-853's ready for approval/disapproval.	
Location State-County	Location State and County of the CCC-853.	
Electronic Signature	Manual selection.	Select CCC-853's to be electronically approved or disapproved.
CCC-853	Click View Application to display the PDF version of the CCC-853.	
Select All	Selects all listed CCC-853's for approval/disapproval.	
Clear All	Clears all selections.	
Approve	Approves all selected CCC-853's.	
Disapprove	Disapproves all selected CCC-853's.	

**D Criteria for Being Included in Multiple Approval Process**

CCC-853 must be signed and dated by the producer for CCC-853 to be included in the multiple approval process.

**516 LFP Reports Screen****A Overview**

Several standard reports are being provided for County Offices to use as tools for LFP signup. To access the Reports Menu, CLICK “**Reports**” under LFP Menu. LFP Reports Screen will be displayed.

**B Example LFP Reports Screen**

Following is an example of the Livestock Forage Program (LFP) Reports Screen.

**Livestock Forage Program (LFP) Reports**

**Program Year**  
Select Year ▼

**State**  
Select State ▼

**County**  
Select County ▼

**Reports**

☒ 1. Summary Report

☐ 2. Approved Applications


☐ 3. Initiated Applications with No Producer Signature Date


☐ 4. Initiated Applications with No COC or Designee Signature Date

☐ 5. Deleted Applications

☐ 6. Disapproved Applications

☐ 7. Suspended Applications

**Start Date:**  

**End Date:**  

Cancel

Create Report

## 516 LFP Reports Screen (Continued)

**C Descriptions of Reports**

The following table provides the report, action required, and data elements on the report. Only 1 report can be created at a time.

<b>Report</b>	<b>Action</b>	<b>Result</b>
Year	Manual selection.	Select the year for which reports will be run.
State	Manual selection.	Select the State for which reports will be run.
County	Manual selection.	Select the county for which reports will be run.
Summary Report	Select report.	Report will be displayed providing a summary of CCC-853 information in the year, State, and county selected.
Approved Applications	Select report.	Report will be displayed identifying all producers with approved CCC-853's in the year, State, and county selected.
Initiated Applications with No Producer Signature Date	Select report.	Report will be displayed identifying CCC-853's that have been initiated, but have <b>not</b> been signed by the producer in the year, State, and county selected.
Initiated Applications with No COC or Designee Signature Date	Select report.	Report will be displayed identifying CCC-853's that have been initiated, but have <b>not</b> been approved by COC or designee in the year, State, and county selected.
Deleted Applications	Select report.	Report will be displayed identifying all CCC-853's that have been deleted in the year, State, and county selected.
Disapproved Applications	Select report.	Report will be displayed identifying all CCC-853's that have been disapproved in the year, State, and county selected.
Suspended Applications	Select report.	Report will be displayed identifying CCC-853's that have been suspended in the year, State, and county selected.
Start Date	Manual entry.	Provide a start date to limit data displayed on any of the reports.
End Date	Manual entry.	Provide an end date to limit date displayed on any of the reports.
Cancel	Returns user to the LFP Main Menu without displaying a report.	
Create Report	The selected report will be displayed.	

## 517 Nationwide Customer Service

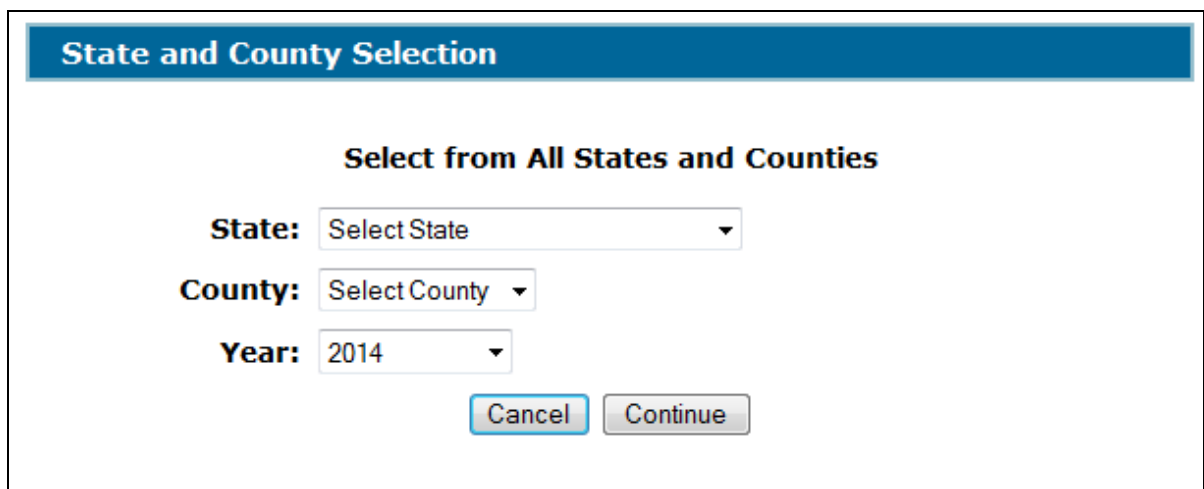
### A County Office User Access

The web-based LFP software automatically allows for nationwide customer service for County Office users. County Office users can access and load CCC-853's for any producer nationwide. This service will be extremely beneficial for travelers, absentee landowners, etc. County Office employees loading nationwide CCC-853's will have limited authority.

Access "Nationwide Customer Service" link from the left navigation menu on the LFP Main Menu. State and County Selection Screen will be displayed.

### B Example State and County Selection Screen for Nationwide Customer Service

Following is an example of the State and County Selection Screen for Nationwide Customer Service.



**State and County Selection**

Select from All States and Counties

State: Select State ▼

County: Select County ▼

Year: 2014 ▼

Cancel Continue

### C Action

Use the drop-down lists to select the applicable:

- State
- county
- year.

CLICK "**Continue**" and the Producer Search - Application Status Screen will be displayed.

**517 Nationwide Customer Service (Continued)****D Producer Search - Application Status Screen**

The functionality of the Producer Search - Application Status Screen in Nationwide Customer Service is the same as CCC-853's being loaded in the home county (paragraph 503). After CCC-853 has been selected, the Physical Location State and County Selection Screen will be displayed.

**E Physical Location State and County Selection Screen**

The functionality of the Physical Location State and County Selection Screen in Nationwide Customer Service is the same as CCC-853's being loaded in the home county (paragraph 504).

**F Disaster Selection Screen**

The functionality of the Disaster Selection Screen in Nationwide Customer Service is the same as CCC-853's being loaded in the home county (paragraph 505).

**G Part B - Disaster Information Screen**

The functionality of the Part B - Disaster Information Screen in Nationwide Customer Service is the same as CCC-853's being loaded in the home county (paragraph 506).

**H Part C - Livestock Information Screen**

The functionality of the Part C - Livestock Information Screen in Nationwide Customer Service is the same as CCC-853's being loaded in the home county (paragraph 507).

**I Part C - Livestock Information (Continued) Screen**

The functionality of the Part C - Livestock Information (Continued) Screen in Nationwide Customer Service is the same as CCC-853's being loaded in the home county (paragraph 508).

**J Part D - Forage Information Drought Screen**

The functionality of the Part D - Forage Information Drought Screen in Nationwide Customer Service is the same as CCC-853's being loaded in the home county (paragraph 509).

**K Part D - Forage Information Drought (Continued) Screen**

The functionality of the Part D - Forage Information Drought (Continued) Screen in Nationwide Customer Service is the same as CCC-853's being loaded in the home county (paragraph 510).

**517 Nationwide Customer Service (Continued)****L Part E - Forage Information Fire Screen**

The functionality of the Part E - Forage Information Fire Screen in Nationwide Customer Service is the same as CCC-853's being loaded in the home county (paragraph 511).

**M Producer Summary Screen**

The functionality of the Producer Summary Screen is the same as CCC-853's being loaded in the home county, **except** that the approval date **cannot** be loaded. CCC-853 **must** be approved in the producer's home county (paragraph 512).

**N County Office Action**

County Offices that process nationwide customer service CCC-853's **must** do the following:

- immediately FAX a copy of the signed CCC-853 to the producer's home county
- mail the original signed CCC-853 to the producer's home county
- maintain a copy of the signed CCC-853.

**518-529 (Reserved)**

**Section 2 State Office Administrative Access****530 State Office Access to LFP Web Site****A Requesting Access**

If State Office administrative access has **not** already been requested for users in a State Office, requests shall be made according to the following:

- provide the National Office with all State employees who are to have access, and include the following:
  - State name
  - employee's legal first and last name
  - employee's USDA eAuthentication user ID
- e-mail Neeru Gulati at **neeru.gulati@wdc.usda.gov**

**Note:** Include in the E-Mail that the request is for LFP State Office administrative access.

- contact PECD, Program Delivery Branch at 202-720-3464 with any questions or concerns.

**Note:** Additional employees can be added at any time by requesting access according to this subparagraph.

**B Accessing Web-Based LFP**

Access the LFP Home Page from FSA Applications Intranet web site at **[http://fsaintranet.sc.egov.usda.gov/fsa/FSAIntranet\\_applications.html](http://fsaintranet.sc.egov.usda.gov/fsa/FSAIntranet_applications.html)**. Under Production Adjustment and Disaster Programs, **CLICK “LFP - Livestock Forage Program”**.

**Note:** Internet Explorer shall be used when accessing the LFP Home Page.

**530 State Office Access to LFP Web Site (Continued)****C LFP Login Screen**

State Office users will be prompted with the following Livestock Forage Program (LFP) Screen. CLICK “**LFP Login**” to continue.

**Livestock Forage Program (LFP)**

This Farm Service Agency web site is provided for producers to apply for benefits for LFP. LFP provides payments to eligible producers. This was a new program for 2008. LFP is calendar year specific.

**LFP Login**

USDA is committed to making its web pages accessible to all individuals. If you are a person with a disability and have trouble accessing or using our web site, please contact the FSA National Help Desk at (800)-255-2434 or the Centralized Help Desk at 800-457-3642, option 1, option 2. Please provide us with the specific URL with which you have a problem or concern.

## 530 State Office Access to LFP Web Site (Continued)

**D USDA eAuthentication Login Screen**

After users click “LFP Login”, the following USDA eAuthentication Login Screen will be displayed. To login, do either of the following:

- CLICK “Click Here to Log In With your LincPass (PIV)”
- enter user ID and password and CLICK “Login”.

USDA United States Department of Agriculture  
USDA eAuthentication

login :   
Password :

Home About eAuthentication Help Contact Us Find an LRA

You are here: eAuthentication Home > eAuthentication Login

## eAuthentication Login

**Quick Links**

- What is an account?
- Create an account
- Update your account

**Administrator Links**

- Local Registration Authority Login

**LincPass (PIV)** ?

CLICK HERE TO  
**LOG IN**  
WITH YOUR  
**LincPass (PIV)**

**User ID & Password** ?

User ID:

Password:

I forgot my User ID | Password

**REGISTER** **LOGIN**

[Change my Password](#)

**WARNING**

**Upon Login You Agree to the Following Information:**

- You are accessing a U.S. Government information system, which includes (1) this computer, (2) this computer network, (3) all computers connected to this network, and (4) all devices and storage media attached to this network or to a computer on this network. This information system is provided for U.S. Government-authorized use only.
- Unauthorized or improper use of this system may result in disciplinary action, as well as civil and criminal penalties.
- By using this information system, you understand and consent to the following:
  1. You have no reasonable expectation of privacy regarding any communications or data transiting or stored on this information system. At any time, the government may for any lawful government purpose monitor, intercept, search and seize any communication or data transiting or stored on this information system.
  2. Any communications or data transiting or stored on this information system may be disclosed or used for any lawful government purpose.
  3. Your consent is final and irrevocable. You may not rely on any statements or informal policies purporting to provide you with any expectation of privacy regarding communications on this system, whether oral or written, by your supervisor or any other official, except USDA's Chief Information Officer.

## 531 LFP Main Menu

### A Overview

After the State Office administrative user is logged in and has been authenticated, the following LFP Main Menu will be displayed.



### B Action

At the bottom of the LFP Main Menu, State Office administrative users shall CLICK “**Admin Menu**” to access the LFP normal grazing periods table.

## 532 LFP County Grazing Dates Maintenance

### A Overview

The LFP County Grazing Dates Maintenance Screen allows users to add, edit, and delete normal grazing periods by pasture type by county.

### B LFP County Grazing Dates Maintenance Screen

Following is an example of the LFP County Grazing Dates Maintenance Screen **before** year, State, and county selection.

LFP County Grazing Dates Maintenance

Program Year:

▼

State:

▼

County:

▼

Pasture Type	Start Date	End Date
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## 532 LFP County Grazing Dates Maintenance (Continued)

**B LFP County Grazing Dates Maintenance Screen (Continued)**

Following is an example of the LFP County Grazing Dates Maintenance Screen **after** year, State, and county selection.

**LFP County Grazing Dates Maintenance**

Program Year: 2013 ▼  
State: Mississippi ▼  
County: Coahoma ▼

Pasture Type	Start Date	End Date	
Small Grains - Short Season	10/15/2012	3/15/2013	<input type="button" value="Reset"/>
Small Grains - Long Season	9/30/2012	6/30/2013	<input type="button" value="Reset"/>
Native Pasture	None	None	<input type="button" value="Reset"/>
Improved Pasture	None	None	<input type="button" value="Reset"/>
Forage Sorghum	None	None	<input type="button" value="Reset"/>
Rangeland	None	None	<input type="button" value="Reset"/>

NOTE: Always press 'Save' after making Grazing Date changes.

## 532 LFP County Grazing Dates Maintenance (Continued)

**C Field Descriptions and Actions**

The following table provides field descriptions and actions to be taken on the LFP County Grazing Dates Maintenance Screen.

<b>Field</b>	<b>Description/Action</b>
Program Year	Select program year to be updated.
State	After a program year is selected, the State to which the user is assigned will be displayed for selection. Select State to be updated.
County	After a State is selected, the counties in that State will be displayed for selection. Select either of the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• a single county to be updated</li> <li>• the “Select Many” option to complete grazing dates maintenance on more than 1 county in the State at the same time. See subparagraph D for additional information on updating grazing dates to more than 1 county at the same time.</li> </ul>
Pasture Type	Lists the pasture types to which grazing dates can be established.
Start Date/End Date	<p>If no grazing dates have been established, the word “None” will be displayed in these columns. CLICK “<b>None</b>” to display date entry. Users can use either of the following:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• drop-down lists to enter the start date</li> <li>• calendar option to select the start date.</li> </ul> <p>If grazing dates have already been established, the start and end date will be displayed.</p> <p>To edit the existing start and end dates, click the date. The date drop-down lists and calendar option will be displayed. Make applicable changes.</p> <p>To delete the existing start and end dates, CLICK “<b>Reset</b>”. The start and end dates will be deleted and the word “None” will be displayed.</p>
Save	CLICK “ <b>Save</b> ” after adding, editing, or removing grazing dates.
Cancel	CLICK “ <b>Cancel</b> ” to cancel any changes that were made.
Go Back to the Admin Menu	The Administrator Menu will be displayed.

## 532 LFP County Grazing Dates Maintenance (Continued)

**D Multiple County Selection**

Following is an example of the LFP County Grazing Dates Maintenance Screen when entering grazing dates for multiple counties at the same time.

**LFP County Grazing Dates Maintenance**

Program Year: 2013

State: Mississippi

County: Select Many

	Pasture Type	Start Date	End Date	
<input type="checkbox"/>	Small Grains - Short Season	<span style="border: 1px solid #ccc; padding: 2px 10px;"></span>	<span style="border: 1px solid #ccc; padding: 2px 10px;"></span>	Reset
<input type="checkbox"/>	Small Grains - Long Season	<span style="border: 1px solid #ccc; padding: 2px 10px;"></span>	<span style="border: 1px solid #ccc; padding: 2px 10px;"></span>	Reset
<input type="checkbox"/>	Native Pasture	<span style="border: 1px solid #ccc; padding: 2px 10px;"></span>	<span style="border: 1px solid #ccc; padding: 2px 10px;"></span>	Reset
<input type="checkbox"/>	Improved Pasture	<span style="border: 1px solid #ccc; padding: 2px 10px;"></span>	<span style="border: 1px solid #ccc; padding: 2px 10px;"></span>	Reset
<input type="checkbox"/>	Forage Sorghum	<span style="border: 1px solid #ccc; padding: 2px 10px;"></span>	<span style="border: 1px solid #ccc; padding: 2px 10px;"></span>	Reset
<input type="checkbox"/>	Rangeland	<span style="border: 1px solid #ccc; padding: 2px 10px;"></span>	<span style="border: 1px solid #ccc; padding: 2px 10px;"></span>	Reset
<input type="checkbox"/>	Suspence Testing	<span style="border: 1px solid #ccc; padding: 2px 10px;"></span>	<span style="border: 1px solid #ccc; padding: 2px 10px;"></span>	Reset

NOTE: Always press 'Save' after making Grazing Date changes.

---

Apply change to Multiple Counties ☐ Select All

☐ Adams

☐ Alcorn

☐ Amite

☐ Attala

☐ Benton

☐ Bolivar

☐ Calhoun

☐ Carroll

☐ Chickasaw

☐ Choctaw

☐ Claiborne

☐ Clarke

**532 LFP County Grazing Dates Maintenance (Continued)**

**D Multiple County Selection (Continued)**

To update grazing dates to more than 1 county at the same time, check (✓) box next to the applicable pasture types to be updated, enter the start and end dates for the selected pasture types, and then do either of the following:

- check (✓) box next to “Select All” to update the grazing dates for the selected pasture types to all counties within the State
- check (✓) box next to the county names to update the grazing dates for the selected pasture types to individual counties within the State.

CLICK “**Save**” to update the grazing dates.

**Note:** Only the grazing dates for the selected pasture types will be updated to the selected counties.

**533-539 (Reserved)**

**Section 3 (Reserved)**

**540-599 (Reserved)**



**Part 8 LFP Payment Provisions****Section 1 General Payment Provisions****600 LFP General Payment Information****A Assignments and Offsets**

\*--For LFP, County Offices will:--\*

- accept assignments according to 63-FI
- apply offsets according to 58-FI.

**B Issuing Payments to Deceased Individuals, Closed Estates, and Dissolved Entities**

LFP payments for CCC-853's involving deceased individuals, closed estates, or dissolved entities shall be made according to the following, provided all other eligibility requirements are met.

\*--

<b>IF the participant is an...</b>	<b>AND CCC-853 is signed by an authorized representative of the...</b>	<b>THEN payments will be issued...</b>
individual who died before CCC-853 was filed	deceased according to 1-CM	to any of the following, as applicable, using the ID number of the participant the: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• deceased individual</li> <li>• individual's estate</li> <li>• heirs, based on OGC determination, according to 1-CM, Part 26.</li> </ul>
estate that closed before CCC-853 was filed	estate according to 1-CM	
entity that dissolved before CCC-853 was filed	dissolved entity according to 1-CM	using the ID number of the participant.
individual who dies, is declared incompetent, or is missing after filing CCC-853		to eligible payees executing FSA-325 according to 1-CM, paragraph 779.

**Note:** FSA-325 is only used when there is a request that a payment earned by a deceased,--\* missing, or incompetent program participant be issued in a name other than that of the deceased, missing, or incompetent program participant.

**600 General Payment Information (Continued)****C LFP Payment Eligibility Requirements**

A participant **must** meet all the following before a payment shall be issued:

- CCC-901 on file for legal entities according to 5-PL
- AD-1026 on file according to 6-CP
- **not** be in violation of fraud provisions, including FCIC fraud provisions, according to 1-CM and 3-PL (Rev. 1)
- compliance with:
  - average AGI provisions according to 5-PL
  - controlled substance provisions according to 1-CM.

**Note:** See:

- \*--subparagraphs 400 F and G for more information about CCC-901 and CCC-902
- subparagraph D for more information about AD-1026.

County Offices will record determinations for the applicable criteria in the web-based eligibility system according to 5-PL (Rev. 1).--\*

**600 General Payment Information (Continued)****D Conservation Compliance Provisions**

AD-1026 applicable to the year for which LFP benefits are requested must be on file for the participant according to 6-CP.

If AD-1026 applicable for the year for which LFP benefits are requested is:

- already on file for the participant, and affiliates, if applicable, it is **not** necessary to obtain a new AD-1026 for LFP
- **not** on file for the participant and affiliates, if applicable, County Office shall obtain a completed AD-1026 applicable to the year for which LFP benefits are requested.

If a new AD-1026 is required to be filed, payments may be issued to eligible participants upon signing in AD-1026, item 12. It is **not** necessary to withhold payments pending NRCS HEL or WC determinations. The continuous certification statement on AD-1026 requires participants to refund program payments if an NRCS determination results in the discovery of HELC or WC violations.

**E Prevention of Improper Payments**

IPIA requires Federal agencies to evaluate programs to determine whether internal controls are sufficient to prevent improper payments. County Offices shall take all steps necessary to ensure that program and payment eligibility requirements have been met before issuing any payments.

**F Definition of Improper Payment**

Improper payment, as defined by OMB, means any payment that should **not** have been issued or was issued in an incorrect amount under statutory, contractual, administrative, or other legally applicable requirement.

**601 Payment Limitation****A Payment Limitation Amount**

\*--The payment limitation for LFP is \$125,000 per program year. The \$125,000 program year payment limitation is shared with the following programs for:

- 2011 program year:
  - ELAP
  - LIP--\*
  - SURE

**Notes:** Applicable to losses sustained during 2011 B program year (October 1 through December 31, 2011).

\*--If it is determined that a producer's LFP payment will exceed the \$100,000 payment limit, State Offices should e-mail the following information to Lenior Simmons, at [lenior.simmons@wdc.usda.gov](mailto:lenior.simmons@wdc.usda.gov), so that the Payment Limitation record can be increased:

- "County Name"
- "Producer Name".

A producer's Payment Limitation record will be increased only by the amount needed to satisfy the 2011B LFP payment.--\*

- 2012 and subsequent program years:
  - ELAP
  - LFP.

**602-649 (Reserved)**

## Section 2 Issuing LFP Payments

## 650 Overview

## A Supporting Files for Integrated Payment Processing

The LFP payment process is a web-based integrated process that reads a wide range of information from other program determinations and values to determine whether a payment should be issued, the amount of the gross payment, reductions, and net payment amount. For payments to be calculated correctly, all supporting files **must** be updated correctly, including the following.

Type of Information	How Information Is Used for Payment Processing	Source
CCC-853 Data	To compute the payment amount for the producer.	Web-based LFP Application Software
Payment Eligibility Information	To determine whether the producer and members of a joint operation are eligible for payment for the year in which CCC-853 was filed.	Web-based Eligibility System
General Name and Address Information	To determine the producer's business type and general name and address information.	SCIMS
Entity and Joint Operation Information	To determine the following for the year in which CCC-853 is filed: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• member contribution value</li> <li>• substantive change value</li> <li>• for LFP members and members share of the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• general partnership</li> <li>• joint ventures</li> <li>• entities.</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	Entity and joint operation control county mainframe record.
Combined Producer Information	To determine whether the LFP producer or members of entities or joint operations are combined with other producers to ensure the payment limitation is controlled properly.	Combined Producer System
Available Payment Limitation	To determine payment limitation availability.	Payment Limitation System
Financial Related Information	Calculated payment information is provided to NPS. Determined overpayment amount is provided to NRRS.	NPS or NRRS

## 650 Overview (Continued)

**B Actions To Be Completed Before Issuing Payments**

The following provides actions that must be completed **before** issuing payments. COC, CED, or designee shall ensure that the actions are completed.

Step	Action
1	Ensure that CCC-853 has been approved and approval date has been recorded into the applicable software according to paragraph 365.
2	Ensure that AD-1026 is on file for the applicable year for producers seeking benefits and that the eligibility information is recorded in the web-based Eligibility System.
3	Ensure that CCC-901 is on file for legal entities according to 5-PL.
4	For producers seeking benefits, ensure that the certification information is recorded *--in the web-based Eligibility System and that CCC-941 is on file according to--* 3-PL (Rev. 1).
5	Ensure that all eligibility determinations have been updated according to the determinations made by COC for producers and members of joint operations.  <b>Note:</b> See 3-PL (Rev. 1).
6	Ensure that the joint operation and entity files are updated correctly for the applicable year.  <b>*--Note:</b> See 3-PL (Rev. 1).
7	Ensure that member contribution and substantive change values are updated according to 3-PL (Rev. 1).--*
8	Ensure that combined producer files are updated correctly for the applicable year.  <b>Note:</b> See 3-PL (Rev. 1).
9	Ensure that all assignment and joint payees have been updated in Financial Services if CCC-36, CCC-37, or both that are filed.

**651 Payment Calculations for LFP**

**A LFP Payment Rates**

Payment rates have been established by DAFP for eligible livestock. See subparagraph 420 for LFP payment rates.

**B LFP Payment Calculation Variables**

The LFP payment calculation will be based on a number of variables such as:

- number of livestock
- share
- payment rate
- factors
- acres
- carrying capacity
- permit days
- other payments received for loss.

**C LFP Payment Calculation**

LFP payments can be calculated manually using CCC-853-1.

## 652 Computing Payments and Overpayments

### A Computing Payment and Overpayment Amounts

The LFP payment process is an integrated process that reads a wide range of files to determine the payment and overpayment amount. The following is a high level processing sequence of how software will calculate LFP payments or overpayment for producers.

Step	Action
1	Payment is triggered according to subparagraph 652 B.
2	Determine if there is an unsigned payment for the producer in NPS, and if so, cancel the payment in NPS.
3	Determine the gross payment amount for the producer according to paragraph 654.
4	Determine if the producer is an entity or joint operation, and if so, obtain member information.
5	Determine if the producer and/or members are eligible for payment.
6	Provide the following to the direct attribution process for producer: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• gross payment amount</li> <li>• 1 reason producer is ineligible because of subsidiary eligibility provisions, if applicable.</li> </ul>
7	Direct attribution will determine the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• reduction amounts</li> <li>• payment limitation availability</li> <li>• net payment or overpayment amount</li> <li>• reasons for nonpayment or overpayment.</li> </ul>
8	Determine the net payment or overpayment amount.
9	Determine if eFunds are available for the payment.
10	Provide the payment or overpayment amount, as applicable, to either of the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• NPS</li> <li>• NRRS.</li> </ul>
11	Update the Nonpayment Register with applicable information
12	Update the Payment History with applicable information.

## 652 Computing Payments and Overpayments (Continued)

**B Triggering Payments**

Payments will be “triggered” through events that occur throughout the web-based software. As a result, processing will now be “behind the scenes” for the most part. Calculations and determinations will occur during the evening and nighttime hours without user intervention. The following is an explanation of the types of triggers that will occur during payment processing.

<b>Trigger</b>	<b>Description</b>
Initial	When payment software is released, a process will automatically run to determine all CCC-853's that are approved for payment. This will initiate the process described in subparagraph A and does <b>not</b> require any County Office user interaction. The following will occur automatically: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• payments will be sent to NPS for certification and signature</li> <li>• overpayments will be sent to NRRS.</li> </ul>
Primary	After the initial payments are triggered, subsequent payments will be initiated when County Office users approve CCC-853. Entering the COC approval date initiates the payment process for the selected CCC-853's.
Secondary	Payments that cannot be issued during any payment process are sent to the Nonpayment Report. If a condition causing the producer to be on the Nonpayment Report is corrected, the payment will be triggered to reprocess to determine if the payment can be issued.  <b>Note:</b> See CM-9 for information on the nonpayment report.
Tertiary	The payment system will periodically recalculate all payments.

**653 LFP Payment Reports****A Displaying or Printing LFP Payment Reports**

LFP Payment Reports are available to provide information about each payment or nonpayment. Most of the payment reports have information that is common between program areas so information about these reports is in 9-CM. The Estimated Calculated Payment Report and the Payment History Report - Detail have program specific data so information for these reports is in 1-LDAP.

LFP Payment Report information is available according to the following.

<b>Report Name</b>	<b>Type of Data</b>	<b>Reference</b>
Estimated Calculated Payment Report	Live	Paragraph 654
Submitted Payments Report	Live	9-CM, paragraph 63
Submitted Overpayments Report	Live	9-CM, paragraph 64
Pending Overpayments Report	Live	9-CM, paragraph 65
Nonpayment/Reduction Report	Report Database	9-CM, paragraph 66
Insufficient Funds Report	Live	9-CM, paragraph 67
Payments Computed to Zero Report	Live	9-CM, paragraph 68
Payment History Report - Summary	Report Database	9-CM, paragraph 69
Payment History Report - Detail	Report Database	Paragraph 655

**Note:** See 9-CM, paragraph 52 for complete instructions on accessing the Common Payment Report System.

## 654 LFP Estimated Calculated Payment Report

### A Background

The LFP Estimated Calculated Payment Report is a computer-generated report that prints a summarized estimated calculated payment amount for a producer based on data currently loaded in CCC-853.

### B LFP Estimated Calculated Payment Report Description

The following information will be displayed and printed on the Estimated Calculated Payment Report.

**Notes:** If Parts A through I do **not** have any data to display/print, with the exception of Part E, only the title and headings for the applicable part will display/print.

Part E will only display/print for those pasture types the producer provided information for on CCC-853. As a result, the summary information for Part E will only display/print after the **last** Part E that is displayed/printed.

Field	Description	CCC-853, Item
Calendar Year	Year associated with CCC-853 that was filed by the affected producer.	2
Program Name	Livestock Forage Disaster Program	
State	State associated to the selected county.	
County	County as selected.	3
Producer Name and Address	Name and address of the producer associated with the LFP application.	6
Date	Date the Estimated Calculated Payment Report was printed.	
Application Number	Number of the LFP application.	5
Application Status	The status of the application as follows: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• signed</li> <li>• approved</li> <li>• disapproved.</li> </ul>	42C or 45

## 654 LFP Estimated Calculated Payment Report (Continued)

## B LFP Estimated Calculated Payment Report Description (Continued)

Field	Description	CCC-853, Item
<b>Part A - Livestock Information - Drought - Current Year Inventory and Current Year Mitigated</b>		
Livestock Number	Corresponding number assigned to each livestock kind, type, and weight range.	12
Livestock Kind Type and Weight Range	Kind, type, and weight range of livestock.	13
Current Year Inventory	Number of Current Year Inventory Livestock or Adjusted Current Year Inventory Livestock.	14 or 18
Current Year Mitigated	Number of Current Year Mitigated Livestock or Adjusted Current Year Mitigated Livestock.	15 or 19
Number of Livestock	Number of Livestock is determined by adding the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Current Year Inventory, plus</li> <li>• Current Year Mitigated.</li> </ul>	
Share	Producer's share in the livestock for the applicable livestock kind, type, and weight range.	17
Payment Rate	Payment rate for the applicable livestock kind, type, and weight range.	
Livestock Monthly Feed Cost	Livestock Monthly Feed Cost for the livestock kind, type, and weight range is determined by multiplying the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Number of Livestock, times</li> <li>• Share, times</li> <li>• Payment Rate.</li> </ul>	
Total Livestock Monthly Feed Cost - Current Year	Total of all Livestock Monthly Feed Costs in Part A.	

## 654 LFP Estimated Calculated Payment Report (Continued)

## B LFP Estimated Calculated Payment Report Description (Continued)

Field	Description	CCC-853, Item
<b>Part B - Livestock Information - Drought - Mitigated Livestock From Prior Years</b>		
Livestock Number	Corresponding number assigned to each livestock kind, type, and weight range.	12
Livestock Kind Type and Weight Range	Kind, type, and weight range of livestock.	13
Number of Livestock	Number of Prior Years Mitigated Livestock.	16 or 20
Share	Producer's share in the livestock for the applicable livestock kind, type, and weight range.	17
Payment Rate	Payment rate for the applicable livestock kind, type, and weight range.	
Mitigated Partial Compensation Factor	80 percent.	
Livestock Monthly Feed Cost	<p>Livestock Monthly Feed Cost for the livestock kind, type, and weight range is determined by multiplying the following:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Number of Livestock, times</li> <li>• Share, times</li> <li>• Mitigated Partial Compensation Factor, times</li> <li>• Payment Rate.</li> </ul>	
Total Livestock Monthly Feed Cost - Prior Year Mitigated Livestock	Total of all Livestock Monthly Feed Costs in Part B.	

## 654 LFP Estimated Calculated Payment Report (Continued)

## B LFP Estimated Calculated Payment Report Description (Continued)

Field	Description	CCC-853, Item
<b>Part C - Forage Information - Drought - Owned or Cashed Leased Land</b>		
Livestock Number	Corresponding number assigned to each livestock kind, type, and weight range.	21
Pasture Type	Pasture type the livestock kind, type, and weight range is associated to.	22
Acres	Acres associated to the Pasture Type.	23 or 25
Carrying Capacity	Carrying capacity for the Pasture Type.	24
Maximum AU's	Maximum AU's are determined by dividing the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Acres, divided by</li> <li>• Carrying Capacity.</li> </ul>	
Monthly Value of Forage	Established monthly value of forage for the applicable calendar year as follows: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• \$34.57 for 2011</li> <li>• \$51.81 for 2012</li> <li>• \$57.27 for 2013</li> <li>• \$52.56 for 2014</li> <li>• \$40.79 for 2015</li> <li>• \$32.36 for 2016</li> <li>• \$30.00 for 2017</li> <li>• *--\$28.07 for 2018.--*</li> </ul>	
Carrying Capacity Monthly Feed Cost	Carrying Capacity Monthly Feed Cost is determined by multiplying the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Maximum AU's, times</li> <li>• Monthly Value of Forage.</li> </ul>	
<b>Part D - Forage Information - Drought - AUM or Animal Unit Leases</b>		
Livestock Number	Corresponding number assigned to each livestock kind, type, and weight range.	26
Pasture Type	Pasture type the livestock kind, type, and weight range is associated to.	27
Animal Units	Animal units allowed by the Pasture Type.	28 or 29

## 654 LFP Estimated Calculated Payment Report (Continued)

## B LFP Estimated Calculated Payment Report Description (Continued)

Field	Description	CCC-853, Item
Monthly Value of Forage	Established monthly value of forage for the applicable calendar year as follows: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• \$34.57 for 2011</li> <li>• \$51.81 for 2012</li> <li>• \$57.27 for 2013</li> <li>• \$52.56 for 2014</li> <li>• \$40.79 for 2015</li> <li>• \$32.36 for 2016</li> <li>• *--\$30.00 for 2017.--*</li> </ul>	
Carrying Capacity Monthly Feed Cost	Carrying Capacity Monthly Feed Cost is determined by multiplying the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Animal Units, times</li> <li>• Monthly Value of Forage.</li> </ul>	
<b>Part E - Net Payment Calculation for Drought - Small Grains</b>		
Livestock Monthly Feed Cost - Current Year	The sum of the Livestock Monthly Feed Cost in Part A for the specific livestock grazing small grains in Part C.	
Livestock Monthly Feed Cost - Prior Year Mitigated Livestock	The sum of the Livestock Monthly Feed Cost in Part B for the specific livestock grazing small grains in Part D.	
Total Livestock Monthly Feed Cost	Total Livestock Monthly Feed Cost is determined by adding the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Livestock Monthly Feed Cost - Current Year in Part E for small grains, plus</li> <li>• Livestock Monthly Feed Cost - Prior Year Mitigated Livestock in Part E for small grains.</li> </ul>	

## 654 LFP Estimated Calculated Payment Report (Continued)

## B LFP Estimated Calculated Payment Report Description (Continued)

Field	Description	CCC-853, Item
Carrying Capacity Monthly Feed Cost - Drought Owned/Leased Land	The Carrying Capacity Monthly Feed Cost in Part C for the livestock kind, type, and weight range associated to small grains.	
Carrying Capacity Monthly Feed Cost - Drought AUM or AU Leases	The Carrying Capacity Monthly Feed Cost in Part D for the livestock kind, type, and weight range associated to small grains.	
Total Carrying Capacity Monthly Feed Cost	Total Carrying Capacity Monthly Feed Cost is determined by adding the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Carrying Capacity Monthly Feed Cost - Drought Owned/Leased Land in Part E for small grains, plus</li> <li>• Carrying Capacity Monthly Feed Cost - Drought AUM or AU Leases in Part E for small grains.</li> </ul>	
Monthly Feed Cost	Monthly Feed Cost is the smaller of the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Total Livestock Monthly Feed Cost in Part E for small grains</li> <li>• Total Carrying Capacity Monthly Feed Cost in Part E for small grains.</li> </ul>	
National Payment Reduction Factor	Drought National Payment Factor of 60 percent.	

## 654 LFP Estimated Calculated Payment Report (Continued)

## B LFP Estimated Calculated Payment Report Description (Continued)

Field	Description	CCC-853, Item
Calculated Monthly Payment Rate	Calculated Monthly Payment Rate is determined by multiplying the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Monthly Feed Cost in Part E for small grains, times</li> <li>• National Payment Reduction Factor in Part E for small grains.</li> </ul>	
Drought Intensity Factor	Drought Intensity Factor will be 1 of the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• D2 drought intensity = a factor of 1</li> <li>• *--D3a drought intensity = a factor of 3</li> <li>• D3b drought intensity = a factor of 4</li> <li>• D4a drought intensity = a factor of 4</li> <li>• D4b drought intensity = a factor of 5.--*</li> </ul>	
Calculated Payment Amount	Calculated Payment Amount is determined by multiplying the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Calculated Monthly Payment Rate in Part E for small grains, times</li> <li>• Drought Intensity Factor in Part E for small grains.</li> </ul>	
Total Livestock Monthly Feed Costs - Current Year	Total Livestock Monthly Feed Cost - Current Year in Part A.	
Total Livestock Monthly Feed Costs - Prior Year Mitigated Livestock	Total Livestock Monthly Feed Costs - Prior Year Mitigated Livestock in Part B.	
Maximum No. Months	*--5--*.	

## 654 LFP Estimated Calculated Payment Report (Continued)

## B LFP Estimated Calculated Payment Report Description (Continued)

Field	Description	CCC-853, Item
National Payment Reduction Factor	Drought National Payment Factor of 60 percent.	
Maximum Payment Amount	<p>Maximum Payment Amount is determined by completing the following:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Total Livestock Monthly Feed Costs - Current Year in Part E for small grains, plus</li> <li>• Total Livestock Monthly Feed Costs - Prior Year Mitigated Livestock in Part E for small grains, times</li> <li>• Maximum No. of Months in Part E, times</li> <li>• National Payment Reduction Factor in Part E.</li> </ul>	
Previous Pasture Types Amount	The Previous Pasture Types Amount will always be zero for small grains.	
Adjusted Maximum Payment Amount	Maximum Payment Amount from Part E.	
Net Calculated Payment - Small Grains	<p>Net Calculated Payment - Small Grains is the smaller of the following:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Calculated Payment Amount in Part E for small grains</li> <li>• Adjusted Maximum Payment Amount in Part E for small grains.</li> </ul>	

## 654 LFP Estimated Calculated Payment Report (Continued)

**B LFP Estimated Calculated Payment Report Description (Continued)**

Field	Description	CCC-853, Item
<b>Part E - Net Payment Calculation for Drought - Native Pasture</b>		
Livestock Monthly Feed Cost - Current Year	The sum of the Livestock Monthly Feed Cost in Part A for the specific livestock grazing native pasture in Part C.	
Livestock Monthly Feed Cost - Prior Year Mitigated Livestock	The sum of the Livestock Monthly Feed Cost in Part B for the specific livestock grazing native pasture in Part D.	
Total Livestock Monthly Feed Cost	Total Livestock Monthly Feed Cost is determined by adding the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Livestock Monthly Feed Cost - Current Year in Part E for native pasture, plus</li> <li>• Livestock Monthly Feed Cost - Prior Year Mitigated Livestock in Part E for native pasture.</li> </ul>	
Carrying Capacity Monthly Feed Cost - Drought Owned/Leased Land	The Carrying Capacity Monthly Feed Cost in Part C for the livestock kind, type, and weight range associated to native pasture.	
Carrying Capacity Monthly Feed Cost - Drought AUM or AU Leases	The Carrying Capacity Monthly Feed Cost in Part D for the livestock kind, type, and weight range associated to native pasture.	
Total Carrying Capacity Monthly Feed Cost	Total Carrying Capacity Monthly Feed Cost is determined by adding the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Carrying Capacity Monthly Feed Cost - Drought Owned/Leased Land in Part E for native pasture, plus</li> <li>• Carrying Capacity Monthly Feed Cost - Drought AUM or AU Leases in Part E for native pasture.</li> </ul>	

## 654 LFP Estimated Calculated Payment Report (Continued)

## B LFP Estimated Calculated Payment Report Description (Continued)

Field	Description	CCC-853, Item
Monthly Feed Cost	Monthly Feed Cost is the smaller of the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Total Livestock Monthly Feed Cost in Part E for native pasture</li> <li>• Total Carrying Capacity Monthly Feed Cost in Part E for native pasture.</li> </ul>	
National Payment Reduction Factor	Drought National Payment Factor of 60 percent.	
Calculated Monthly Payment Rate	Calculated Monthly Payment Rate is determined by multiplying the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Monthly Feed Cost in Part E for native pasture, times</li> <li>• National Payment Reduction Factor in Part E for native pasture.</li> </ul>	
Drought Intensity Factor	Drought Intensity Factor will be one of the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• D2 drought intensity = a factor of 1</li> <li>• *--D3a drought intensity = a factor of 3</li> <li>• D3b drought intensity = a factor of 4</li> <li>• D4a drought intensity = a factor of 4</li> <li>• D4b drought intensity = a factor of 5.--*</li> </ul>	
Calculated Payment Amount	Calculated Payment Amount is determined by multiplying the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Calculated Monthly Payment Rate in Part E for native pasture, times</li> <li>• Drought Intensity Factor in Part E for native pasture.</li> </ul>	
Total Livestock Monthly Feed Costs - Current Year	Total Livestock Monthly Feed Cost - Current Year in Part A.	

## 654 LFP Estimated Calculated Payment Report (Continued)

**B LFP Estimated Calculated Payment Report Description (Continued)**

<b>Field</b>	<b>Description</b>	<b>CCC-853, Item</b>
Total Livestock Monthly Feed Costs - Prior Year Mitigated Livestock	Total Livestock Monthly Feed Costs - Prior Year Mitigated Livestock in Part B.	
Maximum No. Months	5.	
National Payment Reduction Factor	Drought National Payment Factor of 60 percent.	
Maximum Payment Amount	Maximum Payment Amount is determined by completing the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Total Livestock Monthly Feed Costs - Current Year in Part E for native pasture, plus</li> <li>• Total Livestock Monthly Feed Costs - Prior Year Mitigated Livestock in Part E for native pasture, times</li> <li>• Maximum No. of Months in Part E, times</li> <li>• National Payment Reduction Factor in Part E.</li> </ul>	
Previous Pasture Types Amount	Net Calculated Payment - Small Grains in Part E	
Adjusted Maximum Payment Amount	The Adjusted Maximum Payment Amount is determined by subtracting the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Maximum Payment Amount in Part E, minus</li> <li>• Net Calculated Payment - Small Grains in Part E</li> </ul>	
Net Calculated Payment - Native Pasture	Net Calculated Payment - Native Pasture is the smaller of the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Calculated Payment Amount in Part E for native pasture</li> <li>• Adjusted Maximum Payment Amount in Part E for native pasture.</li> </ul>	

## 654 LFP Estimated Calculated Payment Report (Continued)

## B LFP Estimated Calculated Payment Report Description (Continued)

Field	Description	CCC-853, Item
<b>Part E - Net Payment Calculation for Drought - Improved Pasture</b>		
Livestock Monthly Feed Cost - Current Year	The sum of the Livestock Monthly Feed Cost in Part A for the specific livestock grazing improved pasture in Part C.	
Livestock Monthly Feed Cost - Prior Year Mitigated Livestock	The sum of the Livestock Monthly Feed Cost in Part B for the specific livestock grazing improved pasture in Part D.	
Total Livestock Monthly Feed Cost	Total Livestock Monthly Feed Cost is determined by adding the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Livestock Monthly Feed Cost - Current Year in Part E for improved pasture, plus</li> <li>• Livestock Monthly Feed Cost - Prior Year Mitigated Livestock in Part E for improved pasture.</li> </ul>	
Carrying Capacity Monthly Feed Cost - Drought Owned/Leased Land	The Carrying Capacity Monthly Feed Cost in Part C for the livestock kind, type, and weight range associated to improved pasture.	
Carrying Capacity Monthly Feed Cost - Drought AUM or AU Leases	The Carrying Capacity Monthly Feed Cost in Part D for the livestock kind, type, and weight range associated to improved pasture.	
Total Carrying Capacity Monthly Feed Cost	Total Carrying Capacity Monthly Feed Cost is determined by adding the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Carrying Capacity Monthly Feed Cost - Drought Owned/Leased Land in Part E for improved pasture, plus</li> <li>• Carrying Capacity Monthly Feed Cost - Drought AUM or AU Leases in Part E for improved pasture.</li> </ul>	

## 654 LFP Estimated Calculated Payment Report (Continued)

## B LFP Estimated Calculated Payment Report Description (Continued)

Field	Description	CCC-853, Item
Monthly Feed Cost	Monthly Feed Cost is the smaller of the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Total Livestock Monthly Feed Cost in Part E for improved pasture</li> <li>• Total Carrying Capacity Monthly Feed Cost in Part E for improved pasture.</li> </ul>	
National Payment Reduction Factor	Drought National Payment Factor of 60 percent.	
Calculated Monthly Payment Rate	Calculated Monthly Payment Rate is determined by multiplying the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Monthly Feed Cost in Part E for improved pasture, times</li> <li>• National Payment Reduction Factor in Part E for improved pasture.</li> </ul>	
Drought Intensity Factor	Drought Intensity Factor will be one of the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• D2 drought intensity = a factor of 1</li> <li>•*--D3a drought intensity = a factor of 3</li> <li>• D3b drought intensity = a factor of 4</li> <li>• D4a drought intensity = a factor of 4</li> <li>• D4b drought intensity = a factor of 5.--*</li> </ul>	
Calculated Payment Amount	Calculated Payment Amount is determined by multiplying the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Calculated Monthly Payment Rate in Part E for improved pasture, times</li> <li>• Drought Intensity Factor in Part E for improved pasture.</li> </ul>	
Total Livestock Monthly Feed Costs - Current Year	Total Livestock Monthly Feed Cost - Current Year in Part A.	

## 654 LFP Estimated Calculated Payment Report (Continued)

## B LFP Estimated Calculated Payment Report Description (Continued)

Field	Description	CCC-853, Item
Total Livestock Monthly Feed Costs - Prior Year Mitigated Livestock	Total Livestock Monthly Feed Costs - Prior Year Mitigated Livestock in Part B.	
Maximum No. Months	5.	
National Payment Reduction Factor	Drought National Payment Factor of 60 percent.	
Maximum Payment Amount	<p>Maximum Payment Amount is determined by completing the following:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Total Livestock Monthly Feed Costs - Current Year in Part E for improved pasture, plus</li> <li>• Total Livestock Monthly Feed Costs - Prior Year Mitigated Livestock in Part E for improved pasture, times</li> <li>• Maximum No. of Months in Part E, times</li> <li>• National Payment Reduction Factor in Part E.</li> </ul>	
Previous Pasture Types Amount	<p>Previous Pasture Types Amount is determined by adding the following:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Net Calculated Payment - Small Grains in Part E, plus</li> <li>• Net Calculated Payment - Native Pasture in Part E</li> </ul>	
Adjusted Maximum Payment Amount	<p>The Adjusted Maximum Payment Amount is determined by subtracting the following:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Maximum Payment Amount in Part E, minus</li> <li>• Previous Pasture Types Amount in Part E for improved pasture.</li> </ul>	

## 654 LFP Estimated Calculated Payment Report (Continued)

## B LFP Estimated Calculated Payment Report Description (Continued)

Field	Description	CCC-853, Item
Net Calculated Payment - Improved Pasture	<p>Net Calculated Payment - Improved Pasture is the smaller of the following:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Calculated Payment Amount in Part E for improved pasture</li> <li>Adjusted Maximum Payment Amount in Part E for improved pasture.</li> </ul>	
<b>Part E - Net Payment Calculation for Drought - Forage Sorghum</b>		
Livestock Monthly Feed Cost - Current Year	The sum of the Livestock Monthly Feed Cost in Part A for the specific livestock grazing forage sorghum in Part C.	
Livestock Monthly Feed Cost - Prior Year Mitigated Livestock	The sum of the Livestock Monthly Feed Cost in Part B for the specific livestock grazing forage sorghum in Part D.	
Total Livestock Monthly Feed Cost	<p>Total Livestock Monthly Feed Cost is determined by adding the following:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Livestock Monthly Feed Cost - Current Year in Part E for forage sorghum, plus</li> <li>Livestock Monthly Feed Cost - Prior Year Mitigated Livestock in Part E for forage sorghum.</li> </ul>	
Carrying Capacity Monthly Feed Cost - Drought Owned/Leased Land	The Carrying Capacity Monthly Feed Cost in Part C for the livestock kind, type, and weight range associated to forage sorghum.	
Carrying Capacity Monthly Feed Cost - Drought AUM or AU Leases	The Carrying Capacity Monthly Feed Cost in Part D for the livestock kind, type, and weight range associated to forage sorghum.	

## 654 LFP Estimated Calculated Payment Report (Continued)

## B LFP Estimated Calculated Payment Report Description (Continued)

Field	Description	CCC-853, Item
Total Carrying Capacity Monthly Feed Cost	<p>Total Carrying Capacity Monthly Feed Cost is determined by adding the following:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Carrying Capacity Monthly Feed Cost - Drought Owned/Leased Land in Part E for forage sorghum, plus</li> <li>• Carrying Capacity Monthly Feed Cost - Drought AUM or AU Leases in Part E for forage sorghum.</li> </ul>	
Monthly Feed Cost	<p>Monthly Feed Cost is the smaller of the following:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Total Livestock Monthly Feed Cost in Part E for forage sorghum</li> <li>• Total Carrying Capacity Monthly Feed Cost in Part E for forage sorghum.</li> </ul>	
National Payment Reduction Factor	Drought National Payment Factor of 60 percent.	

## 654 LFP Estimated Calculated Payment Report (Continued)

## B LFP Estimated Calculated Payment Report Description (Continued)

Field	Description	CCC-853, Item
Calculated Monthly Payment Rate	Calculated Monthly Payment Rate is determined by multiplying the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Monthly Feed Cost in Part E for forage sorghum, times</li> <li>• National Payment Reduction Factor in Part E for forage sorghum.</li> </ul>	
Drought Intensity Factor	Drought Intensity Factor will be one of the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• D2 drought intensity = a factor of 1</li> <li>• *--D3a drought intensity = a factor of 3</li> <li>• D3b drought intensity = a factor of 4</li> <li>• D4a drought intensity = a factor of 4</li> <li>• D4b drought intensity = a factor of 5.--*</li> </ul>	
Calculated Payment Amount	Calculated Payment Amount is determined by multiplying the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Calculated Monthly Payment Rate in Part E for forage sorghum, times</li> <li>• Drought Intensity Factor in Part E for forage sorghum.</li> </ul>	
Total Livestock Monthly Feed Costs - Current Year	Total Livestock Monthly Feed Cost - Current Year in Part A.	
Total Livestock Monthly Feed Costs - Prior Year Mitigated Livestock	Total Livestock Monthly Feed Costs - Prior Year Mitigated Livestock in Part B.	
Maximum No. Months	*--5.--*	

## 654 LFP Estimated Calculated Payment Report (Continued)

## B LFP Estimated Calculated Payment Report Description (Continued)

Field	Description	CCC-853, Item
National Payment Reduction Factor	Drought National Payment Factor of 60 percent.	
Maximum Payment Amount	<p>Maximum Payment Amount is determined by completing the following:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Total Livestock Monthly Feed Costs - Current Year in Part E for forage sorghum, plus</li> <li>• Total Livestock Monthly Feed Costs - Prior Year Mitigated Livestock in Part E for forage sorghum, times</li> <li>• Maximum No. of Months in Part E, times</li> <li>• National Payment Reduction Factor in Part E.</li> </ul>	
Previous Pasture Types Amount	<p>Previous Pasture Types Amount is determined by adding the following:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Net Calculated Payment - Small Grains in Part E, plus</li> <li>• Net Calculated Payment - Native Pasture in Part E, plus</li> <li>• Net Calculated Payment - Improved Pasture in Part E.</li> </ul>	
Adjusted Maximum Payment Amount	<p>The Adjusted Maximum Payment Amount is determined by subtracting the following:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Maximum Payment Amount in Part E, minus</li> <li>• Previous Pasture Types Amount in Part E for forage sorghum.</li> </ul>	
Net Calculated Payment - Forage Sorghum	<p>Net Calculated Payment - Forage Sorghum is the smaller of the following:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Calculated Payment Amount in Part E for forage sorghum</li> <li>• Adjusted Maximum Payment Amount in Part E for forage sorghum.</li> </ul>	

## 654 LFP Estimated Calculated Payment Report (Continued)

## B LFP Estimated Calculated Payment Report Description (Continued)

Field	Description	CCC-853, Item
<b>Part E - Summary</b>		
Total Net Calculated Payment Amount for All Pasture Types	Total Net Calculated Payment Amount for All Pasture Types is determined by completing the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Net Calculated Payment - Small Grains in Part E, plus</li> <li>• Net Calculated Payment - Native Pasture in Part E, plus</li> <li>• Net Calculated Payment - Improved Pasture in Part E, plus</li> <li>• Net Calculated Payment - Forage Sorghum in Part E.</li> </ul>	
<b>Part F - Fire - Federally Managed Lands - Maximum Calculated Payment by Federal Lease</b>		
Fire Event Number	Fire Event Number	30
Pasture Number	Pasture number associated to the Fire Event Number.	31
Permitted Animal Units	Permitted animal units associated to the Fire Event Number and Pasture Number.	33 or 37
Permit Days	Number of permit days associated to the pasture number.	34 or 38
AUD Payment Rate	AUD payment rate for the Permitted Animal Unit.	
Fire National Payment Factor	Fire National Payment Factor of 50 percent.	
Calculated Maximum Payment Amount	Calculated Maximum Payment Amount is determined by multiplying the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Permitted Animal Units, times</li> <li>• Permit Days, times</li> <li>• AUD Payment Rate, times</li> <li>• Fire National Payment Factor.</li> </ul>	
Total Maximum Calculated Payment Amount from Federal Leases	Total of Calculated Maximum Payment Amount in Part F.	

## 654 LFP Estimated Calculated Payment Report (Continued)

## B LFP Estimated Calculated Payment Report Description (Continued)

Field	Description	CCC-853, Item
<b>Part G - Fire - Federally Managed Lands - Calculated Value of Reduced AUD's by Federal Lease</b>		
Fire Event Number	Fire Event Number	30
Pasture Number	Pasture number associated to the Fire Event Number.	31
Reduced AU's from Permit	Number of Reduced AU's from Permit associated to the Pasture Number.	35 or 39
Reduced Grazing Days from Permit	Number of Reduced Grazing Days from Permit Associated to the Pasture Number.	36 or 40
AUD Payment Rate	AUD payment rate for the Permitted Animal Unit.	
Fire National Payment Factor	Fire National Payment Factor of 50 percent.	
Calculated Value of Reduced AUD's	Calculated Value of Reduced AUD's is determined by multiplying the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Reduced AU's From Permit, times</li> <li>• Reduced Grazing Days From Permit, times</li> <li>• AUD Payment Rate, times</li> <li>• Fire National Payment Factor.</li> </ul>	
Total Value of Reduced AUD's from Federal Leases	Total of Calculated Value of Reduced AUD's in Part G.	

## 654 LFP Estimated Calculated Payment Report (Continued)

## B LFP Estimated Calculated Payment Report Description (Continued)

Field	Description	CCC-853, Item
<b>Part H - Fire - Federally Managed Lands - Total - Net Calculated Payment Amount of Reduced AUD's</b>		
Total Maximum Calculated Payment Amount from Federal Leases	Total Maximum Calculated Payment Amount from Federal Leases from Part F.	
Total Value of Reduced AUD's from Federal Leases	Total Value of Reduced AUD's from Federal Leases from Part G.	
Net Calculated Payment Amount of Reduced AUD's	Net Calculated Payment Amount of Reduced AUD's is the smaller of the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Total Maximum Calculated Payment Amount from Federal Leases from Part H</li> <li>Total Value of Reduced AUD's from Federal Leases from Part H.</li> </ul>	
<b>Part I - Net Calculated Payment Amount</b>		
Net Calculated Payment Amount for All Pasture Types	Total Net Calculated Payment Amount for All Pasture Types from Part E - Summary.	
Net Calculated Payment Amount of Reduced AUD's	Net Calculated Payment Amount of Reduced AUD's from Part H.	
Other Payments Received for Loss	Amount the producer received from other disaster programs for the same losses.	41
Total LFP Payment	Total LFP Payment is determined by completing the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Net Calculated Payment Amount for All Pasture Types, plus</li> <li>Net Calculated Payment Amount of Reduced AUD's, minus</li> <li>Other Payments Received for Loss.</li> </ul>	

## 654 LFP Estimated Calculated Payment Report (Continued)

## C LFP Estimated Calculated Payment Report Example

The following is an example of the LFP Estimated Calculated Payment Report.

County: Coahoma	United States Department of Agriculture Farm Service Agency	Date: 07/27/2010
State: Mississippi		Page: 1 of 3
<b>2009 Livestock Forage Disaster Program Estimated Calculated Payment Report</b>		
IMA FARMER 123 NOWHERE ST ANYWHERE, ST 00000		Application Number: 1161 Application Status: Initiated

**Part A - Livestock Information - Drought - Current Year Inventory and Current Year Mitigated**

Livestock Number	Livestock Kind Type and Weight Range	Current Year Inventory	Current Year Mitigated	Number of Livestock	Share	Payment Rate	Livestock Monthly Feed Cost
1	Dairy Adult Cows and Bulls	2	2	4	100.0 %	\$104.09	\$416
2	Dairy Non-adult 500 pounds or more	1	1	2	100.0 %	\$30.03	\$60
<b>Total Livestock Monthly Feed Cost - Current Year</b>							<b>\$506</b>

**Part B - Livestock Information - Drought - Mitigated Livestock From Prior Years**

Livestock Number	Livestock Kind Type and Weight Range	Number of Livestock	Share	Payment Rate	Mitigated Partial Compensation Factor	Livestock Monthly Feed Cost
1	Dairy Adult Cows and Bulls	2	100.0 %	\$104.09	80%	\$167
2	Dairy Non-adult 500 pounds or more	1	100.0 %	\$30.03	80%	\$24
3	Sheep All	2	50.0 %	\$10.01	80%	\$8
<b>Total Livestock Monthly Feed Cost - Prior Year Mitigated Livestock</b>						<b>\$199</b>

**Part C - Forage Information - Drought - Owned or Cash Leased Land**

Livestock Number	Pasture Type	Acres	Carrying Capacity	Maximum AU's	Monthly Value of Forage	Carrying Capacity Monthly Feed Cost
1, 2, 3	Small Grains 2	32.0	3.3	9.70	\$40.04	\$388
1, 2, 3	Improved Pasture	66.0	6.6	10.00	\$40.04	\$400

**Part D - Forage Information - Drought - AUM or Animal Unit Leases**

Livestock Number	Pasture Type	Animal Units	Monthly Value of Forage	Carrying Capacity Monthly Feed Cost
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## 654 LFP Estimated Calculated Payment Report (Continued)

## C LFP Estimated Calculated Payment Report Example (Continued)

County: Coahoma State: Mississippi	United States Department of Agriculture Farm Service Agency	Date: 07/27/2010 Page: 2 of 3
<b>2009 Livestock Forage Disaster Program Estimated Calculated Payment Report</b>		
IMA FARMER 123 NOWHERE ST ANYWHERE, ST 00000		Application Number: 1161 Application Status: Initiated

<b>Part E - Net Payment Calculation for Drought - Small Grains</b>		
Livestock Monthly Feed Cost - Current Year		\$506
Livestock Monthly Feed Cost - Prior Year Mitigated Livestock		\$199
Total Livestock Monthly Feed Cost		\$705
Carrying Capacity Monthly Feed Cost - Drought Owned/Leased Land		\$388
Carrying Capacity Monthly Feed Cost - Drought AUM or AU Leases		\$0
Total Carrying Capacity Monthly Feed Cost		\$388
Monthly Feed Cost		\$388
National Payment Reduction Factor		60%
Calculated Monthly Payment Rate		\$233
Drought Intensity Factor		3
Calculated Payment Amount		\$699
Total Livestock Monthly Feed Costs - Current Year		\$506
Total Livestock Monthly Feed Costs - Prior Year Mitigated Livestock		\$199
Maximum No. Months		3
National Payment Reduction Factor		60%
Maximum Payment Amount		\$1,269
Previous Pasture Types Amount		\$0
Adjusted Maximum Payment Amount		\$1,269
<b>Net Calculated Payment - Small Grains 2</b>		<b>\$699</b>

<b>Part E - Net Payment Calculation for Drought - Improved Pasture</b>		
Livestock Monthly Feed Cost - Current Year		\$506
Livestock Monthly Feed Cost - Prior Year Mitigated Livestock		\$199
Total Livestock Monthly Feed Cost		\$705
Carrying Capacity Monthly Feed Cost - Drought Owned/Leased Land		\$400
Carrying Capacity Monthly Feed Cost - Drought AUM or AU Leases		\$0
Total Carrying Capacity Monthly Feed Cost		\$400
Monthly Feed Cost		\$400
National Payment Reduction Factor		60%
Calculated Monthly Payment Rate		\$240
Drought Intensity Factor		1
Calculated Payment Amount		\$240
Total Livestock Monthly Feed Costs - Current Year		\$506
Total Livestock Monthly Feed Costs - Prior Year Mitigated Livestock		\$199
Maximum No. Months		3
National Payment Reduction Factor		60%
Maximum Payment Amount		\$1,269
Previous Pasture Types Amount		\$699
Adjusted Maximum Payment Amount		\$570
<b>Net Calculated Payment - Improved Pasture</b>		<b>\$240</b>

<b>Part E - Summary</b>		
Total Net Calculated Payment Amounts for All Pasture Types		\$939

## 654 LFP Estimated Calculated Payment Report (Continued)

## C LFP Estimated Calculated Payment Report Example (Continued)

County: Coahoma State: Mississippi	<b>United States Department of Agriculture</b> <b>Farm Service Agency</b>	Date: 07/27/2010 Page: 3 of 3
<b>2009 Livestock Forage Disaster Program</b> <b>Estimated Calculated Payment Report</b>		
IMA FARMER 123 NOWHERE ST ANYWHERE, ST 00000	Application Number: 1161 Application Status: Initiated	

**Part F - Fire - Federally Managed Lands - Maximum Calculated Payment by Federal Lease**

Fire Event Number	Permitted Animal Units	Permit Days	AUD Payment Rate	Fire National Payment Factor	Calculated Maximum Payment Amount
<b>Total Maximum Calculated Payment Amount from Federal Leases</b>					\$0

**Part G - Fire - Federally Managed Lands - Calculated Value of Reduced AUD's by Federal Lease**

Fire Event Number	Reduced AU's from Permit	Reduced Grazing Days from Permit	AUD Payment Rate	Fire National Payment Factor	Calculated Value of Reduced AUD's
<b>Total Value of Reduced AUD's from Federal Leases</b>					\$0

**Part H - Fire - Federally Managed Lands - Total - Net Calculated Payment Amount of Reduced AUD's**

Total Maximum Calculated Payment Amount from Federal Leases	\$0
Total Value of Reduced AUD's from Federal Leases	\$0
<b>Net Calculated Payment Amount of Reduced AUD's</b>	<b>\$0</b>

**Part I - Net Calculated Payment Amount**

Net Calculated Payment Amount for Drought - All Pasture Types	\$939
Net Calculated Payment Amount for Fire - Federally Managed Lands	\$0
Other Payments Received for Loss	\$239
<b>Total LFP Payment</b>	<b>\$700</b>

**DISCLAIMER:** The payment data reflected on this report includes estimated payment amounts and may vary due to changes in livestock losses, share, producer program eligibility, and payment limitation. The distribution of this report does not in any way obligate FSA to disburse the payment amounts reflected.

**655 LFP Payment History Report - Detail****A Background**

The LFP Payment History Report - Detail is a report that provides detailed information pertaining to an LFP payment.

**B LFP Payment History Report - Detail Description**

The following information will be displayed and printed on the LFP Payment History Report - Detail.

<b>Field</b>	<b>Description</b>
Program Year	Program year selected by the user.
Program Name	Livestock Forage Disaster Program
County	Full name of the State selected by the user.
State	Full name of the county selected by the user.
Producer Name and Address	Name from SCIMS as follows: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• for individuals, last name, middle name, and suffix</li> <li>• for businesses, business name.</li> </ul>
Date	Date the report is generated by the user.
Date	Date the payment was processed and sent to NPS or, the date the overpayment transaction was processed and sent to NRRS.
State/County	State and county code associated with the applicable transaction record.
Payment Entity/Member Name	Payment entity or member name field will provide payment entity or member name information if the payment history report is generated for: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• an entity or joint operation where amounts were attributed to members</li> <li>• a member to show the payment entity the amount was attributed through.</li> </ul>
Business Type	Business type of the Producer and/or member.
Type of Transaction	1 of the following transaction types will be displayed: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Payment</li> <li>• Receivable</li> <li>• Canceled Payment</li> <li>• Canceled Receivable.</li> </ul>

## 655 LFP Payment History Report - Detail (Continued)

## B LFP Payment History Report - Detail Description (Continued)

Field	Description
Gross Payment Amount	Amount of the payment initially attributed to the producer or entity member.
Other Payments Received for Loss	Amount the producer received from other disaster programs for the same losses.
AGI Reduction Amount	Reduction due to the AGI value for the payment entity or member.
Member Contribution Reduction Amount  <b>Note:</b> Applies to 2009 and subsequent years.	Reduction amount because of a member contribution value.
Substantive Change Reduction Amount  <b>Note:</b> Applies to 2009 and subsequent years.	Reduction amount because of a substantive change value.
Member Level Reduction Amount  <b>Note:</b> Applies to 2009 and subsequent years.	Reduction amount because of a member level reduction.
Subsidiary Eligibility Reduction Amount	Reduction amount because of a subsidiary eligibility value.
Payment Limitation Reduction Amount	Reduction amount because of payment limitation.
Net Payment Amount	Net payment amount for the producer after all reductions have been applied.
Totals	Total payment amount for the payment entity or member.

655 LFP Payment History Report - Detail (Continued)

C LFP Payment History Report - Detail Example

The following is an example of the LFP Payment History Report - Detail.

XXXXX

Coahoma  
Mississippi

United States Department of Agriculture  
Farm Service Agency

2008 Livestock Forage Disaster Program  
Payment History Report - Detail Level

Date: 07/28/2010  
Page: 1

Producer Name: FARMER, IMA  
Business Type: Individual

Date	State/ County	Payment Entity / Member Name	Payment ID Number	Business Type	Contract/ Application/ Farm	Commodity	Transaction Type	Gross	Total Reduction	Net Payment
07/28/2010	28/027	FARMER, IMA	8619232	00	1517		Payment	\$ 92,313	\$ 42,766	\$ 49,547
									\$ 36,974	
									\$ 5,792	

FOR INTERNAL USE ONLY

XXXXX

**656 General Provisions for Canceling Payments****A Canceling Payments**

After payment processing has been completed, County Offices shall review the NPS payment worklist to ensure that the correct payments have been generated. The user should complete the following if an error is determined:

- **not** sign the payment in NPS
- correct the condition causing the incorrect payment or overpayment.

**Notes:** User intervention is **not** allowed for the cancellation process. If the condition causing the incorrect payment is corrected, the system will automatically cancel the unsigned payment and recalculate the payment amount due.

If the payment amount is determined to be incorrect and the payment has been signed in the NPS system, the payment can no longer be canceled. The producer will be underpaid or overpaid once the condition causing the incorrect payment has been corrected.

**657 General Provisions for Overpayments****A Overview**

Overpayments will be determined during the LFP payment calculation process and will be updated to the Pending Overpayment Report. See 9-CM, paragraph 65 for information on the Pending Overpayment Report.

**B Overpayments Due Dates**

Overpayments can occur for a number of reasons and County Offices are required to take necessary action to collect overpayments. The following lists situations that may cause overpayment and the overpayment due dates.

<b>Time of Determination</b>	<b>Situation</b>	<b>Overpayment Due Date</b>
Any time	Payment was issued to the wrong producer.	Immediately.
After something affecting the payment amount is changed on CCC-853.	Payment was issued and later something occurred that changed the amount on CCC-853.	
After producer misrepresentation is determined.	Producer received a LFP payment and COC determines that the producer misrepresented their interest on CCC-853.	
After payment limitation is exceeded.	It is determined that payments have been issued exceeding the producer's effective payment limitation amount.	
After an eligibility value changes that make the producer ineligible for payment.	Producer's eligibility value changed that makes the producer ineligible for payment.	
Anytime CCC-853 is canceled.	CCC-853 was canceled after payments were issued to the producer.	

**658 Charging Interest****A Introduction**

Program interest shall be charged on all LFP overpayments to producers when the:

- producer becomes ineligible after payments have been issued
- COC determines fraud, scheme, or device for the producer.

**B When Program Interest Applies**

A producer will be charged program interest if COC determines that the producer is ineligible for payment. Reasons for ineligibility include, but are **not** limited to, the following:

- erroneously or fraudulently represented any fact affecting a determination
- knowingly adopted a scheme or device that tends to defeat the purposes of the program
- misrepresented their interest and subsequently received an LFP payment
- does **not** meet commensurate contribution requirements for “person”
- does **not** meet conservation compliance provisions
- does **not** meet controlled substance provisions.

Program interest for ineligible producers shall be charged from the date of disbursement. The system will compute this interest when the overpayment is transferred to NRRS.

**C When Not to Charge Interest**

Interest shall **not** be charged if the producer:

- is **not** determined to be ineligible as defined in subparagraph B
- refunds the payment voluntarily.

**659-699 (Reserved)**

**Part 9 (Reserved)**

**700-799 (Reserved)**

## Part 10 ELAP

### Section 1 Basic ELAP Information

#### 800 General Information

##### A Purpose

This part provides instructions for administering ELAP.

ELAP provides emergency assistance to eligible producers of livestock, honeybees, and farm-raised fish that have losses because of disease, adverse weather, or other conditions, including losses because of blizzards and wildfires, as determined by the Secretary. ELAP assistance is for losses **not** covered under other Supplemental Agricultural Disaster Assistance Programs established by the 2014 Farm Bill, specifically, LFP and LIP. Eligible losses **must** have occurred:

- on or after October 1, 2011
- in the same program year for which benefits are being requested.

**Note:** Compensation provided under ELAP is **not** required to be used by the payee for any specific purpose.

\*--The BBA, enacted February 9, 2018, amended certain provisions related to ELAP effective with the 2017 program year. Those amendments included:

- removing the \$20 million funding cap for the 2017 and subsequent program years
- removing LIP from the combined ELAP, LFP, and LIP maximum per person and legal entity payment limitation for the 2017 and subsequent program years.--\*

##### B Source of Authority

\*--ELAP will be administered using funds from CCC established under the 2014 Farm Bill and amended by BBA.--\*

The regulations for ELAP are provided in 7 CFR Part 1416, Subparts A and B.

##### C Public Information

Follow instructions in 2-INFO for providing information about ELAP.

##### D Modifying Provisions

Provisions in this handbook shall **not** be revised without prior approval from the National Office. Requests for revisions shall be addressed to the Special Programs Manager, through the Deputy Administrator.

**800 General Information (Continued)****E Forms**

**Forms, worksheets, applications and other documents other than those provided in this handbook or issued by the National Office shall not be required for implementing ELAP.**

**Any** document that collects data from a participant, regardless of whether the participant's signature is required:

- is subject to the Privacy Act and information collection procedures
- requires clearance by the following offices:
  - National Office program area
  - MSD, Forms and Graphics Section
  - OMB.

Forms for ELAP will be web-based. A manual application has been developed and will be used until the web-based forms are available. There will be a separate form for each eligible type of loss for the following:

- livestock losses (CCC-851)
- honeybee and farm-raised fish losses (CCC-934).

**F Related Handbooks**

See Part 1 for handbooks related to ELAP.

## 801 Responsibilities

### A STC Responsibilities

Within the authorities and limitations in this handbook and 7 CFR Part 1416, Subparts A and B, STC's shall:

- direct the administration of ELAP
- ensure that State and County Offices follow ELAP provisions
- thoroughly document all actions taken in the STC minutes
- establish and recommend to DAFP, the average cost, per head, to gather livestock for treatment of cattle tick fever according to subparagraph 830 N
- establish the normal mortality rates for farm-raised fish death losses according to subparagraph 861 E
- establish the fair market values for bait fish and game fish by kind/type/size according to subparagraph 861 D
- handle appeals according to 1-APP
- require reviews be conducted by DD's according to subparagraph 888 C to ensure that County Offices comply with ELAP provisions

**Note:** STC's may establish additional reviews to ensure that ELAP is administered according to these provisions.

- take oversight actions to ensure that IPIA provisions are met to prevent County Offices from issuing improper payments according to subparagraph 876 E.

### B SED Responsibilities

Within the authorities and limitations in this handbook and 7 CFR Part 1416, Subparts A and B, SED's shall:

- ensure that County Offices follow ELAP provisions
- handle appeals according to 1-APP

**801 Responsibilities (Continued)****B SED Responsibilities (Continued)**

- ensure that DD's conduct reviews according to subparagraph A

**Note:** SED's may establish additional reviews to ensure that ELAP is administered according to these provisions.

- ensure that **all** County Offices publicize ELAP provisions according to subparagraph D
- immediately notify the National Office Special Programs Manager of software problems, incomplete or incorrect procedures, specific problems, or findings
- take oversight actions to ensure that IPIA provisions are met to prevent County Offices from issuing improper payments according to subparagraph 876 E.

**C DD Responsibilities**

Within the authorities and limitations in this handbook and 7 CFR Part 1416, Subparts A and B, DD's shall:

- ensure that COC's and CED's follow ELAP provisions
- conduct reviews according to subparagraph 888 C, and any additional reviews established by STC's or SED's according to subparagraphs A and B
- provide SED with report of all reviews according to subparagraph 888 C
- ensure that County Offices publicize ELAP provisions according to subparagraph D.

**D COC Responsibilities**

Within the authorities and limitations in this handbook and 7 CFR Part 1416, Subpart A and B, COC's shall:

- fully comply with all ELAP provisions
- ensure that CED's fully comply with all ELAP provisions

**801 Responsibilities (Continued)****D COC Responsibilities (Continued)**

- act on completed CCC-851's and CCC-934's according to paragraph 888

**Notes:** COC may delegate approval authority to the CED for routine cases involving verifiable documentation.

CED cannot be delegated authority to disapprove any CCC-851's or CCC-934's.

COC may NOT delegate authority to review reliable records or an applicant's self-certification, according to subparagraph 888 A.

- handle appeals according to 1-APP
- thoroughly document all actions taken in the COC minutes

**Important:** All the following **must** be thoroughly documented for all ELAP determinations made by COC's:

- all factors reviewed or considered
  - all documentation reviewed
  - references to applicable handbooks, notices, and regulations
  - all sources of information obtained for review or consideration.
- ensure that FSA assists persons by providing as much program information as it can in a variety of different ways

**Notes:** However, because of limits of FSA resources, publication may or may not be by direct mail or on an individual basis. FSA meets its publication responsibilities by making broad program announcements in the press, print, an electronic media, Federal register documents, radio and television announcements, and through posting program information in USDA Service Centers. The reality of limited resources has increased the participant's responsibility for being aware of program provisions. FSA cannot be responsible for reaching out to every potential program participant with all program information. Participants must seek information on program details and not wait for FSA to individually write or communicate with them about program provisions. As resources permit, COC will ensure that program provisions are publicized and maintain a record of any and all publicity efforts, including postings in the Service Center.

The ELAP Fact Sheet may be used to provide general program information.

- take oversight actions to ensure that IPIA provisions are met to prevent County Offices from issuing improper payments according to subparagraph 876 E.

**801 Responsibilities (Continued)****E CED Responsibilities**

Within the authorities and limitations in this handbook and 7 CFR Part 1416, Subparts A and B, CED's shall:

- fully comply with all ELAP provisions
- ensure that County Office employees fully comply with all ELAP provisions
- handle appeals according to 1-APP
- act on completed CCC-851's and CCC-934's according to paragraph 888

**Note:** CED may delegate approval authority to PT's for routine cases. PT's shall **not** be delegated authority to disapprove any CCC-851's or CCC-934's.

- ensure that FSA assists persons by providing as much program information as it can in a variety of different ways according to subparagraph D
- ensure that all program and payment eligibility requirements have been met by participants before issuing any payments to ensure that IPIA provisions are met

**Note:** See subparagraph 876 E for additional information.

- immediately notify SED, through DD, of software problems and incomplete or incorrect procedures or when COC takes action contrary to national procedure.

**801 Responsibilities (Continued)****F PT Responsibilities**

Within the authorities and limitations in this handbook and 7 CFR Part 1416, Subparts A and B, PT's shall:

- fully comply with all ELAP provisions
- immediately notify CED of software problems and incomplete or incorrect procedures
- ensure that participants receive complete and accurate program information
- ensure that all program and payment eligibility requirements have been met by participants before issuing any payments to ensure that IPIA provisions are met.

**Note:** See subparagraph 876 E for additional information.

**802 Definitions for ELAP****A Definitions**

The following definitions apply to ELAP. The definitions provided in other parts of this handbook do **not** apply to ELAP.

Adult beef bull means a male beef breed bovine animal that was used for breeding purposes that was at least 2 years old before the beginning date of the eligible adverse weather or eligible loss condition.

Adult beef cow means a female beef breed bovine animal that had delivered 1 or more offspring before the beginning date of the eligible adverse weather or eligible loss condition. A first-time bred beef heifer is also considered an adult beef cow if it was pregnant on or by the beginning date of the eligible adverse weather or eligible loss condition.

\*--Adult beefalo bull means a male hybrid of beef and bison that was used for breeding purposes and was at least 2 years old before the beginning date of eligible adverse weather or eligible loss condition.

Adult beefalo cow means a female hybrid of beef and bison that had delivered 1 or more offspring before the beginning date of the eligible adverse weather or eligible loss condition. A first-time bred beefalo heifer shall also be considered an adult beefalo cow if it is pregnant on or by the beginning date of the eligible adverse weather or eligible loss condition.

Adult buffalo/bison bull means a male animal of those breeds that was used for breeding purposes and was at least 2 years old before the beginning date of the eligible adverse weather or eligible loss condition. In North America, many bison are commonly referred to as buffalo.

Adult buffalo/bison cow means a female animal of those breeds that had delivered 1 or more offspring before the beginning date of the eligible adverse weather or eligible loss condition. A first-time bred buffalo or bison heifer shall also be considered an adult buffalo/bison cow if it was pregnant by the beginning date of the eligible adverse weather or eligible loss condition. In North America, many bison are commonly referred to as buffalo.--\*

## 802 Definitions for ELAP (Continued)

## A Definitions (Continued)

Adult dairy bull means a male dairy breed bovine animal that was used primarily for breeding dairy cows and was at least 2 years old by the beginning date of the eligible adverse weather or eligible loss condition.

Adult dairy cow means a female bovine dairy breed animal used for the purpose of providing milk for human consumption that had delivered 1 or more offspring by the beginning date of the eligible adverse weather or eligible loss condition. A first-time bred dairy heifer shall also be considered an adult dairy cow if it was pregnant by the beginning date of the eligible adverse weather or eligible loss condition.

Agricultural operation means a farming operation.

Application means CCC form used to apply for either the emergency loss assistance for livestock or emergency loss assistance for honeybees or farm-raised fish.

Aquatic species means any species of aquatic organism grown as food for human consumption, fish raised as feed for fish that are consumed by humans, or ornamental fish propagated and reared in an aquatic medium by a commercial operator on private property in water in a controlled environment. Catfish and crawfish are both defined as aquatic species for ELAP. However, aquatic species do **not** include reptiles or amphibians.

Bait fish means small fish caught for use as bait to attract large predatory fish. For ELAP, it also **must** meet the definition of aquatic species and **not** be raised as food for fish; provided, however, that only bait fish produced in a controlled environment can generate claims under ELAP.

Beginning farmer or rancher means a person or legal entity, including all members, shareholders, partners, beneficiaries, etc., (as fits the circumstances) of an entity, who for a program year both:

- (1) Has **not** operated a farm or ranch in the previous consecutive 10 years, and
- (2) Will have or has had for the relevant period materially and substantially participated in the operation of a farm or ranch.

For legal entities to be considered a Beginning Farmer or Rancher, the requirements above **must** be met by all members. In addition, all members **must** be related by blood or marriage.

\*--Blizzard means, as defined by the National Weather Service, a storm which contains large amounts of snow or blowing snow with winds in excess of 35 mph and visibility of less than ¼ mile for an extended period of time.--\*

Blue tongue means a noncontagious, insect-borne, viral disease of ruminants transmitted by biting insects called midges.

Buck means a male goat.

## 802 Definitions for ELAP (Continued)

## A Definitions (Continued)

Cache Valley Virus (CVV) means a mosquito-borne infection by an RNA virus of the Bunyaviridae family that affects flocks of sheep, especially the U.S. Midwest.

Cattle tick fever means a severe and often fatal disease that destroys red blood cells of cattle, commonly known as Texas or cattle fever, which is spread by *Rhipicephalus* (*Boophilus*) *annulatus*, and the southern cattle tick, *R. (Boophilus) microplus*.

Commercial use means used in the operation of a business activity engaged in as a means of livelihood for profit by the eligible producer.

Contract means, with respect to contracts for the handling of livestock, a written agreement between a livestock owner and another individual or entity setting the specific terms, conditions, and obligations of the parties involved regarding the production of livestock or livestock products.

Controlled environment means an environment in which everything that can practicably be controlled by the participant with structures, facilities, and growing media (including, but **not** limited to, water and nutrients) and was in fact controlled by the participant at the time of the adverse weather or eligible loss condition.

COC or County Office means the respective FSA committee or office.

Deputy Administrator or DAFP means the USDA, FSA, Deputy Administrator for Farm Programs, or designee.

Eligible adverse weather means, as determined by the Deputy Administrator, an extreme or abnormal damaging weather event that is **not** expected to occur during the loss period, which results in eligible losses. The eligible adverse weather would have resulted in agricultural losses **not** covered by other programs for which the Deputy Administrator determines financial assistance should be provided to producers. Adverse weather may include, but is **not** limited to, blizzard, winter storms, and wildfires. Specific eligible adverse weather may vary based on the type of loss. Identification of eligible adverse weather will include locations (National, State, or county-level) and start and end dates.

Eligible drought means that any area of the county has been rated by the U.S. Drought Monitor as having a D3 (extreme drought) intensity:

- (1) At any time during the program year, for additional honeybee feed loss; or
- \*--(2) That directly impact water availability at any time during the normal grazing period--\* (for example, snow pack that feeds streams and springs), as determined by the Deputy Administrator or designee, for losses resulting from transporting water to livestock.

Eligible extreme cold means, for honeybee colony losses, the temperature **must** be 14 degrees Fahrenheit or less for at least 7 consecutive days during the program year in which the loss is claimed.

## 802 Definitions for ELAP (Continued)

## A Definitions (Continued)

Eligible grazing land means land that is native or improved pastureland with permanent vegetative cover or land planted to a crop planted specifically for the purpose of providing grazing for eligible livestock.

Eligible loss condition means a condition that would have resulted in agricultural losses **not** covered by other programs in this part for which the Deputy Administrator determines financial assistance needs to be provided to producers. Specific eligible loss conditions include, but are **not** limited to, disease (including cattle tick fever), insect infestation and colony collapse disorder. Identification of eligible loss conditions will include locations (National, State, or county-level) and start and end dates.

Eligible sustained cold means, for honeybee colony losses, the temperature **must** be 23 degrees Fahrenheit or less for at least 40 consecutive days during the program year in which the loss is claimed.

Eligible winter storm means, for an eligible adverse weather event, an event that lasts in duration for at least 3 consecutive days and includes a combination of high winds, freezing rain or sleet, heavy snowfall, and extremely cold temperatures. For a determination of winter storm, the wind, precipitation, and extremely cold temperatures must all occur within the 3-day period with wind and extremely cold temperatures occurring in each of the 3 days.

Equine animal means a domesticated horse, mule, or donkey.

Ewe means a female sheep.

Farming operation means a business enterprise engaged in producing agricultural products.

Farm-raised fish means any aquatic species that is propagated and reared in a controlled environment.

FSA means the Farm Service Agency.

Game or sport fish means fish pursued for sport by recreational anglers; provided, however, that only game or sport fish produced in a controlled environment can generate claims under ELAP.

Goat means a domesticated, ruminant mammal of the genus *Capra*, including Angora goats. Goats are further delineated into categories by sex (bucks and nannies) and age (kids).

\*--Grazing animals means those species of livestock that, from a nutritional and physiological perspective, satisfy more than 50 percent of their net energy requirement through the consumption of growing forage grasses and legumes. Species of livestock for which more than 50 percent of their net energy requirements are not recommended to be met from consumption of forage grasses and legumes, such as poultry and swine, are excluded regardless of whether those species are grazing or are present on grazing land or pastureland.--\*

**802 Definitions for ELAP (Continued)****A Definitions (Continued)**

Grazing loss means the value, as calculated in subparagraph 831 C, D, or E, of eligible grazing lost because of an eligible adverse weather or eligible loss condition based on the number of days that the eligible livestock were **not** able to graze the eligible grazing land during the normal grazing period.

EHD means a disease of white-tailed deer caused by an infection of a virus from the genus Orbivirus.

Kid means a goat less than 1 year old.

Lamb means a sheep less than 1 year old.

Limited resource farmer or rancher means a producer who is both:

(1) A producer whose direct or indirect gross farm sales do **not** exceed \$176,800 (2014 program year) in each of the 2 calendar years that preceded the most immediately preceding complete taxable year before the relevant program year, (for example, for the 2014 program year, the 2 years would be 2012 and 2011), adjusted upwards in later years for any general inflation, and

(2) A producer whose total household income was at or below the national poverty level for a family of 4 in each of the same 2 previous years referenced in paragraph (1) of this definition. (Limited resource farmer or rancher status can be determined using a web site available through the Limited Resource Farmer and Rancher Online Self Determination Tool through National Resource and Conservation Service at <http://www.lrftool.sc.egov.usda.gov/tool.aspx>.)

For legal entities requesting to be considered Limited Resource Farmer or Rancher, the sum of gross sales and household income **must** be considered for all members.

Livestock owner, for death loss purposes, means 1 having legal ownership of the livestock for which benefits are being requested on the day such livestock died because of an eligible adverse weather or eligible loss condition. For all other purposes of loss under ELAP, “livestock owner” means 1 having legal ownership of the livestock for which benefits are being requested during the 60 calendar days before the beginning date of the eligible adverse weather or eligible loss condition.

Loss period means the period of time the loss occurs for the adverse weather event the producer is claiming caused the loss.

Nanny means a female goat.

\*--Newborn livestock means livestock that are within 10 calendar days of the date of birth.--\*

**802 Definitions for ELAP (Continued)****A Definitions (Continued)**

Nonadult beef cattle means a beef breed bovine animal that does **not** meet the definition of adult beef cow or bull. Nonadult beef cattle are further delineated by weight categories of either less than 400 pounds or 400 pounds or more at the time they died. For a loss other than death, means a bovine animal less than 2 years old that weighed 500 pounds or more on or before the beginning date of the eligible adverse weather or eligible loss condition.

Nonadult beefalo means a male hybrid of beef and bison that does not meet the definition of adult beefalo cow or bull. Nonadult beefalo are further delineated by weight categories of either less than 400 pounds or 400 pounds or more at the time of death.

Nonadult buffalo/bison means an animal of those breeds that does **not** meet the definition of adult buffalo or bison cow or bull. Nonadult buffalo or beefalo are further delineated by weight categories of either less than 400 pounds or 400 pounds or more at the time of death. For a loss other than death, means an animal of those breeds that is less than 2 years old that weighed 500 pounds or more on or before the beginning date of the eligible adverse weather or eligible loss condition.

Nonadult dairy cattle means a bovine breed animal used for the purpose of providing milk for human consumption that does **not** meet the definition of adult dairy cow or bull. Nonadult dairy cattle are further delineated by weight categories of either less than 400 pounds or 400 pounds or more at the time they died. For a loss other than death, means a bovine dairy breed animal used for the purpose of providing milk for human consumption that is less than 2 years old that weighed 500 pounds or more on or before the beginning date of the eligible adverse weather or eligible loss condition.

Normal grazing period, with respect to a county, means the normal grazing period during the calendar year with respect to each specific type of grazing land or pastureland in the county.

Normal mortality means the numerical amount, computed by a percentage of expected livestock, honeybee colony and farm-raised fish deaths, by category, that normally occur during a program year for a producer, as established for the area by STC for livestock and farm-raised fish, and as established nationwide by the Deputy Administrator for honeybee colonies.

Poultry means domesticated chickens, turkeys, ducks, or geese. Poultry are further delineated into categories by sex, age, and purpose of production as determined by FSA.

Program year means from October 1 through September 30 of the fiscal year in which the loss occurred.

Ram means a male sheep.

Reliable record means any non-verifiable record available that reasonably supports the eligible loss, as determined acceptable by COC.

Secretary means the Secretary of Agriculture or a designee of the Secretary.

**802 Definitions for ELAP (Continued)****A Definitions (Continued)**

Sheep means a domesticated, ruminant mammal of the genus *Ovis*. Sheep are further defined by sex (rams and ewes) and age (lambs) for purposes of dividing into categories for loss calculations.

SDA farmer or rancher means a farmer or rancher who is a member of an SDA group whose members have been subjected to racial, ethnic, or gender prejudice because of their identity as members of a group without regard to their individual qualities. SDA groups include the following and no others unless approved in writing by the Deputy Administrator:

- (i) American Indians or Alaskan Natives,
- (ii) Asians or Asian-Americans,
- (iii) Blacks or African Americans,
- (iv) Native Hawaiians or other Pacific Islanders, and
- (v) Hispanics
- (vi) Women.

For a legal entity to be considered “SDA” greater than 50 percent of the persons in the entity **must** in their individual capacities meet this definition.

STC, State Office, COC, or County Office means the respective FSA committee or office.

Swine means a domesticated omnivorous pig, hog, or boar. Swine for purposes of dividing into categories for loss calculations are further delineated into categories by sex and weight as determined by FSA.

United States means all 50 States of the United States, the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico, the District of Columbia, and any other territory or possession of the United States.

U.S. Drought Monitor means a system for classifying drought severity according to a range of abnormally dry to exceptional drought. It is a collaborative effort between Federal and academic partners, produced on a weekly basis, to synthesize multiple indices, outlooks, and drought impacts on a map and in narrative form. This synthesis of indices is reported by the National Drought Mitigation Center at <http://droughtmonitor.unl.edu>.

Verifiable record means a document provided by the producer who can be verified by COC through an independent source and is used to substantiate the claimed loss.

**803-814 (Reserved)**



**Section 2 Policy and Procedures****815 Signup Period****A 2012 Through 2014 ELAP Program Year Signup**

Producers who suffered eligible livestock, honeybee, or farm-raised fish losses during:

- 2012 and 2013 program years:
  - can sign up for ELAP beginning April 15, 2014
  - **must** provide a notice of loss and file an application for payment in their administrative County Office no later than August 1, 2014
- 2014 program year shall file a notice of loss and an application for payment no later than November 1, 2014.

**\*--B 2015 and 2016 ELAP Program Years Signup**

For 2015 and 2016 program year losses, producers who suffer eligible livestock,--\* honeybee, or farm-raised fish losses shall file the following:

- a notice of loss the earlier of:
  - 30 calendar days of when the loss is apparent to the participant
  - November 1 after the end of the program year in which the loss occurred
- an application for payment no later than November 1 after the end of the program year in which the loss occurred.

## Section 2 Policy and Procedures

## 815 Signup Period (Continued)

**\*--C 2017 and Subsequent ELAP Program Years Signup**

For 2017 and subsequent program year losses, producers who suffer eligible livestock, honeybee, or farm-raised fish losses shall file the following:

- a notice of loss by the later of:
  - 30 calendar days of when the loss of livestock is first apparent
  - 60 days after publication of the regulations governing ELAP, including the BBA provisions, in the Federal Register
- an application for payment by the later of:
  - November 1 following the program year for which benefits are being requested
  - 60 days after publication of the regulations governing ELAP, including the BBA provisions, in the Federal Register.

**Important:** Notices of loss and applications for payment that had been filed under the regulations that were in effect at the time of filing and which had been issued an administrative decision for either a 2017 or 2018 program year loss are not eligible for signup under this subparagraph, unless the decision was based only on failure to submit the notice of loss or application for payment by the prior applicable deadline.--\*

**815 Signup Period (Continued)****D Notice of Loss**

For notice of loss for:

- livestock losses, complete CCC-851, Parts A and C
- honeybee or farm-raised fish losses, complete CCC-934, Parts A and B.

**E Application for Payment**

For application for payment for:

- livestock losses, complete only those parts of CCC-851, Parts D through O that are applicable
- honeybee or farm-raised fish losses, complete only those parts of CCC-934, Parts C through I that are applicable.

The application period for ELAP is a matter of general applicability to all participants; therefore, disapproval of CCC-851's or CCC-934's filed after the end of the applicable application period is **not** appealable.

**Important:** There are **no** late-filed provisions for ELAP. FSA shall **not** refuse to accept a producer's request to file CCC-851 or CCC-934. However, CCC-851 or CCC-934 submitted by participants after the end of the applicable filing date shall be disapproved because they were **not** filed during the application period.

**815 Signup Period (Continued)****F Acreage Reports**

Livestock, honeybees, and farm-raised fish producers are required to file FSA-578. Acreage  
\*--Reports shall be loaded into the Crop Acreage Reporting System according to 2-CP,  
Part 3.--\*

**Important:** See subparagraph 845 F for additional requirements for recording honeybee colonies.

For 2012, 2013, and 2014 program years:

- late-filed FSA-578's will be accepted
- late-filed fees will **not** apply
- physical evidence inspections will be waived for native and improved pastures, farm-raised fish and honeybee colonies
- evidence of disposition is required according to 2-CP
- all other requirements for filing an acreage report will apply according to 2-CP.

## 816 Eligibility Criteria

### A General Eligibility Criteria

To be eligible to receive assistance under ELAP for eligible losses for livestock, honeybees, and farm-raised fish, an eligible producer must:

- have suffered eligible losses of livestock, honeybees, and farm-raised fish that occurred:
  - on or after October 1, 2011
  - in the program year for which assistance is being requested
- have suffered losses that are physically located in the county where the eligible adverse weather or eligible loss condition occurred
- timely file CCC-851 or CCC-934, as applicable, for payment
- timely file FSA-578 for all grazing land acres, honeybee colonies, and farm-raised fish pond acres according to 2-CP.

**Note:** For 2012, 2013, and 2014 program years, late-filed FSA-578's will be accepted without requiring the producer to pay a late-filed fee. **See subparagraph 815 E for late-filed FSA-578 provisions.**

### B Eligible Loss

An eligible loss under ELAP is a loss that an eligible producer or contract grower of livestock, honeybees, or farm-raised fish incurs because of an eligible adverse weather or eligible loss condition including, but not limited to, blizzards, disease (including cattle tick fever) and wildfires.

**Note:** A loss covered under LFP or LIP is **not** eligible for ELAP.

To be considered an eligible loss for ELAP, the loss must have occurred:

- during the program year for which payment is being requested
- because of an eligible adverse weather event or eligible loss condition that occurred on or after October 1, 2011.

## 816 Eligibility Criteria (Continued)

**C Eligible Livestock Losses**

The following provides the eligible livestock losses and corresponding eligibility criteria that **must** be met to be considered eligible livestock losses under ELAP.

<b>Eligible Livestock Losses</b>	<b>Eligibility Criteria</b>
Grazing loss	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Incurred during the normal grazing period on eligible grazing lands physically located in the county where the eligible adverse weather or eligible loss condition occurred.</li> <li>Because of an eligible adverse weather or eligible loss condition, as provided in subparagraph G.</li> </ul> <p><b>Important:</b> A grazing loss will <b>not</b> be considered an eligible loss if:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>covered by LFP, such as drought or wildfire on Federally managed land</li> <li>the producer is receiving compensation under ELAP for additional livestock feed purchases for the same eligible livestock during the same eligible adverse weather or eligible loss condition.</li> </ul>
Purchased forage or feed stuffs	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Destroyed because of an eligible adverse weather or eligible loss condition, as provided in subparagraph F.</li> </ul>
Mechanically harvested forage or feed stuffs	<p><b>Note:</b> Mechanically harvested forage or feed stuffs must be destroyed <b>after</b> harvest to be considered an eligible loss.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Intended for use as feed for the participant's eligible livestock.</li> <li>Physically located in the county where the eligible adverse weather or eligible loss condition occurred on the beginning date of the eligible adverse weather or eligible loss condition.</li> </ul>

## 816 Eligibility Criteria (Continued)

## C Eligible Livestock Losses (Continued)

Eligible Livestock Losses	Eligibility Criteria
Additional cost of purchasing livestock feed above normal quantities	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Purchased above normal quantities, as determined according to subparagraph 832 E.</li> </ul> <p><b>Note:</b> Eligible additional feed purchases do not have to be made during the normal grazing period.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Required to maintain eligible livestock, physically located in the county where the eligible adverse weather or eligible loss condition occurred, until additional livestock feed becomes available.</li> </ul> <p><b>Note:</b> The value of additional livestock feed purchases shall <b>not</b> exceed the feed needs of the eligible livestock during the eligible adverse weather or eligible loss condition, as determined according to subparagraph 832 F.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Purchased during or after an eligible adverse weather or eligible loss condition, as provided in subparagraph F.</li> </ul> <p><b>Important:</b> Additional livestock feed purchases made during the normal grazing period will <b>not</b> be considered eligible if the producer is receiving compensation under ELAP for grazing losses for the same eligible livestock during the same eligible adverse weather or eligible loss condition.</p>
Cost for transporting livestock feed to eligible livestock including, but not limited to, costs associated with equipment rental fees for hay lifts and snow removal	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Incurred because of an eligible adverse weather or eligible loss condition, as provided in subparagraph F.</li> <li>Suffered in the county where the eligible adverse weather or eligible loss condition occurred.</li> <li>Incurred in combination with either of the following livestock feed losses: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>purchased or mechanically harvested forage or feed stuffs damaged or destroyed</li> <li>additional livestock feed purchased above normal quantities.</li> </ul> </li> </ul>

## 816 Eligibility Criteria (Continued)

## C Eligible Livestock Losses (Continued)

Eligible Livestock Losses	Eligibility Criteria
Physical loss of livestock in excess of normal mortality	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Died as a result of an eligible adverse weather or eligible loss condition, as provided in subparagraph I.</li> <li>• Livestock must be considered eligible livestock as defined in subparagraph 830 B.</li> </ul>
Additional cost of transporting water	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Incurred during the 2014 or subsequent program years.</li> <li>• Resulting from transporting water to eligible livestock, as provided in subparagraph 830 A.</li> <li>• Because of an eligible drought, as defined in subparagraph H.</li> <li>• Incurred on eligible grazing lands: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• physically located in the county where the eligible drought occurred</li> <li>• that had adequate livestock watering systems or facilities before the eligible drought occurred</li> <li>• that the producer is not normally required to transport water to the grazing land.</li> </ul> </li> </ul>
Additional cost associated with gathering livestock to treat for cattle tick fever	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Livestock treated for cattle tick fever must be considered eligible livestock according to subparagraph 830 A.</li> <li>• Livestock gathered must be treated by APHIS for cattle tick fever.</li> <li>• APHIS must have records on file of the number of livestock treated for cattle tick fever and the number of treatments in the program year.</li> </ul>

**816 Eligibility Criteria (Continued)****C Eligible Livestock Losses (Continued)**

When a producer has both a grazing loss and a loss resulting from additional feed purchases, above normal quantities, inside the normal grazing period, for the same eligible livestock because of the same adverse weather or loss condition, the producer will be compensated under ELAP for the loss providing the larger payment to the producer, as determined on CCC-851-1.

CCC-851-1:

- calculates and compares the eligible payment for both the grazing loss and loss resulting from additional feed costs purchased above normal
- includes the larger calculated benefit amount in the producer's ELAP payment.

**Note:** An eligible livestock producer **may** receive compensation for both a grazing loss and any combination of the following livestock losses that occur inside the normal grazing period as a result of the same eligible adverse weather or eligible loss condition:

- loss of purchased and mechanically harvested forage or feedstuffs
- losses resulting from additional expenses for transporting feed to eligible livestock
- losses resulting from transporting water to eligible livestock
- losses resulting from gathering livestock to treat for cattle tick fever
- physical loss of livestock in excess of normal mortality.

**816 Eligibility Criteria (Continued)****D Eligible Honeybee Losses**

The following provides the eligible honeybee losses and corresponding eligibility criteria that must be met to be considered eligible honeybee losses under ELAP.

<b>Eligible Honeybee Losses</b>	<b>Eligibility Criteria</b>
Purchased feed	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Damaged or destroyed because of an eligible adverse weather or eligible loss condition, as provided in subparagraph J.</li> <li>• Intended for use as feed for the participant's eligible honeybee colonies.</li> <li>• Physically located in the county where the eligible adverse weather or eligible loss condition occurred on the beginning date of the eligible adverse weather or eligible loss condition.</li> </ul>
Cost of additional honeybee feed purchased above normal quantities	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Purchased above normal quantities, as determined according to subparagraph 846 G.</li> <li>• Required to maintain the honeybee colonies, physically located in the county where the eligible adverse weather or eligible loss condition occurred, until additional honeybee feed becomes available.</li> <li>• Purchased during or after an eligible adverse weather or eligible loss condition provided in subparagraph K.</li> </ul>
Colony losses	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Lost in excessive of normal mortality as a direct result of an eligible adverse weather or eligible loss condition, as provided in subparagraph L.</li> <li>• Physically located in the county where the eligible adverse weather or eligible loss condition occurred on the beginning on the date of the eligible adverse weather or loss condition.</li> </ul>
Hive Loss	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Damaged or destroyed as a result of an eligible adverse weather or eligible loss condition, as provided in subparagraph L.</li> <li>• Physically located in the county where the eligible adverse weather or eligible loss condition occurred on the beginning date of the eligible adverse weather or eligible loss condition.</li> </ul>

**816 Eligibility Criteria (Continued)****E Eligible Farm-Raised Fish Losses**

The following provides the eligible farm-raised fish losses and corresponding eligibility criteria that must be met to be considered eligible farm-raised fish losses under ELAP.

<b>Eligible Farm-Raised Fish Losses</b>	<b>Eligibility Criteria</b>
Purchased feed	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Damaged or destroyed because of an eligible adverse weather or eligible loss condition, as provided in subparagraph M.</li> <li>• Intended for use as feed for the participant's eligible farm-raised fish.</li> <li>• Physically located in the county where the eligible adverse weather or eligible loss condition occurred on the beginning date of the eligible adverse weather or loss condition.</li> </ul>
Death losses	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Be bait fish or game fish.</li> <li>• Lost in excess of normal mortality as a direct result of an eligible adverse weather or eligible loss condition, as provided in subparagraph M.</li> <li>• Physically located in the county where the eligible adverse weather or eligible loss condition occurred on the beginning date of the eligible adverse weather or eligible loss condition.</li> </ul>

## 816 Eligibility Criteria (Continued)

**F Eligible Adverse Weather or Eligible Loss Conditions for Livestock Feed Losses**

Eligible adverse weather or eligible loss conditions for livestock **feed losses** include, but are **not** limited to, the following:

- blizzards
- eligible winter storms
- excessive wind
- floods
- hurricanes
- lightning
- tidal surge
- tornados
- volcanic eruption
- wildfires on non-Federally managed grazing lands.

DAFP may add additional eligible cause of losses for livestock feed losses based on a recommendation from STC.

**G Eligible Adverse Weather or Eligible Loss Conditions for Livestock Grazing Losses**

Eligible adverse weather or eligible loss conditions for livestock **grazing losses** include, but are **not** limited to, the following:

- blizzards
- eligible winter storms
- floods
- \*--hail, according to provisions outlined in subparagraph 830 O--\*
- hurricanes
- lightning
- tidal surge
- volcanic eruption
- wildfires on non-Federally managed grazing lands.

DAFP may add additional eligible cause of losses for livestock grazing losses based on a recommendation from STC.

## 816 Eligibility Criteria (Continued)

**H Eligible Loss Condition for Losses Resulting From Transporting Water**

For 2014 and subsequent program years, a loss resulting from the additional cost of transporting water to eligible livestock **must** be because of an eligible drought, that means all of the following:

- any area of the county has been rated by the U.S. Drought Monitor as having a D3 (extreme drought) intensity
- directly impacts water availability during the normal grazing period (for example, snow pack that feeds streams and springs), as determined by the Deputy Administrator or designee, for losses resulting from transporting water to livestock.

**I Eligible Loss Conditions for Livestock Death Losses**

Eligible loss conditions for livestock death losses are loss conditions determined eligible by DAFP and **not** related to an eligible adverse weather event under LIP.

DAFP has determined that **not** all diseases are considered eligible under ELAP.

\* \* \*DAFP has determined that both of the following criteria must be met to consider a disease eligible for livestock death losses under ELAP:

- is caused and/or transmitted by vectors
- vaccination or acceptable management practices are not available, whether or not they were or were not implemented.

**Example:** Cattle can be vaccinated to prevent anaplasmosis, pneumonia, infectious bovine rhinotracheitis, and parainfluenza. Vaccination is an acceptable management practice to prevent anaplasmosis, pneumonia, infectious bovine rhinotracheitis, and parainfluenza in cattle, and these diseases are not caused or transmitted by vectors and are not eligible causes of loss under ELAP. Even if vaccination is done to prevent these diseases, and the livestock nonetheless dies from 1 of these diseases, the disease is still not an eligible loss condition under ELAP.

**Note:** STC shall consider these criteria when requesting that DAFP add a specific disease as an eligible loss condition for livestock death losses under ELAP.

DAFP may add additional eligible loss conditions for livestock death losses based on a recommendation from STC.

## 816 Eligibility Criteria (Continued)

**I Eligible Loss Conditions for Livestock Death Losses (Continued)**

Blue tongue and EHD are considered eligible loss conditions for white-tailed deer death losses only.

For 2015 and subsequent program years, CVV is considered an eligible loss condition for sheep death losses **only**.

**Note:** To be considered eligible for CVV, the eligibility criteria in subparagraph 830 C for newborn \* \* \* animals **must** be met. Therefore, sheep that died because of CVV before reaching full-term or near full-term would **not** be eligible for death losses under ELAP. In addition, sheep that would **not** have survived under normal conditions, without CVV, do **not** qualify for ELAP death loss benefits.

To date, DAFP has determined that the following diseases are **not** considered an eligible loss condition under ELAP:

- Anaplasma Marginale
- Mannheimia Haemolytica
- Mycoplasma Bovis
- Bovine Respiratory Disease
- Malignant Catarrhal Fever
- Bovine Leukosis Virus
- Pregnancy Toxemia
- Pneumonia
- Infectious Bovine Rhinotracheitis
- Parainfluenza.

**J Eligible Adverse Weather or Eligible Loss Conditions for Honeybee Feed Losses**

Eligible adverse weather or eligible loss conditions for honeybee feed losses include, but are **not** limited to, the following:

- earthquake
- floods
- hurricanes
- lightning
- tidal surge
- tornado
- volcanic eruption
- wildfires.

DAFP may add additional eligible cause of losses for honeybee feed losses based on a recommendation from STC.

## 816 Eligibility Criteria (Continued)

**K Eligible Adverse Weather or Eligible Loss Conditions for Honeybee Additional Feed Purchases**

Eligible adverse weather or eligible loss conditions for honeybee additional feed purchases include, but are **not** limited to, the following:

- early fall frost
- earthquake
- eligible drought, as defined in paragraph 802
- excessive rainfall
- flood
- hurricane
- late spring frost
- lightning
- tidal surge
- tornado
- volcanic eruption
- wildfires.

DAFP may add additional eligible cause of losses for honeybee additional feed losses based on a recommendation from STC.

**L Eligible Adverse Weather or Loss Conditions for Honeybee Colony and Hive Losses**

Eligible adverse weather or eligible loss conditions for honeybee colony and hive losses include, but are **not** limited to, the following:

- colony collapse disorder (colony loss only)
- earthquake
- eligible extreme cold, as defined in subparagraph 802 A, for colony loss **only** for 2015 and subsequent years
- eligible sustained cold, as defined in subparagraph 802 A, for colony loss **only** for 2015 and subsequent years

**816 Eligibility Criteria (Continued)**

**L Eligible Adverse Weather or Loss Conditions for Honeybee Colony and Hive Losses (Continued)**

- eligible winter storm (colony loss only)
- excessive wind
- flood
- hurricane
- lightning
- tornado
- volcanic eruption
- wildfire.

DAFP may add additional eligible cause of losses for honeybee colony and hive losses based on a recommendation from STC.

**816 Eligibility Criteria (Continued)****M Eligible Adverse Weather or Loss Conditions for Farm-Raised Fish Losses**

Eligible adverse weather or eligible loss conditions for farm-raised fish losses include, but are not limited to, the following:

- earthquakes
- excessive heat (death losses only)
- excessive wind (feed losses only)
- floods
- hurricane
- tidal surge
- tornados
- volcanic eruption
- freeze as approved by DAFP (death losses only).

DAFP may add additional eligible cause of losses for farm-raised fish losses based on a recommendation from STC.

**N Eligible Producers**

To be considered an eligible livestock, honeybee, or farm-raised fish producer, the producer must be an individual or entity that is:

- a citizen of the United States
- a resident alien

**Note:** Resident alien means “lawful alien”.

- a partnership of citizens of the United States
- a corporation, limited liability corporation, or other farm organizational structure organized under State law
- any Native American tribe as defined in the Indian Self-Determination and Education Assistance Act
- any Native American organization or entity chartered under the Indian Reorganization Act
- any economic enterprise under the Indian Financing Act of 1974.

## 816 Eligibility Criteria (Continued)

## N Eligible Producers (Continued)

**To be considered an eligible livestock producer for livestock feed losses and losses resulting from transporting water and gathering livestock to treat for cattle tick fever** and to receive payments, the participant must have owned, cash-leased, purchased, entered into a contract to purchase, or been a contract grower of eligible livestock during the 60 calendar days before the beginning date of the eligible adverse weather or eligible loss condition and must have suffered 1 of the following:

- a loss of **purchased** forage or feedstuffs intended for use as feed for the participant's eligible livestock that was physically located in the county where the eligible adverse weather or eligible loss condition occurred because of an eligible adverse weather or eligible loss condition in the program year for which benefits are being requested
- a loss of **mechanically harvested** forage or feedstuffs intended for use as feed for the participant's eligible livestock that was physically located in the county where the eligible adverse weather or eligible loss condition occurred because of an eligible adverse weather or eligible loss condition in the program year for which benefits are being requested

**Note:** The loss must have occurred after harvest because of an eligible adverse weather or eligible loss condition.

- a loss resulting from the additional cost incurred for transporting livestock feed to the participant's eligible livestock because of an eligible adverse weather or eligible loss condition including, but not limited to, costs associated with equipment rental fees for snow removal or hay lifts
- a loss resulting from the additional cost of purchasing additional livestock feed, above normal quantities, required to maintain eligible livestock until additional livestock feed becomes available

**Note:** The additional feed purchased above normal must be feed that is fed to maintain livestock in the county where the eligible adverse weather or eligible loss condition occurred.

**816 Eligibility Criteria (Continued)****N Eligible Producers (Continued)**

- a loss resulting from the additional cost of transporting water to eligible livestock because of an eligible adverse weather or eligible loss condition, including but not limited to, cost associated with water transport equipment fees, labor, and contracted water transportation fees
- a loss resulting from the additional cost associated with gathering livestock to treat for cattle tick fever. To be considered eligible producer, APHIS must have acceptable records on file that provide the number of eligible livestock treated for cattle tick fever and the number of treatments given during the program year.

**To be considered an eligible livestock producer for grazing losses** and to receive payments, the producer must have:

- during the 60 calendar days before the beginning date of the eligible adverse weather or eligible loss condition, owned, cash-leased, purchased, entered into a contract to purchase, or been a contract grower of eligible livestock
- suffered a loss on land that is either:
  - native or improved pastureland with a permanent vegetative cover
  - planted to a crop specifically for the purpose of providing grazing for eligible livestock
- provided pastureland or grazing land during the normal grazing period for eligible livestock, including cash-rented pastureland or grazing land for eligible livestock that is physically located in the county where the eligible adverse weather or eligible loss condition occurred.

**To be considered an eligible livestock producer for livestock death losses**, the:

- livestock owner must have owned the livestock on the day the livestock died under conditions in which no contract grower could have been eligible for ELAP payment with respect to the animal because of the eligible loss condition

## 816 Eligibility Criteria (Continued)

## N Eligible Producers (Continued)

- contract grower must have had:
  - a written agreement with the owner of the eligible livestock setting the specific terms, conditions, and obligations of the parties involved regarding the production of livestock
  - control of the eligible livestock on the day the livestock died
  - a risk of loss in the animal.

**To be considered an eligible honeybee producer**, the producer must have an interest and risk in an eligible honeybee colony:

- being maintained for producing honey, pollinating, or breeding bees for commercial use as part of a farming operation on the beginning date of the eligible adverse weather or eligible loss condition
- physically located in the county where the eligible adverse weather or eligible loss condition occurred on the beginning date of the eligible adverse weather or eligible loss condition.

**To be considered an eligible producer for farm-raised fish**, the fish must be produced in a controlled environment so to be considered “farm-raised fish”; the “farm-raised fish” must for:

- feed losses:
  - be an aquatic species that is propagated and reared in a controlled environment
  - be maintained and harvested for commercial use as part of a farming operation
  - be physically located in the county where the eligible adverse weather or eligible loss condition occurred on the beginning date of the eligible adverse weather or eligible loss condition

## 816 Eligibility Criteria (Continued)

**N Eligible Producers (Continued)**

- death losses:
  - be bait fish or game fish that are propagated and reared in a controlled environment
  - been maintained for commercial use as part of a farming operation
  - been physically located in the county the eligible adverse weather or eligible loss condition occurred on the beginning date of the eligible adverse weather or eligible loss condition.

**O Deceased Individuals and Dissolved Entities**

Authority to sign contracts, applications, and other documents on behalf of an eligible participant who is now a deceased individual or a dissolved entity may vary according to State law. Payments may be made for eligible losses suffered by an eligible livestock, honeybee, or farm-raised fish producer who is now a deceased individual or is a dissolved entity if a representative, who currently has authority to act on behalf of the estate of the deceased participant, signs CCC-851 or CCC-934, as applicable.

**Important:** Proof of authority to sign for the eligible deceased individual or dissolved entity **must** be on file in the County Office before the representative is allowed to sign CCC-851 or CCC-934 for the participant. Proof of authority includes any of the following:

- court order
- document approved by the OGC Regional Attorney
- letter from Secretary of State.

FSA-325 is:

- only used when it is requested that a payment earned by a deceased, missing, or incompetent program participant be issued in a name other than that of the deceased, missing, or declared incompetent program participant
- **not** applicable for determining who may file a program application for a deceased, incompetent, or missing individual.

## 816 Eligibility Criteria (Continued)

**O Deceased Individuals and Dissolved Entities (Continued)**

State Office shall consult with the OGC Regional Attorney on the following types of cases:

- documentation submitted does **not** clearly establish authority to act on behalf of the estate of the deceased individual, closed estate, or dissolved entity by signing the application
- application from and request for issuing payments to heirs of a deceased individual without documentation provided that the heir establishes authority to act on behalf of the deceased individual.

If a participant is now a dissolved general partnership or joint venture, all members of the general partnership or joint venture at the time of dissolution, or their duly authorized representatives **must** sign CCC-851 or CCC-934.

**Note:** Only one CCC-851 or CCC-934 will be submitted for payment for the general partnership or joint venture; however, all members **must** sign CCC-851 or CCC-934.

See subparagraph 876 B for making payments to deceased individuals, closed estates, and dissolved entities.

**\*--817 Submitting Requests to the Washington, DC, National Office****A Overview**

When STC requests that DAFP add a specific adverse weather event or disease as an eligible loss condition under ELAP, the State Office will submit the file electronically according to this paragraph.

**Note:** Requests for equitable relief or application of the finality rule for ELAP participants are not subject to this paragraph and must be submitted according to 7-CP, paragraph 4.

**B Electronically Submitting Requests**

Requests must be submitted by internal FSA e-mail from State Offices to **RA.FSA.DCWA2.ppb@wdc.usda.gov**, according to the format in subparagraph C.

Requests and documents submitted according to this paragraph must be sent by e-mail with a PDF attachment. State Office shall include a point-of-contact in the text of the e-mail, but **nothing** else of substance. Attached documents shall be encrypted according to subparagraph C, if necessary.

**C Format for Subject Line of E-Mails**

The e-mail subject line must be formatted as follows:

- State abbreviation (for example, “AZ” for Arizona)
- program year
- “ELAP”
- date of request (for example, “01-10-2015” for January 10, 2015).

**Example:** An example e-mail subject line from New York State, for 2015 ELAP, on January 10, 2015, would be, “NY/2015/ELAP/01-10-2015”.

Attachments containing PII must be in PDF and encrypted with a password provided to the National Office under separate cover.--\*

**818-829 (Reserved)**



## Section 3 Livestock Eligibility Criteria

## 830 Livestock Eligibility

**A Eligible Livestock for Feed Losses, Grazing Losses, Water Transporting, and Cattle Tick Fever**

To be considered eligible livestock for livestock feed and grazing losses and losses resulting from water transporting and cattle tick fever, livestock **must** meet **all** of the following conditions:

- **\*--**be grazing animals such as adult and nonadult beef cattle, adult and nonadult beefalo, adult and nonadult buffalo/bison, adult and nonadult dairy cattle, alpacas, deer, elk, **--\*** emus, equine, goats, llamas, reindeer, or sheep
  - except for losses resulting from gathering livestock for cattle tick fever, be livestock that would normally have been grazing the eligible grazing land or pastureland during the normal grazing period for the specific pasture type of grazing land or pastureland for the county where the eligible adverse weather or eligible loss condition occurred
- Note:** Livestock that would **not** have normally been grazing the land in the eligible county will **not** be eligible to be included in the calculation for determining feed cost. However, if the livestock would normally have been grazing the eligible grazing land but the producer had to move them to another county for grazing, the livestock would be eligible to be included when calculating the feed cost.
- be livestock that is owned, leased, purchased, under contract for purchase, or been raised by a contract grower or an eligible livestock producer, during the 60 calendar days before the beginning date of the eligible adverse weather or eligible loss condition
  - been maintained for commercial use as part of the producer's farming operation on the beginning date of the eligible adverse weather or eligible loss condition
  - **not** have been produced or maintained for reasons other than commercial use as part of the producer's farming operation
  - **not** have been livestock that were or would have been in a feedlot, on the beginning date of the eligible adverse weather or eligible loss condition, as part of the normal business operation of the producer.

## 830 Livestock Eligibility (Continued)

**B Eligible Livestock for Death Losses**

For death losses for livestock owners to be eligible, the livestock **must** meet **all** of the following:

- \*--be adult and nonadult beef cattle, adult and nonadult beefalo, adult and nonadult buffalo/bison, adult and nonadult dairy cattle, alpacas, deer, elk, emus, equine, goats,--\* llamas, poultry, reindeer, sheep, or swine
- been owned by an eligible livestock owner on the day the livestock died
- died:
  - on or after October 1, 2011
  - on or after the beginning date of the eligible loss condition
  - \*--no later than 30 calendar days from the ending date of the eligible loss condition--\*
  - in the program year for which payment is being requested
- been maintained for commercial use as part of a farming operation on the day the livestock died
- before dying, **not** have been produced or maintained for reasons other than commercial use as part of a farming operation such as, but **not** limited to, recreational purposes, pleasure, hunting, roping, pets, for show or for sport.

**Important:** If an animal was pregnant at the time of death, only the pregnant animal that died is eligible for payment under ELAP. The unborn animal is **not** considered eligible livestock under ELAP.

See:

- subparagraph K for acceptable documentation of livestock deaths
- paragraph 802 for definitions of eligible livestock, eligible loss condition, commercial use, and farming operation
- subparagraph 831 G for further delineation of eligible livestock by payment rate.

## 830 Livestock Eligibility (Continued)

**B Eligible Livestock for Death Losses (Continued)**

For death losses for contract growers to be eligible, the livestock **must** meet **all** of the following:

- be poultry or swine
- been in the possession of an eligible contract grower on the day the livestock died
- died:
  - on or after October 1, 2011
  - on or after the beginning date of the eligible loss condition
  - no later than 60 calendar days from the ending date of the eligible loss condition
  - in the program year for which payment is being requested
- been maintained for commercial use as part of a farming operation on the day the livestock died
- before dying, **not** have been produced or maintained for reasons other than commercial use as part of a farming operation such as, but **not** limited to, recreational purposes, pleasure, hunting, roping, pets, for show or sport.

**Note:** The contract grower **shall** provide a copy of the grower contract to the administrative County Office to prove that the participant had possession of the livestock on the day the livestock died.

**Important:** If an animal was pregnant at the time of death, only the pregnant animal that died is eligible for payment under ELAP. The unborn animal is **not** considered eligible livestock under ELAP.

See:

- subparagraph K for acceptable documentation of livestock deaths
- paragraph 802 for definitions of eligible livestock, commercial use, and farming operation
- subparagraph 831 G for further delineation of eligible livestock by payment rate.

## 830 Livestock Eligibility (Continued)

**\*--C Eligibility for Newborn Livestock**

Newborn livestock that were born at normal full-term or near full-term shall qualify for ELAP if **all** of the following apply:

- the death was the direct cause of the eligible loss condition
- newborn livestock were born on or during the eligible adverse weather event
- died no later than 7 calendar days from the ending date of the applicable eligible adverse weather event or loss condition.

**Notes:** Newborn livestock that are born after the last day of the eligible adverse weather event are not eligible for ELAP.--\*

Animals that died before they reached full-term or near full-term and would **not** normally survive under normal conditions do **not** qualify for ELAP benefits.

**D Ineligible Livestock**

Animals **not** eligible for ELAP include, but are **not** limited to, the following:

- livestock produced or maintained for reasons other than commercial use as part of a farming operation including, but **not** limited to, livestock produced or maintained for recreational purposes, such as:
  - consumption by the owner
  - hunting
  - used as pets
  - pleasure
  - roping
  - show
  - used for sport

**Example 1:** Mike Jones owns 5 horses, 2 beef steers, 6 chickens, and 3 goats. Mr. Jones maintains the horses for pleasure riding and rodeo, and maintains the goats as pets for his children. He maintains the beef steers and chickens for meat and egg production to be consumed by his family. Accordingly, Mr. Jones does **not** maintain any of the livestock for commercial use as part of a farming operation.

Because none of Mr. Jones' livestock is maintained for commercial use as part of a farming operation, the animals are **not** eligible livestock for ELAP.

## 830 Livestock Eligibility (Continued)

**D Ineligible Livestock (Continued)**

**Example 2:** Joe Smith owns 5 horses which he uses to pull hansom cabs in the tourist district of the local city. The hansom cabs are Mr. Smith's business activity he engages in as a means of livelihood for profit.

However, because the horses are **not** maintained as part of a farming operation, they are **not** eligible livestock for ELAP.

**Example 3:** Jane Black owns and raises a deer herd. Mrs. Black sells the does to a local food market to be processed into meat products. She sells the bucks to hunting preserves nationwide.

Mrs. Black is in the business of selling deer as a means of livelihood for profit; therefore, the deer are maintained for commercial use. However, they also **must** be maintained as part of a farming operation.

The County Office **must** determine whether Mrs. Black's deer business is a farming operation. Mrs. Black **must** provide evidence to satisfy COC or CED that the deer are part of a farming operation. One indicator of being a farming operation would be whether Mrs. Black files taxes as a farming operation. The County Office **cannot** request Mrs. Black to provide a copy of her tax records; however, COC or CED may ask Mrs. Black how she files her taxes for the operation.

- yaks
- ostriches
- any wild free roaming livestock, including horses, hogs, and deer
- \*--for grazing, feed losses and losses resulting from transporting water, animals that are not grazing animals and all nonadult beef cattle, dairy cattle, and buffalo/beefalo that--\* weighed less than 500 pounds on the beginning date of the eligible adverse weather or eligible loss condition
- any animals **not** included in subparagraph A, B, or C.

**830 Livestock Eligibility (Continued)****E Eligible Grazing Types**

Different types or varieties of pasture and grazing crops for a county shall be grouped into 1 of the following:

- \*--annual crabgrass planted specifically for providing grazing for eligible livestock--\*
- annual ryegrass that is specifically for providing grazing for eligible livestock
- forage sorghum crops planted specifically for providing grazing for eligible livestock
- improved pasture with permanent vegetative cover
- native pasture with permanent vegetative cover
- small grain crops planted specifically for providing grazing for eligible livestock.

**F Eligible Grazing Lands**

The following are eligible grazing lands:

- State and Federal lands, if either of the following apply:
  - the land is leased on a long-term basis that COC determines requires lessee contribution including, but **not** limited to, wells, fences, or other maintenance and upkeep inputs
  - pasture or grazing land is leased for cash or fixed amount for an established grazing period
- privately owned, cash or share leased pasture, rangeland or cropland that is used to provide grazing for eligible livestock.

**Note:** Losses because of drought or wildfires on Federally managed land for which the participant is prohibited from grazing his permitted livestock is **not** eligible under ELAP.

**830 Livestock Eligibility (Continued)****F Eligible Grazing Lands (Continued)**

Acreage leases and rental agreements for private or Federal- and State-owned land intended for grazing may include many unique arrangements for compensation and provide varying degrees of control for use of the acreage. Many leases, particularly those with grazing arrangements, are similar to sales agreements. For example, the lessee pays only for the days actual grazing occurs or according to the rate of gain of the grazing animals, etc. These leases do **not** convey control of the acreage nor does the lessee acquire risk in production of the specific crop acreage under these arrangements. To ensure that eligibility requirements have been met, the livestock producer shall provide signed copies of the following, as applicable:

- BLM grazing permit/lease and final bill or invoice
- FS grazing permit/lease and final bill or invoice
- State land lease and State land subleases
- written acreage lease or rental agreement.

**Note:** The notes in subparagraph 411 J, about completing CCC-855 under LFP, apply to CCC-855's filed under ELAP.

COC shall review all acreage leases, including CCC-855's, to determine whether the livestock producer's contributions are at risk in the pastureland and grazing land for which benefits are being requested under ELAP. COC shall document in the COC minutes that the cash-leased pastureland or grazing land that is leased meets the eligibility criteria for leased pastureland or grazing land under ELAP.



## 830 Livestock Eligibility (Continued)

**G Ineligible Grazing Land**

The following are ineligible types of grazing:

- acreage enrolled in CRP

**\*--Exception:** Land enrolled in CRP grasslands will be eligible for ELAP if all of the following are met:

- the acreage is native or improved pastureland with permanent vegetative cover
- the acreage is not a first year seeding biennial or perennial forage crop intended for grazing
- the acreage is not devoted to Practice CP42, Pollinator Habitat, which does not allow for grazing
- the acreage under CRP grasslands is not mechanically harvested at any time during the normal grazing period during the program year, and only grazed, the acreage may be eligible for ELAP, if all other ELAP program provisions are met and the CRP grasslands conservation plan does not prohibit grazing during the normal grazing period.

**Note:** CRP grasslands acreage **will not** be eligible for ELAP grazing loss if mechanically harvested for seed, hay, etc. during the normal grazing period in which it is mechanically harvested.--\*

- acreage intended for grain, such as corn, where the stocks or aftermath is grazed
- improved pasture, native pasture, forage sorghum crops and annual ryegrass acreage intended for forage or seed

## 830 Livestock Eligibility (Continued)

**G Ineligible Grazing Land (Continued)**

- seeded small grain forage crops that are planted with the specific purpose of harvesting forage or seed

**Note:** Seeded small grain forage crops include the following:

- barley
  - millet
  - oats
  - rye
  - teff
  - triticale
  - wheat.
- grazing land that is leased under any of the following conditions:
    - basis of weight gain
    - cost per head, per day or month

**Example:** Owner A has an agreement with Producer B under which Owner A pays \$.30 per day for 100 yearlings grazed on Producer B's pasture. Owner A pays only for the number of calendar days the 100 yearlings graze. Because Owner A pays only for the actual calendar days grazed, Owner A suffers no grazing loss, and is ineligible for ELAP.

- \*--Exception:** If a lease (considered a combination lease) provides for a guaranteed amount per month and a share of the crop or crop proceeds, the agreement will be considered a cash lease.

**Note:** Some grazed forage leases on a cost-per-head-per-month basis are combination leases where the tenant is responsible for expenses, such as fence maintenance and repair, maintenance of property and wells, windmills, stock tanks, and materials and labor to rebuild handling facilities, and conducting controlled burns or mechanical control of cedar trees and other shrubs, etc., which is tantamount to a guaranteed amount of lease. The risk of the expenses under leases of this type, whether actually incurred or not, is the same as a guaranteed minimum and the arrangement is viewed as a cash lease, whether or not the lease also provides for a share to the landlord or not.--\*

## 830 Livestock Eligibility (Continued)

**G Ineligible Grazing Land (Continued)**

**\*--Example:** Owner B has an agreement with Producer A under which Owner B pays \$10 per month for 100 yearlings to graze on Producer A's pasture. Owner B also is responsible for expenses related to maintenance and repair of the fences, maintenance of water wells, windmills, and materials and labor to rebuild handling facilities. Owner B has had this type of agreement with Producer A for over 10 years. Because this is a cost-per-head-per-month lease that is a combination lease where Owner B is responsible for expenses tantamount to a guaranteed amount of lease, then this type of lease is considered a cash lease.--\*

- on an AUM-only basis, when the lessee incurs no additional expense for pasture maintenance, wells, fences, etc.

**H Establishing Grazing Loss Percentages**

There is no requirement for a producer to suffer a certain percentage of grazing loss to be eligible for ELAP. In addition there is no requirement that STC or COC establish a minimum or maximum amount of loss to be eligible for ELAP; therefore, STC's or COC's shall **not** establish minimum or maximum loss percentages for ELAP. The producer will **not** be required to report a loss percentage to be eligible for ELAP.

**Note:** Payments to eligible livestock producers for grazing losses will be calculated based on losses for no more than 150 calendar days during the program year.

**I Normal Grazing Periods for ELAP**

The normal grazing periods established for all pasture or grazing crop types for ELAP shall be the normal grazing periods established for all pasture or grazing crop types established for LFP according to subparagraph 410 M.

**J Grazing Loss**

For ELAP purposes, a grazing loss is based on the number of lost grazing days. This is the number of days the livestock producer had to remove his livestock from the eligible pasture or had to feed additional livestock feed above normal quantities, because of an eligible adverse weather event or eligible loss condition.

For 2012, 2013, and 2014 program year losses, eligible livestock producers **must** certify to the number of days grazing was lost because of an eligible adverse weather event or eligible loss condition.

## 830 Livestock Eligibility (Continued)

**J Grazing Loss (Continued)**

For 2015 and subsequent program year losses, eligible livestock producers **must** provide verifiable or reliable documentation of either of the following:

- additional livestock feed fed above normal quantities, required to maintain the livestock until additional feed is available
- proof of removing the livestock from the effected pasture.

Verifiable records include records provided by the producer who may be verified by COC through an independent source and are used to substantiate that additional feed fed or proof of removing the livestock from the effected pasture.

If verifiable records do **not** exist, then reliable records **must** be considered acceptable, as determined by COC according to subparagraph 888 A. If documentation is **not** available or provided, COC may accept a producer's certification if other similar producers have comparable losses, as determined by COC.

**Important:** COC **must** follow procedure established in subparagraph 888 A when acting on supporting documentation, such as verifiable and reliable records and producer's certification statements.

**K Proof of Death**

Participants **must** provide verifiable documentation of livestock deaths, including livestock that the participant claims died because of normal mortality. Adequate documentation **must** be provided that proves the death of eligible livestock occurred as a direct result of an eligible loss condition in the program year for which benefits are being requested, including deaths because of normal mortality.

To be eligible for deer death losses because of blue tongue or EHD, the producer **must** provide acceptable documentation that proves:

- the death of eligible deer occurred as a direct result of blue tongue or EHD in the program year for which benefits are being requested, including deaths because of normal mortality
- appropriate steps were taken to implement insect control and prevention measures before and during the disease outbreak, that may include destroying insect habitat, using insecticides, or moving animals into barns during the insect peak activity time (dusk until dawn).

See subparagraph 73 E for types of acceptable verifiable evidence of livestock death losses under LIP that also applies to livestock death losses under ELAP.

**830 Livestock Eligibility (Continued)****K Proof of Death (Continued)**

If adequate verifiable proof of death documentation is **not** available, including proof of death for normal mortality, the participant may provide reliable records, along with verifiable beginning and ending inventory records, as proof of death.

See subparagraph 73 F and H for types of reliable records and proof and reasonableness of livestock inventory under LIP that also apply to livestock death losses under ELAP.

See subparagraph 888 A on determining acceptable verifiable and reliable records.

**L Water Transporting Eligibility**

ELAP will cover the cost of transporting water as an eligible livestock feed cost **beginning on October 1, 2013** (2014 ELAP program year). The cost of transporting water includes costs associated with water transport equipment fees, labor, and contracted water transporting fees. Eligible drought is the only eligible adverse weather event eligible for water transporting.

To be eligible to receive ELAP benefits for water transporting, the producer **must** meet all of the following:

- meet the definition of an eligible producer as defined in paragraph 816
- suffers losses resulting from additional cost of transporting water to eligible livestock:
  - as defined in subparagraph A, during the eligible drought
  - that were grazing eligible grazing lands:
    - defined in subparagraph F
    - that had adequate livestock watering systems or facilities **before** the eligible adverse weather or eligible loss condition occurred
    - to which the producer is **not** normally required to transport water
  - that were grazing eligible grazing types as defined in subparagraph E during the normal grazing period

## 830 Livestock Eligibility (Continued)

**L Water Transporting Eligibility (Continued)**

- transporting water to eligible livestock to fill tanks or troughs located in a county designated on the Drought Monitor as a D3 or greater in any area of the county on or after October 1, 2013.

**Note:** Transporting water to fill earthen structures is **not** eligible under ELAP.

**Important:** The National Office will notify State and County Offices of counties eligible for losses resulting from the additional cost of transporting water by posting a list of eligible counties, by State, by pasture type, every Thursday at <http://fsaintranet.sc.egov.usda.gov/ffas/farmbill/ccc/> under “LFP Eligible Counties”, as provided in subparagraph 411 B. The column titled “D3 a Qualifying Date” on the LFP Eligible Counties Report provides the beginning dates of the D3 drought occurring at any time during the normal grazing period.

**M Documentation of Water Transporting**

Producers will have to show documentation that water was transported during the eligible drought to eligible livestock that are on eligible grazing land. Documentation **must** include the method used to transport water (personal labor/equipment, hired labor/rented equipment, or contracted water transportation service), the number of gallons of water transported and the number of eligible livestock the water was transported to. Acceptable documentation will include verifiable or reliable documentation.

Verifiable records include records provided by the producer who may be verified by COC through an independent source and are used to substantiate the amount of water transported. Verifiable records include but are **not** limited to the following:

- water bills/invoices
- hired labor receipts for transporting water
- contract receipts for transporting water.

Reliable records may be considered acceptable, as determined by COC. Reliable records may include but are **not** limited to the following:

- contemporaneous records
- producer diaries
- calendars.

**830 Livestock Eligibility (Continued)****M Documentation of Water Transporting (Continued)**

If documentation is not available or provided, COC may accept producer's certification if other similar producers have comparable losses, as determined by COC.

COC shall document in the COC minutes:

- the total number of gallons of water transported to eligible livestock
- the number of livestock that water was transported to.

**Important:** COC must follow procedure established in subparagraph 888 A when acting on supporting documentation, such as verifiable and reliable records and producer's certification statements.

**N Cattle Tick Fever Eligibility**

ELAP covers the cost associated with gathering livestock for treatment of cattle tick fever.

To be eligible to receive ELAP benefits for cattle tick fever, the producer must meet all of the following:

- meet the definition of eligible producer as defined in paragraph 816
- suffer losses resulting from the additional cost associated with gathering eligible livestock, as defined in subparagraph A, to treat for cattle tick fever by APHIS
- certifies that losses were suffered because of additional cost related to gathering eligible livestock for cattle tick fever quarantine.

## 830 Livestock Eligibility (Continued)

**\*--O Grazing Losses Because of Hail**

To be considered an eligible livestock grazing loss because of hail, the following conditions **must** be met:

- producer **must** have removed eligible livestock from the hail-affected pasture or fed additional livestock feed above normal quantities, required to maintain the livestock until additional feed becomes available, as provided in subparagraph J
- grazing losses shall be claimed on a field-by-field basis; therefore, **only** the pasture type and acres affected by hail shall be claimed and entered on CCC-851.

When adjusting lost grazing days because of hail, COC shall:

- document the timeframe the producer normally grazes the hail-affected field
- ensure that the number of lost grazing days certified by the producer on CCC-851, item 21 or 28, as applicable:
  - does **not** exceed the number of days the producer intended to graze the pasture affected by hail
  - is reasonable considering the following:
    - intensity of the hail storm
    - hailstone size
    - growing conditions in the days after the hail storm--\*

**830 Livestock Eligibility (Continued)****\*--O Grazing Losses Because of Hail (Continued)**

- if needed, adjust eligible lost grazing days because of hail, on CCC-851, item 23 or 29, as applicable.

**Example:** Producer A has 100 acres of native pasture in field B that is damaged by a hail storm on July 15, 2013. Producer A moves his livestock from field B on July 15, 2013. The normal grazing period for the county is from May 1 through October 31. Producer A has a grazing plan to graze 100 acres of native pasture from June 1 through July 30, 2013. Therefore, the maximum number of lost grazing days that Producer A can claim is 15 calendar days (July 15 through 30). Producer A certifies on CCC-851, item 21, to 20 calendar days of lost grazing because of the hail storm.

COC shall adjust eligible lost grazing days to 15 calendar days in CCC-851, item 23.

Because grazing losses because of hail shall be claimed on a field-by-field basis, there may be situations where the normal carrying capacity established for a county needs to be adjusted to reflect the producer's normal grazing practices on the field affected by hail.

**Example:** Producer A has 100 acres of native pasture in field B that is damaged by a hail storm on July 15, 2013. The normal grazing period for the county is 6 months (May 1 through October 31). COC established a normal carrying capacity of 12 acres per AU for 6 months. However, producer A has a grazing plan to graze field B for 60 calendar days, from June 1 through July 30, 2013. Therefore, COC may adjust the carrying capacity for field B to reflect only 60 calendar days of normal grazing.

Accordingly, COC shall adjust the normal carrying capacity of 12 acres per AU for 6 months to 4 acres per AU for 2 months. A carrying capacity of 4 acres shall be entered in Producer A's CCC-851, item 22.--\*



**831 Livestock Payment Rates, National Payment Factors, and Payment Calculations**

**A Payment Rates for Eligible Livestock for Grazing Losses**

The daily livestock payment rates per AU for eligible livestock is based, in part, on the number of pounds of corn equivalent per head, as established by FSA, determined necessary to provide the energy requirements for the specific kind/type of livestock for 1 calendar day. The following provides the daily payment rate per AU for all eligible livestock kind/type for each program year.

- 2012 - \$1.727
- 2013 - \$1.909
- 2014 - \$1.752
- 2015 - \$1.360
- 2016 - \$1.079
- 2017 - \$1.000
- \*--2018 - \$0.942.--\*

## 831 Livestock Payment Rates, National Payment Factors, and Payment Calculations (Continued)

### B National Payment Factor for Livestock Losses

For an eligible livestock producer, payments for livestock grazing and feed losses, and losses resulting from transporting water and gathering livestock for treatment of cattle tick fever, will be based on a national payment factor of either of the following:

- 60 percent of the calculated payment
- 90 percent of the calculated payment, for producers who meet the definition of beginning farmer or rancher, SDA farmer or rancher, or limited resource farmer or rancher, as defined in paragraph 802.

For an eligible livestock producer, payments for livestock death losses will be based on a national payment factor of either of the following:

- 75 percent of the calculated payment
- 90 percent of the calculated payment, for producers who meet the definition of beginning farmer or rancher, SDA farmer or rancher, or limited resource farmer or rancher, as defined in paragraph 802.

\* \* \*

### C Payment Calculations for Per Acre Leased Grazing Losses, Excluding Fire

Payments for an eligible livestock producer for grazing losses, except for losses because of wildfires on non-Federal land, will be calculated based on a national payment factor of 60 to 90 percent, as determined in subparagraph B, of the lesser of:

- the total value of the feed cost for all eligible livestock owned by the eligible livestock producer based on the number of days grazing was lost, **not** to exceed 150 calendar days of daily feed cost for all eligible livestock

## 831 Livestock Payment Rates, National Payment Factors, and Payment Calculations (Continued)

### C Payment Calculations for Per Acre Leased Grazing Losses, Excluding Fire (Continued)

- the total value of grazing lost for all eligible livestock based on the normal carrying capacity of the eligible grazing land of the eligible livestock producer for the number of grazing days lost, not to exceed 150 calendar days of lost grazing.

**Note:** An eligible producer's payment for grazing losses will be reduced by the amount the producer has received under any other supplemental disaster assistance program, specifically LFP.

An eligible producer will only be compensated for the number of days that grazing was lost, **not to exceed 150 calendar days**, in a program year for the same livestock.

**Important:** Calculation of benefits for eligible livestock will be on an animal unit basis and will require different types of livestock to be converted to an animal unit basis according to Exhibit 16.

**Example 1:** Producer A suffers a grazing loss in Counties A and B in 2013 because of flooding. Producer A's 100 head of adult beef cattle are unable to graze 1,000 acres of native pasture during the normal grazing period for native pasture for 30 calendar days because of the flooding. The 1,000 acres are administered in County A, but the land is physically located in Counties A and B. County A has 600 acres with a carrying capacity of 5 acres per AU and County B has 400 acres with a carrying capacity of 7 acres per AU. Producer A files CCC-851 in County A and lists acreage and carrying capacity on the application by physical location. Producer A did not complete CCC-860 so Producer A's payment will be calculated based on 60 percent of the smaller of:

- value of feed cost of all eligible livestock = number of eligible livestock converted to an animal unit basis x daily feed cost to maintain 1 animal unit per 1 day x number of days grazing lost (not to exceed 150 calendar days) x producer's share

100 animal units (100 adult beef cattle x 1.00 AU conversion factor) x \$1.909 (daily cost to maintain 1 animal unit) x 30 calendar days (number of days grazing lost) x 100 percent (producer share) = \$ 5,727 (value of feed cost of all eligible livestock)

# 831 Livestock Payment Rates, National Payment Factors, and Payment Calculations (Continued)

## C Payment Calculations for Per Acre Leased Grazing Losses, Excluding Fire (Continued)

- value of grazing lost based on carrying capacity of eligible grazing land = (acres of eligible grazing land/animal unit carrying capacity) x number of days grazing lost (not to exceed 150 calendar days) x daily feed cost to maintain 1 animal unit x producer's share

600 acres native pasture / 5 acres per animal unit x 30 calendar days  
(number of days grazing lost) x \$1.909 (daily feed cost) x 100 percent  
(producer share) = \$6,872.40 (value of grazing lost based on carrying  
capacity of eligible grazing land)

400 acres native pasture / 7 acres per animal unit x 30 calendar days  
(number of days grazing lost) x \$1.909 (daily feed cost) x 100 percent  
(producer share) = \$3,272.57 (value of grazing lost based on carrying  
capacity of eligible grazing land)

$\$6,872.40 + \$3,272.57 = \$10,144.97$  (total value of grazing lost based on  
carrying capacity of eligible grazing land)

In this example, Producer A would be paid on the value of feed cost for all  
eligible livestock calculated as follows.

60 percent x \$5,727 (value of feed cost of all eligible livestock) = \$3,436.20  
(the result shall be rounded to the nearest whole dollar) \$3,436 (calculated  
payment amount) before any applicable reductions or national payment factor.

# 831 Livestock Payment Rates, National Payment Factors, and Payment Calculations (Continued)

## C Payment Calculations for Per Acre Leased Grazing Losses, Excluding Fire (Continued)

**Example 2:** Producer B suffers a 2013 grazing loss in County C because of a flood. Producer B's 1,000 head of sheep are not able to graze 1,000 acres of native pasture for 45 calendar days during the normal grazing period for native pasture because of the flood. County C has 1,000 acres with a carrying capacity of 5 acres per AU. Producer B files CCC-851 in the administrative County Office by physical location. Producer B completed CCC-860 as a beginning farmer so Producer B's payment will be calculated based on 90 percent of the smaller of:

- value of feed cost of all eligible livestock = number of eligible livestock converted to an animal unit basis x daily feed cost to maintain 1 animal unit per 1 day x number of days grazing lost (not to exceed 150 calendar days) x producer's share

250 animal units (1,000 sheep x 0.25 AU conversion factor) x \$1.909 (daily cost to maintain 1 animal unit) x 45 calendar days (number of days grazing lost) x 100 percent (producer share) = \$21,476.25 (value of feed cost of all eligible livestock)

- value of grazing lost based on carrying capacity of eligible grazing land = (acres of eligible grazing land/animal unit carrying capacity) x number of days grazing lost (not to exceed 150 calendar days) x daily feed cost to maintain 1 animal unit x producer's share.

1,000 acres native pasture/5 acres per animal unit x 45 calendar days (number of days grazing lost) x \$1.909 (daily feed cost) x 100 percent (producer share) = \$17,181 (value of grazing lost based on carrying capacity of eligible grazing land)

In this example, Producer B would be paid on the value of grazing lost based on carrying capacity calculated as follows.

90 percent x \$ 17,181 (value of grazing lost based on carrying capacity) = \$15,462.90 (the result shall be rounded to the nearest whole dollar) \$15,463 (calculated payment amount) before any applicable reductions or national payment factor.

**Note:** The 1,000 head of sheep were converted to an animal unit basis using the conversion chart in Exhibit 16.

## 831 Livestock Payment Rates, National Payment Factors, and Payment Calculations (Continued)

### D Payment Calculations for AUM/AU Leased Grazing Losses, Excluding Fire

Payments for an eligible livestock producer for grazing losses that occur on grazing land or pastureland, except for losses because of wildfires on non-Federal land, that is leased on an AUM/AU basis will be calculated based on a national payment factor of 60 to 90 percent, as determined in subparagraph B, of the lesser of:

- the total value of the feed cost for all eligible livestock owned by the eligible livestock producer based on the number of days grazing was lost, not to exceed 150 calendar days of daily feed cost for all eligible livestock
- the total value of grazing lost AU's permitted to graze the eligible grazing land for the number of grazing days lost, not to exceed 150 calendar days of lost grazing.

**Note:** An eligible producer will only be compensated for the number of days that grazing was lost, not to exceed 150 calendar days in a program year for the same livestock.

The eligible livestock producer will report AU's on CCC-851, item 27. If the livestock producer's lease is an AUM lease, the County Office will need to convert AUM's to AU's based on the number of animals grazing for a specific time period.

**Example 1:** Federal permit allows the producer to graze 500 AUM's for 5 months.

$$500 \text{ AUM's} / 5 \text{ months} = 100 \text{ animal units.}$$

In this example the producer would enter 100 AU's in CCC-851, item 27.

**Example 2:** Federal permit allows the producer to graze 150 AU's from September 1 through December 31 for a total of 600 AUM's.

In this example the producer would enter 150 AU's in CCC-851, item 27.

Ensure that AU's for each specific animal type are converted to an AU equivalent. See Exhibit 16.

**Example 3:** 600 sheep x .25 AU's conversion factor = 150 AU's.

## 831 Livestock Payment Rates, National Payment Factors, and Payment Calculations (Continued)

### D Payment Calculations for AUM/AU Leased Grazing Losses, Excluding Fire (Continued)

**Example 4:** Producer A has 400 sheep grazing native pasture that is leased on an AU basis in County A in 2013. The 400 sheep are equivalent to 100 AU's (400 sheep x .25 AU's conversion factor). The 100 AU's are unable to graze native pasture for 45 calendar days because of flooding. The Federal permit allows grazing 80 AU's. Producer A files CCC-851 in the administrative County Office by physical location. Producer A did not complete CCC-860 so Producer A's payment will be calculated based on 60 percent of the smaller of:

- value of feed cost of all eligible livestock = number of eligible livestock converted to an animal unit basis x daily feed cost to maintain 1 animal unit per 1 day x number of days grazing lost (not to exceed 150 calendar days) x producer's share

100 animal units (400 sheep x .25) x \$ 1.909 (daily cost to maintain 1 animal unit) x 45 calendar days (number of days grazing lost) x 100 percent (producer share) = \$ 8,590.50 (value of feed cost of all eligible livestock)

- value of grazing lost based on AU's permitted to graze the eligible grazing land = (AU's permitted to graze the eligible grazing land) x number of days grazing lost (not to exceed 150 calendar days) x daily feed cost to maintain 1 animal unit x producer's share.

80 AU's x 45 calendar days (number of days grazing lost) x \$1.909 (daily feed cost) x 100 percent (producer share) = \$6,872.40 (value of grazing lost based on carrying capacity of eligible grazing land)

In this example, Producer A would be paid on the value of grazing lost based on AU's permitted to graze the eligible grazing land calculated as follows.

60 percent x \$6,872.40 (value of grazing lost based on AU's permitted to graze the eligible land) = \$ 4,123.44 (the result shall be rounded to the nearest whole dollar) \$4,123 (calculated payment amount) before applying any applicable payment reductions or national payment factor.

## 831 Livestock Payment Rates, National Payment Factors, and Payment Calculations (Continued)

### E Payment Calculations for Grazing Losses Because of Fire on Non-Federally Managed Land

Payments to an eligible livestock producer for grazing losses because of fire, on non-Federally managed land, will be compensated based on a national payment factor of 60 to 90 percent, as determined in subparagraph B, times the daily value of grazing, based on normal carrying capacity, for the number of days grazing was lost on the affected acres, not to exceed 180 calendar days during the program year.

**Example:** Producer A had a fire in 2013 that affected 934 acres. COC determined the carrying capacity to be 5 acres per animal unit for the affected acres. Producer A was not able to graze the affected acres for 30 calendar days. Producer A did not complete CCC-860 so Producer A's payment will be calculated based on 60 percent of the daily value of the lost grazing, calculated as follows:

(number of acres affected by fire / normal carrying capacity of the specific type of grazing land or pastureland) x number of days grazing was lost (not to exceed 180 calendar days in the calendar year) x daily rate of grazing x 60 or 90 percent national payment factor x producer share = calculated payment amount for fire losses

934 acres / 5 acres per animal unit (normal carrying capacity) x 30 calendar days (number of days grazing was lost) x \$1.909 (daily value of grazing for 2013) x 60 percent x 100 percent (producer share) = \$6,419 (calculated payment amount for fire loss before applying any payment reductions or national payment factor).

### F Payment Calculations for Livestock Feed Losses

ELAP payments for livestock feed losses will be based on a national payment factor of 60 to 90 percent, as determined in subparagraph B, of the cost of the following, not to exceed 150 calendar days of feed costs for the eligible livestock for which feed losses were incurred:

- purchased and harvested feed or feed stuffs that was lost or destroyed because of an eligible adverse weather or eligible loss condition
- additional feed purchased above normal quantities required to maintain eligible livestock during an eligible adverse weather or eligible loss condition

## 831 Livestock Payment Rates, National Payment Factors, and Payment Calculations (Continued)

### F Payment Calculations for Livestock Feed Losses (Continued)

- additional feed expenses incurred because of an eligible adverse weather or eligible loss condition.

**Notes:** See subparagraph 832:

- B for determining the value of purchased forage or feed stuffs
- C for determining the value of forage or feed stuffs produced by the participant
- E for determining the value of additional feed purchases
- F for determining livestock feed needs
- G for determining the value of eligible purchases of additional livestock feed.

The amount for which an eligible livestock participant may receive for feed losses under ELAP shall be reduced by any amount received by the participant for the same or similar loss under any other disaster assistance program.

**Example 1:** In 2013, Producer A has 100 percent interest in 100 head of cattle and 200 head of buffalo. Producer A purchased 1,000 bushels of corn to feed 100 head of cattle. The feed was lost because of a hurricane. In addition, Producer A raised 100 tons of alfalfa hay to feed 200 head of buffalo. The 100 tons of hay was lost because of a flood.

Producer A timely filed CCC-851 and provided a copy of the purchase receipt for 1,000 bushels of corn showing a value of \$5,000 and provided documentation that he produced 100 tons of alfalfa hay. COC determined that the value of the hay was \$100 per ton for a total value of \$10,000. Producer A did not complete CCC-860 so Producer A's payment will be calculated based on a 60 percent payment factor.

Producer A did not receive any other compensation for the same feed losses under any other program. Compensation will be calculated as follows.

#### **Total Feed Losses**

\$5,000 (value of corn lost) + \$10,000 (value of alfalfa hay lost, as determined by COC) = \$15,000 total feed losses for purchased and harvested feed.

## 831 Livestock Payment Rates, National Payment Factors, and Payment Calculations (Continued)

### F Payment Calculations for Livestock Feed Losses (Continued)

#### 150-Calendar-Day Feed Costs

- 100 head of cattle (number of livestock for which the corn was intended to be fed) x 1.00 (AU Conversion Factor) x 100 percent (participant's share) x \$1.909 (daily payment rate per head) x 150 calendar days = \$28,635 (150-calendar-day feed cost for Producer A's 100 head of cattle).
- 200 head of buffalo (number of livestock for which alfalfa hay was intended to be fed) x 1.00 (AU conversion factor) x 100 percent (participant's share) x \$1.909 (daily payment rate per head) x 150 calendar days = \$57,270 (150-calendar-day feed cost for Producer A's 200 head of buffalo).
- \$28,635 (150-calendar-day feed cost for 100 head of cattle) + \$57,270 (150-calendar-day feed cost for 200 head of buffalo) = \$85,905 (calculated 150-calendar-day feed costs for Producer A's 100 head of cattle and 200 head of buffalo).

#### Calculated Livestock Feed Payment

\$15,000 (smaller of total feed costs or calculated 150-calendar-day feed costs for Producer A's 100 head of cattle and 200 head of buffalo) x 60 percent (national payment factor) = \$9,000 calculated livestock feed payment, before a National factor, if applicable.

**Example 2:** Producer B has 100 percent interest in 100 head of adult beef cows. A January 2013 hurricane required Producer B to hire a helicopter to take feed to 100 stranded adult beef cows. In addition, Producer B purchases 1,000 bushels of corn to feed the 100 head of adult beef cows. The 1,000 bushels of corn was above what Producer B would normally have purchased. Producer B did complete CCC-860 as a beginning farmer so Producer B's payment will be calculated based on a 90 percent national payment factor.

Producer B timely filed CCC-851 and provided documentation to show that the cost of the helicopter was \$1,000. Producer B provided a copy of the purchase receipt for 1,000 bushels of corn showing a value of \$5,000.

## 831 Livestock Payment Rates, National Payment Factors, and Payment Calculations (Continued)

### F Payment Calculations for Livestock Feed Losses (Continued)

#### Total Feed Losses

\$1,000 (cost of helicopter) + \$5,000 (value of additional livestock feed purchased) = \$6,000 total feed losses for purchasing additional livestock feed above normal and additional feed expenses.

#### 150-Calendar-Day Feed Costs

100 head adult beef cows (number of livestock for which 1,000 bushels of corn was fed and for which the helicopter was hired) x 1.00 (AU Conversion Factor) x 100 percent (participant's share) x \$1.909 (daily payment rate per head) x 150 calendar days = \$28,635 (calculated 150-calendar-day feed cost for Producer B's 100 head of adult beef cows).

#### Calculated Livestock Feed Payment

\$6,000 (smaller of total feed costs or calculated 150-calendar-day feed costs for Producer B's 100 head adult beef cows) x 90 percent (national payment factor) = \$5,400 calculated livestock feed payment, before a national factor, if applicable.

**Note:** This example is assuming the producer did **not** suffer a grazing loss.

**Example 3:** In 2013, Producer C has 100 percent interest in 500 head of adult beef cows that were or would have been grazing 1,000 acres of fire affected pastureland. COC established a carrying capacity of the pasture land affected by fire of 2.5 acres per AU. Producer C purchased 5,000 bushels of corn to feed the 500 head of adult beef cows. The 5,000 bushels of corn to feed 500 head of adult beef cows was lost because of a flood. Producer C did complete CCC-860 as a beginning farmer so Producer C's payment will be calculated based on a 90 percent national payment factor.

Producer C timely filed CCC-851 and provided a copy of the purchase receipt for 5,000 bushels of corn showing a value of \$25,000.

## 831 Livestock Payment Rates, National Payment Factors, and Payment Calculations (Continued)

### F Payment Calculations for Livestock Feed Losses (Continued)

#### Total Feed Losses

\$25,000 (total feed losses for purchased feed intended to be fed to livestock that were or would have been grazing fire affected pastureland).

#### 150-Calendar-Day Feed Costs

- 1,000 acres of pastureland affected by fire, divided by 2.5 acres per AU = 400 maximum AU's on 1,000 acres
- 400 (maximum AU's) x \$1.909 (daily payment rate per head) x 150 calendar days = \$114,540 (150-calendar-day feed cost for 500 head of adult beef cows that were or would have been grazing fire affected pastureland).

#### Calculated Livestock Feed Payment

\$25,000 (smaller of total feed cost or calculated 150-calendar-day feed costs for Producer C's 500 head of adult beef cows on fire affected pastureland), before a National factor, if applicable.

### G Payment Rates for Livestock Death Losses

ELAP provides separate payment rates for eligible livestock owners and eligible contract growers. Payment rates for livestock owners are based on a national payment factor of 75 to 90 percent, as determined in subparagraph B, of a fair market value, as determined by FSA, for the specific livestock category.

The following table provides ELAP per head payment rates, by livestock category, for **eligible livestock owners**.

Kind	Type	Weight Range	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	*--2018
Alpacas			\$350.00	\$357.15	\$360.00	\$360.00	\$360.00	\$360.00	\$360.00
Beef	Adult	Bull	\$1,825.57	\$1,842.18	\$2,120.65	\$2,621.04	\$2,650.52	\$1,800.45	\$1705.43
		Cow	\$1,404.28	\$1,417.06	\$1,631.27	\$2,016.19	\$2,038.85	\$1,384.97	\$1311.87
	Nonadult	Less than 400 pounds	\$614.62	\$605.94	\$738.36	\$955.31	\$1,010.12	\$628.29	\$625.23
		400 to 799 pounds	\$892.19	\$854.91	\$997.79	\$1,515.48	\$1,092.87	\$852.72	\$871.38
		800 pounds or more	\$1,296.62	\$1,290.66	\$1,532.52	\$1,833.88	\$1,493.84	\$1,334.83	\$1348.07--*

# 831 Livestock Payment Rates, National Payment Factors, and Payment Calculations (Continued)

## G Payment Rates for Livestock Death Losses (Continued)

Kind	Type	Weight Range	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	*--2018
* * * Beefalo	Adult	Bull	\$2,317.73	\$2,338.82	\$2,692.37	\$3,327.67	\$3,365.09	\$2, 285.85	\$2146.04
		Cow	\$1,236.13	\$1,247.37	\$1,435.93	\$1,774.76	\$1,794.72	\$1,219.12	\$1715.22
	Nonadult	Less than 400 pounds	\$583.88	\$575.65	\$701.44	\$907.55	\$959.61	\$596.88	\$1003.69
		400 to 799 pounds	\$847.58	\$812.16	\$947.90	\$1,439.71	\$1,038.23	\$810.08	\$1280.38
		800 pounds or more	\$1,231.79	\$1,226.12	\$1,455.90	\$1,742.19	\$1,419.15	\$1,268.08	\$1830.27
*--Buffalo/ Bison	Nonadult	Less than 400 pounds							\$1634.46
		400 pounds or more							\$1902.04
		Over 800 pounds							\$2633.94
	Adult	Bull							\$2880.40
		Cow--*							\$2387.49
Chickens	Broilers/Pullets (Regular Size)	4.26-6.25 pounds	\$3.22	\$3.46	\$3.46	\$3.43	\$8.47	\$3.13	\$3.60
	Chicks		\$0.28	\$0.30	\$0.30	\$0.29	\$0.31	\$0.32	\$0.36
	Layers		\$18.17	\$19.32	\$20.18	\$26.15	\$4.36	\$4.02	\$4.50
	Pullets/Cornish Hens (Small Size)	Less than 4.26 pounds	\$2.26	\$2.44	\$2.44	\$2.20	\$2.25	\$2.13	\$2.46
	Roasters	6.26-7.75 pounds	\$4.20	\$4.55	\$4.55	\$4.43	\$4.57	\$3.99	\$4.59
	Super Roasters	7.76 pounds or more						\$5.24	\$6.03
Dairy	Adult	Bull	\$1,450.00	\$1,380.00	\$1,440.00	\$1,966.67	\$2,605.00	\$1,805.00	\$1622.50
		Cow	\$1,450.00	\$1,380.00	\$1,440.00	\$1,966.67	\$2,005.00	\$1,805.00	\$1622.50
	Nonadult	Less than 400 pounds	\$362.50	\$345.00	\$360.00	\$491.67	\$501.25	\$451.25	\$405.63
		400 to 799 pounds	\$725.00	\$690.00	\$720.00	\$983.33	\$1,002.51	\$902.51	\$811.25
		800 pounds or more	\$1,171.15	\$1,114.62	\$1,163.08	\$1,588.47	\$1,619.43	\$1,457.88	\$1310.48
Deer			\$550.00	\$561.24	\$572.71	\$690.81	\$833.28	\$594.25	\$548.21
Ducks	Ducklings		\$0.89	\$0.88	\$0.88	\$0.89	\$0.89	\$0.92	\$0.94
	Ducks		\$5.54	\$5.49	\$5.49	\$5.59	\$5.61	\$5.75	\$5.86
Elk			\$763.45	\$779.05	\$794.98	\$958.92	\$1,156.67	\$824.88	\$760.97
Emus			\$200.00	\$204.09	\$228.45	\$275.56	\$332.39	\$237.04	\$218.67
Equine			\$850.00	\$867.37	\$970.91	\$1,171.12	\$1,412.63	\$1,007.43	\$929.37
Geese	Goose		\$17.17	\$28.41	\$28.41	\$21.04	\$29.12	\$32.44	\$32.12
	Gosling		\$3.61	\$5.97	\$5.97	\$4.41	\$6.12	\$6.81	\$6.75
Goats	Bucks		\$161.56	\$162.62	\$167.44	\$181.80	\$220.16	\$276.25	\$275.75
	Nannies		\$131.35	\$131.38	\$140.73	\$147.27	\$193.07	\$305.00	\$195.22
	Slaughter Goats/Kids		\$88.96	\$62.30	\$107.00	\$104.77	\$94.73	\$87.03	\$85.96
Llamas			\$280.00	\$285.72	\$290.00	\$290.00	\$290.00	\$290.00	\$290.00
Reindeer			\$550.00	\$561.24	\$572.71	\$690.81	\$833.28	\$594.25	\$548.21
Sheep	Ewes		\$234.63	\$139.82	\$159.77	\$181.79	\$160.83	\$162.49	\$161.42
	Lambs		\$191.60	\$134.18	\$230.46	\$225.65	\$204.05	\$187.43	\$185.15
	Rams		\$231.94	\$181.77	\$186.92	\$191.96	\$172.17	\$159.97	\$155.56--*

# 831 Livestock Payment Rates, National Payment Factors, and Payment Calculations (Continued)

## G Payment Rates for Livestock Death Losses (Continued)

Kind	Type	Weight Range	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	*--2018
Swine	Feeder Pigs	Less than 50 pounds	\$58.53	\$56.80	\$91.67	\$88.20	\$44.40	\$45.87	\$55.96
	Lightweight Barrows/ Gilts	50 to 150 pounds	\$90.30	\$98.57	\$118.26	\$125.24	\$79.88	\$76.01	\$86.85
	Sows/Boars/ Barrows/ Gilts	151 to 450 pounds	\$139.48	\$140.33	\$144.85	\$162.28	\$115.36	\$106.16	\$117.73
	Boars/Sows	450 pounds or more	\$295.73	\$312.51	\$389.48	\$407.31	\$226.41	\$230.01	\$250.85
Turkeys	Poults		\$1.47	\$1.51	\$1.53	\$1.67	\$1.67	\$1.67	\$1.67
	Toms/Fryers/ Roasters		\$19.27	\$17.99	\$18.24	\$19.44	\$21.17	\$21.17	\$19.62--*

The following table provides the per head payment rates, by livestock category, for eligible contract growers ELAP. Payment rates for livestock contract growers are based on a national payment factor of 75 to 90 percent, as determined in subparagraph B, of the average income loss sustained, as determined by FSA, by the contract grower with respect to the dead livestock.

The following table provides ELAP per head payment rates, by livestock category, for **eligible livestock contract owners**.

Kind	Type	Weight Range	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	*--2018
Chickens	Broilers/Pullets (Regular Size)	4.26-6.25 pounds	\$0.35	\$0.38	\$0.38	\$0.39	\$0.39	\$0.35	\$0.40
	Chicks							\$0.32	\$0.36
	Layers		\$1.09	\$1.09	\$1.21	\$1.57	\$0.26	\$0.25	\$0.27
	Pullets/ Cornish Hens (Small Size)	Less than 4.26 pounds	\$0.25	\$0.27	\$0.27	\$0.24	\$0.25	\$0.24	\$0.27
	Roasters	6.26-7.75 pounds	\$0.46	\$0.50	\$0.50	\$0.48	\$0.51	\$0.44	\$0.50
	Super Roasters	7.76 pounds or more						\$0.57	\$0.66
Ducks	Ducks		\$0.61	\$0.60	\$0.60	\$0.61	\$0.61	\$0.63	\$0.64
	Ducklings							\$0.63	\$0.64
Geese			\$1.89	\$3.12	\$3.12	\$3.08	\$4.27	\$4.76	\$3.53
Swine	Feeder pigs	Less than 50 pounds	\$6.65	\$6.45	\$10.41	\$10.01	\$5.04	\$5.21	\$6.36
	Lightweight Barrows/Gilts	50 to 150 pounds	\$14.87	\$14.80	\$17.76	\$18.81	\$12.00	\$11.41	\$13.04
	Sows/Boars/ Barrows/Gilts	151 to 450 pounds	\$20.95	\$21.07	\$21.75	\$24.37	\$17.32	\$15.95	\$17.68
	Boars/Sows	450 pounds or more	\$121.53	\$128.42	\$160.06	\$167.39	\$93.04	\$94.52	\$103.99
Turkeys	Toms/Fryers/ Roasters		\$2.12	\$1.98	\$2.01	\$2.13	\$2.33	\$2.33	\$2.16
	*--Poults--*								\$0.18--*

## 831 Livestock Payment Rates, National Payment Factors, and Payment Calculations (Continued)

### H Normal Mortality Rates for Livestock Death Losses

ELAP compensates eligible livestock producers for eligible livestock death losses that occur in excess of normal mortality because of an eligible loss condition during the program year.

Payment for a specific kind/type and weight range of livestock will be determined by multiplying the normal mortality rate for the specific kind/type and weight range of livestock by the number of livestock of that specific kind/type and weight range in inventory at the time of the eligible loss condition and subtracting the result from the number of eligible livestock lost because of the eligible loss condition.

**Example:** Producer A owned 200 head of adult beef cattle on the beginning date of loss condition.

- Normal mortality is 2 percent
- 10 head were lost
- $200 \text{ head} \times 2 \text{ percent} = 4$  (loss threshold)
- $10 \text{ head lost} - 4 \text{ (loss threshold)} = 6$  head adult beef cattle eligible for payment.

The normal mortality rates established by STC's under LIP, as provided in subparagraph 41 I, will be used when calculating ELAP livestock death losses.

### I Payment Calculation for Livestock Death Losses

Eligible livestock producers will be compensated for eligible livestock death losses because of an eligible loss condition based on a national payment factor of 75 to 90 percent, as determined in subparagraph B, multiplied by the following:

- national payment rate per head for each livestock category times
- number of eligible livestock that died in each category as a result of an eligible loss condition in excess of normal mortality.

## 831 Livestock Payment Rates, National Payment Factors, and Payment Calculations (Continued)

### I Payment Calculation for Livestock Death Losses (Continued)

**Example:** Producer A has 100 nonadult beef cattle, less than 400 pounds, on April 1, 2013. The normal mortality rate for nonadult beef cattle, less than 400 pounds, is 3 percent. On April 10, 2013, Producer A lost 20 nonadult beef cattle because of an approved loss event. The payment rate for nonadult beef cattle, less than 400 pounds, is \$454.46.

- 20, number of death losses because of eligible loss condition
- 0, number lost because of normal mortality
- 3, death loss threshold
- 17 head of nonadult beef cattle eligible for payment
- 17 head x \$454.46 = \$7,726.

\$7,726 is the producer's livestock death loss payment before a National factor, if applicable.

### J Payment Calculations for Water Transporting

ELAP will cover losses resulting from the additional cost of transporting water to eligible livestock based on a national payment factor, as determined in subparagraph B, of the lesser of either of the following:

- the cost to transport water to eligible livestock for 150 calendar days calculated by multiplying:
  - the daily water requirement for the eligible livestock, times
  - the number of eligible livestock converted to AU's, times
  - \*--the applicable national average price per gallon to transport water as determined in the following table, times--\*
  - 150 calendar days
- the cost to transport water to eligible livestock, based on the actual number of gallons of water the eligible producer transported to eligible livestock, calculated by multiplying:
  - \*--actual number of gallons of water transported to eligible livestock as determined in the following table, times

**Important:** The actual number of gallons of water transported to eligible livestock may include gallons transported from the first day the county is designated D3 through the end of the normal grazing period.
- the applicable national average price per gallon to transport water, as determined in the following table.--\*

# 831 Livestock Payment Rates, National Payment Factors, and Payment Calculations (Continued)

## J Payment Calculations for Water Transporting (Continued)

The following table provides the established national average prices per gallon to transport water, based on the method the producer uses to transport water in the applicable program year.

Method of Transporting Water	National Average Price/Gallon
Personal labor/equipment	\$0.035
Hired labor/rented equipment	\$0.05
Contracted water transportation	\$0.07

**Note:** Personal labor includes those laborers normally involved in the farming or ranching operation.

DAFP may establish higher average prices per gallon to transport water for a State or region of a State, based on a recommendation from STC, if the State can document a higher rate for transporting water exists.

The daily water requirements for livestock, per head and AU, to be used in the calculations in this subparagraph are provided in the following table.

\*--

Kind	Type	Weight Range	Daily Water Requirement Per Head (Gallons Per Day)	Daily Water Requirement Per AU (Gallons Per Day)
Beef	Adult	Cows and Bulls	18	18
	Nonadult	500 pounds or more	9	18
Dairy	Adult	Cows and Bulls	30	15
	Nonadult	500 pounds or more	15	15
Equine	All		12	12
Goats	All		4	16
Sheep	All		4	16

--\*

**Important:** Calculating benefits for eligible livestock will be on an AU basis and will require different types of livestock to be converted to an AU basis according to Exhibit 16.

## 831 Livestock Payment Rates, National Payment Factors, and Payment Calculations (Continued)

### J Payment Calculations for Water Transporting (Continued)

**Example:** Producer A suffers additional cost for transporting water to eligible livestock in County A because of an eligible drought that occurred on March 1, 2014. Producer A had to transport water to 1,000 head of eligible sheep that were grazing an eligible native pasture. A total of 15,000 gallons of water was transported from March 3, 2014 to April 15, 2014. Producer A used personal labor and equipment to transport the water. Producer A did **not** complete CCC-860 so Producer A's payment will be calculated based on 60 percent of the smaller of:

\*--1,000 (head of sheep) x 0.25 (AU conversion factor) x 16 (daily water requirement for sheep/AU) x \$0.035 (per gallon) x 150 (days) = \$21,000--\*

15,000 (gallons of water) x \$0.035 (per gallon) = \$525

\$525 (the lesser value of 150 days of water transporting or actual number of gallons transported) x 60 percent = \$315

### K Payment Calculations for Cattle Tick Fever

Eligible producers **must** certify that they have suffered additional cost related to gathering livestock to treat for cattle tick fever. Payment for Cattle Tick Fever is equal to the sum of the result of multiplying the following for each treatment:

- national payment factor, as determined in subparagraph B, times
- number of eligible livestock treated by APHIS for cattle tick fever, times
- the average cost to gather livestock, per head.

STC, with DAFP approval, will establish the average cost to gather livestock per head.

STC **must** determine the average cost, per head, to gather livestock, and submit the recommendation to DAFP for approval.

## 831 Livestock Payment Rates, National Payment Factors, and Payment Calculations (Continued)

### K Payment Calculations for Cattle Tick Fever

**Example:** Producer A completed CCC-860 as a socially disadvantaged producer.

Producer A has 50 cows, 2 bulls, 47 calves and 25 goats. All of these animals were treated 10 times for cattle tick fever, according to APHIS records. The average cost per head to gather livestock established by STC is \$4 per head for cows, bulls and calves and \$2 per head for goats.

$99 \text{ (total number of cows, bulls and calves treated)} \times 10 \text{ (total number of treatments)} \times \$4 \text{ (average cost, per head, to gather cows, bulls and calves)} = \$3,690.$

$25 \text{ (total number of goats)} \times 10 \text{ (total number of treatments)} \times \$2 \text{ (payment rate for goats)} = \$500.$

$90 \text{ percent} \times \$4,190 \text{ (total cost of cattle tick fever)} = \$3,771 \text{ (calculated payment amount) before applicable reductions or national payment factor.}$

## 832 Determining Livestock Lost Feed Value and Additional Feed Costs

### A Required Documentation for Determining Value of Purchased Forage or Feed Stuffs Lost, Damaged, or Destroyed

When a participant indicates that purchased forage or feed stuffs, other than forage grazing acres, intended for livestock feed is lost, damaged or destroyed, the participant must, provide verifiable or reliable documentation, as determined acceptable by COC.

Verifiable records include records provided by the producer who may be verified by COC through an independent source and are used to substantiate the amount of feed lost. Reliable records may be considered acceptable, as determined by COC. If documentation is not available or provided, COC may accept producer's certification if other similar producers have comparable losses, as determined by COC.

**Important:** COC must follow procedure established in subparagraph 888 A when acting on supporting documentation, such as verifiable and reliable records and producer's certification statements.

**832 Determining Livestock Lost Feed Value and Additional Feed Costs (Continued)****A Required Documentation for Determining Value of Purchased Forage or Feed Stuffs Lost, Damaged, or Destroyed (Continued)**

The County Office shall validate the **original** receipts or summary purchase receipts from the vendor by:

- date stamping the front of the original receipts
- make a photocopy of the validated original receipts
- attach the photocopy to CCC-851
- return validated original receipts to participant.

For receipts to be considered as acceptable verifiable documentation to determine the value of lost feed, the feed receipt must include all of the following:

- date of feed purchase
- name, address, and telephone number of feed vendor
- type and quantity of feed purchased
- cost of feed purchased
- signature of feed vendor if the vendor does not have a license to conduct this type of transaction.

**Example:** The participant purchased baled hay from their neighbor. The neighbor is not a licensed vendor; therefore, the neighbor's signature is required to be on the purchase receipt.

**B Determining Value of Purchased Forage or Feed Stuffs**

COC shall determine the value of lost feed from purchased forage or feed stuffs, other than forage grazing acres, that were damaged or destroyed because of an eligible adverse weather or eligible loss condition, according to the following table.

Step	Action	Result
1	Participant must provide original receipts for purchased forage or feed stuffs intended for use as feed for the eligible livestock.	
2	Determine whether the feed purchased was feed for the eligible livestock.	

**832 Determining Livestock Lost Feed Value and Additional Feed Costs (Continued)****B Determining Value of Purchased Forage or Feed Stuffs (Continued)**

<b>Step</b>	<b>Action</b>	<b>Result</b>
3	Determine whether the receipts provided meet all requirements to be acceptable to determine the value of the feed lost.	
4	Add the cost of the eligible feed purchased for the eligible livestock from all acceptable purchase receipts.	Total cost of forage or feed stuffs, other than forage grazing acres, purchased by the participant for the eligible livestock.

**Example:** Producer A purchased 75 big round bales of hay on January 15, 2012, to feed his eligible livestock located in the county where the eligible adverse weather or eligible loss condition occurred. The hay cost \$3,000. Producer A indicates he lost 45 of the bales of hay because of flooding that occurred on May 1, 2012.

Producer A provides County Office original receipts for the hay purchased. The receipts meet all the requirements in this subparagraph.

County Offices determines the value of the lost feed to be \$1,800 as follows:

$\$3,000$  (total cost of all hay) divided by 75 (total number of bales purchased) x 45 (number of bales of hay lost) = \$1,800.

**Note:** The value of feed lost in the amount of \$1,800 would be entered in CCC-851, item 46 A.

**C Determining Value of Forage or Feed Stuffs Produced by Participant**

When a participant indicates that produced forage or feed stuffs, other than forage grazing acres, intended for livestock feed is lost, damaged or destroyed, the participant must, provide verifiable or reliable documentation, as determined acceptable by COC.

Verifiable records include records provided by the producer who may be verified by COC through an independent source and are used to substantiate the amount of feed lost. Reliable records may be considered acceptable, as determined by COC. If documentation is not available or provided, COC may accept producer's certification if other similar producers have comparable losses, as determined by COC.

**Important:** COC must follow procedure established in subparagraph 888 A when acting on supporting documentation, such as verifiable and reliable records and producer's certification statements.

**832 Determining Livestock Lost Feed Value and Additional Feed Costs (Continued)****C Determining Value of Forage or Feed Stuffs Produced by Participant (Continued)**

COC shall determine the value of lost feed from forage or feed stuffs, other than forage grazing acres, that was mechanically harvested, and damaged or destroyed because of an eligible adverse weather or eligible loss condition, according to the following table.

<b>Step</b>	<b>Action</b>	<b>Result</b>
1	Producers are responsible for providing all the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• verifiable or reliable evidence of either or both of the following as determined acceptable by COC: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• participant had the ability to produce the kind and amount of forage or feed stuffs claimed lost, such as equipment, seed receipts, fertilizer purchase receipts, and FSA-578's</li> <li>• participant paid for the production of the forage or feed stuffs claimed lost, such as custom harvest costs</li> </ul> </li> <li>• any evidence that supports the amount of the forage or feed stuffs claimed produced, such as but not limited to weight tickets, acres and yields, processing receipts.</li> </ul>	
2	Determine whether the feed produced was feed intended for use as feed for the participant's eligible livestock.	
3	Determine a value of the forage or feed stuffs produced based on the fair market value of the forage or feed stuffs before the eligible adverse weather or eligible loss condition.	
4	Add the determined value of all forage and feed stuffs lost.	Total cost of forage and feed stuffs, other than forage grazing acres, produced by participant for eligible livestock.

**832 Determining Livestock Lost Feed Value and Additional Feed Costs (Continued)****C Determining Value of Forage or Feed Stuff Produced by Participant (Continued)**

**Example:** Producer A produced 55 big round bales of hay before the flood in March 2012. Producer A produced the hay to feed to his 40 dairy cows. Producer A indicates he lost 40 of the bales of hay because of the flood.

Producer A provides evidence that he has the ability to harvest the kind of hay he claimed lost. He also provides the average weight of the bales of hay produced. COC obtains information indicating the value of the type of hay produced by Producer A before the flood.

Based on the information submitted by Producer A, the information about the value of the type of hay fed, and COC's knowledge of the value of the hay produced, COC determines the total value of the hay lost to be \$1,000.

**Note:** The value of feed lost in the amount of \$1,000 would be entered in CCC-851, item 41 A.

**D Required Documentation for Additional Feed Purchases**

When a participant indicates additional feed was purchased, above normal quantities required to maintain eligible livestock during an eligible adverse weather or eligible loss condition, until additional livestock feed becomes available, the participant shall provide verifiable or reliable documentation, as determined acceptable by COC, such as original receipts or summary purchase receipts for forage or feed stuffs that was purchased by the participant as part of the participant's normal business operation from the beginning date of the eligible adverse weather or loss condition until the date additional livestock feed becomes available for the:

- program year in which additional feed costs are being claimed
- year immediately preceding the program year for which additional feed costs are being claimed
- second year preceding the program year for which additional feed costs are being claimed.

## 832 Determining Livestock Lost Feed Value and Additional Feed Costs (Continued)

**D Required Documentation for Additional Feed Purchases (Continued)**

Verifiable records include records provided by the producer who may be verified by COC through an independent source and are used to substantiate the amount of feed lost. Reliable records may be considered acceptable, as determined by COC. If documentation is not available or provided, COC may accept producer's certification if other similar producers have comparable losses, as determined by COC.

**Important:** COC must follow procedure established in subparagraph 888 A when acting on supporting documentation, such as verifiable and reliable records and producer's certification statements.

The County Office shall:

- validate the **original receipts** or the **summary purchase receipt from the vendor** by date-stamping the front of the original receipts or summary purchase receipts from the vendor
- make a photocopy of the validated original receipts or summary purchase receipts from the vendor
- attach the photocopy to CCC-851
- return validated original receipts or summary purchase receipts to participant.

For receipts to be considered acceptable verifiable documentation to determine the value of the additional feed purchases, the feed receipts or summary feed purchase receipts **must** include all of the following:

- date of feed purchase
- name, address, and telephone number of feed vendor
- type and quantity of feed purchased
- cost of feed purchased
- signature of feed vendor if the vendor does **not** have a license to conduct this type of transaction.

**Example:** The participant purchased baled hay from their neighbor. The neighbor is **not** a licensed vendor; therefore, the neighbor's signature is required to be on the purchase receipt.

**832 Determining Livestock Lost Feed Value and Additional Feed Costs (Continued)****E Determining Value of Additional Feed Purchases**

COC shall determine the value of a participant's additional feed purchases, other than forage grazing acres, purchased by the participant as part of the participant's normal business operation, intended for use as feed for the participant's eligible livestock, according to the following.

**\*--Notes:** COC has the discretion to adjust the value of additional feed purchases, if a:

- producer's livestock inventory changed substantially from 1 or both of the previous 2 years in comparison to the current program year
- producer had to purchase additional feed in the prior 2 years because of an eligible adverse weather event or loss condition and it is **not** part of the producer's normal business practice to purchase feed during the timeframe of the additional feed purchases in the current program year.

COC adjustments to the value of additional livestock feed purchases shall be entered in CCC-851, items 52 A, 52 B, and/or 53, as applicable, according to subparagraph 889 A.--\*

Step	Action
1	Producers are responsible for providing original receipts or summary purchase receipts for the forage or feed stuffs that were purchased by the participant from the beginning date of the eligible adverse weather or loss condition until the date additional livestock feed becomes available.  <b>Note:</b> Livestock feed losses resulting from additional feed costs shall be claimed in the program year the eligible adverse weather or loss condition occurred.
2	Producer will provide original receipts or summary purchase receipts for the forage for feedstuffs that were purchased by the participant during the same or similar timeframe described in step 1 for both of the 2 years preceding the program year.  <b>Note:</b> COC shall determine whether similar timeframe is reasonably close to the timeframe determined in step 1.
3	Determine whether the feed purchased above normal quantities was feed that was fed to maintain eligible livestock in the county where the eligible adverse weather or eligible loss condition occurred.
4	Determine whether the receipts provided meet all requirements to be acceptable to determine the value of the additional feed costs, as provided in subparagraph D.
5	Add cost of the eligible feed purchased provided on receipts collected in step 2, and enter the result on CCC-851, item 50A and 50B, as applicable.
6	Add cost of the eligible feed purchased provided on receipts collected in step 1, and enter the result in CCC-851, item 51A.

**832 Determining Livestock Lost Feed Value and Additional Feed Costs (Continued)****E Determining Value of Additional Feed Purchases (Continued)**

**Example:** The normal grazing period in County A is March 1 through September 30. Producer C's land is located in County A. Producer C claims that they purchased additional hay in April 2012 above what they normally would have purchased because of the flood that occurred April 2 through 10, 2012. Producer C was able to put their livestock back in the flood-affected pasture on April 10, 2012.

Producer C is eligible for livestock feed losses resulting from the costs of purchasing additional livestock feed, above normal quantities, required to maintain the livestock from the beginning date of the flood, April 2, 2012, through the ending date of the flood, April 10, 2012.

On April 3, 2012, Producer C purchased 35 bales of hay, at a total cost of \$1,400, to feed their 100 adult beef cows during the flood. The feed receipts meet all requirements in subparagraph D.

On March 31, 2011, the immediately preceding program year, Producer C purchased 5 round bales of hay at a total cost of \$400 to feed their adult beef cows. Producer C provided the County Office original receipts for the hay they purchased on March 31, 2011, and they meet all requirements in subparagraph D. Producer C also provided acceptable original receipts for the purchase of 6 round bales of hay at a total cost of \$480 purchased on March 20, 2010, for the second year preceding the program year. COC determined that March 31, 2011, and March 20, 2010, is reasonably close to the beginning date of the April 2012 flood for the immediately preceding calendar year.

\$1,400 is the value of forage or feed stuffs purchased in the application year to be entered in CCC-851, item 51A.

\$400 is the value of forage or feeds stuffs purchased in the 1 year immediately preceding the program year to be entered on CCC-851, item 50A.

\$480 is the value of forage of feed stuffs purchased in the second year immediately preceding the program year to be entered on CCC-851, item 50B.

\$440 (\$400 plus \$480 divided by 2 years) is the average value of forage or feed stuffs purchased in the 2 immediately preceding years to be entered in CCC-851-1, item 68E.

**832 Determining Livestock Lost Feed Value and Additional Feed Costs (Continued)****F Determining Livestock Feed Needs**

Livestock feed losses resulting from the additional costs of purchasing additional livestock feed, above normal quantities, required to maintain the eligible livestock until additional livestock feed becomes available, shall **not** exceed the value of the feed needs of the livestock during the eligible adverse weather or eligible loss condition. CCC-851-1, item 68H calculates the livestock feed needs during the eligible adverse weather or eligible loss condition for each livestock kind/type and weight range.

**Example:** The April 2012 flood prevented Producer C's livestock from grazing for 8 calendar days. Producer C does not file CCC-860. The 150-calendar-day feed cost for Producer C's 100 adult beef cows, as determined in CCC-851-1, item 13, is \$25,905, determined as follows:

- 100 adult beef cattle, times
- 150 calendar days, times
- 1.727 daily payment rate per head, times
- 1.00 producer share.

The value of the feed needs for the 100 adult beef cows during the April 2012 flood is \$1,382 as determined in CCC-851-1, item 68H, calculated by multiplying:

- 100 adult beef cattle, times
- 8 calendar days, times
- 1.727 daily payment rate per head, times
- 1.00 producer share.

**832 Determining Livestock Lost Feed Value and Additional Feed Costs (Continued)****G Determining the Value of Eligible Purchases of Additional Livestock Feed**

For livestock feed losses resulting from the purchase of additional feed, above normal quantities, required to maintain livestock until additional feed becomes available, the value of eligible purchases of additional feed shall be the smaller of either of the following, as determined in CCC-851-1, item 69:

- producer's value of additional feed costs (CCC-851-1, item 68B minus item 68E)
- value of the livestock feed needs during the eligible adverse weather event or eligible loss condition, determined in CCC-851-1, item 68H.

**Example:** Producer C's value of additional feed costs in April 2012 is \$960 determined by subtracting:

- \$1,400, cost of additional feed purchased in 2012, minus
- \$440, average cost of prior 2 years of feed purchased.

The value of the feed needs of the 100 adult beef cows during the April 2012 flood is \$1,382.

Producer C's eligible purchases of additional livestock feed is \$960, the lesser of \$960, or \$1,382 (value of the feed needs).

**Important:** \$960 is not Producer C's additional feed cost payment.

**H Calculating Payment for Additional Feed Purchased Above Normal**

Eligible livestock producers will be compensated for eligible livestock feed purchased above normal quantities, calculated as follows:

- national payment factor of 60 to 90 percent, as determined in subparagraph 831 B, times
- value of eligible purchases of additional livestock feed.

**Example:** Producer C's payment for additional feed purchased above normal is \$576, calculated as follows:

- 60 percent, national payment rate, times
- \$960, eligible purchases of additional feed purchased above normal.

This is Producer C's payment before applying any payment reductions or national payment factor, if applicable.

**833-844 (Reserved)**

## Section 4 Honeybee Eligibility Criteria

### 845 Honeybee Eligibility

#### A Eligible Producer

An eligible honeybee producer is a producer who has a risk in the honey production, pollination, or honeybee breeding operation for producing honey, pollinating, or breeding honeybees for commercial use as part of a farming operation on the beginning date of the eligible adverse weather or eligible loss condition.

#### B Eligible Honeybees

Eligible honeybees include bees housed in a managed hive and used for honey production, pollination, or honeybee breeding. Eligible honeybees do **not** include wild, feral honeybees, leaf cutter bees, or other bee species that are **not** used for producing honey, pollinating, or breeding honeybees.

#### C Eligible Honeybee Losses

For honeybee losses to be eligible, the honeybee colony **must** meet the following conditions:

- be maintained for producing honey, pollinating, or breeding honeybees for commercial use in a farming operation on the beginning date of the eligible adverse weather or eligible loss condition
- be physically located in the county where the eligible adverse weather or eligible loss conditions occurred on the beginning date of the eligible adverse weather or eligible loss condition
- be a honeybee colony in which the participant has a risk in honey production, pollination, or honeybee breeding farming operation on the beginning date of the eligible adverse weather or eligible loss condition
- be a honeybee colony for which the producer had an eligible loss of a honeybee colony,   
\*--in excess of the normal honeybee colony mortality rate for the applicable program year as provided in subparagraph 846 C, honeybee hive, or honeybee feed; the feed **must** have--\*   
been intended as feed for honeybees.

## 845 Honeybee Eligibility (Continued)

**D Eligible Honeybee Feed Losses**

For honeybee feed losses to be eligible, the honeybee producer **must** have:

- suffered a loss of purchased or harvested feed that was intended as feed for the honeybees that was damaged because of an eligible adverse weather or eligible loss condition including but **not** limited to earthquake, flood, hurricane, lightning, tidal surge, tornado, volcanic eruption, and wildfire
- suffered a loss resulting from the additional cost of purchasing additional feed, above normal quantities to sustain the honeybees for a period of time until additional feed becomes available because of an eligible adverse weather or eligible loss condition including but **not** limited to earthquake, early fall frost, excessive rain, flood, hurricane, late spring frost, lightning, tidal surge, tornado, volcanic eruption, wildfire and eligible drought
- incurred the loss in the county where the eligible adverse weather or eligible loss condition occurred.

Purchased Honeybee Feed

Eligible honeybee participants **must** provide verifiable or reliable documentation, as determined acceptable by the COC, of purchased feed intended as feed for honeybees that was lost or additional feed purchased above normal quantities to sustain honeybees for a period of time until additional feed becomes available because of an eligible adverse weather or eligible loss condition.

For additional feed purchased above normal quantities, the producer **must** provide documentation of feed purchases to sustain the honeybees for a period of time for the:

- program year in which additional feed costs are being claimed
- 1 year before the program year for which additional feed costs are being claimed
- 2 years before the program year for which additional feed costs are being claimed.

Verifiable records include records provided by the producer who may be verified by COC through an independent source and are used to substantiate the amount of feed lost. Reliable records may be considered acceptable, as determined by COC.

**845 Honeybee Eligibility (Continued)****D Eligible Honeybee Feed Losses (Continued)**

Acceptable verifiable or reliable records may include, but are not limited to:

- original feed receipts or summary purchase receipts that provide date of feed purchase, name, address, and telephone number of feed vendor, type and quantity of feed purchased, cost of feed purchased, signature of feed vendor if the vendor does not have a license to conduct this type of transaction
- settlement sheets
- warehouse settlement sheets
- load summaries
- ledger tapes
- contemporaneous records.

The County Office shall validate the original receipts or summary purchase receipts from the vendor by:

- date-stamping the front of the original receipts
- make a photocopy of the validated original receipts
- attach the photocopy to CCC-934
- return validated original receipts to participant.

If documentation is not available or provided, the COC may accept producer's certification of the honeybee feed loss if other similar honeybee producers have comparable losses, as determined by COC.

**Important:** COC must follow procedure established in subparagraph 888 A when acting on supporting documentation, such as verifiable and reliable records and producer's certification statements.

**845 Honeybee Eligibility (Continued)****D Eligible Honeybee Feed Losses (Continued)**Harvested Honeybee Feed

Eligible honeybee participants must provide verifiable or reliable documentation, as determined acceptable by COC, of harvested feed intended as feed for honeybees that was lost because of an eligible adverse weather or eligible loss condition.

Verifiable records include records provided by the producer who may be verified by COC through an independent source and are used to substantiate the amount of feed lost. Reliable records may be considered acceptable, as determined by COC. COC shall determine the value of the harvested feed and document in the COC minutes the type of feed produced and how the value of the harvested feed was determined.

Acceptable verifiable and reliable documentation may include, but is not limited to, the following:

- weight tickets
- truck scale tickets
- contemporaneous diaries used to verify that the crop was stored with the intent to feed the crop to honeybees
- custom harvest documents that clearly identify the amount of feed produced from the applicable acreage.

If documentation is not available or provided, COC may accept producer's certification if other similar producers have comparable honeybee harvested feed losses, as determined by COC.

**Important:** COC must follow procedure established in subparagraph 888 A when acting on supporting documentation, such as verifiable and reliable records and producer's certification statements.

## 845 Honeybee Eligibility (Continued)

**E Eligible Honeybee Physical Losses**

For honeybee colony and hive losses to be eligible, the honeybee producer **must** have:

- suffered:
  - a physical loss of honeybee colonies or hive loss because of an eligible adverse weather or eligible loss condition including but **not** limited to colony collapse disorder, earthquake, eligible extreme cold, eligible sustained cold, eligible winter storm, excessive wind, flood, hurricane, lightning, tornado, volcanic eruption and wildfire
  - to be an eligible colony loss, the loss **must** be in excess of the normal mortality rate **\*--for the applicable program year as provided in subparagraph 846 C, and the loss--\*** could **not** have been prevented through reasonable available measures as determined by COC
- incurred the loss in the county where the eligible adverse weather or eligible loss condition occurred.

**Notes:** Losses because of controllable conditions, such as varroa mites, is **not** an eligible loss condition.

Drought is **not** considered an eligible loss condition for honeybee colony or honeybee hive losses.

Loss of income from pollinator contracts because of CCD is **not** an eligible loss condition under ELAP.

For eligible honeybee colony and honeybee hive losses, the participant **must** provide:

- proof of beginning inventory for the program year and ending inventory immediately after the eligible adverse weather event or eligible loss condition of honeybee colonies and honeybee hives such as, but **not** limited to, any of the following:
  - a report of acreage (colonies reported) (see subparagraph F)
  - loan records
  - private insurance documents
  - property tax records
  - sales and purchase receipts
  - State colony registration documentation
  - chattel inspections

**Important:** If a subsequent eligible adverse weather or eligible loss condition affects the number of hives or colonies, County Offices shall update the inventory changes for the participant's second or subsequent adverse weather or loss condition, if applicable, according to subparagraph 890 A, items 12C through 12F.

If the subsequent event only affects feed needs, inventory updates are **not** required.

## 845 Honeybee Eligibility (Continued)

**E Eligible Honeybee Physical Losses (Continued)**

- proof that the participant is following best management practices as determined by COC, such as, but **not** limited to documentation to substantiate that the producer provided the following:
  - proper nutrition for honeybee colonies
  - preventative treatment for varroa mites and disease
  - proper maintenance and hygiene of hive equipment
  - proper colony management
- any additional documentation the producer may have, such as State health certifications for varroa mite or noseema levels reflecting the lack of mites or disease.

**\*--F Report of Colonies**

Honeybee producers **must** file FSA-578 by the dates established for NAP eligibility, according to 2-CP, subparagraph 18 B.

Honeybee producers **must** notify the recording County Office within 30 calendar days of changes in the:

- total number of colonies
- names of additional counties to which bees are moved.

Producers shall use a manual FSA-578 to report changes to the total number of colonies and/or counties to which bees are moved. Manual FSA-578's **must** include the following.

Item	Entry
1	FSA FSN where producer's headquarters is located.
7	Names and shares of all producers sharing in the colonies for producing honey, pollinating, and/or breeding.
12	Number of colonies.
13	Names of counties to which colonies of bees are moved.

The producer shall certify to the number of colonies reported in FSA-578 "Remarks" section.

**Notes:** The FSA-578 "Certification Statement" shall read as follows:

"I certify the number of colonies reported include all colonies for which producing honey, pollinating, and/or breeding is expected."

If the total number of colonies increases on a manual FSA-578 during the crop year after the initial automated FSA-578 is filed by January 2, the automated FSA-578 shall be revised with the highest number of colonies reported at any time in the crop year.--\*

## 846 Honeybee Payment Calculations and Examples

### A National Payment Factor for Honeybee Losses

For an eligible honeybee producer, payments for **honeybee feed losses** will be based on a national payment factor of either of the following:

- 60 percent of the calculated payment
- 90 percent of the calculated payment, for producers who meet the definition of beginning farmer or rancher, SDA farmer or rancher, or limited resource farmer or rancher, as defined in paragraph 802.

For an eligible honeybee producer, payments for **honeybee colony and hive losses** will be based on a national payment factor of either of the following:

- 75 percent of the calculated payment
- 90 percent of the calculated payment, for producers who meet the definition of beginning farmer or rancher, SDA farmer or rancher, or limited resource farmer or rancher, as defined in paragraph 802.

\* \* \*

### B Payment Rates

The payment rates for honeybee colonies and hives are based on the average fair market values of honeybee colonies and/or hives in the program year in which the loss occurred. FSA has established the following average fair market values for 2012 through 2015 honeybee losses.

Program Year	Honeybee Colonies	Honeybee Hives
2012	\$75	\$210
2013	\$85	\$220
2014	\$80	\$230
2015	\$130	\$240
2016	\$135	\$240
2017	\$140	\$258
*--2018	\$140	\$258--*

## 846 Honeybee Payment Calculations and Examples (Continued)

**C Normal Mortality Rate for Honeybee Colony Losses**

ELAP compensates eligible honeybee producers for eligible honeybee colony losses that occur in excess of normal mortality because of an eligible adverse weather or eligible loss condition during the program year. FSA has established the normal mortality rates for honeybee colony losses according to this table.

Program Year	Honeybee Normal Mortality Rate
2012 through 2014	17.5 percent
2015 through 2017	15.0 percent
2018	*--22.0 percent--*

**D Payment Calculation for Honeybee Colony Losses**

Payments for eligible honeybee producers for honeybee colony losses will be based on the national payment factor, as determined in subparagraph A, of the result of multiplying:

- the result of subtracting:
  - number of honeybee colonies lost during the program year because of an eligible adverse weather or eligible loss condition, minus
  - honeybee loss threshold (beginning inventory adjusted for sales and purchases through the last loss event in the program year times the applicable normal mortality rate), times
- the average fair market value per honeybee colony.

**Example:** Producer A files CCC-934 for honeybees lost to CCD on April 2, 2012.

Beginning program year inventory was 100 colonies of bees. Producer provided a receipt for the purchase of 20 additional colonies on March 15, 2012.

Producer A's ending inventory was 70 colonies which equates to 50 colonies lost. Producer A did **not** file CCC-860, therefore compensation would be calculated at 75 percent of the 2012 average fair market value established for honeybee colonies, \$75, for the number of colonies lost in excess of normal mortality of 17.5 percent, calculated as follows.

- 120 colonies (100 beginning inventory, plus 20 additional colonies purchased) x 17.5 percent = 21 colonies (loss threshold)
- 50 colonies, lost on April 2, 2012, because of eligible adverse weather or loss condition, minus 21 colonies, loss threshold = 29 colonies eligible for payment
- 29 colonies x \$75 (2012 average fair market value) x 75 percent payment factor = \$1,631 (calculated payment amount for lost honeybee colonies before applying payment reductions or national factor).

**846 Honeybee Payment Calculations and Examples (Continued)****E Payment Calculation for Honeybee Hive Losses**

Payments for eligible honeybee producers for honeybee hive losses will be based on the national payment factor, as determined in subparagraph A, of the result of multiplying:

- number of honeybee hives lost because of an eligible adverse weather or eligible loss condition, times
- the average fair market value per honeybee hive for the applicable program year.

**Example:** Producer B files CCC-934 for honeybee hives lost because of a tornado on March 20, 2012. Beginning inventory was 20 hives. Producer B's ending inventory was 15 hives which equates to 5 hives lost. Producer B did not file CCC-860, therefore compensation would be calculated at 75 percent of the 2012 average fair market value established for honeybee hives, \$210, for the number of hives lost as follows.

5 hives x \$210 (average fair market value) x 75 percent payment factor = \$788  
(calculated payment amount for lost honeybee hives before applying payment reductions and national factor).

**F Payment Calculation for Honeybee Feed Purchased**

Payments for eligible honeybee producers for honeybee feed losses will be based on the national payment factor, as determined in subparagraph A, multiplied by the producer's actual cost for honeybee feed that was damaged or destroyed.

**Example 1:** Producer A purchased 1,000 pounds of sugar to feed eligible honeybees at a cost of \$500. A 2013 flood destroyed the purchased feed. Producer A files CCC-934 and provides documentation to support the feed purchase and cost. The feed purchased to feed the eligible honeybees that was lost because of the flood is an eligible feed loss under ELAP. Producer A did not file CCC-860, therefore Producer A will be compensated at 60 percent of the producer's actual feed cost as follows.

\$500 (cost of purchased feed that was lost) x 60 percent payment factor =  
\$300 (payment amount for feed lost before applying payment reductions or national factor)

## 846 Honeybee Payment Calculations and Examples (Continued)

**G Calculation for Additional Honeybee Feed Purchased Above Normal**

Payments for eligible honeybee producers for additional honeybee feed purchased above normal quantities to sustain the honeybees for a period of time will be based on the national payment factor, as determined in subparagraph A, multiplied by the difference of:

- producer's actual cost for honeybee feed that was purchased above normal quantities for a period of time during or after an eligible adverse weather or eligible loss condition, minus
- producer's 2-year average cost for honeybee feed purchases in the 2 prior years (calculated by averaging the feed purchased in the 2 years before the program year) of the program year in which benefits are being requested for the same period of time period in which additional feed was purchased above normal in the program year in which benefits are being requested.

COC shall determine the value of additional honeybee feed purchases, purchased by the participant to maintain the honeybees until additional feed becomes available, according to the following.

Step	Action
1	Participants are responsible for providing the County Office with original receipts or summary purchase receipts for the honeybee feed that was purchased by the participant from the beginning date of the eligible adverse weather or eligible loss condition until the date honeybee feed becomes available.  <b>Note:</b> This value is entered <b>by the participant</b> on CCC-934, item 16C.
2	Participants are responsible for providing the County Office with original receipts or summary purchase receipts for the honeybee feed that was purchased by the participant during the same or similar timeframe described in step 1 for the 2 preceding program years.  <b>Notes:</b> COC shall determine whether similar timeframe is reasonably close to the timeframe determined in step 1.  These values are entered by the participant on CCC-934, items 16D (1 year prior) and 16E (2 years prior).
3	Determine whether the receipts provided meet all requirements to be acceptable and used to determine the value of the additional feed costs, as provided in subparagraph 845 D.
4	Add cost of the eligible feed purchased provided on receipts collected in step 1.
5	Compare the value of additional honeybee feed purchases made in the program year: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• certified by the applicant on CCC-934, item 16 C</li> <li>• determined by the County Office in step 4.</li> </ul> <p>If the values differ, then COC shall enter the result in step 4 in "Adjusted Cost of Feed Purchased in Application Year" on CCC-934, item 16 G.</p>
6	Add cost of the eligible feed purchased in the prior 2 years provided on receipts collected in step 2.

## 846 Honeybee Payment Calculations and Examples (Continued)

**G Calculation for Additional Honeybee Feed Purchased Above Normal (Continued)**

Step	Action
7	<p>Compare the value of additional honeybee feed purchases made in the 2 preceding years:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>certified by the applicant on CCC-934, items 16 D and 16 E</li> <li>determined by the County Office in step 6.</li> </ul> <p>If the values differ, then COC shall enter the result in step 6 as the “Adjusted Cost of Feed Purchased in 1 or 2 Year Prior” on CCC-934, item 16 H and 16 I respectively.</p>
8	<p>Total the cost of the eligible feed purchased in the prior 2 years determined in step 7 and divide by 2 to determine the producer’s average honeybee feed purchases during the similar timeframe for the previous 2 years.</p> <p><b>Note:</b> Enter the result on CCC-934-1, item 43 C.</p>
9	<p>Determine the eligible cost of additional feed purchased by subtracting:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>result in step 5, minus</li> <li>result in step 8.</li> </ul>

**\*--Notes:** COC has the discretion to adjust the value of additional honeybee feed purchases if a:

- producer’s honeybee inventory changed substantially from 1 or both of the previous 2 years in comparison to the producer’s honeybee inventory in the current program year
- producer had to purchase additional feed in the prior 2 years because of an eligible adverse weather event or loss condition and it is **not** part of the producer’s normal business practice to purchase feed during the timeframe of the additional feed purchases in the current program year.

COC adjustments to the value of additional honeybee feed purchases shall be entered in CCC-934, items 16 G, 16 H, and/or 16 I, as applicable, according to subparagraph 890 A.--\*

**Example 1:** An unexpected blizzard hits on March 1, 2012. Producer A purchases 200 pounds of sugar at a cost of \$200 to feed eligible honeybees for a short period of time, because of the blizzard. The cost of purchasing the sugar is an additional feed cost that Producer A does not normally incur (producer has no feed purchases in 2011 or 2010 for this timeframe) and is an eligible cost under ELAP. Producer A does not file CCC-860, therefore Producer A is compensated at national payment factor of 60 percent of the cost of the feed purchased as follows.

\$200 (cost of purchased feed above normal) x 60 percent payment factor = \$120 (payment for additional feed purchased above normal before applying payment reductions or national factor).

**846 Honeybee Payment Calculations and Examples (Continued)****G Calculation for Additional Honeybee Feed Purchased Above Normal (Continued)**

**Example 2:** An unexpected blizzard hits County A on March 1, 2012. Producer A has 100 percent share in the honeybees and feed purchased. Producer A purchases 600 pounds of sugar at a cost of \$600 to feed eligible honeybees to sustain the honeybees during the blizzard and until temperatures rise to normal on March 14, 2012. The feed receipts meet all of the requirements for acceptable honeybee feed receipts.

On March 10, 2011, 1 year before the program year, Producer A purchased 100 pounds of sugar at a cost of \$100. On March 9, 2010, 2 years before the program year, Producer A purchased 50 pounds of sugar at a cost of \$50. Producer A provided the County Office with the original receipt for the honeybee feed purchased on March 10, 2011, and March 9, 2010, and it meets all requirements for acceptable honeybee feed receipts. Producer A does not file CCC-860, therefore, Producer A will be compensated at the national payment factor of 60 percent of the producer's actual cost of additional feed purchases above normal as follows.

\$600 is the value of the additional honeybee feed purchased in the program year to be entered in CCC-934, item 16 C.

\$75 (\$100, 2011 purchases, plus \$50, 2010 purchases = \$150, divided by 2) is the value of the 2 year average cost of honeybee feed purchased in the 2 prior years before the program year to be entered in CCC-934-1, item 43 C.

\$525 (\$600, feed cost in program year, minus \$75, 2 prior year feed cost average) is the eligible honeybee feed purchases.

\$525 (eligible honeybee feed purchases) X 60 percent payment factor X 1.00 producer share = \$315 (payment for additional feed purchased above normal before applying payment reductions or national factor) to be entered in CCC-934-1, item 46.

**847-859 (Reserved)**

## Section 5 Farm-Raised Fish Eligibility Criteria

### 860 Farm-Raised Fish Eligibility

#### A Eligible Farm-Raised Fish Producer

An eligible producer of farm-raised fish is a producer of any aquatic species that is propagated and reared in a controlled environment, according to subparagraph B, which is being maintained for commercial use as part of the producer's farming operation. Under ELAP, catfish and crawfish are considered farm-raised fish for eligible feed losses.

For the farm-raised fish owner to be considered eligible, the owner must have:

- owned or leased property with readily identifiable boundaries
- had control of the waterbed, the ground under the specific type of water and not just control over a column of water
- provided purchased or produced feed to the farm-raised fish.

**Example:** The farm-raised fish owner leased the right to grow finfish in the aquatic facility for the applicable growing period.

#### B Controlled Environment

See paragraph 802 for the definition of "controlled environment".

All portions of the aquatic environment must have been under the control of the farm-raised fish owner. Control means the farm-raised fish owner must have implemented the following practices.

- **Flood Prevention** including, but not limited to, the following:
  - placing the aquacultural facility in an area not prone to flood
  - in the case of raceways, devices or structures designed for the control of water level.
- **Growing media** providing an aquatic medium that:
  - provides nutrients necessary for the production of the farm-raised fish
  - protects the farm-raised fish from harmful species or chemicals.

## 860 Farm-Raised Fish Eligibility (Continued)

**B Controlled Environment (Continued)**

- **Fertilization or feeding** to obtain expected production results. Evidence of this practice must be provided by the producer at the request of COC. COC must be satisfied that the producer had an adequate supply of vitamins, minerals, or chemicals designed for the control of water quality and application equipment.
- **Irrigation and water quality.** Farm-raised fish owners should have had systems and practices in place to ensure that the farm-raised fish had adequate, quality water or aquatic medium. This includes having equipment designed to control the chemical balance and oxygenation of water. Therefore, COC shall consider the following:
  - whether the source of water is adequate to ensure continued growth and survival of the aquacultural species even in the event of severe drought

**Note:** Natural sources of water, such as rainfall, are not eligible means for providing an adequate source of water to ensure continued growth and survival of the aquacultural species.

- whether the aquacultural facility sustained losses in previous years because of water shortages or water supply interruption. If so, list corrective actions that have been taken.

**C Eligible Farm-Raised Fish**

Farm-raised fish must have been:

- placed in the aquacultural facility by the farm-raised fish owner and must not be growing naturally in the facility

**Note:** Species indigenous to the facility are not eligible.

- stocked or seeded on property described in subparagraph B
- stocked or seeded in containers, wire baskets, net pens, or similar device designed for the protection and containment of the seeded aquacultural species.

Eligible farm-raised fish, are any aquatic species that are propagated and reared in a controlled environment to be harvested for sale as part of a commercial farming operation. Alligators and turtles are not considered an aquatic species, but are reptilian species, and are not eligible as farm-raised fish under ELAP.

Any other species not determined to be an aquatic species are also not eligible under ELAP.

**860 Farm-Raised Fish Eligibility (Continued)****D Eligible Farm-Raised Fish Feed Losses**

For farm-raised fish feed losses to be eligible, the farm-raised fish producer must have:

- suffered a loss of purchased or harvested feed that was intended as feed for the farm-raised fish that was damaged because of an eligible adverse weather or eligible loss condition
- incurred the loss in the county where the eligible adverse weather or eligible loss condition occurred.

Eligible farm-raised fish participants must provide verifiable or reliable documentation, as determined acceptable by the COC, of purchased feed intended as feed for farm-raised fish that was lost because of an eligible adverse weather or eligible loss condition.

Verifiable records include records provided by the producer who may be verified by COC through an independent source and are used to substantiate the amount of feed lost. Reliable records may be considered acceptable, as determined by COC.

Acceptable verifiable or reliable records may include, but are not limited to:

- feed receipts that provide date of feed purchase, name, address, and telephone number of feed vendor, type and quantity of feed purchased, cost of feed purchased, signature of feed vendor if the vendor does not have a license to conduct this type of transaction
- settlement sheets
- warehouse settlement sheets
- load summaries
- ledger tapes
- contemporaneous records.

If documentation is not available or provided, COC may accept producer's certification of the farm-raised fish feed loss if other similar farm-raised fish producers have comparable losses, as determined by COC.

**Important:** COC must follow procedure established in subparagraph 888 A when acting on supporting documentation, such as verifiable and reliable records and producer's certification statements.

**860 Farm-Raised Fish Eligibility (Continued)****E Eligible Farm-Raised Fish Physical Losses**

Physical losses of farm-raised fish include losses of game fish (stockers) and bait fish (not raised as food for food fish) only, in excess of normal mortality. Physical losses of all other aquatic species are covered under NAP and are not eligible under ELAP. An eligible producer of farm-raised game or sport fish may receive payments for death losses of farm-raised fish because of an eligible adverse weather or eligible loss condition.

Eligible farm-raised fish participants must provide verifiable or reliable documentation, as determined acceptable by COC, of farm-raised fish death losses, because of an eligible adverse weather or eligible loss condition.

In addition participants must provide verifiable or reliable records of inventory on the beginning and ending date of the eligible adverse weather or loss condition. Verifiable records include records provided by the producer who may be verified by COC through an independent source and are used to substantiate the number or pounds of fish lost. Reliable records may be considered acceptable, as determined by COC.

Acceptable verifiable or reliable records may include, but are not limited to:

- acreage reports for NAP (surface acres of water)
- loan records
- private insurance documents
- property tax records
- sales and purchase receipts
- chattel inspections
- sales receipts.

**Important:** COC must follow procedure established in subparagraph 888 A when acting on supporting documentation, such as verifiable and reliable records and producer's certification statements.

If the producer provides acceptable documentation of beginning inventory at the beginning of the program year and COC determines that the documentation is reliable and is already adjusted for "normal mortality," as described in subparagraph 861 E, then FSA shall **not** apply STC-established normal mortality rates as provided in subparagraph 861 E.

**860 Farm-Raised Fish Eligibility (Continued)****E Eligible Farm-Raised Fish Physical Losses (Continued)**

If beginning inventory just before the loss cannot be provided, FSA may calculate the beginning inventory by considering the stocking rate of the fish, the feeding practices for the fish (if they are provided by the producer), and applying normal mortality, as determined by STC according to subparagraph 861 E, to arrive at the expected beginning inventory. ELAP benefits will be paid based on losses in excess of normal mortality.

If the fish operator does not provide acceptable documentation to assist FSA in determining the beginning and ending inventory of fish, the producer will not be eligible to receive benefits for the physical loss of fish.

**861 Farm-Raised Fish Payment Calculation and Examples****A National Payment Rate for Farm-Raised Fish Losses**

For an eligible farm-raised fish producer, payments for **farm-raised fish feed losses** will be based on a national payment factor of either of the following:

- 60 percent of the calculated payment
- 90 percent of the calculated payment, for producers who meet the definition of beginning farmer or rancher, socially disadvantaged farmer or rancher, or limited resource farmer or rancher, as defined in paragraph 802.

For an eligible farm-raised fish producer, payments for **farm-raised fish death losses** will be based on a national payment factor of either of the following:

- 75 percent of the calculated payment
- 90 percent of the calculated payment, for producers who meet the definition of beginning farmer or rancher, socially disadvantaged farmer or rancher, or limited resource farmer or rancher, as defined in paragraph 802.

**Note:** If at the end of the program year the \$20 million funding cap is not reached, the Deputy Administrator has the discretion to increase the national payment factor up to 80 percent for the program year.

**861 Farm-Raised Fish Payment Calculation and Examples (Continued)****B Farm-Raised Fish Feed Loss Payment Calculation and Example**

An eligible farm-raised fish producer may receive payments for farm-raised fish feed losses because of an eligible adverse weather or eligible loss condition, based on a national payment factor, as determined in subparagraph A, of the producer's actual cost for the farm-raised fish feed that was:

- damaged or destroyed because of an eligible adverse weather or eligible loss condition
- intended as feed for the eligible farm-raised fish.

**Example:** An eligible farm-raised fish producer purchased 1,000 pounds of feed for eligible farm-raised fish at a cost of \$2,000. The producer lost all of the purchased feed because of an eligible weather or eligible loss condition. The producer filed a notice of loss and provided documentation verifying the type of feed purchased and the cost. The producer did not file CCC-860, therefore, the producer's payment will be based on 60 percent of the cost of the farm-raised fish feed lost.

$\$2,000 \text{ (cost of feed that was lost)} \times 60 \text{ percent} = \$1,200 \text{ (amount of ELAP payment before applying payment reductions or national factor).}$

**C Eligible Farm-Raised Fish Physical Losses**

An eligible producer of farm-raised fish may receive payments for death losses of farm-raised fish because of an eligible adverse weather or eligible loss condition, based on a national payment factor, as determined in subparagraph A, of the result of multiplying:

- the number or pounds of eligible farm-raised fish that died in excess of normal mortality, as established by STC according to subparagraph E because of an eligible adverse weather or eligible loss condition, times
- the average fair market value, established by STC according to subparagraph E.

**Example:** Producer A suffered a death loss of 500 game fish because of an eligible adverse weather or eligible loss condition. Producer A files CCC-860, therefore, the national payment factor is 90 percent. STC establishes an average fair market value of \$100 for the type of game fish lost and establishes a normal mortality of 17 percent, according to subparagraph E. The ELAP payment would be calculated as follows.

$\$100 \text{ (average fair market value)} \times 415 \text{ (500 total game fish lost less 85 fish assumed to be normal mortality)} \times 90 \text{ percent} = \$37,350 \text{ (ELAP payment for death of game fish before applying payment reductions or national factor).}$

**861 Farm-Raised Fish Payment Calculation and Examples (Continued)****D Average Fair Market Values**

State Offices shall establish average fair market values for the different types and sizes of bait and game fish produced in the State.

STC's shall use the best available information when establishing average fair market values. Sources of information may include, but are not limited to, the following:

- NASS
- NIFA, formerly known as CSREES
- RD
- County Agricultural Commissioner's Office
- local markets
- COC's knowledge
- prices in similar areas
- other reliable sources, such as universities, AMS Market News, and buyers.

**E Normal Mortality Rate for Farm-Raised Fish Death Losses**

ELAP compensates eligible farm-raised fish producers for eligible farm-raised fish death losses that occur in excess of normal mortality because of an eligible adverse weather or loss condition during the program year. STC must establish a normal mortality rate for farm-raised fish in the State.

STC's shall use the best available information when establishing normal mortality rates. Sources of information may include, but are not limited to, the following:

- NASS
- National Institute of Food and Agriculture, formerly known as CSREES
- State Agricultural Commissioner's Office
- Regional Aquaculture Centers
- other reliable sources, such as universities, AMS Market News, and buyers.
- Data gathered by other STC's.

**861 Farm-Raised Fish Payment Calculation and Examples (Continued)****E Normal Mortality Rate for Farm-Raised Fish Death Losses (Continued)**

Payment for a specific kind/type of farm-raised fish will be based on the number or pounds of fish lost by subtracting the ending inventory from the beginning inventory of the particular kind/type of fish just before the loss condition, and after ensuring normal mortality has been reduced from the number or pounds of fish lost.

**Exception:** Many commercial fish operations have procedure, documentation, and perhaps even software, in place to provide beginning inventories based on stocking rates, feed rates, mortality rates, etc. In these situations, if COC determines the information provided is reliable, and that adjustments have already been made for normal mortality, the numbers provided may be used without applying the STC-established mortality rate.

Some fish operations may not be able to provide enough documentation to reliably certify beginning inventory. If available, these operations may provide the original stocking rates, feeding schedules, etc., so that FSA can apply STC-established normal mortality rates to extrapolate numbers and arrive at the reliable, expected beginning inventory before the loss condition.

If the fish operator does not provide acceptable documentation to assist FSA in determining the beginning and ending inventory of fish, the producer will not be eligible to receive benefits for the physical loss of fish.

**862-874 (Reserved)**

## Section 6 Payment Limitations and Reductions

### 875 Payment Rates, Limitations, and Reductions

#### \*--A 2012 Through 2016 Program Year Funding

For 2012 through 2016 ELAP the Secretary is authorized to use up to \$20,000,000 per--\* program year from CCC to provide emergency relief to eligible producers of livestock, honeybees, and farm-raised fish to aid in the reduction of losses because of disease, adverse weather, or other conditions, as determined by the Secretary that are **not** covered under LIP and LFP.

Since the funding level has a cap, FSA will accept applications on a program year basis and issue payments by program year. If approval of all eligible applications for payment in a program year would result in expenditures in excess of the amount available for that program year, the available funds for that program year will be prorated by a national factor to reduce the total expected payments to the amount available for the program year.

#### \*--B 2017 and Subsequent Program Years Funding

The BBA removed the \$20 million funding cap effective for 2017 and subsequent program years. Therefore, for 2017 and subsequent program years, ELAP payments will not be subject to a national payment factor. Payments will be made throughout the program year as applications are approved.

#### C 2012 Through 2016 Program Years Payment Limitation

For 2012 through 2016 program years, no person or legal entity, excluding a joint venture--\* or general partnership, as determined by the rules in 7 CFR Part 1400, may receive, directly or indirectly, more than \$125,000 per program year total under ELAP, LFP and LIP combined. For this purpose, both indirect and direct benefits are counted by attribution. In the case of a legal entity, the same payment is attributed to the direct payee in the full amount and those that have an indirect interest to the amount of the interest.

CCC-901 will be required for legal entities to determine members of legal entities for direct attribution purposes.

**Note:** Direct attribution provisions in 5-PL apply for 2012 and subsequent program years.

#### \*--D 2017 and Subsequent Program Year Payment Limitation

The BBA removed LIP from the combined ELAP, LFP, and LIP maximum per person and legal entity payment limitation for 2017 and subsequent years. Therefore, for 2017 and subsequent years, no person or legal entity, excluding a joint venture or general partnership, as determined by the rules in 7 CFR Part 1400, may receive, directly or indirectly, more than \$125,000 per program year total under ELAP and LFP combined. All other provisions in subparagraph C apply for 2017 and subsequent program years.--\*

**875 Payment Rates, Limitations, and Reductions (Continued)****E 2012 and Subsequent Years AGI Provisions**

For 2012 and subsequent program years, the average AGI limitation provisions in 7 CFR Part 1400 about persons or legal entities, excluding joint ventures and general partnerships, with an average adjusted gross income as defined in 7 CFR 1400, Subpart E, that exceeds \$900,000 will **not** be eligible for benefits under ELAP.

**Note:** The AGI provisions of 5-PL are applicable for 2012 and subsequent program years.

**F Payment Reductions**

The amount of payment for which a contract grower or eligible participant of livestock, honeybees, or farm-raised fish may receive under ELAP shall be reduced by any amount received by the participant or contract grower for the same or similar loss under LFP or LIP.

**G Multiple Benefits**

NAP provides that if a producer is eligible to receive payment under NAP, and benefits under any other program administered by the Secretary for the same crop loss, the producer **must** choose whether to receive the other program benefits or payments under NAP, but shall **not** be eligible under both. This limitation on multiple benefits will **not** apply to ELAP for losses that occur on or after October 1, 2011.

**876 General Payment Information****A Assignments and Offsets**

For ELAP, County Offices shall:

- accept assignments according to 63-FI
- apply offsets according to 58-FI.

## 876 General Payment Information (Continued)

**B Issuing Payments to Deceased Individuals, Closed Estates, and Dissolved Entities**

ELAP payments for CCC-851's or CCC-934's involving deceased individuals, closed estates, or dissolved entities shall be made according to the following, provided all other eligibility requirements are met.

<b>IF the participant is...</b>	<b>AND CCC-851 or CCC-934 is signed by an authorized representative of the...</b>	<b>THEN payments shall be issued...</b>
an individual who died before CCC-851 or CCC-934 was filed	deceased according to subparagraph 816 O	to any of the following, as applicable, using the ID number of the participant: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• the deceased individual</li> <li>• the individual's estate</li> <li>• the heirs, based on OGC determination, according to 1-CM, Part 26.</li> </ul>
an estate that closed before CCC-851 or CCC-934 was filed	estate according to subparagraph 816 O	
an entity that dissolved before CCC-851 or CCC-934 was filed	dissolved entity according to subparagraph 816 O	using the ID number of the participant.
an individual who dies, is declared incompetent, or is missing after filing CCC-851 or CCC-934		to eligible payees executing FSA-325 according to 1-CM, paragraph 779.

**Note:** FSA-325 is only used when it is requested that a payment earned by a deceased, missing, or incompetent program participant be issued in a name other than that of the deceased, missing, or declared incompetent program participant.

**876 General Payment Information (Continued)****C ELAP 2012 and Subsequent Years Payment Eligibility Requirements**

A participant must meet all the following for 2012 and subsequent program year losses before a payment shall be issued:

- CCC-901 on file for legal entities according to 5-PL
- CCC-902 on file for the applicant according to 5-PL
- AD-1026 on file according to 6-CP
- CCC-860 on file, if applicable
- not in violation of fraud provisions, including FCIC fraud provisions, according to 1-CM and 3-PL (Rev. 1)
- compliance with:
  - average AGI provisions according to 5-PL
  - controlled substance provisions according to 1-CM.

**Note:** See subparagraph:

- D for additional information about AD-1026
- 875 B for additional information about CCC-901.

County Offices shall record determinations for the applicable criteria in the web-based eligibility system according to 3-PL (Rev. 1).

**876 General Payment Information (Continued)****D Conservation Compliance Provisions**

AD-1026 applicable to the program year for which ELAP benefits are requested must be on file for the participant and affiliates, if applicable, according to 6-CP.

If AD-1026 applicable for the program year for which ELAP benefits are requested is:

- already on file for the participant, and affiliates, if applicable, it is not necessary to obtain a new AD-1026 for ELAP
- not on file for the participant, and affiliates, if applicable, County Offices shall obtain a completed AD-1026 applicable to the program year for which ELAP benefits are requested.

If a new AD-1026 is required to be filed, payments may be issued to eligible participants upon signing in AD-1026, item 12. It is not necessary to withhold payments pending NRCS HEL or WC determinations. The continuous certification statement on AD-1026 requires participants to refund program payments if an NRCS determination results in the discovery of a HEL/WC violation.

**E Prevention of Improper Payments**

IPIA requires Federal agencies to evaluate programs to determine whether internal controls are sufficient to prevent improper payments. County Offices shall take all steps necessary to ensure that program and payment eligibility requirements have been met before issuing any payments.

**F Definition of Improper Payment**

OMB defines an improper payment as any payment that should **not** have been issued or was issued in an incorrect amount under statutory, contractual, administrative, or other legally applicable requirement.

**877-884 (Reserved)**



**885 Applying for Benefits****A Deadlines for Applying for ELAP Benefits**

To apply for ELAP, in addition to submitting an application for payment at the appropriate time, the participant that suffered eligible losses must provide a **notice of loss** for losses that occurred:

- during 2012 and 2013 program years, no later than August 1, 2014
- during 2014 program year, no later than November 1, 2014
- during 2015 program year, the earlier of:
  - 30 calendar days of when the loss is apparent to the participant
  - November 1, after the program year in which the loss occurred.

A notice of loss is part of the application process.

In addition to the notice of loss, a participant must submit a **completed application for payment** no later than either:

- August 1, 2014, for losses that occurred during 2012 and 2013 program years
- November 1, after the end of the program year in which the loss occurred for 2014 and subsequent program years.

## 885 Applying for Benefits (Continued)

**B Filing Notice of Loss**

Participants must file a notice of loss on CCC-851 for eligible livestock losses or CCC-934 for eligible losses of honeybees or farm-raised fish in their administrative County Office by the dates provided in subparagraph A.

**Exception:** Applicants submitting CCC-934 for honeybee losses **may** file their notice of loss in the physical location county where the eligible loss occurred, if needed.

The physical location County Office must work with the administrative County Office, according to subparagraph D, to transfer the application and supporting documentation from the physical location County Office to the administrative County Office.

Multiple notices of loss may be filed during the program year as livestock, honeybee, and farm-raised fish losses occur because of eligible adverse weather or eligible loss conditions. Producers who suffer multiple losses during the program year may file multiple notices of loss and multiple applications for payment.

A notice of loss may be filed by the participant or participant's representative by 1 of the following alternative methods:

- telephone
- FAX
- e-mail.

**Note:** The participant is not required to sign the notice of loss if 1 of the alternative methods is used. However, the employee accepting the "notice of loss" shall enter the method by which the "notice of loss" was filed in CCC-851, item 15A or CCC-934, item 9A if the participant or participant's representative did not sign.

**Example:** Producer A suffered a grazing loss because of flooding on October 1, 2014. Producer A telephones County Office on October 13, 2014, and reports that he has suffered a grazing loss because of flooding that occurred on October 1, 2014. County Office enters "phone" in CCC-851, item 15A as the method for which the "notice of loss" was reported.

## 885 Applying for Benefits (Continued)

**C Application for Payment**

Eligible producers will file the applicable CCC-851 or CCC-934 based on the type of livestock, honeybees, or farm-raised fish losses suffered by the eligible producer in the program year in which benefits are being requested.

**Example 1:** Producer A is an eligible producer of adult beef cattle and suffers a grazing loss because of flooding. Producer A would file CCC-851 for the applicable livestock feed losses.

**Example 2:** Producer B is an eligible producer of adult beef cattle and honeybees and suffers a grazing loss for the livestock because of flooding and a physical loss of honeybees because of colony collapse disorder. Producer B would file 2 separate applications, CCC-851 for the livestock feed losses and CCC-934 for the physical loss of the honeybees.

Participants must file an application for payment on CCC-851 for eligible livestock losses or CCC-934 for eligible losses of honeybees or farm-raised fish in their administrative County Office by the dates provided in subparagraph A. **Applications are filed in the participant's administrative County Office by physical location of where the eligible loss occurred.**

**Example:** Applicant's administrative County Office is County A. County A contains land that is physically located in County A and County B. The participant will file 2 applications in the administrative County Office; 1 application for administrative County Office A, physical location A, and 1 application for administrative County Office A, physical location B.

## 885 Applying for Benefits (Continued)

**C Application for Payment (Continued)**

**Exception:** Applicants submitting CCC-934 for honeybee losses may file their application directly in the **physical location county where the eligible loss occurred, as needed**. However, the application must be acted on and paid from the administrative County Office.

**Example:** Honeybee producer's administrative County Office is County A (in Florida). However, during the program year the producer ships his honeybees to County B in California. The honeybee losses occur in County B, in California. The honeybee producer may file his notice of loss and application for payment in either of the following:

- County B (physical location county) in California
- County A (administrative county) in Florida.

The physical location County Office must work with the administrative County Office, according to subparagraph D, to transfer the application and supporting documentation from the physical location County Office to the administrative County Office.

Applications for payment are completed on a program year basis. Other documentation is required for a completed application, as provided in subparagraph 887 E.

**D Honeybee Applications Filed in Physical Location County**

If a honeybee applicant's administrative County Office is not in close proximity to the physical location county where the honeybee loss occurred, the applicant may file the notice of loss and/or application for payment in the physical location County Office where the honeybee loss occurred.

In these instances, **the physical location County Office shall:**

- accept the applicant's notice of loss, as provided in subparagraph B
- verify that the an eligible adverse weather event or eligible loss condition occurred in the county where the honeybee losses occurred
- accept the applicant's application for payment, if needed, as provided in subparagraph C

**885 Applying for Benefits (Continued)****D Honeybee Applications Filed in Physical Location County (Continued)**

- collect all other supporting documentation as required according to subparagraphs 845 D and E
- if the applicant does not provide verifiable and reliable records for proof of loss, but instead provides a producer certification statement, document if other producer's in the county had similar honeybee losses, according to subparagraph 888 A
- provide the administrative County Office with an electronic version of:
  - CCC-934, notice of loss and application for payment
  - applicant's supporting documentation
  - if the applicant provided a certification statement to substantiate the loss, a document that substantiates whether or not the loss occurred because of an eligible adverse weather event or loss condition and the information needed for the administrative county to make a determination of whether or not similar producers in the area experienced similar honeybee losses
- keep all original documentation on file.

In these instances, the **administrative County Office shall:**

- receive the electronic version of CCC-934, supporting documentation, and any other information from the physical location County Office
- act on CCC-934 and supporting documentation according to paragraph 888
- print and file all electronic documents from the physical location county in the producer's file.

**Important:** Payments shall always be made by the producer's administrative County Office.

**886 (Reserved)**



**887 Application for Payment****A Filing Application for Payment**

To apply for ELAP benefits, eligible participants shall file a manual application for payment on the applicable CCC-851 or CCC-934, according to paragraph 889 or 890, in **their administrative County Office** by physical location until the automated software becomes available. When the automated software becomes available, then an automated application for payment shall be filed.

**Exception:** Honeybee producers may file an application for payment in the physical location county where the honeybee loss occurred, if needed, according to subparagraph 885 D.

**Note:** A minor child is eligible to file CCC-851 or CCC-934, if all eligibility requirements are met.

In addition to the notice of loss required in subparagraph 885 B, eligible participants that suffer livestock, honeybee, or farm-raised fish losses shall file an application for payment by the dates provided in subparagraph 885 A.

For 2012 and 2013 program years, livestock, honeybee, or farm-raised fish losses, the application for payment must be signed and dated by the participant by August 1, 2014, to be considered timely filed. For 2014 and subsequent program year livestock, honeybee, and farm-raised fish losses, the application for payment must be signed and dated by the participant no later than November 1 after the end of the program year of when the loss occurred. There are **no** late-filed provisions for ELAP according to paragraph 815.

**Note:** A notice of loss must be on file for an application for payment to be filed.

**State and County Offices shall not use unapproved forms, worksheets, applications, or other documents to obtain or collect the data required from participants to complete CCC-851 or CCC-934 according to subparagraph 800 E.**

## 887 Application for Payment (Continued)

**A Filing Application for Payment (Continued)**

CCC-851's and CCC-934's for ELAP will be based on the following:

- administrative county (physical location county)
- program year
- participant.

At any point when 1 of these items is different, it will require a separate CCC-851 or CCC-934 to be filed.

**Exception:** Honeybee producers may file in the physical location county where the honeybee loss occurred, if needed.

**Producers can file multiple applications for payment within 1 program year.**

CCC-851's or CCC-934's shall be filed by eligible participants in **their administrative County Office by physical location county**. The administrative County Office is the County Office designated by CCC to:

- handle official records
- issue payment to eligible livestock, honeybee, or farm-raised fish producers
- make determinations.

A participant's administrative County Office is generally the County Office where the participant's farm records are maintained. FSA has provisions in 2-CM and 3-CM that will allow farms to be transferred to other counties; therefore, some farms may be administratively located in a county where the farm is not physically located.

ELAP applications will be filed in the farm's administrative county by physical location county.

**Example:** Producer A has an interest in farm 1 administered in County A that is physically located in County B. County B is administered out of County A. Producer A suffers a grazing loss on the land physically located in County B. Producer A goes to County A and files CCC-851 for the grazing loss suffered in County B.

**887 Application for Payment (Continued)****B Signing and Certifying CCC-851 or CCC-934**

When signing CCC-851, item 74A, or CCC-934, item 18A the participant is:

- applying for ELAP benefits for the participant listed on CCC-851, item 5A or CCC-934, item 5A
- certifying **all** of the following, as applicable:
  - information provided on CCC-851 or CCC-934, as applicable, is true and correct
  - claimed livestock, honeybees, or farm-raised fish losses on CCC-851 or CCC-934, as applicable, are eligible according to paragraph 816
  - all supporting documentation provided are true and correct copies of the transactions reported
  - an eligible grazing loss, feed loss, or physical loss occurred, as applicable, because of an eligible adverse weather or eligible loss condition
  - the physical location of the:
    - claimed livestock, honeybees, or farm-raised fish on the beginning date of the eligible adverse weather or eligible loss condition
    - participant's current livestock, honeybee, or farm-raised fish inventory
  - the names of all other producers who have an interest in the claimed livestock, honeybees, or farm-raised fish including their share
  - authorizing FSA officials to:
    - enter upon, inspect, and verify all applicable livestock, honeybees, or farm-raised fish, acreage, colonies, or pond acres, in which the participant has an interest for the purpose of confirming the accuracy of the information provided

**887 Application for Payment (Continued)****B Signing and Certifying CCC-851 or CCC-934 (Continued)**

- review, verify, and authenticate all information provided on CCC-851 and/or CCC-934 and supporting documents
- contact other agencies, organizations, or facilities to verify data provided by a participant from such agencies, organizations, or facilities
- acknowledging that:
  - failure to provide information requested by CCC is cause for disapproval of CCC-851 or CCC-934
  - providing a false certification to CCC is cause for disapproval of CCC-851 or CCC-934, and is punishable by imprisonment, fines, and other penalties.

**Note:** Participants who receive assistance must keep records and supporting documentation for 3 years following the end of the year in which the application for payment was filed.

**C Signature Requirements**

All participants' signatures **must** be received no later than:

- August 1, 2014, for 2012 and 2013 program year applications for payment
- November 1 after the end of the program year in which the losses occurred for 2014 and subsequent program year application for payment.

Neither STC, nor COC, has authority to approve late-filed CCC-851's or CCC-934's.

**887 Application for Payment (Continued)****C Signature Requirements (Continued)**

Follow 1-CM for signature requirements.

**Important:** 1-CM, Part 25 provides signature requirements for general partnerships. County Offices shall see 1-CM for signature requirements for general partnerships.

**Note:** General partnerships must have a permanent tax ID number to receive any CCC payment. CCC payments shall not be issued to the individual members of a general partnership.

CCC payments may be issued to:

- a joint venture with a permanent tax ID number
- the individual members of a joint venture, using the individual member's ID numbers, when the joint venture does not have a permanent tax ID number.

**D Printing and Reviewing CCC-851 or CCC-934**

Once the automated system becomes available, all manual CCC-851's or CCC-934's shall be loaded into the automated system. After all information is entered into the automated system, County Offices shall:

- print an automated CCC-851 or CCC-934
- attach the manual CCC-851 or CCC-934 to the applicable automated CCC-851 or CCC-934
- conduct a second party review of all data on the automated CCC-851 or CCC-934 to ensure that all data is the same on both the manual and automated CCC-851 or CCC-934.

**Important:** The individual conducting the second party review shall not be the same individual who entered the data into the automated system.

**887 Application for Payment (Continued)****E Supporting Documents**

All supporting documents **must** be completed by the participant and on file in the County Office:

- no later than August 1, 2014, for 2012 and 2013 program year losses
- no later than November 1 after the end of the program year for which benefits are requested for 2014 and subsequent program year losses
- before CCC-851 or CCC-934 may be approved.

Supporting documents include, but are not limited to, the following:

- FSA-578 for applicable program year
- CCC-901 for legal entities
- CCC-902 for the applicant
- AD-1026 for applicable program year
- CCC-941, or other acceptable documentation, according to 5-PL to determine compliance with average AGI provisions
- CCC-860 for only those applicants who are certifying as a member of 1 of the following groups:
  - socially disadvantaged farmer or rancher
  - limited resource farmer or rancher
  - beginning farmer or rancher
- copy of contract growers contracts
- for livestock applicants only, copy of cash or share lease agreement to show risk in grazing lands

**Note:** If one is **not** available or provided, applicant must submit CCC-855.

- proof of loss documentation.

**888 Acting on CCC-851 or CCC-934****A Acting on Supporting Documentation**

COC shall:

- for verifiable and reliable records:
  - review all records provided by the producer and determine whether the records support the producer's loss as certified on the application
  - make a determination whether or not the record is considered an acceptable verifiable or reliable record
  - document in the COC minutes the COC determination to accept or reject the producer's verifiable or reliable records and document any COC adjustments made on the application
  - if the reliable records are considered acceptable, document in the COC minutes that the application is approved based on the reliable records
  - if the reliable records are considered not acceptable, document in the COC minutes why the records are considered unacceptable and document why the application is disapproved
- for applicants that only provide a producer's certification of losses, COC shall:
  - make a determination if other similar producers have comparable losses because of the same eligible adverse weather or loss condition during the same time period in the program year
  - review the producer's certification statement of losses and determine whether the certification statement support the producer's loss as certified on the application
  - document in the COC minutes the COC determination to accept or reject the producer's certification statement and document any COC adjustments made on the application

**888 Acting on CCC-851 or CCC-934 (Continued)****A Acting on Supporting Documentation (Continued)**

- if the certification statement is considered acceptable, document in the COC minutes that the application is approved based on the certification statement
- if the certification statement is considered not acceptable, document in the COC minutes why the certification statement is considered unacceptable and document why the application is disapproved
- provide appeal rights, according to 1-APP if an applicant's application is disapproved or in cases where the COC makes adjustments to the application.

**Note:** COC's shall **not** require tax records; however, participant may voluntarily provide tax records.

When contacting agencies, organizations, or facilities to verify data provided by a producer, the County Office shall be specific in the information requested. The request should include, but is not limited to, the following:

- participant's name and address
- animal kind and type
- why the request is being made
- what information is being requested.

**B Approving and Disapproving CCC-851 or CCC-934**

COC **must** act on **all** completed and signed CCC-851's or CCC-934's submitted. COC may redelegate approval authority to the CED for routine cases (applications with only verifiable supporting documentation). CED's may redelegate approval authority to PT's for routine  
\*--cases.--\*

CED's and PT's shall **not** be delegated authority to act on any CCC-851 or CCC-934 when reliable records or a producer's self-certification is provided as supporting documentation.

**Important:** DD review of initial CCC-851's or CCC-934's **must** be completed according to subparagraph D before CCC-851's or CCC-934's may be approved or disapproved.

## 888 Acting on CCC-851 or CCC-934 (Continued)

**B Approving and Disapproving CCC-851 or CCC-934 (Continued)**

CCC-851 or CCC-934 shall be approved or disapproved as certified by the participant. When more than 1 type of livestock or farm-raised fish is claimed on CCC-851 or CCC-934, CCC-851 or CCC-934 shall be approved or disapproved based on all livestock or farm-raised fish claimed. However, COC does have authority to make adjustments to certain information reported on CCC-851 or CCC-934 when documentation warrants making adjustments.

**Example:** Jim Brown executes CCC-851 that includes 100 adult beef cows reported in item 11. COC has documentation that only 98 adult beef cows meet the eligibility requirements as eligible livestock in inventory on the beginning date of the eligible flood. In this case, on CCC-851, item 13, COC can enter “98” for adult beef cows and then approve CCC-851 for the 98 eligible adult beef cows. Jim Brown would be provided appeal rights according to 1-APP for the 2 adult beef cows not used in the calculation for ELAP benefits.

Before approving CCC-851 or CCC-934, COC **must**:

- ensure that **all** program eligibility requirements are met
- ensure supporting documentation is approved or disapproved according to subparagraph A
- be satisfied with **all** the following:
  - livestock, honeybees, or farm-raised fish claimed are eligible livestock, honeybees, or farm-raised fish according to paragraphs 816 and 830
  - all forage information entered on CCC-851 meets the eligibility requirements according to paragraphs 816 and 830
  - participant is an eligible producer according to paragraph 816

**888 Acting on CCC-851 or CCC-934 (Continued)****B Approving and Disapproving CCC-851 or CCC-934 (Continued)**

- reasonableness of the number and type of livestock, honeybees, or farm-raised fish claimed
- location of participant's current livestock, honeybee, or farm-raised fish inventory is physically located to conduct spot checks
- all signature requirements are met.

If all program eligibility requirements are **not** met, it is determined that the information on CCC-851 or CCC-934 or any additional supporting documentation provided by participant is **not** accurate or reasonable, then the following actions shall be taken:

- disapprove CCC-851 or CCC-934
- notify participant of disapproval
- provide participant applicable appeal rights according to 1-APP
- thoroughly document reasons for disapproval in COC minutes, if disapproved by COC.

**C DD Review and Report of Initial CCC-851's or CCC-934's**

DD's shall review the first five CCC-851's and CCC-934's submitted, for eligible losses, in each Service Center before approval. The review shall include the following:

- ensuring that CCC-851's or CCC-934's are submitted by participant County Office
- signature requirements, including power of attorney, are met
- no State or County Office developed forms, worksheets, applications, or other documents are being used to obtain or collect the data required from participants
- supporting data required for payment eligibility is properly completed and on file; such as CCC-901 or CCC-902, as applicable; CCC-941, AD-1026; CCC-860, if applicable; and accurate subsidiary and SCIMS data.

**888 Acting on CCC-851 or CCC-934 (Continued)****C DD Review and Report of Initial CCC-851's or CCC-934's (Continued)**

DD shall provide a written report to SED describing the review findings, including a list of errors discovered, and the overall status of the implementation of ELAP in the County Office.

DD review of the initial CCC-851's and CCC-934's and supporting documentation submitted is critical to ensuring ELAP is being administered according the procedures provided in this handbook and the regulations in 7 CFR Part 1416, Subparts A and B. Reviewing the initial CCC-851's and CCC-934's and supporting documentation in a timely manner:

- identifies possible weaknesses in the administration of ELAP that may be resolved by additional training, clarified procedures, or modified software
- prevents numerous participants from being impacted by erroneous ELAP administration
- allows corrections to be made in a timely manner before erroneous payments are issued.

**888 Acting on CCC-851 or CCC-934 (Continued)****D Letters to Producers Advising of Results of Recording County Office Determinations**

Recording County Offices shall issue a letter to participants about the result of processing CCC-851 or CCC-934, as applicable, when a payment is either not computed or determined not to be owed to the participant. Such a decision will be considered to be a decision of a recording COC employee. See 1-APP, paragraph 13 and Exhibit 8, Example 2 (COC Employee Determination).

The following is an example of a letter advising a participant that a payment was not computed or will not be issued in response to CCC-851 or CCC-934, as applicable.

Mr. Arch Stanton  
3 Littleton Rd  
Somewhere OH 12345-9876

Date:

Dear Mr. Stanton:

This letter is in response to your application for payment (your CCC-851 or CCC-934, as applicable) under the Emergency Assistance Program for Livestock, Honeybees, and Farm-Raised Fish Program (ELAP).

You submitted an ELAP application for 2013 calendar year losses. CCC processed that application and determined you were not due a payment under that application. Accordingly, a payment will not be issued.

If you believe we have not properly reviewed and processed your application, you may appeal this determination to the county committee by filing a written request no later than 30 calendar days after you receive this notice in accordance with the FSA appeal procedures found at 7 CFR Part 780. If you appeal to the county committee, you have the right to an informal hearing which you or your representative may attend either personally or by telephone. If you appeal this determination to the county committee, you may later appeal any adverse determination of the county committee to the FSA State committee or the National Appeals Division. To appeal, write to the county committee at the following address and explain why you believe this determination is erroneous.

Somewhere County FSA Committee  
55 Main St  
Somewhereville, OH 12346-6543

If you do not timely file an appeal of this determination, this shall be the final administrative determination with respect to this matter in accordance with regulations at 7 CFR Part 780.

Sincerely,

Sharina Farmer  
County Executive Director

## 889 CCC-851, Emergency Loss Assistance for Livestock Application

## A Completing Manual CCC-851

Complete CCC-851 according to the following.

Item	Instruction
1	Enter State and county code for the administrative county in which the loss occurred.
2	Enter the program year the livestock grazing losses, feed losses, death losses, water transportation losses, cattle tick fever losses and/or additional expenses were incurred because of an eligible adverse weather or eligible loss condition.
3	Enter County Office name for the administrative county in which the loss or losses occurred.
4	Enter the application number. The administrative County Office shall start with number 1 and continue sequentially.
<b>Part A – Producer Information</b>	
5A	Enter the producer's name and address.
5B	Does the producer have CCC-860 on file for the program year in which the loss occurred? Check Yes or No.
<b>Part B – Notice of Loss</b>	
6	Select the applicable types of loss being reported.  <b>Note:</b> More than 1 type of eligible loss may be entered if more than 1 type of eligible loss occurred during the program year.
7A	Enter the qualifying weather or loss condition for each loss event that caused the applicable loss or losses entered in item 6.  <b>Note:</b> Multiple weather or loss conditions may be entered if more than 1 eligible weather or loss condition resulted in losses during the program year.
7B	Enter the date when the eligible adverse weather or eligible loss condition occurred for the applicable loss event in item 7A.
7C	Enter the date when the eligible adverse weather or eligible loss condition became apparent for the applicable loss event in item 7A.
7D	Enter the Physical Location County of the loss for the applicable loss event in item 7A.
7E	Enter the physical location of the livestock on the beginning date of the applicable loss event in item 7A. Include the name of the County and Farm Number where the applicable loss event occurred.
7F	Enter the current physical location of the livestock in inventory for the applicable loss event in item 7A.

## 889 CCC-851, Emergency Loss Assistance for Livestock Application (Continued)

## A Completing Manual CCC-851 (Continued)

Item	Instruction
<b>Livestock Information</b>	
8	Enter the corresponding loss event number from item 7A. This will be entered for each livestock kind/type, and weight range entered in item 10.
9	No entry required.
10	Enter the eligible livestock by kind, type, and weight range that are applicable to the loss event(s) in item 7A.
11	Enter the inventory of livestock claimed in item 10 for the applicable loss event in item 7A.
12	Enter the ownership share the producer has in the livestock entered in item 10.
13	<p>COC shall enter the adjusted current year inventory, if applicable.</p> <p><b>Notes:</b> An entry is only required when COC determines a current year inventory different from the current year inventory certified to by the producer in item 11.</p> <p>The producer shall be provided applicable appeal rights according to 1-APP if an entry is entered in item 13.</p>
14	Enter all associated producers who had an ownership share or contract grower share of any livestock entered in item 10 and indicate their share.
15A	<p>The producer or producer's representative may sign to indicate that livestock losses have occurred or additional expenses were incurred because of the loss event listed in item 7A and the loss/losses were apparent to the producer on the date listed in item 7C.</p> <p>Producer or producer's representative may file a "notice of loss" with the administrative County Office by 1 of the following alternative methods:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• phone</li> <li>• FAX</li> <li>• e-mail.</li> </ul> <p>Enter the method by which the "notice of loss" was filed in the administrative County Office if the producer or producer's representative did not sign in item 15A.</p>

## 889 CCC-851, Emergency Loss Assistance for Livestock Application (Continued)

## A Completing Manual CCC-851 (Continued)

Item	Instruction
15B	<p>Signatory in item 15A shall enter their title/relationship when signing in a representative capacity.</p> <p>If a producer/applicant is:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>not</b> signing in the representative capacity, this field should be left blank</li> <li>• signing on behalf of themselves, it is acceptable to write “self”; however, it is <b>not</b> necessary.</li> </ul>
15C	<p>Producer or producer’s representative shall enter the date they signed the “Notice of Loss” or County Office employee enters date producer or producer’s representative reported “Notice of Loss” using 1 of the alternative methods in item 15A.</p>
16A	<p>Producer or producer’s representative may sign to indicate that livestock losses have occurred or additional expenses were incurred because of the loss event listed in item 7A and the loss/losses were apparent to the producer on the date listed in item 7C.</p> <p>Producer or producer’s representative may file a “notice of loss” with the administrative County Office by 1 of the following alternative methods:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• phone</li> <li>• FAX</li> <li>• e-mail.</li> </ul> <p>Enter the method by which the “notice of loss” was filed in the administrative County Office if the producer or producer’s representative did not sign in item 16A.</p>
16B	<p>Signatory in item 16A shall enter their title/relationship when signing in a representative capacity.</p> <p>If a producer/applicant is:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>not</b> signing in the representative capacity, this field should be left blank</li> <li>• signing on behalf of themselves, it is acceptable to write “self”; however, it is <b>not</b> necessary.</li> </ul>

## 889 CCC-851, Emergency Loss Assistance for Livestock Application (Continued)

## A Completing Manual CCC-851 (Continued)

Item	Instruction
16C	Producer or producer's representative shall enter the date they signed the "Notice of Loss" or County Office employee enters date producer or producer's representative reported "Notice of Loss" using 1 of the alternative methods in item 16A.
17A	<p>Producer or producer's representative may sign to indicate that livestock losses have occurred or additional expenses were incurred because of the loss event listed in item 7A and the loss/losses were apparent to the producer on the date listed in item 7C.</p> <p>Producer or producer's representative may file a "notice of loss" with the administrative County Office by 1 of the following alternative methods:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• phone</li> <li>• FAX</li> <li>• e-mail.</li> </ul> <p>Enter the method by which the "notice of loss" was filed in the administrative County Office if the producer or producer's representative did not sign in item 17A.</p>
17B	<p>Signatory in item 17A shall enter their title/relationship when signing in a representative capacity.</p> <p>If a producer/applicant is:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>not</b> signing in the representative capacity, this field should be left blank</li> <li>• signing on behalf of themselves, it is acceptable to write "self"; however, it is <b>not</b> necessary.</li> </ul>
17C	Producer or producer's representative shall enter the date they signed the "Notice of Loss" or County Office employee enters date producer or producer's representative reported "Notice of Loss" using 1 of the alternative methods in item 17A.

## 889 CCC-851, Emergency Loss Assistance for Livestock Application (Continued)

## A Completing Manual CCC-851 (Continued)

Item	Instruction
<b>Part D – Forage Information – Grazing Losses – Non-Fire</b>	
18	Enter the livestock group letter or letters from item 9 for each livestock kind/type and weight range that are grazing or would have been grazing the specific type of pasture entered in item 19.
19	<p>Enter all pasture types for owned or cash-leased land normally used in the operation to support the eligible livestock during the eligible adverse weather or eligible loss conditions, excluding fire, affected by the eligible adverse weather or eligible loss conditions, excluding fire, for the applicable livestock numbers.</p> <p>Pasture types include the following:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• native</li> <li>• improved</li> <li>• forage sorghums</li> <li>• small grains</li> <li>• annual ryegrass.</li> </ul> <p><b>Note:</b> Only enter pasture types for Federal or State land if the agreement is by the acres and does not provide for an allotted number of AU's or AUM's that can be grazed for an established period of time.</p>
20A	Enter the number of acres, by physical location county, associated with each pasture type entered in item 19.
20B	Enter the producer's share of the acres entered in item 20A.
21	Enter the actual number of days the producer's eligible livestock were unable to graze each specific type of pasture entered in item 19 because of the eligible adverse weather or eligible loss conditions.
22	County Office shall enter the applicable carrying capacity for the specific type of pasture entered in item 19.
23	<p>COC shall enter the adjusted acres, if applicable.</p> <p><b>Notes:</b> An entry is only required when COC determines acres different than the acres certified to by the producer in item 20A.</p> <p>The producer shall be provided applicable appeal rights according to 1-APP if an entry is entered in item 23.</p>

## 889 CCC-851, Emergency Loss Assistance for Livestock Application (Continued)

## A Completing Manual CCC-851 (Continued)

Item	Instruction
24	<p>COC shall enter the adjusted number of lost grazing days, if applicable.</p> <p><b>Notes:</b> An entry is only required when COC determines a different number of lost grazing days than the number of grazing days lost as certified by the producer in item 21.</p> <p>The producer shall be provided applicable appeal rights according to 1-APP if an entry is entered in item 24.</p>
25	<p>Enter the livestock group letter or letters from item 9 for each livestock kind/type and weight range that are grazing or would have been grazing the specific type of pasture entered in item 26.</p>
26	<p>Enter all pasture types for AUM or AU leased land normally used in the operation to support eligible livestock during the affected eligible adverse weather event or eligible loss conditions, excluding fires, for the livestock numbers entered in item 25.</p> <p>Pasture types include the following:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• native</li> <li>• improved</li> <li>• forage sorghums</li> <li>• small grains</li> <li>• annual ryegrass.</li> </ul> <p><b>Note:</b> Only enter pasture types for privately leased, Federal, or State land that provide for an allotted number of AU's or AUM's that can be grazed for an established period of time. Pasture types for Federal and State leases expressed in acres and not AU's or AUM's for an established period of time shall be entered in item 19.</p>
27	<p>Enter the number of AU's allowed by the pasture type entered in item 26.</p>
28	<p>Enter the actual number of days the producer's eligible livestock were unable to graze each specific type of pasture entered in item 26 because of the eligible adverse weather or eligible loss conditions.</p>

## 889 CCC-851, Emergency Loss Assistance for Livestock Application (Continued)

## A Completing Manual CCC-851 (Continued)

Item	Instruction
29	<p>COC shall enter the adjusted AU's, if applicable.</p> <p><b>Notes:</b> An entry is only required when COC determines AU's different than AU's certified to by the producer in item 27.</p> <p>The producer shall be provided applicable appeal rights according to 1-APP if an entry is entered in item 29.</p>
30	<p>COC shall enter the adjusted number of lost grazing days, if applicable.</p> <p><b>Notes:</b> An entry is only required when COC determines a different number of lost grazing days than the number of grazing days lost as certified by the producer in item 28.</p> <p>The producer shall be provided applicable appeal rights according to 1-APP if an entry is entered in item 30.</p>
<b>Part E – Forage Information – Grazing Losses – Fire</b>	
31	Enter the livestock group letter or letters from item 9 for each livestock kind/type and weight range that are grazing or would have been grazing the specific type of pasture entered in item 32.
32	<p>Enter all pasture types of land that was affected by wildfire on all non-Federal managed lands.</p> <p>Pasture types include the following:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• native</li> <li>• improved</li> <li>• small grains</li> <li>• forage sorghums</li> <li>• annual ryegrass.</li> </ul>
33A	Enter the acres, by physical location county, associated with each pasture type entered in item 32.
33B	Enter the producer's share of the acres entered in item 33A.
34	Enter the actual number of days the producer's eligible livestock were unable to graze each specific type of pasture entered in item 32 because of fire.
35	Enter COC established carrying capacity for the applicable pasture types listed in item 32.

## 889 CCC-851, Emergency Loss Assistance for Livestock Application (Continued)

## A Completing Manual CCC-851 (Continued)

Item	Instruction
36	<p>COC shall enter the adjusted affected acres, if applicable.</p> <p><b>Notes:</b> An entry is only required when COC determines affected acres different than the affected acres certified to by the producer in item 33A.</p> <p>The producer shall be provided applicable appeal rights according to 1-APP if an entry is entered in item 36.</p>
37	<p>COC shall enter the adjusted lost grazing days, if applicable.</p> <p><b>Notes:</b> An entry is only required when COC determines adjusted lost grazing days different than the adjusted lost grazing days certified to by the producer in item 34.</p> <p>The producer shall be provided applicable appeal rights according to 1-APP if an entry is entered in item 37.</p>
<b>Part F – Value of Produced Feed Lost</b>	
38A	Enter the livestock group letter or letters from item 9 for each livestock kind/type and weight range that would have been consuming the specific type of feed entered in item 39.
38B	<p>Enter all pasture types the livestock listed in 38A normally grazed during the eligible adverse weather or eligible loss conditions which caused the produced feed lost.</p> <p>Pasture types include the following:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• native</li> <li>• improved</li> <li>• forage sorghums</li> <li>• small grains</li> <li>• annual ryegrass.</li> </ul>
39	Enter the type of produced feed which was lost because of an eligible adverse weather or eligible loss condition that was intended to be fed to eligible livestock.
40	Enter the eligible quantity of produced feed which was lost because of an eligible adverse weather or eligible loss condition, such as tons of hay lost or tons of silage lost.

## 889 CCC-851, Emergency Loss Assistance for Livestock Application (Continued)

## A Completing Manual CCC-851 (Continued)

Item	Instruction
41A	Enter the dollar value of produced feed lost.
41B	Enter the producer's share of the dollar value of produced feed lost entered in item 41A.
42	<p>COC shall enter adjusted quantity of produced feed lost, if applicable.</p> <p><b>Notes:</b> An entry is only required when COC determines a quantity of produced feed lost different than the quantity of produced feed lost certified to by the producer in item 40.</p> <p>The producer shall be provided applicable appeal rights according to 1-APP if an entry is entered in item 42.</p>
43	<p>COC shall enter adjusted dollar value of produced feed lost, if applicable.</p> <p><b>Notes:</b> An entry is only required when COC determines a dollar value of produced feed lost different than the dollar value of produced feed lost certified to by the producer in item 41A.</p> <p>The producer shall be provided applicable appeal rights according to 1-APP if an entry is entered in item 43.</p>
<b>Part G – Value of Purchased Feed Lost</b>	
44A	Enter the livestock group letter or letters from item 9 for each livestock kind/type and weight range that would have been consuming the specific type of feed entered in item 45.
44B	<p>Enter all pasture types the livestock listed in 44A normally grazed during the eligible adverse weather or eligible loss conditions which caused the produced feed lost.</p> <p>Pasture types include the following:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• native</li> <li>• improved</li> <li>• forage sorghums</li> <li>• small grains</li> <li>• annual ryegrass.</li> </ul>
45	Enter the type of feed purchased that was lost such as tons of hay purchased.

## 889 CCC-851, Emergency Loss Assistance for Livestock Application (Continued)

## A Completing Manual CCC-851 (Continued)

Item	Instruction
46A	Enter the dollar value of purchased feed lost.
46B	Enter the producer's share of the dollar value of purchased feed lost entered in item 46A.
47	<p>COC shall enter adjusted value of purchased feed lost, if applicable.</p> <p><b>Notes:</b> An entry is only required when COC determines a dollar value of purchased feed lost is different than the dollar value certified to by the producer in item 46A.</p> <p>The producer shall be provided applicable appeal rights according to 1-APP if an entry is entered in item 47.</p>
<b>Part H – Value Additional Feed Purchased, Additional Expenses</b>	
48A	Enter the livestock group letter or letters from item 9 for each livestock kind/type and weight range that consume the specific type of feed/ expense entered in item 49.
48B	<p>Enter all pasture types the livestock listed in item 48A normally grazed during the eligible adverse weather or eligible loss conditions which caused the additional feed purchased and additional expenses.</p> <p>Pasture types include the following:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• native</li> <li>• improved</li> <li>• forage sorghums</li> <li>• small grains</li> <li>• annual ryegrass.</li> </ul>
49	Enter the type of additional feed purchased to sustain livestock, or additional expenses incurred, such as tons of hay purchased, cost incurred for clearing snow to provide feed to livestock, etc.
50A	<p>Enter the dollar value/expenses incurred for the same time period for the <b>previous year</b>.</p> <p><b>Note:</b> No entry required for additional expenses occurred.</p>
50B	<p>Enter the dollar value/expenses incurred for the same time period <b>2 years ago</b>.</p> <p><b>Note:</b> No entry required for additional expenses occurred.</p>

## 889 CCC-851, Emergency Loss Assistance for Livestock Application (Continued)

## A Completing Manual CCC-851 (Continued)

Item	Instruction
51A	Enter the <b>current year</b> dollar value of additional feed purchased above normal to sustain livestock, or additional expenses incurred.
51B	Enter the producer's share of additional feed purchased above normal to sustain livestock or additional expenses incurred entered in items 50A, 50B, and/or 51A.
52A	<p>COC shall enter adjusted value of 1 year prior dollar value lost/expenses incurred, if applicable.</p> <p><b>Notes:</b> An entry is only required when COC determines a dollar value lost/expenses incurred is different than the dollar value certified to by the producer in item 50A.</p> <p>No entry required for additional expenses occurred.</p> <p>The producer shall be provided applicable appeal rights according to 1-APP if an entry is entered in item 52A.</p>
52B	<p>COC shall enter adjusted value of 2-year prior dollar value lost/expenses incurred, if applicable.</p> <p><b>Notes:</b> An entry is only required when COC determines a dollar value lost/expenses incurred is different than the dollar value certified to by the producer in item 50B.</p> <p>No entry required for additional expenses occurred.</p> <p>The producer shall be provided applicable appeal rights according to 1-APP if an entry is entered in item 52B.</p>
53	<p>COC shall enter adjusted value of current year dollar value lost/expenses incurred, if applicable.</p> <p><b>Notes:</b> An entry is only required when COC determines a dollar value lost/expenses incurred is different than the dollar value certified to by the producer in item 51A.</p> <p>The producer shall be provided applicable appeal rights according to 1-APP if an entry is entered in item 53.</p>

## 889 CCC-851, Emergency Loss Assistance for Livestock Application (Continued)

## A Completing Manual CCC-851 (Continued)

Item	Instruction
<b>Part I – Livestock Death Loss Information</b>	
54	Enter the livestock group letter or letters from item 9 for each livestock kind/type and weight range that the producer experienced a loss in item 56.
55	Check (✓) “Yes” if the producer in item 5 is a contract grower. Otherwise, check (✓) “No”.
56	<p>Enter the number of head that died because of the eligible loss condition referenced in item 7A.</p> <p><b>Important:</b> An entry in this field is always required when there is a loss in a particular kind, type, and weight range of livestock.</p> <p><b>Note:</b> If a producer does not have a 100 percent ownership or contract grower share interest in a particular kind/type and weight range of livestock that was lost because of an eligible loss condition, the livestock for which the producer does not have a 100 percent ownership or contract grower share shall be prorated based on the producer’s percent share interest.</p> <p>Producer A has a 100 percent ownership share in 200 head of adult beef cows located on Farm 1 and a 50 percent ownership share in 200 head of adult beef cows located on Farm 2.</p> <p>10 adult beef cows are lost because of an eligible loss condition adverse weather event on Farm 1 and 10 adult beef cows are lost because of the same eligible loss condition on Farm 2. Determine the number of eligible livestock to be entered as lost in item 56 for Producer A according to the following:</p> <p style="padding-left: 40px;">10 head lost x 100 percent share = 10 head 10 head lost x 50 percent share = 5 head.</p> <p>10 head lost + 5 head lost = <b>15 head</b> (number of adult beef cows lost to enter for Producer A in item 56)</p>

## 889 CCC-851, Emergency Loss Assistance for Livestock Application (Continued)

## A Completing Manual CCC-851 (Continued)

Item	Instruction
57	<p>Enter the number of livestock that died because of normal mortality on or after the *--beginning of the program year through the applicable eligible loss event. For each subsequent loss event, enter the number of livestock that died due to normal mortality since the previous loss event.--*</p> <p>Producer A has a 100 percent ownership interest in 100 head of adult beef cows that are lost because of an eligible loss condition. The producer had <b>not</b> previously incurred a loss of adult beef cows in inventory for this particular kind/type and weight range of livestock because of an eligible loss condition. On October 11, 2013, Producer A enters “100” in item 11 and “10” in item 56. No entry would be made in item 57 because this is the first loss for this kind/type and weight range of livestock for which a loss in normal mortality has <b>not</b> occurred on or after the date of the first loss condition.</p> <p>On October 15, 2013, Producer A loses 2 adult beef cows to normal mortality. Producer A revises CCC-851 by entering “2” in item 57 and provides documentation to the County Office to support livestock deaths because of normal mortality.</p>
58	<p>COC shall enter the adjusted number of livestock lost because of an eligible loss condition, if applicable.</p> <p><b>Notes:</b> An entry is only required when COC determines the number of eligible livestock lost because of an eligible loss condition is different than the number of livestock certified to by the producer as lost because of the eligible loss condition in item 56.</p> <p>The producer shall be provided applicable appeal rights according to 1-APP if an entry is entered in item 58.</p>
59	<p>COC shall enter the adjusted number of livestock lost because of normal mortality, if applicable.</p> <p><b>Notes:</b> An entry is only required when COC determines the number of livestock lost because of normal mortality is different than the number of livestock certified to by the producer as lost because of normal mortality in item 57.</p> <p>The producer shall be provided applicable appeal rights according to 1-APP if an entry is entered in item 59.</p>

## 889 CCC-851, Emergency Loss Assistance for Livestock Application (Continued)

## A Completing Manual CCC-851 (Continued)

Item	Instruction
<b>Part J - Documentation of Inventory in Part I</b>	
60	Enter the type of supporting documentation provided by the producer to verify beginning inventory in item 11.
61	Enter the total number of livestock supported by the documentation provided in item 60.
<b>Part K - Documentation to Verify Livestock Losses in Part I</b>	
62	Enter the type of supporting documentation provided by the producer to verify livestock death losses in item 56.
63	Enter the total number of livestock supported by the documentation provided in item 62.
<b>Part L – Water Transporting</b>	
64A	Enter the livestock group letter or letters from item 9 for each livestock kind/type and weight range that the producer experienced a loss in item 67A.
64B	<p>Enter all pasture types the livestock listed in 64A normally grazed during the eligible adverse weather or eligible loss condition which caused the water transporting lost.</p> <p>Pasture types include the following:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• native</li> <li>• improved</li> <li>• forage sorghums</li> <li>• small grains</li> <li>• annual ryegrass.</li> </ul>
65	Enter the date the producer started transporting water in the program year.
66	Enter the date the producer stopped transporting water in the program year.
67A	Enter the total gallons of water the producer transported in the program year for the livestock reported in item 64A.
67B	Enter the producer's share of the total gallons of water transported as entered in item 67A.
68	<p>COC shall enter the adjusted number of total gallons of water transported, if applicable.</p> <p><b>Notes:</b> An entry is only required when COC determines the total gallons of water transported is different than the number of total gallons certified to by the producer in item 67A.</p> <p>The producer shall be provided applicable appeal rights according to 1-APP if an entry is entered in item 68.</p>

## 889 CCC-851, Emergency Loss Assistance for Livestock Application (Continued)

## A Completing Manual CCC-851 (Continued)

Item	Instruction
<b>Part M – Cattle Tick Fever</b>	
69	Enter the livestock group letter or letters from item 9 for each livestock kind/type and weight range that the producer gathered for treatment of Cattle Tick Fever.
70	COC shall enter the date of each treatment for the livestock listed in item 69 based on information provided from APHIS.
71	COC shall enter the number of livestock treated listed in item 69 based on information provided from APHIS.
<b>Part N – Other Compensation/Reductions</b>	
72	Enter the amount of monetary compensation received by the producer from their contractor for the loss of income suffered from the death of the livestock under contract (for contract growers only).
73	Enter amount of compensation received from other disaster assistance programs for the same grazing, feed, livestock death losses, or additional expenses.
<b>Part O – Producer Certification</b>	
74A through 74C	<p>After reading the certification, producer or producer's representative shall sign and date.</p> <p>Signatory in item 74A shall enter title/relationship when signing in the representative capacity.</p> <p>If a producer/applicant is:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>not</b> signing in the representative capacity, this field should be left blank</li> <li>• signing on behalf of themselves, it is acceptable to write "self"; however, it is <b>not</b> necessary.</li> </ul>
<b>Part P – County Committee Determination</b>	
75A	Enter COC signature.
75B	Enter date of COC action.
75C	<p>Check (✓) "Approved" or "Disapproved".</p> <p><b>Important:</b> CCC-851 shall be approved or disapproved as certified by the producer after applicable COC adjustment fields are completed.</p>

**889 CCC-851, Emergency Loss Assistance for Livestock Application (Continued)****B Scenario for CCC-851 Application Example****Grazing Loss – Non-Fire, Grazing Loss – Fire, Produced Feed Loss, Additional Feed Purchased, Water Transportation**

Nancy Farmer is a cow calf operator in Lynn County Texas. Nancy Farmer completed CCC-851 in Lynn County Texas for 2013, application number 073. Nancy is the owner and operator of FSN 1345 in Lynn County and she cash leases FSN 1223 in Lynn County. Nancy did not complete CCC-860. Texas has 365-calendar-day grazing periods for native and improved pastures.

**Loss Event 1** - On December 3, 2012, Nancy suffered a grazing loss and additional feed purchases because of a blizzard and heavy snow fall on FSN 1345. Nancy's cattle were not able to graze the native and improved pastures for 14 calendar days because of heavy snow accumulations. At the time of the blizzard Nancy owned 96 adult cows and 4 bulls which were grazing 2,500 acres of native grass and 500 acres of improved grass. Nancy has 100 percent share of the cattle and 100 percent share of the pastures. The Lynn County COC determined the carrying capacity to be 30 acres per AU for the native pasture and 10 acres per AU for the improved pasture. Nancy provided reliable records to COC showing a purchase of \$700 of hay and \$500 of feed which were purchased during the 14 calendar days that the cattle were not able to graze. Nancy also provided reliable records showing an expense of \$500 of hay which was purchased about the same time period in 2012 and \$650 of hay which was purchased about the same time period in 2011.

**889 CCC-851, Emergency Loss Assistance for Livestock Application (Continued)****B Scenario for CCC-851 Application Example (Continued)**

**Loss Event 2** - On May 15, 2013 a wild fire crossed Nancy's ranch, FSN 1345. The wild fire burned across 600 acres of native grass intended for grazing and Nancy also lost 75 rolls of coastal hay because of the fire. At the time of the fire Nancy had 96 adult cows, 4 bulls and 50 calves over 500 pounds grazing native and improved grasses. The fire also destroyed the fences so Nancy had to move some her cattle to other pastures on FSN 1345 and she had to move some of the cattle to FSN 1223 because of the fire. Nancy has 100 percent share of the cattle and 100 percent share of the pastures. On CCC-851, Nancy showed 650 acres were affected by the wild fire because the affected pasture on the ranch could not be grazed for 120 calendar days, (number of days for the grass to come back out after the fire). COC determined that only 600 acres were affected by the fire and the other 50 acres claimed were not burned in the fire but were the remaining acres in the pasture. Nancy provided verifiable records to COC showing the 75 rolls of produced hay that was destroyed and reliable records showing where cattle were not able to graze the pasture that was affected by the wild fire. COC also accepted Nancy's reliable records which showed the value of the lost hay to be \$3,750. COC determined the carrying capacity to be 30 acres per AU for the native pasture affected by fire.

**Loss Event 3** - On July 23, 2013 Lynn County received a D3 rating on the Drought Monitor. At the time of the drought Nancy had 96 adult cows, 4 bulls and 75 calves over 500 pounds grazing native and improved grasses on FSN 1345 and 1223. Because of the drought all of the watering holes on FSN 1345 and FSN 1223 went dry. Nancy has 100 percent share of the cattle and 100 percent share of the pastures. On July 25, 2013, Nancy started transporting water to her cattle and continued to transport water to her cattle until September 9, 2013. Nancy provided reliable records showing that a total of 66,000 gallons of water were transported to her cattle.

## 889 CCC-851, Emergency Loss Assistance for Livestock Application (Continued)

## C Example of CCC-851

Following is an example of CCC-851.

This form is available electronically		1. State and County Code		2. Program Year	
<b>CCC-851</b> U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE (04-15-14) Commodity Credit Corporation		48-305		2013	
<b>EMERGENCY LOSS ASSISTANCE FOR LIVESTOCK APPLICATION</b>		3. County Office Name		4. Application Number	
		Lynn		073	
<p><b>NOTE:</b> The following statement is made in accordance with the Privacy Act of 1974 (5 USC 552a – as amended). The authority for requesting the information identified on this form is 7 CFR Part 1416, the Commodity Credit Corporation Charter Act (15 U.S.C. 714 et seq.), and the Agricultural Act of 2014 (Pub. L. 113-79). The information will be used to determine eligibility for emergency loss assistance program benefits. The information collected on this form may be disclosed to other Federal, State, Local government agencies, Tribal agencies, and nongovernmental entities that have been authorized access to the information by statute or regulation and/or as described in applicable Routine Uses identified in the System of Records Notice for USDA/FSA-2, Farm Records File (Automated). Providing the requested information is voluntary. However, failure to furnish the requested information will result in a determination of ineligibility for emergency loss assistance program benefits.</p> <p>This information collection is exempted from the Paperwork Reduction Act as it is required for the administration of the Agricultural Act of 2014 (Pub. L. 113-79).</p> <p>The provisions of criminal and civil fraud, privacy and other statutes may be applicable to the information provided. <b>RETURN THIS COMPLETED FORM TO YOUR COUNTY FSA OFFICE.</b></p>					
<b>PART A – PRODUCER INFORMATION</b>					
5A. Producer's Name and Address (City, State and Zip Code)					
Nancey Farmer 1527 Acreage Dr Tahoka, Texas 79373					
5B. Is a CCC-860 form, Socially Disadvantaged, Limited Resource and Beginning Farmer or Rancher Certification, on file for the producer for the program year indicated in Item 2? <input type="checkbox"/> YES <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> NO					
<b>PART B – NOTICE OF LOSS</b>					
I am reporting that I have incurred losses due to qualifying weather or loss condition(s) listed in Item 7A and the losses occurred or were apparent to me on the date(s) listed in Items 7B and 7C.					
6. Type of Loss (Check all that apply)					
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Grazing Loss – Non-Fire (Part D) <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Grazing Loss - Fire (Part E) <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Produced Feed Loss (Part F) <input type="checkbox"/> Purchased Feed Loss (Part G)					
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Additional Feed Purchased & Expenses (Part H) <input type="checkbox"/> Livestock Death Loss (Part I) <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Water Transporting (Part L) <input type="checkbox"/> Cattle Tick Fever (Part M)					
7A. Qualifying Weather or Loss Condition		7B. Date When Loss Occurred		7C. Date When Loss Was Apparent	
Loss Event 1		Blizzard/Heavy Snowfall		12-3-2012	
Loss Event 2		Wildfire		5-15-2013	
Loss Event 3		Drought		7-23-2013	
				7-25-2013	
7E. Where were the livestock physically located on the beginning date of the qualifying weather or loss condition(s) provided in 7B? (Include County name, farm number, etc.)				7F. Where is the current physical location of the livestock in inventory? (Include County name, farm number, etc.)	
Loss Event 1				Lynn County FSN 1345	
Loss Event 2				Lynn County FSN 1345	
Loss Event 3				Lynn County FSN 1345 and 1223	
				Lynn County 1345 and 1223	
<b>PART C - LIVESTOCK INFORMATION</b>					
8. Loss Event Number (Item 7A)	9. Livestock Group	10. Livestock Kind/Type and Weight Range	11. Livestock Inventory	12. Share	<b>COC Use Only</b> 13. COC Adjusted Livestock Inventory
1	A	Adult Beef Cattle	100	100	
2	B	Adult Beef Cattle	100	100	
2	C	Non-Adult Beef Cattle more than 500 lbs.	50	100	
3	D	Adult Beef Cattle	100	100	
3	E	Non-Adult Beef Cattle more than 500 lbs.	75	100	
14. Associated Producers; list all other producers that have an ownership share of any livestock listed in Item 10. (List the other producer's name, livestock number from Item 9 and share).					
15A. Producer's Signature Loss Event 1 (By)			15B. Title/Relationship of the Individual Signing in the Representative Capacity		15C. Date (MM-DD-YYYY)
16A. Producer's Signature Loss Event 2 (By)			16B. Title/Relationship of the Individual Signing in the Representative Capacity		16C. Date (MM-DD-YYYY)
17A. Producer's Signature Loss Event 3 (By)			17B. Title/Relationship of the Individual Signing in the Representative Capacity		17C. Date (MM-DD-YYYY)

[illegible]

## 889 CCC-851, Emergency Loss Assistance for Livestock Application (Continued)

## C Example of CCC-851 (Continued)

CCC-851 (04-15-14)							Page 3 of 4
PART I - LIVESTOCK DEATH LOSS INFORMATION							
54. Livestock Group (Item 9)	55. Contract Grower		56. Number Lost Due to Eligible Loss Conditions	57. Number Lost Due to Normal Mortality	COC Use Only		
	YES	NO			58. COC Adjusted Number Lost Due to Eligible Loss Conditions	59. COC Adjusted Number Lost Due to Normal Mortality	
	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>					
	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>					
	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>					
	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>					
	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>					
	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>					
PART J - DOCUMENTATION OF INVENTORY IN PART I							
60. Describe the document(s) provided to verify beginning inventory. (Attach copies of documents.)						61. Number of Livestock	
	Document Description						
Document Number 1							
Document Number 2							
Document Number 3							
Document Number 4							
Document Number 5							
PART K - DOCUMENTATION TO VERIFY LIVESTOCK LOSSES IN PART I							
62. Describe the document(s) provided to verify livestock losses. Attach copies of documents.						63. Number of Livestock	
	Document Description						
Document Number 1							
Document Number 2							
Document Number 3							
Document Number 4							
Document Number 5							
PART L - WATER TRANSPORTING							
64A. Livestock Group (Item 9)	64B. Pasture Type	65. Water Transporting Start Date (MM-DD-YYYY)	66. Water Transporting End Date (MM-DD-YYYY)	67A. Total Gallons of Water Transported	67B. Share	COC Use Only 68. COC Adjusted Gallons of Water Transported	
D,E	Native & Improved	7-25-2013	9-9-2013	66000	100		
PART M - CATTLE TICK FEVER							
69. Livestock Group (Item 9)	COC USE ONLY						
	70. Date of each Treatment (MM-DD-YYYY)			71. Number of Livestock Treated			

## 889 CCC-851, Emergency Loss Assistance for Livestock Application (Continued)

## C Example of CCC-851 (Continued)

<b>CCC-851 (04-15-14)</b>		Page 4 of 4
<b>PART N – OTHER COMPENSATION/REDUCTIONS</b>		
72. Other Compensation (Contract Grower Only):		\$
73. Reductions:		\$
<b>PART O – PRODUCER CERTIFICATION</b>		
<p>Payments under the Emergency Loss Assistance for Livestock will be made to provide emergency relief to producers of livestock due to losses from qualifying weather or loss conditions as determined by the Secretary. Each producer must file a separate form CCC-851 to be eligible to receive program benefits. By signing this application, the producer:</p>		
<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Agrees to provide CCC any documentation it requires to determine eligibility that verifies and supports all information provided, including the producer's certification, and understands the application may be disapproved if they fail to provide any such information requested by CCC;</li> <li>2. Authorizes CCC, at any time, with or without their presence, to enter upon, inspect and verify all livestock, livestock deaths, and acreage in which they have an interest;</li> <li>3. Agrees to comply with, and acknowledges they are subject to, all the regulations governing the program and understands that instructions and assistance are available for completing this form;</li> <li>4. Authorizes CCC to obtain from third parties, such as, but not limited to, other government agencies, individuals, auction barns, contractors, or processors, feed cooperatives, feed supply companies and rendering services, any records or other evidence that substantiates the information provided on this application or any supporting documentation provided; and</li> </ol>		
<b>I certify that:</b>		
<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. If applying as an individual, that I am a citizen of the United States or a resident alien; if applying as a partnership, the members of the partnership are citizens of the United States; or if applying as a corporation, limited liability corporation, or other farm organization structure, the entity is organized under State law; if applying as a Native American tribe, the tribe is organized according to the Indian Self-Determination and Education Assistance Act; if applying as any Native American organization or entity, the Native American organization or entity is chartered under the Indian Reorganization Act; if applying as a Native American economic enterprise, the enterprise was established under the Indian Financing Act of 1974.</li> <li>2. On the beginning date of the qualifying weather or loss condition(s) in Item 7A, I owned, leased, purchased, entered into a contract to purchase, or was a contract grower of the livestock entered in Item 11 on this application;</li> <li>3. All livestock entered on this application meet all eligibility criteria provided in 7 CFR Part 1416 Subpart B, including being maintained by me for commercial use as part of my farming operation, and if applicable, are livestock that would normally have been grazing the eligible grazing land or pastureland on the beginning date of the qualifying weather or loss condition(s);</li> <li>4. All forage information entered on this application meets all eligibility criteria provided in 7 CFR Part 1416 Subpart B;</li> <li>5. All information on this application and all supporting documents provided is true and correct;</li> <li>6. Within the county provided in Item 7D and as a direct result of the qualifying weather or loss condition(s) listed in Item 7A, I have suffered an eligible grazing loss, feed loss, death loss, water transporting expense, cattle tick fever expense or incurred additional expenses for the livestock entered on this application in Items 10;</li> <li>7. I understand that this application may be disapproved if information or evidence provided is false or in error, and that other sanctions or penalties could apply.</li> </ol>		
74A. Signature (By)	74B. Title/Relationship of the individual signing in the Representative Capacity	74C. Date (MM-DD-YYYY)
<b>PART P – COUNTY COMMITTEE DETERMINATION</b>		
75A. COC or Designee Signature	75B. Date (MM-DD-YYYY)	75C. Determination <input type="checkbox"/> APPROVED <input type="checkbox"/> DISAPPROVED
<p><small>The U.S. Department of Agriculture (USDA) prohibits discrimination against its customers, employees, and applicants for employment on the basis of race, color, national origin, age, disability, sex, gender identity, religion, reprisal, and where applicable, political beliefs, marital status, familial or parental status, sexual orientation, or all or part of an individual's income is derived from any public assistance program, or protected genetic information in employment or in any program or activity conducted or funded by the Department. (Not all prohibited basis will apply to all programs and/or employment activities.) Persons with disabilities, who wish to file a program complaint, write to the address below or if you require alternative means of communication for program information (e.g., Braille, large print, audiotape, etc.) please contact USDA's TARGET Center at (202) 720-2600 (voice and TDD). Individuals who are deaf, hard of hearing, or have speech disabilities and wish to file either an EEO or program complaint, please contact USDA through the Federal Relay Service at (800) 877-8339 or (800) 845-6136 (in Spanish).</small></p> <p><small>If you wish to file a Civil Rights program complaint of discrimination, complete the USDA Program Discrimination Complaint Form, found online at <a href="http://www.ascr.usda.gov/complaint_filing_cust.html">http://www.ascr.usda.gov/complaint_filing_cust.html</a>, or at any USDA office, or call (866) 632-9992 to request the form. You may also write a letter containing all of the information requested in the form. Send your completed complaint form or letter by mail to U.S. Department of Agriculture, Director, Office of Adjudication, 1400 Independence Avenue, S.W., Washington, D.C. 20250-9410, by fax (202) 690-7442 or email at <a href="mailto:program.intake@usda.gov">program.intake@usda.gov</a>. USDA is an equal opportunity provider and employer.</small></p>		

## 889 CCC-851, Emergency Loss Assistance for Livestock Application (Continued)

## D Example of CCC-851-A

Following is an example of CCC-851-A.

<b>CCC-851-A</b> U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE (04-15-14) Commodity Credit Corporation		1. State and County Code	2. Program Year		
<b>CONTINUATION SHEET FOR EMERGENCY LOSS ASSISTANCE FOR LIVESTOCK APPLICATION</b>		3. County Office Name	4. Application Number		
		<p><b>NOTE:</b> The following statement is made in accordance with the Privacy Act of 1974 (5 USC 552a – as amended). The authority for requesting the information identified on this form is 7 CFR Part 1414, the Commodity Credit Corporation Charter Act (15 U.S.C. 714 et seq.), and the Agricultural Act of 2014 (Pub. L. 113-79). The information will be used to determine eligibility for emergency loss assistance program benefits. The information collected on this form may be disclosed to other Federal, State, Local government agencies, Tribal agencies, and nongovernmental entities that have been authorized access to the information by statute or regulation and/or as described in applicable Routine Uses identified in the System of Records Notice for USDA/FSA-2, Farm Records File (Automated). Providing the requested information is voluntary. However, failure to furnish the requested information will result in a determination of ineligibility for emergency loss assistance program benefits.</p> <p>This information collection is exempted from the Paperwork Reduction Act as it is required for the administration of the Agricultural Act of 2014 (Pub. L. 113-79).</p> <p>The provisions of criminal and civil fraud, privacy and other statutes may be applicable to the information provided. <b>RETURN THIS COMPLETED FORM TO YOUR COUNTY FSA OFFICE.</b></p>			
<b>PART B – NOTICE OF LOSS (Continuation)</b>					
I am reporting that I have incurred losses due to qualifying weather or loss condition(s) listed in Item 7A and the losses occurred or were apparent to me on the date(s) listed in Items 7B and 7C.					
6. Type of Loss (Check all that apply)					
<input type="checkbox"/> Grazing Loss – Non-Fire (Part D) <input type="checkbox"/> Grazing Loss - Fire (Part E) <input type="checkbox"/> Produced Feed Loss (Part F) <input type="checkbox"/> Purchased Feed Loss (Part G)					
<input type="checkbox"/> Additional Feed Purchased & Expenses (Part H) <input type="checkbox"/> Livestock Death Loss (Part I) <input type="checkbox"/> Water Transporting (Part L) <input type="checkbox"/> Cattle Tick Fever (Part M)					
7A. Qualifying Weather or Loss Condition	7B. Date When Loss Occurred	7C. Date When Loss Was Apparent	7D. Physical Location County of Loss		
Loss Event _____					
Loss Event _____					
Loss Event _____					
7E. Where were the livestock physically located on the beginning date of the qualifying weather or loss condition(s) provided in 7B? (Include County name, farm number, etc.)		7F. Where is the current physical location of the livestock in inventory? (Include County name, farm number, etc.)			
Loss Event _____					
Loss Event _____					
Loss Event _____					
<b>PART C - LIVESTOCK INFORMATION (Continuation)</b>					
8. Loss Event Number (Item 7A)	9. Livestock Group	10. Livestock Kind/Type and Weight Range	11. Livestock Inventory	12. Share	COC Use Only 13. COC Adjusted Livestock Inventory
14. Associated Producers; list all other producers that have an ownership share of any livestock listed in Item 10. (List the other producer's name, livestock number from Item 9 and share).					
15A. Producer's Signature Loss Event 1 (By)		15B. Title/Relationship of the Individual Signing in the Representative Capacity		15C. Date (MM-DD-YYYY)	
16A. Producer's Signature Loss Event 2 (By)		16B. Title/Relationship of the Individual Signing in the Representative Capacity		16C. Date (MM-DD-YYYY)	
17A. Producer's Signature Loss Event 3 (By)		17B. Title/Relationship of the Individual Signing in the Representative Capacity		17C. Date (MM-DD-YYYY)	

## 889 CCC-851, Emergency Loss Assistance for Livestock Application (Continued)

## D Example of CCC-851-A (Continued)

CCC-851-A (04-15-14)										Page 2 of 3		
PART D - FORAGE INFORMATION - GRAZING LOSSES - Non-Fire (Continuation)												
18. Livestock Group (Item 9)	19. Pasture Type - Owned or Cash Leased Land (Non-Fire Affected)	20A. Acres	20B. Share	21. Lost Grazing Days	22. Carrying Capacity	COC Use Only						
						23. COC Adjusted Acres	24. COC Adjusted Lost Grazing Days					
25. Livestock Group (Item 9)	26. Pasture Type - AUM/AU Leased Land (Non-Fire Affected)	27. Animal Units		28. Lost Grazing Days		COC Use Only						
						29. COC Adjusted Animal Units	30. COC Adjusted Lost Grazing Days					
PART E - FORAGE INFORMATION - GRAZING LOSSES - Fire (Continuation)												
31. Livestock Group (Item 9)	32. Pasture Type - Non-Federal Managed Lands (Fire Affected)	33A. Affected Acres	33B. Share	34. Lost Grazing Days	COC Use Only							
					35. Carrying Capacity	36. COC Adjusted Affected Acres	37. COC Adjusted Lost Grazing Days					
PART F - VALUE OF PRODUCED FEED LOST (Continuation)												
38A. Livestock Group (Item 9)	38B. Pasture Type	39. Type of Lost Feed Produced	40. Eligible Quantity Lost	41A. Dollar Value Lost	41B. Share	COC USE ONLY						
						42. COC Adjusted Quantity Lost	43. COC Adjusted Dollar Value Lost					
PART G - VALUE OF PURCHASED FEED LOST (Continuation)												
44A. Livestock Group (Item 9)	44B. Pasture Type	45. Type of Lost Feed Purchased		46A. Dollar Value Lost	46B. Share	COC USE ONLY						
						47. COC Adjusted Dollar Value Lost						
PART H - VALUE OF ADDITIONAL FEED PURCHASED, ADDITIONAL EXPENSES (Continuation)												
48A. Livestock Group (Item 9)	48B. Pasture Type	49. Type of Additional Feed Purchased and/or Type of Additional Expense Incurred	50A. 1 Year Prior Dollar Value of Additional Feed Purchased	50B. 2 Year Prior Dollar Value of Additional Feed Purchased	51A. Current Year Dollar Value of Additional Feed or Additional Expense Incurred	51B. Share	COC USE ONLY					
							52A. COC Adjusted 1 Year Prior Dollar Value of Additional Feed Purchased	52B. COC Adjusted 2 Year Prior Dollar Value of Additional Feed Purchased	53. COC Adjusted Current Year Dollar Value of Additional Feed or Additional Expense Incurred			

## 889 CCC-851, Emergency Loss Assistance for Livestock Application (Continued)

## D Example of CCC-851-A (Continued)

CCC-851-A (04-15-14)						Page 3 of 3	
PART I - LIVESTOCK DEATH LOSS INFORMATION (Continuation)							
54. Livestock Group (Item 9)	55. Contract Grower		56. Number Lost Due to Eligible Loss Conditions	57. Number Lost Due to Normal Mortality	COC Use Only		
	YES	NO			58. COC Adjusted Number Lost Due to Eligible Loss Conditions	59. COC Adjusted Number Lost Due to Normal Mortality	
	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>					
	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>					
	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>					
	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>					
	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>					
PART J - DOCUMENTATION OF INVENTORY IN PART I (Continuation)							
60. Describe the document(s) provided to verify beginning inventory. (Attach copies of documents.)						61.	
Document Description						Number of Livestock	
Document Number _____							
Document Number _____							
Document Number _____							
Document Number _____							
Document Number _____							
PART K - DOCUMENTATION TO VERIFY LIVESTOCK LOSSES IN PART I (Continuation)							
62. Describe the document(s) provided to verify livestock losses. Attach copies of documents.						63.	
Document Description						Number of Livestock	
Document Number _____							
Document Number _____							
Document Number _____							
Document Number _____							
Document Number _____							
PART L - WATER TRANSPORTING (Continuation)							
64A. Livestock Group (Item 9)	64B. Pasture Type	65. Water Transporting Start Date (MM-DD-YYYY)	66. Water Transporting End Date (MM-DD-YYYY)	67A. Total Gallons of Water Transported	67B. Share	COC Use Only	
						68. COC Adjusted Gallons of Water Transported	
PART M - CATTLE TICK FEVER (Continuation)							
69. Livestock Group (Item 9)	COC USE ONLY			71. Number of Livestock Treated			
	70. Date of each Treatment (MM-DD-YYYY)						

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## 890 CCC-934, Emergency Loss Assistance for Honeybees/Farm-Raised Fish Application

## A Completing Manual CCC-934

Complete CCC-934 according to the following.

Item	Instruction
1	Enter State and county code for the administrative county by physical location of the county in which the loss occurred.
2	Enter the program year the eligible honeybee or farm-raised fish losses became apparent as stated in item 7C.
3	Enter County Office name for the administrative county by physical location of the county in which the loss occurred.
4	*--Enter the application number. The administrative County Office shall start with number 1 and continue sequentially.--*
<b>Part A – Producer Information</b>	
5A	Enter the producer's name and address.
5B	Check (✓) "Yes" if the producer in item 5 has completed CCC-860. Otherwise, check (✓) "No".
<b>Part B – Notice of Loss</b>	
6	Check (✓) the applicable type(s) of loss being reported.  <b>Note:</b> More than 1 type of eligible loss may be checked if more than 1 type of eligible loss occurred during the program year.
7A	Enter the qualifying weather or loss conditions for each loss event that caused the applicable loss or losses entered in item 6.
7B	Enter the beginning date when the eligible adverse weather or eligible loss condition occurred for the applicable loss event in item 7A.
7C	Enter the date when the loss was apparent for the applicable loss event in item 7A.
7D	Enter the physical location county of the loss for the applicable loss event in item 7A.
7E	Enter the physical location of the honeybee colonies/hives and/or farm-raised fish on the beginning date of the applicable event in item 7A. Include county name, farm number, etc. where the applicable loss event occurred.  <b>Example:</b> Alachua County, FL, Farm 1234, Tract 1000, Field 12
7F	Enter the current physical location of the honeybee colonies/hives and/or farm-raised fish in inventory for the applicable loss event in item 7A. Include county name, farm number, etc. where the applicable loss event occurred.  <b>Example:</b> Alachua County, FL, Farm 1234, Tract 1000, Field 12

**890 CCC-934, Emergency Loss Assistance for Honeybees/Farm-Raised Fish Application  
(Continued)**

**A Completing Manual CCC-934 (Continued)**

Item	Instruction
8	<p>List all associated producers who had an ownership share of any honeybee colonies/hives and/or farm-raised fish listed in Parts C through G and indicate their share.</p> <p><b>Example:</b> Ken's Honey House, 50%, honeybee colonies.</p>
9A	<p>Producer or producer's representative may sign to indicate that honeybee or farm-raised fish losses have occurred or additional expenses were incurred because of the eligible loss event listed in item 7A and the loss/losses or were apparent to the producer on the date listed in item 7C.</p> <p>Producer or producer's representative may file a "notice of loss" with the administrative County Office by 1 of the following alternative methods:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• phone</li> <li>• FAX</li> <li>• e-mail.</li> </ul> <p>Enter the method by which the "notice of loss" was filed in the administrative location County Office if the producer or producer's representative did not sign in item 9A.</p>
9B	<p>Signatory in item 9A shall enter the title/relationship when signing in a representative capacity.</p> <p>If a producer/applicant is:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>not</b> signing in the representative capacity, this field should be left blank</li> <li>• signing on behalf of themselves, it is acceptable to write "self"; however, it is <b>not</b> necessary.</li> </ul>
9C	<p>Producer or producer's representative shall enter the date they signed the "notice of loss" or County Office employee shall enter the date producer or producer's representative reported "notice of loss" using 1 of the alternative methods in item 9A.</p>

**890 CCC-934, Emergency Loss Assistance for Honeybees/Farm-Raised Fish Application  
(Continued)**

**A Completing Manual CCC-934 (Continued)**

Item	Instruction
10A	<p>Producer or producer's representative may sign to indicate that honeybee or farm-raised fish losses have occurred or additional expenses were incurred because of eligible the loss event listed in item 7A and the loss/losses or were apparent to the producer on the date listed in item 7C.</p> <p>Producer or producer's representative may file a "notice of loss" with the administrative County Office by 1 of the following alternative methods:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• phone</li> <li>• FAX</li> <li>• e-mail.</li> </ul> <p>Enter the method by which the "notice of loss" was filed in the administrative location County Office if the producer or producer's representative did not sign in item 10A.</p>
10B	<p>Signatory in item 10A shall enter the title/relationship when signing in a representative capacity.</p> <p>If a producer/applicant is:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>not</b> signing in the representative capacity, this field should be left blank</li> <li>• signing on behalf of themselves, it is acceptable to write "self"; however, it is <b>not</b> necessary.</li> </ul>
10C	<p>Producer or producer's representative shall enter the date they signed the "notice of loss" or County Office employee shall enter the date producer or producer's representative reported "notice of loss" using 1 of the alternative methods in item 10A.</p>

**890 CCC-934, Emergency Loss Assistance for Honeybees/Farm-Raised Fish Application  
(Continued)**

**A Completing Manual CCC-934 (Continued)**

Item	Instruction
11A	<p>Producer or producer's representative may sign to indicate that honeybee or farm-raised fish losses have occurred or additional expenses were incurred because of eligible the loss event listed in item 7A and the loss/losses or were apparent to the producer on the dates listed in item 7C.</p> <p>Producer or producer's representative may file a "notice of loss" with the administrative County Office by 1 of the following alternative methods:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• phone</li> <li>• FAX</li> <li>• e-mail.</li> </ul> <p>Enter the method by which the "notice of loss" was filed in the administrative location County Office if the producer or producer's representative did not sign in item 11A.</p>
11B	<p>Signatory in item 11A shall enter the title/relationship when signing in a representative capacity.</p> <p>If a producer/applicant is:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>not</b> signing in the representative capacity, this field should be left blank</li> <li>• signing on behalf of themselves, it is acceptable to write "self"; however, it is <b>not</b> necessary.</li> </ul>
11C	<p>Producer or producer's representative shall enter the date they signed the "notice of loss" or County Office employee shall enter the date producer or producer's representative reported "notice of loss" using 1 of the alternative methods in item 11A.</p>
<p style="text-align: center;"><b>Part C – Honeybee Colony Loss</b></p> <p><b>Note:</b> Part C shall be completed for each eligible adverse weather event or eligible loss condition that occurred in the program year for which benefits are being requested.</p>	
12A	<p>Enter the corresponding loss event number listed in item 7A.</p>
12B	<p>Enter the inventory of honeybee colonies at the beginning of the program year. An entry will be made in this column only once.</p> <p>Use CCC-934-A for entries with different shares.</p>

**890 CCC-934, Emergency Loss Assistance for Honeybees/Farm-Raised Fish Application  
(Continued)**

**A Completing Manual CCC-934 (Continued)**

Item	Instruction
12C	<p>Enter additional purchases or additions to inventory since the beginning of the program *--year through the first loss event in item 7A.</p> <p>For each subsequent loss event, enter additional purchases or additions to inventory since the previous loss event in item 7A.</p>
12D	<p>Enter all reductions (sales) to inventory since the beginning of the program year through the first loss event in item 7A.--*</p> <p>For each subsequent loss event, enter all reductions (sales) to inventory since the previous loss event in item 7A.</p>
12E	<p>Enter the total number of honeybee colonies lost because of an eligible adverse weather or eligible loss condition for each loss event listed in item 7A.</p>
12F	<p>Enter the total number of ineligible honeybee colonies lost because of an ineligible adverse weather or ineligible loss condition.</p> <p><b>Example:</b> Bees were accidentally sprayed by a chemical.</p>
12G	<p>Enter the share the producer has in the honeybee colony in item 12B.</p> <p><b>Note:</b> CCC-934-A shall be used for each different share the producer has in a honeybee colony operation.</p>
12H	<p>COC shall enter the adjusted beginning inventory of honeybee colonies, if applicable.</p> <p><b>Notes:</b> An entry is only required when COC determines a beginning inventory of honeybee colonies is different than the beginning inventory of honeybee colonies as certified by the producer in item 12B.</p> <p>The producer shall be provided applicable appeal rights according to 1-APP if an entry is entered in item 12H.</p>
12I	<p>COC shall enter the adjusted number of honeybee colonies purchased or added, if applicable.</p> <p><b>Notes:</b> An entry is only required when COC determines the number of honeybee colonies added is different than the number of honey colonies added as certified by the producer in item 12C.</p> <p>The producer shall be provided applicable appeal rights according to 1-APP if an entry is entered in item 12I.</p>

**890 CCC-934, Emergency Loss Assistance for Honeybees/Farm-Raised Fish Application  
(Continued)**
**A Completing Manual CCC-934 (Continued)**

Item	Instruction						
12J	<p>COC shall enter the adjusted reductions (sales) of honeybee colonies, if applicable.</p> <p><b>Notes:</b> An entry is only required when COC determines a reduction of honeybee colonies is different than the reduced honeybee colonies as certified by the producer in item 12D.</p> <p>The producer shall be provided applicable appeal rights according to 1-APP if an entry is entered in item 12J.</p>						
12K	<p>COC shall enter the adjusted number of honeybee colonies lost, if applicable.</p> <p><b>Notes:</b> An entry is only required when COC determines the number of honeybee colonies lost is different than the number of honey colonies lost as certified by the producer in item 12E.</p> <p>The producer shall be provided applicable appeal rights according to 1-APP if an entry is entered in item 12K.</p>						
12L	<p>COC shall enter the adjusted ineligible honeybee colonies lost, if applicable.</p> <p><b>Notes:</b> An entry is only required when COC determines the ineligible honeybee colonies lost is different than the ineligible honeybee colonies lost as certified by the producer in item 12F.</p> <p>The producer shall be provided applicable appeal rights according to 1-APP if an entry is entered in item 12L.</p>						
<b>Part D – Farm-Raised Fish Death Loss Information</b>							
13A	Enter the corresponding loss event number listed in item 7A.						
13B	<p>Enter the type, kind, and size of each farm-raised fish for which loss occurred.</p> <p><b>Important:</b> An entry in this field is always required when there is a loss in a particular type, kind, and size of farm-raised fish.</p> <p><b>Note:</b> Separate line entries by type, kind, and size are required when producer shares are different. A separate CCC-934-A may be used if additional lines are necessary.</p> <p><b>Example:</b></p> <table data-bbox="617 1591 1120 1701"> <tr> <td><b>Item 13B</b></td><td><b>Item 13G</b></td></tr> <tr> <td>Baitfish/Fathead minnow</td><td>1.0000</td></tr> <tr> <td>Baitfish/Fathead minnow</td><td>0.7500</td></tr> </table>	<b>Item 13B</b>	<b>Item 13G</b>	Baitfish/Fathead minnow	1.0000	Baitfish/Fathead minnow	0.7500
<b>Item 13B</b>	<b>Item 13G</b>						
Baitfish/Fathead minnow	1.0000						
Baitfish/Fathead minnow	0.7500						

**890 CCC-934, Emergency Loss Assistance for Honeybees/Farm-Raised Fish Application  
(Continued)**

**A Completing Manual CCC-934 (Continued)**

Item	Instruction
13C	Enter the unit of measure, pounds, pieces, inches, or gallons, as determined by STC.
13D	<p>Enter the <b>beginning</b> inventory of farm-raised fish immediately before the beginning date of the eligible adverse weather or eligible loss conditions listed in item 7A.</p> <p><b>Note:</b> If beginning inventory just before the loss cannot be provided, the producer may provide the stocking rate, feed, rates, etc. If provided, COC may determine the information is reliable and may apply normal mortality to the information to arrive at a reliable beginning inventory.</p>
13E	Enter the <b>ending</b> inventory immediately after the end of the eligible adverse weather or eligible loss conditions listed in item 7A.
13F	Enter amount of ineligible farm-raised fish losses reported by the producer, if applicable.
13G	Enter the share the producer has in the farm-raised fish in item 13B.
13H	<p>COC shall enter the adjusted beginning inventory before loss, if applicable.</p> <p><b>Notes:</b> An entry is only required when COC determines the beginning inventory (before loss) is different than the beginning inventory (before loss) as certified by the producer in item 13D.</p> <p>The producer shall be provided applicable appeal rights according to 1-APP if an entry is entered in item 13H.</p>
13I	<p>COC shall enter the adjusted ending inventory after loss, if applicable.</p> <p><b>Notes:</b> An entry is only required when COC determines an ending inventory (after loss) is different than the ending inventory (after loss) as certified by the producer in item 13E.</p> <p>The producer shall be provided applicable appeal rights according to 1-APP if an entry is entered in item 13I.</p>
13J	<p>COC shall enter the adjusted ineligible inventory lost, if applicable.</p> <p><b>Notes:</b> An entry is only required when COC determines the ineligible inventory lost is different than the ineligible inventory lost as certified by the producer in item 13F.</p> <p>The producer shall be provided applicable appeal rights according to 1-APP if an entry is entered in item 13J.</p>

**890 CCC-934, Emergency Loss Assistance for Honeybees/Farm-Raised Fish Application  
(Continued)**

**A Completing Manual CCC-934 (Continued)**

Item	Instruction
<b>Part E– Honey Bee Hive Loss</b>	
14A	Enter the corresponding loss event number listed in item 7A.
14B	<p>Enter the inventory of honeybee hives at the beginning of the program year.</p> <p>An entry will be made in this column only once. Use CCC-934-A for different shares.</p>
14C	<p>Enter all additional purchases or additions to inventory since the beginning of the program year for the first loss event in item 7A.</p> <p>For each subsequent loss event, enter additional purchases or additions to inventory since the previous loss event in item 7A.</p>
14D	<p>Enter reductions (sales) to inventory since the beginning of the program year for the first loss event in item 7A.</p> <p>For each subsequent loss event, enter all reductions (sales) to inventory since the previous loss event in item 7A.</p>
14E	Enter the total number of honeybee hives lost because of an eligible adverse weather or eligible loss condition for each loss event listed in item 7A.
14F	<p>Enter the total number of honeybee hives lost because of an ineligible adverse weather or ineligible loss condition for each loss event listed in item 7A.</p> <p><b>Example:</b> Vandalism</p>
14G	<p>Enter the share the producer has in the honeybee hives in item 14B.</p> <p><b>Note:</b> CCC-934-A shall be used for each different share the producer has in a honeybee hive operation.</p>
14H	<p>COC shall enter the adjusted beginning inventory of honeybee hives, if applicable.</p> <p><b>Notes:</b> An entry is only required when COC determines a beginning inventory of honeybee hives different than the beginning inventory of honeybee hives as certified by the producer in item 14B.</p> <p>The producer shall be provided applicable appeal rights according to 1-APP if an entry is entered in item 14H.</p>

**890 CCC-934, Emergency Loss Assistance for Honeybees/Farm-Raised Fish Application  
(Continued)**

**A Completing Manual CCC-934 (Continued)**

Item	Instruction
14I	<p>COC shall enter the adjusted number of honeybee hives purchased or added, if applicable.</p> <p><b>Notes:</b> An entry is only required when COC determines the number of honeybee hives added is different than the number of honey hives added as certified by the producer in item 14C.</p> <p>The producer shall be provided applicable appeal rights according to 1-APP if an entry is entered in item 14I.</p>
14J	<p>COC shall enter the adjusted reductions (sales) of honeybee hives, if applicable.</p> <p><b>Notes:</b> An entry is only required when COC determines a reduction of honeybee hives is different than the reduced honeybee hives as certified by the producer in item 14D.</p> <p>The producer shall be provided applicable appeal rights according to 1-APP if an entry is entered in item 14J.</p>
14K	<p>COC shall enter the adjusted total number of honeybee hives lost, if applicable.</p> <p><b>Notes:</b> An entry is only required when COC determines the total number of honeybee hives lost different than the total number of honeybee hives lost as certified by the producer in item 14E.</p> <p>The producer shall be provided applicable appeal rights according to 1-APP if an entry is entered in item 14K.</p>
14L	<p>COC shall enter the adjusted ineligible honeybee hives lost, if applicable.</p> <p><b>Notes:</b> An entry is only required when COC determines ineligible honeybee hives lost is different than ineligible honeybee hives lost as certified by the producer in item 14F.</p> <p>The producer shall be provided applicable appeal rights according to 1-APP if an entry is entered in item 14L.</p>

**890 CCC-934, Emergency Loss Assistance for Honeybees/Farm-Raised Fish Application  
(Continued)**

**A Completing Manual CCC-934 (Continued)**

<b>Item</b>	<b>Instruction</b>
<b>Part F– Value of Purchased Feed Lost and/or Additional Expenses Honeybees and Farm-Raised Fish</b>	
15A	Enter the corresponding loss event number listed in item 7A.
15B	Indicate (H) for honeybees or (F) for farm-raised fish feed losses or additional feed expenses.
15C	Enter type of purchased feed lost and/or additional expenses incurred for farm-raised fish and/or honeybees.
15D	Enter the dollar value of purchased feed lost and/or additional expenses.
15E	Enter share applicable to each line entry.
15F	<p>COC shall enter the adjusted value of feed lost or additional expenses incurred, if applicable.</p> <p><b>Notes:</b> An entry is only required when COC determines a value of feed lost or additional expense incurred different than the dollar value of feed lost or additional expenses incurred reported by the producer in item 15D.</p> <p>The producer shall be provided applicable appeal rights according to 1-APP if an entry is entered in item 15F.</p>
<b>Part G – Additional Feed Purchased Above Normal – Honeybees</b>	
16A	Enter the corresponding loss event number for the eligible adverse weather or loss conditions from item 7A.
16B	Enter type of purchased feed lost and/or additional expenses incurred for honeybees.
16C	Cost of feed purchased in the application year because of loss event listed in item 7A.
16D	Cost of feed purchased 1 year before the application year, during the same timeframe of the feed purchases in item 16C.
16E	Cost of feed purchased 2 years before the application year, during the same timeframe of the purchases in item 16C.
16F	Enter share applicable to each line entry.
16G	<p>COC shall enter the adjusted cost of feed purchased in the application year.</p> <p><b>Notes:</b> An entry is only required when COC determines the cost of feed purchased in the application year is different than reported by the producer in item 16C.</p> <p>The producer shall be provided applicable appeal rights according to 1-APP if an entry is entered in item 16G.</p>

**890 CCC-934, Emergency Loss Assistance for Honeybees/Farm-Raised Fish Application  
(Continued)**

**A Completing Manual CCC-934 (Continued)**

<b>Item</b>	<b>Instruction</b>
16H	<p>COC shall enter the adjusted cost of feed purchased 1 year before the application year, during the same timeframe of the feed purchases in item 16C.</p> <p><b>Notes:</b> An entry is only required when COC determines the cost of feed purchased in the previous year is different than reported by the producer in item 16D.</p> <p>The producer shall be provided applicable appeal rights according to 1-APP if an entry is entered in item 16H.</p>
16I	<p>COC shall enter the adjusted cost of feed purchased 2 years before the application year, during the same timeframe of the purchases in item 16C.</p> <p><b>Notes:</b> An entry is only required when COC determines the cost of feed purchased in the 2 years prior is different than reported by the producer in item 16E.</p> <p>The producer shall be provided applicable appeal rights according to 1-APP if an entry is entered in item 16I.</p>
<b>Part H–Payment Reductions</b>	
17	Enter amount of compensation received from other disaster assistance programs for the same or similar losses or additional expenses incurred.
<b>Part I– Producer Certification</b>	
18A through 18C	<p>After reading the certification, producer or producer’s representative signs and dates.</p> <p>Signatory in item 18A shall enter title/relationship when signing in the representative capacity.</p> <p>If a producer/applicant is:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>not</b> signing in the representative capacity, this field should be left blank</li> <li>• signing on behalf of themselves, it is acceptable to write “self”; however, it is <b>not</b> necessary.</li> </ul>
<b>Part J– County Committee Determination</b>	
19A	Enter COC signature.
19B	Enter date of COC action.
19C	<p>CHECK (✓) “Approved” or “Disapproved”.</p> <p><b>Important:</b> CCC-934 shall be approved or disapproved as certified by the producer after applicable COC adjustment fields are completed.</p>

## 890 CCC-934, Emergency Loss Assistance for Honeybees/Farm-Raised Fish Application (Continued)

### B Scenario for CCC-934 Application Example

Producer A is doing business as Deb's Bees 100 percent and has a 50 percent share in a Joint Venture with Ken's Honey House. Producer A certified that she qualifies as a SDA farmer and completed CCC-860.

**Loss Event 1** - Producer A filed loss event 1 because of a flood that occurred and apparent on November 1, 2011. Beginning program year inventory was 800 colonies. Producer A provides a receipt for the purchase of 200 additional colonies and had zero sales, for an ending inventory of 1,000 colonies of bees before the first loss event. Producer A files a notice of loss for 200 colonies because of a flood. COC has knowledge that 100 of the colonies were in a separate field and had been sprayed by a chemical before the flood and are ineligible for payment.

Producer A also has a .5000 share in a joint venture which had a beginning program year inventory of 400 colonies. The joint venture had no purchases and zero sales. Producer A files a notice of loss for 100 colonies at a 50 percent share for a flood for the same loss event.

Producer A certifies a loss of honeybee hives because of the flood. The beginning program year inventory was 1,000 hives. There were no additions and no reductions to inventory. Producer A files a loss for 200 hives however COC had knowledge that before the flood 5 hives was vandalized and ineligible for payment. COC adjusted the lost hives.

Producer A files a loss for feed intended for honeybees because the flood washed through the storage room and destroyed the purchased feed on hand. Producer A provides a receipt for 200 pounds of cane sugar and claimed a loss valued at \$100.

**Loss Event 2** - Producer A (1.000 shares) files a loss for drought for additional feed purchased above normal for the honeybees that began July 4, 2012 and the loss became apparent August 1, 2012. Producer A provides 3 receipts, each for 75 pounds of sugar totaling \$112.50 that she does not usually purchase during this timeframe. Producer A claims zero purchases in the year before the current program year during the similar timeframe of the eligible drought. Producer A provides a receipt of \$20 for purchases in 2 years before the current program year during the similar timeframe of the eligible drought. COC determines that 1 of the receipts for 75 pounds of sugar is a duplicate receipt and adjusted the cost of feed purchases in the application year to \$75.

**890 CCC-934, Emergency Loss Assistance for Honeybees/Farm-Raised Fish Application  
(Continued)****B Scenario for CCC-934 Application Example (Continued)**

**Loss Event 3** - Producer A (1,000 shares) incurred another loss because of Colony Collapse Disorder that was apparent September 20, 2012. At this time the producer must update the colony loss inventory from the prior loss up to the date of the subsequent eligible adverse weather or eligible loss condition. Producer A provides the County Office a sales receipt for 50 sold colonies, and certifies a loss of 100 colonies because of CCD.

Producer A filed CCC-860, therefore compensation will be calculated at 90 percent of the average fair market value established for honeybee colonies, \$75, for the number of colonies lost in excess of normal mortality and \$210 for honeybee hives.

# 890 CCC-934, Emergency Loss Assistance for Honeybees/Farm-Raised Fish Application (Continued)

## C Example of CCC-934

Following is an example of CCC-934.

<b>This form is available electronically.</b>			
<b>CCC-934</b> (04-15-14)		<b>U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE</b> Commodity Credit Corporation	1. State and County Code 12-125
<b>EMERGENCY LOSS ASSISTANCE FOR HONEYBEES / FARM-RAISED FISH APPLICATION</b>		2. Program Year 2012	3. County Office Name Union, FL
		4. Application Number 001	
<p><b>NOTE:</b> The following statement is made in accordance with the Privacy Act of 1974 (5 USC 552a – as amended). The authority for requesting the information identified on this form is 7 CFR Part 1416, the Commodity Credit Corporation Charter Act (15 U.S.C. 714 et seq.), and the Agricultural Act of 2014 (Pub. L. 113-79). The information will be used to determine eligibility for emergency loss assistance program benefits. The information collected on this form may be disclosed to other Federal, State, Local government agencies, Tribal agencies, and nongovernmental entities that have been authorized access to the information by statute or regulation and/or as described in applicable Routine Uses identified in the System of Records Notice for USDA/FSA-2, Farm Records File (Automated). Providing the requested information is voluntary. However, failure to furnish the requested information will result in a determination of ineligibility for emergency loss assistance program benefits.</p> <p>This information collection is exempted from the Paperwork Reduction Act as it is required for the administration of the Agricultural Act of 2014 (Pub. L. 113-79).</p> <p>The provisions of criminal and civil fraud, privacy and other statutes may be applicable to the information provided. <b>RETURN THIS COMPLETED FORM TO YOUR COUNTY FSA OFFICE.</b></p>			
<b>PART A – PRODUCER INFORMATION</b>			
5A. Producer's Name and Address (City, State and Zip Code) Deb's Bees 1234 Hwy to Nowhere Mouse House, FL 54321			
5B. Is a CCC-860 form, Socially Disadvantaged, Limited Resource and Beginning Farmer or Rancher Certification, on file for the producer for the program year indicated in Item 2? <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> YES <input type="checkbox"/> NO			
<b>PART B – NOTICE OF LOSS</b>			
I am reporting that I have incurred losses due to qualifying weather or loss condition(s) listed in Item 7A and the losses occurred or were apparent to me on the date(s) listed in Items 7B and 7C.			
6. Type of Loss (Check all that apply)			
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Honeybee Colony Loss (Part C) <input type="checkbox"/> Farm-Raised Fish Death Loss (Part D) <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Honeybee Hive Loss (Part E)			
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Value of Purchased Feed Lost and/or Additional Expenses – Honeybees and Farm-Raised Fish (Part F)			
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Additional Feed Purchased Above Normal – Honeybees (Part G)			
7A. Qualifying Weather or Loss Condition		7B. Date When Loss Occurred	7C. Date When Loss Was Apparent
7D. Physical Location County of Loss			
Loss Event 1	Flood	11/1/2011	11/1/2011
Loss Event 2	Drought	7/4/2012	8/1/2012
Loss Event 3	Colony Collapse Disorder	9/20/2012	9/20/2012
7E. Where were the honeybee colonies/hives and/or farm-raised fish physically located on the beginning date of the qualifying weather or loss condition(s) provided in 7B? (Include County name, farm number, etc.)		7F. Where is the current physical location of the honeybee colonies/hives and/or farm-raised fish in inventory? (Include County name, farm number, etc.)	
Loss Event 1	Indian River, FL FSN-3013	Union, FL, FSA-1045, Tract 100	
Loss Event 2	Union, FL FSN-1000	Union, FL, FSN-1000	
Loss Event 3	Union, FL FSN-1000	Union, FL, FSN-1000	
8. Associated Producers (List all other producers that have an ownership share of any honeybee colonies/hives and/or farm-raised fish listed in Parts C-G). Ken's Honey House 50%.			
9A. Producer's Signature Loss Event 1 (By)		9B. Title/Relationship of the Individual Signing in the Representative Capacity	9C. Date (MM-DD-YYYY)
		Owner	4/15/2014
10A. Producer's Signature Loss Event 2 (By)		10B. Title/Relationship of the Individual Signing in the Representative Capacity	10C. Date (MM-DD-YYYY)
11A. Producer's Signature Loss Event 3 (By)		11B. Title/Relationship of the Individual Signing in the Representative Capacity	11C. Date (MM-DD-YYYY)

**890 CCC-934, Emergency Loss Assistance for Honeybees/Farm-Raised Fish Application**  
**(Continued)**

### C Example of CCC-934 (Continued)

CCC-934 (04-15-14)											Page 2 of 3	
PART C - HONEYBEE COLONY LOSS												
12A. Loss Event Number	12B. Inventory at Beginning of Program Year	12C. Additions to Inventory Throughout Program Year	12D. Reductions to Inventory Throughout Program Year	12E. Total Number of Honeybee Colonies Lost During the Program Year	12F. Ineligible Honeybee Colonies Lost During the Program Year	12G. Producer Share	COC USE ONLY					
							12H. Adjusted Beginning Inventory	12I. Adjusted Additions to Inventory	12J. Adjusted Reductions to Inventory	12K. Adjusted Number of Lost Colonies	12L. Adjusted Number of Ineligible Colonies Lost	
1	800	200	0	200	0	1.00						100
3		0	50	100	0							

PART D - FARM-RAISED FISH DEATH LOSS												
13A. Loss Event Number(s)	13B. Type/Kind/Size	13C. Unit of Measure	13D. Beginning Inventory	13E. Ending Inventory	13F. Ineligible Inventory Lost	13G. Producer Share	COC USE ONLY					
							13H. Adjusted Beginning Inventory	13I. Adjusted Ending Inventory	13J. Adjusted Ineligible Inventory Lost			

PART E - HONEYBEE HIVE LOSS												
14A. Loss Event Number	14B. Inventory at Beginning of Program Year	14C. Additions to Inventory	14D. Reductions to Inventory	14E. Number of Honeybee Hives Lost	14F. Ineligible Honey Bee Hives Lost	14G. Producer Share	COC USE ONLY					
							14H. Adjusted Beginning Inventory	14I. Adjusted Additions to Inventory	14J. Adjusted Reductions to Inventory	14K. Adjusted Number of Hives Lost	14L. Adjusted Number of Ineligible Hives Lost	
1	1000	0	0	200	0	1.0000					195	

PART F - VALUE OF PURCHASED FEED LOST AND/OR ADDITIONAL EXPENSES - HONEYBEES AND FARM-RAISED FISH												
15A. Loss Event Number	15B. Indicate Honeybees (H) or Farm-Raised Fish (F) Feed/Expense (H or F)	15C. Type of Feed Lost or Additional Expense Incurred	15D. Value of Feed Lost or Additional Expense Incurred	15E. Producer Share	COC USE ONLY							
					15F. Adjusted Value of Feed Lost or Additional Expense Incurred							
1	H	200 lb of cane sugar	\$100.00	1.00	\$							
			\$		\$							
			\$		\$							
			\$		\$							
			\$		\$							

PART G - ADDITIONAL FEED PURCHASED ABOVE NORMAL - HONEYBEES												
16A. Loss Event Number	16B. Type of Additional Feed Purchased Above Normal	16C. Cost of Feed Purchased in Application Year	16D. Cost of Feed Purchased 1 Year Prior	16E. Cost of Feed Purchased 2 Years Prior	16F. Producer Share	COC USE ONLY						
						16G. Adjusted Cost of Feed Purchased in Application Year	16H. Adjusted Cost of Feed Purchased 1 Year Prior	16I. Adjusted Cost of Feed Purchased in 2 Years Prior				
2	3 bags of sugar	\$112.50	\$0.00	\$20.00	1.00	\$75.00	\$	\$				
		\$	\$	\$		\$	\$	\$				
		\$	\$	\$		\$	\$	\$				
		\$	\$	\$		\$	\$	\$				

# 890 CCC-934, Emergency Loss Assistance for Honeybees/Farm-Raised Fish Application (Continued)

## C Example of CCC-934 (Continued)

<b>CCC-934 (04-15-14)</b>		Page 3 of 3
<b>PART H – PAYMENT REDUCTIONS</b>		
17. Payment Reduction Amount	\$	
<b>PART I – PRODUCER CERTIFICATION</b>		
<p>Payments under the Emergency Assistance for Honeybees and Farm-Raised Fish will be made to provide emergency relief to producers of honeybees and/or farm-raised fish due to losses from adverse weather or loss conditions as determined by the Secretary. Each producer must file a separate form CCC-934 to be eligible to receive program benefits. By signing this application, the producer or producers:</p>		
<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Agrees to provide CCC any documentation it requires to determine eligibility that verifies and supports all information provided, including the producer's certification, and understands the application may be disapproved if they fail to provide any such information requested by CCC;</li> <li>2. Authorizes CCC, at any time, with or without their presence, to enter upon, inspect and verify all honeybee colonies, honeybee hives, farm-raised fish, ponds, and acres in which they have an interest;</li> <li>3. Agrees to comply with, and acknowledges they and their application are subject to, all the regulations governing the program and understands that instructions and assistance are available for completing this form; and,</li> <li>4. Authorizes CCC to obtain from third parties, such as, but not limited to, other government agencies, individuals, suppliers, contractors, or processors, feed cooperatives, and feed supply companies, any records or other evidence that substantiates the information provided on this application or any supporting documentation provided.</li> </ol>		
<i>I certify that:</i>		
<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. If applying as an individual, that I am a citizen of the United States or a resident alien; if applying as a partnership, the members of the partnership are citizens of the United States; or if applying as a corporation, limited liability corporation, or other farm organizational structure, the entity is organized under State law; if applying as a Native American tribe, the tribe is organized according to the Indian Self-Determination and Education Assistance Act; if applying as any Native American organization or entity, the Native American organization or entity is chartered under the Indian Reorganization Act; if applying as a Native American economic enterprise, the enterprise was established under the Indian Financing Act of 1974.</li> <li>2. On the beginning date of the adverse weather or loss condition(s) in Item 7, I owned all honeybee colonies, honeybee hives, and/or farm raised fish entered on this application and physically maintained control of all such honeybees and/or farm-raised fish on that date for commercial use as part of my farming operation;</li> <li>3. All honeybee colonies, honeybee hives, and/or farm-raised fish entered as lost on this application and/or additional feed expenses were losses incurred as a direct result of a qualifying adverse weather or loss condition(s) entered in Item 7 that occurred in the county provided in Item 3.</li> <li>4. All information on this application and all supporting documents I provided are true and correct;</li> <li>5. I understand that this application may be disapproved if information or evidence provided is false or in error, and that other sanctions or penalties could apply.</li> </ol>		
18A. Producer's Signature (By)	18B. Title/Relationship of the Individual Signing in the Representative Capacity Owner	18C. Date (MM-DD-YYYY) 4/15/2014
<b>PART J – COUNTY COMMITTEE DETERMINATION</b>		
19A. COC or Designee Signature	19B. Date (MM-DD-YYYY)	19C. Determination: <input type="checkbox"/> Approved <input type="checkbox"/> Disapproved
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**890 CCC-934, Emergency Loss Assistance for Honeybees/Farm-Raised Fish Application**  
**(Continued)**

### D Example of CCC-934-A

Following is an example of CCC-934-A.

[illegible]

**890 CCC-934, Emergency Loss Assistance for Honeybees/Farm-Raised Fish Application**  
**(Continued)**

### D Example of CCC-934-A (Continued)

CCC-934-A (04-15-14)						Page 2 of 2
PART F - VALUE OF PURCHASED FEED LOST AND/OR ADDITIONAL EXPENSES – HONEYBEES AND FARM-RAISED FISH						
(Continuation)						
15A. Loss Event Number	15B. Indicate Honeybees (H) or Farm-Raised Fish (F) Feed/Expense (H or F)	15C. Type of Feed Lost or Additional Expense Incurred	15D. Value of Feed Lost or Additional Expense Incurred	15E. Producer Share	COC USE ONLY 15F. Adjusted Value of Feed Lost or Additional Expense Incurred	
			\$		\$	
			\$		\$	
			\$		\$	
			\$		\$	
			\$		\$	
			\$		\$	
			\$		\$	
			\$		\$	
			\$		\$	
			\$		\$	

PART G - ADDITIONAL FEED PURCHASED ABOVE NORMAL - HONEYBEES (Continuation)						
16A. Loss Event Number	16B. Type of Additional Feed Purchased Above Normal	16C. Cost of Feed Purchased in Application Year	16D. Cost of Feed Purchased 1 Year Prior	16E. Cost of Feed Purchased 2 Years Prior	16F. Producer Share	COC Use Only 16G. Adjusted Cost of Feed Purchased in Application Year 16H. Adjusted Cost of Feed Purchased 1 Year Prior 16I. Adjusted Cost of Feed Purchased in 2 Years Prior
		\$	\$	\$		\$
		\$	\$	\$		\$
		\$	\$	\$		\$
		\$	\$	\$		\$
		\$	\$	\$		\$
		\$	\$	\$		\$
		\$	\$	\$		\$
		\$	\$	\$		\$
		\$	\$	\$		\$
		\$	\$	\$		\$

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## 890.5 CCC-934-1, Emergency Loss Assistance for Honeybees and Farm-Raised Fish Losses Payment Calculation Worksheet

### A Completing Manual CCC-934-1

Complete CCC-934-1 according to the following.

Item	Instruction
1	Enter State and county code from CCC-934, item 1.
2	Enter participant's name from CCC-934, item 5A.
3	Enter program year from CCC-934, item 2.
4	Enter application number from CCC-934, item 4. The administrative County Office shall start with number 1 and continue sequentially.
<b>Part A – Colony Loss Calculation</b>	
5	Enter sequential producer share entry number. This number is to account for a honeybee producer who has multiple shares in honeybee colonies lost.
6	Enter participant's share from CCC-934 or CCC-934-A, item 12G.  <b>Note:</b> If participant has multiple shares, enter the differing shares from CCC-934-A, if applicable, in the additional lines provided.
7	<p>*--Enter participant's cumulative inventory, as of the applicable loss event in the program year, by producer share, calculated by subtracting:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>the result of adding: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>CCC-934 or CCC-934-A, item 12B or item 12H, if an entry is provided in item 12H, plus</li> <li>sum of all entries from CCC-934 or CCC-934-A, item 12C or 12I, if an entry is provided in item 12I, by producer share, as of the applicable loss event</li> <li>minus the sum of all entries from CCC-934 or CCC-934-A, item 12D or 12J, if an entry is provided in item 12J, by producer share, as of the applicable loss event--*</li> </ul> </li> </ul> <p><b>Note:</b> If CCC-934-A is used to capture honeybee colony losses for multiple shares, include the entries from CCC-934-A, items 12B, 12C, and 12D in this calculation.</p>

# 890.5 CCC-934-1, Emergency Loss Assistance for Honeybees and Farm-Raised Fish Losses Payment Calculation Worksheet (Continued)

## A Completing Manual CCC-934-1 (Continued)

Item	Instruction
8	Enter percent of normal mortality for honeybee colonies, as established by DAFP, according to subparagraph 846 C.
9	Enter minimum colony loss threshold calculated by multiplying: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• item 7, times</li> <li>• item 8.</li> </ul>
10	<p>*--Enter cumulative number of colonies lost during the program year, as of the applicable loss event, calculated by adding the results from CCC-934 and/or CCC-934-A, item 12E, by producer share.--*</p> <p><b>Notes:</b> This number includes colony losses because of normal mortality.</p> <p>If an entry is provided in CCC-934, item 12K, then item 12K shall be used  *--when summing the number of honeybee colonies lost in the program year, as of the applicable loss event, instead of item 12E.--*</p>
11	<p>*--Enter cumulative number of ineligible colonies lost during the program year as of the applicable loss event. This is calculated by adding the results from CCC-934--* and/or CCC-934-A, column 12F, by producer share * * *.</p> <p><b>Notes:</b> This number does not include losses because of normal mortality but does include losses because of an ineligible cause of loss.</p> <p>If entry is provided in CCC-934, item 12L, then item 12L shall be used when summing the number of ineligible inventory lost in the program year,  *--as of the applicable loss event, instead of item 12F.</p>
12	Enter cumulative number of eligible lost colonies calculated by subtracting:--* <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• item 10, minus</li> <li>• item 11.</li> </ul>
13	Enter number of payment colonies, by producer share, determined by multiplying: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• the result of subtracting: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• item 12, minus</li> <li>• item 9</li> </ul> </li> <li>• times item 6 for each producer share entry number.</li> </ul>
14	Enter total payment colonies by summing the entries in item 13 for all producer share entries.
15	Enter honeybee colony fair market value for the applicable program year, as determined by DAFP, according to subparagraph 846 B.

# 890.5 CCC-934-1, Emergency Loss Assistance for Honeybees and Farm-Raised Fish Losses Payment Calculation Worksheet (Continued)

## A Completing Manual CCC-934-1 (Continued)

Item	Instruction
16	Enter payment factor of either of the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• 75 percent, if the producer checked “NO”, in CCC-934, item 5B</li> <li>• 90 percent, if the producer checked “YES”, in CCC-934, item 5B.</li> </ul>
17	Enter subtotal of eligible colony losses calculated by multiplying: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• item 14, times</li> <li>• item 15, times</li> <li>• item 16.</li> </ul> <p>The result shall be rounded to the nearest whole dollar.</p>
18	Enter amount of compensation included in the total amount of reductions from CCC-934, item 17, received from other disaster assistance programs for the same honeybee colony losses listed in item 17.
19	Enter total eligible colony losses calculated by subtracting: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• item 17, minus</li> <li>• item 18.</li> </ul>
<b>Part B – Honeybee Hive Loss Calculation</b>	
20	Enter producer share entry number from CCC-934 or CCC-934-A, item 14A.
21	Enter participant’s share from CCC-934 or CCC-934-A, item 14G.  <b>Note:</b> If participant has multiple shares, enter the differing shares from CCC-934-A in the additional lines provided.
22	*--Enter cumulative number of honeybee hives, as of the applicable loss event, lost calculated by adding all entries from CCC-934 and/or CCC-934-A, item 14E, per share entry.  <b>Note:</b> If entry is provided in CCC-934 or CCC-934-A, item 14K, then item 14K shall be used, instead of item 14E.
23	Enter cumulative number of ineligible hives lost during the program year, as of the applicable loss event, calculated by adding all entries on CCC-934 and/or CCC-934-A, item 14F. --*  <b>Note:</b> If an entry is provided in CCC-934 or CCC-934-A, item 14L, then item 14L shall be used, instead of item 14F.

**890.5 CCC-934-1, Emergency Loss Assistance for Honeybees and Farm-Raised Fish Losses  
Payment Calculation Worksheet (Continued)**

**A Completing Manual CCC-934-1 (Continued)**

Item	Instruction
24	*--Enter cumulative number of eligible hives lost, as of applicable loss event,--* calculated by subtracting: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• item 22, minus</li> <li>• item 23.</li> </ul>
25	Enter hive fair market value for the applicable program year, as determined by DAFP, provided in subparagraph 846 B.
26	Enter payment factor of either of the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• 75 percent, if the producer checked “NO”, in CCC-934, item 5B</li> <li>• 90 percent, if the producer checked “YES”, in CCC-934, item 5B.</li> </ul>
27	*--Enter cumulative eligible hive losses as calculated by multiplying:--* <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• item 21, times</li> <li>• item 24, times</li> <li>• item 25, times</li> <li>• item 26.</li> </ul> <p>The result shall be rounded to the nearest whole dollar.</p>
28	Enter subtotal of eligible hive losses calculated by adding item 27 for all producer share entries.
29	Enter amount of compensation included in the total amount of reductions from CCC-934, item 17, received from other disaster assistance programs for the same honeybee hive losses listed in item 28.
30	*--Enter cumulative eligible hive losses, as of the applicable loss event,--* calculated by subtracting: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• item 28, minus</li> <li>• item 29.</li> </ul>
<b>Part C – Honeybee Purchased Feed Lost and/or Additional Expenses Calculation (This part shall only be completed if “H” is entered in CCC-934/CCC-934-A, item 15B.)</b>	
31	Enter corresponding loss event number from CCC-934 or CCC-934-A, item 15A.
32	Enter type of purchased feed lost/additional expense incurred from CCC-934 or CCC-934-A, item 15C, for the corresponding loss event number entered in item 31.

**\*--890.5 CCC-934-1, Emergency Loss Assistance for Honeybees and Farm-Raised Fish Losses  
Payment Calculation Worksheet (Continued)**

**A Completing Manual CCC-934-1 (Continued)--\***

<b>Item</b>	<b>Instruction</b>
33	Enter value of purchased feed lost/additional expense incurred from CCC-934 or CCC-934-A, item 15D, for the corresponding loss event number entered in item 31.  <b>Note:</b> If entry is entered on CCC-934 or CCC-934-A, item 15F, then item 15F shall be entered, instead of item 15D.
34	Enter producers share from CCC-934 or CCC-934-A, item 15E for the corresponding loss event number entered in item 31.
35	Enter payment factor of either of the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• 60 percent, if the producer checked "NO" in CCC-934, item 5B</li> <li>• 90 percent, if the producer checked "YES" in CCC-934, item 5B.</li> </ul>
36	Calculate the feed losses/additional expenses incurred calculated by multiplying: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• item 33, times</li> <li>• item 34, times</li> <li>• item 35.</li> </ul> <p>The result shall be rounded to the nearest whole dollar.</p>
37	Enter subtotal of eligible purchased feed losses/additional expenses calculated by adding the entries in item 36 for all loss event numbers entered in item 31.
38	Enter amount of compensation included in the total amount of reductions from CCC-934, item 17, received from other disaster assistance programs for the same honeybee feed losses/additional expenses incurred listed in item 32.
39	Enter total eligible purchased feed loss/additional expense incurred calculated by subtracting: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• item 37, minus</li> <li>• item 38.</li> </ul>
<b>Part D – Additional Honeybee Feed Purchased Calculation</b>	
40	Enter corresponding loss event number from CCC-934 or CCC-934-A, item 16A.
41	Enter type of additional feed purchased from CCC-934 or CCC-934-A, item 16B, for the corresponding loss event number entered in item 40.

**890.5 CCC-934-1, Emergency Loss Assistance for Honeybees and Farm-Raised Fish Losses  
Payment Calculation Worksheet (Continued)**

**A Completing Manual CCC-934-1 (Continued)**

Item	Instruction
42	<p>Enter cost of feed purchased in application year from CCC-934 or CCC-934-A, item 16C, for the corresponding loss event number entered in item 40.</p> <p><b>Note:</b> If entry is provided in CCC-934 or CCC-934-A, item 16G, then item 16G shall be entered, <b>instead</b> of item 16C.</p>
*--43A	<p>Enter cost of feed purchased 1 year <b>before</b> the application year, from CCC-934 or CCC-934A, item 16D.</p> <p><b>Note:</b> If an entry is in CCC-934 or CC-934A, item 16H, then item 16H shall be entered <b>instead</b> of item 16D.</p>
43B	<p>Enter cost of feed purchased 2 years <b>before</b> the application year, from CCC-934 or CCC-934A, item 16E.</p> <p><b>Note:</b> If an entry is in CCC-934 or CC-934A, item 16I, then item 16I shall be entered <b>instead</b> of item 16E.</p>
43C	<p>Average cost of feed purchased in application year, for the corresponding loss event number entered in item 40, calculated by dividing:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• result of adding: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• item 43A, plus</li> <li>• item 43B</li> </ul> </li> <li>• divided by 2 years.--*</li> </ul>
44	<p>Enter producer's share from CCC-934 or CCC-934-A, item 16F, for the corresponding loss event number entered in item 40.</p>
45	<p>Enter payment factor of either of the following:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• 60 percent, if the producer checked "NO" in CCC-934, item 5B</li> <li>• 90 percent, if the producer checked "YES" in CCC-934, item 5B.</li> </ul>
46	<p>Calculate eligible additional feed purchased, by multiplying:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• result of subtracting: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• item 42, minus</li> <li>• item 43C</li> </ul> </li> <li>• times item 44</li> <li>• times item 45.</li> </ul> <p>The result shall be rounded to the nearest whole dollar.</p>

**890.5 CCC-934-1, Emergency Loss Assistance for Honeybees and Farm-Raised Fish Losses  
Payment Calculation Worksheet (Continued)**
**A Completing Manual CCC-934-1 (Continued)**

Item	Instruction
47	Enter subtotal of eligible additional honeybee feed purchased by summing the results in item 46.
48	Enter amount of compensation included in the total amount of reductions from CCC-934, item 17, received from other disaster assistance programs for the same additional honeybee feed expenses, incurred listed in item 41.
49	Enter total eligible additional honeybee feed loss by subtracting item 47 minus item 48.
<b>Part E - Total Honeybee Losses for Program Year</b>	
50	Enter eligible honeybee colony losses from item 19.
51	Enter eligible honeybee hive losses from item 30.
52	Enter eligible honeybee feed losses calculated by adding: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• item 39, plus</li> <li>• item 49.</li> </ul>
53	Enter eligible honeybee losses calculated by adding: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• item 50, plus</li> <li>• item 51, plus</li> <li>• item 52.</li> </ul>
<b>Part F – Farm-Raised Fish Death Loss Calculation</b>	
54	Enter loss event numbers from CCC-934 or CCC-934-A, item 13A.
55	Enter type/kind/size from CCC-394 or CCC-934-A, item 13B.
56	Enter beginning inventory from CCC-934 or CCC-934-A, item 13D.  <b>Note:</b> If entry is provided in CCC-934 or CCC-934-A, item 13H, then enter item 13H, instead of item 13D.
57	Enter ending inventory from CCC-934 or CCC-934-A, item 13E.  <b>Note:</b> If entry is provided in CCC-934 or CCC-934-A, item 13I, then enter item 13I, instead of item 13E.
*--58A	Enter normal mortality percentage established by STC for the type, kind, and size, as established in subparagraph 861 E.
58B	Enter minimum fish loss threshold calculated by multiplying: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• item 56, times</li> <li>• item 58A.--*</li> </ul>

**890.5 CCC-934-1, Emergency Loss Assistance for Honeybees and Farm-Raised Fish Losses  
Payment Calculation Worksheet (Continued)**

**A Completing Manual CCC-934-1 (Continued)**

Item	Instruction
59	Enter ineligible inventory lost from CCC-934 or CCC-934-A, item 13F.  <b>Note:</b> If entry is provided in CCC-934 or CCC-934-A, item 13J, then enter item 13J, instead of item 13F.
60	Enter eligible inventory lost calculated by subtracting the following:  •*--result of subtracting: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• item 56, minus</li> <li>• item 57</li> <li>• minus, item 58B--*</li> <li>• minus, item 59.</li> </ul> The result shall be rounded to the nearest whole number.
61	Enter producer's share from CCC-934 or CCC-934-A, item 13G.
62	Enter average fair market value established by STC for the type, kind and size, as determined in subparagraph 861 D.
63	Enter payment factor of either of the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• 75 percent, if the producer checked "NO", in CCC-934, item 5B</li> <li>• 90 percent, if the producer checked "YES", in CCC-934, item 5B.</li> </ul>
64	Enter eligible farm-raised fish death losses as calculated by multiplying: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• item 60, times</li> <li>• item 61, times</li> <li>• item 62, times</li> <li>• item 63.</li> </ul> The result shall be rounded to the nearest whole dollar.
65	Enter subtotal of eligible farm-raised fish death losses by summing the results in item 64.

**\*--890.5 CCC-934-1, Emergency Loss Assistance for Honeybees and Farm-Raised Fish Losses  
Payment Calculation Worksheet (Continued)**

**A Completing Manual CCC-934-1 (Continued)--\***

<b>Item</b>	<b>Instruction</b>
66	Enter amount of compensation included in the total amount of reductions from CCC-934, item 17, received from other disaster assistance programs for the same farm-raised fish death loss expenses incurred listed in item 55.
67	Enter total eligible farm-raised fish death losses, calculated by subtracting: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• item 65, minus</li> <li>• item 66.</li> </ul>
<b>Part G – Farm-Raised Fish Purchased Feed Lost and/or Additional Expense Calculation (This part shall only be completed if “F” is entered in CCC-934 or CCC-934-A, item 15B.)</b>	
68	Enter corresponding loss event number from CCC-934 or CCC-934-A, item 15A.
69	Enter type of farm-raised fish purchased feed lost/additional expense incurred from CCC-934 or CCC-934-A, item 15C, for the corresponding loss event number entered in item 68.
70	Enter value of purchased feed lost/additional expense incurred from CCC-934 or CCC-934-A, item 15D, for the corresponding loss event number entered in item 68.  <b>Note:</b> If entry is in CCC-934 or CCC-934-A, item 15F, then item 15F shall be entered, instead of item 15D.
71	Enter producers share from CCC-934 or CCC-934-A, item 15E, for the corresponding loss event number entered in item 68.
72	Enter payment factor of either of the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• 60 percent, if the producer checked “NO”, in CCC-934, item 5B</li> <li>• 90 percent, if the producer checked “YES”, in CCC-934, item 5B.</li> </ul>
73	Enter eligible farm-raised fish feed losses, calculated by multiplying: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• item 70, times</li> <li>• item 71, times</li> <li>• item 72.</li> </ul> <p>The result shall be rounded to the nearest whole dollar.</p>

**\*--890.5 CCC-934-1, Emergency Loss Assistance for Honeybees and Farm-Raised Fish Losses  
Payment Calculation Worksheet (Continued)**

**A Completing Manual CCC-934-1 (Continued)--\***

<b>Item</b>	<b>Instruction</b>
74	Enter subtotal of eligible farm-raised fish feed losses/additional expenses by adding the results in item 73.
75	Enter amount of compensation included in the total amount of reductions from CCC-934, item 17, received from other disaster assistance programs for the same farm-raised fish feed losses/additional expenses incurred listed in item 69.
76	Enter total eligible farm-raised fish purchased feed losses, calculated by subtracting: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• item 74, minus</li> <li>• item 75.</li> </ul>
<b>Part H - Total Farm-Raised Fish Losses for Program Year</b>	
77	Enter eligible farm-raised fish death losses from item 67.
78	Enter eligible farm-raised feed losses from item 76.
79	Enter eligible farm-raised fish losses by adding: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• item 77, plus</li> <li>• item 78.</li> </ul>
<b>Part I – Certification</b>	
80	Enter preparer's name.
81	Preparer will initial CCC-934-1 in the space provided.
82	Enter date the preparer initialed CCC-934-1.
83	Enter second party reviewer's name.
84	Second party reviewer will initial CCC-934-1 in the space provided.
85	Enter date the second party reviewer initialed CCC-934-1.

# 890.5 CCC-934-1, Emergency Loss Assistance for Honeybees and Farm-Raised Fish Losses Payment Calculation Worksheet (Continued)

## B Example of Manual CCC-934-1

Following is an example of a manual CCC-934-1.

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This form is available electronically.				1. State and County Code		2. Participant's Name	
<b>CCC-934-1</b> (05-28-14)				U. S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE Commodity Credit Corporation		12-125 Deb's Bees	
<b>Emergency Assistance for Honeybee and Farm-Raised Fish Losses Payment Calculation Worksheet</b>				3. Program Year 2012		4. Application number 001	
<b>Part A – Colony Loss Calculation</b>							
5. Entry Number	6. Producer Share	7. Program Year Inventory	8. % of Normal Mortality	9. Minimum Colony Loss Threshold (Item 7 x Item 8)	10. Total Number of Colonies Lost	11. Number of Ineligible Colonies Lost	12. Number of Eligible Lost Colonies (Item 10 – Item 11)
1	1.0000	950	17.5%	166.25	300	100	200
2	0.5000	400	17.5%	70.0	100	0	100
3			17.5%				
14. Total Payment Colonies (Sum of Item 13)				48.75			
15. Colony Fair Market Value				\$75.00			
16. Payment Factor				90%			
17. Subtotal Eligible Colony Losses (Item 14 X Item 15 X Item 16)				\$3291.00			
18. Colony Loss Payment Reduction				\$0.00			
19. Total Eligible Colony Losses (Item 17 – Item 18)				\$3291.00			
<b>Part B – Honeybee Hive Loss Calculation</b>							
20. Entry Number	21. Producer Share	22. Number of Hives Lost	23. Number of Ineligible Hives Lost	24. Number of Eligible Hives Lost (Item 22 – Item 23)	25. Hive Fair Market Value	26. Payment Factor	27. Eligible Hive Losses (Item 21 x Item 24 x Item 25 x Item 26)
1	1.0000	195	0	195	\$210	90 %	\$36,855.00
2						%	
3						%	
28. Subtotal Eligible Hive Losses (Sum of Item 27)				\$36,855.00			
29. Hive Loss Payment Reduction				\$0.00			
30. Total Eligible Hive Losses (Item 28 – Item 29)				\$36,855.00			
<b>Part C – Honeybee Purchased Feed Lost and/or Additional Expenses Calculation</b>							
31. Loss Event Number	32. Type of Purchased Feed Lost/ Additional Expense Incurred	33. Value of Purchased Feed Lost/ Additional Expense Incurred	34. Producer Share	35. Payment Factor	36. Feed Losses/Additional Expenses Incurred (Item 33 x Item 34 x Item 35)		
1	200 lbs of cane sugar	\$100.00	1.0000	90 %	\$90.00		
				%			
				%			
37. Subtotal Eligible Purchased Feed Losses/Additional Expenses Incurred (Sum of Item 36)				\$90.00			
38. Purchased Feed Loss Payment Reduction				\$0.00			
39. Total Eligible Purchased Feed Loss/Additional Expenses Incurred (Item 37 – Item 38)				\$90.00			
<b>Part D – Additional Honeybee Feed Purchased Calculation</b>							
40. Loss Event Number	41. Type of Additional Feed Purchased	42. Cost of Feed Purchased in Application Year	43A. Cost of Feed Purchased 1 Year Prior	43B. Cost of Feed Purchased 2 Years Prior	43C. Average Cost of Feed Purchased in Prior Years	44. Producer Share	45. Payment Factor
2	3 bags of sugar	\$75.00	\$0.00	\$20.00	\$10.00	1.000	90 %
							%
							%
47. Subtotal Eligible Additional Honeybee Feed Purchased (Sum of Item 46)				\$59.00			
48. Additional Honeybee Feed Loss Payment Reduction				\$0.00			
49. Total Eligible Additional Honeybee Feed Loss (Item 47 – Item 48)				\$59.00			

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# 890.5 CCC-934-1, Emergency Loss Assistance for Honeybees and Farm-Raised Fish Losses Payment Calculation Worksheet (Continued)

## B Example of Manual CCC-934-1 (Continued)

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CCC-934-1 (05-28-14)												Page 2
<b>Part E – Total Honeybee Losses for Program Year</b>												
50. Eligible Honeybee Colony Losses (Item 19)				51. Eligible Honeybee Hive Losses (Item 30)				52. Eligible Honeybee Feed Losses (Item 39 + Item 49)				53. Eligible Honeybee Losses (Item 50 + Item 51 + Item 52)
\$3,291.00				\$36,855.00				\$149.00				\$40,295.00
<b>Part F – Farm-Raised Fish Death Loss Calculation</b>												
54. Loss Event Number(s)	55. Type/Kind/Size	56. Beginning Inventory	57. Ending Inventory	58A. Percent of Normal Mortality	58B. Minimum Fish Loss Threshold (Item 56 x Item 58A)	59. Ineligible Inventory Lost	60. Eligible Inventory Lost (Item 56 - Item 57) - Item 58B - Item 59)	61. Producer Share	62. Average Fair Market Value	63. Payment Factor	64. Eligible Death Losses (Item 60 x Item 61 x Item 62 x Item 63)	
										%		
										%		
										%		
										%		
										%		
										%		
										%		
65. Subtotal Eligible Death Losses (Sum of Item 64)					\$							
66. Farm-Raised Fish Death Loss Payment Reduction					\$							
67. Total Eligible Farm-Raised Fish Death Losses (Item 65 - Item 66)					\$							
<b>Part G – Farm-Raised Fish Purchased Feed Lost and/or Additional Expenses Calculation</b>												
68. Loss Event Number	69. Type of Purchased Feed Lost or Additional Expense Incurred	70. Value of Purchased Feed Lost or Additional Expense Incurred				71. Producer Share	72. Payment Factor	73. Eligible Farm-Raised Fish Feed Losses (Item 70 x Item 71 x Item 72)				
							%					
							%					
							%					
							%					
							%					
74. Subtotal Eligible Farm-Raised Fish Purchased Feed Losses/Additional Expenses (Sum of Item 73)						\$						
75. Farm-Raised Fish Feed Loss Payment Reduction						\$						
76. Total Eligible Farm-Raised Fish Purchased Feed Losses (Item 74 - Item 75)						\$						
<b>Part H – Total Farm-Raised Fish Losses for Program Year</b>												
77. Eligible Farm-Raised Fish Death Losses (Item 67)					78. Eligible Farm-Raised Fish Feed Losses (Item 76)					79. Eligible Farm-Raised Fish Losses (Item 77 + Item 78)		
<b>Part I – Certification</b>												
80. Preparer's Name		81. Preparer's Initials		82. Date (MM-DD-YYYY)		83. 2 <sup>nd</sup> Party Reviewer Name		84. 2 <sup>nd</sup> Party Reviewer Initials		85. Date (MM-DD-YYYY)		

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## 891 CCC-851-1, Emergency Loss Assistance for Livestock Payment Calculation Worksheet

## A Completing Manual CCC-851-1

Complete CCC-851-1 according to the following.

Item	Instruction
1	Enter State and county code from CCC-851, item 1.
2	Enter the producer's name from CCC-851, item 5A.
3	Enter the program year from CCC-851, item 2.
4	Enter the application number from CCC-851, item 4.
<b>Part A – Livestock Forage Information – Grazing Loss – Non-Fire</b> <b>(Part A must be completed for grazing losses - non-fire,</b> <b>*--feed losses/additional expenses, and water transportation losses.)--*</b>	
5	<p>Enter the sequential corresponding letter from CCC-851, item 9, for each livestock kind, type, and weight range that incurred a grazing non-fire and/or feed/additional expense loss.</p> <p><b>Notes:</b> An entry is only required for those livestock that were or would have been grazing eligible pasture or grazing land acres during the eligible loss event, <b>excluding fire.</b></p> <p>Livestock that were or would have been grazing fire affected pasture or grazing land acres shall <b>not</b> be entered in Part A.</p>
6	Enter the livestock by kind, type, and weight range from CCC-851, item 10 for the applicable livestock.
7	<p>Enter the livestock inventory from CCC-851, item 11.</p> <p><b>Note:</b> If an entry is entered in CCC-851, item 13, then item 13 for the specific livestock kind, type, and weight range shall be used instead of item 11.</p>
8	Enter the AU conversion factor, provided in Exhibit 16, for the animal type entered in item 6.
9	<p>Enter the actual number of days the producer's eligible livestock were unable to graze each specific type of pasture, <b>not</b> to exceed 150 calendar days per program year, from CCC-851:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>item 21 for owned or cash-leased land (non-fire affected); if an entry is entered in CCC-851, item 24, for the specific livestock kind, type, and weight range, then item 24 shall be used instead of item 21</li> <li>item 28 for AUM/AU leased land (non-fire affected); if an entry is entered in CCC-851, item 30, then for the specific livestock kind, type, and weight range, item 30 shall be used instead of item 28.</li> </ul>

**891 CCC-851-1, Emergency Loss Assistance for Livestock Payment Calculation Worksheet  
(Continued)**

**A Completing Manual CCC-851-1 (Continued)**

Item	Instruction
10	Enter the share the producer has in the livestock entered in item 6, from CCC-851, item 12.
11	Enter the payment rate per head for the applicable livestock kind, type, and weight range, entered in item 6, from the table provided in subparagraph 831 A for the applicable program year in which the loss occurred.
12	<p>Enter the total value of livestock feed cost calculated by multiplying:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• item 7, times</li> <li>• item 8, times</li> <li>• item 9, times</li> <li>• item 10, times</li> <li>• item 11.</li> </ul> <p>The result shall be rounded to the nearest whole dollar.</p>
13	<p>Enter the value of livestock feed cost for 150 days calculated by multiplying:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• items 7, times</li> <li>• item 8, times</li> <li>• item 10, times</li> <li>• item 11, times</li> <li>• 150 calendar days.</li> </ul> <p>The result should be rounded to the nearest whole dollar.</p>
14	Enter total sum of item 12 for all livestock groups listed in item 5.
***	***

**891 CCC-851-1, Emergency Loss Assistance for Livestock Payment Calculation Worksheet  
(Continued)**

**A Completing Manual CCC-851-1 (Continued)**

Item	Instruction
<b>Part B – Forage Information – Grazing Loss – Non-Fire – Owned or Cash-Leased Land (Part B shall not be completed when a producer only has a feed loss.)</b>	
15	Enter the sequential corresponding letter from CCC-851, item 18, for each livestock kind, type, and weight range that are grazing or would have been grazing the specific type of pasture entered in item 16.
16	Enter all pasture types from CCC-851, item 19.
17	<p>Enter the number of acres by physical location county, associated with each pasture type entered in item 16 determined by multiplying:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• CCC-851, item 20A, times</li> <li>• CCC-851, item 20B.</li> </ul> <p><b>Note:</b> If an entry is entered in CCC-851, item 23, then item 23, for the specific pasture type, shall be used instead of item 20A in the calculation above.</p>
18	Enter the applicable carrying capacity from CCC-851, item 22, for each pasture type entered in item 16.
19	<p>Enter the maximum AU's for each pasture type entered in item 16 calculated by dividing:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• item 17, by</li> <li>• item 18.</li> </ul> <p>Round the result to 2 decimal places.</p>
20	<p>Enter the actual number of calendar days the producer's eligible livestock were unable to graze each specific type of pasture from CCC-851, item 21, not to exceed 150 calendar days per program year.</p> <p><b>Note:</b> If an entry is entered in CCC-851, item 24, then item 24, for the specific pasture type, shall be used instead of item 21, not to exceed 150 calendar days per program year.</p>
21	Enter the daily payment rate per head for each livestock kind, type, and weight range from subparagraph 831 A for the program year in which the loss occurred.

# 891 CCC-851-1, Emergency Loss Assistance for Livestock Payment Calculation Worksheet (Continued)

## A Completing Manual CCC-851-1 (Continued)

Item	Instruction
22	<p>Enter the value of grazing lost based on carrying capacity of eligible grazing land calculated by multiplying:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• item 19, times</li> <li>• item 20, times</li> <li>• item 21.</li> </ul> <p>The result should be rounded to the nearest whole dollar.</p>
23	Enter the total value of grazing lost based on carrying capacity for all owned or cash-leased land calculated by adding the results in item 22.
<b>Part C – Forage Information – Grazing Loss – Non-Fire – AUM/AU Leased Land (Part C shall not be completed when a producer only has a feed loss.)</b>	
24	Enter the sequential corresponding letter from CCC-851, item 25, for each livestock kind, type, and weight range that are grazing or would have been grazing the specific type of pasture entered in item 25.
25	Enter all pasture types from CCC-851, item 26, for AUM or AU leased land.
26	<p>Enter the number of AU's, from CCC-851, item 27, allowed by the pasture type entered in item 25.</p> <p><b>Note:</b> If an entry is entered in CCC-851, item 29, then item 29 for the specific pasture type shall be used instead of item 27.</p>
27	<p>Enter the actual number of calendar days from CCC-851, item 28, that the producer's eligible livestock were unable to graze for each specific type of pasture entered in item 25 because of the qualifying adverse weather or loss conditions, excluding fire, not to exceed 150 calendar days per program year.</p> <p><b>Note:</b> If an entry is entered in CCC-851, item 30, then item 30 for the specific pasture type shall be used instead of item 28, not to exceed 150 calendar days per program year.</p>
28	Enter the daily payment rate per head for each livestock kind, type, and weight range from subparagraph 831 A for the program year in which the loss occurred.

# 891 CCC-851-1, Emergency Loss Assistance for Livestock Payment Calculation Worksheet (Continued)

## A Completing Manual CCC-851-1 (Continued)

Item	Instruction
29	<p>Enter the value of grazing lost based on carrying capacity for each pasture type calculated by multiplying:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• item 26, times</li> <li>• item 27, times</li> <li>• item 28.</li> </ul> <p>The result shall be rounded to the nearest whole dollar.</p>
30	Enter the total value of grazing lost based on carrying capacity for all AUM/AU leased land calculated by adding the results in item 29.
<p align="center"><b>Part D – Net Payment Calculation For Forage – Non-Fire</b>  <b>(Part D shall not be completed when a producer only has a feed loss.)</b></p>	
31	*--Enter the total value of livestock feed cost calculated by summing the applicable value in item 12 and the livestock groups entered in items 15 and 24.--*
32	<p>Enter the total value of grazing lost based on carrying capacity, calculated by adding:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• item 23, plus</li> <li>• item 30.</li> </ul>
33	Enter the smaller of item 31 or 32.
34	<p>Enter national payment factor of either of the following:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• 60 percent for producers who checked “NO”, in CCC-851, item 5B</li> <li>• 90 percent for producers who checked “YES”, in CCC-851, item 5B.</li> </ul>
35	<p>Enter the grazing loss calculated payment amount, non-fire, by multiplying:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• item 33, times</li> <li>• item 34.</li> </ul> <p>The result shall be rounded to the nearest whole number.</p>
36	Enter the amount of compensation, included in the total amount of reductions from CCC-851, item 73, received from other disaster assistance programs for the same grazing losses on the pasture types listed in item 16 and 25.
37	<p>Enter the net grazing loss calculated payment amount, non-fire, by subtracting:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• item 35, minus</li> <li>• item 36.</li> </ul> <p>If the result is less than zero, enter zero in item 37.</p>

**891 CCC-851-1, Emergency Loss Assistance for Livestock Payment Calculation Worksheet  
(Continued)**

**A Completing Manual CCC-851-1 (Continued)**

Item	Instruction
<b>Part E – Forage Information – Grazing Loss - Fire</b>	
38	Enter the sequential corresponding letter from CCC-851, item 31.
39	Enter all pasture types affected by fire on all non-Federal managed lands, from CCC-851, item 32.
40	<p>Enter the number of acres affected by wildfire, for the applicable pasture types listed in item 39, determined by multiplying:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• CCC-851, item 33A times</li> <li>• CCC-851, item 33B.</li> </ul> <p><b>Note:</b> If an entry is entered in CCC-851, item 36, then item 36, for the specific pasture type, shall be used instead of item 33A.</p>
41	Enter the carrying capacity from CCC-851, item 35, for the applicable pasture types listed in item 39.
42	<p>Enter the maximum AU's calculated by dividing:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• item 40, by</li> <li>• item 41.</li> </ul>
43	<p>Enter the actual number of calendar days from CCC-851, item 34, that the producer's eligible livestock were unable to graze for each specific type of pasture entered in item 39 because of wildfires, not to exceed 180 calendar days per program year.</p> <p><b>Note:</b> If an entry is entered in CCC-851, item 37, then item 37 for the specific pasture type shall be used instead of item 34, not to exceed 180 calendar days per program year.</p>
44	Enter the daily payment rate per head for each livestock kind, type, and weight range from subparagraph 831 A for the program year in which the loss occurred.
45	<p>Enter the value of grazing lost because of wildfire on non-Federal land calculated by multiplying:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• item 42, times</li> <li>• item 43, times</li> <li>• item 44.</li> </ul> <p>The result shall be rounded to the nearest whole number.</p>

**891 CCC-851-1, Emergency Loss Assistance for Livestock Payment Calculation Worksheet  
(Continued)**
**A Completing Manual CCC-851-1 (Continued)**

Item	Instruction
46	<p>*--Enter the value of feed cost for 180 calendar days calculated by multiplying:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• item 42, times</li> <li>• item 44, times</li> <li>• 180 calendar days.</li> </ul> <p>The result shall be rounded to the nearest whole dollar.</p>
47A	Enter the grazing loss calculated payment amount for wildfire on non-Federal land by adding the results in item 45.
47B	Enter the value of 180-calendar-day livestock feed cost for wildfire on non-Federal--* land by adding the results in item 46.
47C	Enter the smaller of item 47A or 47B.
48	<p>Enter national payment factor of either of the following:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• 60 percent for producers who checked “NO”, in CCC-851, item 5B</li> <li>• 90 percent for producers who checked “YES”, in CCC-851, item 5B.</li> </ul>
49	<p>Enter the grazing loss calculated payment amount for wildfire on non-Federal land calculated by multiplying:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• item 47C, times</li> <li>• item 48.</li> </ul> <p>The result shall be rounded to the nearest whole dollar.</p>
50	Enter the amount of compensation, included in the total amount of reductions from CCC-851, item 73, received from other disaster assistance programs for the same grazing losses on the pasture types listed in item 39.
51	<p>Enter the net grazing loss calculated payment amount for wildfires on non-Federal land by subtracting:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• item 49, minus</li> <li>• item 50.</li> </ul> <p>If the result is less than zero, enter zero in item 51.</p>

# 891 CCC-851-1, Emergency Loss Assistance for Livestock Payment Calculation Worksheet (Continued)

## A Completing Manual CCC-851-1 (Continued)

Item	Instruction
<b>Part F- Purchased and Produced Feed Lost and Additional Expenses</b>	
52A	<p>ENTER:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• “N” if the feed loss listed in item 53 is for livestock listed in item 52B that were or would have been grazing specific pasture type entered in item 16 or 25 if not for a non-fire weather event or loss condition</li> <li>• “F” if the feed loss listed in item 53 is for livestock listed in item 52B that were or would have been grazing specific pasture type entered in item 39 if not for a wildfire.</li> </ul>
52B	<p>Enter the sequential corresponding letter for each livestock kind, type, and weight range that would have been fed the specific type of purchased or produced feed lost entered in item 53, or for which additional feed expenses listed in item 53, were incurred, as provided in CCC-851:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• item 38A for produced feed lost</li> <li>• item 44A for purchased feed lost</li> <li>• item 48A for additional feed expenses only (additional feed purchased above normal will be calculated in Part G).</li> </ul>
53	<p>Enter the type of purchased and/or produced feed lost and/or additional expenses incurred for the participant’s eligible livestock listed in item 52B, as provided in CCC-851:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>•*--item 39 for produced feed and/or</li> <li>• item 45 for purchased feed lost and/or additional expenses.--*</li> </ul>
54	<p>Enter the eligible quantity of produced feed that was lost from CCC-851, item 40, and was intended to be fed to the participant’s eligible livestock listed in item 52B.</p> <p><b>Notes:</b> If an entry is entered in CCC-851, item 42, then item 42 shall be used instead of item 40.</p> <p>An entry is <b>not</b> required for purchased feed that was lost or additional expenses.</p>

# 891 CCC-851-1, Emergency Loss Assistance for Livestock Payment Calculation Worksheet (Continued)

## A Completing Manual CCC-851-1 (Continued)

Item	Instruction
55	<p>Enter the value of:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• produced feed that was lost calculated by multiplying: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• item 41A on CCC-851, times</li> <li>• item 41B on CCC-851</li> </ul> </li> </ul> <p><b>Note:</b> If an entry is entered in CCC-851, item 43, then item 43 shall be used instead of item 41A.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>•*--purchased feed that was lost or additional expenses calculated by multiplying:--*</li> </ul> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• item 46A on CCC-851, times</li> <li>• item 46B on CCC-851</li> </ul> <p><b>Note:</b> If an entry is entered in CCC-851, item 47, then item 47 shall be used instead of item 46A.</p> <p>* * *</p>
56	Enter the total value of purchased and produced feed lost and/or additional feed expenses for livestock that was or would have been grazing eligible non-fire affected grazing land calculated by adding the results in item 55 for all rows with a "N" in item 52A.
57	Enter the 150-calendar day feed cost calculated by adding the result in item 13 for the applicable livestock listed in item 52B for which purchased or produced feed was lost or additional expenses incurred and that were or would have been grazing eligible non-fire affected grazing land listed in items 16 or 25.
58	Enter the smaller of item 56 or item 57.

**891 CCC-851-1, Emergency Loss Assistance for Livestock Payment Calculation Worksheet  
(Continued)**
**A Completing Manual CCC-851-1 (Continued)**

Item	Instruction
59	Enter the total value of purchased and produced feed lost and/or additional feed expenses for livestock that were or would have been grazing eligible fire-affected grazing land calculated by adding the results in item 55 for all rows with a "F" in item 52A.
60	*--Enter the 180-calendar day feed cost calculated by adding the result in item 46 for--* the applicable livestock listed in item 46 for which purchased or produced feed was lost or additional expenses incurred and that were or would have been grazing eligible fire-affected grazing land listed in item 39.
61	Enter the smaller of item 59 or 60.
62	Enter the total value of purchased and produced feed lost and additional feed expenses calculated by adding: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• item 58, plus</li> <li>• item 61.</li> </ul>
63	The national payment factor of either of the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• 60 percent for producers who checked "NO", in CCC-851, item 5B</li> <li>• 90 percent for producers who checked "YES", in CCC-851, item 5B.</li> </ul>
64	Enter the payment for purchased and produced feed lost and additional feed expenses calculated by multiplying: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• item 62, times</li> <li>• item 63.</li> </ul> Result shall be rounded to the nearest whole number.
65	Enter the amount of compensation included in the total amount of reductions from CCC-851, item 73, received from other disaster assistance programs for the same feed losses or additional feed expenses listed in item 53.
66	Enter the net calculated payment for purchased and produced feed lost and additional feed expenses calculated by subtracting: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• item 64, minus</li> <li>• item 65.</li> </ul> If the result is less than zero, then enter zero.

# 891 CCC-851-1, Emergency Loss Assistance for Livestock Payment Calculation Worksheet (Continued)

## A Completing Manual CCC-851-1 (Continued)

Item	Instruction
<b>Part G – Additional Feed Purchased</b>	
67A	<p>ENTER:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• “N” if the additional feed purchased above normal quantities listed in item 68A is for livestock listed in item 67B that were or would have been grazing specific pasture type entered in item 16 or 25 if not for a non-fire weather event or loss condition</li> <li>• “F” if the additional feed purchased above normal quantities listed in item 68A is for livestock listed in item 67B that were or would have been grazing specific pasture type entered in item 39 if not for a fire event.</li> </ul>
67B	Enter the sequential corresponding letter from CCC-851, item 9, for each livestock kind, type, and weight range that was or would have been fed the additional feed purchased above normal quantities entered in item 68A.
67C	Enter corresponding loss event number for the applicable adverse weather event or loss condition from CCC-851, item 7A.
67D	<p>ENTER:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• “I”, if the qualifying weather event or loss condition entered in item 67C occurred inside/during the normal grazing period for the livestock group listed in item 67B</li> <li>• “O”, if the qualifying weather event or loss condition entered in item 67C occurred outside the normal grazing period for the livestock group listed in item 67B.</li> </ul>
68A	Enter type of additional feed purchased above normal to sustain eligible livestock from CCC-851, item 49.
68B	<p>Enter the dollar value of additional feed purchased for the current program year, calculated by multiplying:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• item 51A from CCC-851, times</li> <li>• item 51B from CCC-851.</li> </ul> <p><b>Note:</b> If an entry is entered in CCC-851, item 53, then item 53 shall be used in the calculation above instead of item 51A.</p>

# 891 CCC-851-1, Emergency Loss Assistance for Livestock Payment Calculation Worksheet (Continued)

## A Completing Manual CCC-851-1 (Continued)

Item	Instruction
68C	<p>Enter the dollar value of additional feed purchased for 1 year before the current program year, calculated by multiplying:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• item 50A from CCC-851, times</li> <li>• item 51B from CCC-851.</li> </ul> <p><b>Note:</b> If an entry is entered in CCC-851, item 52A, then item 52A shall be used in the calculation above instead of item 50A.</p>
68D	<p>Enter the dollar value of additional feed purchased for the second year before the current program year, calculated by multiplying:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• item 50B from CCC-851, times</li> <li>• item 51B from CCC-851.</li> </ul> <p><b>Note:</b> If an entry is entered in CCC-851, item 52B, then item 52B shall be used in the calculation above instead of item 50B.</p>
68E	<p>Enter the average of items 68C and 68D to determine the average feed cost for the past 2 years calculated by dividing:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• the sum of items 68C and 68D, by</li> <li>• 2 years.</li> </ul>
68F	Enter the number of days grazing was lost for the loss event listed in item 67C. * * *

**891 CCC-851-1, Emergency Loss Assistance for Livestock Payment Calculation Worksheet  
(Continued)**
**A Completing Manual CCC-851-1 (Continued)**

Item	Instruction
68G	<p>Enter the:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• 150-calendar-day feed cost for the livestock for which additional feed was purchased above normal because of a nonfire weather event or loss condition, as indicated with a “N” in item 67A, that occurred: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• inside the normal grazing period, indicated with an “T” in item 67D, enter the sum of items 13 for the applicable livestock groups listed in item 67B</li> <li>• outside the normal grazing period, indicated with an “O” in item 67D, enter the sum of items 13 for the applicable livestock groups listed in item 67B</li> </ul> </li> <li>•*--180-calendar-day feed cost for the livestock for which additional feed was purchased above normal because of a wildfire on non-Federal land, as indicated--* with a “F” in item 67A, that occurred: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• inside the normal grazing period, indicated with an “T” in item 67D, enter the sum of items 46 for the applicable livestock groups listed in item 67B</li> <li>• outside the normal grazing period, indicated with an “O” in item 67D, enter the sum of items 46 for the applicable livestock groups listed in item 67B.</li> </ul> </li> </ul> <p>Result shall be rounded to the nearest whole number.</p>
68H	<p>Enter value of livestock feed needs during the eligible adverse weather event or loss condition calculated by multiplying:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• item 68F, times</li> <li>• result of dividing: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• item 68G by</li> <li>• 150 calendar days.</li> </ul> </li> </ul> <p>Result shall be rounded to the nearest whole number.</p>

# 891 CCC-851-1, Emergency Loss Assistance for Livestock Payment Calculation Worksheet (Continued)

## A Completing Manual CCC-851-1 (Continued)

Item	Instruction
69	Enter value of eligible purchases of additional livestock feed purchased above normal quantities calculated using the lessor of either of the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• item 68H, or</li> <li>• result of subtracting: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• item 68B, minus</li> <li>• item 68E.</li> </ul> </li> </ul>
70	Enter value of additional feed purchased above normal to sustain eligible livestock, that was or would have been grazing eligible non-fire affected grazing land <b>during the grazing period</b> , by adding the results in item 69 for all rows with a “N” in item 67A and an “I” in item 67D.
71	*--Enter value of the feed needs during the event for eligible livestock that was or would have been grazing eligible non-fire affected grazing land <b>during the grazing period</b> , by adding the results in item 68H for all rows with a “N” in item 67A and an--* “I” in item 67D.
72	Enter smaller of item 70 or 71.
73	The national payment factor is either of the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• 60 percent for producers who checked “NO”, in CCC-851, item 5B</li> <li>• 90 percent for producers who checked “YES”, in CCC-851, item 5B.</li> </ul>
74	Enter non-fire payment amount for additional feed purchased above normal quantities because of an eligible adverse weather event or loss condition that occurs during the normal grazing period calculated by multiplying: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• item 72, times</li> <li>• item 73.</li> </ul> <p>Result shall be rounded to the nearest whole number.</p>
75	Enter amount of compensation included in the total amount of reductions from CCC-851, item 73, received from other disaster assistance programs for the same feed losses for additional feed purchased above normal quantities listed in item 68A, because of a non-fire event that occurs during the normal grazing period.
76	Enter net payment for additional feed purchased above normal quantities, because of a non-fire event that occurs during the normal grazing period calculated by subtracting: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• item 74, minus</li> <li>• item 75.</li> </ul>

# 891 CCC-851-1, Emergency Loss Assistance for Livestock Payment Calculation Worksheet (Continued)

## A Completing Manual CCC-851-1 (Continued)

Item	Instruction
77	Enter value of additional feed purchased above normal to sustain eligible livestock, that was or would have been grazing eligible non-fire affected grazing land outside <b>the grazing period</b> , by adding the results in item 69 for all rows with a “N” in item 67A and an “O” in item 67D.
78	*--Enter value of the feed needs for eligible livestock that was or would have been grazing eligible non-fire affected grazing land <b>outside the grazing period</b> , by adding the results in item 68H for all rows with a “N” in item 67A and an “O” in item 67D.--*
79	Enter smaller of item 77 or 78.
80	The national payment factor is either of the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• 60 percent for producers who checked “NO”, in CCC-851, item 5B</li> <li>• 90 percent for producers who checked “YES”, in CCC-851, item 5B.</li> </ul>
81	Enter non-fire payment amount for additional feed purchased above normal quantities because of an eligible adverse weather event or loss condition that occurs outside the normal grazing period calculated by multiplying: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• item 79, times</li> <li>• item 80.</li> </ul> <p>Result shall be rounded to the nearest whole number.</p>
82	Enter amount of compensation included in the total amount of reductions from CCC-851, item 73, received from other disaster assistance programs for the same feed losses for additional feed purchased above normal quantities listed in item 68A, because of a non-fire event that occurs outside the normal grazing period.
83	Enter net payment for additional feed purchased above normal quantities because of a non-fire event that occurs outside the normal grazing period calculated by subtracting: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• item 81, minus</li> <li>• item 82.</li> </ul>
84	Enter total value of additional feed purchased above normal to sustain eligible livestock that was or would have been grazing fire-affected grazing land, calculated by adding the results in item 69 for all rows with an “F” in item 67A.
85	Enter the 150-calendar day feed cost for eligible livestock that was or would have been grazing eligible fire affected grazing land, by adding the results in item 68G for all rows with a “F” in item 67A.

# 891 CCC-851-1, Emergency Loss Assistance for Livestock Payment Calculation Worksheet (Continued)

## A Completing Manual CCC-851-1 (Continued)

Item	Instruction
86	Enter smaller of item 84 or 85.
87	The national payment factor is either of the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• 60 percent for producers who checked “NO”, in CCC-851, item 5B</li> <li>• 90 percent for producers who checked “YES”, in CCC-851, item 5B.</li> </ul>
88	Enter , fire calculated payment amount for additional feed purchased above normal quantities calculated by multiplying: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• item 86, times</li> <li>• item 87.</li> </ul> Results shall be rounded to the nearest whole number.
89	Enter amount of compensation included in the total amount of reductions from CCC-851, item 73, received from other disaster assistance programs for the same feed losses for additional feed purchased above normal quantities listed in item 68A because of fire.
90	Enter net payment for fire additional feed purchased above normal calculated by subtracting: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• item 88, minus</li> <li>• item 89.</li> </ul>
<b>Part H – Grazing Loss Versus Additional Feed Purchased Above Normal</b>	
91	Enter larger of item 37 or 76.
92	Enter larger of item 51 or 90.
93	Enter amount in item 83.
94	Enter total payment for all grazing losses or additional feed purchased above normal during and outside the grazing period, because of a fire and non-fire eligible adverse weather event or loss condition calculated by adding: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• item 91, plus</li> <li>• item 92, plus</li> <li>• item 93.</li> </ul>

**891 CCC-851-1, Emergency Loss Assistance for Livestock Payment Calculation Worksheet  
(Continued)**
**A Completing Manual CCC-851-1 (Continued)**

Item	Instruction
<b>Part I – Livestock Death Losses</b>	
95	ENTER: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• “O”, if the applicant is the owner of the livestock listed from CCC-851, item 56</li> <li>• “C”, if the applicant is the contract grower of the livestock listed from CCC-851, item 56.</li> </ul>
*--96A	Enter the sequential corresponding letter from CCC-851, item 54, for each livestock kind, type, and weight range for which the loss occurred from CCC-851, item 10.
96B	Enter the livestock by kind, type, and weight range from CCC-851, item 10 that correspond to the livestock groups in item 96A and CCC-851, item 54.--*
97	Enter total number of eligible livestock, from CCC-851, item 11, in inventory on the beginning date of the eligible loss condition. <p><b>Note:</b> If there is an entry in CCC-851, item 13, then item 13 shall be used instead of item 11.</p>
98	Enter normal mortality rate for the kind, type, and weight range of livestock entered in *--item 96, as established under LIP and provided is subparagraph 41 I.--*
99	Enter the livestock death loss threshold by multiplying: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• item 97, times</li> <li>• item 98.</li> </ul> <p>Result shall be rounded to the nearest whole number.</p>
100	Enter number of livestock lost because of normal mortality from CCC-851, item 57, *--for the kind, type, and weight range of livestock listed in item 96A.--* <p><b>Note:</b> If there is an entry in CCC-851, item 59, then item 59 shall be used instead of item 57.</p>
101	Enter net livestock death loss threshold by subtracting: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• item 99, minus</li> <li>• item 100.</li> </ul> <p>If the result is negative, then enter zero.</p>

**891 CCC-851-1, Emergency Loss Assistance for Livestock Payment Calculation Worksheet  
(Continued)**
**A Completing Manual CCC-851-1 (Continued)**

Item	Instruction
102	Enter number of head of livestock by kind, type, and weight range from CCC-851, item 56 that died because of an eligible loss condition.  <b>Note:</b> If an entry is entered in CCC-851, item 58, then item 58 shall be used instead of item 56.
103	Enter eligible number of head of livestock by kind, type, and weight range calculated by subtracting: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• item 102, minus</li> <li>• item 101.</li> </ul> If the result is negative, then enter zero.
104	Enter payment rate for the livestock kind, type, and weight range listed in *-item 96B from subparagraph 831 G for eligible livestock owners and eligible--* livestock contract growers.
105	Enter calculated payment for livestock death losses calculated by multiplying: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• item 103, times</li> <li>• item 104.</li> </ul>
106A	Enter total calculated payment for livestock death losses calculated by adding the results in item 105.
106B	The national payment factor is either of the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• 75 percent for producers who checked “NO”, in CCC-851, item 5B</li> <li>• 90 percent for producers who checked “YES”, in CCC-851, item 5B.</li> </ul>
106C	Enter the total calculated payment for livestock death losses by multiplying: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• item 106A, times</li> <li>• item 106B.</li> </ul>
107	Enter monetary compensation received by the producer from their contract for the loss of income suffered from the death of the livestock under contract from CCC-851, item 72. Entry only required for contract growers.

# 891 CCC-851-1, Emergency Loss Assistance for Livestock Payment Calculation Worksheet (Continued)

## A Completing Manual CCC-851-1 (Continued)

Item	Instruction
108	Enter amount of compensation included in the total amount of reductions from CCC-851, item 73, received from other disaster assistance programs for the same livestock death losses listed in item 96.
109	<p>Enter total net calculated payment for livestock death losses calculated by subtracting:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• item 106 C, minus</li> <li>• item 107, minus</li> <li>• item 108.</li> </ul> <p>If the result is less than zero, then enter zero.</p>
<b>Part J – Water Transporting</b>	
110	Enter the sequential corresponding letter from CCC-851, item 64A, for each livestock kind, type, and weight range for which the loss occurred from CCC-851, item 10.
111	<p>Enter total number of eligible livestock, from CCC-851, item 11, in inventory on the beginning date of the eligible loss condition.</p> <p><b>Note:</b> If there is an entry in CCC-851, item 13, then item 13 shall be used instead of item 11.</p>
112	Enter the AU conversion factor, provided in Exhibit 16, for the corresponding livestock group(s) entered in item 110.
*--113	Enter the daily water requirement, per AU, provided in subparagraph 831 J for the--* corresponding livestock groups entered in item 110.
114A	Enter the applicable national average price per gallon, provided in subparagraph 831 J, based on the method the producer used to transport water in the applicable program year.
114B	<p>Enter the value of 150 calendar days of water hauling calculated by multiplying:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• item 111, times</li> <li>• item 112, times</li> <li>• item 113, times</li> <li>• item 114A</li> <li>• 150 calendar days.</li> </ul> <p>The results shall be rounded to the nearest whole dollar.</p>

# 891 CCC-851-1, Emergency Loss Assistance for Livestock Payment Calculation Worksheet (Continued)

## A Completing Manual CCC-851-1 (Continued)

Item	Instruction
115	Enter the total gallons of water transported calculated by: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• sum of all entries from CCC-851, item 67A, times</li> <li>• CCC-851, item 67B.</li> </ul> <p><b>Note:</b> If there is an entry in CCC-851, item 68, then item 68 shall be used instead of item 67A.</p>
*--116	Enter the applicable national average price per gallon, provided in subparagraph 831 J, based on the method the producer used to transport water in the applicable program year. <p><b>Important:</b> This rate <b>must</b> be the same rate entered in item 114A.</p>
117	Enter the value of the total gallons of water transported calculated by multiplying: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• item 115, times</li> <li>• item 116.</li> </ul> <p>The results shall be rounded to the nearest whole dollar.</p>
118	Enter the calculated payment for 150 calendar days of water transporting by adding the results in item 114B.
119	Enter the smaller of item 117 or 118.
120	The national payment factor is either of the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• 60 percent for producers who checked “NO”, in CCC-851, item 5B</li> <li>• 90 percent for producers who checked “YES”, in CCC-851, item 5B.</li> </ul>
121	Enter the total calculated payment for water transporting by multiplying: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• item 119, times</li> <li>• item 120.</li> </ul>
<b>Part K – Cattle Tick Fever</b>	
122	Enter the sequential corresponding letter from CCC-851, item 69, for each livestock kind, type, and weight range for which the loss occurred from CCC-851, item 10.
123	Enter the date the livestock were treated from CCC-851, item 70.--*
124	Enter the number of livestock treated from CCC-851, item 71, for the applicable livestock entered in item 122.
125	Enter the payment rate provided in subparagraph 831 K, for the applicable livestock entered in item 122.

**891 CCC-851-1, Emergency Loss Assistance for Livestock Payment Calculation Worksheet  
(Continued)**
**A Completing Manual CCC-851-1 (Continued)**

Item	Instruction
126	Enter the total loss for cattle tick fever calculated by multiplying:  * * * <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• item 124, times</li> <li>• item 125.</li> </ul> The results shall be rounded to the nearest whole dollar.
127	Enter the calculated payment for cattle tick fever by adding the results in item 126.
128	The national payment factor is either of the following:  <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• 60 percent for producers who checked “NO”, in CCC-851, item 5B</li> <li>• 90 percent for producers who checked “YES”, in CCC-851, item 5B.</li> </ul>
129	Enter the total calculated payment for cattle tick fever by multiplying:  <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• item 127, times</li> <li>• item 128.</li> </ul>
<b>Part L – Payments</b>	
130	Enter total net calculated payment amount calculated by adding:  <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• item 66, plus</li> <li>• item 94, plus</li> <li>• item 109, plus</li> <li>• item 121, plus</li> <li>• item 129.</li> </ul>
131A-D	Enter preparer’s name, initials, title, and date the payment calculation worksheet is completed.
132A-D	Enter the second party reviewer’s name, initials, title, and date the payment calculation worksheet was reviewed.

# 891 CCC-851-1, Emergency Loss Assistance for Livestock Payment Calculation Worksheet (Continued)

## B Example of Manual CCC-851-1

Following is an example of a manual CCC-851-1.

\*--

<b>This form is available electronically.</b>								
<b>CCC-851-1</b> U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE (04-23-15) Commodity Credit Corporation				1. State and County Code 48-305		2. Producer's Name Nancy Farmer		
<b>Emergency Loss Assistance for Livestock Payment Calculation Worksheet</b>				3. Program Year 2013		4. Application Number 073		
<b>PART A - LIVESTOCK FORAGE INFORMATION - GRAZING LOSS - Non-Fire</b>								
5. Livestock Group	6. Livestock Kind/Type and Weight Range	7. Livestock Inventory	8. Animal Unit (AU) Conversion Factor	9. Number of Days Grazing Lost (NTE 150 Days)	10. Participant Share	11. Daily Payment Rate Per Head	12. Value of Livestock Feed Cost (Items 7 x 8 x 9 x 10 x 11)	13. 150 Day Livestock Feed Cost (Items 7 x 8 x 10 x 11) x 150 Days
A	Adult Beef Cattle	100	1.00	14	1.0000	\$ 1.909	\$ 2673	\$ 28635.00
						\$	\$	\$
						\$	\$	\$
						\$	\$	\$
						\$	\$	\$
						\$	\$	\$
						\$	\$	\$
						\$	\$	\$
						\$	\$	\$
						\$	\$	\$
<b>14. Total Value of Livestock Feed Cost (Total of Item 12):</b>							\$ 2673	
<b>PART B - FORAGE INFORMATION - GRAZING LOSS - Non-Fire - OWNED OR CASH LEASED LAND</b>								
15. Livestock Group	16. Pasture Type	17. Acres	18. Carrying Capacity	19. Maximum Animal Units (AU's) (Item 17÷18)	20. Number of Days Grazing Lost (NTE 150 Days)	21. Daily Payment Rate Per Head	22. Value of Grazing Lost Based on Carrying Capacity (Items 19 x 20 x 21)	
A	Native	2500	30	83.33	14	\$ 1.909	\$ 2227.00	
A	Improved	500	10	50	14	\$ 1.909	\$ 1336.00	
						\$	\$	
						\$	\$	
						\$	\$	
						\$	\$	
						\$	\$	
						\$	\$	
<b>23. Total Value of Grazing Lost - Carrying Capacity - Excluding Fire - Owned or Cash Leased Land (Total of Item 22):</b>							\$ 3563.00	
<b>PART C - FORAGE INFORMATION - GRAZING LOSS - Non-Fire - AUM OR ANIMAL UNIT LEASED LAND</b>								
24. Livestock Group	25. Pasture Type	26. Animal Units (AU's)	27. Number of Days Grazing Lost (NTE 150 Days)	28. Daily Payment Rate Per Head	29. Value of Grazing Lost Based on Carrying Capacity (Items 26 x 27 x 28)			
				\$	\$			
				\$	\$			
				\$	\$			
				\$	\$			
				\$	\$			
				\$	\$			
				\$	\$			
				\$	\$			
				\$	\$			
<b>30. Total Value of Grazing Lost - Carrying Capacity - Excluding Fire - AUM/ AU Leased Land (Total of Item 29):</b>					\$			

--\*

# 891 CCC-851-1, Emergency Loss Assistance for Livestock Payment Calculation Worksheet (Continued)

## B Example of Manual CCC-851-1 (Continued)

\*--

CCC-851-1 (04-23-15)										Page 2 of 4			
<b>PART D – NET PAYMENT CALCULATION FOR FORAGE – Non-Fire</b>													
31. Total Value of Livestock Feed Cost (Sum of applicable Item(s) 12)										\$ 2673.00			
32. Total Value of Grazing Lost Based on Carrying Capacity (Item 23 + 30)										\$ 3563.00			
33. Enter the Smaller of Item 31 or Item 32										\$ 2673.00			
34. National Payment Factor										.60			
35. Grazing Loss Calculated Payment Amount – Excluding Fire (Item 33 x 34)										\$ 1604.00			
36. Reductions – Excluding Fire										\$ 0.00			
37. Net Grazing Loss Calculated Payment Amount - Excluding Fire (Item 35 minus 36):										\$ 1604.00			
<b>PART E – FORAGE INFORMATION – Grazing Loss – Fire</b>													
38. Livestock Group	39. Pasture Type	40. Number of Acres Affected by Fire	41. Carrying Capacity	42. Maximum Animal Units (AU's) (Item 40÷41)	43. Number of Days Grazing Lost (NTE 180 Days)	44. Daily Payment Rate Per Head	45. Value of Grazing Lost Due to Fire on Non- Federal Land (Items 42 x 43 x 44)	46. Value of 180 Day Feed Cost (Items 42 x 44) x 180 days					
B, C	Native	600	30	20	120	\$1.909	\$ 4582.00	\$ 5727.00					
						\$	\$	\$					
						\$	\$	\$					
						\$	\$	\$					
47A. Total Value of Grazing Lost due to Fire (Total of Item 45)										\$ 4582.00			
47B. Total Value of 180 Day Feed Cost - Fire (Total of Item 46)										\$ 5727.00			
47C. Enter the smaller of Item 47A or 47B										\$ 4582.00			
48. National Payment Factor										.60			
49. Grazing Loss Calculated Payment Amount-Fire-Non-Federal Land (Item 47C x 48)										\$ 2749.00			
50. Reductions for Grazing Loss-Fire-Non-Federal Land										\$ 0.00			
51. Net Grazing Loss Calculated Payment Amount– Fire – Non-Federal Land (Item 49 minus 50):										\$ 2749.00			
<b>PART F – PURCHASED AND PRODUCED, FEED LOST AND ADDITIONAL EXPENSES</b>													
52A. Fire or Non- Fire? (F or N)	52B. Livestock Group	53. Type of Purchased and/or Produced Feed Lost and Additional Feed Expenses				54. Quantity Lost	55. Value of Purchased or Produced Feed Lost and Additional Feed Expenses						
F	B, C	Coastal Hay				75 rolls	\$ 3750.00						
							\$						
							\$						
							\$						
56. Non-Fire-Value of Purchased and Produced Feed Lost and Additional Feed Expenses (sum of applicable Item(s) 55)										\$ 0.00			
57. Non-fire 150-Day Livestock Feed Cost (Sum of applicable Item(s) 13)										\$ 0.00			
58. Enter the smaller of Item 56 or 57										\$ 0.00			
59. Fire-Value of Purchased and Produced Feed Lost and Additional Feed Expenses (sum of applicable Item(s) 55)										\$ 3750.00			
60. Fire 180-Day Livestock Feed Cost (Sum of applicable Item(s) 46)										\$ 5727.00			
61. Enter the smaller of Item 59 or 60										\$ 3750.00			
62. Total Value of Purchase and Produced Feed Lost and Additional Feed Expenses (Item 58 + 61)										\$ 3750.00			
63. National Payment Factor										.60			
64. Calculated Payment for Purchased & Produced Feed Lost and Additional Feed Expenses (Item 62 x 63)										\$ 2250.00			
65. Reductions for Purchased and Produced Feed Losses and Additional Feed Expenses										\$ 0.00			
66. Net Calculated Payment for Purchased & Produced Feed Lost & Additional Feed Expenses (Item 64 minus 65):										\$ 2250.00			
<b>PART G – ADDITIONAL FEED PURCHASED</b>													
67A. Fire or Non- Fire? (F or N)	67B. Livestock Group	67C. Qualifying Weather Event	67D. Inside or Outside of Grazing Period? (I/O)	68A. Type of Additional Feed Purchased Above Normal	68B. Cost of Feed Purchased in Application Year	68C. Cost of Feed Purchased in 1 Year Prior	68D. Cost of Feed Purchased in 2 Years Prior	68E. Average Cost of Prior Years Feed Purchased (Average of Items 68C and 68D)	68F. Number of Days Grazing Lost (NTE 150 Days)	68G. 150/180- Day Feed Cost for the Livestock (Sum of applicable Item(s) 13 or 46)	68H. Value of Feed Needs During Event (Item 68F x Item 68G/150 Days)	69. Eligible Purchases of Additional Livestock Feed (Lessor of 68H or Item 68B minus 68E)	
N	A	1	I	Hay	\$ 700.00	\$ 500.00	\$ 650.00	\$ 575.00	14	\$ 28,635	\$ 2673	\$ 125.00	
N	A	1	I	Feed	\$ 500.00	\$ 0.00	\$ 0.00	\$ 0.00	14	\$ 28,635	\$ 2673	\$ 500.00	
					\$	\$	\$	\$		\$	\$	\$	
					\$	\$	\$	\$		\$	\$	\$	
					\$	\$	\$	\$		\$	\$	\$	

--\*

# 891 CCC-851-1, Emergency Loss Assistance for Livestock Payment Calculation Worksheet (Continued)

## B Example of Manual CCC-851-1 (Continued)

\*--

CCC-851-1 (04-23-15)											Page 3 of 4	
<b>PART G – ADDITIONAL FEED PURCHASED ABOVE NORMAL (Continued)</b>												
70. Non-Fire, During Grazing Period - Additional Feed Purchased Above Normal (sum of applicable Item(s) 69)											\$ 625.00	
71. Non-Fire, During Grazing Period – Value of Feed Needs During Event (Sum of applicable Item(s) 68H)											\$ 28,635.00	
72. Enter the smaller of Item 70 or 71											\$ 625.00	
73. National Payment Factor											.60	
74. Non-Fire, During Grazing Period - Calculated Payment for Additional Feed Purchased Above Normal (Item 72 x 73)											\$ 375.00	
75. Reductions – Non-Fire, During Grazing Period -Additional Feed Purchased Above Normal											\$ 0.00	
<b>76. Non-Fire, During Grazing Period - Net Calculated Payment for Additional Feed Purchased Above Normal (Item 74 minus 75)</b>											<b>\$ 375.00</b>	
77. Non-Fire, Outside Grazing Period - Additional Feed Purchased Above Normal (sum of applicable Item(s) 69)											\$ 0.00	
78. Non-Fire, Outside Grazing Period - 150-day Livestock Feed Cost (Sum of applicable Item(s) 13)											\$ 0.00	
79. Enter the smaller of Item 77 or 78											\$ 0.00	
80. National Payment Factor											.60	
81. Non-Fire, Outside Grazing Period - Calculated Payment for Additional Feed Purchased Above Normal (Item 79 x 80)											\$ 0.00	
82. Reductions – Non-Fire, Outside Grazing Period- -Additional Feed Purchased Above Normal											\$ 0.00	
<b>83. Non-Fire, Outside Grazing Period – Net Calculated Payment for Additional Feed Purchased Above Normal (Item 81 minus 82)</b>											<b>\$ 0.00</b>	
84. Fire – Additional Feed Purchased Above Normal (sum of applicable Item(s) 69)											\$ 0.00	
85. Fire 180-Day Livestock Feed Cost (Sum of applicable Item(s) 68G)											\$ 5727.00	
86. Enter the smaller of Item 84 or 85											\$ 0.00	
87. National Payment Factor											.60	
88. Fire – Calculated Payment for Additional Feed Purchased Above Normal (Item 86 x 87)											\$ 0.00	
89. Reductions – Fire Additional Feed Purchased Above Normal											\$ 0.00	
<b>90. Fire Net Calculated Payment for Additional Feed Purchased Above Normal (Item 88 minus 89)</b>											<b>\$ 0.00</b>	
<b>PART H – GRAZING LOSS VERSUS ADDITIONAL FEED PURCHASED ABOVE NORMAL</b>												
91. Non-Fire, During Grazing Period – Enter the larger of Item 37 or Item 76											\$1604.00	
92. Fire – Enter the larger of Item 51 or Item 90											\$2749.00	
93. Non-Fire, Outside Grazing Period – Calculated Payment for Additional Feed Purchased Above Normal (Item 83)											\$0.00	
<b>94. Total Calculated Payment for All Grazing Losses or Additional Feed Purchases – Fire and Non-Fire (Item 91 + 92 + 93)</b>											<b>\$4353.00</b>	
<b>PART I – LIVESTOCK DEATH LOSSES</b>												
95. Owner or Contract Grower? (O or C)	96A. Livestock Group	96B. Livestock Kind/Type and Weight Range	97. Livestock Inventory	98. Mortality Rate	99. Loss Threshold (Item 97 x 98)	100. Number Lost Due to Normal Mortality	101. Net Loss Threshold (Item 99 minus 100)	102. Number Lost Due to Eligible Loss Conditions	103. Eligible Number of Livestock (Item 102 minus 101)	104. Payment Rate	105. Calculated Payment For Livestock Death Losses (Item 103 x 104)	
										\$		
										\$		
										\$		
										\$		
										\$		
										\$		
106A. Total Calculated Payment For Livestock Death Losses (Total of Item 105)											\$	
106B. National Payment Factor												
106C. Livestock Death Losses Calculated Payment Amount (Item 106A x 106B)											\$	
107. Other Compensation (Contract Growers)											\$	
108. Reductions for Livestock Death Losses											\$	
<b>109. Total Net Calculated Payment For Livestock Death Losses (Item 106C minus 107 minus 108):</b>											<b>\$</b>	
<b>PART J – WATER TRANSPORTING</b>												
110. Livestock Group	111. Livestock Inventory	112. Animal Unit (AU) Conversion Factor	113. Daily Water Requirement	114A. National Average Price Per Gallon	114B. Value of 150 Days of Water Hauling (Items 111 x 112 x 113 x 114 A) x 150 days							
D	100	1.00	18	\$0.07	\$ 18,900							
					\$							
					\$							
					\$							
					\$							

--\*

# 891 CCC-851-1, Emergency Loss Assistance for Livestock Payment Calculation Worksheet (Continued)

## B Example of Manual CCC-851-1 (Continued)

\*--

CCC-851-1 (04-23-15)					Page 4 of 4
<b>PART J – WATER TRANSPORTING (Continued)</b>					
115. Total Gallons of Water Transported					66000
116. National Average Price Per Gallon					\$ 0.07
117. Value of Total Gallons of Water Transported (Item 115 x Item 116)					\$ 4,620.00
118. Total Calculated Payment for 150 Days of Water Transporting (Total of Item 114B)					\$ 18,900.00
119. Payment for Water Transporting (smaller of Item 117 or 118)					4,620.00
120. National Payment Factor					.60
121. Calculated Payment for Water Transporting (Item 119 x 120)					\$ 2,772.00
<b>PART K – CATTLE TICK FEVER</b>					
122. Livestock Group	123. Date of Treatment (MM-DD-YYYY)	124. Number of Livestock Treated	125. Payment Rate established for Cattle Tick Fever	126. Total loss for Cattle Tick Fever (124 x 125)	
				\$	
				\$	
				\$	
				\$	
				\$	
127. Total Calculated Payment for Cattle Tick Fever (Total of Item 126)					\$
128. National Payment Factor					
129. Calculated Payment for Cattle Tick Fever (Item 127 x 128)					\$
<b>PART L - PAYMENTS</b>					
130. Total Net Calculated Payment Amount (Item 66 + 94 + 109 + 121 + 129)					\$9,375.00
131A. Preparer's Name	131B. Preparer's Initials	131C. Title		131D. Date (MM-DD-YYYY)	
132A. 2 <sup>nd</sup> Party Review Name	132B. 2 <sup>nd</sup> Party Review Initials	132C. Title		132D. Date (MM-DD-YYYY)	
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892-894 (Reserved)



## Section 7 Automated Payment Calculation Worksheets

### 895 Accessing the Automated CCC-934-1 and CCC-851-1

#### A Introduction

Because an automated application process is **not** available, the data captured on CCC-934 and CCC-851 **must** be recorded by the County Office in the automated CCC-934-1 and CCC-851-1 payment calculation worksheets developed in Microsoft InfoPath.

#### B Accessing the ELAP Payment Calculation Worksheets Main Menu

Access the ELAP Payment Calculation Worksheets Main Menu according to this table.

Step	Action
1	*--Go to FSA's Intranet DAFP web site at <a href="http://fsaintranet.sc.egov.usda.gov/dafp/">http://fsaintranet.sc.egov.usda.gov/dafp/</a> .
2	On the FSA Intranet DAFP Screen, scroll down and CLICK " <b>ELAP Payment Calculation Worksheets (Share Point)</b> ".--*  <b>Note:</b> Internet Explorer shall be used when accessing the ELAP payment calculation worksheets.
3	The ELAP Payment Calculation Worksheets Main Menu will be displayed.

## 895 Accessing the Automated CCC-934-1 and CCC-851-1 (Continued)

**C ELAP Payment Calculation Worksheets Main Menu**

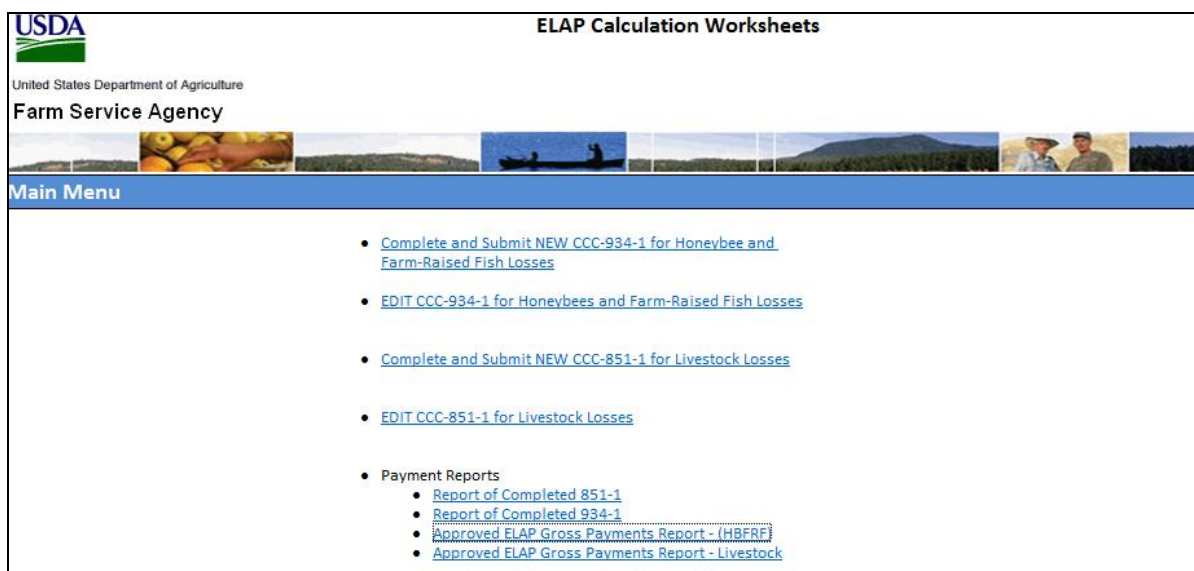
The ELAP Payment Calculation Worksheets Main Menu provides the user with the following options:

- “Complete and Submit NEW CCC-934-1 for Honeybee And Farm-Raised Fish Losses”
- “EDIT CCC-934-1 for Honeybees and Farm-Raised Fish Losses”
- “Complete and Submit NEW CCC-851-1 for Livestock Losses”
- “EDIT CCC-851-1 for Livestock Losses”
- “Payment Reports (Pending)”.

**D Example of ELAP Payment Calculation Worksheets Main Menu**

The following is an example of the ELAP Payment Calculation Worksheets Main Menu.

\*--



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## 895 Accessing the Automated CCC-934-1 and CCC-851-1 (Continued)

**E Action**

This table provides instructions to do the following:

- create CCC-934-1 or CCC-851-1
- edit CCC-934-1 or CCC-851-1
- \*--generate and print a report of CCC-851-1's or CCC-934-1's submitted to the ELAP database by State and program year
- generate and print an Approved Gross Payment Report for honeybees and farm-raised fish or livestock applications.--\*

<b>IF user wants to...</b>	<b>THEN CLICK...</b>
create a new CCC-851-1	<b>"Complete and Submit NEW CCC-851-1 for Livestock Losses"</b> . See paragraph 899.11.
create a new CCC 934-1	<b>"Complete and Submit NEW CCC-934-1 for Honeybee and Farm-Raised Fish Losses"</b> . See paragraph 897.
edit CCC-851-1	<b>"Edit CCC-851-1 for Livestock Losses"</b> . See paragraph 899.25.
edit CCC-934-1	<b>"EDIT CCC-934-1 for Honeybees and Farm-Raised Fish Losses"</b> . See paragraph 899.25.
*--create and/or print a Report of Completed CCC-851-1's	<b>"Report of Completed 851-1"</b> .
create and/or print a Report of Completed CCC-934-1's	<b>"Report of Completed 934-1"</b> .
create and/or print an Approved ELAP Gross Payments Report for Honeybees and Farm-Raised Fish	<b>"Approved ELAP Gross Payments Report - (HBFRF)"</b> .
create and/or print an Approved ELAP Gross Payments Report for Livestock	<b>"Approved ELAP Gross Payments Report - Livestock"--*</b>

## 896 Navigating and Saving the Automated CCC-934-1

**A Data Screens Included in the Automated CCC-934-1**

The automated CCC-934-1 contains the following 7 data entry screens and 1 print screen.

<b>Tab Title</b>	<b>Screen Name and/or Content</b>	<b>Paragraph</b>
“Application Information”	Application Information Screen, application and producer information entry.	897
“Part A”	Colony Loss Calculation Screen, colony loss entry and payment calculation.	898
“Part B”	Honeybee Hive Loss Calculation Screen, hive loss entry and payment calculation.	899
“Part C”	Honeybee Purchased Feed Lost and/or Additional Expense Calculation Screen, purchased feed lost and/or additional expense entry and payment calculation.	899.5
“Part D & E”	Additional Honeybee Feed Purchased Calculation Screen, additional feed purchased entry and payment calculation.	899.6
	Total Honeybee Losses for Program Year	
“Part F”	Farm-Raised Fish Death Loss Calculation Screen, death loss entry and payment calculation.	899.7
“Part G & H”	Farm-Raised Fish Purchased Feed Lost and/or Additional Expense Calculation Screen, purchased feed lost and/or additional expense entry and payment calculation.	899.8
	Total Farm-Raised Fish Losses for Program Year	
*--“Submit/Save/Print”	Printable version of CCC-934-1. From this screen, CCC-934-1 may be either of the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>submitted to the ELAP database</li> <li>saved and printed.--*</li> </ul>	899.9

\* \* \*

## 897 CCC-934-1 Application Information Screen

### A Introduction

Because an automated application process is **not** available, the data captured on CCC-934 **must** be recorded in the automated CCC-934-1.

### B Accessing the Automated CCC-934-1

On the ELAP Payment Calculation Worksheets Main Menu, after users click “Complete and Submit NEW CCC-934-1 for Honeybee and Farm-Raised Fish Losses”, the CCC-934-1 Application Information Screen will be displayed.

### C Application Information Screen

The following is an example of the Application Information Screen.

\*--

Application Info | Part A | Part B | Part C | Part D & E | Part F | Part G & H | Submit/Save/Print

#### Application Information

Physical Location State: Alabama

Physical Location County: Autauga

Administrative State: Alabama

Administrative County: Autauga

Participant Name: Producer A

SDA, LR, or BF participant: ☐ Yes ☒ No

Customer ID: 12345

Program Year: 2014

Application No: 1

\*Denotes Required Field

Enter Honeybee Losses > or Enter Farm Raised Fish Losses

--\*



## 897 CCC-934-1 Application Information Screen (Continued)

**D Navigating Through the Automated CCC-934-1**

Tabs for each CCC-934-1 part, as listed in subparagraph 896 A, are provided at the top of all screens. To navigate through the different parts of the automated CCC-934-1, click the applicable tab at the top of the screen.

\*--

Application Info	Part A	Part B	Part C	Part D & E	Part F	Part G & H	Submit/Save/Print
Application Information							

--\*

**E Action**

The following table provides instructions for completing the Application Information Screen.

Item	Instruction
<b>Application Information</b>	
“Physical Location State”	<p>From the drop-down list, select the physical location State where the loss occurred from CCC-934, item 7E for the applicable loss event.</p> <p><b>Note:</b> The physical location State <b>must</b> be associated with the administrative county selected from the “Administrative County” drop-down list.</p> <p><b>Important:</b> For honeybee producers, if the honeybees were moved from the farm associated with the administrative county to a different State or county <b>not</b> administered by the administrative county selected from the “Administrative County” drop-down list, and the loss occurred in the other State or county <b>not</b> associated with the administrative county, select the physical location State and county of the farm associated with the administrative county.</p>
“Physical Location County”	<p>From the drop-down list, select the physical location county of the farm where the loss occurred from CCC-934, item 7E for the applicable loss event.</p> <p><b>Note:</b> The physical location county <b>must</b> be associated with the administrative county selected from the “Administrative County” drop-down list.</p> <p><b>Important:</b> For honeybee producers, if the honeybees were moved from the farm associated with the administrative county to a different State or county <b>not</b> administered by the administrative county selected from the “Administrative County” drop-down list, and the loss occurred in the other State or county <b>not</b> associated with the administrative county, select the physical location State and county of the farm associated with the administrative county.</p>

## \*--897 CCC-934-1 Application Information Screen (Continued)

## E Action (Continued)

Item	Instruction
“Administrative State”	From the drop-down list, select the administrative State from CCC-934, item 1.
“Administrative County”	From the drop-down list, select the administrative county from CCC-934, item 3.
“Participant Name”	Enter participant’s name from CCC-934, item 5A. The name <b>must</b> be entered <b>exactly</b> as displayed in SCIMS.
“SDA, LR, or BF participant”	<p>Click either of the following as applicable:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• “YES”, if the producer checked (✓) CCC-934, item 5B, “YES”</li> <li>• “NO”, if the producer checked (✓) CCC-934, item 5B, “NO”.</li> </ul> <p><b>Note:</b> Item default is “NO”.</p> <p><b>Important:</b> It is critical that the correct answer is clicked because all payment rates used in calculating payments are based off the answer.</p>
“Customer ID”	Enter participant’s customer ID number from SCIMS.
“Program Year”	From the drop-down list, select the applicable program year in which the loss occurred from CCC-934, item 2.
“Application No.”	Enter application number from CCC-934, item 4, and PRESS “ <b>Tab</b> ” key.
	<p>Click 1 of the following at the:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• bottom of the screen, click either of the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• “<b>Enter Honeybee Losses</b>”, to enter honeybee colony loss data into CCC-934-1, Part A</li> <li>• “<b>Enter Farm-Raised Fish Losses</b>”, to enter farm-raised fish death loss data into CCC-934-1, Part F</li> </ul> </li> <li>• top of the screen, the appropriate tab to enter additional loss data.</li> </ul>

**Important:** Required entries are denoted with a red asterisk (\*). All required entries **must** be completed **before** the following items will be enabled on the Application Information Screen:

- “Enter Honeybee Losses” button
- “Enter Farm-Raised Fish Losses” button
- tabs at the top of the screen as described in subparagraph D.--\*

## 898 CCC-934-1, Part A - Colony Loss Calculation Screen


### A Introduction

After all of the required fields on the Application Information Screen have been completed and user clicks “Enter Honeybee Losses” at the bottom of the screen or the “Part A” tab at the top of the screen, the Part A – Colony Loss Calculation Screen will be displayed. The Part A – Colony Loss Calculation Screen allows users to enter information for honeybee colony losses from CCC-934, Part C, items 12A through 12L, as applicable.

### B Example of Part A - Colony Loss Calculation Screen

The following is an example of the Part A – Colony Loss Calculation Screen.

\*--


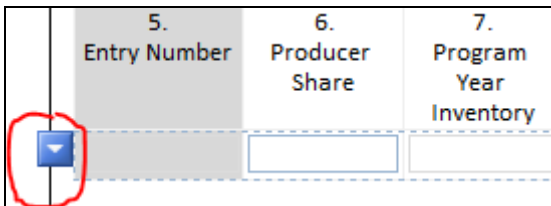
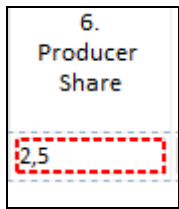
Application Info   <b>Part A</b>   Part B   Part C   Part D & E   Part F   Part G & H   Submit/Save/Print								
Part A - Colony Loss Calculation								
State Code - County Code:			Participant's Name:			Program Year:		Application No:
01 - 001			Producer A			2014		1
If applicable, enter the application data for Colony Loss Calculations below:								
Note: Click  and then "Insert tbl_ccc934 after" to add another line.								
5. Entry Number	6. Producer Share	7. Program Year Inventory	8. % of Normal Mortality	9. Minimum Colony Loss Threshold	10. Total Number of Colonies Lost	11. Number of Ineligible Lost Colonies	12. Number of Eligible Colonies Lost	13. Payment Colonies
1	1.0000	1,000	0.1750	175	250	50	200	25.00
14. Total Payment Colonies			25.00					
15. Colony Fair Market Value			\$80					
16. Payment Factor			0.7500					
17. Subtotal Eligible Colony Losses			\$1,500					
18. Colony Loss Payment Reduction			\$0					
19. Total Eligible Colony Losses			\$1,500					
< Back to Application Info					Continue to Part B >			

--\*

## \*--898 CCC-934-1, Part A - Colony Loss Calculation Screen (Continued)

**C Action**

The following table provides instructions for completing the Colony Loss Calculation Screen.

Item	Instruction
<b>Part A – Colony Loss Calculation</b>	
5	<p><b>No entry required by user.</b> This is a sequential producer share entry that is used to account for a honeybee producer who has multiple shares in honeybee colonies lost.</p> <p><b>Note:</b> This item will be prefilled <b>after</b> an entry is made in item 6.</p>
6	<p>Enter participant's share from CCC-934 or CCC-934-A, item 12G.</p> <p><b>Note:</b> If the participant has multiple shares, on the left of the screen, CLICK “” and select “<b>Insert tbl_ccc934 after</b>”. An additional line will be displayed to enter differing shares from CCC-934-A.</p> <div data-bbox="487 846 1034 1050">  </div> <p><b>Important:</b> Producer's share <b>must</b> be entered using 4 decimal places. For example, 100 percent interest is entered as “1.0000” and 55 percent interest is entered as “.5500”. If the producer's share exceeds 1.0000, the entry block will be outlined in red, indicating that the entered data is <b>unacceptable</b>.</p> <div data-bbox="581 1308 758 1514">  </div>

--\*

## 898 CCC-934-1, Part A - Colony Loss Calculation Screen (Continued)

## C Action (Continued)

Item	Instruction
7	<p data-bbox="391 327 1422 394">*--Enter participant's cumulative inventory, as of the applicable loss event in the program year, by producer share, calculated by subtracting:--*</p> <ul data-bbox="391 436 1463 842" style="list-style-type: none"> <li data-bbox="391 436 691 472">• the result of adding: <ul data-bbox="440 514 1430 695" style="list-style-type: none"> <li data-bbox="440 514 1430 581">• CCC-934 or CCC-934-A, item 12B (or item 12H, if an entry is provided), plus</li> <li data-bbox="440 623 1463 695">• sum of all entries from CCC-934 or CCC-934-A, item 12C (or item 12I, if an *--entry is provided), by producer share, as of the applicable loss event</li> </ul> </li> <li data-bbox="391 737 1422 842">• minus the sum of all entries from CCC-934 or CCC-934-A, item 12D (or item 12J, if an entry is provided), by producer share, as of the applicable loss event.--*</li> </ul> <p data-bbox="391 884 1341 947"><b>Note:</b> If participant has multiple shares, use the items from the applicable CCC-934-A.</p>
8	<p data-bbox="391 957 1446 1024"><b>No entry required by user.</b> Percent of normal mortality for honeybee colonies as provided in subparagraph 846 C.*</p>
9	<p data-bbox="391 1035 1382 1102"><b>No entry required by user.</b> Minimum colony loss threshold is calculated by multiplying:</p> <ul data-bbox="391 1144 602 1211" style="list-style-type: none"> <li data-bbox="391 1144 602 1180">• item 7, times</li> <li data-bbox="391 1180 521 1211">• item 8.</li> </ul> <p data-bbox="391 1253 919 1289">The result is rounded to 2 decimal places.</p>

## 898 CCC-934-1, Part A - Colony Loss Calculation Screen (Continued)

## C Action (Continued)

Item	Instruction
10	<p>*--Enter cumulative number of colonies lost during the program year, as of the applicable loss event, calculated by adding the results from CCC-934 and/or CCC-934-A, item 12E, by producer share.</p> <p><b>Note:</b> If an entry is provided in CCC-934, item 12K, then item 12K shall be used *--when summing the number of honeybee colonies lost in the program year, as of the applicable loss event, instead of item 12E.</p>
11	<p>Enter cumulative number of ineligible colonies lost during the program year, as of the applicable loss event. This is calculated by adding the results from CCC-934 and/or CCC-934-A, column 12F, by producer share.</p> <p><b>Note:</b> If entry is provided in CCC-934, item 12L, then item 12L shall be used when summing the number of ineligible inventory lost in the program year, as of the applicable loss event, instead of item 12F.</p>
12	<p><b>No entry required by user.</b> Eligible cumulative lost colonies are calculated by--* subtracting:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• item 10, minus</li> <li>• item 11.</li> </ul>
13	<p><b>No entry required by user.</b> Payment colonies are calculated by multiplying:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• the result of subtracting: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• item 12, minus</li> <li>• item 9</li> </ul> </li> <li>• times, item 6 for each producer share entry number.</li> </ul> <p>The result is rounded to 2 decimal places.</p>

## \*--898 CCC-934-1, Part A - Colony Loss Calculation Screen (Continued)

## C Action (Continued)

Item	Instruction
14	<b>No entry required by user.</b> Total payment colonies are calculated by summing the entries in item 13 for all producer share entries. The result is rounded to 2 decimal places.
15	<b>No entry required by user.</b> The colony fair market value for the applicable program year will prefill, as provided in subparagraph 846 B.
16	<b>No entry required by user.</b> The payment factor will prefill with either of the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• 75 percent, if the producer checked (✓) CCC-934, item 5B, “NO”</li> <li>• 90 percent, if the producer checked (✓) CCC-934, item 5B, “YES”.</li> </ul>
17	<b>No entry required by user.</b> Subtotal of eligible colony losses are calculated by multiplying: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• item 14, times</li> <li>• item 15, times</li> <li>• item 16.</li> </ul> <p>The result is rounded to the nearest whole dollar.</p>
18	Enter amount of compensation included in the total amount of reductions from CCC-934, item 17, received from other disaster assistance programs for the same honeybee colony losses listed in item 17.
19	<b>No entry required by user.</b> The total eligible colony losses are calculated by subtracting: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• item 17, minus</li> <li>• item 18.</li> </ul>
	Click 1 of the following at the: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• bottom of the screen, click either of the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• “<b>Continue to Part B</b>”, to enter honeybee hive loss data into CCC-934-1, Part B</li> <li>• “<b>Back to Application Info</b>”, to go to the Application Information Screen</li> </ul> </li> <li>• top of the screen, the appropriate tab to enter applicable loss data into another CCC-934-1 part.</li> </ul>

--\*

## 899 CCC-934-1, Part B – Honeybee Hive Loss Calculation Screen


### A Introduction

The Part B – Honeybee Hive Loss Calculation Screen allows users to enter information for honeybee hive losses from CCC-934, Part E, items 14A through 14L, as applicable.

### B Example of Part B – Honeybee Hive Loss Calculation Screen

The following is an example of the Part B – Honeybee Hive Loss Calculation Screen.

\*--


Application Info   Part A <b>Part B</b> Part C   Part D & E   Part F   Part G & H   Submit/Save/Print							
Part B - Honeybee Hive Loss Calculation							
State Code - County Code:		Participant's Name:		Program Year:		Application No:	
01 - 001		Producer A		2014		1	
If applicable, enter the application data for Honeybee Hive Loss Calculations below:							
Note: Click  and then "Insert tbl_ccc934 after" to add another line.							
20. Entry Number	21. Producer Share	22. Number of Hives Lost	23. Number of Ineligible Hives Lost	24. Number of Eligible Hives Lost	25. Hive Fair Market Value	26. Payment Factor	27. Eligible Hive Losses
1	0.2500	100	25	75	\$230	0.7500	\$3,234
28. Subtotal Eligible Hive Losses:			\$3,234				
29. Hive Loss Payment Reduction:			\$0				
30. Total Eligible Hive Losses:			\$3,234				
<a href="#">&lt; Back to Part A</a>				Continue to Part C >			

--\*

## \*--899 CCC-934-1, Part B – Honeybee Hive Loss Calculation Screen (Continued)

**C Action (Continued)**

The following table provides instructions for completing the Honeybee Hive Loss Calculation Screen.

Item	Instruction
<b>Part B – Honeybee Hive Loss Calculation</b>	
20	<p><b>No entry required by user.</b> This is a sequential producer share entry that is used to account for a honeybee producer who has multiple shares in honeybee hives lost.</p> <p><b>Note:</b> This item will be prefilled <b>after</b> an entry is made in item 21.</p>
21	<p>Enter participant's share from CCC-934 or CCC-934-A, item 14G.</p> <p><b>Note:</b> If the participant has multiple shares, on the left of the screen, CLICK “” and select “<b>Insert tbl_ccc934 after</b>”. An additional line will be displayed to enter differing shares from CCC-934-A.</p> <p><b>Important:</b> Producer's share <b>must</b> be entered using 4 decimal places. For example, 100 percent interest is entered as “1.0000” and 55 percent interest is entered as “.5500”. If the producer's share exceeds 1.0000, the entry block will be outlined in red, indicating that the entered data is <b>unacceptable</b>.</p> <div data-bbox="581 1066 844 1266"> <p>21. Producer Share</p> <p>1.5</p> </div>

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## 899 CCC-934-1, Part B – Honeybee Hive Loss Calculation Screen (Continued)

## C Action (Continued)

Item	Instruction
22	<p>*--Enter cumulative number of honeybee hives lost as of the applicable loss event, calculated by adding all entries from CCC-934 and/or CCC-934-A,--* item 14E, per share entry.</p> <p><b>Note:</b> If entry is provided in CCC-934 or CCC-934-A, item 14K, then item 14K shall be used instead of item 14E.</p>
23	<p>*--Enter number of ineligible hives lost during the program year, as of the applicable loss event, calculated by adding all entries on CCC-934 and/or CCC-934-A,--* item 14F.</p> <p><b>Note:</b> If an entry is provided in CCC-934 or CCC-934-A, item 14L, then item 14L shall be used instead of item 14F.</p>
24	<p>*--<b>No entry required by user.</b> Number of cumulative eligible hives lost, as of the applicable loss event, is calculated by subtracting:--*</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• item 22, minus</li> <li>• item 23.</li> </ul>
25	<p><b>No entry required by user.</b> The hive fair market value for the applicable program year, as provided in subparagraph 846 B, will be prefilled.</p>
26	<p><b>No entry required by user.</b> Payment factor will prefill with either of the following:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• 75 percent, if the producer checked (✓) CCC-934, item 5B, “NO”</li> <li>• 90 percent, if the producer checked (✓) CCC-934, item 5B, “YES”.</li> </ul>

## 899 CCC-934-1, Part B – Honeybee Hive Loss Calculation Screen (Continued)

## C Action (Continued)

Item	Instruction
27	<p><b>*--No entry required by user.</b> Cumulative eligible hive losses are calculated--* by multiplying:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• item 21, times</li> <li>• item 24, times</li> <li>• item 25, times</li> <li>• item 26.</li> </ul> <p>The result is rounded to the nearest whole dollar.</p>
28	<p><b>No entry required by user.</b> Subtotal of eligible hive losses is calculated by adding item 27 for all producer share entries.</p>
29	<p>Enter amount of compensation included in the total amount of reductions from CCC-934, item 17, received from other disaster assistance programs for the same honeybee hive losses listed in item 28.</p>
30	<p><b>*--No entry required by user.</b> Cumulative eligible hive losses as of applicable loss event are calculated by subtracting:--*</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• item 28, minus</li> <li>• item 29.</li> </ul>
	<p>Click 1 of the following at the:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• bottom of the screen, click either of the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• “<b>Continue to Part C</b>”, to enter honeybee purchased feed losses or additional expenses into Part C of CCC-934-1</li> <li>• “<b>Back to Part A</b>”, to go to the Colony Loss Calculation Screen</li> </ul> </li> <li>• top of the screen, the appropriate tab to enter applicable loss data into another CCC-934-1 part.</li> </ul>

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## 899.5 CCC-934-1, Part C – Honeybee Purchased Feed Lost and/or Additional Expense Calculation Screen

### A Introduction


The Part C – Honeybee Purchased Feed Lost and/or Additional Expense Calculation Screen allows users to enter information for honeybee feed losses from CCC-934, Part F, items 15A through 15F, as applicable.

**Important:** Only line entries on CCC-934, Part F, that have “H” entered in item 15B, shall be entered in CCC-934-1, Part C, for honeybee purchased feed lost and/or additional expenses. See paragraph 899.8 for entering data from line entries on CCC-934, Part F, that have “F” entered in item 15B, for farm-raised fish purchased feed lost and/or additional expenses.

### B Example of Part C – Honeybee Purchased Feed Lost and/or Additional Expense Calculation Screen

The following is an example of the Part C – Honeybee Purchased Feed Lost and/or Additional Expense Calculation Screen.

\*--


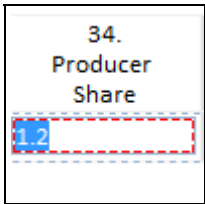
Application Info   Part A   Part B <b>Part C</b> Part D & E   Part F   Part G & H   Submit/Save/Print					
Part C - Honeybee Purchased Feed Lost and/or Additional Expense Calculation					
State Code - County Code:		Participant's Name:		Program Year:	Application No:
01 - 001		Producer A		2014	1
If applicable, enter the application data for Honeybee Purchased Feed Lost and/or Additional Expense Calculation below:					
Note: Click  and then "Insert tbl_ccc934 after" to add another line.					
31. Loss Event Number	32. Type of Purchased Feed Lost/ Additional Expense Incurred	33. Value of Purchased Feed Lost/ Additional Expense Incurred	34. Producer Share	35. Payment Factor	36. Feed Losses/Additional Expenses Incurred
3	Sugar Water	\$1,000.00	0.2500	0.6000	\$150
37. Subtotal Eligible Purchased Feed/Additional Expenses Incurred		\$150			
38. Purchased Feed Loss Payment Reduction					
39. Total Eligible Purchased Feed Loss/Additional Expenses		\$150			
< Back to Part B			Continue to Part D & E >		

--\*

**\*--899.5 CCC-934-1, Part C – Honeybee Purchased Feed Lost and/or Additional Expense Calculation Screen (Continued)**

**C Action**

The following table provides instructions for completing the Honeybee Purchased Feed Lost and/or Additional Expense Calculation Screen.

Item	Instruction
<b>Part C – Honeybee Purchased Feed Lost and/or Additional Expenses Calculation</b>	
31	Enter corresponding loss event number from CCC-934 or CCC-934-A, item 15A.
32	Enter type of purchased feed lost/additional expense incurred from CCC-934 or CCC-934-A, item 15C, for the corresponding loss event number entered in item 31.
33	Enter value of purchased feed lost/additional expense incurred from CCC-934 or CCC-934-A, item 15D, for the corresponding loss event number entered in item 31.  <b>Note:</b> If entry is entered on CCC-934 or CCC-934-A, item 15F, then item 15F shall be entered instead of item 15D.
34	Enter producers share from CCC-934 or CCC-934-A, item 15E for the corresponding loss event number entered in item 31.  <b>Note:</b> If the participant has multiple shares, on the left of the screen, CLICK “  ”, and select “ <b>Insert tbl_ccc934 after</b> ”. An additional line will be displayed to enter differing shares from CCC-934-A.  <b>Important:</b> Producer’s share <b>must</b> be entered using 4 decimal places. For example, 100 percent interest is entered as “1.0000” and 55 percent interest is entered as “.5500”. If the producer’s share exceeds 1.0000, the entry block will be outlined in red, indicating that the entered data is <b>unacceptable</b> .  

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**\*--899.5 CCC-934-1, Part C – Honeybee Purchased Feed Lost and/or Additional Expense  
Calculation Screen (Continued)**

**C Action (Continued)**

Item	Instruction
35	<p><b>No entry required by user.</b> Payment factor will prefill with either of the following:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• 60 percent, if the producer checked (✓) “NO”, in CCC-934, item 5B</li> <li>• 90 percent, if the producer checked (✓) “YES”, in CCC-934, item 5B.</li> </ul>
36	<p><b>No entry required by user.</b> The feed losses/additional expenses incurred are calculated by multiplying:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• item 33, times</li> <li>• item 34, times</li> <li>• item 35.</li> </ul> <p>The result will be rounded to the nearest whole dollar.</p>
37	<p><b>No entry required by user.</b> Subtotal of eligible purchased feed losses/additional expenses is calculated by adding the entries in item 36 for all loss event numbers entered in item 31.</p>
38	<p>Enter amount of compensation included in the total amount of reductions from CCC-934, item 17, received from other disaster assistance programs for the same honeybee feed losses/additional expenses incurred listed in item 37.</p>
39	<p><b>No entry required by user.</b> Total eligible purchased feed loss/additional expense incurred is calculated by subtracting:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• item 37, minus</li> <li>• item 38.</li> </ul>
40	<p>Click 1 of the following at the:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• bottom of the screen, click either of the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>“Continue to Part D &amp; E”</b> to enter honeybee additional feed losses into CCC-934-1, Part D</li> <li>• <b>“Back to Part B”</b> to go to the Honeybee Hive Loss Calculation Screen</li> </ul> </li> <li>• top of the screen, the appropriate tab to enter applicable loss data into another CCC-934-1 part.</li> </ul>

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## 899.6 CCC-934-1, Part D – Additional Honeybee Feed Purchased Calculation Screen


### A Introduction

The Part D – Additional Honeybee Feed Purchased Calculation Screen allows users to enter information for additional honeybee feed purchased above normal from CCC-934, Part G, items 16A through 16I, as applicable.

### B Example of Part D – Additional Honeybee Feed Purchased Calculation Screen

The following is an example of the Part D – Honeybee Additional Feed Purchased Calculation Screen.

\*--

Application Info   Part A   Part B   Part C <b>Part D &amp; E</b> Part F   Part G & H   Submit/Save/Print									
Part D - Additional Honeybee Feed Purchased Calculation									
State Code - County Code:		Participant's Name:		Program Year:		Application No:			
01 - 001		Producer A		2014		1			
If applicable, enter the application data for Additional Honeybee Feed Purchased Calculations below:									
Note: Click  and then "Insert tbl_ccc934 after" to add another line.									
40. Loss Event Number	41. Type Additional Feed Purchased	42. Cost Feed Purchased in Application Year	43A. Cost of Feed Purchased 1 Year Prior	43B. Cost of Feed Purchased 2 Years Prior	43C. Average Cost of Feed Purchased in Prior Years	44. Producer Share	45. Payment Factor	46. Eligible Additional Feed Purchased	
2	Sugar Water	\$1,000.00	\$500.00	500.00	\$500.00	0.2500	0.6000	\$75	
47. Subtotal Eligible Additional Honeybee Feed Purchased:					\$75				
48. Additional Honeybee Feed Loss Payment Reduction:									
49. Total Eligible Additional Honeybee Feed Loss:					\$75				

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# 899.6 CCC-934-1, Part D – Additional Honeybee Feed Purchased Calculation Screen (Continued)


## C Action

The following table provides instructions for completing the Additional Honeybee Feed Purchased Calculation Screen.

Item	Instruction
<b>Part D – Additional Honeybee Feed Purchased Calculation</b>	
40	Enter corresponding loss event number from CCC-934 or CCC-934-A, item 16A.
41	Enter type of additional feed purchased from CCC-934 or CCC-934-A, item 16B, for the corresponding loss event number entered in item 40.
42	Enter cost of feed purchased in application year from CCC-934 or CCC-934-A, item 16C, for the corresponding loss event number entered in item 40.  <b>Note:</b> If entry is provided in CCC-934 or CCC-934-A, item 16G, then item 16G shall be entered instead of item 16C.
43A	Enter cost of feed purchased 1 year before the application year, from CCC-934 or CCC-934-A, item 16D.  <b>*--Note:</b> If an entry is in CCC-934 or CC-934A, item 16H, then item 16H shall be entered <b>instead</b> of item 16D.
43B	Enter cost of feed purchased 2 years before the application year, from CCC-934 or CCC-934-A, item 16E.  <b>Note:</b> If an entry is in CCC-934 or CC-934A, item 16I, then item 16I shall be entered <b>instead</b> of item 16E.--*
43C	<b>No entry required by user.</b> The average cost of feed purchased in prior years, for the corresponding loss event number entered in item 40, is calculated by dividing: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• result of adding: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• item 43A, plus</li> <li>• item 43B</li> </ul> </li> <li>• divided by 2 years.</li> </ul>

**\*--899.6 CCC-934-1, Part D – Additional Honeybee Feed Purchased Calculation Screen**  
**(Continued)**

**C Action**

Item	Instruction
44	<p>Enter producers share from CCC-934 or CCC-934-A, item 16F for the corresponding loss event number entered in item 40.</p> <p><b>Note:</b> If the participant has multiple shares, on the left of the screen, CLICK “” and select “<b>Insert tbl_ccc934 after</b>”. An additional line will be displayed to enter differing shares from CCC-934-A.</p> <p><b>Important:</b> Producer’s share <b>must</b> be entered using 4 decimal places. For example, 100 percent interest is entered as “1.0000” and 55 percent interest is entered as “.5500”. If the producer’s share exceeds 1.0000, the entry block will be outlined in red, indicating that the entered data is <b>unacceptable</b>.</p> <div data-bbox="592 846 735 1045" data-label="Image"> </div>
45	<p><b>No entry required by user.</b> Payment factor is prefilled with either of the following:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• 60 percent, if the producer checked (✓) CCC-934, item 5B, “NO”</li> <li>• 90 percent, if the producer checked (✓) CCC-934, item 5B, “YES”.</li> </ul>

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**\*--899.6 CCC-934-1, Part D – Additional Honeybee Feed Purchased Calculation Screen**  
**(Continued)**

**C Action (Continued)**

Item	Instruction
46	<p><b>No entry required by user.</b> Eligible additional feed purchased is calculated by multiplying:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• result of subtracting: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• item 42, minus</li> <li>• item 43C</li> </ul> </li> <li>• times item 44</li> <li>• times item 45.</li> </ul> <p>The result will be rounded to the nearest whole dollar.</p>
47	<p><b>No entry required by user.</b> Subtotal of eligible additional honeybee feed purchased is calculated by summing the results in item 46.</p>
48	<p>Enter amount of compensation included in the total amount of reductions from CCC-934, item 17, received from other disaster assistance programs for the same additional honeybee feed purchases, incurred listed in item 47.</p>
49	<p><b>No entry required by user.</b> Total eligible additional honeybee feed loss is calculated by subtracting:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• item 47, minus</li> <li>• item 48.</li> </ul>

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**899.6 CCC-934-1, Part D – Additional Honeybee Feed Purchased Calculation Screen (Continued)**

**D Part E – Total Honeybee Losses for Program Year**

At the bottom of the Part D - Additional Honeybee Feed Purchased Calculation Screen is Part E - Total Honeybee Losses for Program Year. Part E calculates the total honeybee losses for the applicant including, honeybee colony (Part A), hive (Part B), purchased feed/additional expense (Part C), and additional feed purchases above normal (Part D).

**E Example of Part E – Total Honeybee Losses for Program Year**

The following is an example of Part E – Total Honeybee Losses for Program Year.

\*--

Part E - Total Honeybee Losses for Program Year			
50. Eligible Honeybee Colony Losses	51. Eligible Honeybee Hive Losses	52. Eligible Honeybee Feed Losses	53. Eligible Honeybee Losses
\$1,500	\$3,234	\$225	\$4,959
<div style="text-align: center;"> <input style="margin-right: 10px;" type="button" value=" &lt; Back to Part C "/> <input style="margin-right: 10px;" type="button" value=" Continue to Part F &gt; "/> <span>or</span> <input style="margin-left: 10px;" type="button" value=" Skip Farm Raised Fish Section "/> </div>			

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**\*--899.6 CCC-934-1, Part D – Additional Honeybee Feed Purchased Calculation Screen**  
**(Continued)**

**F Action**

Part E does **not** require data entry by the user. Part E will be calculated as provided in the following table.

Item	Instruction
<b>Part E – Total Honeybee Losses for Program Year</b>	
50	<b>No entry required by user.</b> Eligible honeybee colony losses are equal to item 19.
51	<b>No entry required by user.</b> Eligible honeybee hive losses are equal to item 30.
52	<b>No entry required by user.</b> Eligible honeybee feed losses are calculated by adding: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• item 39, plus</li> <li>• item 49.</li> </ul>
53	<b>No entry required by user.</b> Eligible honeybee losses are calculated by adding: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• item 50, plus</li> <li>• item 51, plus</li> <li>• item 52.</li> </ul>
	Click 1 of the following at the: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• bottom of the screen, 1 of the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• “<b>Back to Part C</b>”, to go to Honeybee Purchased Feed and/or Additional Expenses Screen</li> <li>• “<b>Continue to Part F</b>”, to go to the Farm-Raised Fish Death Loss Calculation Screen</li> <li>• “<b>Skip Farm-Raised Fish Section</b>”, to go to the Print Screen</li> </ul> </li> <li>• top of the screen, the appropriate tab to enter applicable loss data into another CCC-934-1 part.</li> </ul>

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## 899.7 CCC-934-1, Part F – Farm-Raised Fish Death Loss Calculation Screen


### A Introduction

The Part F – Farm-Raised Fish Death Loss Calculation Screen allows users to enter information to calculate death loss from CCC-934, Part D, items 13A through 13J, as applicable.

### B Example of Part F – Farm-Raised Fish Death Loss Calculation Screen

The following is an example of the Part F – Farm-Raised Fish Death Loss Calculation Screen.

\*--

Application Info	Part A	Part B	Part C	Part D & E	Part F	Part G & H	Submit/Save/Print				
<b>Part F - Farm-Raised Fish Death Loss Calculation</b>											
State Code - County Code:		Participant's Name:		Program Year:		Application No:					
01 - 001		Producer A		2014		1					
If applicable, enter the application data for Farm-Raised Fish Death Loss Calculation below:											
Note: Click  and then "Insert tbl_ccc934 after" to add another line.											
54. Loss Event Number	55. Type/Kind Size	56. Beginning Inventory	57. Ending Inventory	58A. % of Normal Mortality	58B. Minimum Fish Loss Threshold	59. Ineligible Inventory Lost	60. Eligible Inventory Lost	61. Producer Share	62. Average Fair Market Value	63. Payment Factor	64. Eligible Death Losses
1	Fish	100	50	0.2000	20	5	25	0.5000	\$2.00	0.7500	\$19
65. Subtotal Eligible Death Losses					\$19						
66. Farm-Raised Fish Death Loss Payment Reduction											
67. Total Eligible Purchased Feed Loss/Additional Expenses					\$19						
				< Back to Part D&E		Continue to Part G >					

--\*

## \*--899.7 CCC-934-1, Part F – Farm-Raised Fish Death Loss Calculation Screen (Continued)

**C Action**


The following table provides instructions for completing the Farm-Raised Fish Death Loss Calculation Screen.

Item	Instruction
<b>Part F – Farm-Raised Fish Death Loss Calculation</b>	
54	Enter loss event numbers from CCC-934 or CCC-934-A, item 13A.
55	Enter type/kind/size from CCC-394 or CCC-934-A, item 13B.
56	Enter beginning inventory from CCC-934 or CCC-934-A, item 13D.  <b>Note:</b> If entry is provided in CCC-934 or CCC-934-A, item 13H, then enter item 13H instead of item 13D.
57	Enter ending inventory from CCC-934 or CCC-934-A, item 13E.  <b>Note:</b> If entry is provided in CCC-934 or CCC-934-A, item 13I, then enter item 13I instead of item 13E.
58A	Enter normal mortality established by STC for the type, kind, and size, as established in subparagraph 861 E.
58 B	<b>No entry required by user.</b> Minimum fish loss threshold is calculated by multiplying:  <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• item 56, times</li> <li>• item 58 A.</li> </ul> The result is rounded to the nearest whole number.
59	Enter ineligible inventory lost from CCC-934 or CCC-934-A, item 13F.  <b>Note:</b> If entry is provided in CCC-934 or CCC-934-A, item 13J, then enter item 13J instead of item 13F.

--\*

## \*--899.7 CCC-934-1, Part F – Farm-Raised Fish Death Loss Calculation Screen (Continued)

## C Action (Continued)

Item	Instruction
60	<p><b>No entry required by user.</b> Eligible inventory lost is calculated by subtracting the following:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• result of subtracting: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• item 56, minus</li> <li>• item 57</li> </ul> </li> <li>• minus, item 58B</li> <li>• minus, item 59.</li> </ul> <p>The result is rounded to the nearest whole number.</p>
61	<p>Enter producer's share from CCC-934 or CCC-934-A, item 13G.</p> <p><b>Note:</b> If the participant has multiple shares, on the left of the screen, CLICK “” and select “<b>Insert tbl_ccc934 after</b>”. An additional line will be displayed to enter differing shares from CCC-934-A.</p> <p><b>Important:</b> Producer's share <b>must</b> be entered using 4 decimal places. For example, 100 percent interest is entered as “1.0000” and 55 percent interest is entered as “.5500”. If the producer's share exceeds 1.0000, the entry block will be outlined in red, indicating that the entered data is <b>unacceptable</b>.</p> <div data-bbox="597 1266 748 1463" style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px; margin: 10px auto; width: fit-content;"> <p>61. Producer Share</p> <div style="border: 1px solid red; padding: 2px; display: inline-block;">1.25</div> </div>

--\*

## \*--899.7 CCC-934-1, Part F – Farm-Raised Fish Death Loss Calculation Screen (Continued)

## C Action (Continued)

Item	Instruction
62	Enter average fair market value established by STC for the type, kind, and size, as determined according to subparagraph 861 D.
63	<p><b>No entry required by user.</b> Payment factor is prefilled with either of the following:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• 75 percent, if the producer checked (✓) CCC-934, item 5B, “NO”</li> <li>• 90 percent, if the producer checked (✓) CCC-934, item 5B, “YES”.</li> </ul>
64	<p><b>No entry required by user.</b> Eligible death losses are calculated by multiplying:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• item 60, times</li> <li>• item 61, times</li> <li>• item 62, times</li> <li>• item 63.</li> </ul> <p>The result will be rounded to the nearest whole dollar.</p>
65	<b>No entry required by user.</b> Subtotal of eligible farm-raised fish death losses are calculated by summing the results in item 64.
66	Enter amount of compensation included in the total amount of reductions from CCC-934, item 17, received from other disaster assistance programs for the same farm-raised fish death loss expenses incurred listed in item 65.
67	<p><b>No entry required by user.</b> Total eligible farm-raised fish death losses are calculated by subtracting:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• item 65, minus</li> <li>• item 66.</li> </ul>
	<p>Click 1 of the following at the:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• bottom of the screen, click either of the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>“Back to Part D&amp;E”</b> to go to Additional Honeybee Feed Purchased Calculation Screen</li> <li>• <b>“Continue to Part G”</b> to go to the Farm-Raised Fish Purchased Feed Lost and/or Additional Expense Calculation Screen</li> </ul> </li> <li>• top of the screen, the appropriate tab to enter applicable loss data into another CCC-934-1 part.</li> </ul>

--\*

## 899.8 CCC-934-1, Part G – Farm-Raised Fish Purchased Feed Lost and/or Additional Expense Calculation Screen

### A Introduction


The Part G – Farm-Raised Fish Purchased Feed Lost and/or Additional Expense Calculation Screen allows users to enter information to calculate feed losses and other expenses from CCC-934, Part D, items 15A through 15F, as applicable.

**Important:** Only line entries on CCC-934, Part G, that have “F” entered in item 15B, shall be entered in CCC-934-1, Part G, for farm-raised fish purchased feed lost and/or additional expenses. See paragraph 899.5 for entering data from line entries on CCC-934, Part F, that have “H” entered in item 15B, for honeybee purchased feed lost and/or additional expenses.

### B Example of Part G – Farm-Raised Fish Purchased Feed Lost and/or Additional Expense Calculation Screen

The following is an example of the Part G – Farm-Raised Fish Purchased Feed Lost and/or Additional Expense Calculation Screen.

\*--


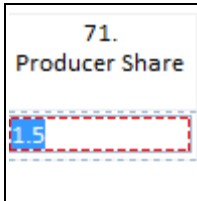
Application Info	Part A	Part B	Part C	Part D & E	Part F	Part G & H	Submit/Save/Print
<b>Part G - Farm-Raised Fish Purchased Feed Lost and/or Additional Expense Calculation</b>							
State Code - County Code:		Participant's Name:		Program Year:		Application No:	
01 - 001		Producer A		2014		1	
If applicable, enter the application data for Farm-Raised Fish Purchased Feed Lost and/or Additional Expense Calculations below:							
Note: Click  and then "insert tbl_ccc934 after" to add another line.							
68. Loss Event Number	69. Type of Purchased Feed Lost or Additional Expense Incurred	70. Value of Purchased Feed Lost or Additional Expense Incurred	71. Producer Share	72. Payment Factor	73. Eligible Farm-Raised Fish Feed Losses		
2	CCC	\$1,000.00	0.5000	0.6000	\$300		
74. Subtotal Eligible Farm-Raised Fish Purchased Feed Losses/Additional Expenses				\$300			
75. Farm-Raised Fish Feed Loss Payment Reduction				<input type="text"/>			
76. Total Eligible Farm-Raised Fish Purchased Feed Losses				\$300			

--\*

**\*--899.8 CCC-934-1, Part G – Farm-Raised Fish Purchased Feed Lost and/or Additional Expense Calculation Screen (Continued)**

**C Action**

The following table provides instructions for completing the Farm-Raised Fish Purchased Feed Lost and/or Additional Expense Calculation Screen.

Item	Instruction
<b>Part G – Farm-Raised Fish Purchased Feed Lost and/or Additional Expense Calculation</b>	
68	Enter corresponding loss event number from CCC-934 or CCC-934-A, item 15A.
69	Enter type of farm-raised fish purchased feed lost/additional expense incurred from CCC-934 or CCC-934-A, item 15C, for the corresponding loss event number entered in item 68.
70	Enter value of purchased feed lost/additional expense incurred from CCC-934 or CCC-934-A, item 15D, for the corresponding loss event number entered in item 68.  <b>Note:</b> If entry is in CCC-934 or CCC-934-A, item 15F, then item 15F shall be entered instead of item 15D.
71	Enter producer's share from CCC-934 or CCC-934-A, item 15E.  <b>Note:</b> If the participant has multiple shares, on the left of the screen, CLICK  and select " <b>Insert tbl_ccc934 after</b> ". An additional line will be displayed to enter differing shares from CCC-934-A.  <b>Important:</b> Producer's share <b>must</b> be entered using 4 decimal places. For example, 100 percent interest is entered as "1.0000" and 55 percent interest is entered as ".5500". If the producer's share exceeds 1.0000, the entry block will be outlined in red, indicating that the entered data is <b>unacceptable</b> .  
72	<b>No entry required by user.</b> Payment factor is prefilled with one of the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• 60 percent, if the producer checked (✓) CCC-934, item 5B, "NO"</li> <li>• 90 percent, if the producer checked (✓) CCC-934, item 5B, "YES".</li> </ul>

--\*

**\*--899.8 CCC-934-1, Part G – Farm-Raised Fish Purchased Feed Lost and/or Additional Expense Calculation Screen (Continued)**

**C Action (Continued)**

Item	Instruction
73	<p><b>No entry required by user.</b> Eligible farm-raised fish feed losses are calculated by multiplying:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• item 70, times</li> <li>• item 71, times</li> <li>• item 72.</li> </ul> <p>The result will be rounded to the nearest whole dollar.</p>
74	<p><b>No entry required by user.</b> Subtotal of eligible farm-raised fish feed losses/additional expenses are calculated by adding the results in item 73.</p>
75	<p>Enter amount of compensation included in the total amount of reductions from CCC-934, item 17, received from other disaster assistance programs for the same farm-raised fish feed losses/additional expenses incurred listed in item 74.</p>
76	<p><b>No entry required by user.</b> Total eligible farm-raised fish purchased feed losses are calculated by subtracting:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• item 74, minus</li> <li>• item 75.</li> </ul>

--\*

**899.8 CCC-934-1, Part G – Farm-Raised Fish Purchased Feed Lost and/or Additional Expense Calculation Screen (Continued)**

**D Part H – Total Farm-Raised Fish Losses for Program Year**

At the bottom of the Part G - Farm-Raised Fish Purchased Feed Lost and/or Additional Expense Calculation Screen is Part H – Total Farm-Raised Fish Losses for Program Year. Part H calculates the total farm-raised fish losses for the applicant including, farm-raised fish death losses (Part F) and purchased feed lost and/or additional expenses (Part G).

**E Example of Part H – Total Farm-Raised Fish Losses for Program Year**

The following is an example of Part H – Total Farm-Raised Fish Losses for Program Year.

\*--

Part H - Total Farm-Raised Fish Losses for Program Year		
77. Eligible Farm-Raised Fish Death Losses	78. Eligible Farm-Raised Fish Feed Losses	79. Eligible Farm-Raised Fish Losses
\$19	\$300	\$319
<div style="display: flex; justify-content: space-around;"> <span>&lt; Back to Part F</span> <span>Submit/Save/Print &gt;</span> </div>		

--\*

# 899.8 CCC-934-1, Part G – Farm-Raised Fish Purchased Feed Lost and/or Additional Expense Calculation Screen (Continued)

## F Action

Part H does **not** require data entry by user. Part H will be calculated as provided in the following table.

Item	Instruction
<b>Part H - Total Farm-Raised Fish Losses for Program Year</b>	
77	<b>No entry required by user.</b> Eligible farm-raised fish death losses are equal to item 67.
78	<b>No entry required by user.</b> Eligible farm-raised fish feed losses are equal to item 76.
79	<b>No entry required by user.</b> Eligible farm-raised fish losses are calculated by adding: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• item 77, plus</li> <li>• item 78.</li> </ul>
	Click 1 of the following at the: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• bottom of the screen, click either of the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>“Back to Part F”</b>, to go to Farm-Raised Fish Purchased Feed Lost and/or Additional Expense Calculation Screen</li> <li>• <b>*--“Submit/Save/Print”</b>, to: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• view the printable version of CCC-934-1</li> <li>• submit CCC-934-1 to the ELAP database</li> <li>• save and/or print CCC-934-1--*</li> </ul> </li> </ul> </li> <li>• top of the screen, the appropriate tab to enter applicable loss data into another CCC-934-1 part.</li> </ul>

## 899.9 Submitting, Saving, and Printing the Automated CCC-934-1

## \*--A “Submit/Save/Print” Button

If users click “Submit/Save/Print”, the completed CCC-934-1 will be displayed.--\*

## B Example of Completed CCC-934-1

The following is an example of the completed CCC-934-1.

This form is available electronically.		U. S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE Commodity Credit Corporation		1. State and County Code 01 001		2. Participant's Name Joe Smith	
CCC-934-1 (05-28-14)				3. Program Year 2012		4. Application number 12	
Emergency Assistance for Honeybee and Farm-Raised Fish Losses Payment Calculation Worksheet							
<b>Part A – Colony Loss Calculation</b>							
5. Entry Number	6. Producer Share	7. Program Year Inventory	8. % of Normal Mortality	9. Minimum Colony Loss Threshold (Item 7 x Item 8)	10. Total Number of Colonies Lost	11. Number of Ineligible Colonies Lost	12. Number of Eligible Lost Colonies (Item 10 – Item 11)
1	1.00	350	0.1750	61	200	10	190
14. Total Payment Colonies (Sum of Item 13)				129			
15. Colony Fair Market Value				75.00			
16. Payment Factor				0.7500			
17. Subtotal Eligible Colony Losses (Item 14 X Item 15 X Item 16)				7,256			
18. Colony Loss Payment Reduction				0			
19. Total Eligible Colony Losses (Item 17 – Item 18)				\$7,256			
<b>Part B – Honeybee Hive Loss Calculation</b>							
20. Entry Number	21. Producer Share	22. Number of Hives Lost	23. Number of Ineligible Hives Lost	24. Number of Eligible Hives Lost (Item 22 – Item 23)	25. Hive Fair Market Value	26. Payment Factor	27. Eligible Hive Losses (Item 21 x Item 24 x Item 25 x Item 26)
1	1.00	25	0	25	210.00	0.7500	3,938
28. Subtotal Eligible Hive Losses (Sum of Item 27)				3,938			
29. Hive Loss Payment Reduction				0			
30. Total Eligible Hive Losses (Item 28 – Item 29)				3,938			
<b>Part C – Honeybee Purchased Feed Loss and/or Additional Expenses Calculation</b>							
31. Loss Event Number	32. Type of Purchased Feed Loss/ Additional Expense Incurred	33. Value of Purchased Feed Loss/ Additional Expense Incurred	34. Producer Share	35. Payment Factor	36. Feed Losses/Additional Expenses Incurred (Item 33 x Item 34 x Item 35)		
1	Sugar Water	300	1	0.6000	180		
37. Subtotal Eligible Purchased Feed Losses/Additional Expenses Incurred (Sum of Item 36)				180			
38. Purchased Feed Loss Payment Reduction				0			
39. Total Eligible Purchased Feed Loss/Additional Expenses Incurred (Item 37 – Item 38)				180			
<b>Part D – Additional Honeybee Feed Purchased Calculation</b>							
40. Loss Event Number	41. Type of Additional Feed Purchased	42. Cost of Feed Purchased in Application Year	43A. Cost of Feed Purchased 1 Year Prior	43B. Cost of Feed Purchased 2 Years Prior	43C. Average Cost of Feed Purchased in Prior Years	44. Producer Share	45. Payment Factor
1	Sugar Water	1,000	500	300	400	1	0.6000
47. Subtotal Eligible Additional Honeybee Feed Purchased (Sum of Item 46)				360			
48. Additional Honeybee Feed Loss Payment Reduction				0			
49. Total Eligible Additional Honeybee Feed Loss (Item 47 – Item 48)				360			

## \*--899.9 Submitting, Saving, and Printing the Automated CCC-934-1 (Continued)

## B Example of Completed CCC-934-1 (Continued)

CCC-934-1(05-28-14)												Page 2
<b>Part E – Total Honeybee Losses for Program Year</b>												
50. Eligible Honeybee Colony Losses (Item 19)			51. Eligible Honeybee Hive Losses (Item 30)			52. Eligible Honeybee Feed Losses (Item 39 + Item 49)			53. Eligible Honeybee Losses (Item 50 + Item 51 + Item 52)			
\$7,256			\$3,938			\$540			\$11,734			
<b>Part F – Farm-Raised Fish Death Loss Calculation</b>												
54. Loss Event Number(s)	55. Type/Kind/Size	56. Beginning Inventory	57. Ending Inventory	58A. Normal Mortality Percent	58B. Minimum Fish Loss Threshold (Item 56 x Item 58A)	59. Ineligible Inventory Lost	60. Eligible Inventory Lost (Item 56 - Item 57) - Item 58B - Item 59)	61. Producer Share	62. Average Fair Market Value	63. Payment Factor	64. Eligible Death Losses (Item 60 x Item 61 x Item 62 x Item 63)	
1	golden shiner	25,000	17,000	17.00	4,250	0	3,750	1.00	\$5	0.7500	\$14,484	
65. Subtotal Eligible Death Losses (Sum of Item 64)					\$14,484							
66. Farm-Raised Fish Death Loss Payment Reduction					\$0							
67. Total Eligible Farm-Raised Fish Death Losses (Item 65– Item 66)					\$14,484							
<b>Part G – Farm-Raised Fish Purchased Feed Lost and/or Additional</b>												
68. Loss Event Number	69. Type of Purchased Feed Lost or Additional Expense Incurred			70. Value of Purchased Feed Lost or Additional Expense Incurred			71. Producer Share	72. Payment Factor	73. Eligible Farm-Raised Fish Feed Losses (Item 70 x Item 71 x Item 72)			
1	Special Fish Feed			\$50,000.00			1.00	0.6000	\$30,000			
74. Subtotal Eligible Farm-Raised Fish Purchased Feed Losses/Additional Expenses (Sum of Item 73)							\$30,000					
75. Farm-Raised Fish Feed Loss Payment Reduction							\$0					
76. Total Eligible Farm-Raised Fish Purchased Feed Losses (Item 74 – Item 75)							\$30,000					
<b>Part H – Total Farm-Raised Fish Losses for Program Year</b>												
77. Eligible Farm-Raised Fish Death Losses (Item 67)				78. Eligible Farm-Raised Fish Feed Losses (Item 76)				79. Eligible Farm-Raised Fish Losses (Item 77 + Item 78)				
\$14,484				\$30,000				\$44,484				
<b>Part I – Certification</b>												
80. Preparer's Name		81. Preparer's Initials		82. Date (MM-DD-YYYY)		83. 2 <sup>nd</sup> Party Reviewer Name		84. 2 <sup>nd</sup> Party Reviewer Initials		85. Date (MM-DD-YYYY)		
<small>           The U.S. Department of Agriculture (USDA) prohibits discrimination against its customers, employees, and applicants for employment on the basis of race, color, national origin, age, disability, sex, gender identity, religion, marital and where applicable, political beliefs, mental status, familial or parental status, sexual orientation, or all or part of an individual's income is derived from any public assistance program, or protected genetic information in employment or in any program or activity conducted or funded by the Department. (Not all prohibited basis will apply to all programs and/or employment activities.) Persons with disabilities, who wish to file a program complaint, write to the address below or if you require alternative means of communication for program information (e.g., Braille, large print, audiotape, etc.) please contact USDA's TARGET Center at (202) 720-2500 (voice and TDD). Individuals who are deaf, hard of hearing, or have speech disabilities and wish to file either an EEO or program complaint, please contact USDA through the Federal Relay Service at (800) 877-8339 or (800) 548-8733 (in Spanish).         </small>												
<small>           If you wish to file a Civil Rights program complaint of discrimination, complete the USDA Program Discrimination Complaint Form, found online at <a href="http://www.asor.usda.gov/complaints_filing_cust.html">http://www.asor.usda.gov/complaints_filing_cust.html</a>, or at any USDA office, or call (866) 632-9992 to request the form. You may also write a letter containing all of the information requested in the form. Send your completed complaint form or letter by mail to: U.S. Department of Agriculture, Director, Office of Adjudication, 1400 Independence Avenue, S.W., Washington, D.C. 20250-9410, by fax (202) 690-7442 or email at <a href="mailto:program.intake@usda.gov">program.intake@usda.gov</a>. USDA is an equal opportunity provider and employer.         </small>												

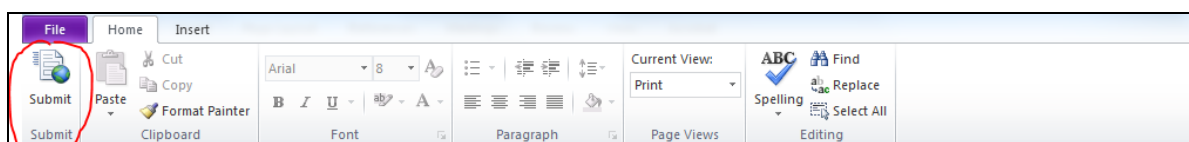
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## 899.9 Submitting, Saving, and Printing the Automated CCC-934-1 (Continued)

### \*--C Submitting CCC-934-1 to the ELAP Database

The only way to submit CCC-934-1 to the ELAP database is to CLICK “**Submit**” as follows.

**Important:** CCC-934-1 will no longer automatically be saved to the ELAP database as previously provided. To submit CCC-934-1 to the ELAP database, users **must** CLICK “**Submit**” when viewing CCC-934-1 in print view.



This form is available electronically.

**CCC-934-1**  
(05-28-14)

**U. S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE**  
Commodity Credit Corporation

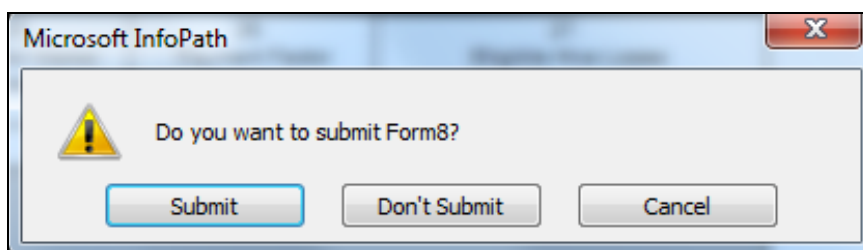
**Emergency Assistance for Honeybee and Farm-Raised Fish**  
**Losses Payment Calculation Worksheet**

1. State and County Code	2. Participant's Name
01 001	Producer A
3. Program Year	4. Application number
2014	1

**Part A – Colony Loss Calculation**

5. Entry Number	6. Producer Share	7. Program Year Inventory	8. % of Normal Mortality	9. Minimum Colony Loss Threshold (Item 7 x Item 8)	10. Total Number of Colonies Lost	11. Number of Ineligible Colonies Lost	12. Number of Eligible Lost Colonies (Item 10 – Item 11)	13. Payment Colonies ((Item 12 – Item 9) x Item 6)
1	1.0000	1,000	0.1750	175	250	50	200	25.00
14. Total Payment Colonies (Sum of Item 13)				25.00				
15. Colony Fair Market Value				\$80				
16. Payment Factor				0.7500				
17. Subtotal Eligible Colony Losses (Item 14 X Item 15 X Item 16)				\$1,500				

If the user does not click “Submit” **before** exiting the print view, the following message will be displayed.



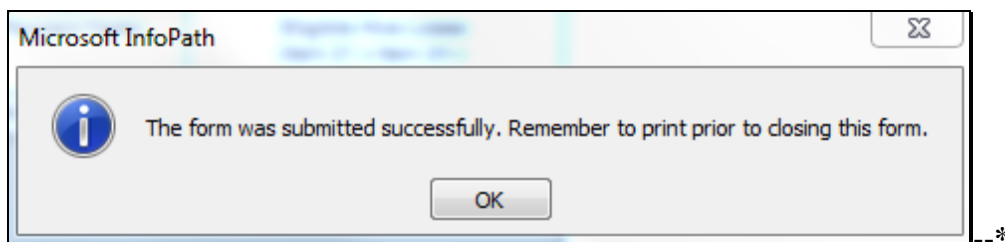
Click either of the following:

- “**Submit**”, to submit CCC-934-1 to the ELAP database
- “**Don't Submit**” or “**Cancel**”, to **not** submit CCC-934-1 to the ELAP database.--\*

## 899.9 Submitting, Saving, and Printing the Automated CCC-934-1 (Continued)

### \*--C Submitting CCC-934-1 to the ELAP Database (Continued)

The following message will be displayed if CCC-934-1 has been successfully submitted to the ELAP database. If the message is **not** displayed, CCC-934-1 has **not** been successfully submitted to the ELAP database.



### D Saving and Printing the Automated CCC-934-1

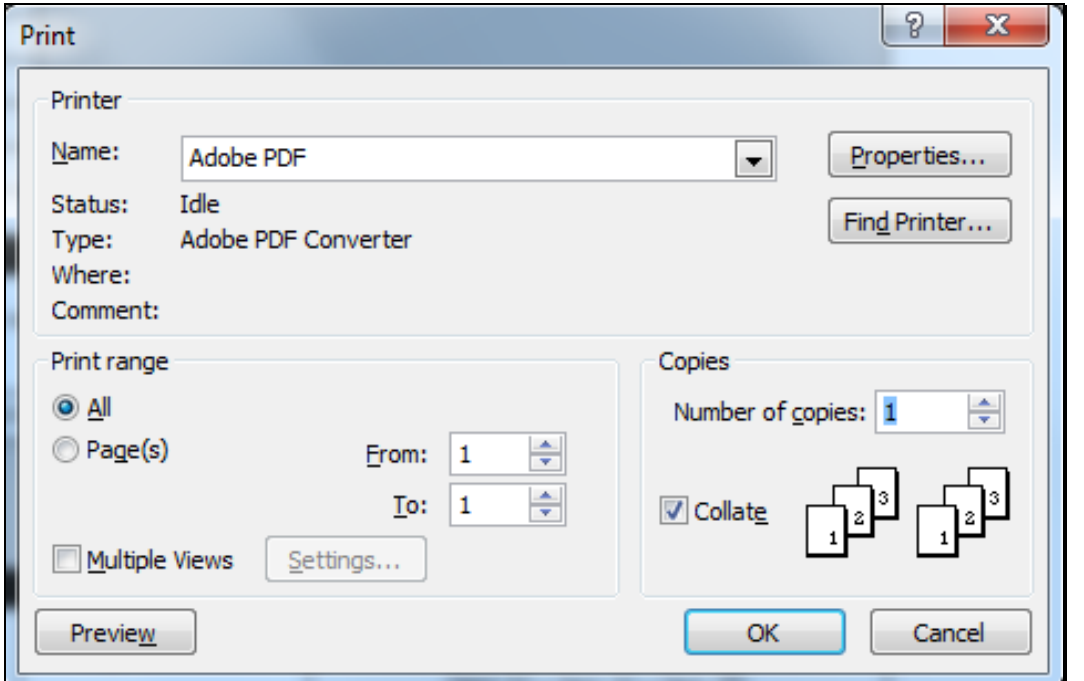
The following table provides instructions to save and print the automated CCC-934-1.

Step	Instruction
1	Review CCC-934-1 for accuracy.
2	From the “File” menu, CLICK “Print” and “Print” again.



\*--899.9 Submitting, Saving, and Printing the Automated CCC-934-1 (Continued)

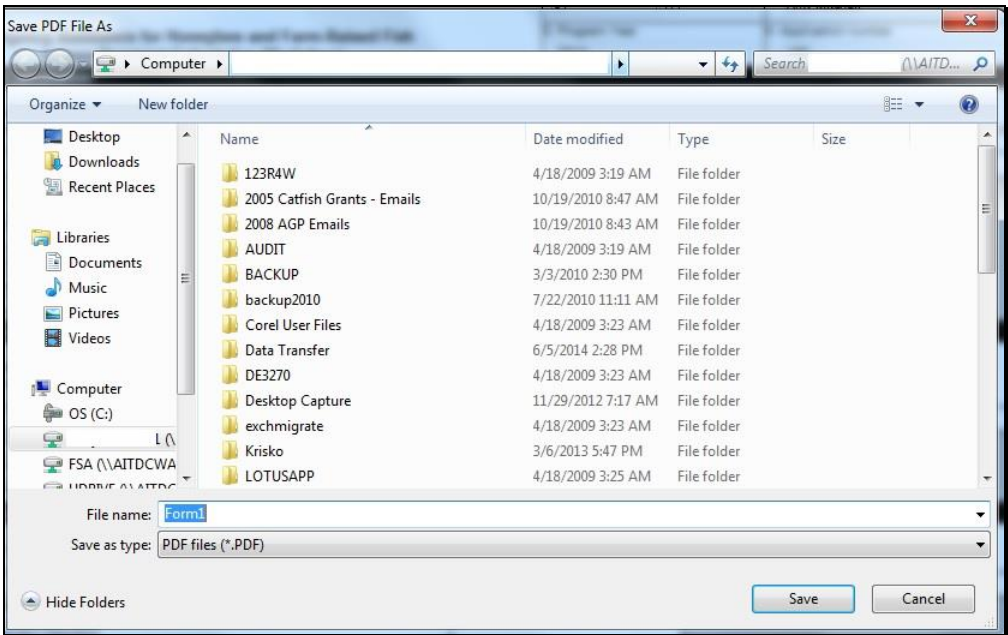
D Saving and Printing the Automated CCC-934-1 (Continued)

Step	Instruction
3	<p>The “Print” dialog box will be displayed. Ensure that the “Printer Name” drop-down list displays “<b>Adobe PDF</b>” and CLICK “<b>OK</b>”.</p> 

--\*

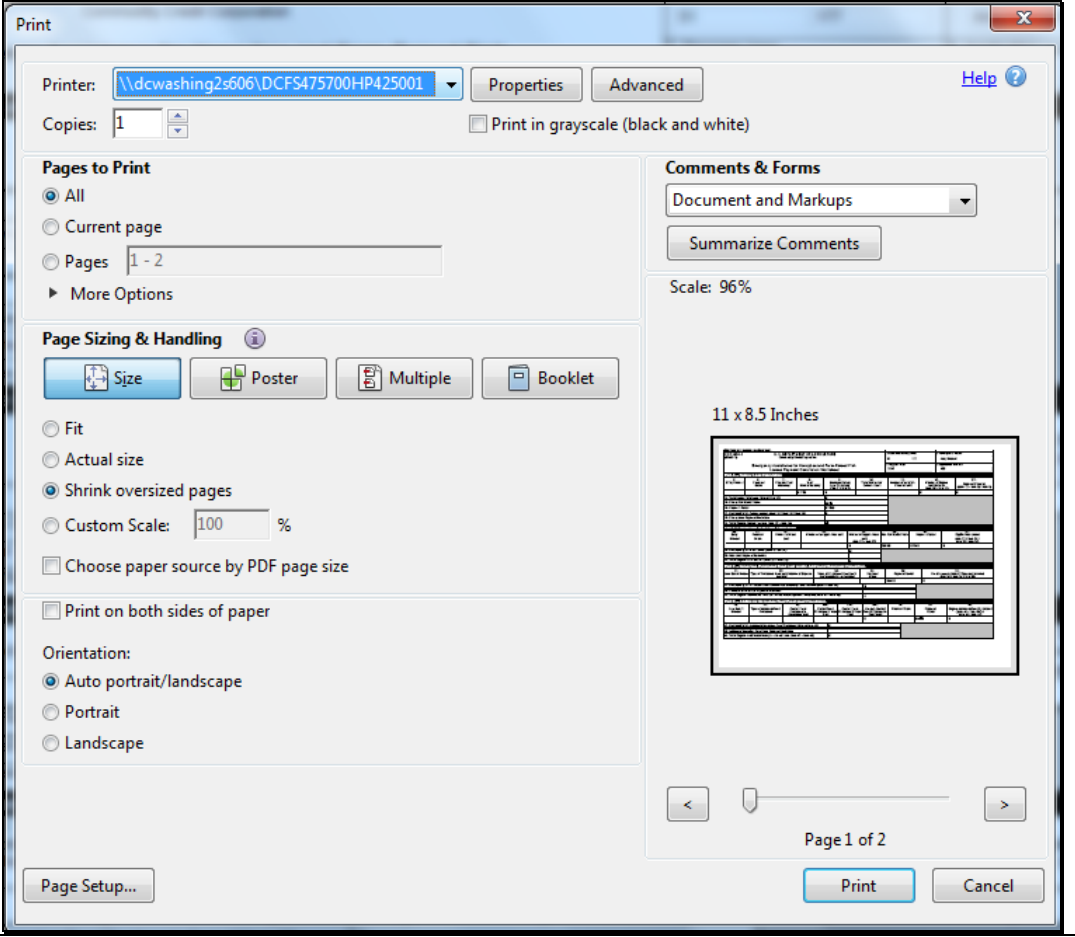
## 899.9 Submitting, Saving, and Printing the Automated CCC-934-1 (Continued)

## D Saving and Printing the Automated CCC-934-1 (Continued)

Step	Instruction
4	<p data-bbox="399 327 1089 359">The “Save PDF File As” dialog box will be displayed.</p>  <p data-bbox="399 1066 768 1098">Users shall do the following:</p> <ul data-bbox="399 1140 1328 1402" style="list-style-type: none"> <li data-bbox="399 1140 911 1171">• navigate to <b>S:\Service Center\FSA\</b></li> <li data-bbox="399 1213 1105 1287">• <b>*--</b>within S:\Service Center\FSA\, create the subfolder “<i>[Program year]</i> ELAP CCC-934-1”<b>--*</b></li> <li data-bbox="399 1329 1328 1402">• enter the file name as “ELAP_<i>[Program year]</i>_<i>[State abbr]</i>_<i>[County code]</i>_CCC-934-1_<i>[Application number]</i>”.</li> </ul> <p data-bbox="448 1434 1425 1476"><b>Notes:</b> “<i>[State abbr]</i>” is 2-alpha State abbreviation, such as VA for Virginia.</p> <p data-bbox="545 1507 1344 1581">“<i>[County code]</i>” is 2-numeric administrative county code from CCC-934, item 1.</p> <p data-bbox="545 1612 1450 1686">“<i>[Application number]</i>” is numeric application number from CCC-934, item 4.</p> <ul data-bbox="399 1728 651 1759" style="list-style-type: none"> <li data-bbox="399 1728 651 1759">• CLICK “<b>Save</b>”.</li> </ul>

## \*--899.9 Submitting, Saving, and Printing the Automated CCC-934-1 (Continued)

## D Saving and Printing the Automated CCC-934-1 (Continued)

Step	Instruction
4 (Cntd)	<p>CCC-934-1 will open in Adobe Acrobat. From the File Menu, CLICK “<b>Print</b>”. The “Print” dialog box will be displayed. CLICK “<b>Print</b>”. The PDF version of the automated CCC-934-1 will print.</p> 
5	The preparer and second party reviewer shall enter their name, initials, title, and date on the printed copy of the automated CCC-934-1 according to subparagraph 890.5 A.
6	File the printed version of the automated CCC-934-1 in the producer’s applicable folder.

--\*

**899.10 Navigating and Saving the Automated CCC-851-1****A Data Screens Included in the Automated CCC-851-1**

The automated CCC-851-1 contains the following 10 data entry screens and 1 print screen.

<b>Tab Title</b>	<b>Screen Name and Content</b>	<b>Paragraph</b>
“Application Information”	Application Information, application and producer information entry.	899.11
“Part A”	Livestock Forage Information - Grazing Loss - Non-Fire	899.12
“Part B”	Forage Information - Grazing Loss - Non-Fire - Owner or Cash Leased Land	899.13
“Part C & D”	Forage Information Grazing Loss - Non-Fire-AUM or Animal Unit Leased Land	899.14
	Net Payment Calculation for Forage - Non-Fire	899.15
“Part E”	Forage Information - Grazing Loss - Fire	899.16
“Part F”	Purchased and Produced Feed Lost and Additional Expenses	899.17
“Part G & H”	Additional Feed Purchased Above Normal	899.18
	Grazing Loss Versus Additional Feed Purchased Above Normal	899.19
“Part I”	Livestock Death Losses	899.20
“Part J”	Water Transporting	899.21
“Part K & L”	Cattle Tick Fever	899.22
	Payments	899.23
*--“Submit/Save/Print”	Printable version of CCC-851-1. From this screen, CCC-851-1 may be either of the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>submitted to the ELAP database</li> <li>saved and printed.--*</li> </ul>	899.24

\*\*\*

## 899.11 CCC-851-1 Application Information Screen

### A Introduction

Because an automated application process is **not** available, the data captured on CCC-851 **must** be recorded in the automated CCC-851-1.

### B Accessing the Automated CCC-851-1

From the ELAP Payment Calculation Worksheets Main Menu, after users click “Complete and Submit NEW CCC-851-1 for Livestock Losses”, the CCC-851-1 Application Information Screen will be displayed.

### C Application Information Screen

The following is an example of the Application Information Screen. Required entries are denoted with a red asterisk (\*) and all required entries **must** be completed for that field.

\*--

Application Info | Part A | Part B | Part C & D | Part E | Part F | Part G & H | Part I | Part J | Part K & L | Submit/Save/Print

#### Application Information

Physical Location State:  \*

Physical Location County:  \*

Administrative State:  \*

Administrative County:  \*

Participant Name:  \*

SDA, LR, or BF participant: ☐ Yes ☒ No

Customer ID:  \*

Program Year:  \*

Application No:  \*

\*Denotes Required Field

Enter Part A >

--\*



# 899.11 CCC-851-1 Application Information Screen (Continued)

## C Application Information Screen (Continued)

After all required fields are completed, the navigation buttons at the top and the navigation button at the bottom will become active and the user may move to the next part.

\*--

Application Info	Part A	Part B	Part C & D	Part E	Part F	Part G & H	Part I	Part J	Part K & L	Submit/Save/Print
<b>Application Information</b>										
<div> <div>Physical Location State:</div> <div>Alabama</div> </div> <div> <div>Physical Location County:</div> <div>Autauga</div> </div> <div> <div>Administrative State:</div> <div>Alabama</div> </div> <div> <div>Administrative County:</div> <div>Autauga</div> </div> <div> <div>Participant Name:</div> <div>Producer A</div> </div> <div> <div>SDA, LR, or BF participant</div> <div> <input type="radio"/> Yes           <input checked="" type="radio"/> No         </div> </div> <div> <div>Customer ID:</div> <div>12345678</div> </div> <div> <div>Program Year:</div> <div>2014</div> </div> <div> <div>Application No:</div> <div>1</div> </div>										
<div>*Denotes Required Field</div> <div>Enter Part A &gt;</div>										

--\*

## \*--899.11 CCC-851-1 Application Information Screen (Continued)

**D Action**

The following table provides instructions for completing the Application Information Screen.

<b>Item</b>	<b>Instructions</b>
“Physical Location State”	From the drop-down list, select the physical location State where the loss occurred from CCC-851, item 1 for the applicable loss event.
“Physical Location County”	From the drop-down list, select the physical location county where the loss occurred from CCC-851, item 1 for the applicable loss event.
“Administrative State”	From the drop-down list, select the administrative State from CCC-851, item 3.
“Administrative County”	From the drop-down list, select the administrative county from CCC-851, item 1.
“Participant Name”	Enter participant’s name from CCC-851, item 5A. The name <b>must</b> be entered <b>exactly</b> as displayed in SCIMS.
“SDA, LR, or BF participant”	Click either of the following as applicable: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• “YES”, if the producer checked (✓) CCC-934, item 5B, “YES”</li> <li>• “NO”, if the producer checked (✓) CCC-934, item 5B, “NO”.</li> </ul> <b>Note:</b> Item default is “NO”.
“Customer ID”	Enter participant’s customer ID number from SCIMS.
“Program Year”	From the drop-down list, select the applicable program year in which the loss occurred from CCC-851, item 2.
“Application No.”	Enter application number from CCC-851, item 4, and PRESS “ <b>Tab</b> ” key.
	Click either of the following at the: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• bottom of the screen, “<b>Enter Part A</b>”, to go to CCC-851-1, Part A - Livestock Forage Information - Grazing Loss - Non-Fire Screen</li> <li>• top of the screen, the appropriate tab to enter additional loss data.</li> </ul>

**Note:** Required entries are denoted with a red asterisk (\*). All required entries **must** be completed **before** the user is able to move on to Part A or before the tabs at the top of the screen are enabled for the user to move to another CCC-851-1 part.--\*

**899.12 CCC-851-1, Part A - Livestock Forage Information - Grazing Loss - Non-Fire Screen****A Introduction**


After all of the required fields on the Application Information Screen have been completed, Part A - Livestock Forage Information - Grazing Loss - Non-Fire Screen will be displayed that allows the user to enter information for livestock grazing losses from CCC-851, Part C, items 8 through 13 and the number of lost grazing days, as applicable.

**\*--Important:** Part A must be completed for the following types of livestock losses:

- grazing losses - non-fire
- feed losses/additional expenses
- water transportation.--\*

**B Example of Part A - Livestock Forage Information - Grazing Loss - Non-Fire Screen**

The following is an example of the Part A - Livestock Forage Information - Grazing Loss - Non-Fire Screen.

Application Info	Part A	Part B	Part C & D	Part E	Part F	Part G & H	Part I	Part J	Part K & L	Submit/Save/Print
<b>Part A - LIVESTOCK FORAGE INFORMATION - GRAZING LOSS - Non-Fire</b>										
State Code - County Code:			Participant's Name:			Program Year:		Application No:		
01 - 001			Producer A			2014		1		
If applicable, enter the application data for LIVESTOCK FORAGE INFORMATION - GRAZING LOSS - Non-Fire below:										
Note: Click  and then "Insert tbl_ccc851 after" to add another line.										
5. Livestock Group	6. Livestock Kind/Type and Weight Range	7. Livestock Inventory	8. Animal Unit (AU) Conversion Factor	9. Number of Days Grazing Lost (NTE 150 Days)	10. Participant Share	11. Daily Payment Rate Per Head	12. Value of Livestock Feed Cost	13. 150 Day Livestock Feed Cost		
A	Beef-Adult-Cows and Bulls	100	1.00	5	1.0000	\$1.752	\$876	\$26,280		
14. Total Value of Livestock Feed Cost:						\$876				
<a href="#">&lt; Back to Application Info</a>						<a href="#">Continue to Part B &gt;</a>				

**\*--899.12 CCC-851-1, Part A - Livestock Forage Information - Grazing Loss - Non-Fire Screen  
(Continued)**

**C Action**

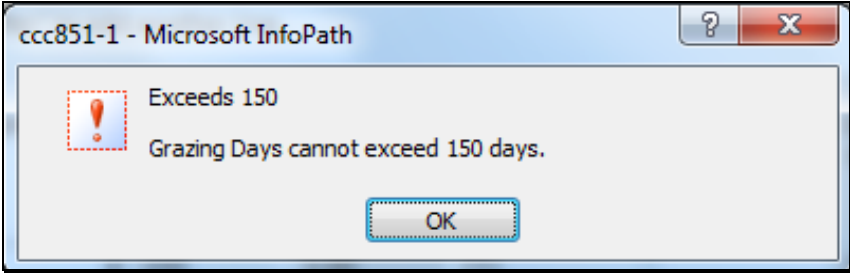
The following table provides instructions for completing the Part A - Livestock Forage Information - Grazing Loss - Non-Fire Screen.

Item	Instruction
<b>Part A - Livestock Forage Information - Grazing Loss - Non-Fire Screen</b>	
5	<p>Enter sequential corresponding letter from CCC-851, item 9, for each livestock kind, type, and weight range that incurred a grazing nonfire and/or feed/additional expense loss.</p> <p><b>Notes:</b> An entry is only required for those livestock that were or would have been grazing eligible pasture or grazing land acres during the eligible loss event, <b>excluding fire</b>.</p> <p>Livestock that were or would have been grazing fire affected pasture or grazing land acres shall <b>not</b> be entered in Part A.</p>
6	From the drop-down list, select the livestock by kind, type, and weight range from CCC-851, item 10 for the applicable livestock.
7	<p>Enter livestock inventory from CCC-851, item 11.</p> <p><b>Note:</b> If an entry is entered in CCC-851, item 13, then for the specific livestock kind, type, and weight range, item 13 shall be used instead of item 11.</p>
8	<b>No entry required by user.</b> The AU conversion factor, provided in Exhibit 16, for the animal type selected in item 6, will be displayed.

--\*

**\*--899.12 CCC-851-1, Part A - Livestock Forage Information - Grazing Loss - Non-Fire Screen  
(Continued)**

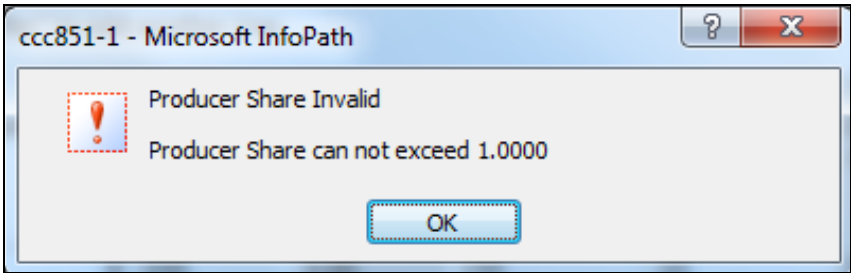
**C Action (Continued)**

Item	Instruction
9	<p>Enter actual number of calendar days the producer's eligible livestock were unable to graze each specific type of pasture, not to exceed 150 calendar days per program year, from CCC-851:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• item 21 for owned or cash-leased land (nonfire affected); if an entry is entered in CCC-851, item 24, then for the specific livestock kind, type, and weight range, item 24 shall be used instead of item 21</li> <li>• item 28 for AUM/AU leased land (nonfire affected); if an entry is entered in CCC-851, item 30, then for the specific livestock kind, type, and weight range, item 30 shall be used instead of item 28.</li> </ul> <p>If more than 150 calendar days are entered, the following error message will be displayed. CLICK "<b>OK</b>" and reenter 150 days or less. Calculation will <b>not</b> be completed until 150 days or less is entered.</p> 

--\*

**\*--899.12 CCC-851-1, Part A - Livestock Forage Information - Grazing Loss - Non-Fire Screen  
(Continued)**


**C Action (Continued)**

Item	Instruction
10	<p>Enter share the producer has in the livestock entered in item 6, from CCC-851, item 12.</p> <p><b>Important:</b> Producer's share <b>must</b> be entered using 4 decimal places. For example, 100 percent interest is entered as "1.0000" and 55 percent interest is entered as ".5500".</p> <p>If greater than 1.0000 is entered, the following error message will be displayed. CLICK "<b>OK</b>" and reenter 1.000 or less.</p> 
11	<p><b>No entry required by user.</b> The payment rate per head for the applicable livestock kind, type, and weight range, entered in item 6, from the table provided in subparagraph 831 A for the applicable program year in which the loss occurred will be displayed.</p>
12	<p><b>No entry required by user.</b> Total value of livestock feed cost is calculated by multiplying:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• item 7, times</li> <li>• item 8, times</li> <li>• item 9, times</li> <li>• item 10, times</li> <li>• item 11.</li> </ul> <p>The result is rounded to the nearest whole dollar.</p>

--\*

**\*--899.12 CCC-851-1, Part A - Livestock Forage Information - Grazing Loss - Non-Fire Screen  
(Continued)**

**C Action (Continued)**

Item	Instruction
13	<p><b>No entry required by user.</b> Value of livestock feed cost for 150 days is calculated by multiplying:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• item 7, times</li> <li>• item 8, times</li> <li>• item 10, times</li> <li>• item 11, times</li> <li>• 150 calendar days.</li> </ul> <p>The result is rounded to the nearest whole dollar.</p>
	<p>To enter another “Livestock Group”:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• on the left of the screen, CLICK “”</li> <li>• CLICK “<b>Insert tbl_ccc851 after</b>”</li> <li>• repeat items 5 through 13.</li> </ul>
14	<p><b>No entry required by user.</b> Total value of livestock feed cost is calculated by adding item 12 for all livestock groups listed in item 5.</p>
	<p>Click 1 of the following at the:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• bottom of the screen, click either of the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• “<b>Continue to Part B</b>”, to go to Part B - Forage Information - Grazing Loss - Non-Fire - Owned or Cash-Leased Land Screen</li> <li>• “<b>Back to Application Info</b>”, to go to the Application Information Screen</li> </ul> </li> <li>• top of the screen, the appropriate tab to enter applicable loss data into another CCC-851-1 part.</li> </ul>

--\*

## 899.13 CCC-851-1, Part B - Forage Information - Grazing Loss - Non-Fire - Owned or Cash-Leased Land Screen


### A Introduction

The Part B - Forage Information - Grazing Loss - Non-Fire - Owned or Cash-Leased Land Screen allows users to enter information for grazing losses on owned or cash-leased land because of an eligible nonfire adverse weather event or loss condition from CCC-851, Part D, items 18 through 24, as applicable.

### B Example of Part B - Forage Information - Grazing Loss - Non-Fire - Owned or Cash-Leased Land Screen

The following is an example of the Part B - Forage Information - Grazing Loss - Non-Fire - Owned or Cash-Leased Land Screen.

\*--

Application Info	Part A	Part B	Part C & D	Part E	Part F	Part G & H	Part I	Part J	Part K & L	Submit/Save/Print
<b>PART B – FORAGE INFORMATION – GRAZING LOSS – Non-Fire – OWNED OR CASH LEASED LAND</b>										
State Code - County Code:			Participant's Name:			Program Year:		Application No:		
01 - 001			Producer A			2014		1		
If applicable, enter the application data for FORAGE INFORMATION – GRAZING LOSS – Non-Fire – OWNED OR CASH LEASED LAND below:										
Note: Click  and then "Insert tbl_ccc851 after" to add another line.										
15. Livestock Group	16. Pasture Type	17. Acres	18. Carrying Capacity	19. Maximum Animal Units (AU's)	20. Number of Days Grazing Lost (NTE 150 Days)	21. Daily Payment Rate Per Head	22. Value of Grazing Lost Based on Carrying Capacity			
A	Improved	100.00	110.00	0.91	60	\$1.752	\$96			
Instructional Note: For Item #17, acres to be entered is equal to Item #20A times Item #20B on the CCC-851.										
23. Total Value of Grazing Lost - Carrying Capacity – Excluding Fire - Owned or Cash Leased Land:							\$96			
< Back to Part A				Continue to Part C & D >						

--\*

**\*--899.13 CCC-851-1, Part B - Forage Information - Grazing Loss - Non-Fire - Owned or Cash-Leased Land Screen (Continued)**

**C Action**

The following table provides instructions for completing the Part B - Livestock Forage Information - Grazing Loss - Non-Fire - Owned or Cash-Leased Land Screen.

Item	Instruction
15	<p>Enter sequential corresponding letter from CCC-851, item 18, for each livestock kind, type, and weight range that are grazing or would have been grazing the specific type of pasture entered in item 16.</p> <p><b>Note:</b> More than one livestock group may be entered.</p>
16	<p>From the drop-down list, select the pasture type provide on CCC-851, item 19.</p>
17	<p>Enter number of acres by physical location county, associated with each pasture type entered in item 16 determined by multiplying:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• CCC-851, item 20A, times</li> <li>• CCC-851, item 20B.</li> </ul> <p><b>Note:</b> If an entry is entered in CCC-851, item 23, then for the specific pasture type, item 23 shall be used instead of item 20A in this calculation.</p> <p><b>Important:</b> The number of acres to enter is <b>not</b> equal to acres in item 20A, but instead is equal to the number of acres (item 20A) times the producer's share (item 20B).</p>
18	<p>Enter applicable carrying capacity from CCC-851, item 22, for each pasture type entered in item 16.</p>
19	<p><b>No entry required by user.</b> The maximum AU's for each pasture type entered in item 16 is calculated by dividing:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• item 17, by</li> <li>• item 18.</li> </ul> <p>Round the result to 2 decimal places.</p>
20	<p>Enter actual number of calendar days the producer's eligible livestock were unable to graze each specific type of pasture from CCC-851, item 21, not to exceed 150 calendar days per program year.</p> <p><b>Note:</b> If an entry is entered in CCC-851, item 24, then for the specific pasture type, item 24 shall be used instead of item 21, not to exceed 150 calendar days per program year.</p>

--\*

**\*--899.13 CCC-851-1, Part B - Forage Information - Grazing Loss - Non-Fire - Owned or Cash-Leased Land Screen (Continued)**

**C Action (Continued)**

Item	Instruction
21	<b>No entry required by user.</b> The daily payment rate per head is displayed for each livestock kind, type, and weight range from subparagraph 831 A for the program year in which the loss occurred.
22	<b>No entry required by user.</b> Value of grazing lost based on carrying capacity of eligible grazing land is calculated by multiplying: <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• item 19, times</li><li>• item 20, times</li><li>• item 21.</li></ul> <p>The result should be rounded to the nearest whole dollar.</p> <p>To enter another “Pasture Type”:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• on the left of the screen, CLICK “</li></ul>

--\*

## 899.14 CCC-851-1, Part C - Forage Information - Grazing Loss - Non-Fire - AUM or Animal Unit Leased Land Screen


### A Introduction

The Part C - Forage Information - Grazing Loss - Non-Fire - AUM or Animal Unit Leased Land Screen allows users to enter information for grazing losses on AUM or AU leased land because of an eligible nonfire adverse weather event or loss condition from CCC-851, Part D, items 25 through 30, as applicable.

### B Example of Part C - Forage Information - Grazing Loss - Non-Fire - AUM or Animal Unit Leased Land Screen

The following is an example of the Part C - Forage Information - Grazing Loss - Non-Fire - AUM or Animal Unit Leased Land Screen.

\*--

Application Info	Part A	Part B	Part C & D	Part E	Part F	Part G & H	Part I	Part J	Part K & L	Submit/Save/Print
<b>PART C – FORAGE INFORMATION – GRAZING LOSS – Non-Fire – AUM OR ANIMAL UNIT LEASED LAND</b>										
State Code - County Code:		Participant's Name:		Program Year:		Application No:				
01 - 001		Producer A		2014		1				
If applicable, enter the application data for FORAGE INFORMATION – GRAZING LOSS – Non-Fire – AUM OR ANIMAL UNIT LEASED LAND below:										
Note: Click  and then "Insert tbl_ccc851 after" to add another line.										
24. Livestock Group	25. Pasture Type			26. Animal Units (AU's)	27. Number of Days Grazing Lost (NTE 150 Days)	28. Daily Payment Rate Per Head	29. Value of Grazing Lost Based on Carrying Capacity			
A	Small Grains			100.00	45	\$1.752	\$7,884			
30. Total Value of Grazing Lost - Carrying Capacity – Excluding Fire – AUM/ AU Leased Land:						\$7,884				

--\*

**\*--899.14 CCC-851-1, Part C - Forage Information - Grazing Loss - Non-Fire - AUM or Animal Unit Leased Land Screen (Continued)**

**C Action**


The following table provides instructions for completing the Part C - Livestock Forage Information - Grazing Loss - Non-Fire - AUM or Animal Unit Leased Land Screen.

Item	Instruction
24	Enter sequential corresponding letter from CCC-851, item 25, for each livestock kind, type, and weight range that are grazing or would have been grazing the specific type of pasture entered in item 25.  <b>Note:</b> More than 1 livestock group may be entered.
25	From the drop-down list, select the pasture type from CCC-851, item 26, for AUM or AU leased land.
26	Enter number of AU's, from CCC-851, item 27, allowed by the pasture type selected in item 25.  <b>Note:</b> If an entry is entered in CCC-851, item 29, then for the specific pasture type, item 29 shall be used instead of item 27.

--\*

**\*--899.14 CCC-851-1, Part C - Forage Information - Grazing Loss - Non-Fire - AUM or Animal Unit Leased Land Screen (Continued)**

**C Action (Continued)**

Item	Instruction
27	<p>Enter actual number of calendar days from CCC-851, item 28, that the producer's eligible livestock were unable to graze for each specific type of pasture entered in item 25 because of the qualifying adverse weather or loss conditions, excluding fire, not to exceed 150 calendar days per program year.</p> <p><b>Note:</b> If an entry is entered in CCC-851, item 30, then for the specific pasture type, item 30 shall be used instead of item 28, not to exceed 150 calendar days per program year.</p>
28	<p><b>No entry required by user.</b> The daily payment rate per head is displayed for each livestock kind, type, and weight range from subparagraph 831 A for the program year in which the loss occurred.</p>
29	<p><b>No entry required by user.</b> Value of grazing lost based on carrying capacity for each pasture type is calculated by multiplying:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• item 26, times</li> <li>• item 27, times</li> <li>• item 28.</li> </ul> <p>The result shall be rounded to the nearest whole dollar.</p>
	<p>To enter another "Pasture Type":</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• on the left of the screen, CLICK " <li>• CLICK "<b>Insert tbl_ccc851 after</b>"</li> <li>• repeat items 24 through 29.</li> </li></ul>
30	<p><b>No entry required by user.</b> Total value of grazing lost based on carrying capacity for all AUM/AU leased land is calculated by adding the results in item 29.</p>

--\*

## 899.15 CCC-851-1, Part D - Net Payment Calculation for Forage - Non-Fire

### A Introduction

The Part D - Net Payment Calculation for Forage - Non-Fire Screen calculates the net payment for grazing losses because of an eligible nonfire adverse weather event or loss condition.

### B Example of Part D - Net Payment Calculation for Forage - Non-Fire Screen

The following is an example of the Part D - Net Payment Calculation for Forage - Non-Fire Screen.

\*--

PART D – NET PAYMENT CALCULATION FOR FORAGE – Non-Fire	
31. Total Value of Livestock Feed Cost (Sum of applicable item(s) 12 from Part A):	\$876
32. Total Value of Grazing Lost Based on Carrying Capacity:	\$7,884
33. Enter the Smaller of Item 31 or Item 32:	\$7,884
34. National Payment Factor:	0.6000
35. Grazing Loss Calculated Payment Amount – Excluding Fire	\$4,730
36. Reductions – Excluding Fire	
37. Net Grazing Loss Calculated Payment Amount - Excluding Fire:	\$4,730
<div style="display: flex; justify-content: space-around;"> <span>&lt; Back to Part B</span> <span>Continue to Part E &gt;</span> </div>	

--\*

**\*--899.15 CCC-851-1, Part D - Net Payment Calculation for Forage - Non-Fire (Continued)****C Action**

The following table provides instructions for completing the Part D - Net Payment Calculation for Forage Screen.

Item	Instructions
31	Enter total value of livestock feed cost from the applicable item 12 for the livestock groups entered in item 15 and 24.  <b>Important:</b> This item <b>must</b> be completed <b>if</b> item 22 or 29 is greater than \$0. CCC-851-1 will <b>not</b> submit to the ELAP database if item 22 or 29 is greater than \$0 and this item is not completed.
32	<b>No entry required by user.</b> Total value of grazing lost based on carrying capacity is calculated by adding:  <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• item 23, plus</li> <li>• item 30.</li> </ul>
33	<b>No entry required by user.</b> Enter smaller of item 31 or 32.
34	<b>No entry required by user.</b> Payment factor of either of the following:  <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• 60 percent for producers who checked (✓) CCC-851, item 5B, "NO"</li> <li>• 90 percent for producers who checked (✓) CCC-851, item 5B, "YES".</li> </ul>
35	<b>No entry required by user.</b> The grazing loss calculated payment amount, nonfire, is calculated by multiplying:  <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• item 33, times</li> <li>• item 34.</li> </ul> The result shall be rounded to the nearest whole number.
36	Enter amount of compensation, included in the total amount of reductions from CCC-851, item 73, received from other disaster assistance programs for the same grazing losses on the pasture types listed in item 16 and 25.

--\*

**\*--899.15 CCC-851-1, Part D - Net Payment Calculation for Forage - Non-Fire (Continued)****C Action (Continued)**

Item	Instruction
37	<p><b>No entry required by user.</b> The net grazing loss calculated payment amount, nonfire, is calculated by subtracting:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• item 35, minus</li> <li>• item 36.</li> </ul> <p>If the result is less than zero, enter zero in item 37.</p>
	<p>Click 1 of the following at the:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• bottom of the screen, click either of the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>“Continue to Part E”</b> to go to Part E - Forage Information - Grazing Loss - Fire Screen</li> <li>• <b>“Back to Part B”</b> to go to Part B - Forage Information - Grazing Loss - Non-Fire Owned or Cash Leased Land Screen</li> </ul> </li> <li>• top of the screen, the appropriate tab to enter applicable loss data into another CCC-851-1 part.</li> </ul>

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**899.16 CCC-851-1, Part E - Forage Information - Grazing Loss - Fire Screen****A Introduction**

The Part E - Forage Information - Grazing Loss - Fire Screen allows users to enter information for grazing losses because of fire from CCC-851, Part E, items 31 through 37, as applicable.

**B Example of Part E - Forage Information - Grazing Loss - Fire Screen**

The following is an example of the Part E - Forage Information - Grazing Loss - Fire Screen.

\*--

Application Info	Part A	Part B	Part C & D	Part E	Part F	Part G & H	Part I	Part J	Part K & L	Submit/Save/Print
<b>PART E – FORAGE INFORMATION – Grazing Loss – Fire</b>										
State Code - County Code:			Participant's Name:			Program Year:		Application No:		
01 - 001			Producer A			2014		1		
If applicable, enter the application data for FORAGE INFORMATION – Grazing Loss – Fire below:										
Note: Click  and then "Insert tbl_ccc851 after" to add another line.										
38. Livestock Group	39. Pasture Type	40. Number of Acres Affected by Fire	41. Carrying Capacity	42. Maximum Animal Units (AU's)	43. Number of Days Grazing Lost (NTE 180 Days)	44. Daily Payment Rate Per Head	45. Value of Grazing Lost Due to Fire on Non- Federal Land	46. Value of 180 Day Feed Cost		
				0.00		\$1.752	\$0	\$0		
47A. Total Value of Grazing Lost due to Fire				\$0						
47B. Total Value of 180 Day Feed Cost - Fire				\$0						
47C. Enter the smaller of Item 47A or 47B				\$0						
48. National Payment Factor				0.6000						
49. Grazing Loss Calculated Payment Amount-Fire-Non-Federal Land				\$0						
50. Reductions for Grazing Loss-Fire-Non-Federal Land:										
51. Net Grazing Loss Calculated Payment Amount- Fire – Non-Federal Land				\$0						
< Back to Part C & D				Continue to Part F >						

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**\*--899.16 CCC-851-1, Part E - Forage Information - Grazing Loss - Fire Screen (Continued)****C Action**


The following table provides instructions for completing the Part E - Livestock Forage Information - Grazing Loss - Fire Screen.

<b>Item</b>	<b>Instructions</b>
38	Enter sequential corresponding livestock group from CCC-851, item 31.  <b>Note:</b> Multiple livestock groups may be entered.
39	From the drop-down list, select the pasture type affected by fire on all non-Federal managed lands, from CCC-851, item 32.
40	Enter number of acres affected by wildfire, for the applicable pasture types listed in item 39, determined by multiplying:  <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• CCC-851, item 33A times</li> <li>• CCC-851, item 33B.</li> </ul> <b>Note:</b> If an entry is entered in CCC-851, item 36, then for the specific pasture type, item 36, shall be used instead of item 33A.
41	Enter carrying capacity from CCC-851, item 35, for the applicable pasture types listed in item 39.
42	<b>No entry required by user.</b> The maximum AU's are calculated by dividing:  <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• item 40, by</li> <li>• item 41.</li> </ul>
43	Enter actual number of calendar days from CCC-851, item 34, that the producer's eligible livestock were unable to graze for each specific type of pasture entered in item 39 because of wildfires, not to exceed 180 calendar days per program year.  <b>Note:</b> If an entry is entered in CCC-851, item 37, then for the specific pasture type, item 37 shall be used instead of item 34, not to exceed 180 calendar days per program year.
44	<b>No entry required by user.</b> The daily payment rate per head for each livestock kind, type, and weight range from subparagraph 831 A for the program year in which the loss occurred.

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## 899.16 CCC-851-1, Part E - Forage Information - Grazing Loss - Fire Screen (Continued)

## C Action (Continued)

Item	Instruction
45	<p><b>No entry required by user.</b> Value of grazing lost because of wildfire on non-Federal land is calculated by multiplying:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• item 42, times</li> <li>• item 43, times</li> <li>• item 44.</li> </ul> <p>The result shall be rounded to the nearest whole number.</p>
46	<p><b>*--No entry required by user.</b> Value of feed cost for 180 <b>calendar</b> days is calculated by multiplying:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• item 42, times</li> <li>• item 44, times</li> <li>• 180 calendar days.--*</li> </ul> <p>The result shall be rounded to the nearest whole dollar.</p>
	<p>To enter another "Pasture Type":</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• on the left of the screen, CLICK "</li> <li>• CLICK "<b>Insert tbl_ccc851 after</b>"</li> <li>• repeat items 38 through 46.</li> </ul>
47A	<b>No entry required by user.</b> The grazing loss calculated payment amount for wildfire on non-Federal land is calculated by adding the results in item 45.
47B	<b>*--No entry required by user.</b> Value of 180-calendar-day livestock feed cost--* for wildfire on non-Federal land is calculated by adding the results in item 46.
47C	<b>No entry required by user.</b> Smaller of item 47A or 47B.
48	<p><b>No entry required by user.</b> National payment factor is either of the following:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• 60 percent for producers who checked (✓) CCC-851, item 5B, "NO"</li> <li>• 90 percent for producers who checked (✓) CCC-851, item 5B, "YES".</li> </ul>

## \*--899.16 CCC-851-1, Part E - Forage Information - Grazing Loss - Fire Screen (Continued)

## C Action (Continued)

Item	Instruction
49	<p><b>No entry required by user.</b> The grazing loss calculated payment amount for wildfire on non-Federal land is calculated by multiplying:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• item 47A, times</li> <li>• item 48.</li> </ul> <p>The result shall be rounded to the nearest whole dollar.</p>
50	<p>Enter amount of compensation, included in the total amount of reductions from CCC-851, item 73, received from other disaster assistance programs for the same grazing losses on the pasture types listed in item 39.</p>
51	<p><b>No entry required by user.</b> The net grazing loss calculated payment amount for wildfires on non-Federal land is calculated by subtracting:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• item 49, minus</li> <li>• item 50.</li> </ul> <p>If the result is less than zero, enter zero in item 51.</p>
	<p>Click 1 of the following at the:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• bottom of the screen, click either of the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>“Continue to Part F”</b> to go to Part F - Purchased and Produced, Feed Lost and Additional Expenses Screen</li> <li>• <b>“Back to Part C &amp; D”</b> to go to Part C - Forage Information - Grazing Loss - Non-Fire - AUM or Animal Unit Leased Land Screen or Part D - Net Payment Calculation For Forage - Non-Fire</li> </ul> </li> <li>• top of the screen, the appropriate tab to enter applicable loss data into another CCC-851-1 part.</li> </ul>

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**899.17 CCC-851-1, Part F - Purchased and Produced, Feed Lost and Additional Expenses Screen****A Introduction**

The Part F - Purchased and Produced, Feed Lost and Additional Expenses Screen allows users to enter information for purchased and produced livestock feed losses and additional livestock feed expenses from CCC-851, Part F, items 38A through 43, and Part G, items 44A through 47, as applicable.

**B Example of Part F - Purchased and Produced, Feed Lost and Additional Expenses Screen**

The following is an example of the Part F - Purchased and Produced, Feed Lost and Additional Expenses Screen.

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Application Info					Part A	Part B	Part C & D	Part E	Part F	Part G & H	Part I	Part J	Part K & L	Submit/Save/Print
<b>PART F – PURCHASED AND PRODUCED, FEED LOST AND ADDITIONAL EXPENSES</b>														
State Code - County Code:					Participant's Name:					Program Year:		Application No:		
01 - 001					Producer A					2014		1		
If applicable, enter the application data for PURCHASED AND PRODUCED, FEED LOST AND ADDITIONAL EXPENSES below:														
Note: Click  and then "Insert tbl_ccc851 after" to add another line.														
52A. Fire or Non-Fire? (F or N)	52B. Livestock Group	53. Type of Purchased and/or Produced Feed Lost and Additional Feed Expenses								54. Quantity Lost		55. Value of Purchased or Produced Feed Lost and Additional Feed Expenses		
<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>								<input type="text"/>		<input type="text"/>		
56. Non-Fire-Value of Purchased and Produced Feed Lost and Additional Feed Expenses										<input type="text" value="\$0"/>				
57. Non-fire 150-Day Livestock Feed Cost										<input type="text"/>				
58. Enter the smaller of Item 56 or 57										<input type="text"/>				
59. Fire-Value of Purchased and Produced Feed Lost and Additional Feed Expenses										<input type="text" value="\$0"/>				
60. Fire 180-Day Livestock Feed Cost										<input type="text"/>				
61. Enter the smaller of Item 59 or 60										<input type="text"/>				
62. Total Value of Purchase and Produced Feed Lost and Additional Feed Expenses										<input type="text" value="\$0"/>				
63. National Payment Factor										<input type="text" value="0.6000"/>				
64. Calculated Payment for Purchased & Produced Feed Lost and Additional Feed Expenses										<input type="text" value="\$0"/>				
65. Reductions for Purchased and Produced Feed Losses and Additional Feed Expenses										<input type="text"/>				
66. Net Calculated Payment for Purchased & Produced Feed Lost & Additional Feed Expenses										<input type="text" value="\$0"/>				
<input type="button" value=" &lt; Back to Part E"/> <input type="button" value=" Continue to Part G &amp; H &gt;"/>														

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**\*--899.17 CCC-851-1, Part F - Purchased and Produced, Feed Lost and Additional Expenses Screen (Continued)**

**C Action**

The following table provides instructions for completing the Part F - Purchased and Produced, Feed Lost and Additional Expenses Screen.

Item	Instruction
52A	<p>From the drop-down list, select:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• “N”, if the feed loss listed in item 53 is for livestock listed in item 52B that were or would have been grazing specific pasture type entered in item 16 or 25 if not for a nonfire weather event or loss condition</li> <li>• “F”, if the feed loss listed in item 53 is for livestock listed in item 52B that were or would have been grazing specific pasture type entered in item 39 if not for a wildfire.</li> </ul>
52B	<p>Enter sequential corresponding letter for each livestock kind, type, and weight range that would have been fed the specific type of purchased or produced feed lost entered in item 53, or for which additional feed expenses listed in item 53, were incurred, as provided in CCC-851:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• item 38A for produced feed lost</li> <li>• item 44A for purchased feed lost</li> <li>• item 48A for additional feed expenses only (additional feed purchased above normal will be calculated in Part G).</li> </ul> <p><b>Note:</b> Multiple livestock groups may be entered.</p>
53	<p>Enter type of purchased and/or produced feed lost and/or additional expenses incurred for the participant’s eligible livestock listed in item 52B, as provided in CCC-851:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• item 39 for produced feed and/or</li> <li>• item 45 for purchased feed lost and/or additional expenses.</li> </ul>
54	<p>Enter eligible quantity of produced feed that was lost from CCC-851, item 40, and was intended to be fed to the participant’s eligible livestock listed in item 52B.</p> <p><b>Notes:</b> If an entry is entered in CCC-851, item 42, then item 42 shall be used instead of item 40.</p> <p>An entry is <b>not</b> required for purchased feed that was lost or additional expenses.</p>

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**\*--899.17 CCC-851-1, Part F - Purchased and Produced, Feed Lost and Additional Expenses  
Screen (Continued)**

**C Action (Continued)**

Item	Instruction
55	<p>Enter value of:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>produced feed that was lost calculated by multiplying:<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>item 41A on CCC-851, times</li><li>item 41B on CCC-851</li></ul></li></ul> <p><b>Note:</b> If an entry is entered in CCC-851, item 43, then item 43 shall be used instead of item 41A.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>purchased feed that was lost or additional expenses, calculated by multiplying:<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>item 46A on CCC-851, times</li><li>item 46B on CCC-851</li></ul></li></ul> <p><b>Note:</b> If an entry is entered in CCC-851, item 47, then item 47 shall be used instead of item 46A.</p>
	<p>To enter another “Type of Purchased and/or Produced Feed Lost and Additional Feed Expenses”:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>on the left of the screen, CLICK “</li></ul>

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# 899.17 CCC-851-1, Part F - Purchased and Produced, Feed Lost and Additional Expenses Screen (Continued)

## C Action (Continued)

Item	Instruction
58	<b>No entry required by user.</b> Item is equal to the smaller of item 56 or 57.
59	<b>No entry required by user.</b> Total value of purchased and produced feed lost and/or additional feed expenses for livestock that were or would have been grazing eligible fire-affected grazing land is calculated by adding the results in item 55 for all rows with “F” in item 52A.
60	<p>*--Enter 180-calendar-day feed cost calculated by adding the result in Part E,--* item 46, for the applicable livestock listed in item 52B that have “F” selected in item 52A for which purchased or produced feed was lost or additional expenses incurred and that were or would have been grazing eligible fire-affected grazing land listed in item 39.</p> <p><b>Important:</b> This item <b>must</b> be completed <b>if</b> item 52A equals “F” and item 55 is greater than \$0. In this case, CCC-851-1 will <b>not</b> be submitted to the ELAP database if this item is <b>not</b> completed.</p>
61	<b>No entry required by user.</b> Item is equal to the smaller of item 59 or 60.
62	<p><b>No entry required by user.</b> Total value of purchased and produced feed lost and additional feed expenses is calculated by adding:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• item 58, plus</li> <li>• item 61.</li> </ul>
63	<p><b>No entry required by user.</b> National payment factor is either of the following:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• 60 percent for producers who checked (✓) CCC-851, item 5B, “NO”</li> <li>• 90 percent for producers who checked (✓) CCC-851, item 5B, “YES”.</li> </ul>
64	<p><b>No entry required by user.</b> The payment for purchased and produced feed lost and additional feed expenses is calculated by multiplying:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• item 62, times</li> <li>• item 63.</li> </ul> <p>Result shall be rounded to the nearest whole number.</p>
65	Enter amount of compensation included in the total amount of reductions from CCC-851, item 73, received from other disaster assistance programs for the same feed losses or additional feed expenses listed in item 53.

**\*--899.17 CCC-851-1, Part F - Purchased and Produced, Feed Lost and Additional Expenses  
Screen (Continued)**

**C Action (Continued)**

Item	Instruction
66	<p><b>No entry required by user.</b> The net calculated payment for purchased and produced feed lost and additional feed expenses calculated by subtracting:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• item 64, minus</li> <li>• item 65.</li> </ul> <p>If the result is less than zero, then enter zero.</p>
	<p>Click 1 of the following at the:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• bottom of the screen, click either of the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>“Continue to Part G &amp; H”</b>, to go to Part G - Additional Feed Purchased Above Normal Screen or Part H - Grazing Loss Versus Additional Feed Purchased Above Normal</li> <li>• <b>“Back to Part E”</b> button to go to Part E - Forage Information - Grazing Loss - Fire Screen</li> </ul> </li> <li>• top of the screen, the appropriate tab to enter applicable loss data into another CCC-851-1 part.</li> </ul>

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## 899.18 CCC-851-1, Part G - Additional Feed Purchased Above Normal Screen


**A Introduction**

The Part G - Additional Feed Purchased Above Normal Screen allows users to enter information for losses resulting from additional livestock feed purchases above normal from CCC-851, Part H, items 48A through 53, as applicable.

**B Example of Part G - Additional Feed Purchased Above Normal Screen**

The following is an example of the Part G - Additional Feed Purchased Above Normal Screen.

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Application Info	Part A	Part B	Part C & D	Part E	Part F	Part G & H	Part I	Part J	Part K & L	Submit/Save/Print		
<b>PART G – ADDITIONAL FEED PURCHASED ABOVE NORMAL</b>												
State Code - County Code:			Participant's Name:			Program Year:		Application No:				
01 - 001			Producer A			2014		1				
If applicable, enter the application data for ADDITIONAL FEED PURCHASED ABOVE NORMAL below:												
Note: Click  and then "Insert tbl_ccc851 after" to add another line.												
67A. Fire or Non- Fire? (F or N)	67B. Livestock Group	67C. Qualifying Weather Event	67D. Inside or Outside of Grazing Period? (I/O)	68A. Type of Additional Feed Purchased Above Normal	68B. Cost of Feed Purchased in Application Year	68C. Cost of Feed Purchased in 1 Year Prior	68D. Cost of Feed Purchased in 2 Years Prior	68E. Average Cost of Prior Years Feed Purchased	68F. Number of Days Grazing Lost (NTE 150 Days)	68G. 150-Day Feed Cost for the Livestock	68H. Value of Feed Needs During Event	69. Eligible Purchases of Additional Livestock Feed
N	A	Flood	O	Alfalfa Hay	\$15,000.00	\$5,000.00	\$2,500.00	\$3,750	100	\$26,280	\$17,520	\$11,250
70. Non-Fire, During Grazing Period - Additional Feed Purchased Above Normal									\$0			
71. Non-Fire, During Grazing Period - Value of Feed Needs During Event									\$0			
72. Enter the smaller of Item 70 or 71									\$0			
73. National Payment Factor									0.6000			
74. Non-Fire, During Grazing Period - Calculated Payment for Additional Feed Purchased Above Normal									\$0			
75. Reductions – Non-Fire, During Grazing Period -Additional Feed Purchased Above Normal												
76. Non-Fire, During Grazing Period - Net Calculated Payment for Additional Feed Purchased Above Normal									\$0			
77. Non-Fire, Outside Grazing Period - Additional Feed Purchased Above Normal									\$11,250			
78. Non-Fire, Outside Grazing Period - Value of Feed Needs During Event									\$17,520			
79. Enter the smaller of Item 77 or 78									\$11,250			
80. National Payment Factor									0.6000			
81. Non-Fire, Outside Grazing Period - Calculated Payment for Additional Feed Purchased Above Normal									\$6,750			
82. Reductions, Non—Fire, Outside Grazing Period- -Additional Feed Purchased Above Normal												
83. Non-Fire, Outside Grazing Period - Calculated Payment for Additional Feed Purchased Above Normal									\$6,750			
84. Fire – Additional Feed Purchased Above Normal									\$0			
85. Fire Value of Feed Needs During Event									\$0			
86. Enter the smaller of Item 84 or 85									\$0			
87. National Payment Factor									0.6000			
88. Fire – Calculated Payment for Additional Feed Purchased Above Normal									\$0			
89. Reductions – Fire Additional Feed Purchased Above Normal												
90. Fire Net Calculated Payment for Additional Feed Purchased Above Normal									\$0			

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**\*--899.18 CCC-851-1, Part G - Additional Feed Purchased Above Normal Screen (Continued)****C Action**

The following table provides instructions for completing the Part G - Additional Feed Purchased Above Normal Screen.

Item	Instruction
67A	From the drop-down list, select: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• “N”, if the additional feed purchased above normal quantities listed in item 68A is for livestock listed in item 67B that were or would have been grazing specific pasture type entered in item 16 or 25 if not for a nonfire weather event or loss condition</li> <li>• “F”, if the additional feed purchased above normal quantities listed in item 68A is for livestock listed in item 67B that were or would have been grazing specific pasture type entered in item 39 if not for a fire event.</li> </ul>
67B	Enter sequential corresponding letter from CCC-851, item 9, for each livestock kind, type, and weight range that was or would have been fed the additional feed purchased above normal quantities entered in item 68A.  <b>Note:</b> Multiple livestock groups may be entered.
67C	Enter corresponding loss event number for the applicable adverse weather event or loss condition from CCC-851, item 7A.
67D	From the drop-down list, select: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• “I”, if the qualifying weather event or loss condition entered in item 67C occurred inside/during the normal grazing period for the livestock group listed in item 67B</li> <li>• “O”, if the qualifying weather event or loss condition entered in item 67C occurred outside the normal grazing period for the livestock group listed in item 67B.</li> </ul>
68A	Enter type of additional feed purchased above normal to sustain eligible livestock from CCC-851, item 49.

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## \*--899.18 CCC-851-1, Part G - Additional Feed Purchased Above Normal Screen (Continued)

## C Action (Continued)

Item	Instructions
68B	<p>Enter dollar value of additional feed purchased for the current program year, calculated by multiplying:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• item 51A from CCC-851, times</li> <li>• item 51B from CCC-851.</li> </ul> <p><b>Note:</b> If an entry is entered in CCC-851, item 53, then item 53 shall be used in this calculation instead of item 51A.</p>
68C	<p>Enter dollar value of additional feed purchased for 1 year before the current program year, calculated by multiplying:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• item 50A from CCC-851, times</li> <li>• item 51B from CCC-851.</li> </ul> <p><b>Note:</b> If an entry is entered in CCC-851, item 52A, then item 52A shall be used in this calculation instead of item 50A.</p>
68D	<p>Enter dollar value of additional feed purchased for the second year before the current program year, calculated by multiplying:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• item 50B from CCC-851, times</li> <li>• item 51B from CCC-851.</li> </ul> <p><b>Note:</b> If an entry is entered in CCC-851, item 52B, then item 52B shall be used in this calculation instead of item 50B.</p>
68E	<p><b>No entry required by user.</b> The average of items 68C and 68D to determine the average feed cost for the past 2 years is calculated by dividing:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• the sum of items 68C and 68D, by</li> <li>• 2 years.</li> </ul>
68F	Enter number of days grazing was lost for the loss event listed in item 67C.

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## \*--899.18 CCC-851-1, Part G - Additional Feed Purchased Above Normal Screen (Continued)


## C Action (Continued)

Item	Instruction
68G	<p>Enter 150-calendar-day feed cost for the livestock for which additional feed was purchased above normal according to the following:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>for additional feed purchased because of a nonfire weather event or loss condition, as indicated with “N” in item 67A, that occurred: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>inside the normal grazing period, indicated with an “T” in item 67D, enter sum of item 13 for the applicable livestock groups listed in item 67B</li> <li>outside the normal grazing period, indicated with an “O” in item 67D, enter sum of item 13 for the applicable livestock groups listed in item 67B</li> </ul> </li> <li>for additional feed purchased because of a wildfire on non-Federal land, as indicated with “F” in item 67A, that occurred: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>inside the normal grazing period, indicated with an “T” in item 67D, enter sum of item 46 for the applicable livestock groups listed in item 67B</li> <li>outside the normal grazing period, indicated with an “O” in item 67D, enter sum of item 46 for the applicable livestock groups listed in item 67B.</li> </ul> </li> </ul> <p>Result shall be rounded to the nearest whole number.</p> <p><b>Important:</b> If the user needs to enter a subsequent type of additional feed purchased for the same livestock group in item 67B, ENTER “\$0.00” in this item.</p>
68H	<p><b>No entry required by user.</b> Value of livestock feed needs during the eligible adverse weather event or loss condition is calculated by multiplying:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>item 68F, times</li> <li>result of dividing: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>item 68G, by</li> <li>150 calendar days.</li> </ul> </li> </ul> <p>Result shall be rounded to the nearest whole number.</p>
69	<p><b>No entry required by user.</b> Value of eligible purchases of additional livestock feed purchased above normal quantities calculated using the lessor of either of the following:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>item 68H, or</li> <li>result of subtracting: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>item 68B, minus</li> <li>item 68E.</li> </ul> </li> </ul>

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## \*--899.18 CCC-851-1, Part G - Additional Feed Purchased Above Normal Screen (Continued)

## C Action (Continued)

Item	Instruction
	<p>To enter another “Type of Additional Feed Purchased Above Normal”:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>on the left of the screen, CLICK “”</li> <li>CLICK “<b>Insert tbl_ccc851 after</b>”</li> <li>repeat items 67A through 69.</li> </ul>
70	<b>No entry required by user.</b> Value of additional feed purchased above normal to sustain eligible livestock, that was or would have been grazing eligible nonfire affected grazing land <b>during the grazing period</b> , by adding the results in item 69 for all rows with “N” in item 67A and an “I” in item 67D.
71	<b>No entry required by user.</b> Value of the feed needs during the event for eligible livestock that was or would have been grazing eligible nonfire affected grazing land <b>during the grazing period</b> , is calculated by adding the results in item 68H for all rows with “N” in item 67A and an “I” in item 67D.
72	<b>No entry required by user.</b> Item is equal to the smaller of item 70 or 71.
73	<p><b>No entry required by user.</b> National payment factor is either of the following:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>60 percent for producers who checked (✓) CCC-851, item 5B, “NO”</li> <li>90 percent for producers who checked (✓) CCC-851, item 5B, “YES”.</li> </ul>
74	<p><b>No entry required by user.</b> The nonfire payment amount for additional feed purchased above normal quantities because of an eligible adverse weather event or loss condition that occurs during the normal grazing period is calculated by multiplying:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>item 72, times</li> <li>item 73.</li> </ul> <p>Result shall be rounded to the nearest whole number.</p>
75	Enter amount of compensation included in the total amount of reductions from CCC-851, item 73, received from other disaster assistance programs for the same feed losses for additional feed purchased above normal quantities listed in item 68A, because of a nonfire event that occurs during the normal grazing period.
76	<p><b>No entry required by user.</b> The net payment for additional feed purchased above normal quantities, because of a nonfire event that occurs during the normal grazing period is calculated by subtracting:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>item 74, minus</li> <li>item 75.</li> </ul>

--\*

## \*--899.18 CCC-851-1, Part G - Additional Feed Purchased Above Normal Screen (Continued)

## C Action (Continued)

Item	Instruction
77	<b>No entry required by user.</b> Value of additional feed purchased above normal to sustain eligible livestock, that was or would have been grazing eligible nonfire affected grazing land outside <b>the grazing period</b> , is calculated by adding the results in item 69 for all rows with “N” in item 67A and an “O” in item 67D.
78	<b>No entry required by user.</b> Value of the feed needs during the event for eligible livestock that was or would have been grazing eligible nonfire affected grazing land <b>outside the grazing period</b> , is calculated by adding the results in item 68H for all rows with “N” in item 67A and an “O” in item 67D.
79	<b>No entry required by user.</b> Item is equal to the smaller of item 77 or 78.
80	<b>No entry required by user.</b> National payment factor is either of the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• 60 percent for producers who checked (✓) CCC-851, item 5B, “NO”</li> <li>• 90 percent for producers who checked (✓) CCC-851, item 5B, “YES”.</li> </ul>
81	<b>No entry required by user.</b> The nonfire payment amount for additional feed purchased above normal quantities because of an eligible adverse weather event or loss condition that occurs outside the normal grazing period calculated by multiplying: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• item 79, times</li> <li>• item 80.</li> </ul> Result shall be rounded to the nearest whole number.
82	Enter amount of compensation included in the total amount of reductions from CCC-851, item 73, received from other disaster assistance programs for the same feed losses for additional feed purchased above normal quantities listed in item 68A, because of a nonfire event that occurs outside the normal grazing period.
83	<b>No entry required by user.</b> The net payment for additional feed purchased above normal quantities because of a nonfire event that occurs outside the normal grazing period is calculated by subtracting: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• item 81, minus</li> <li>• item 82.</li> </ul>

--\*

## \*--899.18 CCC-851-1, Part G - Additional Feed Purchased Above Normal Screen (Continued)

## C Action (Continued)

Item	Instruction
84	<b>No entry required by user.</b> Total value of additional feed purchased above normal to sustain eligible livestock that was or would have been grazing fire-affected grazing land, is calculated by adding the results in item 69 for all rows with an “F” in item 67A.
85	<b>No entry required by user.</b> Value of the feed needs during the event for eligible livestock that was or would have been grazing eligible fire affected grazing land, is calculated by adding the results in item 68H for all rows with “F” in item 67A.
86	<b>No entry required by user.</b> Item is equal to the smaller of item 84 or 85.
87	<b>No entry required by user.</b> National payment factor is either of the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• 60 percent for producers who checked (✓) CCC-851, item 5B, “NO”</li> <li>• 90 percent for producers who checked (✓) CCC-851, item 5B, “YES”.</li> </ul>
88	<b>No entry required by user.</b> The fire calculated payment amount for additional feed purchased above normal quantities calculated by multiplying: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• item 86, times</li> <li>• item 87.</li> </ul> Results shall be rounded to the nearest whole number.
89	Enter amount of compensation included in the total amount of reductions from CCC-851, item 73, received from other disaster assistance programs for the same feed losses for additional feed purchased above normal quantities listed in item 68A because of fire.
90	<b>No entry required by user.</b> The net payment for fire additional feed purchased above normal is calculated by subtracting: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• item 88, minus</li> <li>• item 89.</li> </ul>

--\*

# 899.19 CCC-851-1, Part H - Grazing Loss Versus Additional Feed Purchased Above Normal Screen

## A Introduction

The Part H - Grazing Loss Versus Additional Feed Purchased Above Normal Screens shows the total calculated payment for all grazing losses and additional feed expenses from entries in Part G.

**Note:** No entry is required by the user.

## B Example of Part H - Grazing Loss Versus Additional Feed Purchased Above Normal Screen

The following is an example of the Part H - Grazing Loss Versus Additional Feed Purchased Above Normal Screen.

\*--

PART H – GRAZING LOSS VERSUS ADDITIONAL FEED PURCHASED ABOVE NORMAL	
91. Non-Fire, During Grazing Period – Enter the larger of Item 37 or Item 76	\$4,730
92. Fire – Enter the larger of Item 51 or Item 90	\$0
93. Non-Fire, Outside Grazing Period – Calculated Payment for Additional Feed Purchased Above Normal	\$6,750
94. Total Calculated Payment for All Grazing Losses or Additional Feed Purchases – Fire and Non-Fire	\$11,480
<div style="display: flex; justify-content: center; gap: 20px;"> <span>&lt; Back to Part F</span> <span>Continue to Part I &gt;</span> </div>	

--\*

**\*--899.19 CCC-851-1, Part H - Grazing Loss Versus Additional Feed Purchased Above Normal  
(Continued)**

**C Action**

All items in Part H are prefilled, so the user is **not** required to make manual entries. The following table provides the calculations in Part H.

Item	Instruction
91	<b>No entry required by user.</b> Item is equal to the larger of item 37 or 76.
92	<b>No entry required by user.</b> Item is equal to the larger of item 51 or 90.
93	<b>No entry required by user.</b> Item is equal to the amount in item 83
94	<p><b>No entry required by user.</b> Total payment for all grazing losses or additional feed purchased above normal during and outside the grazing period, because of a fire and nonfire eligible adverse weather event or loss condition is calculated by adding:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• item 91, plus</li> <li>• item 92, plus</li> <li>• item 93.</li> </ul>
	<p>Click 1 of the following at the:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• bottom of the screen, click either of the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>“Continue to Part I”</b>, to go to Part I - Livestock Death Losses Screen</li> <li>• <b>“Back to Part F”</b>, to go to Part F - Purchased and Produced, Feed Lost and Additional Expenses Screen</li> </ul> </li> <li>• top of the screen, the appropriate tab to enter applicable loss data into another CCC-851-1 part.</li> </ul>

--\*


**899.20 CCC-851-1, Part I - Livestock Death Losses Screen****A Introduction**

The Part I - Livestock Death Losses Screen allows users to enter information for livestock death losses from CCC-851, Part I, items 54 through 59, as applicable.

**B Example of Part I - Livestock Death Losses Screen**

The following is an example of the Part I - Livestock Death Losses Screen.

\*--

Application Info	Part A	Part B	Part C & D	Part E	Part F	Part G & H	Part I	Part J	Part K & L	Submit/Save/Print	
<b>PART I – LIVESTOCK DEATH LOSSES</b>											
State Code - County Code:			Participant's Name:			Program Year:		Application No:			
01 - 001			Producer A			2014		1			
If applicable, enter the application data for LIVESTOCK DEATH LOSSES below:											
Note: Click  and then "Insert tbl_ccc851 after" to add another line.											
95. Owner or Contract Grower? (O or C)	96A. Livestock Group	96B. Livestock Kind/Type and Weight Range	97. Livestock Inventory	98. Mortality Rate	99. Loss Threshold	100. Number Lost Due to Normal Mortality	101. Net Loss Threshold	102. Number Lost Due to Eligible Loss Conditions	103. Eligible Number of Livestock	104. Payment Rate	105. Calculated Payment For Livestock Death Losses
O	A	Beef-Adult-Bull	100	0.1000	10	10	0	5	5	\$2,120.65	\$10,603
106A. Total Calculated Payment For Livestock Death Losses							\$10,603				
106B. National Payment Factor							0.7500				
106C. Livestock Death Losses Calculated Payment Amount							\$7,952				
107. Other Compensation (Contract Growers)											
108. Reductions for Livestock Death Losses											
109. Total Net Calculated Payment For Livestock Death Losses							\$7,952				
<a href="#">&lt; Back to Part G&amp;H</a> <a href="#">Continue to Part J &gt;</a>											

--\*

## \*--899.20 CCC-851-1, Part I - Livestock Death Losses Screen (Continued)

**C Action**


The following table provides instructions for completing the Part I - Livestock Death Loss Screen.

Item	Instruction
95	From the drop-down list, select: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• “O”, if the applicant is the owner of the livestock listed from CCC-851, item 56</li> <li>• “C”, if the applicant is the contract grower of the livestock listed from CCC-851, item 56.</li> </ul>
96A	Enter sequential corresponding letter from CCC-851, item 54, for each livestock kind, type, and weight range for which the loss occurred from CCC-851, item 10.  <b>Important:</b> Only 1 livestock group may be entered.
96B	From the drop-down list, select the livestock kind, type, and weight range from CCC-851, item 10 that corresponds to the livestock group in item 96A.
97	Enter total number of eligible livestock, from CCC-851, item 11, in inventory on the beginning date of the eligible loss condition.  <b>Note:</b> If there is an entry in CCC-851, item 13, then item 13 shall be used instead of item 11.
98	Enter normal mortality rate for the kind, type, and weight range of livestock entered in item 96B, as established under LIP and provided is subparagraph 41 I.
99	<b>No entry required by user.</b> The livestock death loss threshold is calculated by multiplying: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• item 97, times</li> <li>• item 98.</li> </ul> Result shall be rounded to the nearest whole number
100	Enter number of livestock lost because of normal mortality from CCC-851, item 57, for the kind, type, and weight range of livestock listed in item 96A.  <b>Note:</b> If there is an entry in CCC-851, item 59, then item 59 shall be used instead of item 57.
101	<b>No entry required by user.</b> The net livestock death loss threshold is calculated by subtracting: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• item 99, minus</li> <li>• item 100.</li> </ul> If the result is negative, then enter zero.

--\*

## \*--899.20 CCC-851-1, Part I - Livestock Death Losses Screen (Continued)

## C Action (Continued)

Item	Instruction
102	Enter number of head of livestock by kind, type, and weight range from CCC-851, item 56 that died because of an eligible loss condition.  <b>Note:</b> If an entry is entered in CCC-851, item 58, then item 58 shall be used instead of item 56.
103	<b>No entry required by user.</b> The eligible number of head of livestock by kind, type, and weight range is calculated by subtracting: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• item 102, minus</li> <li>• item 101.</li> </ul> If the result is negative, then enter zero.
104	<b>No entry required by user.</b> Item is equal to the payment rate for the livestock kind, type, and weight range listed in item 96B from subparagraph 831 G for eligible livestock owners and eligible livestock contract growers.
105	<b>No entry required by user.</b> Calculated payment for livestock death losses is calculated by multiplying: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• item 103, times</li> <li>• item 104.</li> </ul>
	To enter another "Livestock Group": <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• on the left of the screen, CLICK ""</li> <li>• CLICK "<b>Insert tbl_ccc851 after</b>"</li> <li>• repeat items 95 through 105.</li> </ul>
106A	<b>No entry required by user.</b> Total calculated payment for livestock death losses is calculated by adding the results in item 105.
106B	<b>No entry required by user.</b> National payment factor is either of the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• 75 percent for producers who checked (✓) CCC-851, item 5B, "NO"</li> <li>• 90 percent for producers who checked (✓) CCC-851, item 5B, "YES".</li> </ul>
106C	<b>No entry required by user.</b> Total calculated payment for livestock death losses is calculated by multiplying: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• item 106A, times</li> <li>• item 106B.</li> </ul>

--\*

## \*--899.20 CCC-851-1, Part I - Livestock Death Losses Screen (Continued)

## C Action (Continued)

Item	Instruction
107	Enter monetary compensation received by the producer from their contract for the loss of income suffered from the death of the livestock under contract from CCC-851, item 72. Entry only required for contract growers.
108	Enter amount of compensation included in the total amount of reductions from CCC-851, item 73, received from other disaster assistance programs for the same livestock death losses listed in item 96.
109	<p><b>No entry required by user.</b> Total net calculated payment for livestock death losses calculated by subtracting:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• item 106 C, minus</li> <li>• item 107, minus</li> <li>• item 108.</li> </ul> <p>If the result is less than zero, then enter zero.</p>
	<p>Click 1 of the following at the:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• bottom of the screen, click either of the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>“Continue to Part J”</b> to go to Part J - Water Transporting Screen</li> <li>• <b>“Back to Part G &amp; H”</b> to go to Part G - Additional Feed Purchased Above Normal Screen or Part H - Grazing Loss Versus Additional Feed Purchased Above Normal</li> </ul> </li> <li>• top of the screen, the appropriate tab to enter applicable loss data into another CCC-851-1 part.</li> </ul>

--\*

**899.21 CCC-851-1, Part J - Water Transporting Screen****A Introduction**


The Part J - Water Transporting Screen allows users to enter information for losses resulting from transporting water to eligible livestock from CCC-851, Part L, items 64A through 68, as applicable.

**Note:** This part is not applicable to 2012 and 2013 ELAP. Water transportation is eligible under ELAP starting in the 2014 program year.

**B Example of Part J - Water Transporting Screen**

The following is an example of the Part J - Water Transporting Screen.

\*--

Application Info	Part A	Part B	Part C & D	Part E	Part F	Part G & H	Part I	Part J	Part K & L	Submit/Save/Print
<b>PART J – WATER TRANSPORTING</b>										
State Code - County Code:			Participant's Name:			Program Year:		Application No:		
01 - 001			Producer A			2014		1		
If applicable, enter the application data for WATER TRANSPORTING below:										
Note: Click  and then "Insert tbl_ccc851 after" to add another line.										
What method did the producer use to transport water to eligible livestock? (Only one can apply)										
<input type="radio"/> Personal Labor or Equipment <input type="radio"/> Hired Labor or Rented Equipment <input checked="" type="radio"/> Contracted Water Transportation										
110. Livestock Group	111. Livestock Inventory	112. Animal Unit (AU) Conversion Factor	113. Daily Water Requirement	114A. National Average Price Per Gallon	114B. Value of 150 Days of Water Hauling					
A	1,000	1.00	18	\$0.070	\$189,000					
115. Total Gallons of Water Transported			10,000							
116. National Average Price Per Gallon			\$0.070							
117. Value of Total Gallons of Water Transported			\$700							
118. Total Calculated Payment for 150 Days of Water Transporting			\$189,000							
119. Payment for Water Transporting			\$700							
120. National Payment Factor			0.6000							
121. Calculated Payment for Water Transporting			\$420							
< Back to Part I			Continue to Part K & L >							

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## \*--899.21 CCC-851-1, Part J - Water Transporting Screen (Continued)

**C Action**

The following table provides instructions for completing the Part J - Water Transporting Screen.

Item	Instruction
	<p>Select the method the producer used to transport water to eligible livestock, by clicking the applicable radio button.</p> <div data-bbox="407 548 1463 632" style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px;"> <p>What method did the producer use to transport water to eligible livestock? (Only one can apply)</p> <p> <input type="radio"/> Personal Labor or Equipment           <input type="radio"/> Hired Labor or Rented Equipment           <input type="radio"/> Contracted Water Transportation         </p> </div>
110	<p>Enter sequential corresponding letter from CCC-851, item 64A, for each livestock kind, type, and weight range for which the loss occurred from CCC-851, item 10.</p> <p><b>Note:</b> Multiple livestock groups may be entered.</p>
111	<p>Enter total number of eligible livestock, from CCC-851, item 11, in inventory on the beginning date of the eligible loss condition.</p> <p><b>Note:</b> If there is an entry in CCC-851, item 13, then item 13 shall be used instead of item 11.</p>
112	<p><b>No entry required by user.</b> The AU conversion factor from Part A, item 8, is used for this item, and has been provided from Exhibit 16, for the corresponding livestock groups entered in item 110.</p>
113	<p>Enter daily water requirement, provided in subparagraph 831 J for the corresponding livestock groups entered in item 110.</p>
114A	<p><b>No entry required by user.</b> Item equals the national average price per gallon, as provided in subparagraph 831 J.</p>
114B	<p><b>No entry required by user.</b> Value of 150 calendar days of water hauling is calculated by multiplying:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• item 111, times</li> <li>• item 112, times</li> <li>• item 113, times</li> <li>• item 114A, times</li> <li>• 150 calendar days.</li> </ul> <p>The results shall be rounded to the nearest whole dollar.</p>
115	<p>Enter total gallons of water transported calculated by:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• sum of all entries from CCC-851, item 67A, times</li> <li>• CCC-851, item 67B.</li> </ul> <p><b>Note:</b> If there is an entry in CCC-851, item 68, then item 68 shall be used instead of item 67A.</p>

--\*

## \*--899.21 CCC-851-1, Part J - Water Transporting Screen (Continued)

## C Action (Continued)

Item	Instruction
116	<b>No entry required by user.</b> Item equals the national average price per gallon, as provided in subparagraph 831 J.
117	<b>No entry required by user.</b> Value of the total gallons of water transported is calculated by multiplying: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• item 115, times</li> <li>• item 116.</li> </ul> <p>The results shall be rounded to the nearest whole dollar.</p>
118	<b>No entry required by user.</b> Calculated payment for 150 calendar days of water transporting is calculated by adding the results in item 114B.
119	<b>No entry required by user.</b> Item equals the smaller of item 117 or 118.
120	<b>No entry required by user.</b> National payment factor is either of the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• 60 percent for producers who checked (✓) CCC-851, item 5B, “NO”</li> <li>• 90 percent for producers who checked (✓) CCC-851, item 5B, “YES”.</li> </ul>
121	<b>No entry required by user.</b> Total calculated payment for water transporting is calculated by multiplying: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• item 119, times</li> <li>• item 120.</li> </ul>
	Click 1 of the following at the: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• bottom of the screen, click either of the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• “<b>Continue to Part K &amp; L</b>”, to go to Part K - Cattle Tick Fever Screen or Part L - Payments</li> <li>• “<b>Back to Part I</b>”, to go to Part I - Livestock Death Losses Screen</li> </ul> </li> <li>• top of the screen, the appropriate tab to enter applicable loss data into another CCC-851-1 part.</li> </ul>

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## 899.22 CCC-851-1, Part K - Cattle Tick Fever Screen


### A Introduction

The Part K - Cattle Tick Fever Screen allows users to enter information for losses resulting from cattle tick fever from CCC-851, Part M, items 69 through 71, as applicable.

### B Example of Part K - Cattle Tick Fever Screen

The following is an example of the Part K - Cattle Tick Fever Screen.

\*--


Application Info	Part A	Part B	Part C & D	Part E	Part F	Part G & H	Part I	Part J	Part K & L	Submit/Save/Print
<b>PART K – CATTLE TICK FEVER</b>										
State Code - County Code:			Participant's Name:			Program Year:		Application No:		
01 - 001			Producer A			2014		1		
If applicable, enter the application data for CATTLE TICK FEVER below:										
Note: Click  and then "Insert tbl_ccc851 after" to add another line.										
122. Livestock Group	123. Date of Treatment (MM-DD-YYYY)	124. Number of Livestock Treated	125. Payment Rate established for Cattle Tick Fever	126. Total loss for Cattle Tick Fever						
A	07/12/2012	100	\$0.90	\$90						
127. Total Calculated Payment for Cattle Tick Fever			\$90							
128. National Payment Factor			0.6000							
129. Calculated Payment for Cattle Tick Fever			\$54							

--\*

## \*--899.22 CCC-851-1, Part K - Cattle Tick Fever Screen (Continued)

**C Action**

The following table provides instructions for completing the Part K - Cattle Tick Fever Screen.

Item	Instructions
122	Enter sequential corresponding letter from CCC-851, item 69, for each livestock kind, type, and weight range for which the loss occurred from CCC-851, item 10.  <b>Note:</b> Multiple livestock groups may be entered.
123	Enter date (mm-dd-yy) of treatment from CCC-851, item 70, for the applicable livestock entered in item 122.
124	Enter number of livestock treated from CCC-851, item 71, for the applicable livestock entered in item 122.
125	Enter payment rate provided in subparagraph 831 K, for the applicable livestock entered in item 122.
126	<b>No entry required by user.</b> Total loss for cattle tick fever is calculated by multiplying: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• item 124, times</li> <li>• item 125.</li> </ul> The results shall be rounded to the nearest whole dollar.
	To enter another "Livestock Group": <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• on the left of the screen, CLICK ""</li> <li>• CLICK "<b>Insert tbl_ccc851 after</b>"</li> <li>• repeat item 122 through 126.</li> </ul>
127	<b>No entry required by user.</b> Calculated payment for cattle tick fever is calculated by adding the results in item 126.
128	<b>No entry required by user.</b> National payment factor is either of the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• 60 percent for producers who checked (✓) CCC-851, item 5B, "NO"</li> <li>• 90 percent for producers who checked (✓) CCC-851, item 5B, "YES".</li> </ul>
129	<b>No entry required by user.</b> Total calculated payment for cattle tick fever is calculated by multiplying: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• item 127, times</li> <li>• item 128.</li> </ul>

--\*

**899.23 CCC-851-1, Part L - Payments****A Introduction**

The Part L - Payments Screen provides the net calculated payment based on data entered into CCC-851-1.

**Note:** No entry is required by the user.

**B Example of Part L - Payments**

The following is an example of the Part L - Payments.

\*--

PART L - PAYMENTS	
130. Total Net Calculated Payment Amount	\$19,906
<div style="display: flex; justify-content: space-around;"> <span>&lt; Back to Part J</span> <span>Submit/Save/Print &gt;</span> </div>	

--\*

**C Action**

The item in Part L is prefilled; therefore, the user is **not** required to make a manual entry. The following table provides the calculation in Part L.

Item	Instruction
130	<p><b>No entry required by user.</b> Total net calculated payment amount is calculated by adding:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• item 66, plus</li> <li>• item 94, plus</li> <li>• item 109, plus</li> <li>• item 121, plus</li> <li>• item 129.</li> </ul>
	<p>Click 1 of the following at the:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• bottom of the screen, click either of the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• *--“<b>Submit/Save/Print</b>”, to: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• view the printable version of CCC-851-1</li> <li>• submit CCC-851-1 to the ELAP database</li> <li>• save and/or print CCC-851-1--*</li> </ul> </li> <li>• “<b>Back to Part J</b>”, to go to Part J - Water Transporting Screen</li> </ul> </li> <li>• top of the screen, the appropriate tab to enter applicable loss data into another CCC-851-1 part.</li> </ul>

## 899.24 Submitting, Saving, and Printing the Automated CCC-851-1

## \*--A “Submit/Save/Print” Button

If users click “Submit/Save/Print”, the completed CCC-851-1 will be displayed.

## B Example of Completed CCC-851-1

The following is an example of the completed CCC-851-1.

This form is available electronically.								
<b>CCC-851-1</b> (11-25-14)		U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE Commodity Credit Corporation			1. State and County Code 01 001		2. Producer's Name Producer A	
<b>Emergency Loss Assistance for Livestock Payment Calculation Worksheet</b>					3. Program Year 2014		4. Application Number 1	
<b>PART A - LIVESTOCK FORAGE INFORMATION – GRAZING LOSS – Non-Fire</b>								
5. Livestock Group	6. Livestock Kind/Type and Weight Range	7. Livestock Inventory	8. Animal Unit (AU) Conversion Factor	9. Number of Days Grazing Lost (NTE 150 Days)	10. Participant Share	11. Daily Payment Rate Per Head	12. Value of Livestock Feed Cost (Items 7 x 8 x 9 x 10 x 11)	13. 150 Day Livestock Feed Cost (Items 7 x 8 x 10 x 11) x 150 Days
A	Beef-Adult-Cows and Bulls	100	1.00	60	1.0000	\$1.752	\$10,512	\$26,280
14. Total Value of Livestock Feed Cost (Total of Item 12) :							\$10,512	
<b>PART B – FORAGE INFORMATION – GRAZING LOSS – Non-Fire – OWNED OR CASH LEASED LAND</b>								
15. Livestock Group	16. Pasture Type	17. Acres	18. Carrying Capacity	19. Maximum Animal Units (AU's) (Item 17 x 18)	20. Number of Days Grazing Lost (NTE 150 Days)	21. Daily Payment Rate Per Head	22. Value of Grazing Lost Based on Carrying Capacity (Items 19 x 20 x 21)	
A	Improved	100.00	110.00	0.91	60	\$1.752	\$96	
23. Total Value of Grazing Lost - Carrying Capacity – Excluding Fire - Owned or Cash Leased Land (Total of Item 22) :							\$96	
<b>PART C – FORAGE INFORMATION – GRAZING LOSS – Non-Fire – AUM OR ANIMAL UNIT LEASED LAND</b>								
24. Livestock Group	25. Pasture Type	26. Animal Units (AU's)	27. Number of Days Grazing Lost (NTE 150 Days)	28. Daily Payment Rate Per Head	29. Value of Grazing Lost Based on Carrying Capacity (Items 26 x 27 x 28)			
A	Small Grains	100.00	60	\$1.752	\$10,512			
30. Total Value of Grazing Lost - Carrying Capacity – Excluding Fire – AUM/ AU Leased Land (Total of Item 29) :							\$10,512	

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## 899.24 Submitting, Saving, and Printing the Automated CCC-851-1 (Continued)

## B Example of Completed CCC-851-1 (Continued)

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CCC-851-1 (11-25-14)										Page 2 of 4		
<b>PART D – NET PAYMENT CALCULATION FOR FORAGE – Non-Fire</b>												
31. Total Value of Livestock Feed Cost (Sum of applicable Item(s) 12)										\$10,512		
32. Total Value of Grazing Lost Based on Carrying Capacity (Item 23 + 30)										\$10,608		
33. Enter the Smaller of Item 31 or Item 32										\$10,608		
34. National Payment Factor										0.6000		
35. Grazing Loss Calculated Payment Amount – Excluding Fire (Item 33 x 34)										\$6,365		
36. Reductions – Excluding Fire										\$0		
37. Net Grazing Loss Calculated Payment Amount - Excluding Fire (Item 35 minus 36):										\$6,365		
<b>PART E – FORAGE INFORMATION – Grazing Loss – Fire</b>												
38. Livestock Group	39. Pasture Type	40. Number of Acres Affected by Fire	41. Carrying Capacity	42. Maximum Animal Units (AU's) (Item 40+41)	43. Number of Days Grazing Lost (NTE 180 Days)	44. Daily Payment Rate Per Head	45. Value of Grazing Lost Due to Fire on Non-Federal Land (Items 42 x 43 x 44)	46. Value of 180 Day Feed Cost (Items 42 x 44) x 180 days				
				0.00		\$1.752	\$0	\$0				
47A. Total Value of Grazing Lost due to Fire (Total of Item 45)								\$0				
47B. Total Value of 180 Day Feed Cost - Fire (Total of Item 46)										\$0		
47C. Enter the smaller of Item 47A or 47B								\$0				
48. National Payment Factor								0.6000				
49. Grazing Loss Calculated Payment Amount-Fire-Non-Federal Land (Item 47C x 48)								\$0				
50. Reductions for Grazing Loss-Fire-Non-Federal Land												
51. Net Grazing Loss Calculated Payment Amount- Fire – Non-Federal Land (Item 49 minus 50):								\$0				
<b>PART F – PURCHASED AND PRODUCED, FEED LOST AND ADDITIONAL EXPENSES</b>												
52A. Fire or Non- Fire? (F or N)	52B. Livestock Group	53. Type of Purchased and/or Produced Feed Lost and Additional Feed Expenses				54. Quantity Lost	55. Value of Purchased or Produced Feed Lost and Additional Feed Expenses					
56. Non-Fire-Value of Purchased and Produced Feed Lost and Additional Feed Expenses (sum of applicable Item(s) 55)								\$0				
57. Non-fire 150-Day Livestock Feed Cost (Sum of applicable Item(s) 13)												
58. Enter the smaller of Item 56 or 57												
59. Fire-Value of Purchased and Produced Feed Lost and Additional Feed Expenses (sum of applicable Item(s) 55)								\$0				
60. Fire 180-Day Livestock Feed Cost (Sum of applicable Item(s) 46)								\$0				
61. Enter the smaller of Item 59 or 60								\$0				
62. Total Value of Purchase and Produced Feed Lost and Additional Feed Expenses (Item 58 + 61)								\$0				
63. National Payment Factor								0.6000				
64. Calculated Payment for Purchased & Produced Feed Lost and Additional Feed Expenses (Item 62 x 63)								\$0				
65. Reductions for Purchased and Produced Feed Losses and Additional Feed Expenses												
66. Net Calculated Payment for Purchased & Produced Feed Lost & Additional Feed Expenses (Item 64 minus 65):								\$0				
<b>PART G – ADDITIONAL FEED PURCHASED</b>												
67A. Fire or Non- Fire? (F or N)	67B. Livestock Group	67C. Qualifying Weather Event	67D. Inside or Outside of Grazing Period? (I/O)	68A. Type of Additional Feed Purchased Above Normal	68B. Cost of Feed Purchased in Application Year	68C. Cost of Feed Purchased in 1 Year Prior	68D. Cost of Feed Purchased in 2 Years Prior	68E. Average Cost of Prior Years Feed Purchased (Average of Items 68C and 68D)	68F. Number of Days Grazing Lost (NTE 150 Days)	68G. 150-Day Feed Cost for the Livestock (Sum of applicable Item(s) 13 or 46)	68H. Value of Feed Needs During Event (Item 68F x Item 68G/150 Days)	69. Eligible Purchases of Additional Livestock Feed (Lessor of 68H or Item 68B minus 68E)
N	A	Flood	O	Alfalfa Hay	\$15,000.00	\$5,000.00	\$2,500.00	\$3,750	100	\$26,280.00	\$17,520	\$11,250

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## 899.24 Submitting, Saving, and Printing the Automated CCC-851-1 (Continued)

## B Example of Completed CCC-851-1 (Continued)

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CCC-851-1(11-25-14)		Page 3 of 4
<b>PART G – ADDITIONAL FEED PURCHASED ABOVE NORMAL (Continued)</b>		
70. Non-Fire, During Grazing Period - Additional Feed Purchased Above Normal (Sum of applicable Item(s) 69)		\$0
71. Non-Fire, During Grazing Period - Value of Feed Needs During Event (Sum of applicable Item(s) 68H)		\$0
72. Enter the smaller of Item 70 or 71		\$0
73. National Payment Factor		0.6000
74. Non-Fire, During Grazing Period - Calculated Payment for Additional Feed Purchased Above Normal (Item 72 x 73)		\$0
75. Reductions - Non-Fire, During Grazing Period - Additional Feed Purchased Above Normal		
76. Non-Fire, During Grazing Period - Net Calculated Payment for Additional Feed Purchased Above Normal (Item 74 minus 75)		\$0
77. Non-Fire, Outside Grazing Period - Additional Feed Purchased Above Normal (Sum of applicable Item(s) 69)		\$11,250
78. Non-Fire, Outside Grazing Period - Value of Feed Needs During Event (Sum of applicable Item(s) 68H)		\$17,520
79. Enter the smaller of Item 77 or 78		\$11,250
80. National Payment Factor		0.6000
81. Non-Fire, Outside Grazing Period - Calculated Payment for Additional Feed Purchased Above Normal (Item 79 x 80)		\$6,750
82. Reductions - Non-Fire, Outside Grazing Period - Additional Feed Purchased Above Normal		
83. Non-Fire, Outside Grazing Period - Net Calculated Payment for Additional Feed Purchased Above Normal (Item 81 minus 82)		\$6,750
84. Fire - Additional Feed Purchased Above Normal (Sum of applicable Item(s) 69)		\$0
85. Fire - Value of Feed Needs During Event (Sum of applicable Item(s) 68H)		\$0
86. Enter the smaller of Item 84 or 85		\$0
87. National Payment Factor		0.6000
88. Fire - Calculated Payment for Additional Feed Purchased Above Normal (Item 86 x 87)		\$0
89. Reductions - Fire Additional Feed Purchased Above Normal		
90. Fire Net Calculated Payment for Additional Feed Purchased Above Normal (Item 88 minus 89)		\$0
<b>PART H – GRAZING LOSS VERSUS ADDITIONAL FEED PURCHASED ABOVE NORMAL</b>		
91. Non-Fire, During Grazing Period - Enter the larger of Item 37 or Item 76		6,365
92. Fire - Enter the larger of Item 51 or Item 90		\$0
93. Non-Fire, Outside Grazing Period - Calculated Payment for Additional Feed Purchased Above Normal (Item 83)		\$6,750
94. Total Calculated Payment for All Grazing Losses or Additional Feed Purchases - Fire and Non-Fire (Item 91 + 92 + 93)		\$13,115
<b>PART I – LIVESTOCK DEATH LOSSES</b>		
95. Owner or Contract Grower? (O or C)	96A. Livestock Group	96B. Livestock Kind/Type and Weight Range
97. Livestock Inventory	98. Mortality Rate	99. Loss Threshold (Item 97 x 98)
100. Number Lost Due to Normal Mortality	101. Net Loss Threshold (Item 99 minus 100)	102. Number Lost Due to Eligible Loss Conditions
103. Eligible Number of Livestock (Item 102 minus 101)	104. Payment Rate	105. Calculated Payment For Livestock Death Losses (Item 103 x 104)
O	A	Beef-Adult-Bull
100	0.1000	10
10	0	5
5	5	\$2,120.65
106A. Total Calculated Payment For Livestock Death Losses (Total of Item 105)		\$10,603
106B. National Payment Factor		0.7500
106C. Livestock Death Losses Calculated Payment Amount (Item 106A x 106B)		\$7,952
107. Other Compensation (Contract Growers)		
108. Reductions for Livestock Death Losses		
109. Total Net Calculated Payment For Livestock Death Losses (Item 106C minus 107 minus 108)		\$7,952
<b>PART J – WATER TRANSPORTING</b>		
110. Livestock Group	111. Livestock Inventory	112. Animal Unit (AU) Conversion Factor
113. Daily Water Requirement	114A. National Average Price Per Gallon	114B. Value of 150 Days of Water Hauling (Items 111 x 112 x 113 x 114 A) x 150 days
A	1,000	1.00
18	\$0.070	\$189,000

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## 899.24 Submitting, Saving, and Printing the Automated CCC-851-1 (Continued)

## B Example of Completed CCC-851-1 (Continued)

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CCC-851-1 (11-25-14)					Page 4 of 4
<b>PART J – WATER TRANSPORTING (Continued)</b>					
115. Total Gallons of Water Transported					10,000
116. National Average Price Per Gallon					\$0.070
117. Value of Total Gallons of Water Transported (Item 115 x Item 116)					\$700
118. Total Calculated Payment for 150 Days of Water Transporting (Total of Item 114 B)					\$189,000
119. Payment for Water Transporting (smaller of Item 117 or 118)					\$700
120. National Payment Factor					0.6000
121. Calculated Payment for Water Transporting (Item 119 x 120)					\$420
<b>PART K – CATTLE TICK FEVER</b>					
122. Livestock Group	123. Date of Treatment (MM-DD-YYYY)	124. Number of Livestock Treated	125. Payment Rate established for Cattle Tick Fever	126. Total loss for Cattle Tick Fever (124 x 125)	
A	7/12/2012	100	0.900000000	90	
127. Total Calculated Payment for Cattle Tick Fever (Total of Item 126)					\$90
128. National Payment Factor					0.6000
129. Calculated Payment for Cattle Tick Fever (Item 127 x 128)					\$54
<b>PART L - PAYMENTS</b>					
130. Total Net Calculated Payment Amount (Item 66 + 94 + 109 + 121 + 129)					\$21,541
131A. Preparer's Name		131B. Preparer's Initials	131C. Title		131D. Date (MM-DD-YYYY)
132A. 2 <sup>nd</sup> Party Review Name		132B. 2 <sup>nd</sup> Party Review Initials	132C. Title		132D. Date (MM-DD-YYYY)
<p>The U.S. Department of Agriculture (USDA) prohibits discrimination against its customers, employees, and applicants for employment on the basis of race, color, national origin, age, disability, sex, gender identity, religion, reprisal, and where applicable, political beliefs, marital status, familial or parental status, sexual orientation, or all or part of an individual's income is derived from any public assistance program, or protected genetic information in employment or in any program or activity conducted or funded by the Department. (Not all prohibited basis will apply to all programs and/or employment activities.) Persons with disabilities, who wish to file a program complaint, write to the address below or if you require alternative means of communication for program information (e.g., Braille, large print, audiotape, etc.) please contact USDA's TARGET Center at (202) 720-2600 (voice and TDD). Individuals who are deaf, hard of hearing, or have speech disabilities and wish to file either an EEO or program complaint, please contact USDA through the Federal Relay Service at (800) 877-8339 or (800) 845-6136 (in Spanish).</p> <p>If you wish to file a Civil Rights program complaint of discrimination, complete the USDA Program Discrimination Complaint Form, found online at <a href="http://www.ascr.usda.gov/complaint_filing_cust.html">http://www.ascr.usda.gov/complaint_filing_cust.html</a>, or at any USDA office, or call (866) 632-9992 to request the form. You may also write a letter containing all of the information requested in the form. Send your completed complaint form or letter by mail to U.S. Department of Agriculture, Director, Office of Adjudication, 1400 Independence Avenue, S.W., Washington, D.C. 20250-9410, by fax (202) 690-7442 or email at <a href="mailto:program.intake@usda.gov">program.intake@usda.gov</a>. USDA is an equal opportunity provider and employer.</p>					

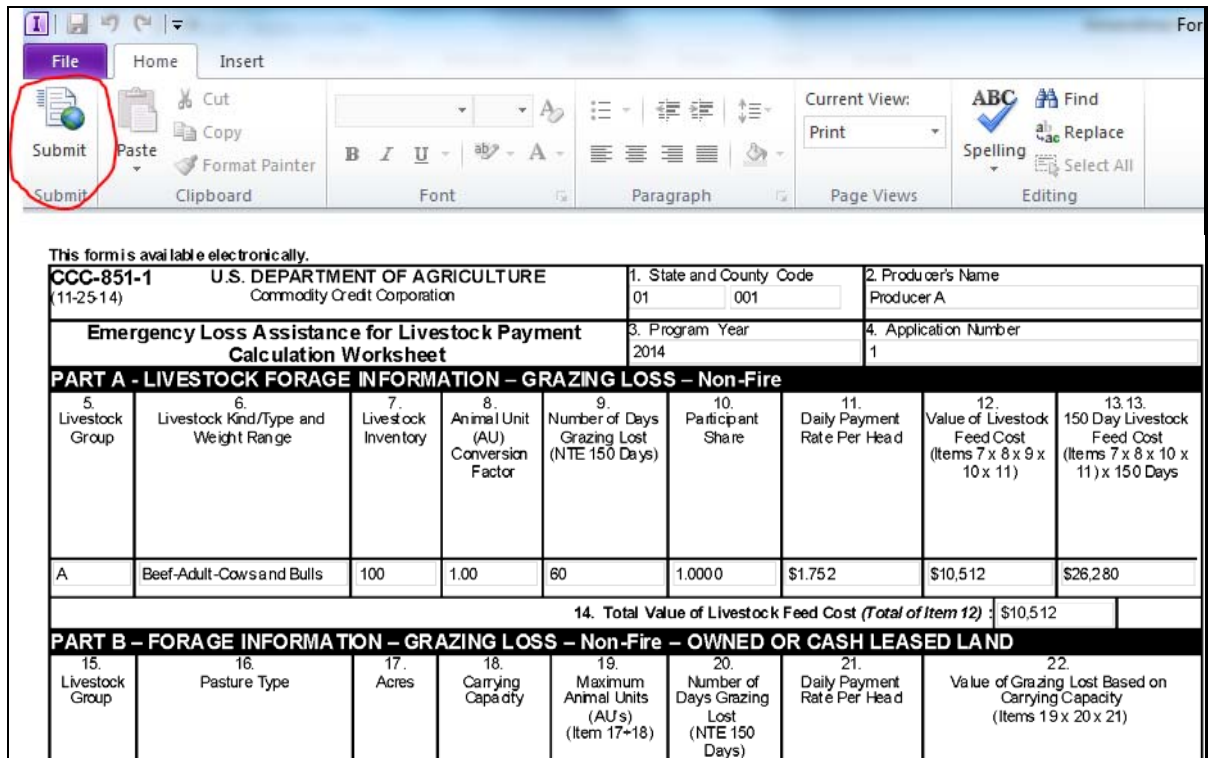
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## 899.24 Submitting, Saving, and Printing the Automated CCC-851-1 (Continued)

**\*--C Submitting CCC-851-1 to the ELAP Database**

The only way to submit CCC-851-1 to the ELAP database is to CLICK “**Submit**” as follows.

**Important:** CCC-851-1 will no longer automatically be saved to the ELAP database as previously provided. To submit CCC-851-1 to the ELAP database, users **must** CLICK “**Submit**” when viewing CCC-851-1 in print view.



This form is available electronically.

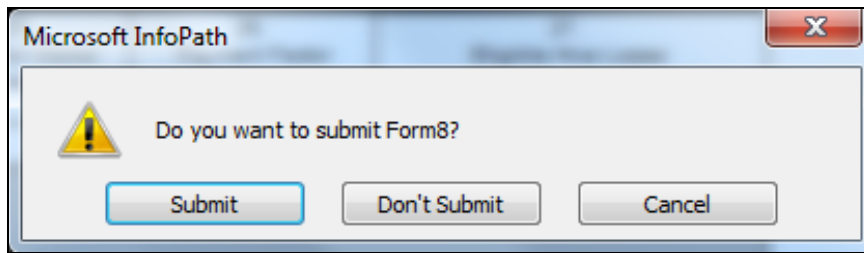
<b>CCC-851-1</b> (11-25-14)		U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE Commodity Credit Corporation		1. State and County Code 01 001		2. Producer's Name Producer A	
<b>Emergency Loss Assistance for Livestock Payment Calculation Worksheet</b>				3. Program Year 2014		4. Application Number 1	
<b>PART A - LIVESTOCK FORAGE INFORMATION - GRAZING LOSS - Non-Fire</b>							
5. Livestock Group	6. Livestock Kind/Type and Weight Range	7. Livestock Inventory	8. Animal Unit (AU) Conversion Factor	9. Number of Days Grazing Lost (NTE 150 Days)	10. Participant Share	11. Daily Payment Rate Per Head	12. 13. Value of Livestock Feed Cost (Items 7 x 8 x 9 x 10 x 11) 150 Day Livestock Feed Cost (Items 7 x 8 x 10 x 11) x 150 Days
A	Beef-Adult-Cows and Bulls	100	1.00	60	1.0000	\$1.752	\$10,512 \$26,280
14. Total Value of Livestock Feed Cost (Total of Item 12) :							\$10,512
<b>PART B - FORAGE INFORMATION - GRAZING LOSS - Non-Fire - OWNED OR CASH LEASED LAND</b>							
15. Livestock Group	16. Pasture Type	17. Acres	18. Carrying Capacity	19. Maximum Animal Units (AU's) (Item 17-18)	20. Number of Days Grazing Lost (NTE 150 Days)	21. Daily Payment Rate Per Head	22. Value of Grazing Lost Based on Carrying Capacity (Items 19 x 20 x 21)

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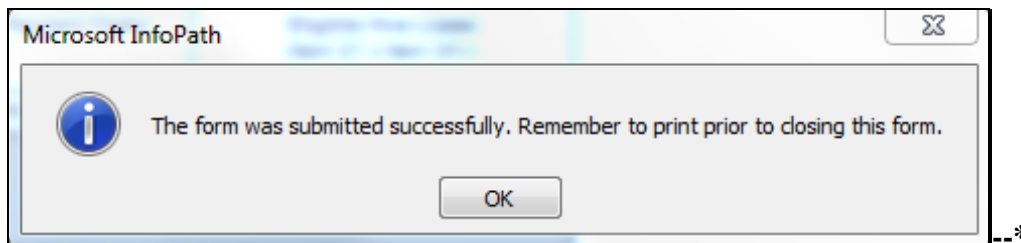
**899.24 Submitting, Saving, and Printing the Automated CCC-851-1 (Continued)****\*--C Submitting CCC-851-1 to the ELAP Database (Continued)**

If the user does not **CLICK** “Submit” **before** exiting the print view, the following message will be displayed. Click 1 of the following:

- “**Submit**”, to submit CCC-851-1 to the ELAP database
- “**Don’t Submit**” or “**Cancel**”, to **not** submit CCC-851-1 to the ELAP database.



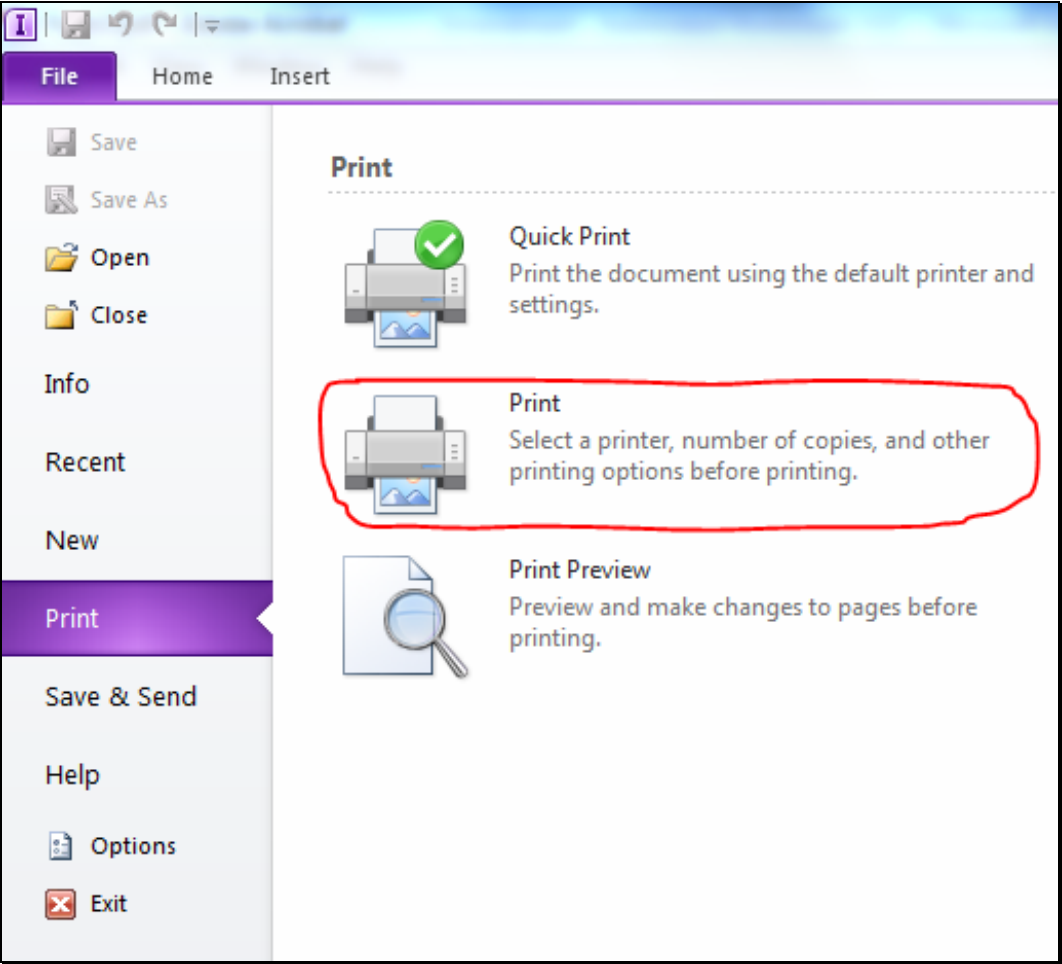
The following message will be displayed if CCC-851-1 has been successfully submitted to the ELAP database. If the message is **not** displayed, CCC-851-1 has **not** been successfully submitted to the ELAP database.



**899.24 Submitting, Saving, and Printing the Automated CCC-851-1 (Continued)****D Saving and Printing the Automated CCC-851-1**

The following table provides instructions to save and print the automated CCC-851-1.

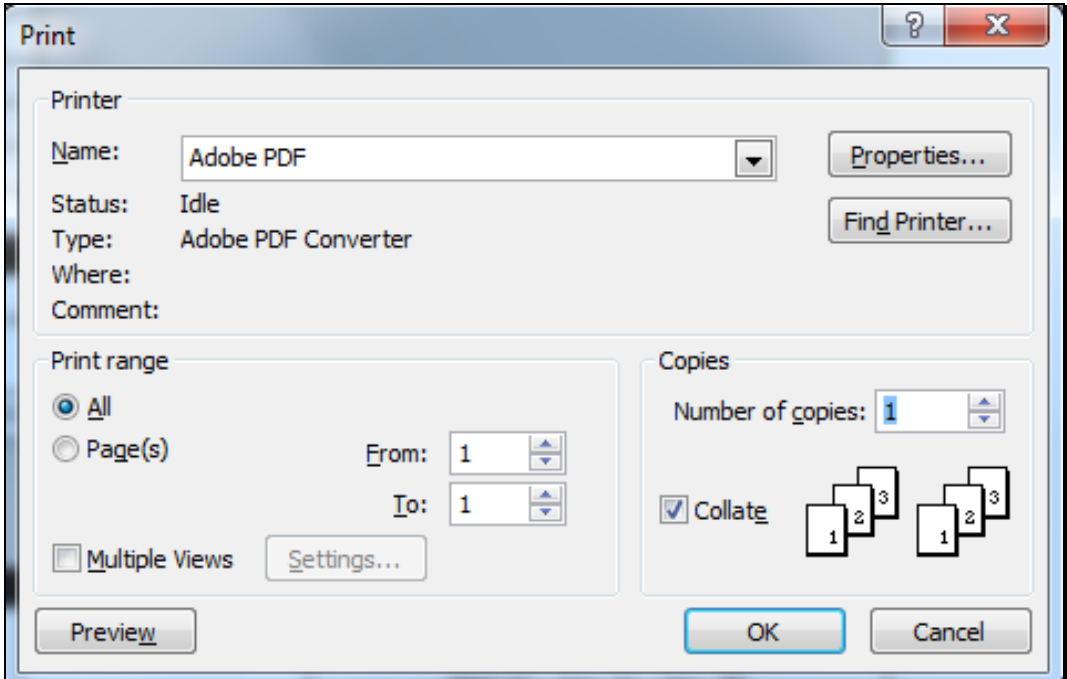
Step	Instructions
1	Review CCC-851-1 for accuracy.
2	From the “File” menu, CLICK “ <b>Print</b> ” and “ <b>Print</b> ” again.



The screenshot shows the Microsoft Word application window. The 'File' tab is selected in the ribbon. The 'File' menu is open, showing options: Save, Save As, Open, Close, Info, Recent, New, Print, Save & Send, Help, Options, and Exit. The 'Print' option is highlighted with a red circle. The 'Print' option is located in the 'File' menu, below 'New' and above 'Save & Send'. The 'Print' option is highlighted with a red circle.

\*--899.24 Submitting, Saving, and Printing the Automated CCC-851-1 (Continued)

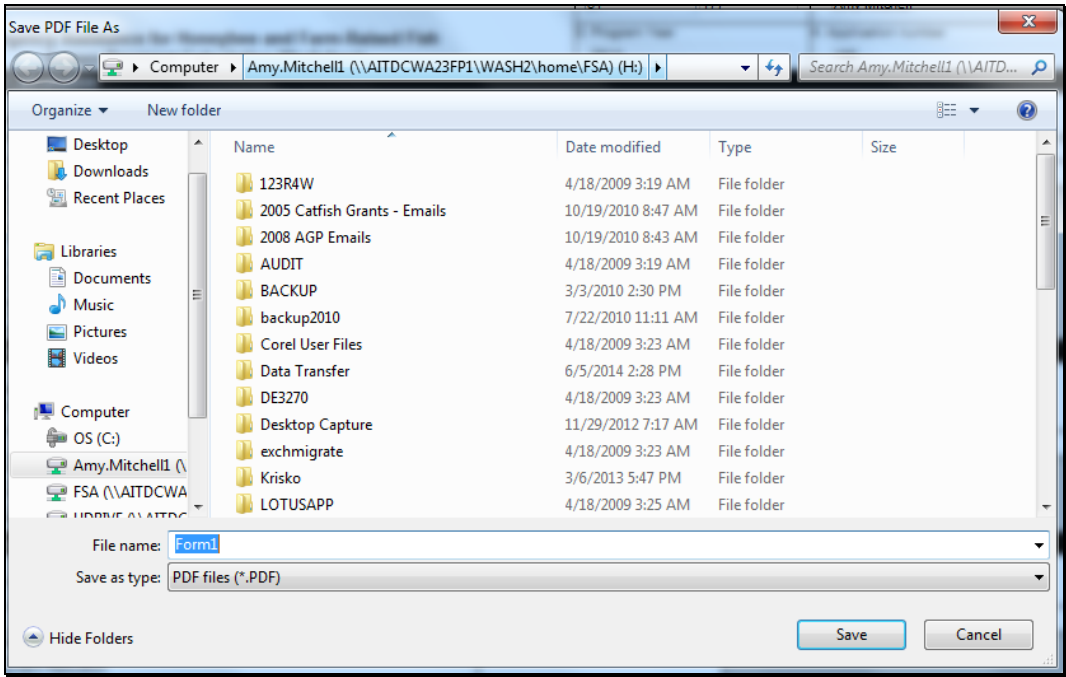
**D Saving and Printing the Automated CCC-851-1 (Continued)**

Step	Instructions
3	<p>The “Print” dialog box will be displayed. Ensure that the “Printer Name” drop-down list displays “<b>Adobe PDF</b>” and CLICK “<b>OK</b>”.</p> 

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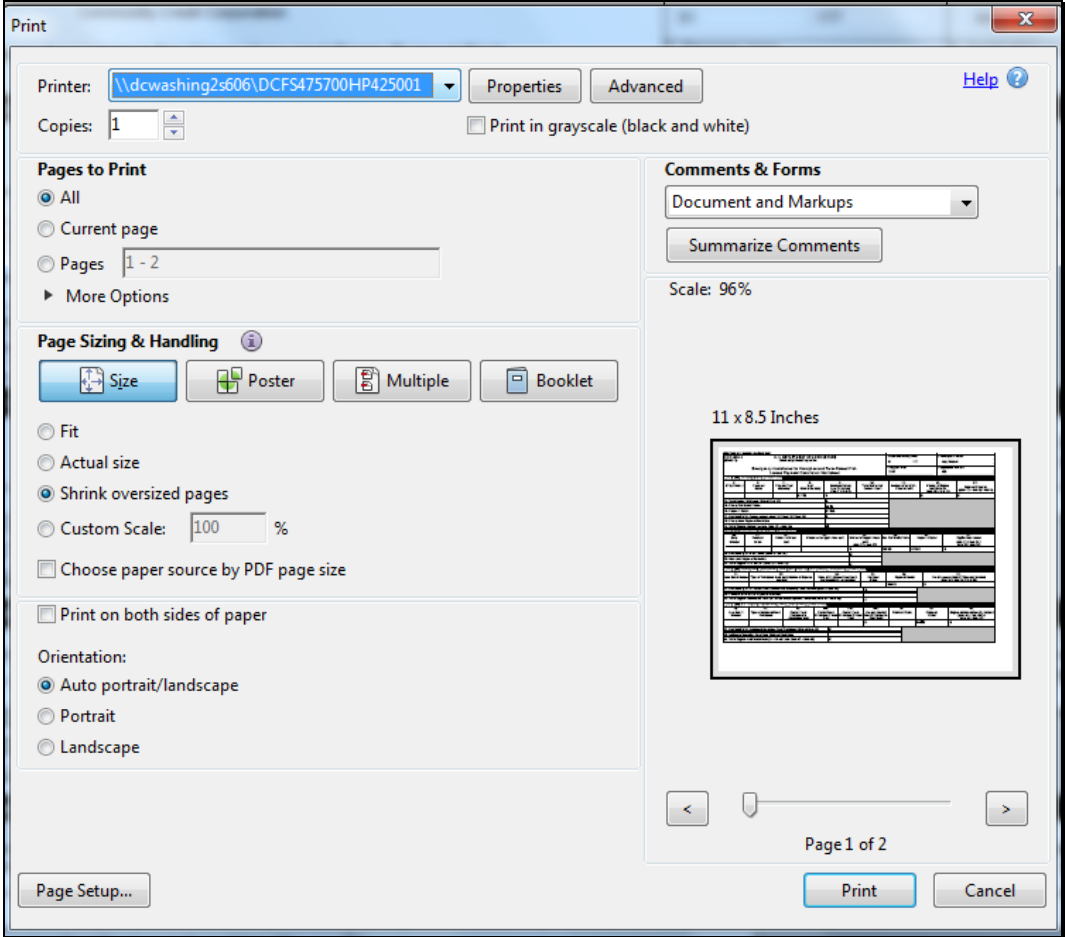
## 899.24 Submitting, Saving, and Printing the Automated CCC-851-1 (Continued)

## D Saving and Printing the Automated CCC-851-1 (Continued)

Step	Instructions
4	<p>The “Save PDF File As” dialog box will be displayed.</p>  <p>Users shall do the following:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• navigate to <b>S:\Service Center\FSA\</b></li> <li>•*--within S:\Service Center\FSA\, create the following subfolder, “[<i>Program year</i>] ELAP CCC-851-1”--*</li> <li>• Enter file name as “ELAP_[<i>Program year</i>]_[<i>State abbr</i>]_[<i>County code</i>]_CCC-851-1_[<i>Application number</i>]”.</li> </ul> <p><b>Notes:</b> “[<i>State abbr</i>]” is 2-alpha State abbreviation, such as VA for Virginia.</p> <p>“[<i>County code</i>]” is 2-numeric administrative county code from CCC-851, item 1.</p> <p>“[<i>Application number</i>]” is numeric application number from CCC-851, item 4.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• CLICK “<b>Save</b>”.</li> </ul>

## \*--899.24 Submitting, Saving, and Printing the Automated CCC-851-1 (Continued)

**D Saving and Printing the Automated CCC-851-1 (Continued)**

Step	Instructions
4 (Cntd)	CCC-851-1 will open in Adobe Acrobat. From the File Menu, CLICK “ <b>Print</b> ”. The “Print” dialog box will be displayed. CLICK “Print”. The PDF version of the payment calculation worksheet will print.
	 <p>The screenshot shows the Adobe Acrobat Print dialog box. The 'Printer' dropdown is set to '\\dcwashing2s606\DCFS475700HP425001'. The 'Copies' field is set to 1. The 'Pages to Print' section has 'All' selected. The 'Page Sizing &amp; Handling' section has 'Shrink oversized pages' selected. The 'Comments &amp; Forms' section has 'Document and Markups' selected. A preview of the document is shown on the right.</p>
5	The preparer and second party reviewer's shall enter their name, initials, title and date on the printed copy of the automated CCC-851-1 according to subparagraphs 890.5 A and 891 A.
6	File the printed version of the automated CCC-851-1 in the producer's applicable folder.

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## 899.25 Editing CCC-934-1 and CCC-851-1

### A Introduction

CCC-934-1 or CCC-851-1 previously submitted to the ELAP database may be retrieved and edited.

**Important:** After the CCC-934-1 or CCC-851-1 is retrieved, all fields may be edited as needed.

### B Retrieving CCC-934-1 or CCC-851-1

On the ELAP Payment Calculation Worksheets Main Menu, click either of the following:

- “EDIT CCC-934-1 for Honeybee and Farm-Raised Fish Losses”, to edit CCC-934-1
- “EDIT CCC-851-1 for Livestock Losses”, to edit CCC-851-1.

The Application Information Screen with the “**Retrieve Worksheet**” option for CCC-934-1 (subparagraph C) or CCC-851-1 (subparagraph D) will be displayed.

### C CCC-934-1 Application Information Screen With “Retrieve Worksheet” Option

The following is an example of the CCC-934-1 Application Information Screen with the “**Retrieve Worksheet**” option.

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899.25 Editing CCC-934-1 and CCC-851-1 (Continued)

**D CCC-851-1 Application Information Screen With “Retrieve Worksheet” Option**

The following is an example of the CCC-851-1 Application Information Screen with the “**Retrieve Worksheet**” option.

\*--

Application Info | Part A | Part B | Part C & D | Part E | Part F | Part G & H | Part I | Part J | Part K & L | Submit/Save/Print

### Application Information

Instructions: To retrieve an existing worksheet, select the following fields, then click "Retrieve Worksheet" button:

1. Administrative State:
2. Administrative County:
3. Program Year:
4. Participant Name:
5. Application No:

Note: If the fields below don't fill in completely, click "Retrieve Worksheet" again.

Physical Location State:

Physical Location County:

Administrative State:

Administrative County:

Participant Name:

SDA, LR, or BF participant ☐ Yes ☐ No

Customer ID:

Program Year:

Application No:

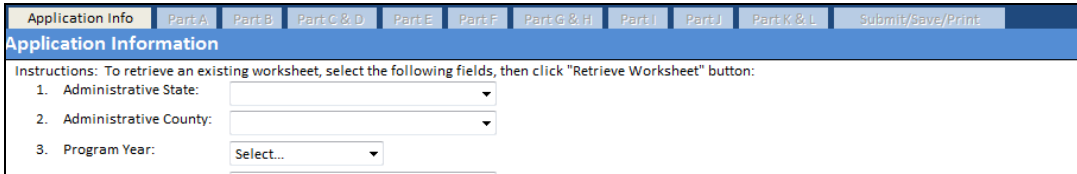


\*Denotes Required Field

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## 899.25 Editing CCC-934-1 and CCC-851-1 (Continued)

**E Action**

The following table provides instructions for retrieving and editing a previously submitted CCC-851-1 or CCC-934-1.

Item	Instruction
1-3	<p>On the Application Information Screen, complete items 1 through 3 for the applicable CCC-851-1 or CCC-934-1 to be retrieved from the ELAP database by clicking the drop-down list next to each item and selecting the appropriate data.</p> <p>*--</p>  <p>--*</p> <p><b>Important:</b> All 3 items <b>must</b> be completed.</p> <p>After items 1 through 3 are completed, the ELAP database will be queried to retrieve all CCC-934-1's or CCC-851-1's that have been previously submitted for the applicable administrative State, county, and program year selected.</p>
4	<p>CLICK “<b>Participant Name</b>” drop-down list.</p>  <p>All participants that had CCC-934-1 or CCC-851-1 previously submitted to the ELAP database, for the applicable State, county and program year selected in items 1 through 3, will be displayed.</p> <p>Select the applicable participant's name for CCC-934-1 or CCC-851-1 to be retrieved and edited.</p>
5	<p>CLICK “<b>Application No.</b>” drop-down list.</p>  <p>All CCC-934-1's or CCC-851-1's previously submitted to the ELAP database for the “Participant Name” selected in item 4 will be displayed.</p> <p>Select the applicable application number for CCC-934-1 or CCC-851-1 to be retrieved and edited.</p>

## \*--899.25 Editing CCC-934-1 and CCC-851-1 (Continued)

## E Action (Continued)

Item	Instruction
	<p>CLICK “<b>Retrieve Worksheet</b>”. The data previously submitted to the ELAP database for the applicable CCC-934-1 or CCC-851-1 will be prefilled on the bottom of the Application Information Section, as follows.</p> <p><b>Important:</b> The user may need to click “<b>Retrieve Worksheet</b>” twice before all data is prefilled at the bottom of the Application Information Screen.</p> <div data-bbox="399 579 1455 1234" style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 10px;"> <p>Physical Location State: <input type="text" value="Alabama"/></p> <p>Physical Location County: <input type="text" value="Autauga"/></p> <p>Administrative State: <input type="text" value="Alabama"/></p> <p>Administrative County: <input type="text" value="Autauga"/></p> <p>Participant Name: <input type="text" value="Joe Smith"/></p> <p>SDA, LR, or BF participant <input type="radio"/> Yes <input checked="" type="radio"/> No</p> <p>Customer ID: <input type="text" value="12345"/></p> <p>Program Year: <input type="text" value="2012"/></p> <p>Application No: <input type="text" value="12"/></p> <p style="text-align: center; color: red;">*Denotes Required Field</p> <p style="text-align: center;"> <input type="button" value="Enter Honeybee Losses &gt;"/> or <input type="button" value="Enter Farm Raised Fish Losses"/> </p> </div>
	Verify that the correct CCC-934-1 or CCC-851-1 has been retrieved.
	<p>Edit applicable CCC-934-1 or CCC-851-1 items according to procedure in paragraphs:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• 898 through 899.8, for CCC-934-1’s</li> <li>• 899.12 through 899.23 for CCC-851-1’s.</li> </ul>

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**\*--899.26 Submitting, Saving, and Printing a Revised CCC-934-1 or CCC-851-1**

**A Revised CCC-934-1**

When user has edited CCC-934-1, the revised CCC-934-1 **must** be:

- submitted to the ELAP database according to subparagraph 899.9 C
- saved and printed according to subparagraph 899.9 D.

**B Revised CCC-851-1**

When user has edited CCC-851-1, the revised CCC-851-1 **must** be:

- submitted to the ELAP database according to subparagraph 899.24 C
- saved and printed according to subparagraph 899.24 D.--\*



**Part 11 ELAP Payment Provisions****Section 1 General Payment Provisions****900 General Payment Provisions for Web-Based ELAP Payments****A Introduction**

The ELAP payment process is an automated process that determines:

- whether the producer is eligible to receive payment
- the payment amount that can be sent to NPS for disbursement
- the overpayment amount that will be updated to the Pending Overpayment Report.

**B Frequency of Payment Processing**

ELAP payments are processed nightly for the following:

- payment amounts recorded through the ELAP payment process during the workday
- any payment on the Nonpayment Report will be reprocessed to determine whether the condition previously preventing the payment has been corrected.

**C Obtaining FSA-325**

FSA-325 shall be completed, according to 1-CM, by individuals or entities requesting payment **earned** by a producer who has died, disappeared, or been declared incompetent subsequent to applying for ELAP benefits. Payment shall be issued to the individuals or entities requesting payment using the deceased, incompetent, or disappeared producer's ID number.

**D Administrative Offset**

ELAP payments are subject to administrative offset provisions.

**E Assignments**

A producer entitled to an ELAP payment may assign payments according to 63-FI.

**900 General Payment Provisions for Web-Based ELAP Payments (Continued)****F Bankruptcy**

Bankruptcy status does **not** exclude a producer from requesting ELAP benefits.

**Contact the OGC Regional Attorney for guidance on issuing ELAP payments on all bankruptcy cases.**

**G Payments Less Than \$1**

ELAP payment processes will:

- issue payments that round to at least \$1
- **not** issue payments less than 50 cents.

**H Payment Due Date**

61-FI provides general guidance for determining payment due dates for various programs. The ELAP payment system sends the current system date to NPS as the payment due date. The system **cannot** determine the payment due date because of numerous factors. County Offices shall manually determine the payment due date by determining the later of the following:

- date producer signed CCC-851 or CCC-934
- date producer filed payment eligibility documentation, including the following:
  - AD-1026
  - CCC-902
  - CCC-526
- if the producer is an entity or joint operation, date members filed the requisite payment eligibility documentation
- availability of software to process the payment.

**900 General Payment Provisions for Web-Based ELAP Payments (Continued)****H Payment Due Date (Continued)**

If the payment is **not** issued within 30 calendar days after the later of the dates in this subparagraph, then prompt payment interest is payable to the producer. County Offices shall:

- manually determine the payment due date based on the factors identified in this subparagraph
- follow the provisions of 61-FI for issuing the interest payment.

**901 Payment Limitation****A Payment Limitation Amount**

The payment limitation for ELAP is \$125,000 per program year. The \$125,000 program year payment limitation is shared with the following programs for:

- 2011 program year:
  - LFP
  - LIP
  - SURE
- \*--2012 through 2016 program years:
  - LFP
  - LIP
- 2017 and subsequent program years:
  - LFP.--\*

**B Effect of AGI on Payment Limitation for Entities**

If a member of an entity is **not** eligible because of average AGI provisions, the payment limitation for the entity is reduced by the ineligible member's ownership share in the operation.

**Example:** ABC Corporation has 2 members, each with a 50 percent share. Member 1 does **not** meet average AGI provisions. The corporation has a \$100,000 payment limitation, but since Member 1 does **not** meet average AGI provisions, the payment limitation for the corporation is reduced by 50 percent and the maximum payment that can be issued to the corporation is \$50,000.

**Note:** Other payment eligibility provisions, such as conservation compliance, fraud, etc., do **not** affect the payment limitation for the entity because average AGI is the **only** payment eligibility that is checked for members of entities.

**901 Payment Limitation (Continued)****\*--C How a 2012 Through 2016 ELAP Factor Affects Payment Limitation**

For 2012 through 2016 ELAP, because ELAP has a set amount of funding, the payment--\* amount may be factored when the predetermined gross total amount of ELAP payments for a program year exceeds the total funding amount. Applying a factor to the payment amount ensures that ELAP payments do not exceed the funding for ELAP.

If a factor applies to the ELAP payment, then that same factor will be applied to the payment limitation amount for the producer and/or member.

\*--For 2012 through 2016 ELAP, although ELAP, LFP, and LIP payments share the --\* \$125,000-payment limitation amount, the factor for ELAP is **not** applied to the payments or shared payment limitation for LFP and LIP.

\*--For 2012 through 2016 program years, as a result of ELAP payments and payment--\* limitation being factored, the available payment limitation determinations for ELAP, LFP, and LIP will function according to the following table.

<b>IF payment being processed is for...</b>	<b>THEN the starting payment limitation is...</b>	<b>Determining Available Payment Limitation</b>	
LFP or LIP	\$125,000.	Determine the available payment limitation for LFP and LIP by subtracting all prior ELAP, LFP, and LIP payments from the starting payment limitation amount.	
		<b>IF...</b>	<b>THEN the...</b>
		there is a remaining payment limitation amount	LFP or LIP payment can be issued, <b>not</b> to exceed the remaining payment limitation amount.
		the total prior payments are \$125,000	producer <b>cannot</b> receive the LFP or LIP payment.

--\*

## 901 Payment Limitation (Continued)

## \*--C How a 2012 Through 2016 ELAP Factor Affects Payment Limitation (Continued)--\*

IF payment being processed is for...	THEN the starting payment limitation is...	Determining Available Payment Limitation		
ELAP	the result of \$125,000 times the ELAP factor.	Step	Action	
		1	Total all prior ELAP, LFP, and LIP payments.	
			IF the total prior payments are...	THEN...
			\$125,000	the producer <b>cannot</b> receive an ELAP payment.
			less than \$125,000	proceed to step 2.
		2	Total prior ELAP payments.	
			IF the total prior payments...	THEN...
			equal the starting ELAP payment limitation amount	the producer <b>cannot</b> receive an ELAP payment.
			already issued are less than the starting ELAP payment limitation amount	proceed to step 3.
		3	Determine the available payment limitation balance for ELAP, LFP, and LIP by subtracting: <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>\$125,000, minus</li><li>accumulated prior payments for ELAP, LFP, and LIP.</li></ul>	
		4	Determine the available balance for ELAP by subtracting: <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>starting ELAP payment limitation amount, minus</li><li>prior ELAP payments.</li></ul>	
		5	Available ELAP payment limitation balance for the producer or member is the lesser of the result of step 3 or 4.	
		6	Producer can be paid the lesser of: <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>amount of payment being processed, or</li><li>result of step 5.</li></ul>	

**902 Payment Eligibility****A Determining Payment Eligibility**

The payment process reads the web-based eligibility system for the applicable year to determine whether a producer or member of a joint operation is eligible to be paid. If the producer or member is ineligible to be paid, then the individual or entity will be listed on the Nonpayment Report with the applicable message. Eligibility values must be updated before the producer or member can be paid.

**B Eligibility Values**

The following identifies web-based eligibility determinations applicable to ELAP and how the system will use the web-based subsidiary eligibility data for payment processing.

<b>Eligibility Determination</b>	<b>Value</b>	<b>Eligible for ELAP Payment</b>
AD-1026	Certified	Yes
	Not Filed	No
	Good Faith Determination	Yes
	COC Exemption	Yes
	Awaiting Affiliate Certification	No
	Affiliate Violation	No
AGI - 2014 Farm Bill  <b>Note:</b> Applicable for 2012 and subsequent years.	Compliant	Yes
	Compliant- Producer	Yes
	Compliant - SED	Yes
	Exempt	Yes
	Failed Verification	No
	Not Compliant	No
	Not Filed	No
	Not Met - Producer	No
	Not Met - SED	No

**902 Payment Eligibility (Continued)****B Eligibility Values (Continued)**

<b>Eligibility Determination</b>	<b>Value</b>	<b>*--Eligible for ELAP Payment--*</b>
Conservation Compliance - Farm/Tract Eligibility	In Compliance	Yes
	Partial Compliance	Yes
	In Violation	No
	No Association	Yes
	Past Violation	Yes
	Reinstated	Yes
Controlled Substance	No Violation	Yes
	Growing	No
	Trafficking	No
	Possession	No
FCIC Fraud	Compliant	Yes
	Not Compliant	No

**C Eligibility Conditions Priority**

If a producer has multiple invalid subsidiary eligibility conditions, only the highest priority ineligible condition will be printed on the Nonpayment Report. The following is the priority of conditions.

<b>Priority</b>	<b>Condition</b>
1	FCIC Fraud
2	Conservation Compliance
3	Controlled Substance
4	AD-1026

**903 Funds Control****A eFunds Allotment**

Allotments will be provided to each County Office through the funds control process. Specific allotments will be determined by the National Office based on total gross ELAP payment amounts for the applicable program year by administrative State and county, provided in the ELAP Gross Payment Report.

State Offices will have “read-only” access to eFund allocations to County Offices. If additional funds are required, County Offices shall contact the appropriate State Office specialist. State Offices shall contact the National Office to request additional allotments by sending an e-mail with the program year and amount to **all** of the following:

- **tina.nemec@wdc.usda.gov**
- **steve.peterson@wdc.usda.gov**
- **lenior.simmons@wdc.usda.gov**
- **amy.mitchell@wdc.usda.gov.**

**\*--904 2012 Through 2016 Payment Factors****A 2012 Through 2016 ELAP Payment Factor**

For 2012 through 2016 program years, ELAP funding is authorized up to \$20 million in a FY to provide emergency assistance to eligible producers for livestock, honeybees, and farm-raised fish losses. As a result of the funding limitation, a payment factor will be applied to 2012 through 2016 ELAP payments when the total potential payments exceed the--\* \$20 million in funding.

**B How the Payment Factor Applies to ELAP Payments**

After the payment amount for the producer is entered in the ELAP Payment System, the payment factor, if applicable for that program year, is applied to the payment. The resulting payment amount continues in the payment process when determining if the producer meets eligibility provisions and when determining available payment limitation.

**Note:** The difference between the payment amount that was entered in the ELAP Payment System and the resulting payment amount after the payment factor is applied will display as a payment factor reduction amount on the Payment History Report. The payment factor amount will not be displayed on any other Common Payment Reports.

**C How the Payment Factor Applies to Payment Limitation**

If a payment factor has been determined for a program year that same payment factor is also applied to payment limitation for the individual, entity, or member of the entity. The payment limitation amount is multiplied times the payment factor and the result is a revised payment limitation amount.

**D ELAP Payment Factors**

The following table provides ELAP payment factors.

<b>Program Year</b>	<b>ELAP Payment Factor</b>
2012	0.90589961
2013	0.68454492
2014	0.66000000
*--2015	0.6458714
2016	0.5309764--*

\*--A national payment factor will not be applied to 2017 and subsequent program year payments.--\*

## \*--904 2012 Through 2016 Payment Factors (Continued)--\*

**E Common Payment Reports and Payment Factors**

If a payment factor applies for the program year, the disclaimers on the various Common Payment Reports will have additional wording and the payment amounts on the Common Payment Reports will be after the payment factor was applied. See 9-CM for additional information on the Common Payment Reports.

The table below provides specific information about each report.

<b>Report</b>	<b>Payment Factor Reduction Displayed on Report</b>	<b>Name of Payment Field</b>	<b>Amount Displayed Before or After Payment Factor Applied</b>
Estimated Calculated Payment Report			
Submitted Payments Report	Not Applicable  <b>Note:</b> Payment Reduced will be “Yes” only if reductions other than payment factor and/or sequestration apply.	Amount Submitted	After
Submitted Overpayments Report	Not Applicable	Amount Submitted	Not Applicable
Pending Overpayment Report	Not Applicable	Overpayment Amount	Not Applicable
Nonpayment/Reduction Report	No	Accumulated Amount	After
Insufficient Funds Report	Not Applicable	Calculated Payment Amount	After
Payments Computed to Zero Report	Not Applicable	Not Applicable	Not Applicable
Payment History Report - Summary	Yes	Net Payment	After
Payment History Report - Detail	Yes	Net Payment	After

**Note:** Not applicable is listed in the table because the associated reports do **not** list reduction amounts.

**\*--905 Sequestering ELAP Payments****A Applying Sequestration to ELAP Payments**

The Balanced Budget and Emergency Deficit Contract of 1985, as amended by the Budget Control Act of 2011, requires a reduction in payments, also known as a sequester. Whether a payment is sequestered or not depends on when the funding was “obligated”. Obligations are a behind the scenes process where the funding is reserved based on what the total possible expenditures of the program will be or the value of the contract or application when it’s approved.

Applying sequestration is the last step in the payment process after all reductions have been applied and before the payment amount is sent to NPS. The sequestered:

- payment amount for the commodity times the sequestration percentage equals the sequestration reduction amount for that commodity

**Note:** The resulting payment amount for all commodities is added up and the total is the ELAP payment amount sent to NPS.

- amount is applied at the payment entity level
- amount is not attributed to members

**Note:** The sequestration reduction amount will be displayed on the Payment History Report.

**B ELAP Sequestration Percentages**

The following table provides ELAP sequestration percentages.

<b>Program Year</b>	<b>ELAP Sequestration Percent</b>
2012	Not Applicable
2013	Not Applicable
2014	7.3 percent

--\*

**\*--905 Sequestering ELAP Payments (Continued)****C Common Payment Reports and Sequestered Payments**

If the payments for a program year are sequestered the disclaimers on the various Common Payment Reports will have additional wording and the payment amounts on the Common Payment Reports will either be before or after sequestration was applied. See 9-CM for additional information on the Common Payment Reports.

The table below provides specific information about each report.

**Note:** Because the sequestration reduction is applied at the payment entity level, the amount displayed on the various Common Payment Reports that are attributed or reduced for members of the entity or joint operation will not add up to the payment amount for the payment entity.

<b>Report</b>	<b>Sequestration Reduction Displayed on Report</b>	<b>Name of Payment Field</b>	<b>Amount Displayed Before or After Sequestration Applied</b>
Estimated Calculated Payment Report			
Submitted Payments Report	Not Applicable  <b>Note:</b> Payment Reduced will be “Yes” <b>only</b> if reductions other than payment factor and/or sequestration apply.	Amount Submitted	After
Submitted Overpayments Report	Not Applicable	Amount Submitted	Not Applicable
Pending Overpayment Report	Not Applicable	Overpayment Amount	Not Applicable
Nonpayment/Reduction Report	No	Accumulated Amount	Before
Insufficient Funds Report	Not Applicable	Calculated Payment Amount	After
Payments Computed to Zero Report	Not Applicable	Not Applicable	Not Applicable
Payment History Report - Summary	Yes	Net Payment	After
Payment History Report - Detail	Yes	Net Payment	After

**Note:** Not applicable is listed in the table because the associated reports do **not** list reduction amounts.--\*

**906-914 (Reserved)**

## Section 2 Issuing ELAP Payments

## 915 Overview

## A Supporting Files for Integrated Payment Processing

The ELAP payment process is a web-based integrated process that reads a wide range of information from other program determinations and values to determine whether a payment should be issued, the amount of the gross payment, reductions, and net payment amount. For payments to be calculated correctly, all supporting files must be updated correctly, including the following.

<b>Type of Information</b>	<b>How Information Is Used for Payment Processing</b>	<b>Source</b>
*--ELAP Gross Payment Report	To compute the gross payment amount for the producer.	ELAP Gross Payment Report--* from the National Office
Payment Eligibility Information	To determine whether the producer and members of a joint operation or entity are eligible for payment for the applicable program year.	Web-Based Eligibility System
General Name and Address Information	To determine the producer's business type and general name and address information.	SCIMS
Entity and Joint Operation Information	To determine the members, shares, and values for the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• member contribution value</li> <li>• substantive change value</li> <li>• members and member's share of the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• general partnership</li> <li>• joint ventures</li> <li>• entities.</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	Business File
Combined Producer Information	To determine whether the producer or members of entities or joint operations are combined with other producers to ensure that the payment limitation is controlled properly.	Web-Based Combined Producer System
Available Payment Limitation	To determine payment limitation availability.	Web-Based Payment Limitation System
Financial-Related Information	Calculated payment information is provided to NPS. Determined overpayment amount is updated to the Pending Overpayment Report and, if applicable, transferred to NRRS.	NPS or NRRS

## 915 Overview (Continued)

**B Actions To Be Completed Before Issuing Payments**

The following provides actions that must be completed **before** issuing payments. COC, CED, or designee shall ensure that the actions are completed.

Step	Action
1	*--Ensure that the State Office received the approved ELAP Gross Payment Report from the National Office.
2	Ensure that the County Office received the approved ELAP Gross Payment Report from the State Office.--*
3	Ensure that SCIMS data is updated for the producer and each member of a joint operation or entity, including the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• customer's name</li> <li>• citizenship country and resident alien status, if applicable</li> <li>• TIN</li> <li>• address.</li> </ul>
4	Ensure that AD-1026 is on file for the applicable year for producers seeking benefits and that the eligibility information is recorded in the web-based eligibility system.
5	Ensure that all eligibility certifications and determinations have been recorded in the web-based eligibility system according to 3-PL (Rev. 1).
6	*--Ensure that the Business File is updated according to 3-PL (Rev. 1).--*
7	Ensure that substantive change values are updated according to 5-PL.
8	Ensure that combined producer information is recorded in the web-based combined producer system according to 3-PL (Rev. 1).
9	Ensure that sufficient funds have been allocated to the administrative State and county.
10	Ensure that all assignment and joint payees have been updated in Financial Services if CCC-36, CCC-37, or both are filed.
11	*--Ensure that the gross payment amounts provided in the approved ELAP Gross Payment Report is recorded in the web-based ELAP payment software according--* to paragraph 919.

## 916 Program Year Selection Page

### A Introduction

Because an automated application process is **not** available, the amounts calculated through the ELAP Gross Payment Report **must** be recorded in the web-based ELAP payment process.

### B Accessing the Program Year Selection Page

To access the ELAP Main Menu, go to FSA's Applications Intranet web site at **<http://fsaintranet.sc.egov.usda.gov/fsa/applications.asp>**. From the FSA Intranet Screen, under "FSA Applications" "Applications Directory", CLICK "**D-F**". The FSA Intranet Screen will be redisplayed with applications with names started from D to F. CLICK "**ELAP Payment Process**".

**Note:** Internet Explorer shall be used when accessing the ELAP payment process.

Users will be prompted to login through the USDA eAuthentication Login Screen. CLICK "**Login with LincPass (PIV)**" or enter user ID and password and CLICK "**Login**".

The Program Year Selection Page will be displayed.

### C Example of Program Year Selection Page

The following is an example of the Program Year Selection Page.

\*--

USDA United States Department of Agriculture  
Farm Service Agency  
Emergency Loss Assistance Program (ELAP)

ELAP Home About FSA Help Contact Us Exit ELAP Logout of eAuth

**ELAP Menu**  
Welcome Bobbie Butler  
Role: County User  
Payments

**Select a program year**

**Select a Program Year**

Program Year: 2014

Continue

--\*

## 917 Select Administrative State/County Page

### A Overview

When a user has selected the program year for processing and clicked “Continue”, the Select Administrative State/County Page will be displayed.

### B Recording Payment Data

ELAP payments will be entered based on the administrative State, county, and physical location of the loss. See subparagraph 919 C for information on physical location selection.

The Select Administrative State/County Screen allows users to select the administrative State and county for processing.

### C Example of Select Administrative State/County Page

The following is an example of the Select Administrative State/County Page.

\*--

The screenshot shows the 'Select an Administrative State/County' page. At the top, there is a header with the USDA logo, 'United States Department of Agriculture', 'Farm Service Agency', and 'Emergency Loss Assistance Program (ELAP)'. Below the header is a navigation bar with links: 'ELAP Home', 'About FSA', 'Help', 'Contact Us', 'Exit ELAP', and 'Logout of eAuth'. On the left side, there is an 'ELAP Menu' with options: 'Welcome Bobbie Butler', 'Role: County User', 'Payments', and 'Change Program Year'. The main content area has a title 'Select an Administrative State/County' and a 'Year: 2014' label. Below this is a section titled 'Select Administrative State/Countries' with a 'State-County:' label and a drop-down menu showing 'Mississippi-Coahoma'. A 'Continue' button is located at the bottom right of the main content area.

--\*

### D Action

User shall use the drop-down menu to select the applicable administrative State and county.

CLICK “Continue”. The ELAP Main Menu will be displayed.

## 918 ELAP Main Menu

### A Overview

When a user has selected the administrative State and county for processing and clicked “Continue”, the ELAP Main Menu will be displayed. The ELAP Main Menu allows users to:

- enter payment information by clicking “Record Calculated Payment”
- modify or delete previously entered payment information by clicking “Modify/Delete Calculated Payment”.

### B Example of ELAP Main Menu

The following is an example of the ELAP Main Menu.

\*--

--\*

### C Action

User shall select to record new payment information or to modify or delete existing payment information according to the following.

- To record new payment information, CLICK “Record Calculated Payment”.
- To modify or delete existing payment information, CLICK “Modify/Delete Calculated Payment”.

**919 Recording ELAP Payment Data****A Introduction**

Manually calculated ELAP payment amounts must be recorded in the web-based system to initiate the payment process. The Record Calculated Payment Page allows the user to record the manually calculated ELAP payment amounts.

**B Recording Payment Amounts**

Record ELAP payment amounts according to this table.

<b>Step</b>	<b>Action</b>	<b>Result</b>
1	On the ELAP Main Menu, CLICK “Record Calculated Payment”.	The SCIMS Search Page will be displayed.
2	The SCIMS Search Page provides various options for selecting a producer. Record the producer information using the desired option and select the applicable producer to continue.	The Select Physical Location Page will be displayed.
3	On the Select Physical Location Page, users shall select the applicable physical location.  *--Note: See subparagraphs C and D for information--* about the Select Physical Location Page.	The Record Calculated Payment Page will be displayed.

## 919 Recording ELAP Payment Data (Continued)

## B Recording Payment Amounts (Continued)

Step	Action	Result
4	<p>On the Record a Calculated Payment page, users shall record the following gross amounts provided in the ELAP Gross Payment Report:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Farm-Raised Fish Death</li> <li>• Farm-Raised Fish Feed</li> <li>• Honeybee Colony</li> <li>• Honeybee Feed</li> <li>• Honeybee Hive</li> <li>• Livestock Cattle Tick Fever</li> <li>• Livestock Death</li> <li>• Livestock Feed</li> <li>• Livestock Grazing</li> <li>•*--Livestock Water Hauling.--*</li> </ul> <p>CLICK “Submit”, to continue with the process.</p> <p><b>Notes:</b> See subparagraph E for additional information.</p> <p style="text-align: center;">Amounts shall be recorded in whole dollars without dollar signs or commas.</p>	<p>The Record a Calculated Payment Confirmation Page will be displayed with the payment amounts recorded.</p>
5	<p>On the Record Calculated Payment Confirmation Page, users shall CLICK “Confirm”, to record the payment amounts entered.</p> <p><b>Note:</b> See subparagraph H for additional information.</p>	<p>The ELAP Main Menu will be redisplayed.</p>

## 919 Recording ELAP Payment Data (Continued)

### C Select a Physical Location Page

When a user has selected the producer for processing, the Select Physical Location Page will be displayed. The Select Physical Location Page allows users to select the physical location where the loss occurred.

Following is an example of the Select Physical Location Page.

\*--

USDA United States Department of Agriculture  
Farm Service Agency

Emergency Loss Assistance Program (ELAP)

ELAP Home About FSA Help Contact Us Exit ELAP Logout of eAuth

**ELAP Menu**  
Welcome Bobbie Butler  
Role: County User  
**Payments**  
Change Program Year  
Change State/County  
Main Menu

**Select a Physical Location**

**Year:** 2014      **Admin State:** Mississippi      **Admin County:** Coahoma

**Producer:** IMA FARMER

**Select a Physical Location**

**Physical Location:** Mississippi-Coahoma ▼

Continue

--\*

### D Action

User shall use the drop-down menu to select the applicable physical location.


CLICK "Continue". The Record Calculated Payment Page will be displayed.

# 919 Recording ELAP Payment Data (Continued)


## E Example of Record Calculated Payment Page

The following is an example of the Record Calculated Payment Page.

\*--


United States Department of Agriculture  
**Farm Service Agency**

**Emergency Loss Assistance Program (ELAP)**



[ELAP Home](#)
[About FSA](#)
[Help](#)
[Contact Us](#)
[Exit ELAP](#)
[Logout of eAuth](#)

**ELAP Menu**  
Welcome Bobbie Butler  
Role: County User  
**Payments**  
Change Program Year  
Change State/County  
Main Menu

**Record a Calculated Payment**  
  
**Year:** 2014      **Admin State:** Mississippi  
**Physical State:** Mississippi      **Admin County:** Coahoma  
**Physical County:** Coahoma  
  
**Producer:** IMA FARMER

**2014 ELAP**

Farm-Raised Fish Death (\$)	: 0
Honeybee Colony (\$)	: 0
Honeybee Hive (\$)	: 800
Honeybee Feed (\$)	: 0
Farm-Raised Fish Feed (\$)	: 2175
Livestock Feed (\$)	: 0
Livestock Grazing (\$)	: 3460
Livestock Death (\$)	: 0
Livestock Cattle Tick Fever (\$)	: 0
Livestock Water Hauling (\$)	: 0

--\*

## 919 Recording ELAP Payment Data (Continued)

### F Record a Calculated Payment Page Options

The following options are available on the Record a Calculated Payment Page.

Option	Action
Submit	Continues the process of recording ELAP payment data after amounts have been recorded.
Cancel	Discontinues the process and returns to the ELAP Main Menu <b>without</b> updating the payment amounts.

### G Error Messages

The following error messages may be displayed depending on the data recorded.


Error Message	Description of Problem	Corrective Action
"The amount recorded in each field must be in whole dollars."	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Amounts entered must be in whole dollars.</li> <li>An amount must be recorded in each field, even if 1 amount is \$0.</li> <li>Amounts entered include dollar signs or commas.</li> </ul>	Correct the amounts recorded in each field ensuring that only numeric data is entered <b>without</b> dollar signs or commas.
"An amount must be entered for each type of payment. The amount can be \$0 for one or more of the payment amounts, but not all."	<p>User attempted to record \$0 in all payment amount fields.</p> <p>Do <b>not</b> record payment amounts in the ELAP payment process if the calculated payment amounts for all commodities from the *--ELAP Gross Payment Report is \$0.--*</p>	Ensure that an amount has been recorded in each field.

# 919 Recording ELAP Payment Data (Continued)


## H Example of Record Calculated Payment Confirmation Page

The following is an example of the Record Calculated Payment Confirmation Page.

\*--


United States Department of Agriculture  
**Farm Service Agency**


**Emergency Loss Assistance Program (ELAP)**



[ELAP Home](#)
[About FSA](#)
[Help](#)
[Contact Us](#)
[Exit ELAP](#)
[Logout of eAuth](#)

**ELAP Menu**  
Welcome Bobbie Butler  
  
Role: County User  
  
**Payments**  
Change Program Year  
Change State/County  
Main Menu

**Record Calculated Payment Confirmation**  
  
**Year:** 2014      **Admin State:** Mississippi  
                                 **Physical State:** Mississippi      **Admin County:** Coahoma  
   **Physical County:** Coahoma  
  
**Producer:** IMA FARMER


• **New Payment Confirmation. Press "Confirm" to proceed.**

**2014 ELAP**

Farm-Raised Fish Death (\$)	:	0
Honeybee Colony (\$)	:	0
Honeybee Hive (\$)	:	800
Honeybee Feed (\$)	:	0
Farm-Raised Fish Feed (\$)	:	2,175
Livestock Feed (\$)	:	0
Livestock Grazing (\$)	:	3,460
Livestock Death (\$)	:	0
Livestock Cattle Tick Fever (\$)	:	0
Livestock Water Hauling (\$)	:	0

--\*

## 919 Recording ELAP Payment Data (Continued)

### I Record Calculated Payment Confirmation Page Options

The following options are available on the Record Calculated Payment Confirmation Page.

Option	Action
Confirm	Records the payment amounts and triggers the payment process.  <b>Note:</b> The message, “You have successfully added the payment(s)”, will be received.
Back	Returns to the Record Calculated Payment Page so the amounts can be modified, if necessary.
Cancel	Discontinues the process and returns to the ELAP Main Menu <b>without</b> updating the payment amounts.

## 920 Modifying/Deleting Previously Recorded ELAP Payment Data

### A Introduction

Previously entered payment amounts can be modified or deleted. On the ELAP Main Menu, CLICK “Modify/Delete Calculated Payment”.

### B Effect on Previously Processed Payments

Modifying or deleting previously recorded payment amounts impacts previously processed payments in different ways depending on whether the original payment was sent to NPS and certified and signed. This table describes how a previously recorded payment is affected when the amounts are modified or deleted.

IF previously recorded payment amounts are...	AND previously recorded payment amounts were...	AND the payment in NPS was...	THEN...
modified	not sent to NPS because of a nonpayment condition		system will trigger the payment to reprocess the payment transaction.
	sent to NPS	certified and signed	system will retrigger the payment to reprocess to determine whether the producer is overpaid or underpaid. A transaction will be sent to NPS or the Pending Overpayment Report, as applicable.
		either of the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>not certified</li> <li>certified, but not signed</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>original amount in NPS will be canceled and the system will retrigger the payment to reprocess</li> <li>new payment amount will be listed in NPS for certification and signature, provided all eligibility requirements are met.</li> </ul>

## 920 Modifying/Deleting Previously Recorded ELAP Payment Data (Continued)

### B Affect on Previously Processed Payments (Continued)

IF previously recorded payment amounts are...	AND previously recorded payment amounts were...	AND the payment in NPS was...	THEN...
deleted	not sent to NPS because of a nonpayment condition		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>payment amounts will be deleted</li> <li>system will retrigger the payment to reprocess to determine whether the producer is overpaid</li> <li>an overpayment may be put on the Pending Overpayment Report if a portion of the original payment amount was certified or signed.</li> </ul>
	sent to NPS	certified and signed	system will retrigger the payment to reprocess to determine the overpayment amount for the producer. A transaction will be sent to the Pending Overpayment Report.
		either of the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>not certified</li> <li>certified, but not signed</li> </ul>	original amount in NPS will be canceled.

### C Modifying Payment Amounts

Modify ELAP payment amounts according to this table.

Step	Action	Result
1	On the ELAP Main Menu, CLICK "Modify/Delete Calculated Payment".	The SCIMS Search Page will be displayed.
2	The SCIMS Search Page provides various options for selecting a producer. Record the producer information using the desired option and select the applicable producer to continue.	The Select Physical Location Page will be displayed.
3	On the Select Physical Location Page, users shall select the applicable physical location.	The Modify/Delete Calculated Payment Page will be displayed.

**920 Modifying/Deleting Previously Recorded ELAP Payment Data (Continued)****C Modifying Payment Amounts (Continued)**

<b>Step</b>	<b>Action</b>	<b>Result</b>
4	Modify the payment amounts, as applicable, and CLICK “Modify” to continue with the process.  <b>Note:</b> See paragraph 921 for additional information.	The Modify Calculated Payment Confirmation Page will be displayed with the payment amounts recorded.
5	On the Modify Calculated Payment Confirmation Page, CLICK “Confirm” to accept the changes.  <b>Note:</b> See paragraph 922 for additional information.	The ELAP Main Menu will be redisplayed.

**D Deleting Payment Amounts**

Delete ELAP payment amounts according to this table.


<b>Step</b>	<b>Action</b>	<b>Result</b>
1	On the ELAP Main Menu, CLICK “Modify/Delete Calculated Payment”.	The SCIMS Search Page will be displayed.
2	The SCIMS Search Page provides various options for selecting a producer. Record the producer information using the desired option and select the applicable producer to continue.	The Select Physical Location Page will be displayed.
3	On the Select Physical Location Page, users shall select the applicable physical location.	The Modify/Delete Calculated Payment Page will be displayed.
4	CLICK “Delete” to continue with the process.  <b>Note:</b> See paragraph 921 for additional information.	The Delete Calculated Payment Confirmation Page will be displayed with the payment amounts recorded.
5	On the Delete Calculated Payment Confirmation Page, CLICK “Confirm” to accept the changes.  <b>Note:</b> See paragraph 923 for additional information.	The ELAP Main Menu will be redisplayed.

## 921 Modify/Delete Calculated Payment Web Page








### A Example of Modify/Delete Calculated Payment Page

The following is an example of the Modify/Delete Calculated Payment Page.

\*--


United States Department of Agriculture  
**Farm Service Agency**

**Emergency Loss Assistance Program (ELAP)**

[ELAP Home](#)
[About FSA](#)
[Help](#)
[Contact Us](#)
[Exit ELAP](#)
[Logout of eAuth](#)

**ELAP Menu**  
Welcome Bobbie Butler  
  
Role: County User  
  
**Payments**  
Change Program Year  
Change State/County  
Main Menu

**Modify/Delete a Calculated Payment**  
  
**Year:** 2014      **Admin State:** Mississippi  
**Physical State:** Mississippi      **Admin County:** Coahoma  
**Physical County:** Coahoma  
  
**Producer:** IMA FARMER

**2014 ELAP**

Farm-Raised Fish Death (\$)	: 0
Honeybee Colony (\$)	: 0
Honeybee Hive (\$)	: 800
Honeybee Feed (\$)	: 0
Farm-Raised Fish Feed (\$)	: 2175
Livestock Feed (\$)	: 0
Livestock Grazing (\$)	: 3460
Livestock Death (\$)	: 0
Livestock Cattle Tick Fever (\$)	: 0
Livestock Water Hauling (\$)	: 0

--\*

**921 Modify/Delete Calculated Payment Web Page (Continued)****B Page Options**

The following options are available on the Modify/Delete Calculated Payment Page.

<b>Option</b>	<b>Action</b>
Modify	Continues the process of recording the revised ELAP payment data.
Delete	Deletes the previously recorded ELAP payment data.
Cancel	Discontinues the process and returns to the ELAP Main Menu <b>without</b> updating the payment amounts.

**C Error Messages**

The following error message may be displayed depending on the data recorded.

<b>Error Message</b>	<b>Description of Problem</b>	<b>Corrective Action</b>
"The amount recorded in each field must be in whole dollars."	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Amounts entered must be in whole dollars.</li> <li>• An amount must be recorded in each field, even if 1 amount is \$0.</li> <li>• Amounts entered include dollar signs or commas.</li> </ul>	Correct the amounts recorded in each field ensuring that only numeric data is entered <b>without</b> dollar signs or commas.

## 922 Modify Calculated Payment Confirmation Web Page

### A Example of Modify Calculated Payment Confirmation Page

The following is an example of the Modify Calculated Payment Confirmation Page.

\*--

**USDA** United States Department of Agriculture  
**Farm Service Agency** **Emergency Loss Assistance Program (ELAP)**

ELAP Home About FSA Help Contact Us Exit ELAP Logout of eAuth

**ELAP Menu**  
 Welcome Bobbie Butler  
 Role: County User  
**Payments**  
 Change Program Year  
 Change State/County  
 Main Menu

**Modify Calculated Payment Confirmation**

**Year:** 2014 **Admin State:** Mississippi **Admin County:** Coahoma  
**Physical State:** Mississippi **Physical County:** Coahoma

**Producer:** IMA FARMER

**Modify Confirmation. Press "Confirm" to proceed.**

**2014 ELAP**

Farm-Raised Fish Death (\$)	0
Honeybee Colony (\$)	1,650
Honeybee Hive (\$)	800
Honeybee Feed (\$)	0
Farm-Raised Fish Feed (\$)	2,175
Livestock Feed (\$)	0
Livestock Grazing (\$)	3,460
Livestock Death (\$)	0
Livestock Cattle Tick Fever (\$)	0
Livestock Water Hauling (\$)	0

Confirm Back Cancel

--\*

### B Page Options

The following options are available on the Modify Calculated Payment Confirmation Page.


Option	Action
Confirm	Records the modified payment amounts and triggers the payment reprocess.
Back	Returns to the Modify/Delete Calculated Payment Page so the amounts can be modified, if necessary.
Cancel	Discontinues the process and returns to the ELAP Main Menu <b>without</b> updating the payment amounts.

## 923 Delete Calculated Payment Confirmation Web Page


### A Example of Delete Calculated Payment Confirmation Page

The following is an example of the Delete Calculated Payment Confirmation Page.

\*--


United States Department of Agriculture  
**Farm Service Agency**

**Emergency Loss Assistance Program (ELAP)**



[ELAP Home](#)
[About FSA](#)
[Help](#)
[Contact Us](#)
[Exit ELAP](#)
[Logout of eAuth](#)

**ELAP Menu**  
Welcome Bobbie Butler  
  
Role: County User  
  
**Payments**  
Change Program Year  
Change State/County  
Main Menu

**Delete Calculated Payment Confirmation**

**Year:** 2014      **Admin State:** Mississippi      **Admin County:** Coahoma  
**Physical State:** Mississippi      **Physical County:** Coahoma  
  
**Producer:** IMA FARMER

*i* • **Delete Confirmation. The payment will be deleted and all amounts will be set to zero. Press "Confirm" to proceed.**

**2014 ELAP**

Farm-Raised Fish Death (\$)	:	0
Honeybee Colony (\$)	:	1,650
Honeybee Hive (\$)	:	800
Honeybee Feed (\$)	:	0
Farm-Raised Fish Feed (\$)	:	2,175
Livestock Feed (\$)	:	0
Livestock Grazing (\$)	:	3,460
Livestock Death (\$)	:	0
Livestock Cattle Tick Fever (\$)	:	0
Livestock Water Hauling (\$)	:	0

--\*

**923 Delete Calculated Payment Confirmation Web Page (Continued)****B Page Options**

The following options are available on the Delete Calculated Payment Confirmation Page.

<b>Option</b>	<b>Action</b>
Confirm	Deletes the recorded payment data and triggers the payment reprocess. An overpayment will be put on the Pending Overpayment Report if payments have been certified and signed.
Back	Returns to the Record Calculated Payment Page so the amounts can be modified, if necessary.
Cancel	Discontinues the process and returns to the ELAP Main Menu <b>without</b> updating the payment amounts.

**924 Handling Overpayments****A Introduction**

The ELAP payment process is an integrated process that reads data from many systems to determine whether payments issued to a producer were earned in-full or in-part. These systems include the following:

- \*--ELAP Payment Process where payment amounts from the ELAP Gross Payment Report are recorded
- subsidiary system including data about eligibility, combined producer, and Business File--\*
- payment limitation system
- SCIMS.

If something changes in any of these systems, the ELAP payment process is automatically triggered to recalculate the payment. The producer is overpaid if the information that has been changed results in the current calculated amount to be less than the amount originally paid to the producer.

**924 Handling Overpayments (Continued)****B Determined Overpayments**

For any overpayment amount calculated as \$1 or greater, the system will update the applicable information to the Pending Overpayment Report. See 9-CM, paragraph 65 for information on the Pending Overpayment Report.

**Warning:** Because the system is integrated with other systems, it is critical that County Offices do **not** make unnecessary changes to producer information that could cause an overpayment to be computed. County Offices are required to update the system properly, but removing flags or deleting data to “trigger” the system to function could worsen the situation.

**C Handling Debts Less Than \$100**

County Offices shall follow 58-FI for handling receivables less than \$100.

**D Debt Basis Codes**

The system automatically assigns the debt basis code to the receivable when it is updated to the Pending Overpayment Report. The following are the debt basis codes used for ELAP payments.

<b>IF the reason the payment entity/member is overpaid is because of...</b>	<b>THEN the discovery/debt basis reason is:</b>
payment eligibility because of fraud	10-423.
payment limitation issues	10-426.
payment eligibility, except fraud	10-427.
prior payments exceed the current payment	10-428.

## 924 Handling Overpayments (Continued)

### E Charging Interest

Interest shall be charged on receivables from the date the original payment was disbursed if COC determines the producer is ineligible because of the following reasons:

- \*--producer signed to information on CCC-851 or CCC-934 that is subsequently--\*  
determined inaccurate
- producer erroneously or fraudulently represented any act affecting a payment eligibility determination, including the following:
  - certification to AGI provisions
  - violation of conservation compliance provisions
  - violation of controlled substance provisions
- producer knowingly adopted a scheme or device that tended to defeat the purposes of ELAP.

Interest shall **not** be charged from date of disbursement if:

- overpayment resulted based on revised information that the producer would **not** have had reason to know was invalid
- National, State, or County Office erred
- producer voluntarily refunds the payment that was issued and COC has **not** determined that the producer is ineligible.

**Notes:** Software does **not** currently support charging interest from the date of disbursement. Any receivable established is sent to NRRS with the current system date. If the receivable is **not** repaid within 30 calendar days from the date the initial notification letter is issued, interest will start accruing from the date the receivable was established.

If COC determines that the producer is ineligible and interest should be charged from the date of disbursement:

- County Offices shall contact their State Office for assistance
- State Offices shall contact OBF for guidance.

**925 ELAP Payment Process****A Introduction**

The ELAP payment process is an automated process that determines:

- whether the producer is eligible to receive payment
- the amount that can be sent to NPS for disbursement.

**B Frequency of Payment Processing**

ELAP payments are processed nightly for the following:

- payment amounts recorded during the workday
- any payment on the Nonpayment Report will be reprocessed to determine whether the condition preventing the payment has been corrected.

**Note:** One payment amount will be sent to NPS.

**C High-Level Overview of ELAP Payment Process**

The following is a high-level overview of the ELAP payment process.

Step	Action	
1	Payment process is triggered.	
2	<p>System determines the producer level payment amounts recorded for each of the following and adds the payment amount to determine one ELAP payment amount:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Farm-Raised Fish Death gross payment amount</li><li>• Honeybee Colony gross payment amount</li><li>• Honeybee Hive gross payment amount</li><li>• Honeybee Feed gross payment amount</li><li>• Farm-Raised Fish Feed gross payment amount</li><li>• Livestock Feed gross payment amount</li><li>• Livestock Grazing gross payment amount</li><li>• Livestock Death gross payment amount</li><li>• Livestock Cattle Tick Fever gross payment amount</li><li>•*--Livestock Water Hauling gross payment amount.--*</li></ul>	
IF the amount is...	AND a payment... THEN...	
greater than \$0		continue to step 3 for the applicable amount recorded.
\$0	was <b>not</b> previously issued	the payment process is discontinued for the applicable payment amount.

## 925 ELAP Payment Process (Continued)

## C High-Level Overview of ELAP Payment Process (Continued)

Step	Action		
3	System reads SCIMS to obtain information for the payment entity.		
	IF the payment entity is...	AND the resident alien field is...	THEN...
	an individual	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>“Unknown” or “N/A”</li><li>“Yes”</li></ul>	continue to step 4.
		“No”	the payment entity is <b>not</b> eligible for payment.
	any business type other than individual		continue to step 4.
4	System determines whether there is an ELAP payment for the payment entity in NPS.		
	IF a payment...	THEN...	
	has <b>not</b> already been sent to NPS for the payment entity	continue to step 5.	
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>has been sent to NPS for the payment entity</li><li>is signed</li></ul>		
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>has been sent to NPS for the payment entity</li><li>is <b>not</b> signed</li></ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>the payment in NPS is canceled and the new payment transaction is processed</li><li>continue to step 5.</li></ul>	
5	*--For joint operations and entities, the system retrieves member data from Business File.		
6	System checks the web-based subsidiary eligibility data for the applicable program year--* to determine whether the payment entity and members, if applicable, are eligible to receive payment.		
	IF the payment entity is...	AND...	THEN...
	an individual	the payment entity is eligible to receive payment	continue to step 7.
		the payment entity is <b>not</b> eligible to receive payment	the producer will be listed on the Nonpayment Report with the reason the payment cannot be issued.
	an entity or joint operation	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>the payment entity is eligible to receive payment</li><li>at least 1 member is eligible to receive payment</li></ul>	continue to step 7.
		the payment entity is <b>not</b> eligible to receive payment	the joint operation or entity will be listed on the Nonpayment Report with the reason the payment cannot be issued.
		<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>the payment entity is eligible to receive payment</li><li>none of the members are eligible to receive payment</li></ul>	the payment entity will be listed on the Nonpayment Report.

## 925 ELAP Payment Process (Continued)

## C High-Level Overview of ELAP Payment Process (Continued)

Step	Action	
7	System controls payment limitation for payment entity and members of joint operations as described in paragraph 600.	
8	Payment history data is updated and the transaction is completed.	
	<b>IF the payment amount is...</b>	<b>THEN the...</b>
	\$0	process is discontinued and the payment entity is listed on the Nonpayment Report.
	greater than \$0	payment amount shall be sent to NPS for disbursement.
	negative	overpayment amount shall be updated to the Pending Overpayment Report.

## 926 ELAP Payment Reports

## A Displaying or Printing ELAP Payment Reports

ELAP Payment Reports are available to provide information about each payment or nonpayment. Most of the payment reports have information that is common between program areas so information about these reports is in 9-CM. The ELAP Payment History Report – Detail has program-specific data so information for this report is in this handbook.

ELAP Payment Report information is available according to the following.

Report Name	Type of Data	Reference
Submitted Payments Report	Live	9-CM, paragraph 63
Submitted Overpayments Report	Live	9-CM, paragraph 64
Pending Overpayment Report	Live	9-CM, paragraph 65
*--Note: The Pending Overpayment Report is accessed through the Pending Overpayment Summary Report according to 9-CM, paragraph 64.5.--*		
Nonpayment/Reduction Report	Report Database	9-CM, paragraph 66
Insufficient Funds Report	Live	9-CM, paragraph 67
Payments Computed to Zero Report	Live	9-CM, paragraph 68
Payment History Report – Summary	Report Database	9-CM, paragraph 69
Payment History Report – Detail	Report Database	paragraph 927

**Note:** See 9-CM, paragraph 52 for complete instructions on accessing the Common Payment Report System.

**927 Payment History Report – Detail****A Background**

The Payment History Report – Detail is a report that provides detailed information about an ELAP payment.

**B Payment History Report – Detail Description**

The following information will be displayed/printed on the Payment History Report – Detail.

<b>Field</b>	<b>Description</b>
Program Year	Program year selected by the user.
Program Name	Emergency Loss Assistance Program.
State	Full name of the State selected by the user.
County	Full name of the county selected by the user.
Producer Name and Address	Name from SCIMS as follows: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• for individuals, last name, middle name, first name, and suffix</li> <li>• for businesses, business name.</li> </ul>
Date (Report)	Date the report is generated by the user.
Date (Payment)	Date the payment was processed and sent to NPS, or the date the overpayment transaction was processed and sent to NRRS.
State/County	State and county code associated with the applicable transaction record.
Payment Entity/Member Name	The “Payment Entity/Member Name” field will provide payment entity or member name information if the ELAP Payment History Report – Detail is generated for: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• an entity or joint operation where amounts were attributed to members</li> <li>• a member to show the payment entity through whom the amount was attributed.</li> </ul>
Payment ID Number	Unique number that ties the program history data to the NPS history data.
Business Type	Business type of the producer and/or member.

## 927 Payment History Report – Detail (Continued)

## B Payment History Report – Detail Description (Continued)

Field	Description
Type of Transaction	One of the following transaction types will be displayed: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• “Payment”</li> <li>• “Receivable”</li> <li>• “Canceled Payment”</li> <li>• “Canceled Receivable”.</li> </ul>
Commodity	Name of the commodity.
Gross Payment Amount	Amount of the payment initially attributed to the producer or entity member.
AGI Reduction Amount	Reduction because of the AGI value for the payment entity or member.
Substantive Change Reduction Amount	Reduction amount because of a substantive change value.
Member Level Reduction Amount	Reduction amount because of a member level reduction.
Subsidiary Eligibility Reduction Amount	Reduction amount because of a subsidiary eligibility value.
Payment Limitation Reduction Amount	Reduction amount because of payment limitation.
Net Payment Amount	Net payment amount for the producer after all reductions have been applied.
Totals	Total payment amount for the payment entity or member.

## 927 Payment History Report – Detail (Continued)

## C Example of Payment History Report – Detail

The following is an example of the Payment History Report – Detail.

Coahoma Mississippi		United States Department of Agriculture Farm Service Agency				Date: 03/21/2011			
2010 Emergency Loss Assistance Program - ELAP Payment History Report - Detail Level Date Range: From 03/20/2011 To 03/21/2011									
Producer Name: FARMER, IMA									
Business Type: Individual									
Date	State/ County	Payment Entity/Member Name	Payment ID Number	Business Type	Contract/ Application/ Farm	Commodity	Transaction Type	Total Reduction Amount	Net Payment
03/21/2011	28/027	Farmer, IMA	10072288	00		HB Feed	Payment	\$ 0	\$ 600
03/21/2011	28/027	Farmer, IMA	10054027	00		FRF	Canceled Payment	\$ 0	\$ 986
03/21/2011	28/027	Farmer, IMA	10072288	00		FRF	Payment	\$ 0	\$ 1,000
03/21/2011	28/027	Farmer, IMA	10072288	00		LS Feed	Payment	\$ 0	\$ 280
<input type="button" value="Previous"/> <input type="button" value="Print"/> <input type="button" value="Next"/>									
Screen ID: LO08CPR2100 Last Modified: 03/14/2011 09:37:05 AM								Back to Top ^	
FOR INTERNAL USE ONLY									

## D Report Options

The following options are available on the Payment History Report – Detail.

Option	Action
Previous	The previous Payment History Report – Detail will be displayed.  <b>Note:</b> If a single producer was selected for processing, this button will <b>not</b> be available.
Print	The Payment History Report – Detail will be sent to the applicable printer.
Next	The Payment History Report – Detail for the next producer will be displayed.  <b>Note:</b> If a single producer was selected for processing, this button will <b>not</b> be available.

**928 General Provisions for Canceling Payments****A Canceling Payments**

After payment processing has been completed, County Offices shall review the NPS payment worklist to ensure that the correct payments have been generated. The user should complete the following if an error is determined:

- **not** sign the payment in NPS
- correct the condition causing the incorrect payment or overpayment.

**Notes:** User intervention is **not** allowed for the cancellation process. If the condition causing the incorrect payment is corrected, the system will automatically cancel the unsigned payment and recalculate the payment amount due.

If the payment amount is determined to be incorrect and the payment has been signed in the NPS system, the payment can no longer be canceled. The producer will be underpaid or overpaid once the condition causing the incorrect payment has been corrected.

## 929 General Provisions for Overpayments

### A Overview

Overpayments will be determined during the ELAP payment calculation process and will be updated to the Pending Overpayment Report. See 9-CM, paragraph 65 for information on the Pending Overpayment Report.

### B Overpayment Due Dates

Overpayments can occur for a number of reasons and County Offices are required to take necessary action to collect overpayments. The following lists situations that may cause overpayment and the overpayment due dates.

Time of Determination	Situation	Overpayment Due Date
Any time	Payment was issued to the wrong producer.	Immediately
After an entry affecting the payment amount is changed on either of the following:	Payment was issued and later something occurred that changed the amount in the *--ELAP Gross Payment Report.--*	
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• CCC-851</li> <li>• CCC-934.</li> </ul>		
After producer misrepresentation is determined.	Producer received an ELAP payment and COC determines that the producer misrepresented their interest.	
After payment limitation is exceeded.	It is determined that payments have been issued exceeding the producer's effective payment limitation amount.	
After an eligibility value changes that make the producer ineligible for payment.	Producer's eligibility value changed that makes the producer ineligible for payment.	
Anytime either of the following are canceled:	CCC-851 or CCC-934 was canceled after payments were issued to the producer.	
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• CCC-851</li> <li>• CCC-934.</li> </ul>		



## Reports, Forms, Abbreviations, and Redelegations of Authority

### Reports

None

### Forms

This table lists all forms referenced in this handbook.

Number	Title	Display Reference	Reference
AD-1026	Highly Erodible Land Conservation (HELC) and Wetland Conservation (WC) Certification		Text
CCC-36	Assignment of Payment		250, 650, 915
CCC-37	Joint Payment Authorization		250, 650, 915
CCC-257	Schedule of Deposit		1
CCC-526	Payment Eligibility Average Adjusted Gross Income Certification		900
CCC-770 LFP	Livestock Forage Disaster Program (LFP) Checklist	444	441
CCC-770 LIP	Livestock Indemnity Program (LIP) Checklist		84
CCC-851	Emergency Loss Assistance for Livestock Application	889	75, Part 10, 900, 924, 929
CCC-851-1	Emergency Loss Assistance for Livestock Payment Calculation Worksheet	891, 899.24	Part 10
CCC-851-A	Continuation Sheet for Emergency Loss Assistance for Livestock Application	889	
CCC-852 (4-15-14)	Livestock Indemnity Program Application	83	Text
CCC-852 (2017)	2017 Livestock Indemnity Program Application	89	Text
CCC-852 (5-17-18)	Livestock Indemnity Program Application 2018 and Subsequent Years	91	Text
CCC-853	Livestock Forage Disaster Program Application	442	Parts 6-8
CCC-853-1	Estimated Livestock Forage Disaster Program Payment Calculation Worksheet	443	651
CCC-854	Livestock Indemnity Program Third Party Certification	45	44, 45, 81
CCC-854A	Livestock Indemnity Program Veterinarian Certification	45.5	41, 45.5
CCC-855	Emergency Assistance for Livestock, Honey Bees, and Farm Raised Fish Program (ELAP) and Livestock Forage Disaster Program (LFP) Lease Agreement Certification Statement	412	411, 830, 887
CCC-860	Socially Disadvantaged, Limited Resource and Beginning Farmer or Rancher Certification		Part 10

## Reports, Forms, Abbreviations, and Redelegations of Authority (Continued)

## Forms (Continued)

Number	Title	Display Reference	Reference
CCC-901	Members Information 2009 and Subsequent Years		Text
CCC-902	Farm Operating Plan		Text
CCC-931	Average Adjusted Gross Income (AGI) Certification and Consent to Disclosure of Tax Information		650
CCC-934	Emergency Loss Assistance for Farm-Raised Fish/Honey Bees Application	890	Part 10, 924, 929
CCC-934-1	Emergency Loss Assistance for Farm-Raised Fish Losses Payment Calculation Worksheet	890.5, 899.9	Part 10
CCC-934-A	Continuation Sheet for Emergency Loss Assistance for Farm-Raised Fish/Honey Bees Application	890	Part 10
CCC-941	Average Adjusted Gross Income (AGI) Certification and Consent to Disclosure of Tax Information - Agricultural Act of 2014		74, 75, 250, 440, 441, 887, 888
FSA-325	Application for Payment of Amounts Due Persons Who Have Died, Disappeared, or Have Been Declared Incompetent		Text
FSA-578	Report of Acreage		Text

## Reports, Forms, Abbreviations, and Redelegations of Authority (Continued)

## Abbreviations Not Listed in 1-CM

The following abbreviations are not listed in 1-CM.

Approved Abbreviation	Term	Reference
2014 Farm Bill	Agricultural Act of 2014 (Pub. L. 113-79)	400, 800
AU	animal unit	Text, Ex. 16
AUD	animal unit day	422, 443, 654
AUM	animal unit months	Text, Ex. 16
BBA	Bipartisan Budget Act of 2018	40, 201, 800, 815, 875
CCD	Colony Collapse Disorder	845, 846, 890
CVV	Cache Valley Virus	802, 816
EHD	Epizootic Hemorrhagic Disease	802, 816, 830
EPCR	LFP Estimated Calculated Payment Report	421
FCIA	Federal Crop Insurance Act	242
IPIA	Improper Payments Information Act of 2002	Text
LBIH	livestock beginning inventory history	23, 46
PRF	Pasture, Rangeland, Forage	420
RI-PRF	Rainfall Index-Pasture, Rangeland, Forage	420
TLBIH	transitional livestock beginning inventory history	46
VI-PRF	Vegetative Index-Pasture, Rangeland, Forage	420
WRP	Wetlands Reserve Program	411

**Reports, Forms, Abbreviations, and Delegations of Authority (Continued)****Redelegations of Authority**

For ELAP:

- COC may delegate authority to CED's to approve only routine CCC-851's or CCC-934's with verifiable supporting documentation
- CED's may delegate authority to PT's to approve CCC-851's or CCC-934's for routine cases.

**Important:** CED's and PT's shall **not** be delegated authority to:

- disapprove any CCC-851 or CCC-934
- approve any CCC-851 or CCC-934 when reliable records or producer's self-certification are provided as supporting documentation.

For LIP, COC may delegate authority to CED to approve only routine CCC-852's where proof of death is provided.

**Important:** CED shall **not** be delegated authority to:

- disapprove any CCC-852
- approve any CCC-852 where third party certification is used as proof of loss.

**Definitions of Terms Used in This Handbook**

This handbook provides policy and procedures for multiple programs. Definitions of terms may vary for each program; therefore, the definitions of terms applicable to each program are in the part of this handbook that provides the policy for the applicable program.



## Menu and Screen Index

The following menus and screens are displayed in this handbook.

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	Part A - Livestock Forage Information - Grazing Loss - Non-Fire Screen	899.12
	Part B - Disaster Information Screen	506
	Part B - Forage Information - Grazing Loss - Non-Fire - Owned or Cash-Leased Land Screen	899.13
	Part B - Honeybee Hive Loss Calculation Screen	899
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	Part C - Forage Information - Grazing Loss - Non-Fire - AUM or Animal Unit Leased Land Screen	899.14
	Part C - Honeybee Purchased Feed Lost and/or Additional Expense Calculation Screen	899.5
	Part C - Livestock Information (Continued) Screen	508
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## Menu and Screen Index (Continued)

Menu or Screen	Title	Reference
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	Part D - Forage Information Drought Screen	509
	Part D - Honeybee Additional Feed Purchased Calculation Screen	899.6
	Part D - Net Payment Calculation for Forage - Non-Fire Screen	899.15
	Part E - Forage Information - Grazing Loss - Fire Screen	899.16
	Part E - Forage Information Fire Screen	511
	Part E - Total Honeybee Losses for Program Year Screen	899.6
	Part E & F - Documentation of Purchase and Loss Screen	110
	Part F - Farm-Raised Fish Death Loss Calculation Screen	899.7
	Part F - Purchased and Produced, Feed Lost and Additional Expenses Screen	899.17
	Part G - Additional Feed Purchased Above Normal Screen	899.18
	Part G - Farm-Raised Fish Purchased Feed Lost and/or Additional Expense Calculation Screen	899.8
	Part H - Grazing Loss Versus Additional Feed Purchased Above Normal Screen	899.19
	Part H - Total Farm-Raised Fish Losses for Program Year	899.8
	Part I - Livestock Death Losses Screen	899.20
	Part J - Water Transporting Screen	899.21
	Part K - Cattle Tick Fever Screen	899.22
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	Physical Location State and County Selection Screen	504
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	Record a Calculated Payment Page	919
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	Select a Physical Location Page	919
	Select a program year Page	916
	Select an Administrative State/County Page	917
	State and County Selection Screen	102, 116, 517
	USDA eAuthentication Login Screen	100, 150, 500, 530

**National Normal Mortality Rate Table**

This table provides the national normal mortality rates.

<b>Kind</b>	<b>Type</b>	<b>Weight Range</b>	<b>Normal Mortality</b>
Alpaca			5 percent
Beef	Nonadult	Less than 400 pounds.	5 percent
		400 pounds or more.	5 percent
	Adult	Cow	1.5 percent
		Bull	1.5 percent
Buffalo/Beefalo	Nonadult	Less than 400 pounds.	5 percent
		400 pounds or more.	5 percent
	Adult	Cow	1.5 percent
		Bull	1.5 percent
Chickens	Layers/Roasters		2.5 percent
	Broilers/Pullets		2.5 percent
	Chicks		5 percent
Dairy	Nonadult	Less than 400 pounds.	5 percent
		400 pounds or more.	5 percent
	Adult	Cow	1.5 percent
		Bull	1.5 percent
Deer			<u>1</u> /
Ducks	Ducks		6.5 percent
	Ducklings		10 percent
Elk			2.2 percent
Emus			<u>1</u> /
Equine			2.5 percent
Geese	Goose		6.5 percent
	Gosling		10 percent
Goats	Bucks		5 percent
	Nannies		5 percent
	Slaughter Goats/Kids		10 percent
Llamas			5 percent
Reindeer			<u>1</u> /
Sheep	Rams		4 percent
	Ewes		4 percent
	Lambs		10.7 percent
Swine	Sows/Boars	Over 450 pounds.	3 percent
	Sows/Boars/Barrows/Gilts	151 to 450 pounds.	3 percent
	Lightweight Barrows/Gilts	50 to 150 pounds.	3 percent
	Feeder Pigs	Under 50 pounds.	10 percent
Turkeys	Toms/Fryers/Roasters		6.5 percent
	Poults		10 percent

1/ National rate is **not** available.



## Sample Letter for Disapproval of Notice of Loss

The following provides a Sample Letter for Disapproval of Notice of Loss

\*--

XXXX County Farm Service Agency  
000 IL, Hwy 1  
Anytown, IL 6XXXX  
Phone: (000) 000-0000  
Fax: (000) 000-0001

Date

Mr. Producer  
P.O. Box 100  
Anytown, IL 6XXXX

Dear Mr. Producer:

The XXXX County Committee has disapproved the CCC-852, Parts A and B, Livestock Indemnity Program (LIP) Notice of Loss, you filed concerning livestock death losses claimed due to (insert loss condition).

The County Committee disapproved the LIP Notice of Loss because (*County Offices shall provide reason and handbook procedure*). Because you have yet to file an application for payment that includes this notice of loss, there are no appeal or appealability review rights that apply to this determination.

Regulations at 7 CFR §11.1 and 7 CFR §780.2 define an adverse decision as an administrative decision made by an officer, employee, or committee of an agency that is adverse to a participant. These same regulations also define a participant as any individual or entity who has applied for, or whose right to participate in or receive a payment, loan, loan guarantee, or other benefit in accordance with any program of an agency to which the regulations in this part apply is affected by the decision of such agency.

Sincerely,

County Executive Director  
Any County FSA Office

Cc: Name, District Director

--\*



**Standard AU Conversion Chart**

The following provides the Standard AU Conversion Chart for converting AU's for specific animal types to an AU equivalent.

<b>Animal Type</b>	<b>Unit</b>
Dairy Cow or Bull	2.00
Beef, Buffalo, or Beefalo Adult Cow or Bull	1.00
Equine	1.00
Dairy Cattle, Beef Cattle, Buffalo, or Beefalo 500 lbs. or more	.50
Deer	.25
Sheep or Goats	.25
Lambs or Kids	.14
Reindeer or Elk	.22
Alpaca	.82
Llama	.36
Emu	.51
*--Swine - Sows	.41
Swine less than 45 pounds	.03
Swine 45 - 124 pounds	.071
Swine 125 - 234 pounds	.12
Swine - Boars	.24
Poultry - less than 3 pounds	.006
Poultry - 3 pounds - 7.9 pounds	.01
Poultry - 8 pounds or more	.03--*

