



United States Department of Agriculture

Farm Service Agency  
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# Deadline Extensions for FSA Programs

*Guidance for Updated Deadlines Because of Government Shutdown*

Program	Deadline Extension	Feb 14	Feb 28
<b>FSA Appeals or Reconsideration (Not National Appeals Division (NAD))</b>	If the deadline for filing a request for FSA reconsideration or FSA appeal occurred sometime between December 31, 2018, and January 23, 2019, the written appeal will be considered timely filed if actually submitted and filed with FSA by the later of 30 days following receipt of the adverse decision or February 14, 2019.	√	
<b>Final Acreage Reporting Dates (ARD)</b>	If a crop acreage report would have been due sometime between December 31, 2018, and January 23, 2019, that acreage report will be considered timely filed by ARD without any fee if it is actually submitted and filed with FSA by February 14, 2019.  This policy is not moving the ARD.  All other provisions of 2-CP apply to acreage reports not considered timely filed by the crop's ARD.	√	
<b>Emergency Conservation Program (ECP)</b>  <b>Report of Performance</b>	If the deadline for reporting performance occurred sometime between December 31, 2018, and January 23, 2019, the report will be considered timely filed if actually submitted and filed with FSA by later of date granted by STC representative or February 14, 2019.	√	
<b>Emergency Assistance for Livestock, Honeybees &amp; Farm Raised Fish (ELAP)</b>  <b>Notice of Loss</b>	If the deadline for filing a notice of loss under ELAP occurred sometime between December 31, 2018, and January 23, 2019, the notice of loss will be considered timely filed if actually submitted and filed with FSA by February 14, 2019.	√	
<b>Livestock Forage Disaster Program (LFP)</b>  <b>Application</b>	For the 2018 program year, eligible livestock owners or contract growers with a producer interest in grazed forage crop acreage <b>must</b> submit a completed CCC-853 and required supporting documentation by February 28, 2019.		√
<b>Livestock Indemnity Program (LIP)</b>  <b>Notice of Loss</b>	If the deadline for filing a notice of loss under LIP occurred sometime between December 31, 2018, and January 23, 2019, the notice of loss will be considered timely filed if actually submitted and filed with FSA by February 14, 2019.	√	

*USDA is an equal opportunity provider, employer and lender.*

<b>Program</b>	<b>Deadline Extension</b>	<b>Feb 14</b>	<b>Feb 28</b>
<b>Marketing Assistance Loans (MAL)</b>  <b>Maturity Date</b> <b>All Commodities</b>	If a loan was scheduled to mature in December 2018, the loan can be settled through February 14, 2019.	√	
<b>Marketing Assistance Loans (MAL)</b>  <b>Peanut Loan or Loan Deficiency Program Pay Availability</b>	Requests for peanut loan or LDP will be considered timely filed by the loan availability date of February 14, 2019, if actually filed by the producer with FSA by February 28, 2019.		√
<b>Market Facilitation Program (MFP)</b>  <b>Application</b>	The signup deadline for CCC-910 is February 14, 2019.  The deadline for report production or livestock inventory is <b>May 1, 2019</b> .	√	
<b>Tree Assistance Program (TAP)</b>  <b>Application for Assistance</b>	If a CCC-899 would have been due to FSA sometime between December 31, 2018, and January 23, 2019, that CCC-899 will be considered timely filed if actually submitted and filed with FSA by February 14, 2019.	√	
<b>Noninsured Crop Disaster Assistance Program (NAP)</b>  <b>Applications for Coverage</b>	If a closing date for CCC-471 occurs anytime between December 31, 2018, and January 23, 2019, the application closing date is close of business February 14, 2019.  All other provisions of 1-NAP, paragraph 301 apply to CCC-471 including subparagraph 301 E, which delegates authority to COC for accepting late-filed 471's within 30 calendar days of the application closing date.  <b>Notes:</b> Under current regulation, the coverage period cannot begin sooner than 30 calendar days following the actual filing date of CCC-471. This deadline extension does <b>not</b> change the legal authority for the beginning of NAP coverage.	√	
<b>Noninsured Crop Disaster Assistance Program (NAP)</b>  <b>72-Hour Loss Notification</b>	If a 72-Hour Loss Notification would have been due from a NAP participant to FSA sometime between December 31, 2018, and January 23, 2019, that loss notification will be considered timely filed if actually submitted and filed with FSA by February 14, 2019.	√	
<b>Noninsured Crop Disaster Assistance Program (NAP)</b>  <b>72-Hour Report of Completion of Harvest</b>	If a 72-Hour report of completion of harvest would have been due from a NAP participant to FSA sometime between December 31, 2018, and January 23, 2019, that loss notification will be considered timely filed if actually submitted and filed with FSA by February 14, 2019.	√	
<b>Noninsured Crop Disaster Assistance Program (NAP)</b>  <b>Application for Payment</b>	If an application for payment would have been due from a NAP participant to FSA sometime between December 31, 2018, and January 23, 2019, that application for payment will be considered timely filed if actually submitted and filed with FSA by February 14, 2019.  All other provisions of 1-NAP (Rev. 2), paragraph 675, including COC authority for exceptions in subparagraph A, apply.	√	

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<p><b>NAP</b></p> <p><b>Notice of Loss</b></p>	<p>If a notice of loss would have been due from a NAP participant to FSA sometime between December 31, 2018, and January 23, 2019, that notice of loss will be considered timely filed if actually submitted and filed with FSA by close of business February 14, 2019, or a date prescribed by 1-NAP, subparagraph 575 C or paragraph 878, as applicable.</p> <p>.</p> <p><b>Notes:</b> If the original due date occurred between December 31, 2018, and January 23, 2019, the due date is moved to the close of business February 14, 2019.</p> <p>Late-filed notice of loss provisions in 1-NAP, subparagraph 575 C will apply for those notices of loss filed after February 14, 2019. In the event a notice of loss filed after February 14, 2019, cannot meet the requirements of 1-NAP, subparagraph 575 C, COC may submit an appropriate recommendation for relief to DAFP through STC.</p> <p>Current handbook procedure requires late-filed notices of loss to be denied if they are filed at a time when CCC cannot verify the loss according to 1-NAP, subparagraph 575 C. This exception is only being offered for those cases where the notice of loss could not be filed due to the temporary shutdown.</p>	<p><b>√</b></p>	