

Newsletter - February 2023

Farm Service Agency | Natural Resources Conservation Service | Risk Management Agency

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Rolling Out Revenue Based Disaster and Pandemic Assistance Programs

Agricultural producers can begin to apply for two new important programs for revenue losses, from 2020 and 2021 natural disasters or the COVID-19 pandemic. Both programs equitably fill gaps in earlier assistance.

First, you may be eligible for assistance through the <u>Emergency Relief Program (ERP)</u> Phase Two if you experienced revenue losses from eligible natural disasters in 2020 and 2021. ERP Phase Two is for producers who didn't receive assistance from ERP Phase One.

You may also be eligible for the <u>Pandemic Assistance Revenue Program (PARP)</u> if you experienced revenue losses in calendar year 2020. PARP is addressing gaps in previous pandemic assistance, which was targeted at price loss or lack of market access, rather than overall revenue losses.

Applications for both new programs are due June 2, 2023, and you can apply for both programs during your same appointment with USDA's Farm Service Agency (FSA).

Historically, FSA programs have been designed to make direct payments to producers based on a single disaster event or for a single commodity loss. For many of you, this may be the first revenue-based program that you've applied for with FSA.

Why revenue-based programs?

ERP Phase Two and PARP take a much more holistic approach to disaster assistance, ensuring that producers not just make it through a single growing season but have the financial stability to invest in the long-term well-being of their operations and employees.

In general, ERP Phase Two payments are based on the difference in allowable gross revenue between a benchmark year, representing a typical year of revenue for the producer and the disaster year – designed to target the remaining needs of producers impacted by qualifying natural disasters and avoid duplicative payments. ERP Phase Two revenue loss is based on tax years.

For PARP, an agricultural producer must have been in the business of farming during at least part of the 2020 calendar year and had a decrease in revenue for the 2020 calendar year, as compared to a typical year. PARP revenue loss is based on calendar years.

How to Apply

In preparation for enrollment, producers should gather supporting documentation including:

- Schedule F (Form 1040); and
- Profit or Loss from Farming or similar tax documents for tax years 2018, 2019, 2020, 2021 and 2022 for ERP and for calendar years 2018, 2019 and 2020 for PARP.

Producers should also have, or be prepared to have, the following forms on file for both ERP and PARP program participation:

- Form AD-2047, Customer Data Worksheet (as applicable to the program participant);
- Form CCC-902, Farm Operating Plan for an individual or legal entity;
- Form CCC-901, Member Information for Legal Entities (if applicable); and
- Form AD-1026 Highly Erodible Land Conservation (HELC) and Wetland Conservation (WC) Certification.
- Form CCC-860, Socially Disadvantaged, Limited Resource, Beginning and Veteran Farmer or Rancher Certification, as certain existing permanent and adhoc disaster programs provide increased benefits or reduced fees and premiums.

Most producers, especially those who have previously participated in FSA programs, will likely have these required forms on file. However, those who are uncertain or want to confirm should contact FSA at their local USDA Service Center.

Yes, FSA is stepping outside of the box.

FSA is a big proponent of agricultural producers having a say in the design, implementation and delivery of the programs that directly impact their livelihoods. We also believe that some of the most creative and useful ideas for program and process improvements come from the FSA employees who administer this assistance through our network of more than 2,100 county offices. We want to thank producers across the country, along with the entire FSA workforce, for not just thinking outside of the box but also providing their input to make sure that we can improve and enhance our programs and our approach to assistance to better and more efficiently serve all producers who need our help.

Please visit your local USDA Service Center for more information on ERP Phase Two, PARP and our full portfolio of conservation, prices support, safety-net, credit and disaster assistance programs.

Got Damages? Documentation is Key

Hawaii Island Farm Service Agency Producers encouraged to review farms for possible damages

The Mauna Loa eruption may have some impact on your farm, ranch and your crop(s) or livestock. As current or future FSA program participants, we suggest you document and update your personal farm inventory/production records and take pictures before impact of a disaster event. Should you sustain any type of damage, document, take after pictures and contact our Hawaii County FSA Office at 808-933-8381 ext. 2.

Please follow <u>Civil Defense</u> regarding precautions, preparation and possible evacuations.

USDA Offers Options for Signing and Sharing Documents Online

Farmers and ranchers working with USDA's Farm Service Agency or Natural Resources Conservation Service can now sign and share documents online in just a few clicks. By using Box or OneSpan, producers can digitally complete business transactions without leaving their homes or agricultural operations. Both services are free, secure, and available for multiple FSA and NRCS programs.

Box is a secure, cloud-based site where FSA or NRCS documents can be managed and shared. Producers who choose to use Box can create a username and password to access their secure Box account, where documents can be downloaded, printed, manually signed, scanned, uploaded, and shared digitally with Service Center staff. This service is available to any FSA or NRCS customer with access to a mobile device or computer with printer connectivity.

OneSpan is a secure eSignature solution for FSA and NRCS customers. Like Box, no software downloads or eAuthentication is required for OneSpan. Instead, producers interested in eSignature through OneSpan can confirm their identity through two-factor authentication using a verification code sent to their mobile device or a personalized question and answer. Once identity is confirmed, documents can be reviewed and esigned through OneSpan via the producer's personal email address. Signed documents immediately become available to the appropriate Service Center staff.

Box and OneSpan are both optional services for customers interested in improved efficiency in signing and sharing documents with USDA, and they do not replace existing systems using eAuthentication for digital signature. Instead, these tools provide additional digital options for producers to use when conducting business with FSA or NRCS.

USDA Service Center staff are available to help producers get started with Box and OneSpan through a few simple steps. Please visit farmers.gov/service-locator to find your local office and let Service Center staff know you're interested in signing and sharing documents through these new features. In most cases, one quick phone call will be all that is needed to initiate the process.

Visit <u>farmers.gov/mydocs</u> to learn more about Box and OneSpan, steps for getting started, and additional resources for conducting business with USDA online.

USDA Reminds Hawaii and Pacific Basin Producers to File Crop Acreage and Production Reports

Agricultural crop producers in Hawaii and the Pacific Basin who have not yet completed their <u>crop acreage reports</u> after planting or submitted their yearly production reports should make an appointment with their Farm Service Agency (FSA) office before the applicable deadline.

An acreage report documents a crop grown on a farm or ranch and its intended uses. Filing an accurate and timely acreage report for all crops and land uses can prevent the loss of benefits.

How to File a Report

The deadline to submit production and acreage reports for fruits and vegetable crops covered by the Non-Insured Crop Disaster Assistance Program (NAP) is March 31, 2023. Contact your FSA county office for a full list of applicable crops.

To file a crop acreage report, you will need to provide:

- Crop and crop type or variety.
- Intended use of the crop.
- Number of acres of the crop.
- Map with approximate boundaries for the crop.
- Planting date(s).
- Planting pattern, when applicable.
- Producer shares.
- Irrigation practice(s).
- Other information as required.

More Information

For questions or to make an appointment, please contact your local FSA office. To locate your local FSA office visit <u>farmers.gov/service-center-locator</u>.

USDA Expands Farmers.gov to Include Farm Records

Producers with farmers.gov accounts can now access farm records and maps online, the latest self-service feature added to the U.S. Department of Agriculture (USDA) website.

You can quickly and easily access your land information in real time by desktop computer, tablet or phone. Capabilities include:

- View, print and export detailed farm records such as cropland, base acres, yields, CRP acres, land ownership details, and much more;
- View, print and export farm/tract maps that can be provided to lenders, chemical or fertilizer providers, and FSA for reporting acreage and crop insurance agents; and
- Export common land unit (field) boundaries as ESRI shapefiles.

The ability to access these records on demand without a visit to the service center saves you time and money.

<u>Farmers.gov</u> now includes the most popular functionalities from FSAFarm+, the FSA portal for producers, while providing enhanced functionality and an improved user experience. A new enhancement expands the scope of accessibility to include farmers and ranchers who are members of an entity, as well as people with a power of attorney form (FSA-211) on file with FSA.

Managing USDA Business Online

Using farmers.gov, producers, entities and those acting on their behalf can also:

- View, upload, download, and e-sign conservation documents.
- Request financial assistance, including submitting a program application.
- View and submit conservation requests.
- View technical references and submit questions.
- Access information on current and past conservation practices, plans and contracts.
- Report practice completion and request practice certification.
- View farm loan and interest information (producers only).

Future plans include adding the ability to import and view other shapefiles, such as precision agriculture planting boundaries.

To access your information, you'll will need a <u>USDA eAuth account</u> to login to farmers.gov. After obtaining an eAuth account, producers should visit <u>farmers.gov</u> and sign into the site's authenticated portal via the <u>Sign In/Sign Up link</u> at the top right of the website. Google Chrome, Mozilla Firefox or Microsoft Edge are the recommended browsers to access the feature.

In addition to the self-service features available by logging into farmers.gov, the website also has ample information on USDA programs, including pandemic assistance, farm loans, disaster assistance, conservation programs and crop insurance. Recently, USDA updated the navigation and organization of the site as well as added some new webpages, including "Get Involved," "Common Forms," and "Translations." Learn more about these changes.

Biden-Harris Administration Announces Availability of Inflation Reduction Act Funding for Climate-Smart Agriculture Nationwide

Agriculture Secretary Tom Vilsack announced the U.S. Department of Agriculture (USDA) is making funding available for agricultural producers and forest landowners nationwide to participate in voluntary conservation programs and adopt climate-smart practices. The Inflation Reduction Act (IRA) provided an additional \$19.5 billion over five years for climate smart agriculture through several of the conservation programs that USDA's Natural Resources Conservation Service (NRCS) implements. NRCS is making



available \$850 million in fiscal year 2023 for its oversubscribed conservation programs: the Environmental Quality Incentives Program (EQIP), Conservation Stewardship Program (CSP), Agricultural Conservation Easement Program (ACEP) and Regional Conservation Partnership Program (RCPP).

NRCS in the PIA accepts producer applications for its conservation programs year-round, but producers interested in **EQIP** or **CSP** financial assistance through IRA must apply by **March 31, 2023** to be considered for funding in the current cycle. Additionally, NRCS in PIA has decided to extend the application deadline for **Classic CSP** from February 24, 2023 to **March 31, 2023**. Applicants interested in submitting an application can contact their local service center by using the NRCS Find Your Local Service Center Tool.

February Interest Rates

Farm Operating- Direct 4.750%

Farm Operating - Microloan 4.750%

Farm Ownership - Direct 4.750%

Farm Ownership - Microloan 4.750%

Farm Ownership - Direct, Joint Financing 2.750%

Farm Ownership - Down Payment 1.500%

Emergency Loan - Amount of Actual Loss 3.750%

Dates to Remember

March 31, 2022 - Deadline to submit production and acreage reports for crops covered by the Non-Insured Crop Disaster Assistance Program (NAP), fruits and vegetables. Contact your <u>county office</u> for a full list of applicable crops.

May 26, 2023 - Deadline to apply for Emergency Loans in Maui County for Bovine Tuberculosis (Bovine TB) disaster declaration

June 2, 2023 - Deadline to apply for the <u>Pandemic Assistance Revenue Program (PARP)</u> and the <u>Emergency Relief Program (ERP)</u>



USDA website:https://www.usda.gov/ Farmer.gov website: https://www.farmers.gov/ Hawaii and Pacific Basin FSA State Office USDA Farm Service Agency Prince Jonah Kuhio Kalanianaole (PJKK) Federal Building P.O. Box 50065 300 Ala Moana Blvd. Rm 5-108 Honolulu, Hawaii 96850

Telephone: (808) 600-2964 Toll Free: 1-866-794-1079 Fax: (855) 356-9493

Website: Hawaii State and Pacific Basin

Farm Service Agency

Joy Kono State Executive Director joy.kono@usda.gov Natural Resources Conservation Service Pacific Islands Area Prince Jonah Kuhio Kalanianaole (PJKK) Federal Building P. O. Box 50004 300 Ala Moana Blvd. Rm 4-118 Honolulu, Hawaii 96850

Telephone: (808) 600-2911 Fax: (855) 838-6330

Website: Natural Resources Conservation

Service - Pacific Islands Area

J. B. Martin State Director jb.martin@usda.gov

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Service Center Locator











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USDA Farmers.gov

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