

Roosevelt County FSA
Office
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**County Committee
Members**

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FSA Office Personnel

Carol Y. Ritter-Fellman, CED
Julie Williams, Chief PT
Darcia Larsen, PT
Dale Friedrich, PT
Julane Poland, PT
Judy Grimsrud, PT
Jill Davidson, PT

**Agricultural Lending
Opportunities**

Questions regarding obtaining credit to start or enlarge a farming or ranching operation; financing agricultural operating expenses; or livestock, machinery purchases should be directed to:

Pat Turner, Loan Manager
Lacy Roberts, Loan Officer
Bruce Johnson, Loan Officer
Patti McGinnis, Technician
at 406-433-2103 Ext. 108

Dates to Remember:

March 15 – Spring Grazing on CRP Acres Begins
April 27 – Farm Bill Meeting Featuring PL & ACRE – College of Technology, Great Falls
May 1 - NAP Pull-Off Date
May 15 – Beginning Date of Primary Nesting Season
May 18 – Crop Year 2008 Buy-In Waiver Deadline
June 1 – DCP Signup Deadline



FARM SERVICE AGENCY

Roosevelt County April 2009

FSA Issued more than \$361 million in Fiscal Year 2008

From October 1, 2007 to September 30, 2008, the Farm Service Agency issued more than \$361 million in program payments and loans to Montana farmers and ranchers. The break down of the payments by program is as follows:

Program	Amount Issued
Conservation Reserve Program	\$119,136,136
Emergency Conservation Program	\$ 423,676
Grassland Reserve Program	\$ 220,691
Direct and Counter-cyclical Program	\$ 98,992,889
Non-insured Crop Disaster Assistance Program	\$ 474,417
Crop Disaster Assistance Program	\$ 39,685,374
Livestock Compensation Program	\$ 9,184,911
Livestock Indemnity Program	\$ 363,890
Loan Deficiency Payments	\$ 353,708
Farm Storage Facility Loans	\$ 673,300
Marketing Assistance Loans	\$ 20,573,613
Milk Income Loss Contract Program	\$ 10,099
Farm Loans including Beginning Farmer & Rancher Loans and loans to minorities	\$ 50,893,000

A breakdown of the amount of payments issued by county is available on the Montana Internet site at: www.fsa.usda.gov/mt. The article is located under "News", click on the March 18 article.

Signup for the **2009 Direct and Counter-Cyclical Payment (DCP)** program for farms with base acres began December 22, 2008 and will continue until June 1, 2009. **Area farmers interested in signing up for the program should contact the County FSA Office to schedule an appointment.**

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Buy-in Waiver Approved

Producers who did not obtain crop insurance or Non-insured Crop Disaster Assistance Program (NAP) coverage for 2008 for three of the five 2008 disaster assistance programs authorized in the 2008 Farm Bill may now pay a buy-in fee to become eligible. The three programs are: the Supplemental Revenue Assistance Program (SURE), Emergency Assistance for Livestock, Honeybees, and Farm-Raised Fish (ELAP), and the Tree Assistance Program (TAP). The deadline to purchase the buy-in fee is **May 18, 2009**.

Producers wishing to participate in the extension may signup at their local FSA County Office. Producers who have not already taken the necessary steps to become eligible for SURE, ELAP, and TAP are required to complete the following steps by **May 18, 2009**:

- Pay a \$100 “buy-in” fee per crop. The maximum fee is \$300 per county, per producer, not to exceed \$900 for multi-county producers.
- In the case of each insurable crop, excluding grazing land, agree to obtain a policy or plan of insurance for the next insurance year for which crop insurance is available; coverage level must equal 70 percent or more of the yield at 100 percent of the price.
- In the case of each non-insurable crop, agree to file the required paperwork and pay the applicable administrative NAP coverage fee by the applicable state application closing date for the next available year.

Producers who choose to “buy in” under this provision will be considered, for insured crops, to have obtained a policy or plan of insurance for the 2008 crop year at a level of coverage not to exceed 70 percent of the yield at 100 percent of the price. For non-insurable crops, producers will be considered to have a level of coverage equal to 70 percent of the yield. These levels of coverage will be used to calculate the 2008 SURE guarantee.

Buy-in Waiver Approved (cont.)

Producers who meet the definition of “Socially Disadvantaged”, “Limited Resource”, or “Beginning Farmer or Rancher” are not required to pay the buy-in fee.

For disaster assistance programs, the definition of

Socially Disadvantaged is a group whose members have been subject to racial or ethnic prejudice because of their identity as members of a group without regard to their individual qualities.

Limited Resource is a producer with both of the following:

- Direct or indirect gross farm sales not more than \$100,000 in both of the previous 2 years;
- Total household income at or below the national poverty level for a family of 4, or less than 50 percent of the county median household income in both of the previous 2 years.

A tool is available to determine limited resource status at:

<http://www.lrftool.sc.egov.usda.gov/tool.asp>.

Beginning farmer or rancher is an individual who has not operated a farm or ranch for more than 10 years and materially and substantially participates in the operation.

Conservation Compliance

Federal regulations discourage the production of crops on highly erodible cropland unless the land is protected from erosion by an approved conservation system. Status reviews are conducted to ensure producers follow a conservation plan on highly erodible land.

In addition to the highly erodible land, a person may not plant an agricultural commodity on wetlands converted after December 23, 1985, or convert a wetland to make agricultural production possible after November 28, 1990.

Failure to comply with these provisions will cause a person to be ineligible for USDA benefits. County FSA Committees may review noncompliance situations for good faith and provide relief in approved cases.

Recovery Act Funding Loans in MT

FSA in Montana obligated \$2.2 million in loans to assist producers within the state. The funding is through the stimulus bill titled the American Recovery and Reinvestment Act of 2009.

53% of the loan funds were advanced to socially disadvantaged and beginning farmers and ranchers.

Socially Disadvantaged Applicants	\$369,100.00
Beginning Farmers and Ranchers applicants	\$630,000.00

The funds may be used to purchase livestock, equipment, feed, seed, fertilizer, and supplies.

In keeping with the president's goal for the Recovery Act, this loan funding is intended for proper investment into the agricultural sector, to benefit both family farmers and rural economies.

Farm Service Agency (FSA) Loans

FSA makes loans for land, livestock and other agricultural purposes throughout Montana.

The agency's loans offer low interest rates and terms designed to help beginning farmers and ranchers start out in agriculture with payments they can afford.

FSA can help smaller operations get started by providing financing to purchase a tractor, grain truck or 50 cows as an example. Every operator has to get started some place and FSA has a variety of loans and loan programs to assist in that endeavor.

FSA can also finance applicants who are currently in college if their goal is to return to the farm or ranch following graduation. For a student to be eligible while still in college they must be substantially responsible for the management of the security, this would include carrying out labor needs during critical periods of the year.

2009 Conservation Reserve Program (CRP) Managed Grazing Period

The 2009 Spring Managed Grazing Period is **March 15th - May 14th**. Livestock must be removed when the calculated AUMs have been utilized, but no later than May 14th.

The 2009 Summer/Fall Managed Grazing Period is **August 2nd - September 30th**. Livestock must be removed when the calculated AUMs have been utilized but no later than May 14th.

The Summer/Fall Managed Grazing Period has been changed this year. In 2008 it was July 16th -September 13th. The beginning date was changed in 2009 to allow all livestock producers who did managed grazing on CRP to have the opportunity to graze up to the maximum of 60 days. Because of the July 16th start date in 2008, CRP contracts under the "New Provisions" for managed grazing were limited to 43 days of grazing – July 16 through September 13.

2009 Managed Haying Periods

The 2009 Managed Haying Periods are: **July 16th - September 30th** for CRP contracts that included managed haying in the Conservation Plan of Operations (CPO) prior to September 26, 2006 ("Old Provisions").

August 2nd - September 30th for CRP contracts that added managed haying to the CPO on or after September 26, 2006. ("New Provisions").

All managed haying of CRP must end by **September 30th**. All bales must be removed from the CRP by **September 30th**.

Producers requesting managed haying and grazing of CRP **must** receive written approval from the County FSA Office before starting.

Interest Rates for Farm Loan Program

Effective as of March 1, 2009	
Program	Interest Rates
Farm Operating- Direct	2.00%
Farm Ownership- Direct	3.50%
Farm Ownership- Direct, Joint Financing	5.00%
Farm Ownership- Down Payment	1.50%
Emergency Loan- Amount of Actual Loss	3.75%

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Important Dates to Remember

May 1 - NAP Pull-Off Date
May 14 – Spring Grazing on CRP Acres Ends
May 15 – Beginning Date of Primary Nesting Season
May 18 – Buy-In Waiver Deadline
June 1 – 2009 DCP Signup Ends

AVERAGE CROP REVENUE ELECTION PROGRAM (ACRE) Although signup dates have yet to be announced, detailed ACRE information has been posted on the Montana FSA website www.fsa.usda.gov/mt under “Hot Links” “2008 Farm Bill.” Information includes a Fact Sheet, ACRE background information, 2009 State Benchmark yields, and preliminary price guarantees. Many State extension and producer groups have also created decision tools to assist producers in evaluating whether ACRE is an option for an operation. Producers may complete an Internet search to find some of the decision tools. ACRE decision tools may be found at the following sites. FSA does not endorse any specific site. Signup dates for ACRE election are expected to be announced soon.

www.montana.edu/softwaredownloads/

www.mgga.org/FarmPolicy/farmpolicy.html

www.ag.ndsu.nodak.edu/aginfo/farmmgmt/docs/ACRE_Analyzer.xls

www.card.iastate.edu/ag_risk_tools/acre/

www.fapri.missouri.edu/

PULSE CROPS The 2008 Farm Bill provided producers an option to establish base acres and yields for pulse crops on their 2009 farm. Pulse crops are defined as dry peas, lentils, Kabuli garbanzo beans (large chickpeas), and Desi garbanzo beans (small chickpeas). FSA will use planting history from 1998-2001 to establish the bases, and is in the process of researching pulse crop acreage reported to FSA during those crop years. The yield will be established at 75% of the county average unless producers elect to update the yield by providing acceptable production evidence for those crop years. Owners and operators of farms with history will receive a letter and summary of the acreage history in the near future. They will be asked to verify the accuracy of the acreage and be given additional information on the option to update yields.