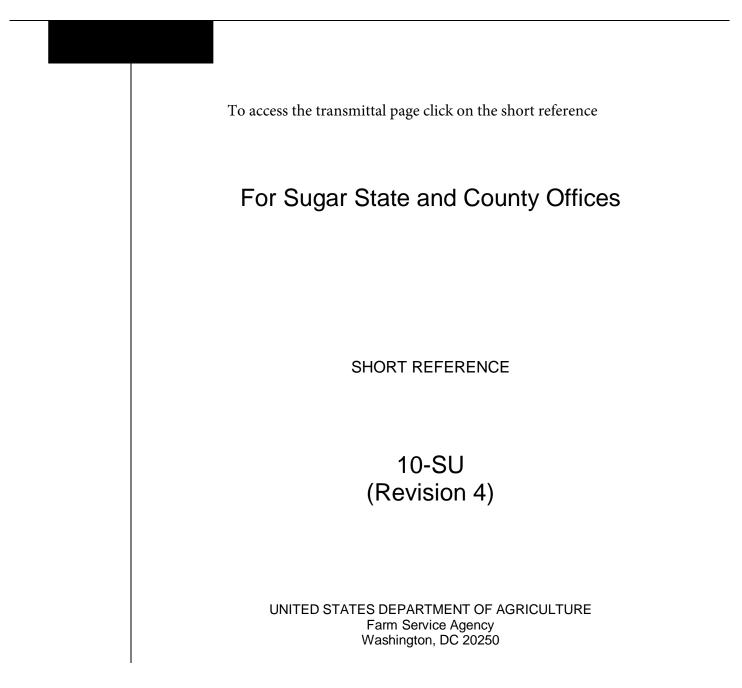


# Sugar Loans



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#### UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE

Farm Service Agency Washington, DC 20250

Sugar Loans 10-SU (Revision 4)

Amendment 33

Approved by: Acting Deputy Administrator, Farm Programs

Seef

#### Amendment Transmittal

#### **A** Reasons for Amendment

Subparagraph 34 C has been amended to update KC-227, item 6 instructions to change in-store to in storage.

Subparagraph 34 D has been amended to correct refined sugar to raw sugar in the Privacy Act and Burden Statement on KC-227.

Subparagraphs 62 A and B have been amended to clarify requirements for determining compliance.

Exhibit 9 has been amended to update 2023 crop sugar loan rates.

Exhibit 10 has been amended to update 2023 crop sugarcane minimum price support levels.

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#### Part 1 General Policy and CLPS Procedures

#### 1 Handbook Provisions

#### A Handbook Purpose

This handbook provides instructions for administering the Sugar Loan Program.

#### **B** Authority and Responsibility

PSD has the authority for administering the Sugar Loan Program.

#### C Sources of Authority

Authority for the Sugar Loan Program is mandated by:

- 7 CFR Part 1435.
- Food, Conservation, and Energy Act of 2008
- Agricultural Act of 2014
- •\*--Agricultural Improvement Act of 2018.--\*

# **D** Responsibilities

The following table lists the responsibilities for the Sugar Loan Program.

Responsible	Responsible	
Office	Ġroup	Responsibility
National Office	<ul><li>CCC Board</li><li>Executive Vice</li></ul>	• Making a determination on any question arising under the Sugar Loan Program
	<ul><li>President</li><li>designee</li></ul>	<ul> <li>Revising or rescinding any incorrect COC, STC,</li> <li>*or FSA KCAO determination*</li> </ul>
	PSD	A dministoring the Sugar Lean Dreatton under DAED
		Administering the Sugar Loan Program under DAFP supervision and direction
State Office	STC	Determining State policy according to this handbook
	STC through SED	Administering all phases of the Sugar Loan Program in the State
		<b>Note:</b> STC may correct or require COC to correct or withhold any action taken that is not consistent with this handbook.
County Office	COC	• Determining policy according to this handbook
		• Providing publicity necessary to inform all
		producers and processors of the Sugar Loan
		Program provisions before the beginning of each
		program year
	COC through CED	Administering the Sugar Loan Program in the county
	Loanmaking County Office employees	Determining whether:
		<ul> <li>processor is eligible for loan</li> </ul>
		• sugar is eligible for loan
		• processors are being provided with updated lists of eligible producers
		<ul> <li>computations and disbursements are based on handbook procedures</li> </ul>

# **D** Responsibilities (Continued)

Responsible	Responsible	
Office	Group	Responsibility
*AMS*		• Approving and terminating storage agreements, including:
		• enforcing provisions of the agreement
		<ul> <li>paying charges and settling claims under the agreements</li> </ul>
		<ul> <li>providing lists of approved warehouses to State and County Offices</li> </ul>
		• Issuing loading orders and shipping instructions
		• Maintaining custody of warehouse receipts and other documents representing sugar CCC owns
		• Establishing market prices as required
КСАО		• Verifying computations and entries on documents
		• Preparing or verifying settlement documents
		• Providing reports of loan activity and distribution
		• Maintaining all required accounts showing loan activity
		• Providing assistance in preparing computer loan data entries

# E Related Handbooks

FSA handbooks related to loan and LDP programs are listed in this table.

Handbook	Purpose	
9-AO	Audits and investigations.	
1-APP	Program appeals, mediation, and litigation.	
25-AS	State and County records operations.	
1-CM	Common management and operating provisions.	
2-CM	Farm reconstitutions.	
3-CM	Farm, tract, and crop data.	
2-CP	Acreage and compliance determinations.	
6-CP	HELC and WC provisions.	
7-CP	Finality rule and equitable relief.	
1-FI	Processing payments initiated through NPS.	
* * *	* * *	
50-FI	Interest rates.	
58-FI	Managing FSA and CCC debt.	
61-FI	Handling prompt payment interest penalties.	
62-FI	Reporting data to IRS.	
63-FI	Assignment and Joint Payment system.	
64-FI	Establishing and Reporting Receipts and Receivables on the National	
	Receipts and Receivables System.	
8-LP	Loans and LDP's.	
* <b></b> 6-PL	Payment eligibility, payment limitation, and AGI.	
16-PS	Automated price support procedures and common functions for grains,	
	oilseeds, and rice.	
19-PS	Price Support Loan Deficiency Payments Automation for 2022 and	
	Subsequent Years*	

# F Useful Websites

The following websites provide information used to administer loans.

Website Content	Website Address	
Accessing the National	To:	
Compliance Review Database	•*access producer selection list, go to https://publicdashboards.dl.usda.gov/t/MRP_PUB/views/WCMDD ashboard/WCMDDashboard?:isGuestRedirectFromVizportal=y&: embed=y	
	• enter the results of spot checks, follow the current CP directives for the applicable website.	
Economic and	https://www.fsa.usda.gov/programs-and-services/economic-and-	
Policy Analysis	policy-analysis/index	
Fact Sheets	https://www.fsa.usda.gov/news-room/fact-sheets/index	
US Warehouse Act Licensed Warehouses	https://publicdashboards.dl.usda.gov/t/MRP_PUB/views/WCMDD ashboard/WCMDDashboard?%3Aembed=y&%3AisGuestRedirec tFromVizportal=y	
Forms	<ul> <li>For:</li> <li>FFAS Employee Forms/Publications Online, go to https://intranet.fsa.usda.gov/dam/ffasforms/forms.html</li> <li>USDA Service Center Agencies eForms, go to</li> </ul>	
	https://forms.sc.egov.usda.gov/eForms/welcomeAction.do?Hom	
Sugar Storage Agreements	https://www.ams.usda.gov/services/warehouse/commodity-credit- corporation-storage-agreements*	

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#### 2 Basic Loanmaking Provisions

#### A General Loan Availability

Price support is available to eligible processors in:

- the United States
- Puerto Rico.

#### **B** Processed Sugar Loans

Processed sugar loans are warehouse-stored nonrecourse loans for which eligible sugar offered as loan collateral may be forfeited to CCC, at loan maturity, in satisfaction of the loan indebtedness.

#### C In-Process Sugar Loans

In-process loans are farm-stored nonrecourse loans made available to processors of a crop of domestically grown sugarcane or sugar beets for in-process sugars derived from the crop. The loan rate shall be equal to 80 percent of the loan rate applicable to raw cane sugar or refined beet sugar. In-process loans mature on the last day of the ninth month after the month the loan was disbursed.

#### **D** Loan Availability Dates

Initial loans are available October 1 through September 30.

Processors receiving initial loans in July, August, or September may repledge the sugar as collateral for a supplemental loan. These **supplemental** loans shall:

- be requested during the following October
- be nonrecourse
- be made at the loan rate in effect at the time the first or initial loan was made
- mature in 9 months minus the number of whole months that the initial loan was in effect
- •\*--be at the interest rate in effect when the new loan is disbursed.
- **Note:** The month the initial loan was disbursed is **not** counted as a month, but the month the initial loan is repaid and the month the supplemental loan is disbursed are counted, unless the loan was disbursed and repaid in September. See subparagraph G.--\*

#### E Repledged Loans

Repledged loans are initial loans that:

- were repaid at principal plus interest before the loan maturity date
- are repledged before the final loan availability date by the same eligible processor
- mature on the same date as that of the original note and security agreement.

#### F Loan Maturity Dates

Follow this table for loan maturity dates.

IF the loan is	THEN the maturity date is the last day of the ninth month	
initial	after the month in which the loan was disbursed; however, this date shall	
	be no later than September 30.	
repledged	after the month in which the initial loan was disbursed. All repledged	
	loans mature no later than September 30 and have the same maturity date	
	as the original loan.	
supplemental	minus the number of whole months that the initial loan was in effect.	

**Notes:** If the maturity date falls on a nonworkday, the maturity date shall be the **next** workday.

See examples in subparagraph G.

#### **G** Examples of Loan Maturity Dates

These are examples of **initial** loan maturity dates. \*\_\_

Disbursement Date	Maturity Date
October 17, 2022	July 31, 2023
November 8, 2022	August 31, 2023
December 1, 2022	September 30, 2023

These are examples of **repledged** loan maturity dates.

Disbursement Date of Initial Loan	Date Repaid	Date Repledged	Maturity Date
October 17, 2022	December 31, 2022	February 1, 2023	July 31, 2023
January 2, 2023	May 31, 2023	September 1, 2023	September 30, 2023

These are examples of **supplemental** loan maturity dates (initial loans made in July, August, and September) and the supplemental loan requested in October.

Initial Disbursement		Supplemental Loan	
Date	Date Repaid	Date	<b>Maturity Date</b>
July 19, 2022	September 20, 2022	October 4, 2022	April 30, 2023
August 15, 2022	September 15, 2022	October 6, 2022	May 31, 2023
September 20, 2022	September 30, 2022	October 20, 2022	June 30, 2023

--\*

#### **H** Beneficial Interest

See 8-LP, paragraph 227 for beneficial interest procedures.

#### I Forms

Use:

• SU-2 for both warehouse- and farm-stored nonrecourse sugar loans

**Note:** A copy of Exhibits 17 and 18 shall be given to sugar processors with each cane sugar loan requested.

- CCC-677 for farm-stored in-process sugar loans
- CCC-678 for warehouse-stored sugar loans.

CCC-601 applies according to 8-LP.

CCC-677A (Exhibit 4) is the sugar addendum and is applicable to **all** sugar loans.

#### J CCC-770 SU-1 and CCC-770 SU-2

The following checklists have been developed to assist in the processing of sugar loans:

- CCC-770 SU-1 (Exhibit 6)
- CCC-770 SU-2 (Exhibit 7).

County Offices shall:

- obtain the current version of CCC-770 SU-1 and CCC-770 SU-2 on the FFAS Employee Forms/Publications Online Website at
- \*--http://intranet.fsa.usda.gov/dam/ffasforms/forms.html--\*
- prepare CCC-770 SU-1:
  - for each of the first 5 sugar loan applications of **each** type of sugar processed by each employee **each** crop year
  - ensuring that items 11A and 11B are completed before loan disbursal
  - filing a copy in the applicable sugar loan folder

# J CCC-770 SU-1 and CCC-770 SU-2 (Continued)

- prepare CCC-770 SU-2:
  - for each sugar processor **each** crop year
  - ensuring that items 7A and 7B are completed before disbursing the first sugar loan to a processor each crop year
  - •\*--filing a copy in the processor's folder containing UCC-1 filing, lien search, and required lien waivers--\*

\* \* \*

• check, initial, and date in the designated box for each item on CCC-770 SU-1 and CCC-770 SU-2.

State Offices shall ensure that County Offices processing sugar loans are completing CCC-770 SU-2 for all sugar processors and the required CCC-770 SU-1's before loan disbursal.

CCC-770 SU-1 and CCC-770 SU-2 are the **only** authorized checklists for sugar commodity loans. County Offices shall **not** use State- or locally-generated checklists for sugar commodity loans.

# K CED CCC-770 SU-1 Spot Checks

\*--CED shall spot check CCC-770 SU-1 for the first 3 sugar loan applications for each sugar processor of each type processed each crop year by each County Office employee.

# L State Office CCC-770 SU-1 Spot Checks

STC or designee shall spot check one CCC-770 SU-1 spot-checked by CED for each sugar processor in each Service Center.--\*

Additional CCC-770 SU-1's will be required if apparent internal control deficiencies are found during CED and STC or designee reviews.

\* \* \*

### M CED and State Office CCC-770 SU-2 Spot Checks

CED's and STC, or their designee, shall spot check **all** CCC-770 SU-2's completed in each County Office each year. In most cases, there will be only one CCC-770 SU-2 filed by a sugar processor each crop year.

As the dollar amount disbursed on sugar loans is usually very large, this will help to ensure program integrity with regards to eligibility.

\* \* \*

#### **3** Sodbuster and Swampbuster Provisions

#### A Compliance and Filing

To be eligible for program benefits, sugar must have been processed from beets or cane delivered by a producer, owner, or operator who complies with HELC and WC provisions in 6-CP and files:

- AD-1026 according to 6-CP
- FSA-578, annually, before the final acreage reporting date established for the county.

Persons shall not be eligible for program benefits during the crop year in which the producer does not comply with HELC and WC provisions, except if a graduated payment reduction is approved for the producer according to 6-CP.

Note: See Part 4, Section 1 for County Office procedures in determining compliance.

#### B Late-Filed FSA-578 and AD-1026

Late-filed FSA-578's, approved according to 2-CP, and AD-1026's may be accepted by the applicable County Office from a producer, owner, or operator of sugar beets or sugarcane. If the processor has already been notified according to subparagraph 63 A, the processor shall be re-notified that the producer is now eligible.

#### 4 Lobbying Provisions

#### A Applicability

Lobbying disclosure requirements apply to applicants for and recipients of loan proceeds exceeding \$150,000.

#### **B** Filing Forms

Applicants must file the forms specified in this table for each loan exceeding \$150,000.

IF monies received have	THEN
<b>not</b> or will <b>not</b> be used to lobby or	CCC-601(6)(i) contains lobbying disclosure requirements.
otherwise influence the actions of a	Loan applicants certify to compliance when signing
federal official about a particular loan	CCC-677 or CCC-678.
Or will be used to lobby or otherwise	file SF-LLL. CCC-601(6)(i) contains lobbying disclosure
influence the actions of a federal official	requirements. Loan applicants certify to compliance
about a particular loan	when signing CCC-677 or CCC-678.
_	
	Note: File SF-LLL-A, if applicable.

- **Notes:** Lobbying activity provisions apply to individual loans, **not** the sugar processor's cumulative total.
  - \*--These forms are available at https://intranet.fsa.usda.gov/dam/ffasforms/forms.html.--

#### 4 Lobbying Provisions (Continued)

#### C County Office Action

County Offices shall follow the procedures in this table each time a loan exceeding \$150,000 is requested.

Step	Action
1	Provide the applicant a copy of * * * SF-LLL with instructions to complete, and
	return the applicable form to the County Office.
2	Disburse the loan <b>after</b> the applicant returns the completed lobbying disclosure
	form to the County Office.
3	File the original in the County Office.

#### 5 Prompt Payment Act

#### A Applicability

The Prompt Payment Act requires CCC, according to 61-FI, to pay a late payment interest penalty on the amount of loan disbursements if **all** of the following apply:

- documentation is provided
- the payment is not made by the due date in subparagraph B
- all eligibility requirements are met.

#### **B** Payment Due Dates

The following table provides the payment due dates for loan purposes.

	THEN the payment due date is 30 calendar days after the	
IF the program is for	County Office receives	
loan agreements	an application with <b>all</b> required documentation and signatures.	
settlements	<b>both</b> of the following:	
	<ul> <li>a properly completed KC-227 or KC-227 A</li> <li>documentation required to complete the transaction.</li> </ul>	

#### 5 **Prompt Payment Act (Continued)**

#### **C** Information Provided by FMD

FMD will provide the following information:

• interest rate to be used for interest payments required by the Prompt Payment Act

Notes: Notices will be issued semiannually, around January 1 and July 1.

See 50-FI for interest rates.

• detailed instructions for administering the provisions of the Prompt Payment Act. See 61-FI.

#### **D** Paying Prompt Payment Interest

County Offices shall pay prompt payment interest when payment dates, according to subparagraph B, are not met. Maximum prompt payment interest is 1 year's interest.

**Example:** If calculation of the number of days late is 450 days, then State and County Offices shall pay prompt payment interest for 360 calendar days only.

#### 6 Finality Rule

#### A Finality Rule Provisions

See 7-CP for provisions applicable to the finality rule.

#### 7 Signatures, Authorizations, and Approvals

#### **A** Signatures

\*--All sugar processors requesting sugar commodity loans must present to their STC-designated loan making County Office, documentation indicating:

- entity type
- who has the signature authority to sign for the processor.

Sugar processors are not:

- required to file forms to determine whether they are "actively engaged in farming"
- subject to other payment eligibility/limitation requirements.

Note: CCC-901 shall not be used to establish signature authority for sugar processors.

#### **B** Entity Signature Authority

The signature authority for sugar commodity loan documents for corporations, limited liability companies, cooperatives, and other similar entities, will consist of a copy of any of the following applicable documents:

- the corporate charter, bylaws, articles of organization, or operating agreement executed according to State law, that designates officers, members or managers as authorized signatories
- resolution by the corporation or cooperatives board of directors, signed by the secretary or an officer other than the signatory being extended signature authority
  - **Note:** If the intent of the resolution is to extend signature authority to all officers of a corporation or cooperative, then all officers must sign the resolution.
  - **Exception:** For a **1 person corporation**, that person is authorized to sign for the corporation by default if documentation, such as a corporate charter, is on file in the County Office which **both**:
    - identifies the "one person"
    - validates that 100 percent of the corporation's shares are held by that "one person".
- **Notes:** It is the respective sugar processor's responsibility to inform County Offices of all changes in signature authority and to ensure that current documentation is provided accordingly with respect to sugar commodity loan program requirements.

The identification/listing of officers and/or shareholders of a corporation does not, by itself, provide sufficient evidence of who has authority to act on behalf of the corporation.--\*

#### \*--C General Partnership Signature Authority

For all sugar commodity loans issued to general partnerships, the partnership must provide the Articles of Partnership. If no Articles of Partnership are available, IRS documents such as Form 1065 (Schedule K-1) showing members and their respective shares may be used. A written statement identifying all members and shares of the partnership and signed by all members of the partnership may be used as acceptable documentation the first year the partnership is in effect or if the membership of the partnership has changed and the partnership has not filed any IRS forms.

**Any** member of a general partnership may sign for the general partnership and bind all members unless the Articles of Partnership are more restrictive.

**Note:** This policy is adopted by FSA because the majority of States have laws that provide for this; however, this is **not** the case for any other business enterprise.

A member of a general partnership may execute FSA-211 to appoint an attorney-in-fact to act on behalf of the general partnership and bind all members, unless the Articles of Partnership restrict member's authority.--\*

7-22-13

# \*--D Redelegation of Signature Authority

Use the following to determine how an agent may be granted authority to sign sugar commodity loan documents for a corporation, limited liability company, cooperative, or other similar entity.

IF the entity documents	THEN the p	erson authorized to sign for the entity
allow for redelegation of	according to subparagraph A may redelegate their authority to	
signature authority	an agent on FSA-211.	
	Important:	The person authorized to sign for the entity according to subparagraph A shall <b>not</b> redelegate this authority if the entity documents do not allow for redelegation of signature authority.
	Example 1:	The Sugar Corporation charter designates James Brown as the corporate officer with signature authority for the corporation. The corporate charter provides that the authority to sign for the Sugar Corporation may be redelegated. James Brown may redelegate his signature authority for the Sugar Corporation to an agent by completing FSA-211.
	Example 2:	The Colorado Corporation charter designates Mike Jones as the corporate officer with signature authority for the corporation. The corporate charter does not indicate that the authority to sign for the Colorado Corporation may be redelegated. Mike Jones shall not redelegate his signature authority for the Colorado Corporation.

--\*

# \*--D Redelegation of Signature Authority (Continued)

IF the entity documents	THEN the person authorized to sign for the entity
do not allow for redelegation	may use the following to authorize an agent to sign for the
of signature authority	entity for:
of signature authority	childy for.
	• corporations and cooperatives, either of the following:
	• FSA-211 signed by <b>all</b> officers
	• resolution of the board of directors, signed by an officer of the corporation or cooperative, providing name of agent authorized to sign for the corporation
	<ul> <li>limited liability companies, FSA-211 signed by all members or authorized managers.</li> </ul>
	<b>Example:</b> The ABC Sugar Corporation charter designates Mike Jones as the corporate officer with signature authority for the corporation. The corporate charter does not indicate that the authority to sign for ABC Sugar Corporation may be redelegated. Mike Jones shall not redelegate his signature authority to sign for ABC Sugar Corporation. However, an agent may be authorized to sign for ABC Sugar Corporation if all officers of ABC Sugar Corporation sign FSA-211.

--\*

# **E** Redelegation of Authority by COC or CED

The authority to approve all loan documents prepared according to this handbook may be redelegated in writing by:

- COC to CED, except forms and documents in which CED has a monetary interest
- CED to Federal and non-Federal County Office employees, except forms and documents in which the person approving has a monetary interest.

**Reminder:** Cross training in all applicable program areas shall be completed **before** signing authority redelegation is made.

Follow this table for exceptions to redelegate authority for approval of loans.

IF the producer is	THEN the approval authority shall be
a Federal or non-Federal State or County Office employee	CED.
COC member	
DD	
SED	
STC member	
CED	COC.

Note: Questionable cases may be referred to the next higher authority for determination.

#### \*--8 Changing Business Structure and Tax Information

#### A Requirements

When County Offices are notified that the sugar processor made changes to the business name or structure, the following documents are required by the National Office before the name change or structure can be recorded in the automated Business Partner system:

- new Articles of Incorporation
- copy of 147-C or SS-4 letter from IRS providing the corresponding name or structure change.

See 11-CM, paragraph 90 for additional guidance and paragraph 48 for filing new UCC-1's, if required.

If necessary, State Offices may contact the National Office for assistance .--\*

#### 9-27 (Reserved)

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# Part 2 Eligibility Requirements

#### 28 **Processor Eligibility**

### **A** Basic Requirements

Determine processor eligibility according to this table.

IF processor	THEN
stores eligible sugar in CCC-approved warehouse	the processor is
owns, or jointly owns with eligible producers, eligible sugar offered as	eligible for
collateral for loan	loan.
agrees to pay all eligible producers at least the minimum payment levels	
specified for sugar beets according to the producer's marketing agreement	
and sugarcane for the region when nonrecourse loans are in effect	

# 29 Eligible Sugar

## A Basic Eligibility Requirements

Use this table to be eligible for loan.

Sugar	Requirements
<ul> <li>Refined beet sugar</li> <li>Raw cane sugar</li> <li>Refined cane sugar</li> <li>Sugarcane syrup</li> <li>Edible molasses</li> <li>In-process</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Has been processed from sugar beets or sugarcane grown by eligible producers in the United States and Puerto Rico.</li> <li>Is free of contamination and chemicals or other substances that are poisonous to humans or animals.</li> <li>Note: Refined or specialty sugars that meet these requirements are eligible for loan only if they are made by either of the following: <ul> <li>a cane refining facility that is cooperatively owned by its raw cane sugar processors</li> </ul> </li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>a sugarcane processor who is also a refiner.</li> </ul>

#### A Eligible Storage Space

All eligible sugar loans must:

- be stored in a CCC-approved warehouse to ensure the quantity and quality of CCC loan collateral
- meet all other eligibility requirements.

# **B** Commingling

\*--A processor's eligible sugar must be stored bulk and commingled, unless CCC, AMS, and--\* the warehouse operator agrees in writing, to store the sugar in another method.

Note: Joint loans are not permitted.

#### C Poisonous Substances and Contamination

A processor shall be personally liable for any damages resulting from putting under loan to CCC sugar containing any of the following:

- mercurial compounds
- toxin-producing molds
- contamination in food commodities
- other substances poisonous to humans or animals.

#### 31 Requesting Warehouse-Stored Loans

#### A Warehouse Documents

When requesting sugar loans or converting in-process sugar, the processor shall present acceptable warehouse documents, KC-227 or KC-227-A, from CCC-approved warehouses to the County Office.

#### **B** Warehouse-Stored Quantity

Warehouse-stored loans stored in CCC-approved warehouse will be limited to 100 percent of the total net pounds specified on KC-227 or KC-227-A.

Note: The eligible commodity is sugar, not sugar beets or sugarcane.

#### C Substitution Not Authorized

Substituted or purchased commodities are ineligible for loan.

#### **D** Loan Rates

\*--Use the loan rate for the region where the sugar is processed. See Exhibit 9.--\*

#### E Storage Charges

The processor is responsible for storage cost through the loan maturity date or title transfer to CCC, whichever occurs later.

#### **32** Quality Determinations

#### A Basis for Quality Determinations

The sugar processor must provide quality factors on KC-227 or KC-227-A at:

- loan application
- the time the in-process sugar is converted at forfeiture.

#### **B** Premiums and Discounts

Premiums and discounts on cane sugar will be applicable to the quality factor identified on KC-227 at forfeiture. Presently, there are no premiums and discounts on beet sugar.

#### 33 List of Approved Sugar Storage Agreement Warehouses

#### A Approved Sugar Storage Agreement Warehouses

A current list of Sugar Storage Agreement warehouses is available at

\*--Workbook: WCMD Dashboard (usda.gov).--\*

#### 34 General Warehouse Document Requirements

#### A General Requirements

The processor must submit the original KC-227 or KC-227-A that meets the following guidelines.

All KC-227's or KC-227-A's shall:

- represent eligible sugar actually stored in the CCC-approved warehouse
- be issued to the eligible processor or CCC, as applicable
- show ownership, if sugar is owned by the processor solely, jointly, or in common with others.

KC-227 shall be used for raw sugar. KC-227-A shall be used for refined beet sugar. All KC-227's or KC-227-A's shall include **all** of the following:

- type of sugar
- name and location of storing warehouse
- CCC-assigned warehouse code
- date issued
- crop year
- whether sugar was received by rail, truck, barge, or cart
- signature of the warehouse operator or authorized agent
- total net pounds (commercial weight for cane sugar)
- control number assigned by the warehouse operator
- zeros, where applicable, when in or out charges have **not** been prepaid.

County Offices shall verify that all required entries on KC-277's or KC-227A's have been completed and maintain the original KC-227's or KC-227A's until repayment.

**Note:** For in-process loans, KC-227 or KC-227-A must be submitted when sugar is converted, as applicable.

\*--See Exhibit 4 for the addendum to sugar loan disbursements.--\*

#### **B** Additional Requirements

KC-227's, for raw cane sugar, will also include the following:

• total net pounds

1-20-11

- polarity (with 1 number after the decimal point)
- ash (use whole percentage with 2 digits)
- color (use whole units of 4 digits)
- grain size (use whole percentages with 2 digits)
- percent moisture (use whole percentages with 2 digits).

# 34 General Warehouse Document Requirements (Continued)

### **B** Additional Requirements (Continued)

KC-227-A's, for refined sugar, will include applicable quality factors, including gross weight and number of units, if bagged.

#### C Instructions for Completing KC-227

County Offices shall complete KC-227, items 1 and 2 when the loan is approved.

Warehouse operators shall complete KC-227, items 3 through 11.

Item	Action				
1	Enter the sugar loan application date.				
2	Enter the FSA County Office or Service Center assigned loan number.				
3	Enter warehouse's name, street address, city, State, and ZIP Code.				
4	Enter the warehouse code assigned by AMS.				
5	"Raw Cane Sugar" is preprinted in this item.				
6	Check the applicable box indicating sugar received by truck, rail, barge, cart, or				
	*in storage*				
7	Enter the crop year the sugarcane was grown.				
8	Enter the control number assigned by the warehouse operator.				
	<b>Note:</b> The warehouse operator should use a numbering system to consecutively assign control numbers for tracking purposes. For example, the 1st KC-227 may be assigned Control No. 1, the 2nd KC-227 Control No. 2, etc. Do not use alpha characters as part of the numbering system.				
9	Enter the date KC-227 is issued.				
10 A	Enter the total net pounds received for this KC-227. Enter quantity in pounds as made.				
10 D	<b>Note:</b> A separate KC-227 shall be used for each separate amount.				
10 B	Enter the polarization for the quantity of sugar represented by this KC-227. Polarity degree entered shall have only 1 number after the decimal point, such as "98.2".				
10 C	Enter the ash content (percentage) for the quantity of sugar represented by this KC-227.				
10 C	Use whole percentages with 2 digits, such as "24".				
10 D	Enter the color (units) for the quantity of sugar represented by this KC-227. Use whole units with 4 digits, such as "1280". Check "Affined" or "Whole".				
10 E	Enter the grain size (percentage) for the quantity of sugar represented by this KC-227. Use whole percentages with 2 digits, such as "30".				
10 F	Enter the percent moisture for the quantity of sugar represented by this KC-227. Use whole percentages with 2 digits, such as "30".				
11 A	Enter the:				
and B					
	• signature of an authorized individual, such as corporate officer, partner, or proprietor				
	• date this KC-227 is signed.				

# 34 General Warehouse Document Requirements (Continued)

# D Example of KC-227

The following is an example of KC-227, for raw cane sugar, received from a processor. \*\_\_

9-27-23)	227 U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE Farm Service Agency			FOR CCC USE ONLY	
	RAW SUGAR CERTIFIC			1. LOAN APPLICATION	DATE (MM-DD-YYYY)
NAME AND LOCATI	ON OF RECEIVING WAREHOUSE			2. LOAN NUMBER	
				4. WAREHOUSE CODE	
				4. WAREHOUSE CODE	
COMMODITY	6. RECEIVED BY	7. CROP YEAR	8. CONTROL NUMB	ER 9. DATE IS	SUED (MM-DD-YYYY)
RAW CANE SUGAR	TRUCK RAIL BARGE CART IN STORAGE				
		10. QUANTITY AND	QUALITY		
TOTAL NET POUNE	DS <b>B.</b> POLARIZATION	C. ASH	D. COLOR (Units):	E. GRAIN SIZE	F. % MOISTURE
			Affined	Whole	
	11.	CERTIFICATION AN	ID SIGNATURE		
certify that the raw	sugar described on this report is	raw sugar:			
is form must be sig a Resolution of the	pon demand, to the owner of such gned by an authorized individual; e Board of Directors or Power of RATOR'S SIGNATURE	i.e., corporate office	r, partner or proprieto	r. A manager cannot :	
the Commodity Credit C to the warehouse for sto gencies, and nongovern	PRIVACY A s made in accordance with the Privacy A Corporation Charter Act (15 U.S.C. 714 orage of CCC-interest sugar. The inform mental entities that have been authorize Notice for USDA/FSA-2, Farm Records h the requested information will result in	et seq.), 7 CFR Part 1423, mation collected on this fo d access to the informatior File (Automated) and USE	as amended). The authoria and 7 CFR Part 1435. The rm may be disclosed to oth by statute or regulation and DA/FSA-14, Applicant/Borro	information will be used to er Federal, State, Local go d/or as described in applica	record raw sugar receive vernment agencies, Triba ble Routine Uses identifie
owever, failure to furnish aperwork Reduction A ne provisions of appro	ct (PRA) Statement: The information oppriate criminal and civil fraud, privac ORIATE FARM SERVICE AGENCY CO	y, and other statutes ma	n PRA as specified in 7 U.S y be applicable to the info		RN THIS COMPLETED
owever, failure to furnish aperwork Reduction A ne provisions of appro DRM TO THE APPROP accordance with Federal stitutions participating in c pression), sexual oriental	priate criminal and civil fraud, privac	y, and other statutes ma DUNTY OFFICE OR SER NONDISCRIMINATION riculture (USDA) civil rights i olted from discriminating bars arental status, income derivi	n PRA as specified in 7 U.S y be applicable to the info VICE CENTER. STATEMENT regulations and policies, the l sed on race, color, national o d from a public assistance p	Drmation provided. RETL JSDA, its Agencies, offices, a igin, religion, sex, gender ide ogram, political beliefs, or re	ind employees, and ntity (including gender prisal or retaliation for prior
owever, failure to furnish aperwork Reduction A ne provisions of appro DRM TO THE APPROP accordance with Federal stitutions participating in c pression), sexual oriental vil rights activity, in any pr arsons with disabilities wh e responsible Agency or U	priate criminal and civil fraud, privac ORIATE FARM SERVICE AGENCY Co civil rights law and U.S. Department of Ag or administering USDA programs are prohil tion, disability, age, marital status, family/p	y, and other statutes ma DUNTY OFFICE OR SER NONDISCRIMINATION riculture (USDA) civil rights olted from discriminating bas arental status, income derivi SDA (not all bases apply to tion for program information	n PRA as specified in 7 U.S y be applicable to the info VICE CENTER. STATEMENT regulations and policies, the l sed on race, color, national on af from a public assistance p all programs). Remedies an (e.g., Braille, large print, aud	JSDA, its Agencies, offices, a igin, religion, sex, gender ide ogram, political beliefs, or re d complaint filing deadlines v iotape, American Sign Langu	ind employees, and ntity (including gender prisal or retaliation for prior ary by program or incident. age, etc.) should contact
wever, failure to furnish aperwork Reduction A ne provisions of appro DRM TO THE APPROP accordance with Federal titutions participating in o pression), sexual oriental ill rights activity, in any pr ursons with disabilities wh responsible Agency or L formation may be made a file a program discrimina d at any USDA office or v 2-9992. Submit your com	priate criminal and civil fraud, privac ORIATE FARM SERVICE AGENCY CI civil rights law and U.S. Department of Ag or administering USDA programs are prohil tion, disability, age, marital status, family/p ogram or activity conducted or funded by L to require alternative means of communica SDA's TARGET Center at (202) 720-2600	y, and other statutes ma DUNTY OFFICE OR SER NONDISCRIMINATION riculture (USDA) civil rights sided from discriminating bas- arental status, income derivi JSDA (not all bases apply to tion for program information 0 (voice and TTY) or contacl am Discrimination Complaint de in the letter all of the info U.S. Department of Agricult	n PRA as specified in 7 U.S y be applicable to the info VICE CENTER. STATEMENT regulations and policies, the I sed on race, color, national or ed from a public assistance p all programs). Remedies an (e.g., Braille, large print, aud t USDA through the Federal f t Form, AD-3027, found onlin rmation requested in the form ure Office of the Assistant Se	JSDA, its Agencies, offices, a igin, religion, sex, gender ide ogram, political beliefs, or re d complaint filing deadlines v iotape, American Sign Langu telay Service at (800) 877-83 e at http://www.ascr.usda.go . To request a copy of the cc cretary for Civil Rights 1400	ind employees, and htty (including gender prisal or retaliation for prior ary by program or incident. age, etc.) should contact 38. Additionally, program //complaint_filing_cust.html mplaint form, call (866) independence Avenue, SW

# 34 General Warehouse Document Requirements (Continued)

# E Instructions for Completing KC-227-A

County Offices shall complete KC-227-A, items 1 and 2.

Warehouse operators shall complete KC-227-A, items 3 through 13.

Item	Action			
1	Enter the sugar loan application date.			
2	Enter the FSA County Office or Service Center assigned loan number.			
3	Enter warehouse's name, street address, city, State, and ZIP Code.			
4	*Enter the warehouse code assigned by AMS*			
5	Check applicable box indicating if commodity is raw cane or beet sugar.			
6	Check applicable box indicating if sugar was received by truck, rail, barge, or in-store.			
7	Enter the crop year the sugar was grown.			
8	Enter the control number assigned by the warehouse operator.			
	<b>Note:</b> The warehouse operator should use a numbering system to consecutively assign control numbers for tracking purposes. For example, the first KC-227-A may be assigned Control No. 1, the second KC-227-A Control No. 2, etc. Do not use alpha characters as			
	part of the numbering system.			
9	Enter the date KC-227-A is issued.			
10 A	Enter the total net pounds received for this KC-227-A.			
10 B	Not required.			
10 C	Enter the number of units, if the sugar is bagged, for this KC-227-A.			
10 D	Enter the number of units damaged, short, or over for this KC-227-A.			
11	Quality: Refined sugar must be dry and free flowing, free of excessive sediment, and free of any objectionable color, flavor, odor, or other characteristic which would impair its merchantability, or which would impair or prevent its use for normal commercial purposes.			
12 A and B	<ul> <li>Enter the following:</li> <li>signature of an authorized individual, such as corporate officer, partner, or proprietor</li> </ul>			
	• date KC-227-A is signed.			

# 34 General Warehouse Document Requirements (Continued)

# F Example of KC-227-A

The following is an example of KC-227-A.

KC-227-A (08-18-22)     U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE Farm Service Agency       REFINED SUGAR CERTIFICATION REPORT       3. NAME AND LOCATION OF RECEIVING WAREHOUSE					FOR CCC USE ONLY		
					1. LOAN APPLICATION DATE		
					2. LOAN NU	MBER	
4. WAREHOUSE	E CODE 5. COMMODITY		6. RECEIVED BY	7. CROP YEAR	8. CONTROL NUMBER		
		CANE BEET	TRUCK RAIL BARGE IN STORE	9. DATE ISSUED			
	A. 1	TOTAL NET POUNDS	B. GROSS WEIGHT	C. NUMBER OF UNITS	D.	NUMBER OF U	NITS
10. QUANTITY					DAMAGED	SHORT	OVER
QUANTITI							
11. QUALITY				ediment; and free of any objectio ould impair or prevent its use for			
<ul><li>in wh</li><li>which</li></ul>	nich title is h will be so	vested in CCC, or plac afely stored so that refi	ned sugar equivalent to the qua	AND SIGNATURE " than CCC and pledged to CCC ntity and quality stated in Item to another person (transferee).			
<ul> <li>in wh</li> <li>which delive</li> <li>This form must</li> </ul>	nich title is h will be sa ered, upon be signed he Board oj	vested in CCC, or plac afely stored so that refi. demand, to the owner by an authorized indiv [Directors or Power og	report is refined sugar: sed in storage by someone othe ned sugar equivalent to the qua of such refined sugar, CCC, or	r than CCC and pledged to CCC ntity and quality stated in Item to another person (transferee). rther or proprietor. A manager	10 and 11 of th r cannot sign u	is KC-227-A n	ay be
<ul> <li>in wh</li> <li>which</li> <li>delive</li> <li>This form must</li> <li>resolution of the</li> </ul>	nich title is h will be sa ered, upon be signed he Board oj	vested in CCC, or plac ufely stored so that refi demand, to the owner by an authorized indiv f Directors or Power of DR'S SIGNATURE	report is refined sugar: sed in storage by someone othe ned sugar equivalent to the qua of such refined sugar, CCC, or idual; i.e., corporate officer, pa	r than CCC and pledged to CCC ntity and quality stated in Item to another person (transferee). rther or proprietor. A manager r or proprietor. B. DAT	10 and 11 of th r cannot sign u	is KC-227-A n	ay be
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in wh     whick     delive     This form must     resolution of the     A. WAREHOUSE     The following sta     form is the Comn     sugar received in     government ager     in applicable Rou     Providing the req     Paperwork Rede     The provisions	the title is a second to the second to the second to the second operation of the second operation of the second to	vested in CCC, or plac afely stored so that refi- demand, to the owner by an authorized indiv fDirectors or Power of DR'S SIGNATURE DR'S SIGNATURE nade in accordance with fit Corporation Charter At shouse for storage of CC identified in the System of transition is voluntary. Ho (PRA) Statement: The fiate criminal and civil f	report is refined sugar: sed in storage by someone othe ned sugar equivalent to the qua of such refined sugar, CCC, or idual; i.e., corporate officer, pu f.Attorney furnished by a partne PRIVACY ACT AND PUBLIC BU the Privacy Act of 1974 (5 USC 5) 1 (15 U.S.C. 714 et seq.), 7 CFR C-interest sugar. The information of Records Notice for USDA/FSA-2 wever, failure to furnish the reque information collection is exempted raud, privacy, and other statute	r than CCC and pledged to CCC ntity and quality stated in Item to another person (transferee). when or proprietor. A manager r or proprietor. B. DAT B. DAT RDEN STATEMENTS 52a - as amended). The authority 1 Part 1423, and 7 CFR Part 1435. collected on this form may be disc collected on this form may be disc collected on this form may be disc sted information will result in a dete from PRA as specified in 7 U.SC. s may be applicable to the inforr OFFICE OR SERVICE CENTER.	10 and 11 of th r cannot sign un r cannot sign un TE for requesting th The information - losed to other Fr n by statute or re and USDA/FSA- errmination of ine 8781(c)(2).	is KC-227-A n nless authorize e information ide will be used to n ederal, State, Lc egulation and/or 14, Applicant/Bc ligibility for prog	entified on this ecord refined ocal as described prower. ram benefits.
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in wh     in which     delive     This form must     resolution of the     A. WAREHOUSE     The following sta     form is the Comn     sugar received in     applicable Rou     Providing the req     Paperwork Red     The provisions -     COMPLETED FC     In accordance wi     gender identity (in     political beliefs. o     Remedies and contact th	the hill be so are d, upon be signed be signed be signed be Board op E OPERATC E OPERATC E OPERATC Comparison to the ware notes. This since State of appropr ORM TO TI ith Federal institutions including ge or reprisal c omplaint fill abilities wh	vested in CCC, or plac afely stored so that refi- demand, to the owner- by an authorized indiv f Directors or Power op DR'S SIGNATURE DR'S SIGNATURE inde in accordance with fit Corporation Charter Ar- shouse for storage of CC il agencies, and nongove identified in the System co- ormation is voluntary. Ho (PRA) Statement: The fate criminal and civil f HE APPROPRIATE FAR civil rights law and U.S. I. participating in or admini ander expression), sexua r retaliation for prior civil ng deadlines vary by proo o require alternative mea ble Agency or USDA's T.	report is refined sugar: sed in storage by someone othe ned sugar equivalent to the qua of such refined sugar, CCC, or idual; i.e., corporate officer, pu f.Attorney furnished by a partne PRIVACY ACT AND PUBLIC BL the Privacy Act of 1974 (5 USC 53 t (15 U.S.C. 714 et seq.), 7 CFR C-interest sugar. The information rmmental entities that have been a f Records Notice for USDA/FSA-2 wever, failure to furnish the reque information collection is exempted raud, privacy, and other statute M SERVICE AGENCY COUNTY NONDISCRIMINATIO Department of Agriculture (USDA) stering USDA programs are prohil I orientation, disability, age, marita rights activity, in any program or a gram or incident.	r than CCC and pledged to CCC ntity and quality stated in Item to another person (transferee). writher or proprietor. A manager r or proprietor. B. DAT B. DAT RDEN STATEMENTS 52a - as amended). The authority ( Part 1423, and 7 CFR Part 1435. Collected on this form may be disc uthorized access to the information , Farm Records File (Automated) ; sted information will result in a deto from PRA as specified in 7 U.SC. s may be applicable to the inforr OFFICE OR SERVICE CENTER. DN STATEMENT civil rights regulations and policies oited from discriminating based on i status, family/parental status, inc ctivity conducted or funded by USI information (e.g., Braille, large prin (voice and TTY) or contact USDA	10 and 11 of th r cannot sign un r cannot sign un losed to other Fi h by statute or re and USDA/FSA- ermination of ine 8781(c)(2). nation provided in the USDA, its / race, color, natic orne derived from DA (not all bases t, audiotape, Am	is KC-227-4 m nless authorize e information idd will be used to r ederal, State, Lo gulation and/or ligibility for prog I. RETURN THI Agencies, officer onal origin, relig m a public assis s apply to all pro herican Sign Lar	aay be d by a d by a entified on this ecord refined ocal as described ocal ram benefits. S s, and ion, sex, tance program grams).

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## 46 **Obtaining Loans**

## A Loanmaking Offices

Eligible processors will obtain loans from the County Office designated by STC as the processor's loanmaking County Office. This is applicable when the warehouse has multiple storage locations.

SU-2 will be completed and signed by processors to request a loan. A copy of Exhibits 17 and 18 will be given to sugar processors with each cane sugar loan request.

#### **B** Loan Types

Nonrecourse loans may be disbursed to an eligible processor of \* \* \* sugar beets and sugarcane as:

- farm-stored loan for in-process sugar
- warehouse-stored loan for raw or refined sugar.

## 46 **Obtaining Loans (Continued)**

## C Maximum Eligible Quantity for Loan

The total quantity of sugar that a processor may pledge as collateral for an **initial** loan during a crop year may not exceed the quantity derived from processing domestically grown sugar beets or sugarcane from eligible producers during the applicable crop year.

The total quantity that a processor may pledge as collateral for a **supplemental** loan may not exceed the quantity of sugar pledged for initial loans the previous July, August, or September.

For in-process sugar, the processor may pledge as collateral for an **in-process** loan the quantity certified as the number of gallons of thick juice that will equal the number of pounds of sugar when processed into raw cane or refined beet sugar.

A processor requests an in-process sugar loan and certifies to 1,000 gallons and 6,700 pounds of sugar. Determine reasonableness as follows.

1000 gallons x 6.9 = 6,900 pounds.

Multiply the number of gallons times 6.9 to determine reasonableness for the acceptable number of pounds.

**Note:** Loans on cane sugar are to be made on the actual pounds of eligible sugar, commercial weight.

# **D** Ineligible Quantity for Loan

The quantity of ineligible sugar that is in storage includes sugar:

- processed in previous crop years, unless pledged for an initial loan the previous July, August, or September
- currently under loan
- representing sugar beets or sugarcane from ineligible producers, including producers determined to be ineligible because of the regulations governing:
  - HELC and WC
  - controlled substances
  - acreage report.

If it is determined that ineligible sugar has been pledged as collateral for loan, the processor shall be required to immediately redeem a quantity of the loan collateral equal to the ineligible quantity.

# 46 **Obtaining Loans (Continued)**

# E Loan Rates

See Exhibit 9 for the applicable loan rates.

Use the applicable loan rate for the region where the sugar is processed.

\* \* \*

Supplemental loan rate shall be the loan rate in effect at the time the initial loan was made.

In-process loan rates are 80 percent of the loan rate applicable to raw cane or refined beet sugar.

#### **F** Minimum Payment Levels

See Exhibit 10 for the applicable crop year minimum producer payment level.

#### G Loan Service Fee

The loan service fee is:

- \$60 for each loan
- nonrefundable.

## 47 Lien Searches

Advise processors that CCC requires that sugar pledged as collateral for loan must be free and clear of liens or encumbrances. If there are any liens or encumbrances on sugar pledged as collateral for a loan, waivers that fully protect the interest of CCC must be obtained even though the liens or encumbrances are satisfied from the loan proceeds. No additional liens or encumbrances shall be placed on the sugar after the loan is approved.

# **B** Conducting Lien Searches

Lien searches shall be conducted in States where the processor's corporation was organized:

- by the loanmaking County Office before any loan is disbursed
- •\*--according to 8-LP, subparagraphs 504 A and B.--\*

If an office other than the loanmaking County Office has been requested to conduct a lien search and finds a lien not described on SU-2, the office shall immediately notify the loanmaking County Office.

# C Recording Lien Waivers

Record necessary lien waivers for processors on CCC-679 according to 8-LP, \*--paragraph 505.--\*

# 48 Filing UCC-1's

# A Revision to Article 9 of UCC

All States have adopted the revision to Article 9 of UCC. One of the key changes included centralizing the electronic filing of most security interests for States without a pre-existing centralized filing system. However, as States transition to a centralized, electronic UCC filing and recording system, the means by which UCC-1's are filed and paid for may vary from State to State. State Offices shall:

- continue to follow the advice of the regional attorney
- request, from PSD, isolated exceptions to policy in this paragraph based on the following:
  - written direction or recommendations from the regional attorney
  - PSD concurrence.
  - **Example:** The regional attorney advises that filing UCC-1 without a loan applicant's signature negates the double jeopardy protection afforded secured lenders by certain State laws according to Pub. L. 99-198, Section 1324. In this case, upon PSD concurrence, the State Office may direct County Offices to continue requiring that a loan applicant must sign UCC-1, as advised by the regional attorney. The applicant's signature on CCC-10 takes care of the signature requirement on UCC-1 since most States now file UCC-1's electronically.

# **B** Applicability

County Offices shall file applicable UCC-1's required by State law to protect CCC's security interest:

- in the State where the corporation was organized
- for all farm-stored loans and warehouse-stored loans immediately after the lien search and before loan disbursement so there can be no intervening interests
- using CCC-10 completed and signed by the processor. See subparagraph G and 8-LP, \*--paragraph 521.--\*

## 48 Filing UCC-1's (Continued)

#### C When to Disburse Loans

County Offices shall:

- disburse loan proceeds after:
  - appropriate documents have been filed
  - written verification of the UCC-1 filing date and time are received
- not delay loan disbursements until the applicable form has been **recorded** by the proper official.
- \*--Manually disbursed sugar loans are no longer available. All sugar loans will be disbursed through CLPS. See 16-PS, 1-FI, paragraph 215 and 1-CM, paragraph 813.--\*

# **D** Where to File UCC-1's

UCC-1's are filed in the State where the organization or entity was registered.

**Note:** See subparagraph G. The UCC-1 filing location is based on data in CCC-10, item 7 or 8.

The UCC-1 filing location no longer depends on the location of the commodity, as shown in the following table.

IF	THEN
• commodity is stored in multiple counties within the same State	file UCC-1 in the State having jurisdiction according to the current CCC-10, unless otherwise advised by the regional attorney.
• commodity is stored in a State different from the processor's place of business	
loan collateral is moved to another State for storage after perfection of the lien	no additional UCC-1 is filed because the lien is still perfected, unless otherwise advised by the regional attorney.

# 48 Filing UCC-1's (Continued)

#### E Preparing UCC-1

For raw cane sugar or beet sugar, identify collateral on UCC-1 as "sugar". Do not include quantities.

For in process sugar, identify collateral on UCC-1 as follows:

"For example: (#) gallons of in process sugar will convert to (#) of pounds of (raw/refined) sugar".

## F Paying Filing or Recording Fees

\*--Issue payment through OLP and NPS for filing or recording fees according to either of the following:

- 8-LP, subparagraph 521 E--\*
- State Office filing instructions for the State.

# G CCC-10

Each processor applying for a CCC sugar loan shall complete CCC-10 according to 8-LP, \*--paragraph 502.--\*

Refer to CCC-10, item 7 or 8 on where to file UCC-1 and conduct a lien search.

## 49 **Repledging Provisions**

#### A Repledging Eligible Sugar Provisions

Eligible processors may, before the final loan availability date, repledge as collateral for the loan, eligible sugar that has been previously mortgaged and **repaid**, principal **plus** interest. The initial loan must be repaid before requesting to repledge eligible sugar.

The maturity date for the loan for the repledged collateral must be the same as the maturity date for the original note and security agreement.

#### **B** Repledging In-Process Sugar

Processors who do not forfeit the in-process sugar may further process the in-process sugars into raw cane and beet sugar and repay the in-process collateral.

**Note:** The processor may obtain a loan for the raw cane sugar or refined beet sugar in the normal manner.

#### C Sugar Not Eligible To Be Repledged

A quantity of sugar represented by loans that were called because of any of the following conditions may not be repledged:

- in-process sugar not processed
- deteriorating condition of sugar
- incorrect certification.

#### \*--49.5 Supplemental Loans

#### A Requesting Supplemental Loans

Eligible processors may request a supplemental loan if the sugar processor requested and repaid in-full an initial loan during the last 3 months of FY (July, August, and September).

#### **B** Establishing Supplemental Loans

Supplemental loans are:

- considered the same crop year as the initial loan
- made at the loan rate in effect at the time the initial loan was made
- matures in 9 months minus the number of whole months that the initial loan was in effect.

Note: See examples in subparagraph 2 G.--\*

#### 50 Loan Document Review

## A Second Party Review

A second party review of all sugar loan applications, KC-227's, KC-227-A's, and loan documents shall be performed before disbursement. The reviewer:

- must ensure that the correct loan factors and rates were used to compute the loan amount
- shall initial SU-2 when the review is completed.

#### 51-61 (Reserved)

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## Part 4 Loanmaking

# Section 1 Compliance and Noncompliance

# 62 Compliance Provisions

# A Determining Compliance

A loan is available to eligible processors on sugar processed from the production of sugar beets or sugarcane determined to be eligible according to HELC and WC provisions in 6-CP and acreage reporting requirements.

\*--The STC must determine if the Loanmaking or Administrative County Offices will:

- annually request processors to provide by county where the sugar is grown, an alphabetical list of the names, addresses, and CCID numbers, if available, of--\* producers, owners, and operators who did either of the following:
  - delivered sugar beets or sugarcane in previous years for processing
  - contracted or made arrangements to deliver sugar beets or sugarcane for the current crop year
- request that this information be submitted to the County Office by a date established by STC or COC; however, all information must be submitted by **August 1** before the crop year for which loan benefits will be requested.

**Example:** To determine compliance for the 2022 crop year (FY 2023), the requested information must be submitted to the County Office by August 1, 2022.

Note: Use the suggested sample letter in subparagraph B to contact processors.

# 62 **Compliance Provisions (Continued)**

## **B** Contacting Processors

This is a sample letter sent annually to processors for obtaining names and addresses.

Dear Processor:

Sugar used as collateral to obtain loans must have been delivered by producers, owners, or operators who have certified on form AD-1026, Highly Erodible Land Conservation (HELC) and Wetland Conservation (WC) Certification, that the producer, owner, or operator will comply with the necessary conservation provisions during the crop year in which benefits are requested. They are also required to complete form FSA-578, Report of Acreage, before the final acreage reporting date established by the county.

To continue monitoring this process, we need your assistance. Please provide this office by county(s) where the sugar is grown, an alphabetical listing of the names, addresses, and CCID numbers, if available, of sugar producers, owners, or operators who did either of the following:

- delivered sugar to your facility for processing in the previous crop year
- contracted or made arrangements with you to deliver sugar for the current crop year.

Please provide this information to us by August 1, 20. Additionally, please provide this office with the same information on any new producers, owners, or operators that you anticipate will deliver sugar in the current crop year, as you receive this information.

If applicable, every effort will be made to provide you with a list of eligible and ineligible producers, owners, or operators before October 1, 20. This will prevent disbursement of loan amounts that may ultimately have to be refunded to the Commodity Credit Corporation.

If you have any questions, please feel free to call this office.

Your cooperation will be appreciated.

Sincerely,

**County Executive Director** 

# 62 Compliance Provisions (Continued)

# **C** Determining Eligible Producers

Loanmaking County Offices that received information from processors according to subparagraphs A and B shall follow procedures in this table to determine whether a person has complied with conservation and acreage reporting provisions.

Step	Action
1	By <b>September 1</b> , review list of names and addresses received from the processor.
2	Develop a verification list of persons for the applicable crop year and identify the County Office that maintains their farm records. This can presently be obtained through the Service Center Information Management System. Send this list through the State Office to the State Office of the county that maintains the producer's records to verify that the following are on file:
	• AD-1026
	• FSA-578.
3	Verifying the County Office from the list in step 2, determine whether the persons listed have complied with the compliance and certification provisions on AD-1026 and FSA-578, for the applicable crop year.
4	Provide the loanmaking office with:
	•*lists of eligible and/or ineligible persons immediately after the determination* is made
	• updated lists as applicable
	• send copy to State Offices in both verifying and loanmaking County Office.

**Note:** If requested by the processor, FSA will supply them with information on certified acres.

# 63 Handling Ineligibility

#### A Ineligibility Notification

Loanmaking County Offices shall advise processors in writing about persons who were determined eligible and/or ineligible for program benefits by **October 1**.

#### **B** Determining Ineligibility After Loan Disbursement

If noncompliance with HELC or WC or acreage reporting is later determined for the crop year and a refund from the processor is applicable because there is less sugar in storage than the quantity determined to be eligible, see subparagraph C for an example and do the following:

- notify the processor to refund the loan amount applicable to the ineligible quantity by repaying principal and interest using the notification letter in 8-LP, Exhibit 11, subparagraph N
- if payment is made within 30 calendar days after the date of the notification letter:
  - •\*--record the repayment in CLPS for the ineligible quantity--\*
  - ensure the repayment collection is also recorded in NRRS
- if payment is **not** made within 30 calendar days after the date of the notification letter:
  - send the applicable demand letter in 8-LP, paragraph 410

Notes: Currently the National office has no software in CLPS for violations. If there \*--is a settlement the automation team will work to remove the loan from--\* CLPS.

Contact the National Office for violation instructions.

# 63 Handling Ineligibility (Continued)

# C Example

This is an example of a quantity ineligible for loan because producer noncompliance was determined after loan disbursement.

IF	the processor has	THEN the processor must		
•	a total of 1,000,000 pounds raw cane or refined beet sugar in eligible storage	refund the loan amount applicable to the ineligible quantity, or in this example, 100,000 pounds.		
•	received a loan for an amount applicable to 500,000 pounds of sugar that was certified as eligible for loan			
•	subsequently determined, upon notification of noncompliance from loanmaking County Office, that 600,000 pounds of sugar in storage was delivered from ineligible producers			

# 64-73 (Reserved)

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#### Section 2 Verification and Application of Sugar Loans

#### 74 Verifying CCC's Loan Interest

#### A Verifying In-Process Quantity and Eligibility for Loan

**When possible before** loan disbursement for in-process loans, including repledged loans, but never later than the 15<sup>th</sup> calendar day after disbursement, County Offices shall verify, using SU-2, that:

- the sugar is located where indicated on SU-2
- processor's production and marketing records support the quantity for which a loan is requested.

**Notes:** Prepare SU-2 according to paragraph 75.

Verifying sugar for loan may include any of the following:

- visual inspection of sugar for loan at storage location
- reviewing processor records of production and marketing, such as daily logs, activity reports, etc.

# 74 Verifying CCC's Loan Interest (Continued)

## **B** Verifying In-Process Sugar Stored in Other States

Loanmaking County Offices shall also verify, according to subparagraph A, if a loan application includes sugar stored in a State other than where processor has headquarters.

The loanmaking County Office that accepts SU-2 shall notify, through their State Office, all States where sugar is stored, of the locations and quantities. The State Office shall, upon receiving notification from the State Office for the loanmaking county, request County Office where sugar is stored to verify eligibility and quantity according to subparagraph A.

## **C** Notifying County Offices

Notification may be by either of the following methods:

- •\*--send copies of SU-2 covering the processor's lots by e-mail or mail
- provide the information necessary for other States to prepare SU-2's for processors' lots by e-mail, FAX, or telephone.--\*

County Offices that receive notification according to this subparagraph shall, if the information is correct as represented on SU-2:

- have verifier initial and date verification beside SU-2, item 8
- keep a copy of SU-2
- send a copy to their State Office who will notify the loanmaking County Office through their State Office.

If **not** correct, the verifying County Office shall immediately notify their State Office and the loanmaking State and County Office by telephone of the discrepancy.

If the discrepancy is not corrected, do either of the following:

- do not approve SU-2
- call the loan if loan has already been disbursed.

#### D Loans Covered by KC-227 or KC-227-A

County Offices may conduct a pre-loan inspection to verify warehouse-stored loans represented by KC-227 or KC-227-A according to subparagraphs A through C, if determined by the County Office that it is necessary to protect CCC's interest.

# 75 Recording Data on SU-2

# A Preparing SU-2

County Offices shall prepare SU-2 according to this table for **all** sugar loans. A copy of Exhibits 17 and 18 shall be given to sugar processors with each cane sugar loan requested.

Item	Instructions						
1	Enter name and address of processor.						
2A	Enter the total storage capacity the processor owns and leases.						
	<b>Note:</b> If space is leased, enter only the space that is committed, under written obligation, to store the processor's sugar.						
2B	Enter the ineligible quantity in storage, including sugar:						
	• processed in previous years						
	• currently under loan						
	• in deteriorating condition						
	• representing production from ineligible producers, including producers determined to be ineligible because of regulations governing HELC, WC, acreage report, or controlled substance violations.						
2C	Enter the eligible quantity in storage that is both of the following:						
	<ul> <li>owned by the processor or jointly owned by the processor and producers</li> <li>physically in the storage facility described in item 2 b.</li> </ul>						
3							
*4A	Enter crop year. Enter commodity.						
4B							
4B 4C	If this is an initial loan, enter a checkmark.						
4C 4D	If this is a repledged loan, enter a checkmark.						
	If this is a supplemental loan, enter a checkmark*						
5 6	Enter required information.						
0	Enter names of all lienholders.						
	<b>Note:</b> If there are no lienholders, processors shall enter " <b>none</b> " and initial the entry.						
7	For:						
	• farm-stored loans, number the lots sequentially beginning with number "1" on processor's first SU-2.						
	<b>Notes:</b> Do <b>not</b> include in a lot, sugar offered for loan that is stored at more than 1 address.						
	One address may have more than 1 designated lot, if both of the following apply:						
	• the sugar is separated						
	• processor requests more than 1 designated lot.						
	• warehouse-stored loans, from KC-227 or KC-227-A enter both the:						
	• warehouse code from item 4						
	• control number assigned by the warehouse operator in item 8.						

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# 75 Recording Data on SU-2 (Continued)

# A Preparing SU-2 (Continued)

Item	Instructions				
8	Enter the State and County location of the facility.				
9	Enter a checkmark in the appropriate checkbox to indicate the type of sugar processed.				
	Note: Only 1 type can be checked for the loan.				
10	For:				
	• farm-stored loans, enter the total number of pounds in storage to be placed under loan				
	<b>Notes:</b> For bulk raw cane sugar:				
	• the processor shall provide weight and polarization, or satisfactory records to substantiate the quantity for which the loan is requested				
	• do <b>not</b> adjust loan quantity for polarity				
	• independent polarity sampling, at the processor's expense, will be done at forfeiture for settlement purposes.				
	If a nonloanmaking office is providing quantity and eligibility verification to a loanmaking office, verifier shall enter initials and date beside the lot number.				
	Ensure that the quantity entered in storage is equal to or less than the eligible quantity from item 2 c.				
	• warehouse-stored loans, from KC-227 or KC-227-A, enter the total net pounds from item 10 A.				
* * *	* * *				
*11	Enter the applicable loan rate from Exhibit 9.				
12	Enter the result of multiplying item 10 <b>times</b> item 11.				
13	Enter the total from columns 10 and 12*				
Part B	The processor shall read Part B before signing the processor certification of eligible sugar.				
Part C	• Authorized CCC representative shall sign and date <b>after</b> verifying that the information on SU-2 is correct.				
	Enter County Office name, address, and telephone number.				

# 75 Recording Data on SU-2 (Continued)

# **B** Example of SU-2

\*\_\_\_

The following is an example of SU-2.

J-2 U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE				RE					
08-18-22)	Commodity Credit Corporation								
		APPLICATION							
U.S.C. 714 et seq.), and State. Local government	7 CFR Part 1435. The information wi agencies. Tribal agencies. and nonoc	y Act of 1974 (5 USC 552a - as amended). I be used to determine applicant eligibility to vernmental entities that have been authorize untary. However, failure to furnish the reque	receive CCC financing o d access to the informat	f a non recourse suga ion by statue or regul	er loan under the Sug lation and/or as desc	par Loan Program. The information of mbed in applicable Routine Uses iden	llected on this form may be dis tried in the System of Records i	closed to other Federal, Notice by USDA/FSA-14	
Paperwork Reduction	Act (PRA) Statement: The informatic ETED FORM TO YOUR COUNTY FS.	n collection is exempted from PRA as specifi	ied in 7 U.SC. 8781(c)(2)	The provisions of a	ppropriate criminal a	and civil fraud, privacy, and other statu	tes may be applicable to the inf	ormation provided.	
	R, LOAN, AND COMMO								
NAME AND MAILING ADD		2. STORAGE FACILITY INFORMATION		3 CROP	3. CROP YEAR 4A. COMMODITY:		5 STATE & CO	5. STATE & COUNTY CODES AN	
(Including Zip Code)						B. Initial Loan	LOAN NU		
		A. Total Capacity (Lbs.)				C. Repledged Loan			
		B. Ineligible quantity in storage (L	.bs.)			D. Supplemental Loan			
		C. Eligible quantity in storage (Lb	s.)	6. LIENH	IOLDER(S)			I	
-	1	<u> </u>				1 10			
7. WAREHOUSE	LOCAT	8. LOCATION OF FACILITY		9. TYPE OF SUGAR		10. QUANTITY FOR LOAN	11. LOAN RATE PER LB.	12. LOAN VALUE	
NUMBER				(Check one below		(Lbs.) <u>1/</u>		\$	
			Sugar Cane	Sugar Beet	In Process				
					13. TOTAL	S:			
		cial weight). Adjustments for polarity w	ill be made upon set	tlement based on i	independent sam	pling and testing at the processo	r's expense. The schedule	of premiums and	
iscounts to be used is available									
ART B – PROCESSOF 4. I hereby request a Comm		loan on the above-identified commodity	Logetify all of the fe	llowing: (1) Loom	the commodity: (	) I have neid or will now all mod	usars at loast the votes room	inad in	
loan is free and clear of defined in 7 CFR Part 40	all liens, security interests and en 30 Crop Insurance, or (3) 7 CFR .	ntity for loan is in existence, is stored w umbrances, except as shown above. Th 2017 18 Controlled Substances, the pro- the ineligible sugar has been pledged as a	ie processor specified ocessor has not pledge	' in Part A Item 1 o ed as collateral for	f this application such a loan a qua	certifies that the quantity of sugar antity sugar which is equivalent to	pledged as collateral for la the quantity derived from s	xan is eligible sugar o such producer's suga	
		converted will equal the pounds certific							
0 00 C	ants delinquent on any Federal N		)						
Are you or any co-applic	NATURE	14B. TITLE					14C. DAT	E (MM-DD-YYYY)	
0 00 C									
Are you or any co-applic 4A. PROCESSOR'S SIGN			1 :4 9	D 1.0	7 GED D	1425			
Are you or any co-applic 4A. PROCESSOR'S SIGN PART C – COUNTY FSA				NTY OFFICE N				EPHONE NUMBER	
Are you or any co-applic 4A. PROCESSOR'S SIGN ART C – COUNTY FS/ This certifies that the abo	ove-named processor is a			INT OFFICE N	AME AND ADI	JRESS		ude Area Code)	
Are you or any co-applic 4A. PROCESSOR'S SIGN PART C – COUNTY FSA	ove-named processor is a	15B. DATE (MM-DD-YY	(1) 150.000						
Are you or any co-applie 4A. PROCESSOR'S SIGN ART C – COUNTY FSA his certifies that the abu 5A. FOR COUNTY FSA C accordance with Federal ciril gifts is accordance with Federal ciril gifts is accordance with rederal ciril gifts is	ove-named processor is a COMMITTEE w and U.S. Department of Agriculture (US	DA) civil rights regulations and policies, the USC	A, its Agencies, offices, an	d employees, and instit blic assistance program	tutions participating in 9, polítical beliefs, or re	or administering USDA programs are pro sprisal or retaliation for prior civil rights act	hibited from discriminating based of ivity, in any program or activity cor	on race, color, national or inducted or funded by USE	

# C Preparing and Distributing SU-2

Loanmaking County Offices shall:

- **prepare** SU-2 in duplicate for **all** loans, both farm- and warehouse-stored, including loan conversions
- **distribute** SU-2 as follows:
  - file original in processor's loan folder
  - send 1 copy to processor.

76-85 (Reserved)

Par. 75

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#### 86 Spot-Check Provisions

#### A Processed Loans

DACO is responsible for monitoring quantity and quality of processed loans represented by KC-227's and KC-227-A's.

\*--Note: County Offices are not to spot-check processed sugar commodity loans.

## **B** Loanmaking County Office Spot Checks for In-Process Loans

For all in-process sugar loans, each **loanmaking** County Office shall take the following action for spot checking sugar processors on the National Spot-Check List.

Step	Action			
1	Initiate a spot check of each processor's total outstanding in-process loan quantity as			
	of the date the National Spot-Check List is posted*			
2	Ensure that the quantity pledged for collateral equals or exceeds the loan quantity.			
3	Visually check the tanks storing the in-process sugar.			
4	Verify that the storage structure is adequate for the safe storage and maintenance of			
	the collateral.			
5	Review processor records to verify the ability to store in-process sugar, as applicable.			
6	Notify sugar storage verifying County Office through verifying State Office to:			
	<ul><li>initiate spot check on applicable loans</li><li>provide quantities under loan.</li></ul>			
	Follow subparagraph 74 C for procedure on what to send to the verifying County Office through their State Office. The verifying County Office, through their State Office, shall notify the loanmaking State Office who in turn will notify the loanmaking County Office.			

Notes: A spot check may be initiated at any other time STC or COC considers it necessary.

\*--County Office will be spot-checking all outstanding in-process sugar loans for the processors on the National Compliance Spot-Check List as of the date the National Spot-Check List is posted. All new crop year in-process loans are required to be spot-checked with 15 calendar days after disbursement according to subparagraph 74 A.

Handle cases of unauthorized removal, disposition, or sugar threatened with deterioration according to paragraph 97.

#### 86 Spot-Check Provisions (Continued)

# C Verifying County Office Spot Checks

Each in-process sugar storage **verifying** County Office shall take the following action for spot checks.

Step	Action					
1	Be notified by the loanmaking County Office, through their State Office, of:					
	• request for spot check					
	• quantity under loan at time of spot check.					
2	Maintain SU-2 showing the current loan collateral in its verifying jurisdiction.					
3	Conduct random spot checks as necessary to monitor maintenance of collateral.					
	Note: Random spot checks may be initiated when it is noted there is unusual movement					
	out of a storage location or at any other time it is considered necessary.					
4	Keep original spot-check report in processor's loan folder and send copies according to					
	subparagraph 74 C.					

## \*--D Verifying Other Required Reviews

County Offices are required to:

- annually verify the eligibility of producers to determine the maximum eligible quantity a sugar processer may put under loan according to paragraphs 62 and 63
- review the producer's annual growers contract with the processors to verify that processors are paying at least the applicable minimum payment to their producers according to paragraph 175
- complete CCC-770 SU-1 and CCC-770 SU-2 according to subparagraph 2 J.
- **Note:** As part of the annual compliance spot check, County Offices shall verify that these required reviews were completed, as instructed, for the applicable crop year sugar loans.

#### E Recording Sugar Commodity Loan Spot-Check Results

County Offices shall record findings from compliance reviews and spot checks in the National compliance review database.

**Note:** If the selected sugar processors on the National Compliance Spot-Check List are participants in any other CCC or FSA programs, County Offices shall also spot-check the processor on those programs.--\*

# 86 Spot-Check Provisions (Continued)

# F DD Review

DD's shall:

- review processors' loan folders to:
  - verify calculations
  - ensure that current policies are being followed
- document results of the review in processors' loan folder.

# 87-96 (Reserved)

# Section 4 Loan Maintenance

#### 97 Maintaining Loan Collateral

#### A Processor Responsibilities

The processor shall be responsible at all times for maintaining in eligible storage, eligible sugar of sufficient quantity and quality to satisfy the loan indebtedness to CCC.

Note: CCC will not assume any losses in the quality or quantity of the loan collateral.

#### **B** Insurance Requirements

County Offices shall advise the processor that:

- CCC does **not** require a processor to insure sugar pledged as loan collateral
- if the processor does insure sugar pledged for loan and the loan is subsequently called because the sugar is damaged or destroyed, insurance indemnities, which shall be paid by the insurer, shall be assigned to CCC to pay any outstanding loan obligation.

**Note:** If the indemnity paid is less than the loan obligation, CCC will seek payment for the remaining amount from the processor.

#### C Deteriorating Loan Collateral

\*--If deterioration of sugar under loan is reported by the processor, contact AMS immediately--\* at 816-926-6446.

#### **D** Substituting Collateral

Substituting sugar in another location for loan collateral is **not** permitted under the Sugar Loan Program.

#### 98-110 (Reserved)

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#### Part 5 Repayment of Loans

## Section 1 Repayment Provisions

#### **111 Repaying Loans**

#### **A Basic Repayment Provisions**

A processor may repay a loan in full or in part any time before CCC acquires the collateral by paying an amount representing the quantity redeemed, plus interest.

For:

- **full** redemption of a sugar loan, release the entire loan quantity
- **partial** redemption of a sugar loan, release the quantity redeemed.

KC-227 and KC-227-A must be repaid in full. Obtaining replacement documents is **not** authorized.

#### **B** Recording Repayments

\*--Loans may be repaid by check or wire transfer. Record the repayment through CLPS, according to 16-PS.--\*

Prepare and deposit collections according to 3-FI and 64-FI.

#### C Releasing UCC-1

After CCC-677, for in-process sugar, and CCC-678, for all other sugar loans, are released to the processor, prepare and file documents necessary to release UCC-1 or other security instrument.

The release of any security documents shall be at the processor's expense.

#### D Releasing CCC-677 or CCC-678 and KC-227's

Mark the original copies of CCC-677 or CCC-678 "Paid" and return to processor when the loan is completely liquidated through redemption. Release KC-227 or KC-227-A to the processor as each is repaid on a loan.

#### 112-122 (Reserved)

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# Section 2 Information and Application of Interest

## 123 Interest Rates

## A Effective Interest Rate

Under FAIR Act of 1996, 1996 and subsequent crop year sugar loans accrue interest at 1 percentage point higher than CCC lending rate for the applicable month.

The interest rate in effect when a loan is executed is the rate charged CCC by the U.S. Treasury during the month the disbursement is made. This initial rate for the loan disbursement will remain in effect until adjusted each January 1 after the disbursement is made on the outstanding loan amount.

## **B** Applying Interest

\*--For regular loan repayments, interest is computed through CLPS.

When CLPS is not operating, see 16-PS and 8-LP, paragraph 26 to:--\*

- determine interest
- apply interest
- compute interest manually.

# **123** Interest Rates (Continued)

# C Assessing Interest

Processors redeeming loans shall be assessed interest according to this table.

**Note:** The disbursement interest rate will remain in effect until adjusted each January 1, to the rate in effect on January 1.

Processors redeeming a loan that				
has a total aggregate principal				
amount of \$500,000 or more and	THEN			
repayment is by <b>check</b>	assess interest from the loan disbursement date through the day after the			
repuyment is by check	date of repayment.			
	date of repuyment.			
	<b>Example:</b> A processor receiving a sugar loan disbursement on			
	*February 3, 2022, and repaying the loan by check on			
	April 15, 2022, would be assessed interest from February			
	through April 16, or 74 calendar days.			
repayment is by wire transfer	• assess interest from the loan disbursement date up to but not			
	including the second day before the date of repayment			
	<b>Example:</b> A processor receiving a sugar loan disbursement on			
	February 3, 2022, and repaying the loan by wire			
	transfer on April 15, 2022, would be assessed interest			
	from February 3 through April 12, or 70 calendar			
	days.			
	• according to 64-FI:*			
	• process a wire transfer:			
	<ul> <li>schodula number log</li> </ul>			
	<ul><li>schedule number log</li><li>deposit file</li></ul>			
	• deposit me			
	• prepare CCC-258.			
	Note: On loans with the total aggregated principal amount of			
	\$500,000 or more that were disbursed by EFT and repaid			
	*by wire transfer. CLPS calculates interest to the 2 <sup>nd</sup> day			
	before repayment*			
Processors redeeming a loan that				
has a total aggregate principal				
amount of less than \$500,000 and	THEN			
repayment is by check <b>or</b> wire	• assess interest from the loan disbursement date up to, but not			
transfer	including, the date of repayment			
	•*according to 64-FI, process a wire transfer.			
	<b>Example:</b> A processor receiving a sugar loan disbursement on			
	February 3, 2022 and repaying the loan by check or wire			
	transfer on April 15, 2022, would be assessed interest*			
	from February 3 through April 14, or 72 calendar days.			

# 124-135 (Reserved)

# Part 6 Loan Maturity and Forfeitures

# **136** County Office Notice to Processors Before Maturity

# A Loan Maturity Report

\*--The National Office currently does not have reports in CLPS for loan maturity.

# **B** County Office Notice to Processors Before Maturity

County Offices shall print a list of maturing loans using SORS reporting:

- at least 45 calendar days, but not more than 60 calendar days, before maturity
- use the list of maturing loans and prepare notification letters for loans nearing maturity.--\*

# **C** Loan Maturity Notification

County Offices shall notify each processor by letter with maturing loans:

- of the maturity date
- at least 45 calendar days, but not more than 60 calendar days, before the loan maturity date.
- \*--Notes: Use example letters provided in subparagraphs D and E. The loan maturity--\* notification letters serve as reminders to the sugar processors. Nonreceipt of a loan maturity letter does **not** negate the processor's responsibility for repaying the outstanding loan principal plus interest, if applicable, by the loan maturity date provided on signed CCC-677 or CCC-678.

CCC is **not** allowed to require sugar processors to provide advance notification of their intent to forfeit sugar to CCC.

10-SU (Rev. 4) Amend. 17

# 136 County Office Notice to Processors Before Maturity (Continued)

# \*--D Example Cane Sugar or Beet Sugar Loan Maturity Letter--\*

The following is an example of a loan maturity notification letter for cane sugar or beet sugar loans.

**Note:** Nonreceipt of a loan maturity letter does **not** negate the processor's responsibility for repaying the outstanding loan principal plus interest, if applicable, by the loan maturity date provided on signed CCC-677 or CCC-678.

\*--

(Date)

Processor's Name Address City, State, ZIP Code

Dear Sugar Processor:

This letter serves as notification that your (crop year, commodity) warehouse-stored loan (loan number) will mature (maturity date). If the maturity date falls on a non-workday, the loan may be repaid on the next business day.

You may, any time before loan maturity, repay all or any part of the loan collateral by paying the Commodity Credit Corporation (CCC) the applicable principal plus interest.

If you do not repay the loan, title to the unredeemed loan collateral, as described in the note and security agreement, will transfer to CCC in-store at the CCC-approved warehouse at 12 a.m. the next business day following the maturity date of the loan. Title, all rights, and interest to such loan collateral shall immediately vest in CCC.

From the point of title transfer, your company will be contacted by the Agricultural Marketing Service to process the final settlement on the basis of weight/scale tickets upon eventual load out. Quality premiums and discounts will be applied at that time.

Our records do not reflect that you have filed for bankruptcy protection under Title 11 of the United States Code. If you have filed for bankruptcy, please notify us so that we may update our records and proceed to resolve this debt in accordance with bankruptcy procedures.

Please contact this office if you have any questions, or to inspect and copy records associated with the loan.

Sincerely,

County Executive Director

--\*

#### 136 County Office Notice to Processors Before Maturity (Continued)

#### \*--E In-Process Sugar Loan Maturity Letter--\*

The following is an example of a loan maturity notification letter for in-process sugar loans.

**Note:** Nonreceipt of a loan maturity letter does **not** negate the processor's responsibility for repaying the outstanding loan principal plus interest, if applicable, by the loan maturity date provided on signed CCC-677.

#### (Date)

Processor's Name Address City, State, ZIP Code

Dear Sugar Processor:

This letter serves as notification that your (crop year) in-process sugar loan (loan number) will mature (maturity date). If the maturity date falls on a non-workday, the loan may be repaid on the next business day.

You may, any time before loan maturity, repay all or any part of the loan collateral by paying the Commodity Credit Corporation (CCC) the applicable principal plus interest.

If you do not repay the loan, the loan collateral will be forfeited to CCC. Since this loan was an in-process sugar loan, CCC's loan agreement with you specifies that you must convert the forfeited in-process sugar loan quantity to refined sugar within 30 calendar days from loan maturity. The refined sugar will be accepted by CCC as payment in full of principal and interest, provided the refined sugar is of acceptable grade and quality for sugar loans.

After the conversion you must present CCC with either a KC-227 or KC-227-A. CCC may make a payment to you based on the quality on the KC-227 or KC-227-A if the value of the processed sugar forfeited exceeds the loan principal amount. You will be liable for the deficiency if the value of the processed sugar is less than the amount of principal loaned to you.

If the transfer of the refined sugar of suitable quality to CCC does not occur within 30 calendar days from maturity, CCC may charge liquidated damages according to the Sugar Loan Program regulation in 7 CFR Part 1435.105(i)(4).

Our records do not reflect that you have filed for bankruptcy protection under Title 11 of the United States Code. If you have filed for bankruptcy, please notify us so that we may update our records and proceed to resolve this debt in accordance with bankruptcy procedures.

Please contact this office if you have any questions, or to inspect and copy records associated with the loan.

Sincerely,

County Executive Director

#### 137 Loan Forfeiture Procedures

#### A Nonrecourse Loans

For loans forfeited to CCC, loanmaking County Offices shall follow 16-PS. For loans that will be delivered, contact the National Office for assistance.

- **Note:** Processed loans shall be forfeited the day after maturity unless the maturity date falls on a nonworkday. In this case, the maturity date shall be the next workday and the loan, if still outstanding, shall be forfeited the following day.
- •\*--send a copy of the following to AMS at:--\*

COMMODITY MANAGEMENT DIVISION MERCHANDISING BRANCH BEACON FACILITY STOP 8748 P O BOX 419205 KANSAS CITY, MO 64141-6205 Telephone 816-926-3816 FAX 816-823-1804

- sugar warehouse receipts
- KC-227 or KC-227-A
- not release custody of the original CCC-677 or CCC-678 or mark it "paid" until notified
   \*--that the full loan quantity is covered by a storage agreement entered into between AMS and a warehouse operator.

AMS will process final settlements with processor on the basis of weight/scale tickets at--\* destination.

Quality premiums and discounts will be applied at the time of forfeiture or settlement to sugarcane loans **only** (Exhibits 17 and 18).

#### **137** Loan Forfeiture Procedures (Continued)

#### **B** In-Process Loans

For matured in-process loans, loanmaking County Offices shall ensure that:

- the letter in Exhibit 19 is mailed the 1<sup>st</sup> workday after maturity
- collateral is converted into raw or refined beet sugar within 1 month of loan maturity
- after the conversion is fully processed into raw cane or refined beet sugar, the processor shall transfer the sugar to CCC
- upon transferring the sugar, CCC will make a payment to the processor based on KC-227 or KC-227-A in an amount equal to the amount obtained by multiplying the difference between the loan rate the processor received times the quantity of sugar transferred to CCC.

If the processor forfeits the in-process sugar loan collateral but does not transfer raw or refined beet sugar of suitable quality to CCC within 1 month of maturity, CCC may charge \*--liquidated damages according to 7 CFR 1435.105(i)(4).--\*

#### C Processor Storage Agreement

At maturity, a processor shall:

- agree to continue storing any loan collateral sugar that is forfeited to CCC
- at all times be responsible for maintaining the quality, quantity, and condition of the CCC-owned sugar in storage
- store sugar forfeited to CCC in eligible storage for as long as CCC considers necessary.

**Notes:** CCC shall make monthly storage payments to the processor for the period of time the forfeited sugar remains in CCC inventory.

The storage payment rate shall be as agreed to by CCC and the processor, according to the terms and conditions in CCC-678.

Par. 137

## **138** Reporting Forfeiture Activity

#### A County Office Action

County Offices shall report to State Offices all sugar loan forfeitures by 9 a.m. (local time) on the 1<sup>st</sup> workday after the loan matures. The report shall include the following:

- processor's name
- loan number
- quantity
- storage location
- type (raw cane, processed beet, or in-process).

#### **B** State Office Action

State Offices shall submit the report received from the County Office to PSD:

- •\*--by e-mail to toni.williams@usda.gov--\*
- no later than 10 a.m. (local time) the 1<sup>st</sup> workday after the loan matures.

#### 139-150 (Reserved)

#### Par. 151

#### Part 7 Processor Payments

#### Section 1 Processor Payments to Producers

#### 151 Processor Payment Requirements to Producers

#### A Basic Processor Payment Requirements

Processors who obtain nonrecourse loans must certify on SU-2 that they have paid or will pay at least the minimum payment level. \*\*\* Sugarcane processors who receive CCC loans are required to make minimum payments for all \*\*\* sugarcane received from growers. \*\*\* Processors **must** certify on SU-2 that they have paid or will pay at least the minimum payment level.

\*--The 2008 Farm Bill requires that, "the sugar beet minimum payment is no less than the price stipulated in the grower/processor contract".--\*

#### **B** Penalty for Processor Who Fails to Pay Producer

If a processor does not pay all eligible producers at least the minimum payment level specified by CCC:

- CCC shall immediately call all of the processor's outstanding sugar loans
- processor shall be ineligible for all future CCC loans during the subsequent crop year.

#### **C** Producers Eligible for Payment

Eligible producers who deliver sugar beets or sugarcane to a processor who:

- does **not** participate in the Sugar Loan Program will **not** be guaranteed the minimum payment level
- participates in the Sugar Loan Program **shall** receive the minimum payment level when nonrecourse loans are in effect.

152-162 (Reserved)

**Notes:** See Exhibit 10 for information about minimum level payment policy for sugarcane\* \* \*.

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#### Section 2 Payment Requirements to Producers of Sugar Beets

#### 163 Minimum Payment Level for Sugar Beets

#### A Basic Policy

Processors obtaining nonrecourse loans are required to pay eligible producers of sugar beets \*--the minimum payment that is no more than the price stipulated in the contract between the grower and the processor.--\*

#### **B** Processor Incentives and Deductions

Processor incentives and deductions shall be treated as follows:

- additional allowances, incentives, or reimbursements to producers, as provided in a producer-processor contract, are considered an additional benefit or premium and shall **not** be considered part of minimum level payments
- applicable costs may be deducted from the payment by the processor, if agreed upon and provided for in a written grower-processor contract or addendum to this contract.

164-174 (Reserved)

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## Section 3 Spot Checks to Determine Payment to Producers

## **175** Determining Payment to Producers

#### **A** Spot Check Procedures

Loanmaking offices shall follow this table to spot-check processors for minimum level payment compliance for sugarcane.

**Note:** The spot check for sugar beet processors has been eliminated. The 2008 Farm Bill requires that the sugar beet minimum payment is no more than the price stipulated in the grower/processor contract.

Step	Action
1	Determine which sugarcane processor placed loans with CCC in the last FY.
	<b>Note:</b> Depending on when harvest normally occurs, the spot check must be scheduled with the processors between October 1 and May 1.
2	Randomly select settlement sheets of 5 percent of the producers who delivered sugarcane to each of these processors.
	County Offices <b>must</b> compare the price paid per pound of sugar that appears on the grower's settlement sheet for FY to the State loan rate, according to Exhibit 9.
	The processor is in compliance if the price paid per pound of sugar at the 96 degree polarity on the grower's settlement sheet is greater than or equal to the loan rate of the State in which the sugarcane is produced.
3	Review with the processor any case in which noncompliance is indicated.
	• County Offices conducting the spot checks shall send to State Office a summary of noncompliance cases, including the percentage of spot checks involved.
	• State Offices shall send County Offices' summaries and summary of noncompliance cases they spot check, including percentage of checks involved, to PSD for review and further instructions.
	Note: Report individual cases only if compliance is not achieved.
4	Keep, in the processor's loan folder, documentary record of each spot check, including:
	<ul><li> date of spot check</li><li> name of person doing the check.</li></ul>

#### 175 Determining Payment to Producers (Continued)

#### \*--B National Report

SED's or designee must report the following for each County Office conducting spot checks according to subparagraph A to the National Office:

- name of processors reviewed by County Office
- name of the producers who delivered sugarcane to the processors reviewed by County Office
- number of reviews that were in compliance
- number of reviews that were not in compliance
- reason for non-compliance and processors name
- corrective action provided to the County Office to resolve the noncompliance findings.

SED or designee must e-mail the report to **toni.williams@usda.gov** by the 4<sup>th</sup> Friday in October each year.

The National Office may request additional information after the reports are received.--\*

176-186 (Reserved)

## Parts 8-14 (Reserved)

**187-330** (Reserved)

#### \*--Part 15 Sugar Loan Functions in CLPS--\*

Section 1 (Withdrawn—Amend. 25)

#### 331-334 (Withdrawn--Amend. 25) 335-345 (Reserved)

Section 2 (Withdrawn—Amend. 25)

346, 347 (Withdrawn—Amend. 25) 348-358 (Reserved)

Section 3 (Withdrawn—Amend. 25)

359-362 (Withdrawn—Amend. 25)

363-373 (Reserved)

Section 4 (Withdrawn—Amend. 25)

374 (Withdrawn—Amend. 25)375-385 (Reserved)

#### Section 5 In-Process Loan Settlements/Converting to Processed Sugar

#### \*--386 Automation Processes

#### **A** Introduction

A future CLPS release will include the automated process for converting in-process sugar at loan settlement.

#### **B** Manual Settlements for Converting In-Process Sugar

Loan settlements for converting in-process sugar cannot be processed manually when CLPS is not operational. Process the settlement for converting in-process sugar when CLPS is operational.

If the settlement for converting in-process sugar is being re-entered after a correction, use the original settlement processing date for converting the in-process sugar loan.

#### **C** IRS Reporting

Information processed during settlements for converting in-process sugar will be reported to IRS according to 62-FI.--\*

#### 387 (Withdrawn—Amend. 25)

**388-399** (Reserved)

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## \*--Part 16 Correcting CLPS Transactions--\*

400, 401, 402, 403, 404, 405, 406 (Withdrawn--Amend. 25)

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## **Reports, Forms, Abbreviations, and Redelegations of Authority**

## Reports

None

## Forms

This table lists all forms referenced in this handbook.

		Display	
Number	Title	Reference	Reference
AD-1026	Highly Erodible Land Conservation (HELC)		3, 62
	and Wetland Conservation (WC) Certification		
CCC-10	Representations for Commodity Credit		48
	Corporation or Farm Service Agency Loans and		
	Authorization to File a Financing Statement and		
	Related Documents		
CCC-184 <u>1</u> /	CCC Check		402
CCC-258	Wire Transfer of Funds		123
CCC-500	Loan Repayment Receipt		111, 123
CCC-601	Commodity Credit Corporation Note and		2
	Security Agreement Terms and Conditions		
CCC-677	Farm Storage Note and Security Agreement		2, 111, 137
CCC-677A	Sugar Loan Addendum	Ex. 4	2
CCC-678	Warehouse Storage Note and Security		2, 111, 123, 137
	Agreement		
CCC-679	Lien Waiver		47
CCC-692	Settlement Statement		137

<u>1</u>/ Obsolete.

## Reports, Forms, Abbreviations, and Redelegations of Authority (Continued)

		Display	
Number	Title	Reference	Reference
CCC-770 SU-1	Initial Sugar Loan Processing Checklist	Ex. 6	2,86
CCC-770 SU-2	Sugar Processors Initial Eligibility	Ex. 7	2,86
	Determination for Loans Checklist		
CCC-901	Members Information 2009 and Subsequent		7
	Years		
IRS Form 1065	Partner's Share of Income, Deductions,		7
(Schedule K-1)	Credits, etc.		
FSA-211	Power of Attorney		7
FSA-578	Report of Acreage		3, 62
KC-227	Raw Sugar Certification Report	34	Text
KC-227-A	Refined Sugar Certification Report	34	Text, Ex. 19
SF-LLL	Disclosure of Lobbying Activities		4
SF-LLL-A	Disclosure of Lobbying Activities		4
	Continuation Sheet		
SU-2	Application for Nonrecourse Sugar Loan	75	2, 46, 47, 50, 74,
			86, 137, 151
UCC-1	Financing Statement		2, 48, 111

## Forms (Continued)

## Abbreviation Not Listed in 1-CM

The following abbreviation is not listed in 1-CM.

Approved		
Abbreviation	Term	Reference
ICUMSA	International Commission for Uniform Methods of Sugar Analysis	Ex. 17
NRRS	National Receipts and Receivables System	Text
OLP	On-line Payments	48

## **Redelegations of Authority**

Redelegation of authority is provided in paragraph 7.

#### **Definitions of Terms Used in This Handbook**

\* \* \*

#### **Crop Year**

Crop year means the period October 1 through September 30 of the applicable crop year.

**Note:** Sugar that is processed from desugaring molasses shall be considered as having been processed in the crop year during which the desugaring took place.

#### **Eligible Producer**

<u>Eligible producer</u> is the owner of a portion or all of the sugar beets, sugarcane, or in-process sugar including share rent landowners, at both the time of harvest and the time of delivery to the processor. Producers determined to be ineligible because of any of the following regulations are **ineligible** producers:

- HELC and WC provisions in 7 CFR Part 12
- controlled substance violations according to 7 CFR Part 718.

#### **Initial Loans**

<u>Initial loans</u> are loans disbursed from October 1 through September 30 of the applicable crop year.

#### **In-Process Loans**

<u>In-process loans</u> are nonrecourse loans made available to processors of a crop of domestically grown sugarcane or sugar beets for in-process sugars derived from the crop. The loan rate shall be equal to 80 percent of the loan rate applicable to raw cane sugar or refined beet sugar. In-process loans mature on the last day of the 9th month after the month the loan was disbursed.

#### **In-Process Sugar**

<u>In-process sugar</u> means the intermediate sugar containing products as CCC determines produced in the processing of domestic sugar beets and sugarcane. It does not include raw sugar, liquid sugar, inverted sugar, inverted syrup, or other finished products that are otherwise eligible for a loan.

#### Definitions of Terms Used in This Handbook (Continued)

#### **Nonrecourse Loan**

<u>Nonrecourse loan</u> is a loan for which the eligible sugar offered as loan collateral may be delivered or forfeited to CCC, at loan maturity, in satisfaction of the loan indebtedness.

#### **Normal Juice**

<u>Normal juice</u> is the undiluted juice extractable from sugarcane by a mill tandem, if no maceration water is added during the milling process.

#### Processor

<u>Processor</u> is a person or legal entity that commercially processes sugar beets into refined sugar or processes sugarcane into raw sugar, cane syrup, or edible molasses.

#### **Raw Value**

The <u>raw value</u> of any quantity of sugars means its equivalent in terms of ordinary commercial raw sugar testing 96 degrees by the polariscope.

The principal grades and types of sugar and liquid sugar are translated into raw value in the following manner for:

- **direct-consumption sugar**, derived from **sugar beets** and testing 92 or more sugar degrees by the polariscope, by multiplying the number of pounds times 1.07
- **sugar**, derived from **sugarcane** and testing more than 92 sugar degrees by the polariscope, by multiplying the number of pounds times the figure obtained by adding to 0.93 the result of multiplying 0.0175 times the number of degrees and fractions of a degree of polarization above 92 degrees
- **sugar** and **liquid sugar**, testing less than 92 sugar degrees by the polariscope, by dividing the number of pounds of the "total sugar content" by 0.972.

## **Repledged Loans**

<u>Repledged loans</u> are initial loans that:

- were repaid at principal plus interest before the loan maturity date
- are repledged before the final loan availability date by the same eligible processor
- mature on the same date as that of the original note and security agreement.

#### **Supplemental Loan**

<u>Supplemental loan</u> is a loan disbursed between October 1 and October 31, which was originally made in July, August, or September, and is repledged during the current loan year, not to exceed 9 months minus the number of whole months that the initial loan was in effect.

(Par. 2, 34)

# Example of CCC-677A

The following is an example of CCC-677A.

CCC-677A		U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICUL				
(08-18-22)	28-18-22) Commodity Credit Corporation SUGAR LOAN ADDENDUM					
	- fallowing statement is made in ar					
<ul> <li>NOTE: The following statement is made in accordance with the Privacy Ad of 1974 (5 USC 552a – as amended). The authority for requesting the information identified this form is the Agricultural Ad tof 2014 (7 U.S.C. 7971), the Commodity Credit Corporation Charter Act (15 U.S.C. 714 et seq.), and 7 CFR Part 1435. The information will be used to determine eligibility to participate in and receive benefits under the Sugar Loan Program. The information collected on this form may be disclosed to other Federal, State, Local government agencies, Tribal agencies, and nongovernmental entities that have been authorized access to the information by statute or regulation and/or as described in applicable Routine Uses identified in the System of Records Notice for USDA/FSA-14, Applicant/Borrower. Provid the requested information is voluntary. However, failure to furnish the requested information of meligibility to participate in and receive benefits under the Sugar Loan Program. The adjust the Agricultural Act of 2014 (7 U.S.C. 7971), the commodity of the requested information is voluntary.</li> <li>Provid the sugar Loan Program.</li> <li>Paperwork Reduction Act (PRA) Statement: The information collection is exempted from PRA as specified in 7 U.S.C. 8781(c)(2). The provisions of appropria criminal and civil fraud, privacy, and other statutes may be applicable to the information provided. RETURN THIS COMPLETED FORM TO YOUR COUNTY FS. OFFICE.</li> </ul>						
1. LOAN NUN		2. STATE AND COUNTY CODE	3. COUNTY OFFICE NAME AND ADDRESS			
identified loa warranties ar	an. This addendum shall be	a part of form CCC-677. By signing this a conditions specified in forms CCC-677, CC	d as set forth below, shall be applicable to the above ddendum, the borrower makes the representation an CC-678 and CCC-601, as amended by this instrumen			
A. General: 1. The word	: d "producer" shall mean"proces	ssor" whenever used.				
	n "County Committee" or "Count ee to make sugar loans" whene		mittee or County FSA Committee designated by the State F			
3. The term	۱ "Warehouse storage" shall mғ	ean "CCC approved Warehouse storage" whene	ver used.			
Septemb that the ii Septemb	per 30 following disbursement o initial loan was in effect. A proc	of the loan. For a supplemental loan the maturity cessor may repledge sugar as collateral for supp nust be requested during the following October, C	in which such loan proceeds are disbursed but no later that date will be nine months minus the number of whole mont lemental loans only for loans made during July, August or Commodity Credit Corporation (CCC) may at any time			
B. Specific o	changes in the following sec	ctions of Form CCC-601:				
1. Section 1	1 is revised as follows:					
(b) This	s subsection shall not be applic	able to sugar loans.				
(f) Sug	gar Loan Types.					
(i).		made no earlier than the beginning of the fiscal ng the day of disbursement. But, no later than Se	year and mature at the end of nine months beginning the fi eptember 30 <sup>th</sup> .			
(ii).	Supplemental loans are loans	s made on collateral that was repledged only for ween October 1 and October 31. For supplement	Ioans made in July, August or September. The supplemen tal Ioan the maturity date will be nine months minus the			
(iii).	process sugars derived from		a crop of domestically grown sugarcane or sugar beets for i ent of the loan rate applicable to raw cane sugar or refined ring the month the loan was disbursed.			
(iv).	been paid to all eligible produ	icers who have delivered sugar beet or sugarcar	n grower payment as required by 7 CFR 1435.106(c) has ne to such processor. Failure to make minimum grower delinquent minimum grower payments are paid in full.			
	DA programs are prohibited from discrimin	nating based on race, color, national origin, religion, sex, gender .	he USDA, its Agencies, offices, and employees, and institutions participating in identity (including gender expression), sexual orientation, disability, age, marite prior civil rights activity, in any program or activity conducted or funded by USE			
administering USD status, family/parer	v to all programs). Remedies and compla	aint filing deadlines vary by program or incident.				

--\*

# Example of CCC-677A (Continued)

ccc	C-677	<b>'A</b> (08	3-18-22)		Page 2 of 2
2.	Ser	ction 4	4 is revised by adding at the end th	ereof the following:	
	Ар	roces		aturity, redeem all or any part of the loan collateral by	paying CCC the applicable
		(i)	Agrees to convert the in-process suga	ar within 30 days, if this con∨ersion does not take place pena	alties will be assessed.
		(ii)	Agrees to share the proceeds with gro between the processor and the growe	owers when sugar pledged as collateral for a CCC loan is fo er.	rfeited, in accordance with the contra
3.	Sec	ction 7	7 is revised by adding the following	subsections:	
	(g)	time		ollateral may remain in eligible CCC approved warehouses un cessary by CCC. Charges payable by CCC for handling, sto	
		(i).	Receiving services performed prior to	o CCC ownership will not be paid.	
		(ii).		agreed to by CCC and the processor, but in no event, shall per hundredweight, per month for refined Beet sugar.	exceed \$0.08 per hundredweight, p
		(iii).	Loadout expenses, including charges	for weighing and bag-checking, if applicable, shall be for the	e account of the processor.
	(h)			title to its sugar instore, the handling, storage, and servicing C's rates, in effect at the time of title transfer until the earlier o	
		(i).	60 days, or		
		(ii).	Title to the sugar is transferred by the	e transferee to another party, or	
		(iii).	The sugar is loaded out of the storage	e structure by the transferee, or	
		(iv).	The sugar is loaded out if the transfer has transferred as specified by CCC.	ree, in writing, orders the sugar loaded out for immediate ship	pment, within 30 days after the date
	(1)	appa subs acco per 1 exac suffe witho	rrent the shipping schedule cannot be n tantial damage to CCC because of its u rdance with section 7 (f), the processor 100 pounds net per day, in addition to lo t damages which would be incurred by red by CCC as a result of the processor but the fault of the processor, the processor	shipments cannot be made as instructed, the processor shall met. Failure of the processor to ship in accordance with such urgent need for prompt delivery. In addition to the liquidated r shall pay to CCC, as compensation and not as a penalty, lic coss of daily storage payment. The parties mutually agree tha CCC, the liquidated damages specified are a reasonable es or's failure to meet the shipping schedule. If delays were cau ssor shall promptly furnish documentary evidence of the cau yond the processor's control, liquidated damages will not be	instructions will cause serious and damages that may be assessed in juidated damages at the rate of \$0.1 at in view of the difficulty of determin timate of the damages which would ised by reasons beyond the control is se(s) which resulted in late shipmen
4.	Sec	ction <sup>.</sup>	10 is revised to add the following:		
	(e)	conv suga rate	ersion is fully processed into raw Cane rr, CCC will make a Payment to the pro the processor received by the quality of	st be converted into raw Cane sugar or refined Beet sugar wi sugar or refined Beet sugar the processor shall transfer the cessor in an amount equal to the amount obtained by multipl f sugar transferred to CCC, if processor forfeits the in-proces gar or suitable quality to CCC within 30 days of loan maturity.	sugar to CCC. Upon transfer of the lying the difference between the loar as sugar loan collateral but does not
			essors who do not forfeit in-process su r, and may obtain a loan for the raw Ca	gar may repay the loan further process the in-process sugar ane sugar or refined Beet sugar.	s into raw Cane sugar or refined Bea
4A.	Nam	e of F	Processor (Print)	4B. Signature of Processor	4C. Date Signed (MM-DD-YYYY)
L					I

## Completing CCC-770 SU-1, Initial Sugar Loan Processing Checklist

## A Instructions for Completing CCC-770 SU-1

Complete CCC-770 SU-1 according to the following instructions.

Item	Instructions
1	Enter name of processor.
2	Enter date of loan application.
3	Enter crop year and * * * assigned loan number.
4	Enter applicable State name.
5	Enter name of the County Office that is completing the form.
6A	For each item listed, check either "Yes" or "No". Employee completing the action
through	
10H	column. Employee determining that action is not applicable shall also initial and date.
11A	Any County Office employee who initials in items 6 through 10 shall sign as preparer.
	Signing as preparer does <b>not</b> insinuate that an employee checked items 6 through 10
	only that this employee completed an item that was initialed by that employee.
11B	County Office employee who signs in item 11A shall enter current date.
12A	When applicable, CED or designated representative shall indicate concurrence with
	entries in items 6 through 10. See subparagraph 2 K for CED spot check procedure.
12B	CED or designated representative who completed item 12A shall enter signature.
12C	CED or designated representative who signed item 12B shall enter current date.
13A	When applicable, DD shall indicate concurrence with entries in items 6 through 10.
	See subparagraph 2 L for DD spot check procedure.
13B	DD who completed item 13A shall sign in this item.
13C	DD who signed item 13B shall enter current date.
14	Enter remarks, if applicable.

## Completing CCC-770 SU-1, Initial Sugar Loan Processing Checklist (Continued)

## **B** Example of CCC-770 SU-1

The following is an example of CCC-770 SU-1.

\*\_\_

CCC-770 SU-1 08-18-22)	U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE Commodity Credit Corporation	1. Name of Processor				
	ITIAL SUGAR LOAN CESSING CHECKLIST	2. Date of Application (MM-DD-YYYY)	3. Crop Year and Loan No.			
		4. State Office Name	5. Cou	nty Of	fice Nam	ne
6. INITIAL SUGAR LOAN	I APPLICATION PROCESS:	Handbook or Other Applicable References	YES	NO	Initials	Date (MM-DD-YYYY)
A. SU-2, Application for N completed and signed	onrecourse Sugar Loan, Parts A and B, is by the processor.	10-SU, paragraph 75				
	sentative signs and dates SU-2, Part C, after ation in Parts A and B is correct.	10-SU, subparagraph 75A, Part C				
C. FSA-211 or acceptable person signing SU-2 fo	documentation on file in county office for r the processor.	1-CM, Part 25				
	ompleted by processor, if warehouse stored. All A's must accompany application. Separate loans er States.	10-SU, paragraphs 31 through 34				
	in the State where the corporation is organized. on SU-2, Item 6. Obtain lien waivers from lien	10-SU, paragraph 47				
Corporation or Farm Se Financing Statement ar	sentations for Commodity Credit ervice Agency Loans and Authorization to file a nd Related Documents) if a current CCC-10 is CC-10, Item 7 or 8 on where to file UCC-1 n.	10-SU, subparagraph 48G				
G. UCC-1 filed in the Stat to CCC-10, Item 7.	e where the corporation is organized according	10-SU, paragraph 48				
	Sugar Processors Initial Eligibility Determination mpleted for this Processor for this crop year.	10-SU, Exhibit 7				
7. COMMODITY ELIGIBI	LITY:					
A. If warehouse stored, lo	cated in CCC approved warehouse.	10-SU, subparagraph 30A				
<ol> <li>Eligible sugar as per 10</li> </ol>		10-SU, paragraph 29				
C. Does the requested loa the maximum eligible of	an quantity provided on SU-2 Item 10 exceed quantity for loan?	10-SU, subparagraph 46C				
B. VERIFICATION OF IN	-PROCESSED (FARM STORED) SUGAR LOAN	IS:				
in-processed sugar loa	ated where indicated on SU-2 for ns. When possible, verify before loan 15 calendar days after disbursement.	10-SU, paragraph 74				
<ol> <li>Verify that processor's quantity for which a loa</li> </ol>	production and marketing records support the n is requested.	10-SU, paragraph 74				
administering USDA programs are proh amily/parental status, income derived f	aw and U.S. Department of Agriculture (USDA) civil rights regulations and hibled from discriminating based on race, color, national origin, religion, se rom a public assistance program, political beliefs, or reprisal or retailation ; omplaint filing deadlines vary by program or incident.	x, gender identity (including gender express	sion), sexua	l orientai	tion, disability	, age, marital status,
Persons with disabilities who require al USDA's TARGET Center at (202) 720-2 than English.	ernative means of communication for program information (e.g., Braille, la 2600 (voice and TTY) or contact USDA through the Federal Relay Service	rge print, audiotape, American Sign Langua at (800) 877-8339. Additionally, program in	ge, etc.) sh formation m	ould con ay be m	tact the respo ade available	onsible Agency or in languages other
write a letter addressed to USDA and p.	int, complete the USDA Program Discrimination Complaint Form, AD-302. rovide in the letter all of the information requested in the form. To request ture Office of the Assistant Secretary for Civil Rights 1400 Independence /	a copy of the complaint form, call (866) 632	-9992. Subr	nit your d	completed for	m or letter to USDA

Completing CCC-770 SU-1, Initial Sugar Loan Processing Checklist (Continued)

## **B** Example of CCC-770 SU-1 (Continued)

\*\_\_

INITIAL LOADING OF SUGAR LOAN IN CLPS SYSTEM:	Handbook or Other Applicable References	YES	NO	Initials	Date (MM-DD-YYYY)
. Loan entered into CLPS:	16-PS, Section 7				
<ul> <li>farm stored certified if In-processed loan</li> </ul>					
• warehouse stored if processed loan.	16-PS, Section 7				
. Loan rate region or area verified. Use loan rate for region where the sugar is processed. Second party review.	10-SU, Subparagraph 31D Exhibit 9				
. Quantity verified on KC-227 or KC-227A, if warehouse stored.	10-SU, Paragraph 34				
<ol> <li>Second party review of SU-2 and loan documents to verify correct information entered.</li> </ol>					
0. SUGAR LOAN DISBURSEMENT:					
. SF-LLL on file for <b>this</b> loan if loan proceeds exceed \$150,000.00 and funds will be used for lobbying.	10-SU, Paragraph 4				
. Processor representative signs CCC-677 (Farm Storage Note and Security Agreement) or CCC-678 (Warehouse Storage Note and Security Agreement).	10-SU, Subparagraph 2I				
. Processor representative signs CCC-677A (Sugar Loan Addendum) which is applicable to all sugar loans.	10-SU, Subparagraph 2I				
. FSA-211 or acceptable documentation on file in county office for person signing all loan documents.	1-CM, Part 25				
. Processor representative receives CCC-601, Note and Security Agreement Terms and Conditions.	10-SU, Subparagraph 21 8-LP, Paragraph 509				
Processor checked for debts owed to CCC.					
<ul> <li>Authorized CCC representative signs and dates CCC-677 or CCC-678 when approved for disbursal.</li> </ul>	8-LP, Paragraph 509				
. Loan disbursed. If lien holders request their name on loan proceeds, issue a check jointly with processor.	8-LP, Paragraph 509				
ERTIFICATION:					
1A. Signature of Preparer(s)		11B.	Date	(MM-DD-Y	(YYY)
			_		
2A. I concur/do not concur the above items have been verified and upda	ted. Concur	400		Do Not Co	
2B. CED Signature for Spotcheck		120.	Date	(MM-DD-Y	· Y Y Y)
3A. I concur/do not concur the above items have been verified and upda	ted. Concur			o Not Co	
3B. DD Signature for Spotcheck		13C.	Date	(MM-DD-Y	(YYY)
1. Remarks		I			

.

## A Instructions for Completing CCC-770 SU-2

Complete CCC-770 SU-2 according to the following instructions.

Item	Instructions
1	Enter the name of processor.
2	Enter the crop year for which this initial eligibility determination is being prepared.
3	Enter the type of sugar; beet, or cane.
4	Enter the applicable State name.
5	Enter the name of the County Office that is completing the form.
6A	For each item listed, check either "Yes" or "No". Employee completing the action
through	shall initial and date.
*6F*	
7A	Any County Office employee who initials in items 6A through 6E shall sign as
	preparer. By signing as preparer, this does not insinuate that an employee checked
	items 6A through 6E, only that this employee completed an item that was initialed
	by that employee.
7B	The County Office employee who signs in item 7A shall enter the current date.
8A	CED or designated representative shall indicate concurrence with entries in
	items 6A through E. CED or designated representative shall spot check all
	CCC-770 SU-2's each FY.
8B	CED or designated representative who completed item 8A shall sign in this item.
8C	CED or designated representative who signed item 8B shall enter current date.
9A	When applicable, DD shall indicate concurrence with entries in items 6A through
	E. See subparagraph 2 N for DD spot check procedure.
9B	DD who completed item 9A shall sign in this item.
9C	DD who signed item 9B shall enter current date.
10	Enter remarks, if applicable.

## B Example of CCC-770 SU-2

The following is an example of CCC-770 SU-2.

\*\_\_

CCC-770 SU-2 (08-18-22)	U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE Commodity Credit Corporation	1. Name of Processor				
	R PROCESSORS INITIAL ITY DETERMINATION FOR	2. Crop Year and Loan No. 3. Type of Sugar (Ca				ane or Beet)
L	OANS CHECKLIST	4. State Office Name	5. County Office Name			
6. SUGAR PROCESSO	DR LOAN ELIGIBILITY DETERMINATION:	Handbook or Other Applicable References	YES	NO	Initials	Date (MM-DD-YYY)
addresses, and ID num delivered sugar beets o	d to loan making County Office a list of names, ber of producers, owners, and operators who or sugarcane in previous year or who contracted to ugar cane for current crop year by no later than ear.	10-SU, subparagraph 62A				
Office the producers list	ffice shall review list and determine in which County ted have farming interests. Send a list of producers aintains the producer's records for verification.	10-SU, subparagraph 62C				
C. Verifying County Office producers listed have c on AD-1026 and FSA-5	shall determine whether the producer and affiliated omplied with compliance and certification provisions 78.	6-CP, paragraphs 17, 302 and 601 10-SU, subparagraph 62C				
D. Verifying County Office and ineligible producers	shall provide loan making office with list of eligible s immediately after determination is made.	10-SU, subparagraph 62C				
	ffice shall provide processors in writing by October 1 mined eligible and ineligible for program benefits.	10-SU, subparagraphs 63A				
for loan each crop year.	ffice shall determine the maximum eligible quantity The quantity must not exceed the quantity derived tically grown sugar beets or sugarcane from eligible	10-SU, subparagraph 46C				
CERTIFICATION				70	Data (MM	
7A. Signature of Prepar	rer(s)			7B.	Date <i>(MN</i>	1-DD-YYYY)
	rer(s)			7B.	Date <i>(MM</i>	1-DD-YYYY)
7A. Signature of Prepar	rer(s) cur the above items have been verified and upd	ated.			Date (MM	
7A. Signature of Prepar	cur the above items have been verified and upd	ated. Concur			> Not Con	
<ul> <li>7A. Signature of Prepar</li> <li>8A. I concur/do not con</li> <li>8B. CED Signature for S</li> </ul>	cur the above items have been verified and upd			Dc	> Not Con	icur I-DD-YYYY)
<ul> <li>7A. Signature of Prepar</li> <li>8A. I concur/do not con</li> <li>8B. CED Signature for S</li> </ul>	cur the above items have been verified and upd Spotcheck cur the above items have been verified and upd			Dc	> Not Con Date (MM	icur I-DD-YYYY)
<ul> <li>7A. Signature of Prepar</li> <li>8A. I concur/do not con</li> <li>8B. CED Signature for S</li> <li>9A. I concur/do not con</li> </ul>	cur the above items have been verified and upd Spotcheck cur the above items have been verified and upd			Dc	> Not Con Date (MM	icur I-DD-YYYY) ncur
<ul> <li>7A. Signature of Prepar</li> <li>8A. I concur/do not con</li> <li>8B. CED Signature for S</li> <li>9A. I concur/do not con</li> <li>9B. DD Signature for S</li> </ul>	cur the above items have been verified and upd Spotcheck cur the above items have been verified and upd			Dc	> Not Con Date (MM	ICUT I-DD-YYYY) NCUT
<ul> <li>7A. Signature of Prepar</li> <li>8A. I concur/do not con</li> <li>8B. CED Signature for S</li> <li>9A. I concur/do not con</li> <li>9B. DD Signature for S</li> </ul>	cur the above items have been verified and upd Spotcheck cur the above items have been verified and upd			Dc	> Not Con Date (MM	icur I-DD-YYYY) ncur
<ul> <li>7A. Signature of Prepar</li> <li>8A. I concur/do not con</li> <li>8B. CED Signature for S</li> <li>9A. I concur/do not con</li> <li>9B. DD Signature for S</li> <li>10. Remarks</li> </ul>	cur the above items have been verified and upd Spotcheck cur the above items have been verified and upd potcheck	lated. Concur		Dc 8C.	o Not Con Date <i>(MM</i> o Not Co Date <i>(MN</i>	icur I-DD-YYYY) ncur I-DD-YYYY)
<ul> <li>7A. Signature of Prepar</li> <li>8A. I concur/do not con</li> <li>8B. CED Signature for S</li> <li>9A. I concur/do not con</li> <li>9B. DD Signature for S</li> <li>10. Remarks</li> </ul>	cur the above items have been verified and upd Spotcheck cur the above items have been verified and upd	ate d. Concur	eligion, se n, political	Dc 8C. D 9C.	> Not Con Date (MM o Not Co Date (MM	ICUIT I-DD-YYYY) Incuir Incuir Incuir Incluiding gender In retailation for
<ul> <li>7A. Signature of Prepare</li> <li>8A. I concur/do not con</li> <li>8B. CED Signature for S</li> <li>9A. I concur/do not con</li> <li>9B. DD Signature for S</li> <li>10. Remarks</li> <li>10. Remarks</li> <li>11. Remarks</li> <li>11. Seven of institutions participating in or a contract in the responsible Agency</li> </ul>	cur the above items have been verified and upd Spotcheck cur the above items have been verified and upd potcheck Inghts law and U.S. Department of Agriculture (USDA) civil rig ministering USDA programs are prohibited from discriminatin disability, age, markal status, familyparental status; income	date d. Concur	eligion, se n, political complaint , Americal	Dcc.	o Not Con Date (MM o Not Co Date (MM Date (MM res, and em ridentity (in or reprisal c eadlines var anguage, et	ICUIT I-DD-YYYY) I-DD-YYYY) I-DD-YYYY) I-DD-YYYY) ployees, and noluding gender or retaliation for y by program or c.) should

#### **Crop Loan Rates**

## A National Average Sugar Loan Rates

\*--The following provides the national (weighted average) loan rates for the **2023** crops of--\* domestically grown sugar beets and sugarcane.

Commodity	Loan Rate (Cents Per Pound)
Beet Sugar, Refined	25.38
Cane Sugar, Raw Value	19.75

#### **B** Regional Beet Sugar Loan Rates

The regional loan rates have been adjusted to reflect the processing location of sugar offered as \*--collateral for price support loans. The following provides the regional **2023** crop (FY 2024) loan rates for refined beet sugar.

Area/Region Code	States	Loan Rate (Cents Per Pound)
1	Michigan	26.44
	Ohio	
2	Minnesota	25.01
	Eastern half of North Dakota	
3	Northeastern quarter of Colorado	25.55
	Nebraska	
	Southeastern quarter of Wyoming	
5	Montana	25.14
	Northwestern quarter of Wyoming	
	Western half of North Dakota	
6/7	Idaho	25.66
	Oregon	
	Washington	
8	California	26.79

--\*

## **Crop Loan Rates (Continued)**

#### C Regional Cane Sugar Loan Rates

\*--The following provides 2023 crop (FY 2024) regional loan rates for cane sugar, raw value.

Area/Region Code	Area	Loan Rate (Cents Per Pound), Raw Value
1	Florida	18.60
3	Louisiana	20.92
4	Texas	19.38

## D Regional In-Process Beet Sugar Loan Rates

The following provides the regional **2023** crop (FY 2024) loan rates for in-process beet sugar, which is 80 percent of the applicable loan rate.

Area/Region Code	States	Loan Rate (Cents Per Pound)
1	Michigan	21.15
	Ohio	
2	Minnesota	20.01
	Eastern half of North Dakota	
3	Northeastern quarter of Colorado	20.44
	Nebraska	
	Southeastern quarter of Wyoming	
5	Montana	20.11
	Northwestern quarter of Wyoming	
	Western half of North Dakota	
6/7	Idaho	20.53
	Oregon	
	Washington	
8	California	21.43

--\*

## **Crop Loan Rates (Continued)**

## E Regional In-Process Cane Sugar Loan Rates

\*--The following provides the regional **2023** crop (FY 2024) loan rates for in-process cane sugar, raw value, which is 80 percent of the applicable loan rate.

Area/Region Code	States	Loan Rate (Cents Per Pound), Raw Value
1	Florida	14.88
3	Louisiana	16.74
4	Texas	15.50
		*

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#### Minimum Price Support Payment Levels for Sugar Beets and Sugarcane

#### A Sugarcane Minimum Price Support Levels

\*--This table provides the **2023** crop (FY 2024) regional minimum price support levels per net ton for Florida or gross ton for Louisiana and Texas for average quality sugarcane.

Area	Level
Florida	\$27.62 per net ton
Louisiana	\$31.89 per gross ton
Texas	\$28.68 per gross ton

## **B** Sugar Beet Minimum Payment

Sugar beet grower minimum payments are the amount specified in the grower processor contract.

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#### Premiums and Discounts for Bulk Raw Cane Sugar

#### A Overview

\*--The following premiums and discounts are for 2020 crop year raw cane sugar, and are based--\* on the #16 Contract specifications.

Note: All premiums and discounts are provided in dollars per pound instead of cents per pound.

#### **B** Moisture

For each 0.01 in excess of 0.30 deduct \$0.000356 per lb.

#### C Grain Size

For each 1 percent (based on percent through 30 mesh U.S. sieve):

- above 45 percent, deduct \$0.000237 per lb.
- below 22 percent, add \$0.000099 per lb.

#### **D** Color - Affined Raw

Apply the following according to ICUMSA color units Method 4 Modified.

COLOR (Affined Raw)			
(ICUMSA color units Method 4 Modified)			
	For Each 10 Units		
	Add Per Lb.	Deduct Per Lb.	
Below 800	\$0.000032		
1300 to 1500		\$0.000036	
1500 to 1800		\$0.000089	
1800 to 2100		\$0.000196	
2100 to 2400		\$0.000356	
Above 2400		\$0.000569	
	COLOR (Whole Raw)		
(ICU	MSA color units Method 4 Mo	dified)	
	For Each 25 Units		
	Add Per Lb.	Deduct Per Lb.	
Below 3000	\$0.000004		
5000 to 6000		\$0.000003	
6000 to 7000		\$0.00009	
7000 to 8000		\$0.000021	
8000 to 9000		\$0.000039	
Above 9000		\$0.000062	

## Premiums and Discounts for Bulk Raw Cane Sugar Loans (Continued)

## \*--E Dextran

Apply dextran discounts according to the following.

Dextran			
For Each Unit			
	Add Cents/Lb.	Deduct Cents/Lb.	
Less than or equal to 250		0.000000	
251 to 350		0.000028	
351 to 450		0.000063	
451 to 550		0.000107	
Above 550		0.000158	
		:	

#### F Ash

Apply ash discounts according to the following.

THEN maximum is	AND minimum is
0.25	0.17
0.26	0.18
0.27	0.19
0.28	0.20
0.29	0.21
0.30	0.22
private daduct \$0,000020 pc	rlh *
	0.25 0.26 0.27 0.28 0.29

• below derived minimum ash content, add \$0.000012 per lb.

## Bulk Raw Cane Sugar Polarity Premium and Discount Schedule

The following provides schedule for premiums and discounts adjusted for polarity degree that will \*--be applied to 2020 raw cane sugar loans at settlement or forfeiture.--\*

Premiums		Discounts	
Polarity Degree	Adjustment Per Lb.	<b>Polarity Degree</b>	Adjustment Per Lb.
98.9 and Above	\$0.007564	95.9	-\$0.001086
98.8	\$0.007327	95.8	-\$0.002173
98.7	\$0.007090	95.7	-\$0.003259
98.6	\$0.006853	95.6	-\$0.004345
98.5	\$0.006616	95.5	-\$0.005431
98.4	\$0.006379	95.4	-\$0.006518
98.3	\$0.006142	95.3	-\$0.007604
98.2	\$0.005905	95.2	-\$0.008690
98.1	\$0.005668	95.1	-\$0.009776
98.0	\$0.005431	95.0	-\$0.010863
97.9	\$0.004987	94.9	-\$0.011406
97.8	\$0.004543	94.8	-\$0.011949
97.7	\$0.004098	94.7	-\$0.012492
97.6	\$0.003654	94.6	-\$0.013035
97.5	\$0.003209	94.5	-\$0.013578
97.4	\$0.002765	94.4	-\$0.014121
97.3	\$0.002321	94.3	-\$0.014664
97.2	\$0.001876	94.2	-\$0.015208
97.1	\$0.001432	94.1	-\$0.015751
97.0	\$0.000988	94.0	-\$0.016294
96.9	\$0.000889		
96.8	\$0.000790		
96.7	\$0.000691		
96.6	\$0.000593		
96.5	\$0.000494		
96.4	\$0.000395		
96.3	\$0.000296		
96.2	\$0.000198		
96.1	\$0.000099		
96.0	\$0.000000		

•

#### **Example Letter for Sugar Processors**

\*\_-

Dear Sugar Processor

Date:

Our records indicate you did not elect to repay loan number 13XXX by the final maturity date of MM/DD/YYYY. Since this loan was an in-process sugar loan, CCC's loan agreement with you specifies you must convert the forfeited in-process sugar loan quantity to refined sugar within 30 calendar days from loan maturity. The refined beet sugar will be accepted as payment in full of principal and interest provided the refined sugar is of acceptable grade and quality for sugar loans.

Once the conversion is fully processed into refined sugar, you shall transfer title to the sugar to the Commodity Credit Corporation (CCC). Upon transferring the sugar, CCC will make a payment to you based on the KC-227-A in an amount equal to the difference between the loan rate for in-process sugar and refined sugar times the quantity of sugar transferred to CCC not to exceed the original loan quantity or the quantity that was remaining in the above identified loan at forfeiture. You will be liable for the deficiency if the net proceeds are less than the amount of principal loaned to you.

If transfer of the refined beet sugar of suitable quality to CCC does not occur within 30 days from maturity, CCC may charge liquidated damages according to the sugar program regulations at 7 CFR Part 1435.105 (i)(4).

In addition, until you submit the KC-227-A for settlement, title will not transfer to CCC and you shall continue to store the loan collateral at no cost to CCC.

Should you have any questions, feel free to contact us.

County Executive Director

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