

**UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE**

Farm Service Agency  
Washington, DC 20250

<b>Livestock Indemnity Program 1-LIP</b>	<b>Amendment 5</b>
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**Approved by:** Acting Deputy Administrator, Farm Programs



**Amendment Transmittal**

**A Reasons for Amendment**

Subparagraph 24 A has been amended to include ostriches as eligible livestock.

Subparagraph 24 E has been amended to remove ostriches as ineligible livestock.

Subparagraph 25 C has been amended to provide the payment rate for ostriches.

Exhibit 4 has been amended to provide the national normal mortality rate for ostriches.

<b>Page Control Chart</b>		
<b>TC</b>	<b>Text</b>	<b>Exhibits</b>
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**24 Eligible Livestock, Owners, and Contract Growers Eligibility Criteria (Continued)****A Eligible Livestock (Continued)**

- not be considered ineligible livestock according to subparagraph E
- be 1 of the following, as defined in Exhibit 2:
  - adult or nonadult beef cattle
  - adult or nonadult beefalo/bison
  - adult or nonadult buffalo
  - adult or nonadult dairy cattle
  - elk
  - alpacas
  - caribou
  - deer
  - emus
  - equine animals
  - goats
  - llamas
  - \*--ostriches--\*
  - poultry, including egg-producing poultry
  - reindeer
  - sheep
  - swine.

**24 Eligible Livestock, Owners, and Contract Growers Eligibility Criteria (Continued)****A Eligible Livestock (Continued)**

**Important:** If an animal was pregnant at the time of death, only the pregnant animal that died is eligible for payment under LIP. The unborn animal is **not** considered eligible livestock under LIP.

See:

- Exhibit 2 for definitions of eligible livestock, commercial use, and farming operation
- paragraph 25 for further delineation of eligible livestock by payment rate.

**B Eligibility for Newborn Livestock Due to Extreme Cold**

Newborn livestock qualify for LIP if all of the following apply:

- are expected to survive under normal conditions
- the death was the directly caused by extreme cold
- were born within 10 calendar days before the extreme cold period or born during the extreme cold period
- died no later than 7 calendar days from the ending date of the extreme cold period.

**Note:** This paragraph **only** applies for States which have established an extreme cold policy specifically for newborn livestock.

## 24 Eligible Livestock, Owners, and Contract Growers Eligibility Criteria (Continued)

**C Eligibility for Unweaned Livestock Due to Eligible Loss Conditions, Except Extreme Cold**

Unweaned livestock that do not meet the definition of newborn livestock in Exhibit 2, that die due to an eligible loss condition, are considered eligible livestock. Unweaned livestock death losses will be considered a nonadult for the specific livestock kind, type, and weight range, due to an eligible loss condition if all the following apply:

- are expected to survive under normal conditions
- the death was directly caused by an eligible loss condition.

**D Eligibility for Unweaned Livestock Due to Extreme Cold**

All unweaned livestock that are either produced or maintained for commercial use as part of a farming operation that die due to extreme cold are eligible for LIP without regard to \* \* \* vaccination protocols.

**E Ineligible Livestock**

Animals **not** eligible for LIP include but are not limited to, the following:

- \*--animals produced or maintained for reasons other than commercial use as part of a--\* farming operation, as determined by FSA, including, but not limited to, recreational purposes, such as:
  - consumption by owner
  - hunting
  - pets
  - pleasure
  - roping
  - show
- animals that died or were injured due to management decisions.--\*

**Example:** Sam Smith owns 5 horses, 2 beef steers, and 3 goats. Smith maintains the horses for pleasure riding and fox hunting, and maintains the goats as pets for his children. He maintains the beef steers to be consumed by his family. Accordingly, Smith does not maintain any of the livestock for commercial use as part of a farming operation. All the animals died because of a blizzard, an eligible adverse weather event.

Because none of Smith's livestock are maintained for commercial use as part of a farming operation, the animals are **not** eligible livestock for LIP purposes.

24 Eligible Livestock, Owners, and Contract Growers Eligibility Criteria (Continued)

**E Ineligible Livestock (Continued)**

- catfish
- crawfish

\* \* \*

- pheasants
- quail
- stillborn livestock
- unborn livestock

**Example:** A pregnant adult beef cow died before the birth of the calf. Only the pregnant cow may be considered eligible for payment. The unborn calf is **not** eligible livestock and must be excluded from beginning inventory.

- yaks
- any wild free roaming livestock, including equine and deer

**Important:** Contact the National Office Special Programs Manager, through the State Office, when the reason for livestock death is questionable.

25 General Payment Information, Rates and Reductions (Continued)

C Payment Rates for Eligible Livestock for Livestock Owners

LIP provides separate payment rates for eligible livestock owners and eligible contract growers. See subparagraph D for payment rates for eligible livestock contract growers.

Payment rates for livestock owners are based on 75 percent of the average fair market value, as determined by CCC, for the specific livestock category. The following table provides LIP per head payment rates, by livestock category, for eligible livestock owners.

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Kind	Type	Weight Range	Payment Rate Per Head		
			2019	2020	2021
Alpacas			\$270.00	\$270.00	\$283.33
Beef	Adult	Bull	\$1,191.93	\$1,156.86	\$1,195.31
		Cow	\$916.87	\$889.89	\$919.47
	Nonadult	Less than 250 pounds		\$162.89	\$163.15
		250 to 399 pounds		\$440.63	\$441.56
		Less than 400 pounds	\$471.80		
		400 to 799 pounds	\$661.19	\$640.04	\$609.53
800 pounds or more	\$969.18	\$951.60	\$1,015.88		
Beefalo	Adult	Bull	\$1,551.25	\$1,447.92	\$1,453.19
		Cow	\$1,241.35	\$1,157.02	\$1,159.95
	Nonadult	Less than 250 pounds		\$237.92	\$234.56
		250 to 399 pounds		\$686.72	\$586.99
		Less than 400 pounds	\$752.39		
		400 to 799 pounds	\$962.46	\$893.79	\$861.94
800 pounds or more	\$1,343.04	\$1,257.61	\$1,280.62		
Buffalo/ Bison	Adult	Bull	\$2,150.10	\$1,933.02	\$1,882.98
		Cow	\$1,782.16	\$1,602.23	\$1,560.75
	Nonadult	Less than 250 pounds		\$362.97	\$353.58
		250 to 399 pounds		\$1,096.88	\$586.99
		Less than 400 pounds	\$1,220.05		
		400 to 799 pounds	\$1,464.58	\$1,316.72	\$1,282.63
800 pounds or more	\$1,966.13	\$1,767.63	\$1,721.86		
Caribou			\$366.16	\$363.82	\$382.60
Chickens	Broilers/ Pullets (Regular Size)	4.26 – 6.25 pounds	\$2.80	\$2.34	\$2.12
	Chicks		\$0.28	\$0.24	\$0.19
	Layers		\$4.75	\$3.41	\$4.00
	Pullets/ Cornish Hens (Small Size)	Less the 4.26 pounds	\$1.91	\$1.59	\$1.43
	Roasters	6.26 – 7.75 pounds	\$3.56	\$2.97	\$2.70
	Super Roasters/Parts	7.76 pounds or more	\$4.68	\$3.91	\$3.55
	Dairy	Adult	Bull	\$1,008.75	\$905.63
Cow			\$1,008.75	\$905.63	\$975.00
Nonadult		Less than 250 pounds		\$40.16	\$43.24
		250 to 399 pounds		\$226.41	\$243.75
		Less than 400 pounds	\$252.19		
		400 to 799 pounds	\$504.38	\$452.81	\$487.50
800 pounds or more	\$814.76	\$731.43	\$739.59		

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25 General Payment Information, Rates and Reductions (Continued)

C Payment Rates for Eligible Livestock for Livestock Owners (Continued)

Kind	Type	Weight Range	Payment Rate Per Head		
			2019	2020	2021
Deer			\$366.16	\$363.82	\$382.60
Ducks	Ducklings		\$0.72	\$0.59	\$0.68
	Ducks		\$4.51	\$3.70	\$4.24
Elk			\$508.27	\$505.02	\$531.09
Emus			\$146.06	\$145.12	\$152.61
Equine			\$620.75	\$616.78	\$648.61
Geese	Goose		\$24.44	\$23.16	\$24.91
	Gosling		\$5.13	\$4.86	\$5.23
Goats	Bucks		\$164.56	\$170.86	\$229.35
	Nannies		\$115.62	\$199.69	\$148.52
	Slaughter Goats/Kids		\$68.25	\$72.93	\$100.63
Llamas			\$218.25	\$218.25	\$229.02
*--Ostriches					\$648.00--*
Reindeer			\$366.16	\$363.82	\$382.60
Sheep	Ewes		\$132.39	\$139.39	\$144.80
	Lambs		\$150.66	\$157.08	\$169.39
	Rams		\$125.09	\$129.17	\$399.14
Swine	Suckling/Nursery Pigs	Less than 50 pounds	\$39.75	\$45.76	\$28.57
	Lightweight Barrows/Gilts	50 to 150 pounds	\$59.44	\$64.11	\$52.22
	Sows/Boars/Barrows/Gilts	151 to 450 pounds	\$79.13	\$82.45	\$75.86
	Boars/Sows	451 pounds or more	\$161.11	\$162.42	\$112.32
Turkeys	Poults		\$1.25	\$1.25	\$3.71
	Toms/Fryers/Roasters		\$14.72	\$12.05	\$18.00



National Normal Mortality Rate Table

This table provides the national normal mortality rates.

Kind	Type	Weight Range	Normal Mortality
Alpaca			5 percent
Beef	Nonadult	Less than 400 pounds.	5 percent
		400 pounds or more.	5 percent
	Adult	Cow	1.5 percent
		Bull	1.5 percent
Buffalo/Beefalo	Nonadult	Less than 400 pounds.	5 percent
		400 pounds or more.	5 percent
	Adult	Cow	1.5 percent
		Bull	1.5 percent
Chickens	Layers/Roasters		2.5 percent
	Broilers/Pullets		2.5 percent
	Chicks		5 percent
Dairy	Nonadult	Less than 400 pounds.	5 percent
		400 pounds or more.	5 percent
	Adult	Cow	1.5 percent
		Bull	1.5 percent
Deer			<u>1</u> /
Ducks	Ducks		6.5 percent
	Ducklings		10 percent
Elk			2.2 percent
Emus			<u>1</u> /
Equine			2.5 percent
Geese	Goose		6.5 percent
	Gosling		10 percent
Goats	Bucks		5 percent
	Nannies		5 percent
	Slaughter Goats/Kids		10 percent
Llamas			5 percent
*--Ostriches			<u>1</u> /--*
Reindeer			<u>1</u> /
Sheep	Rams		4 percent
	Ewes		4 percent
	Lambs		10.7 percent
Swine	Sows/Boars	Over 450 pounds.	3 percent
	Sows/Boars/Barrows/Gilts	151 to 450 pounds.	3 percent
	Lightweight Barrows/Gilts	50 to 150 pounds.	3 percent
	Suckling Nursery Pigs	Under 50 pounds.	10 percent
Turkeys	Toms/Fryers/Roasters		6.5 percent
	Poults		10 percent

1/ National rate is **not** available.

