

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE

Farm Service Agency
Washington, DC 20250

Supplemental Revenue Assistance Payments Program 1-SURE	Amendment 21
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Approved by: Deputy Administrator, Farm Programs



Amendment Transmittal

A Reasons for Amendment

Paragraph 92 has been amended to clarify policy when the RMA prevented planted crop differs from the prevented planted crop certified to FSA.

Subparagraph 100 C has been amended to clarify the tolerance calculation.

Subparagraph 261 B has been amended to clarify what is included in RMA Settlements.

Subparagraph 614 E has been amended to update the cell color of status codes that do not meet the double cropping definition.

Subparagraph 615 D has been amended to clarify that .xml files shall be sent to the National Office through the State Office.

Exhibit 4 has been amended to remove reference to 2008.

Exhibit 6, subparagraph C has been amended to update the 2010 NAMF for sugar cane.

Page Control Chart		
TC	Text	Exhibit
	4-5 through 4-22 9-1, 9-2 18-51, 18-52 18-89, 18-90	4, page 5, 6 6, pages 5, 6

91 SURE Acreage (Continued)

E Ineligible Acreage Examples

This table provides examples of ineligible acres.

Example	Description
1	Producer planted wheat followed by corn, and obtained insurance on both crops. Neither RMA nor FSA STC recognizes wheat followed by corn as an acceptable double-cropping practice. Only the initial crop acreage of wheat will be eligible. The corn acreage is ineligible for SURE.
2	Producer planted wheat followed by grain sorghum. Both crops were waived-in under Buy-In 1. The planting scenario of wheat followed by grain sorghum is not an approved double-crop by FSA STC. Only the initial acreage of wheat will be eligible for SURE. The grain sorghum acreage is ineligible for SURE.

92 Prevented Planting Acreage

A Prevented Planting Eligibility

For insured prevented planted acreage, COC will use the most accurate data available when determining eligible prevented planted acres, as follows:

- RMA data **must** show that the producer qualified for a prevented planting payment
- FSA will normally accept RMA’s determination of eligibility; however, COC may determine prevented planted acreage ineligible if documented evidence exists that supports the lack of prevented planting conditions; in these cases, a referral to RMA shall be initiated on AD-2007.

***--Note:** In certain cases, the prevented planted crop in the RMA data portion of the SIR may differ from the prevented planted crop certified on FSA-578. If the producer does not have enough planting history to cover the claimed prevented planted acres, a substitute crop may be used for insurance purposes if certain RMA criteria are met. When this situation exists, FSA may use the RMA prevented planted crop and acres for the SURE payment calculation. For insured producers, the eligible prevented planted crops and acres are limited to those that qualified for an RMA indemnity.--*

92 Prevented Planting Acreage (Continued)**A Prevented Planting Eligibility (Continued)**

***--Example:** Producer A intended to plant 100 acres of wheat, but was prevented from planting wheat on all 100 acres because of an eligible adverse weather event. Producer A certified the 100 acres as prevented planted wheat on FSA-578. Producer A only had enough planting history on the wheat to cover 50 prevented planted acres for crop insurance purposes. Producer A did not plant any sorghum and did not intend to plant any sorghum, but did have available planting history for sorghum. RMA will substitute the 50 remaining acres of prevented planted wheat where planting history wasn't available with the available planting history for sorghum. Producer A has a SIR that shows RMA data with 50 acres of prevented planted wheat and 50 acres of prevented planted sorghum. Since producer A reported 100 acres of prevented planted wheat acreage on FSA-578 and had purchased crop insurance on wheat, eligibility requirements have been met on the prevented planted wheat. The sorghum acres that were used to substitute for the wheat acres without planting history are not required to be reported on FSA-578. The 50 acres of prevented planted wheat and 50 acres of prevented planted sorghum will be entered into the SURE workbook as reported by RMA.--*

In situations where RMA data exists and FSA denied the prevented planting claim, COC shall **not** consider the prevented planted acreage eligible based on the RMA data if acreage has documented evidence of lack of prevented planting conditions according to 2-CP.

For prevented planted acreage that was **not** insured through RMA, COC **must** determine whether the producer met prevented planted provisions according to 2-CP, paragraph 24.

Note: This acreage includes NAP covered crops and crops that received a waiver for RMPR (buy-ins, SDA's, relief, etc.), as described in Part 2.

B Prevented Planting Acreage Not Covered

For NAP covered crops and for crops that require a waiver for RMPR, eligible prevented planting coverage is provided for acreage that consists of at least 20 acres or 20 percent of the intended acreage to be planted.

92 Prevented Planting Acreage (Continued)

C Crops Not Eligible for Prevented Planting

This table provides crops that are **not** eligible for prevented planting benefits under SURE.

Prevented Planting Ineligible Crops	
Aquaculture (Including Ornamental Fish)	Maple Sap
Beans (Fresh Market) insured as follows: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Pole • Snap • Wax. 	Mint
	Nursery
	Peppermint
	Perennials, such as the following:
Cabbage insured as follows: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Hybrid • Red. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Blueberries • Raspberries • Strawberries.
	Perennial Forage Grown For Hay, Seed, or Grazing
Christmas Trees	Spearmint
Cultivated Wild Rice	Sweet Potatoes (Insured)
Floriculture	Tobacco
Ginseng Root and Ginseng Seed	Trees - Fruit and Nut
Grapes (Including Raisins)	Turfgrass Sod
Honey	Vegetables for Root Stock or Sets

Note: For the prevented planting ineligible crops:

- when identified as “Insured”, prevented planting is **not** eligible under the insurance policy
- for counties where coverage is only offered under NAP, prevented planting provisions **may** apply.

Prevented planting provisions are not applicable to the following because of the unique planting and harvesting practices in these areas and the limited eligible causes of loss:

- American Samoa
- Common Wealth of Northern Mariana Islands, Republic of the Marshall Islands, Federated States of Micronesia, Republic of Palau
- Guam
- U.S. Virgin Islands.

93-99 (Reserved)

100 Tolerance

A Differences between RMA and FSA Acreage

SURE benefits for insured producers are based on RMA acres. SURE eligible RMA planted acres will be compared to SURE eligible FSA planted acres. If RMA and FSA planted acres differ, tolerance applies according to subparagraph B.

B Definition of Acreage Tolerance

If a farm has both FSA and RMA SURE eligible planted acres for an insured crop, payment acres for the SURE guarantee calculation will be based on RMA acres determined eligible according to Part 4. However, if the planted acres of an insured crop for which an RMA Guarantee Basis is provided differs by more than the larger of 5 percent or 10 acres not to exceed 50 acres, the participant will be notified of the discrepancy and that refunds of unearned payments may be required.

C Tolerance Determination

Tolerance will be determined **only** for insured crops for which an RMA Guarantee Basis is provided. **Tolerance will apply to the total acres for the physical location county, crop, *-type, and IU.** See paragraph 162 for a list of policies RMA will not provide an RMA Guaranteed Basis.--*

Note: See the Tolerance Tool instructions in paragraph:

- 522 for 2008
- 581 for 2009.

Use the following Step/Action table to calculate tolerance.

Step	Action
1	For RMA acreage, total the SURE eligible acreage from the “A” (Acreage) Records unless there are “L” (Loss) Records. If there are “L” (Loss) Records present, include the acres from the “L” (Loss) Records in the total instead of the acreage from the “A” (Acreage) Records.
2	For FSA acreage, total FSA-578 SURE eligible reported acreage unless there are determined acres present. If determined acres are present, include the determined acres in the total instead of the reported acres.
3	*-Compare the result of steps 1 and 2. Subtract whichever number is lower from the higher number to determine the difference.--* Note: Tolerance rules will apply to PRF only if acres determined in step 1 exceed acres determined in step 2.
4	Calculate the tolerance threshold for the crop as follows: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • result of step 1 x 5 percent or 10 acres • not to exceed 50 acres.
5	If step 3 is: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • equal to or less than step 4, then the acreage is within tolerance • greater than step 4, then the acreage exceeds tolerance.
6	See subparagraph E for handling tolerance determinations.

100 Tolerance (Continued)

D Tolerance Determination Example Table

The following calculation examples demonstrate using the Step/Action table in *-subparagraph C, for 4 crops in 1 physical location county.--*

Crop, Type, IU	Result of Step 1 (RMA Acres)	Result of Step 2 (FSA Acres)	Result of Step 3 (Difference Between RMA and FSA Acres)	Result of Step 4 (5 Percent of Total RMA Acres)	Allowable Acreage Difference	Within Tolerance ?
Corn YEL GR	307.0	300.0	7.0	15.4	15.4	Y
Soybeans COM GR	21.1	25.2	4.1	1.1	10.0	Y
Oats SPR GR	702.4	759.3	56.9	35.1	35.1	N
Wheat HRW GR	1,149.4	1,237.9	88.5	57.5 <u>1/</u>	50.0 <u>1/</u>	N

1/ RMA Acres x 5 Percent = 57.5 Acres and 50 acres is the maximum allowable acreage.

E County Office Action for Tolerance Determinations

--Use the instructions in this table whenever there is a difference between SURE eligible RMA and FSA acreage for a specific crop/type/IU, by physical location county.--

WHEN the difference between the RMA and FSA acreage...	THEN the County Office shall...
is within tolerance	process FSA-682 using RMA acres determined eligible according to Part 4 to calculate the SURE guarantee.
exceeds tolerance	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> calculate the SURE guarantee based on the lesser of RMA acres or FSA acres determined eligible according to Part 4 <p>Note: Follow paragraph 12 for determining misrepresentation, scheme, or device.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> notify producer of discrepancy and request a refund of the unearned payment, if applicable <p>Note: Follow paragraph 715 to modify or delete a previously recorded SURE payment amount.</p>

Part 9 Revenue**261 Revenue Overview****A Total Farm Revenue**

Total farm revenue is the revenue calculated for all crops for which a producer has an interest nationwide and is used in the SURE payment calculation. Total farm revenue is calculated by first multiplying crop value (determined using production from eligible crop acres (Part 4)) by NAMP and adding FSA payments and RMA indemnities. The SURE guarantee for the producer is compared to the producer's total farm revenue to calculate SURE payment.

B Components of Total Farm Revenue

The total farm revenue is the sum of the following:

- actual crop value for all eligible crop acreage
- 15 percent of the total DCP direct payments
- total DCP CC payments
- total ACRE payments (there were **no** 2008 ACRE payments)
- total market gains from market loans and market certificates
- total loan deficiency payments
- total crop insurance indemnities
- total NAP payments
- total of guaranteed payments to contract growers
- total salvage value
- other disaster payments
- FSA and RMA settlements.

***--Note:** RMA settlements include any arbitration amount awarded to the producer for a loss with a guarantee still present. Arbitration amounts will not print on the SIR. Producer must certify to the amount according to paragraph 614 D.--*

262 Actual Crop Value

A Definition

The actual crop value is the value determined for each eligible crop based on production from eligible crop acres and the National Average Market Price for yield based crops adjusted for quality and the value of inventory immediately after the disaster for value loss crops summarized for all eligible crops on the farm.

B Determining the Actual Crop Value for Yield-Based Crops

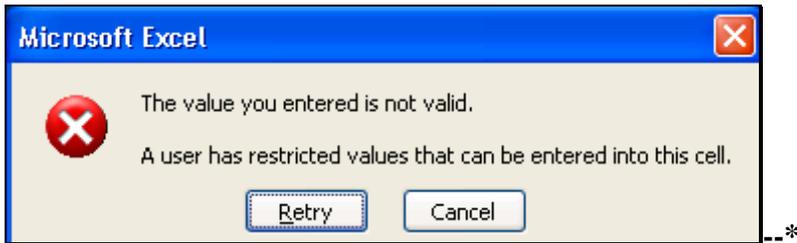
The actual crop value for each yield based crop on a farm is the product obtained by multiplying the production to count from eligible acreage for each SURE eligible crop, by NAMP for each crop and crop type, adjusted for quality when applicable.

Actual production to count is determined according to Part 7. Eligible acreage shall be determined according to Part 4.

***--614 Completing SURE Workbook Data Entry Worksheet (Continued)**

E Entering Crop Data

For all manually entered data, the entry **must** be a valid entry according to the tables in this paragraph and/or spelled correctly or the error message, “The value you entered is not valid. The user has restricted values that can be entered into this cell.”, will be displayed.



614 Completing SURE Workbook Data Entry Worksheet (Continued)

E Entering Crop Data (Continued)

The following is an example the Data Entry Worksheet crop data cells.

Phys. St/Co (if not Admin)	Crop	Crop Type	Int. Use	Stat. Code	Prac-tice
	Alfalfa		FG	I	NI
	Corn	YEL	GR	I	NI
	Oats	SPR	GR	I	NI
	Soybeans	COM	GR	I	NI

After an entry has been made on a line, the color of the line will become brighter and the data will be bolded.

From 2010 SIR, enter crop data in yellow cells according to the following.

Label	Full Name	Definition and Rule
Phys. St/Co (if not Admin)	Physical State and County Code (If Not Administrative County)	Enter State and county code for the physical State and county, if applicable. Only required if physical county is not administrative county; otherwise, leave blank. Do not enter a dash or slash; code entered as “01001” will be displayed as “01-001”. See 1-CM, Exhibit 101 for State and county codes.
Crop	Crop Name	Manually enter or select FSA crop name from drop-down menu. Required for all entries, according to 2-CP, Exhibit 10.5. The top 11 crops nationwide are at the top of the drop-down menu, followed by all other crops.
Crop Type	Crop Type	Enter 3-character FSA crop type (for example, “COM”). Entry must be a valid crop type code for the crop name that has been entered. Required for all entries, if applicable. If the cell turns red, an invalid code has been entered; enter valid code according to 2-CP, Exhibit 10.5.
Int. Use	Intended Use	Manually enter or select FSA IU from drop-down menu.
Stat. Code	Status Code	Manually enter or select FSA first character status code from drop-down menu; required for all entries. If the cell turns *--orange, a crop that was reported/entered on FSA-578 as a--* double-crop does not meet the double-cropping definition according to 2-CP, paragraph 73. Ensure that the status code has been entered correctly, matches FSA-578, and the crop is eligible for SURE according to Part 4. If so, the cell will remain *--orange, continue with data entry.--*
Practice	Practice	Manually enter or select FSA practice from drop-down menu; irrigated (I), nonirrigated (N), or other (for value loss). Required for all entries.

***--615 Completing SURE Workbook Farm Summary Worksheet (Continued)**

D Farm Data for Other Counties (Continued)

If the message, “Weighted Average Yield Data is missing or not the same for crops grown in the same physical county but administered in different counties. Access the Weighted Average Yield Tool to input or correct multi-county Weighted Average Yield Data.”, is displayed, see subparagraph 614 L.



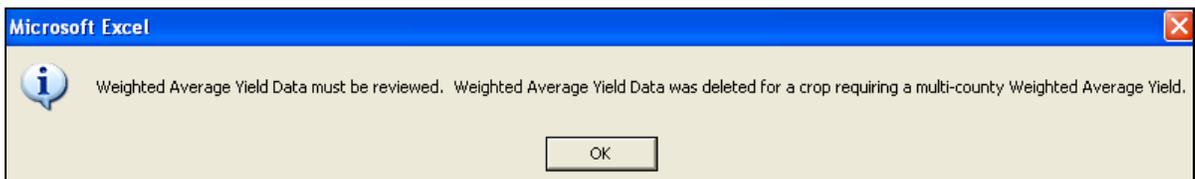
If the user needs to remove the pasted data, the user shall:

- ENTER “D” (for delete) in the cell above the pasted county data
- PRESS “Enter”
- CLICK “To Delete a County Enter a “D” above the county, press “enter” and click on this box”.

Farm Data		Enter data for up to six additional counties:			
County:	11-001	D 11-002			
1. Program Guarantee	\$ 595,692	\$ 4,654			
2. Not Applicable for 2010					
3. Expected Revenue	\$ 769,456	\$ 6,226			
4. Estimated Crop Value	\$ 185,092	\$ 6,544			
5. Other Revenue	\$ 46,634	\$ 750			
6. Disaster Declaration (X)	x	x			

To Delete a County
Enter a "D" above the county, press "enter" and click on this box.

If the message, “Weighted Average Yield Data must be reviewed. Weighted Average Yield Data was deleted for a crop requiring a multi-county Weighted Average Yield.”, is displayed, see subparagraph 614 L.



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615 Completing SURE Workbook Farm Summary Worksheet (Continued)

D Farm Data for Other Counties (Continued)

Each SURE Workbook is only able to summarize 6 additional county workbooks. If a recording county has a producer with more than 6 additional workbooks to summarize, follow this table.

Step	Action
1	Complete the workbook with the maximum 6 additional workbooks.
2	Create a second workbook for the same recording county.
3	Only complete the “Basic Information” block on the Data Entry Worksheet showing the same recording county. Do not enter any crop or payment data.
4	Go to the Farm Summary page.
5	Add the remaining administrative counties.
6	Save the file adding a “2” at the end of the file name so it will not overwrite the first recording county workbook.
7	*--Send the 2 .xml files to the National Office through the State Office by e-mail. The files will be--* merged and returned as 1 file.

Each SURE Workbook is only able to hold 100 lines of data. If a County Office has a producer with more than 100 lines of data, follow this table.

Step	Action
1	Complete the first SURE Workbook with the maximum 100 line entries.
2	Save the SURE Workbook .xml file, according to subparagraph 613 D.
3	Create a second SURE Workbook for the same county, giving the producer's name a “2”. Example: The first workbook was saved with the producer’s name, “Any Producer”. The second workbook will be saved with the producer’s name as, “Any Producer 2”.
4	Complete the second SURE Workbook with the maximum 100 line entries.
5	Save the SURE Workbook .xml file, according to subparagraph 613 D.
6	*--Send both .xml files to the National Office through the State Office by e-mail. The files will be--* merged and returned as 1 file.

E Eligibility Information

The following Farm Requirement items will be automatically populated from the Data Entry Worksheet or calculated.

Item	Title
7	Located in a Disaster County?
8	Production Loss % for the farm

Eligibility Information		
Farm Requirement	7. Located in a Disaster County?	Yes
	8. Production Loss % for the farm	59%

Note: Screen capture for example purposes **only**.

If a producer is multi-county and the “copy and paste” process has been performed as described in subparagraph D, the percentage displayed in item 8 will represent the revenue loss for all counties included in the summarization.

SIR RMA Data (Continued)

RMA Label	RMA Label Description	Data Entry Workbook Label	Description	Action Required
STAGE (Cntd)	Stage Code (Cntd)	Stage Code (Cntd)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ●*--“NC”, Unharvested – Not certified because of insured causes ● “NR”, not replanted, check with producer to see if acreage was harvested or unharvested ● “P”, uninsured loss, check with--* producer to see if acreage was harvested or unharvested ● “P2”, Prevented ●*--“PB”, bypassed because of uninsured cause of loss, check with producer--* to see if acreage was harvested or unharvested ● “PF”, Prevented ● “PT”, Prevented ●*-- “S”, Harvested – Spring seeded acreage ● “UA”, Unharvested – With production adjustment (plan 47 only) ● “UB”, Unharvested – bypassed because of insured cause of loss--* ● “UG”, Unharvested ● “UH”, Unharvested ● “US”, Unharvested ●*--“W1”, Unharvested – Acreage to be paid under winter coverage option ● “W2”, Unharvested – Acreage under winter coverage option ● “W3”, Unharvested – Acreage under winter coverage option--* ● “_”, (blank), check with producer to see if acreage was harvested or unharvested. 	<p>Enter the “H”, harvested; “PP”, prevented; or “UH”, unharvested code, as applicable, into the SURE Workbook according to the stage codes provided by RMA.</p> <p>Notes: If the Guarantee Reduction Code is “P” or “E”, in the SURE Workbook, “Stage Code” field, select “PP” code.</p> <p>For crops/policies with no RMA Guarantee Basis provided and included in subparagraph 162 C, do not load this entry into the SURE Workbook.</p>

SIR RMA Data (Continued)

RMA Label	RMA Label Description	Data Entry Workbook Label	Description	Action Required
STAGE FCTR	Stage Code	Adjustment Factor #1	Listed in "L" (Loss) Record, Reduction factor provided by RMA based on Stage Code	<p>Enter the Stage Code factor as displayed.</p> <p>If 0.000 or 1.000, enter 1.000 or leave blank.</p> <p>If the Stage Code is "P2", "PF", or "PT", the Guarantee Reduction Code in the "A" (Acreage) Record is "P" or "E". Enter the Guarantee Reduction factor in the SURE Workbook, "Adjustment Factor #1" field, this factor supersedes the stage code factor provided by RMA.</p> <p>Note: For crops/policies with no RMA Guarantee Basis provided and included in subparagraph 162 C, do not load this entry into the SURE Workbook.</p>
UNIT	Unit Number	Unit Number	RMA Unit Number	Enter unit number as displayed.
ZERO ACRE	Zero Acre Flag		<p>Listed in "A" (Acreage Record), as follows:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • "I", Total insurable acres of Pasture, Rangeland, Forage (FRG) • "U", Uninsured acres - planted to the insured crop, but not insurable • "N", No history acres - never planted • "-", or BLANK, regular acreage report. 	<p>If the Zero Acre Flag is "I", "U", or "N", then no action is required. For informational purposes only.</p> <p>If the Zero Acre Flag is "-" or BLANK, then load acres into * * * SURE Workbook as provided, if applicable.</p>

NASS U.S. Prices (Continued)

C 2010 NASS U.S. Prices

The following provides NASS U.S. prices for determining NAMP.

Crop Code	Type Abbr	Crop Name	Type Name	Use	Meas	2010 Price *--(Dollars)--*
0001		Tobacco Burley			LBS	1.549
0002	FCA	Tobacco Flue Cured	Flue Cured (012)		LBS	1.690
	FCB	Tobacco Flue Cured	Flue Cured (013)		LBS	1.690
	FCC	Tobacco Flue Cured	Flue Cured (014)		LBS	1.690
	FCD	Tobacco Flue Cured	Flue Cured (11a)		LBS	1.690
	FCE	Tobacco Flue Cured	Flue Cured (11b)		LBS	1.690
0003		Tobacco Virginia Fire Cured			LBS	2.000
0004	FRA	Tobacco Fire Cured	Flue Cured (022)		LBS	2.467
	FRB	Tobacco Fire Cured	Flue Cured (023)		LBS	2.467
0005	DAA	Tobacco Dark Air Cured	Dark Air Cured (035)		LBS	2.242
	DAB	Tobacco Dark Air Cured	Dark Air Cured (036)		LBS	2.242
0008	CBA	Tobacco Cigar Binder	Cigar Binder (051)		LBS	6.188
0010	CGA	Tobacco Cigar Filler	Cigar Filler Tobacco (041)		LBS	1.750
0011	HRS	Wheat	Hard Red Spring Wheat	GR	BU	6.49
	HRW	Wheat	Hard Red Winter Wheat	GR	BU	5.37
	HWR	Wheat	Hard White Winter Wheat	GR	BU	5.37
	HWS	Wheat	Hard White Spring Wheat	GR	BU	6.49
	SRW	Wheat	Soft Red Winter Wheat	GR	BU	5.37
	SWS	Wheat	Soft White Spring Wheat	GR	BU	6.49
	SWW	Wheat	Soft White Winter Wheat	GR	BU	5.37
0016	SPR	Oats	Spring	GR	BU	2.52
	WTR	Oats	Winter	GR	BU	2.52
0018	LGR	Rice	Long Grain		LBS	0.127
	MGR	Rice	Medium Grain		LBS	0.127
	SGR	Rice	Short Grain		LBS	0.127
0022		Cotton, ELS			LBS	1.790
0031	COM	Flax	Common	SD	BU	12.20
	LIN	Flax	Linola	SD	BU	12.20
0038		Sugarcane		PR	LBS	*--0.1693--*
0039		Sugar Beets		PR	TON	66.70

NASS U.S. Prices (Continued)

C 2010 NASS U.S. Prices

Crop Code	Type Abbr	Crop Name	Type Name	Use	Meas	2010 Price
0041	YEL	Corn	Yellow	GR	BU	5.18
	YEL	Corn	Yellow	SD	BU	5.18
0051	GRS	Sorghum	Grain	GR	BU	5.02
	HIF	Sorghum	Hybrid Interplanting Fg	SD	BU	5.02
	HIG	Sorghum	Hybrid	SD	BU	5.02
	HSF	Sorghum	Hybrid Standardplant Fg	SD	BU	5.02
	HSG	Sorghum	Hybrid Standardplant Gr	SD	BU	5.02
	HSS	Sorghum	Hybrid Standardplant Su	SD	BU	5.02
0058		Cranberries		FH	BBL	46.50
		Cranberries		PR	BBL	46.50
0067	AUS	Peas	Austrian Peas	DE	LBS	0.171
0075	RUN	Peanuts	Runner Peanuts	NP	LBS	0.225
	SPE	Peanuts	Southeast Spanish Peanuts	NP	LBS	0.225
	SPW	Peanuts	Southwest Spanish Peanuts	NP	LBS	0.225
	VAL	Peanuts	Valencia Peanuts	NP	LBS	0.225
	VIR	Peanuts	Virginia Peanuts	NP	LBS	0.225
0078	NON	Sunflowers	Confectionery - Sunflower	GR	LBS	*--0.2660
	OIL	Sunflowers	Sunflower Oil	GR	LBS	0.2260
0080	DOP	Millet	Dove Proso	GR	BU	4.54--*
0081	COM	Soybeans	Common	GR	BU	11.30
	EDA	Soybeans	Edamame Soybeans	GR	BU	11.30
	LER	Soybeans	Lerado	GR	BU	11.30
0091	SPR	Barley	Spring Barley	GR	BU	3.22
	WTR	Barley	Winter Barley	GR	BU	3.22
0094		Rye		GR	BU	5.03
0129		Rapeseed		SD	LBS	*--0.234
0469		Macadamia Nuts			LBS	0.750
0711	FAL	Canola	Fall Seeded	SD	LBS	0.193
	SPR	Canola	Spring Canola	SD	LBS	0.193--*

Note: For all price entries with “NA”, prices are not currently available and will be updated when the price becomes available.