

**FSA**  
**HANDBOOK**

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## Acreage and Compliance Determinations

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To access transmittal page click on the short reference

For State and County Offices

SHORT REFERENCE

2-CP  
(Revision 15)

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE  
Farm Service Agency  
Washington, DC 20250



**UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE**

Farm Service Agency  
Washington, DC 20250

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**Acreage and Compliance Determinations**  
**2-CP (Revision 15)**

**Amendment 98**

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**Approved by:** Acting Deputy Administrator, Farm Programs



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**Amendment Transmittal**

**A Reasons for Amendment**

Subparagraph 303 D has been amended to change the word “shall” to “will”.

Subparagraph 303 E has been amended to clarify procedure when FSA-578 is processed through nationwide customer service.

Subparagraph 304 D has been amended to update error message and corrective action for FSA-578 records that do not roll over due to invalid field numbers.

Subparagraph 307 D has been amended to change the word “shall” to “will”.

Subparagraph 308 D has been amended to update procedure for loading crop acreage information.

Subparagraph 308.5:

- C has been amended to update the add crop default screen to include RMA cropping practice
- D has been amended to:
  - add reporting unit animal unit month (AUM)
  - update procedure for cropland status
  - add RMA Cropping Practice.

## **Amendment Transmittal (Continued)**

### **A Reasons for Amendment (Continued)**

Subparagraph 310 C has been amended to:

- add reporting unit animal unit month (AUM)
- update procedure for cropland status.

Subparagraph 312 A has been amended to update procedure for calculating the CARS fully reported cropland indicator.

Subparagraph 313 B has been amended to update the certification statement.

Subparagraph 314 D has been amended to include a warning message when certified cropland acreage is over reported.

Subparagraph 314.1 C has been amended to update procedure for automatic termination of continuous certification election.

Subparagraph 314.1 D has been amended to update procedure for rolling over continuous certification crops from one CARS program year to the next CARS program year.

Subparagraph 314.1 E has been amended to update procedure and screens for electing continuous certification for approved perennial crops.

Subparagraph 314.1 F has been amended to:

- add a field description and action for the “Election Date” option
- add a note clarifying when manually terminating continuous certification, the user will need to click the “UnEnroll” button in the program year where the most current FSA-578 is certified.

Subparagraph 314.2 A has been amended to update procedure for rolling over CRP with an end year from one CARS program year to the next CARS program year.

Subparagraph 315 D has been amended to include a warning message when reported cropland acreage is over reported.

Subparagraph 316 E has been amended to include a warning message when reported cropland acreage is over reported.

## Amendment Transmittal (Continued)

### A Reasons for Amendment (Continued)

Subparagraph 317 B has been amended to update the Reports screen.

Subparagraph 317 C has been amended to remove reference to SCIMS when printing the FSA-578C and Continuous Certification Termination Letter.

**Note:** Producers will be populated based on the farm selected.

Subparagraph 317.5 B has been amended to update the Reports screen.

Subparagraph 318 A has been amended to:

- add status report:
  - “Farms with Deleted Field Due to Deleted Field Number in Farm Records
  - “Farms with No FSA-578 in CARS by Producer
- rename status report:
  - “Farms with Unreported Cropland” to “Farms with a FSA-578 in CARS and Unreported Cropland”
  - “Farms with No FSA-578” to “Farms with No FSA-578 in CARS”.

Subparagraph 318 B has been amended to add descriptions for status reports:

- “Farms with Unreported Cropland” to “Farms with a FSA-578 in CARS and Unreported Cropland”
- “Farms with No FSA-578” to Farms with No FSA-578 in CARS.

Subparagraph 375 C has been amended to provide that the FSA-468 has been modified to print when determined acreage is entered for at least 1 field on the farm.

Subparagraph 378 A has been amended to remove note reference that wild rice and FAV’s will be included for expanded samples at the 1.0 acre or 5 percent level. Wild rice and FAV’s will no longer be included in the expanded samples at the 1.0 acre or 5 percent level.

## **Amendment Transmittal (Continued)**

### **A Reasons for Amendment (Continued)**

Subparagraph 380.5 B has been amended to update the Reports screen.

Subparagraph 380.6 C has been amended to clarify procedure for generating/printing the FSA-468.

Subparagraph 380.6 D has been amended to remove reference to footnote 3.

Subparagraph 380.6 E has been amended to update footnote description for the FSA-468.

Subparagraph 380.6 F has been amended to update the FSA-468.

Subparagraph 380.7 C has been amended to:

- update the Covered Commodity Out of Tolerance report
- clarify that tolerance is not calculated for crops reported with measured or official status.

Subparagraph 380.7 D has been amended to update the Missing Determined Acreage report.

Subparagraph 380.7 E has been amended to update the Farms Having FAV's with Determined Acres Greater than Reported report.

Subparagraph 380.7 F has been amended to update the Farms Having FAV's Not Reported and/or Certified report.

Subparagraph 381 A has been amended to clarify procedure for crop acreage discrepancies.

Exhibit 10.5 has been amended to add new types of corn, figs, and shrubs/forbs and add new crops wasabi and idle.

Exhibit 11 has been amended to remove the crop turn areas and terraces and the "Juice" intended use beginning with the 2017 crop year.

**Amendment Transmittal (Continued)**

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- 50 (Withdrawn--Amend. 63)



**Part 1 General Information****1 Overview****A Handbook Purpose**

This handbook provides State and County Offices with procedure needed to perform compliance activities for FSA programs.

**B Compliance Activities**

Procedure for compliance activities includes:

- acreage reports
- spot-check selection
- measurement services
- aerial photography
- field determinations
- aerial and ground compliance techniques
- measurement equipment.

**C Handbook Withdrawal and Supplementation**

Do not withdraw any procedures in this handbook.

This handbook may be supplemented if STC does either or both of the following:

- directs SED to supplement this handbook to reflect STC policies that have received DAFP authorization
- determines appropriate standard deductions and service charge rates to be used in compliance activities.

**2 Source of Authority and Related Handbooks**

**A Source of Authority**

7 CFR Part 718 provides authority to establish procedures for acreage determinations and compliance activities.

**B Related Handbooks**

The handbooks in the following table relate to acreage determinations and compliance activities.

<b>IF the material concerns...</b>	<b>THEN see...</b>
aerial photography	1-AP.
program appeals	1-APP.
State and County Office records operations	25-AS.
common management and operating provisions; farm reconstitutions; farm, tract, crop data	1-CM, 2-CM, or 3-CM.
digital photography	8-CM.
failure to fully comply; HELC/WC provisions; finality rule	4-CP, 6-CP, or 7-CP.
resource conservation programs	1-CRP or 2-CRP.
disaster assistance programs	*--3-DAP, 4-DAP, 4-DAP (Rev. 1), 5-DAP, or 5-DAP (Rev. 1).--*
Direct and Counter-Cyclical Program	1-DCP or 2-DCP.
CCC checks; receipts	1-FI or 3-FI.
information policies and procedures; information available to the public	1-INFO or 2-INFO.
computer operations	2-IRM.
loans and LDP's	applicable Price Support procedure.
noninsured crop disasters; loss adjuster and crop appraisal	1-NAP or 2-NAP.
***	***
payment limitations	1-PL.
*--NAP; LA and loss claims management; accepting complaints or documenting FSA observation	1-NAP, 2-NAP, 3-RM, or 4-RM.--*
***	***

**3 Access to Information**

**A Access to Farm and Farm Records**

Any authorized representative of the Secretary shall have access to farm and farm records to make determinations on eligibility and compliance with:

- program provisions
- highly erodible and wetland conservation provisions.

## 4 Responsibilities

### A Producer's Responsibilities

Each producer who expects to receive benefits under FSA programs is responsible for complying with every provision of that program, including:

- \* \* \* HELC and WC provisions
- \* \* \* accurate acreage reports and production evidence when required.

### B CED's Responsibilities

CED's shall:

- ensure that all compliance activities are completed in a timely manner and according to procedure
- recruit, train, and qualify County Office employees for compliance activities
- obtain producers' reports of acreage
- monitor quality of producer-filed acreage reports by inspecting a statistically sound number of producers, employees, and committee members, as well as all late-filed acreage reports filed for crops
- develop plans for the following:
  - preparing materials needed for producer acreage and production reports
  - assembling documents and equipment for field and program assistants
  - ensuring efficient workflow in the office and the field
  - checking compliance work as directed by STC
- make farm and field inspections, using approved compliance method
- \*--maintain a copy of the acreage reports register, if using an acreage report register was necessary according to subparagraph 18 D.--\*

**4 Responsibilities (Continued)**

**C COC Responsibilities**

COC shall:

- ensure that compliance activities are performed using techniques provided by STC
- ensure that measurement service requests are completed in a timely manner
- review all late-filed acreage reports.

**D DD Responsibilities**

DD shall:

- serve as liaison officer between the State and County Office
- supervise all County Office compliance activities
- assist the State Office in supervising and reviewing all phases of compliance work
- assist CED in training employees involved in acreage and production determinations
- review certification registers and send a copy to the State Office.

**E SED Responsibilities**

\*--SED shall maintain the State Compliance Plan of Operation and shall include plans for the following:

- helping CED's train employees involved in acreage and production determination methods
- supervising County Office compliance operations
- requiring DD's and CED's to make an adequate check of employees' work and provide additional training when necessary
- establishing policy and providing guidance to DD's in the review of County Office compliance activities.--\*



4 Responsibilities (Continued)

F STC Responsibilities

STC's shall:

- establish the deadline by which County Offices will have completed compliance activities

\* \* \*

- obtain DAFP's approval before implementing deviations from measurement standards
- examine COC recommendations for using other than 3 percent standard deduction for ground measurement
- ensure that all County Offices offer a full range of services, such as:
  - measurement service
  - production determinations.

5-14 (Reserved)



**Part 2 Acreage Report Procedures**

**Section 1 Responsibilities, Guidelines, and Reporting Dates**

**15 Using FSA-578**

**A Introduction**

County Offices shall use FSA-578 to collect data relating to crops. The data collection is to:

- determine compliance with farm programs
- verify compliance with HELC and WC provisions
- collect data for FSA and other USDA agencies for program decisions
- determine producer eligibility for loans and LDP’s
- \*--determine crop and producer eligibility for ARC/PLC, ELAP, Livestock Forage--\*  
Disaster Program, NAP, SURE, and TAP.

**B Accepting Acreage Reports**

The following describes the steps to take when accepting an acreage report.

Step	Action
1	Enter crops and acreage data on FSA-578 provided by an individual or entity identified in subparagraph 16 D.
2	Review the data with the person reporting to ensure that: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• all applicable crops, types, and intended uses are included</li> <li>• the farm is in compliance, if applicable.</li> </ul>
3	Perform any measurement service that was requested.
4	Provide a copy of FSA-578 and aerial or digital photocopy.
5	Perform inspections and apply tolerance rules, when applicable.
6	Send operator FSA-468 or FSA-409, as applicable.
7	Process redetermination requests.
8	COC makes determinations according to Part 3, Section 4.
9	Process payment reduction reports and notification letters, if applicable.

**Note:** A manual FSA-578 may be accepted only when the automated FSA-578 is **not** available. All manual FSA-578’s must be loaded in the automated FSA-578 once the system becomes available.

16 Required Acreage Reports

**A Importance of Accurate and Timely Reporting**

Filing an accurate and timely acreage report for all crops and land uses, including failed acreage and prevented planted acreage, can prevent loss of benefits for programs listed in the following table. FSA-578 certification must be filed for the farm by the applicable final reporting date in Exhibit 6.5. For producers reporting NAP crops, see 1-NAP, paragraphs 375 and 376 for additional acreage reporting requirements. Acreage reports and requests for disaster credit for:

- prevented planted acreage and credit must be submitted no later than 15 calendar days after the final planting date for the applicable crop

**Notes:** Beginning in 2007, the final planting date for each crop is based on final planting dates established by RMA for insurable crops and NCT planting dates for noninsurable crops.

If no date is established by RMA, COC may establish final planting dates for insurable and non-insurable crops in a county with approval from STC. When establishing final planting dates COC shall take into consideration the applicable dates established for surrounding counties.

- failed acreage and credit must be sought before:
  - the crop acreage is destroyed
  - disposition of the crop.

Benefit	Acreage Reporting Requirement	Reason for Requirement
MAL's and LDP's	All cropland on the farm on which the crop pledged as loan collateral or LDP was produced.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Authorized by the Agricultural Act of 2014, Section 1118(c). MAL's and LDP's are in subtitle (b).</li> <li>• Needed to determine reasonableness of claimed production.</li> </ul>
CRP annual rental payment	CRP acreage according to CRP-1 Appendix.	Needed to determine that the producer has maintained CRP acreage.
NAP	Crop acreage for which NAP benefits may be requested.	Needed to establish eligibility of the crop and producer for NAP benefits.

16 Required Acreage Reports (Continued)

A Importance of Accurate and Timely Reporting (Continued)

\*--

Benefit	Acreage Reporting Requirement	Reason for Requirement
LFP	Pastureland or grazing land acreage for which LFP benefits may be requested.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Authorized by the Agricultural Act of 2014.</li> <li>• Needed to establish eligibility of the crop and producer for LFP benefits.</li> </ul>
TAP	Tree, bush, or vine acreage for which TAP benefits are being requested.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Authorized by the Agricultural Act of 2014.</li> <li>• Needed to establish eligibility of the crop and producer for TAP benefits.</li> </ul>
ELAP	Crop acreage for which ELAP benefits may be requested.	Authorized by the Agricultural Act of 2014.
ARC/PLC	All cropland on the farm.  <b>Note:</b> Farms that have zero cropland will have the flag set to “Y” in the cropland comparison file. No producer or County Office action will be necessary.	Authorized by the Agricultural Act of 2014, 7 U.S.C. 9018.

--\*



## 16 Required Acreage Reports (Continued)

### B Informing Producers

Producers of crops for which FSA-578 must be filed should be informed of the following:

- responsibilities regarding HELC and WC provisions
- availability and advantages of measurement services
- loss of program benefits for noncompliance
- requirements for filing an accurate crop and acreage report, including the following:
  - \*--the requirement for reporting all cropland on the farm for ARC/PLC, marketing--\* assistance loans, and LDP benefits
  - the importance of correctly reporting crop acreage
  - crops that should be reported
  - final crop reporting dates.

### C Methods of Notification

County Offices shall notify all producers of acreage reporting requirements by any means of communication, including the following:

- news releases
- newsletters
- radio and television
- meetings.

### D Who Can Certify

County Offices shall accept signed and dated FSA-578 certification from 1 of the following:

- farm operator
- farm owner
- person authorized by power of attorney
- tenants and share-croppers, but only for crop acreage for which the person has a share. However, all cropland on the farm must be certified for applicable programs.

**Exception:** For CRP, County Offices shall accept signed and dated FSA-578 from 1 of the following according to 2-CRP:

- owner on CRP-1
- operator on CRP-1
- person authorized by power of attorney.

**17 Other Acreage Reports**

**A Accepting Other Acreage Reports**

Producers are not required to report crop acreages, other than those in subparagraph 16 A. However, County Offices shall accept FSA-578's from all producers who wish to report their crop acreages for any purpose.

**B BWEP**

BWEP, which is administered by APHIS, has used cotton acreage reports that were provided by producers to local FSA offices since the first trial program in 1978.

To continue providing this service, County Offices that are in States designated for participation in BWEP shall continue accepting acreage reports for BWEP purposes.

\* \* \*



## 18 Reporting Dates

### A Final Reporting Dates

To be eligible for FSA benefits according to subparagraph 16 A, crops must be reported by the final reporting dates in Exhibit 6 or 6.5, as applicable.

**Note:** Exhibit:

- 6 shall be used for reporting crops until June 30, 2012
- 6.5 shall be used for reporting crops beginning July 1, 2012.

\*--The following provides guidance on reporting crop acreage not specified in Exhibit 6 or 6.5.

- Acreage insured as PRF with crop insurance must be reported to FSA by the date specified with PRF, if applicable, in Exhibit 6.5. PRF refers to Pasture Rangeland Forage, a program administered by RMA.

**Note:** Perennial Forage crops shall be reported by the same date as specified for PRF when fall-seeded and in years subsequent to seeding in States with a PRF specification, unless otherwise designated for the State. This includes, but is not limited to, alfalfa, birdsfoot trefoil, clover, grass, and mixed forage. See subparagraph 18 C for applicable exceptions.

- Where “Forage Seeding” is specified, the acreage reporting date applies to perennial forage crops for the year the crop is initially seeded.

**Note:** For subsequent years, the perennial forage must be reported by the perennial forage ARD.

- If a measurement service has been requested timely, but not performed by the final reporting date, then the acreage must still be reported by the final reporting date. If the measured acreage differs from reported acreage, the acreage report shall be revised within 5 workdays of the notification of the measurement service results.
- If the crop is apiculture, use the crop code for “honey” with the applicable apiculture acreage reporting date as listed in Exhibit 6.5.
- The planting date ranges used in Exhibit 6.5 do **not** represent the planting periods defined by 1-NAP.

**Example:** California has multiple reporting dates for potatoes depending on when they were planted. The range of dates used to identify these reporting dates are not the same as the planting periods used for NAP.--\*

## 18 Reporting Dates (Continued)

## A Final Reporting Dates (Continued)

- \*--For the crops that have a planting date range or a series of planting date ranges within a program year specified in Exhibit 6.5, and the crop is planted on a date that is **not** included within a date range, then the reporting date would be the earlier of:
  - 15 calendar days before the onset of harvest or grazing
  - the subsequent planting date range's acreage reporting date.
- Crops that have a date range or a series of date ranges within a program year, and the reported planting date is both after the acreage reporting date for “all other crops” for that State and **not** within the date range specified, shall be reported within 15 calendar days before the onset of harvest.
- If the crop is a repeat crop and the crop reporting date has passed, then the subsequent plantings shall be reported 15 calendar days before the onset of harvest.

## B Final Acreage Reporting Dates for NAP Eligibility

The final date for reporting any specific crop acreage for NAP eligibility is the earlier of the following:

- the established acreage reporting date for that crop/commodity in Exhibit 6 or 6.5, as applicable
- 15 calendar days before the onset of harvest or grazing of the specific crop acreage being reported
- the established normal harvest date for the end of the coverage period.

The established final reporting date for value loss and controlled environment crops is September 30 for the ensuing crop year.

**Exceptions:** The final reporting date for honey is:

- January 2 of the same crop year

**Example:** January 2, 2013, for the 2013 crop year.

**Note:** The crop year for honey production is the calendar year January 1 through December 31.

- within 30 calendar days of the date colonies of bees are acquired, brought into, or removed from the county.

The final reporting date for nursery is May 31.--\*

18 Reporting Dates (Continued)

**\*--B Final Acreage Reporting Dates for NAP Eligibility (Continued)**

Tropical Region provisions apply according to 1-NAP for Hawaii, Puerto Rico, American Samoa, Guam, the U.S. Virgin Islands, and the former Trust Territory of the Pacific Islands (the Commonwealth of Northern Mariana Islands, the Republic of the Marshall Islands, the Federated States of Micronesia, and the Republic of Palau).--\*

**C Exceptions**

The following provides exceptions to reporting dates in Exhibit 6 or 6.5, as applicable.

<b>IF...</b>	<b>THEN * * * this acreage must be reported by...</b>
the crop has not been planted by the final reporting date in Exhibit 6 or 6.5, as applicable	15 calendar days after planting is completed.
* * *	* * *
the producer has acquired a lease for the acreage after the final acreage reporting date for the crop, such as perennial forage	30 calendar days after acquiring the lease. Appropriate documentation must be date-stamped and provided to the County Office to the County Office's satisfaction.
*--a perennial forage crop is reported with an intended use of "cover only," "green manure," "left standing," or "seed"	the acreage reporting date associated with "all other crops" in the State, unless otherwise specified.--*

**D Reporting Acreage by Appointment**

If appointments are used to report acreage, sufficient personnel shall be assigned to ensure that all appointments can be scheduled before the applicable final reporting dates.

**18 Reporting Dates (Continued)****E Using Registers**

An acreage report register shall be used, according to 1-CM when a certification register is necessary. County Office shall maintain a copy of the acreage report register for future reference.

All automated FSA-578's with a certification signature from the farm operator, owner, or duly authorized representative dated more than 10 workdays after the final reporting date shall be listed by FSN, operator's name, and reason for accepting the report after the final reporting date. DD shall review and initial this list and forward a copy to the State Office.

**Notes:** DAFP may request the State Office to provide a list of County Offices that needed to prepare a list of FSA-578's certified more than 10 workdays after the final reporting date.

A copy of the register or registers shall be filed in the CP folder and remain on file according to 25-AS.

**F Requesting Changes to Crop Acreage Reporting Dates**

Use Exhibit 6.8 when requesting a change to crop acreage reporting dates. To validate the request, State Offices shall:

- complete Exhibit 6.8, indicating the following:
  - crop/commodity name and crop/commodity type, if applicable, for the request
  - current crop/commodity reporting date
  - proposed crop/commodity reporting date
  - crop years to which the proposed reporting date apply
- prepare a written document to justify the change of crop/commodity reporting date(s).

## 18 Reporting Dates (Continued)

## F Requesting Changes to Crop Acreage Reporting Dates (Continued)

The justification should address the following criteria:

- provide reasoning behind why approving the change would reduce the burden on producers
- if the proposed ARD conflicts with requirements already established for farm programs or crop insurance associated with the crop/commodity

**Note:** Proposed ARD's that conflict with FSA, RMA, or other USDA requirements will still be considered for approval depending on the nature of the conflict.

- if other similar or closely related crops/commodities are associated with the proposed final ARD
- the proposed ARD should not increase, and ideally would reduce the total number of crop ARD's established for the State

**Note:** If the proposed ARD does increase the total number of dates for the State, explain the reasoning why it would further reduce the burden on producers.

- if the proposed reporting date for the crop/commodity significantly differs from the established reporting date for the crop/commodity in any neighboring State, provide the reasoning behind why the discrepancy does not pose a burden on producers, including multi-State producers.

\*--State Offices shall submit **both** of the following to Clay Lagasse by e-mail to [clay.lagasse@wdc.usda.gov](mailto:clay.lagasse@wdc.usda.gov):--\*

- completed Exhibit 6.8
- written justification based on State Office research and analysis.

**Notes:** Requests for changes will **not** be considered unless all required parts are included.

Requests are **not** guaranteed approval and will be reviewed and approved or disapproved by a USDA ARD's review board consisting of members of multiple USDA Agencies, including NASS, NRCS, and RMA.



## 19 Assisting Persons in Reporting Acreage

### A Before FSA-578 Is Filed

County Offices shall advise persons identified in subparagraph 16 D of the following before FSA-578 is filed:

- an accurate and timely report is required
- \*--farms participating in ARC/PLC and those requesting LDP's and marketing assistance--\* loans are required to report all cropland on the farm to be eligible for benefits
- photography, official acreages, and past records are available to help in reporting acreage
- measurement services are available and recommended if there is any doubt about the accuracy of any data being reported
- if a discrepancy arises between previously reported crop acreage and crop acreage being reported.

**Note:** The person reporting crop acreage shall be notified if the person's report is in conflict with previously reported crop acreage. The person shall be advised that FSA will accept the report; however, all acreage reports are subject to spot check. Determined acreage will be compared against the most recent report given for the acreage regardless of whether previously filed reports that were later revised are more accurate. No acreage report revisions are permitted after crop acreage is spot-checked. County Offices shall **not**, in any way, advise any person on the quantity of acreage that should be reported.

19 Assisting Persons in Reporting Acreage (Continued)

**B Assisting Operators**

County Offices should take the following steps to assist a producer with filing FSA-578.

Step	Action						
1	When possible, make an appointment to file FSA-578.						
2	Require a report for all crops for which FSA-578 must be filed. Require a report *--for <b>all</b> cropland on each farm for which ARC/PLC, marketing assistance loans,--* and LDP benefits are being requested. Accept acreage reports for all other crops and farms.						
3	Explain impact of HELC and WC provisions on farming operations.						
4	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Use official acreages, where applicable.</li> <li>• Subtract deductions from all acreages.</li> <li>• Enter data on FSA-578.</li> </ul>						
5	Review each field on the farm, using photographs, photocopies, and slides or digital images, if available.						
6	Use the following to determine whether certification is possible from visual inspection of official field acreages on the photograph.						
	<table border="1" style="width: 100%; border-collapse: collapse;"> <thead> <tr> <th data-bbox="383 888 878 930">IF visual inspection is...</th> <th data-bbox="878 888 1464 930">THEN...</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td data-bbox="383 930 878 972">possible</td> <td data-bbox="878 930 1464 972">accept FSA-578 and go to step 8.</td> </tr> <tr> <td data-bbox="383 972 878 1014">not possible</td> <td data-bbox="878 972 1464 1014">go to step 7.</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>	IF visual inspection is...	THEN...	possible	accept FSA-578 and go to step 8.	not possible	go to step 7.
IF visual inspection is...	THEN...						
possible	accept FSA-578 and go to step 8.						
not possible	go to step 7.						
7	<p>Suggest measurement service if the producer:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• is uncertain about the acreage being reported</li> <li>• wants to guarantee that the farm acreage meets program requirements</li> <li>• wants to establish or correct an official acreage for an area that cannot be delineated from features that are visible on the photograph.</li> </ul> <p><b>Note:</b> See paragraph 459 for procedure on measurement service.</p>						
8	Assist the producer in filing FSA-578, if the producer provides specific information or acreage measurements, according to subparagraph C.						
9	Ensure that the producer provides acreage of any deductions, skip-row patterns, etc. Enter unusual patterns on FSA-578, remarks section.						



19 Assisting Persons in Reporting Acreage (Continued)

C Calculating Acreage Measurements

County Offices shall follow these steps when the producer, operator, or owner provides specific data or acreage measurements and requests assistance.

Step	Action
1	Delineate subdivisions on the photocopy or map printed from the ArcGIS CLU Maintenance Tool.
2	Compute acreage from the ArcGIS CLU Maintenance Tool.
3	Remind the person reporting that acreages they provided: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• are not official</li> <li>• cannot be guaranteed.</li> </ul>
4	Emphasize the importance of providing an accurate acreage report on FSA-578.
5	Ensure that the producer: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• reads and understands the certification on FSA-578</li> <li>• understands that by signing and dating FSA-578, the producer is agreeing with this certification.</li> </ul> <p><b>Note:</b> See subparagraph 16 D for certification restrictions.</p>

**Note:** Calculated or measured acreage can be entered or maintained in tenths or hundredths.

\*--It is recommended that acreage on FSA-578 be entered and maintained in hundredths for higher precision and mitigation of rounding problems that may occur between acreage on FSA-578 and acreage in Farm Records. Managing acreage in tenths or--\* hundredths on FSA-578 is at the discretion of the State Office, as long as the level of entry is consistent throughout the State. In cases where hundredths of acres are required, and acreage is only reported in tenths, a zero shall be added in the hundredths decimal place.

**Exception:** Tobacco and other specified NAP crop acreage **must** be entered in hundredths in all States.



20 Crop Data on the Hard Copy Maps

**A What to Include on Hard Copy Maps**

\*--The hard copy maps will be used to record the following information before data is--\* entered on FSA-578:

- farm number
- tract number
- field/subfield number
- crop
- intended use
- number of acres
- approximate boundaries of the crop
- skip-row pattern, when applicable.

\*--**Note:** For additional information on maps printed using the CARS Application Map, see paragraph 317.5--\*

**B Review for HEL Noncompliance**

Use the following table to review hard copy maps to identify potential HELC or WC noncompliance if FSA-578 was completed and an agricultural commodity is planted on either of the following:

- a field for which HEL determination is not made
- land designated as WC.

IF...	THEN...
any producer on the farm has filed AD-1026	prepare FSA-569 and refer to NRCS for a determination according to 6-CP.
no producer on the farm has filed AD-1026	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• explain to the producer who certifies on FSA-578 that the report indicates a potential HELC or WC noncompliance, which will be verified if any producer on the farm requests USDA benefits</li> <li>• maintain a record of the potentially ineligible producer who is associated with land on which there is a potential noncompliance</li> <li>• prepare FSA-578 for the farm and refer to NRCS for a determination if any producer on the farm files AD-1026.</li> </ul>

## 21 Late-Filed Report of Acreage

### A Accepting Late-Filed FSA-578

\*--COC may accept a late-filed FSA-578 for processing when all of the following apply:

- the producer filing the late-filed report pays the cost of a farm visit and the costs of--\* verification and determination of crop acreage

**Note:** See subparagraph D to determine when to charge a late-filed fee.

- physical existence of the late-filed crop or crop residue for the crop year being reported exists, if applicable, according to subparagraph E

**Exception:** RMA data may be used as evidence to accept a late-filed FSA-578 when physical evidence of the crop or crop residue does **not** exist, if the crop information is reported timely to RMA and supports the crop information reported to FSA. \* \* \*

- the crop's use can be verified
- \*--the crop's acreage for the specific crop year can still be determined by FSA.

**Example 1:** A producer files FSA-578 for Field 1 on the farm by the reporting deadline. After the reporting date, the producer late-files FSA-578 for Field 2. This is considered a late-filed FSA-578.

**Example 2:** A producer reports corn as the initial crop on Field 1 of the farm by ARD. The producer then late-files FSA-578 reporting wheat in Field 1 as the initial crop. This is a late-filed FSA-578 resulting in a modification of an existing status code.

**Example 3:** A producer timely reports corn as the initial crop on Field 1 of a farm. The producer requests to revise the crop from corn to soybeans on Field 1 at a later date. This is considered a revision according to subparagraph 22 B.

### B Late-Filed FSA-578 for NAP APH, CRP Cropping History, FSFL History, or P&CP Acres and Subsequently Planted Crop Acreage for 2009 Through 2012

A late-filed FSA-578 may be accepted for processing after physical existence of the crop or crop residue is gone if the producer:

- is reporting acreage for establishing APH data base for NAP eligibility purposes, cropping history for CRP purposes, or FSFL history--\*

## 21 Late-Filed Report of Acreage (Continued)

### B Late-Filed FSA-578 for NAP APH, CRP Cropping History, FSFL History, or P&CP Acres and Subsequently Planted Crop Acreage for 2009 Through 2012 (Continued)

- provides acceptable evidence, to COC's satisfaction, to prove existence and disposition of the crop, according to subparagraph F

**Note:** If evidence accepted and approved by RMA or another USDA Agency is provided, proof of crop disposition is **not** required.

- is reporting P&CP acres or subsequently planted crop acreage for 2009 through 2012 crop years in an attempt to correct acreage history for the farm for 2014 Farm Bill base acre reallocation purposes.

**Note:** If an acreage report and request for prevented planted credit was timely submitted and the prevented planting acreage credit was disapproved by FSA, a new request for prevented planting acreage credit will **only** be permitted if either of the following apply:

- the prevented planting credit request for the same crop was **not** processed and acted on by FSA
- an appeal of FSA's denial of prevented planting acreage credit was timely filed by the producer upon which NAD dismissed the appeal for lack of jurisdiction.

### C Late-Filed FSA-578 for Nursery and Aquaculture

\*--FSA-578 filed after the reporting deadline for nursery or aquaculture will follow late-filed provisions according to subparagraph A.--\*

\* \* \*

21 Late-Filed Report of Acreage (Continued)

**D Late-Filed Fees and Acreage Verification**

A late filed FSA-578 requires payment of a late-filed fee to verify and determine the crop, acreage, and use, except as provided in the following table. The late-file acreage reporting fee is equal to the measurement **service fee according to paragraph 460. FSA-409 is required to be completed according to paragraph 461.**

**If CCC-576 is late-filed according to paragraph 24 in conjunction with a late-filed acreage report**, a late filed fee will be assessed according to paragraph 460 for the late-filed CCC-576.

The following table provides some exceptions and policy for the exception to the late-filed fees and acreage verification.

Exception	Policy
IF...	THEN...
producer submits a late-filed FSA-578 and requests waiver of the late-file fee claiming the report was filed late for reasons beyond the producer’s control	COC can review the producer’s request and waive the fee if COC determines appropriate. A late-file fee will <b>not</b> be assessed but completion of FSA-409 is still required.  <b>Note:</b> Denied requests for waivers of fees are administrative matters and are not program decisions. These matters and decisions are not subject to administrative appeals. The producer simply remains liable for the fee.
FSA-578 is filed late for CRP cropping history or to establish a NAP APH-approved yield for the first time for a crop	a late-file fee will <b>not</b> be assessed and completion of FSA-409 will <b>not</b> be required or completed.  <b>Note:</b> Once a producer has a NAP APH approved yield for a crop, the producer must annually report acreage by the final acreage reporting date.

21 Late-Filed Report of Acreage (Continued)

D Late-Filed Fees and Acreage Verification (Continued)

Exception	Policy
<b>IF...</b>	<b>THEN....</b>
FSA-578 is filed for revising or correcting P&CP acreage or subsequently planted crop acreage for 2009 through 2012 crop years for base reallocation purposes.	a late-file fee will <b>not</b> be assessed and completion of FSA-409 will <b>not</b> be required or completed.  Late-file reports under this exception and policy must be filed by August 1, 2015.
FSA-578 is filed for a 2013 crop with a final reporting date occurring from July 1, 2012, through September 15, 2013.	a late-file fee will <b>not</b> be assessed and completion of FSA-409 will <b>not</b> be required or completed. However, this exception does <b>not</b> apply if the 2013 crop year FSA-578 is filed <b>after</b> September 15, 2013.
FSA-578 is filed by December 31, 2014, for a 2014 crop that had a final reporting *--date on or after October 1, 2013.--*	a late-file fee will <b>not</b> be assessed and completion of FSA-409 will <b>not</b> be required or completed. However, this exception does <b>not</b> apply if the 2014 crop year FSA-578 is filed <b>after</b> December 31, 2014.
FSA-578 is filed by July 15, 2015, for a 2015 crop that had a final reporting date before January 1, 2015.  <b>Note:</b> This exception does not apply to any acreage of a crop covered under Federal Crop Insurance or NAP.	a late-file fee will <b>not</b> be assessed. Completion of FSA-409 will <b>not</b> be required if RMA data, current year's NAIP imagery, or other evidence deemed sufficient by the COC to verify and determine the crop, acreage, and use are available and noted in the file, COC minutes or other appropriate method.  However, this exception policy does <b>not</b> apply if the 2015 crop year FSA-578 is filed <b>after</b> July 15, 2015, for a crop with a final reporting date before January 1, 2015.
*--FSA-578 is filed by September 30, 2015, for a 2015 crop that had a final reporting date of July 15, 2015, or later.  <b>Note:</b> This exception does not apply to:  <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• any acreage of a crop covered under Federal Crop Insurance or NAP</li> <li>• prevented planting.</li> </ul>	a late-file fee will <b>not</b> be assessed. Completion of FSA-409 will <b>not</b> be required if RMA data, current year's NAIP imagery, or other evidence deemed sufficient by the COC to verify and determine the crop, acreage, and use are available and noted in the file, COC minutes or other appropriate method.  However, this exception policy does <b>not</b> apply if the 2015 crop year FSA-578 is filed <b>after</b> September 30, 2015, for a crop with a final reporting date of July 15, 2015, or later.--*

E Physical Evidence Requirements

The following provides physical evidence requirements for late-filed FSA-578's.

IF the late-filed acreage report is for purposes...	THEN the crop or crop residue...
other than those in subparagraph B	must be identifiable and verified by a farm visit, except for crops meeting the new ARD provisions in subparagraph D.
in subparagraph B	verification is not required. Other satisfactory evidence must be provided.  <b>Note:</b> See subparagraph F for examples of acceptable evidence.

21 Late-Filed Report of Acreage (Continued)

F Examples of Acceptable Evidence

The following are examples of acceptable nonphysical evidence.

IF the evidence is to prove...	THEN COC may accept nonphysical evidence, such as...
existence of the crop	seed receipts showing the amount, variety, and date purchased.
	receipts for cleaning, treating, etc., for seed planted on the farm.
	documentation obtained and certified by another Governmental agency indicating the acreage, location, and crop year.
	acreage reported for any crop insurance policy or loss adjustment.
	a written contract or documentation of an oral contract to produce a specific crop.
disposition of the crop	aerial or digital slides, if a positive determination can be made of the crop's identity and boundaries.
	evidence that was accepted and approved by RMA or another USDA agency.
	receipts showing number and units sold if the sale can be positively identified as sale of the crop for the farm for the year represented.
	a written contract or documentation of an oral contract to produce a specific crop.
	records showing the crop was fed to livestock.
	positive documentation of payment for custom harvesting indicating acreage, location, and crop year.
	evidence that was accepted and approved by RMA or another USDA agency.

22 Partial and Revised Reports

A Partial FSA-578's

A partial FSA-578 for a farm may exist when:

- at least 1 crop has been reported
- all acreage on the farm has not been reported.

B Revising Crop or Acres

All elements of an acreage report can be revised through the crop's acreage reporting date. After the acreage reporting date, FSA-578's may be revised if the revised crop or acreage can be verified by physical evidence to COC's satisfaction. RMA data shall **not** be accepted as verification for revising acreage information.

**Note:** The revised FSA-578 may not nullify the results of a spot check, if the results of the spot check have been provided to the operator.



## 22 Partial and Revised Reports (Continued)

### C Revising Intended Use

\*--All elements of an acreage report can be revised through the crop's acreage reporting date. After the acreage reporting date, the intended use field previously certified must not be revised.

In situations where the actual use is different than the intended use, such as short-rated wheat, County Offices can record the actual use as indicated in paragraph 308.

**Exception:** If the cropland has been reported as cover only, and the crop was not terminated according to the guidelines in subparagraph 23.6 C, the intended use **must** be revised to show actual use.--\*

### D Revising Shares

Shares may be revised at any time after the acreage reporting date for the crop if the revised shares can be verified by providing documentation to COC's satisfaction. For example, a lease showing the shares.

### E Accepting Revised Acreage Reports

Accepting a revised acreage report does not guarantee program eligibility.

**Note:** See specific program procedure for guidelines for eligibility.

### F Spot Checks

\*--Partial and revised FSA-578's are subject to the same compliance spot checks as other--\* FSA-578's.

### G Revising Irrigation Practice

After the acreage reporting date, the irrigation practice previously certified may be--\* changed **only** if **both** of the following are met:

- requested by the producer
- verified with acceptable RMA data, such as CIMS showing a timely filed report of acreage to RMA. If CIMS does not provide data to support the producer's irrigation practice, it is the producer's responsibility to provide proper evidence, if questioned.

### H Revising Planting Date

\*--After the acreage reporting date, the planting date previously certified shall **not** be--\* changed.

## 22.5 FSA-578 Corrections

### A Correcting FSA-578 Information When Incorrect Information Was Entered by an FSA Representative

If the producer provided the correct information and an FSA representative entered incorrect information on FSA-578, even though it was signed by the producer, the information may be corrected at any time if the information can be verified to COC's satisfaction. Producer is **not** required to sign the corrected FSA-578.

\*--**Note:** This includes the intended use.--\*

COC minutes must be documented to identify the following:

- specific data to be corrected on FSA-578
- crop year the error occurred
- documentation used to verify the information
- error was committed by an FSA representative
- date the error was discovered.

This information shall be available upon request by DAFP. Accepting a corrected FSA-578 does **not** guarantee program eligibility.

### B Spot Checks

Corrected FSA-578's shall be subject to the same compliance spot checks as other FSA-578's.

The corrected FSA-578 will not nullify the results of a spot check, if the results of the spot check have been provided to the producer.

## \*--23 Planted Acreage for Program Purposes

### A Planted Acreage

Planted acreage includes the following:

- **corn** includes field corn in all stages of growth, including sterile high sugar field corn and hybrid seed corn

**Note:** Planted acreage of corn does not include popcorn, sweet corn, Zea Mays Amylacea (blue corn), cuzco gigantea (corn nuts), regardless of use, and any other corn varieties grown for decorative uses. However, acreage planted to popcorn in 1998 to 2001 is considered planted to corn for DCP base acres purposes.

- **grain sorghum**, acreage of grain or dual purpose variety, including crosses having grain or dual purpose variety characteristics during all stages of growth, and acreages of millage
- **ELS cotton**, including stub cotton, which is cotton acreage meeting all of the following conditions:
  - American-Pima, Sea Island, Sealand, all other varieties of the Barbandense species of cotton and any hybrid thereof, and any other variety of cotton in which 1 or more of these varieties is predominant
  - the acreage is grown in a county designated as an ELS county by the Secretary
  - the production from the acreage is ginned on a roller-type gin

**Note:** ELS cotton that does not meet these criteria is considered other cotton.

- **upland cotton**, including stub cotton, which is produced from other than pure strains of the Barbandense species, any hybrid thereof, or any other variety of cotton in which 1 or more of these varieties predominate, including colored lint--\*

**23 Planted Acreage for Program Purposes (Continued)****A Planted Acreage (Continued)**

- **rice**, including volunteer rice harvested
- **barley, oats, and wheat**, if the crop could have been harvested as grain, regardless of whether the crop is actually harvested as grain.

**Note:** This includes the following:

- planted and volunteered acreage not capable of reaching the hard dough stage solely because of a disaster, if CCC-576 was filed and approved by COC
- malting barley.

**B Excluded From Planted Acreage**

For any crop, planted acreage does not include acreages:

- of the crop that fails or are destroyed and that could have been replanted by the ending planting date set for the commodity but were not replanted
- of planted or volunteered small grain that COC determines was planted or volunteered so late that it would not reach the hard dough stage or is not economically feasible to be harvested because of yield
- of black or red rice.

\* \* \*

**\*--23.5 WRP Acreage****A Introduction**

Under certain conditions NRCS will allow for the planting of a crop on acres that have been enrolled in WRP.

**B Planting and Harvesting Crops on WRP Acreage**

Under NRCS procedure, land enrolled in WRP is under the control of the landowner or operator until the WRP easement is recorded or the restoration agreement is approved. Any crops planted before the easement is recorded or the restoration agreement is approved can be harvested. Crops may also be planted and harvested during the crop year following the easement closing when the easement is recorded after October 1. Any subsequent cropping after the easement is closed is prohibited, unless specifically authorized by NRCS.

**C Reporting Crops Planted on WRP Easement Acreage**

There are different situations in which a producer may be granted permission by NRCS to plant crops on WRP easement land. The following examples are provided to clarify how the land shall be reported on FSA-578.

**Example 1:** WRP easement is recorded on July 20, 2006. The producer is allowed to harvest crops planted before the easement was recorded. This acreage **shall** be reported on FSA-578 as the crop that is planted on the WRP acreage.

**Example 2:** WRP easement is filed on October 4, 2006. The producer may harvest crops planted before the easement was recorded and plant crops before July 1, 2007, for crop year 2007. Crops planted in this example **shall** be reported on FSA-578 as the crop planted on the WRP acreage.

The producer is prohibited from planting crops beginning July 1, 2007; any crop planted on or after July 1, 2007, **shall** be reported as WRP.--\*

**23.5 WRP Acreage (Continued)****C Reporting Crops Planted on WRP Easement Acreage (Continued)**

**Example 3:** For easement projects, in situations where there would be a substantial savings in restoration costs, the producer may be granted special temporary permission by NRCS to crop that portion of the WRP easement that, if left idle, would subsequently need special site preparation as a part of the restoration effort.

This NRCS policy authorizes special temporary permission to crop easement lands only when it is possible to initiate the restoration practice before costly site preparation occurs. Producers who use this policy crop at their own risk. They are not entitled to any USDA benefits related to such cropping. This acreage planted to a crop according to this example **shall** be reported on FSA-578 as WRP.

Producers are notified in writing by NRCS of cropping rights for WRP easement land. A copy of the notification is also provided to the producer's local FSA office.

**D State Office Action**

State Offices shall ensure that County Offices follow procedure in this paragraph for reporting WRP easement acreage.

**E County Office Action**

County Offices shall report WRP easement acreage according to procedure in this paragraph. When producers are reporting crops on WRP easement acreage, County Office shall review written notification of cropping rights provided by NRCS.

**Important:** The language in this paragraph does **not** override or change procedure in other  
\*--handbooks including 1- ARCPLC.--\*

## 23.6 Cover Crop Guidelines

### A Introduction

DAFP has been contacted by several Agencies, including NRCS and the National Working Group on Cover Crops and Soil Health, to record the reporting of cover crop acreage.--\*

The administrators of NRCS, RMA, and FSA organized an interagency workgroup to develop consistent, simple, and flexible policy across the 3 Agencies to ensure that USDA policies are coordinated and up-to-date with evolving cover crop practices. The workgroup developed termination guidelines for cover crops to achieve their conservation benefits while minimizing risk of reduced yield to the subsequent crop because of soil and water usage.

\* \* \*

### B Definition of Cover Crop

Cover crop means crops, including grasses, legumes, and forbs, for seasonal cover and other conservation purposes. Cover crops are primarily used for erosion control, soil health improvement, and water quality improvement. The cover crop may be terminated by natural causes, such as frost, or intentionally terminated through chemical application, crimping, rolling, tillage, or cutting.

**Note:** A cover crop managed and terminated according to NRCS Cover Crop Termination Guidelines is **not** considered a crop for crop insurance purposes.

Cover crops can be planted:

- before a subsequent crop
- after prevented planting acreage
- after a planted crop
- with no subsequent crop planted
- into a standing crop.

All of these examples meet the definition of cover crop and will be reported using the intended use of cover only (CO).

## 23.6 Cover Crop Guidelines (Continued)

### C Termination Guidelines

The termination guidelines:

- provide the timeframe for terminating cover crops
- are based on zones
- apply to non-irrigated cropland
- can be accessed at  
<http://www.nrcs.usda.gov/wps/portal/nrcs/detailfull/national/landuse/crops/?cid=stelprdb1077238>.

**Note:** A copy of the map showing the Cover Crop Termination Zones and a list of counties is provided in Exhibit 6.9.

Contact NRCS for any questions about these guidelines.

### D Reporting Cover Crops

The intended use of cover only (CO) will be used to report cover crops. This includes crops that were terminated by tillage and reported with an intended use code of green manure (GM).

\*--With implementation of the new cover crop guidelines, FSA has made a policy change to allow cover crops to be hayed and grazed. Program eligibility for the cover crop that is being hayed or grazed will be determined by each specific program.

If the crop reported as CO is harvested for any use other than forage or grazing and is not terminated according to subparagraph C, then that crop will no longer be considered a cover crop. The acreage will be revised according to subparagraph 22 B.

**Note:** Crops reported with an intended use of CO (cover only) will not count toward the total cropland on the farm. In these situations a subsequent crop will be reported to account for all cropland on the farm.

**Example 1:** Farm A has a total of 23.6 acres of cropland. Producer A reports field 1 as wheat with an intended use of grain for a total of 13.6 acres, and field 2 as rye with an intended use of CO (cover only) for a total of 10.0 acres. The cropland comparison flag is **not** set because the land reported as cover only does **not** count toward the total cropland. Producer A then later reports field 2 as corn with an intended use of grain for a total of 10.0 acres. The crop land comparison flag is now set to “Y” because the corn counts toward the total cropland and now all cropland has been reported.--\*



## 23.7 Reporting Organic Crops

### A Reporting Organic

Crops are not required to be reported as organic, however if a producer elects the Organic option on the NAP application and wants to use the NAP organic price, then the crop must be reported as organic.

The buffer zone acreage must be included in the organic acreage of the unit that it buffers, either transitional or certified organic acreage and reported on the same basis.

### B Required Documentation

When an acreage report is filed according to paragraph 301 for an organic crop, the producer must provide a current organic plan, organic certificate (written certificate), or documentation from a certifying agent indicating an organic plan is in effect.

**Note:** The National Organic Program (NOP) standards allow an exemption for a grower whose annual gross agricultural income from organic sales totals \$5,000 or less to be exempted from certification. Although a grower is not required to provide a written certificate, the producer is still required to provide a map showing the specific  
\*--location of each field of certified organic, transitional, and buffer zone acreage.--\*

### C Certified Organic

For a certified organic acreage report the producer **must** provide a current organic plan and a recent written certification in effect from a certifying agent. The documentation **must** provide all of the following:

- name of the persons certified
- address
- telephone number
- effective date of certification (or certificate)

## 23.7 Reporting Organic Crops (Continued)

### C Certified Organic (Continued)

- certificate number
- list of commodities certified; and
- name and address of the certifying agent
- a map showing the specific location of each field of certified organic, including the buffer zone acreage.

**Note:** Because the organic certificate may not be issued every year, it is possible that the organic certificate may not list every crop the insured may plant and insure.

**Scenario:** An organic certificate was issued in 2013 and lists: corn, oats, dry beans, and wheat. The next crop year, the insured plants canola, flax, and dry peas which are not listed on the organic certificate. The organic plan has not been updated for the current crop year to show these crops. In this case:

**Example 1:** The type of organic operation is still “crops,” and as long as the canola, flax, and dry peas were grown on ground that had previously been identified in the organic plan to be certified organic, the crops would be insured under the organic practice, as “certified organic”.

**Example 2:** Using the same scenario above but “Certificate” lists livestock or the type of livestock, such as hogs, sheep, cattle, etc. \* \* \* In this case, the type of organic operation cannot be identified as “crops” because the written “Certificate” lists livestock or the type of livestock, such as hogs, sheep, cattle, etc. The commodity type would not be “crops”, but “livestock”. Therefore, the crops (e.g., canola, flax, and dry peas, etc.) cannot be considered certified organic under the written “Certificate”.

## 23.7 Reporting Organic Crops (Continued)

### \*--D Transitional Acreage

For a transitional (converting conventional acreage to certified organic acreage) organic acreage report, the producer must provide an organic plan and written documentation from a certifying agent indicating an organic plan is in effect. The organic plan must:

- identify the acreage that is in transition for organic certification
- list crops grown on the acreage during the 36 month transitioning period
- include all other acreage, including conventional acreage in the farming operation
- provide a map showing the specific location of each field of transitional including the buffer zone acreage.--\*



## 24 Prevented Planting Acreage

### A Definition of Prevented Planting

Prevented planting is the inability to plant the intended crop acreage with proper equipment by the final planting date for the crop type because of a natural disaster.

The inability to plant a crop includes the following situations:

- irrigated crops were not planted because of lack of water resulting from a natural disaster or contamination by saltwater intrusion of an irrigation supply resulting from a natural disaster if there was not a reasonable probability of having adequate water to carry out an irrigated practice

**Note:** See Exhibit 2 for definitions of adequate water supply or source, good irrigation practice, irrigation, and irrigation equipment and facilities.

- amount of irrigation water available or expected to be available by the final planting date should be the determining factor in approving prevented planting
- adequacy of water shall be based on the following:
  - available water by the final planting date as established by governmental or authorities responsible for allocation of irrigation water
  - snow pack storage levels
  - precipitation that would normally be received during the growing season.
- for nonirrigated crops that by the final planting date, there was insufficient soil moisture for germination and progress toward crop maturity because of a prolonged period of dry weather.

**Notes:** The prolonged period of dry weather **must** be verifiable using information collected by sources whose business is to study and record the weather. As determined by COC, sources shall include, but is **not** limited to:

- U.S. National Weather Service
- Bureau of Reclamation
- U.S. Army Corps of Engineers
- NIFA
- NRCS.

The U.S. Drought Monitor may be used to show severe drought or worse (D2, D3, \*--or D4), but should **not** be used exclusively to determine prevented planting--\* eligibility.

## 24 Prevented Planting Acreage (Continued)

### B Prevented Planting of Tree Crops and Other Perennials

Prevented planting of tree crops and other perennials applies only if the producer can prove resources were available to plant, grow, and harvest the crop, as applicable, but the crop was not planted because of a natural disaster.

### C Ineligible Acreage for Prevented Planting

Acreage ineligible for prevented planting credit includes, but is not limited to, acreage:

- not planted because of a management decision

**Note:** Failure to plant when other producers in the area were planting will result in the denial of the prevented planting claim.

- required to be left unharvested under the terms of the lease or any other agreement
- where any other person receives a prevented planting payment for any crop for the same crop year, unless double-cropping requirements have been met
- where pasture or another forage crop is in place on the acreage during the time that planting of the crop generally occurs in the area
- used for conservation purposes or intended to be or considered to have been left unplanted under any program administered by USDA, including CRP planting history or conservation plans indicated would remain fallow for crop rotation purposes

\* \* \*

- affected by the containment or release of water by any governmental, public, or private dam or reservoir project, if an easement exists on the acreage affected for the containment or release of the water

## 24 Prevented Planting Acreage (Continued)

## C Ineligible Acreage for Prevented Planting (Continued)

- where any volunteer or cover crop is hayed, grazed, or otherwise harvested for the acreage for the same crop year

\* \* \*

- where there is an inadequate supply of irrigation water beginning before the RMA sales closing date for the previous crop year or the NAP application closing date for the crop according to 1-NAP, paragraph 22 through the final planting date of the current year

**Note:** See subparagraphs D and E for exceptions for ineligible acreage when irrigation water is reduced and Exhibit 2 for the definition of an adequate water supply or source.

- where there is a failure or breakdown of irrigation equipment or facilities
- quarantined by a county, State, or Federal government agency
- affected by chemical and herbicide residue
- where the producer was unable to find a market for the crop
- for value loss crops, including, but not limited to, Christmas trees, aquaculture, or ornamental nursery, for which NAP assistance is provided under value loss procedure
- affected by wildlife damage
- for tree crops and other perennial, unless the producer can prove resources were available to plant, grow, and harvest the crop, as applicable
- where reduction in irrigation water supply is because of participation in an electricity buy-back program, the sale of water under a water buy-back is ineligible for prevented planted credit, or changes in water use because of legislation changes or any other cause which is not a natural disaster
- devoted to noncropland.

24 Prevented Planting Acreage (Continued)

**D Exceptions for Ineligible Prevented Planted Acreage When Surface Water Is Reduced**

The following provides exceptions to be used when determining ineligibility for prevented planting when surface water is reduced because of a natural disaster.

<b>IF source information indicates normal snow pack, precipitation, and inflows beginning on the prior years' RMA or NAP normal harvest date for the crop would have provided enough water for the current year to carry out the irrigated practice to produce the crop on...</b>	<b>BUT...</b>	<b>THEN prevented planted credit...</b>
the entire crop acreage	the producer is not able to plant the crop acreage because expected irrigation water is not received due to drought	may be considered on the entire crop acreage, if all other requirements are met.
	the producer is able to plant the crop on part of the acreage because expected irrigation water is not received due to drought	may be considered on only the part of the acreage where the crop could not be planted, if all other requirements are met.



24 Prevented Planting Acreage (Continued)

**D Exceptions for Ineligible Prevented Planted Acreage When Surface Water Is Reduced (Continued)**

<p><b>IF source information indicates normal snow pack, precipitation, and inflows beginning on the prior years' RMA or NAP normal harvest date for the crop would have provided enough water for the current year to carry out the irrigated practice to produce the crop on...</b></p>	<p><b>BUT...</b></p>	<p><b>THEN prevented planted credit...</b></p>
<p>part of the crop acreage</p>	<p>because of drought conditions the water level is reduced to an extent that the indicated water is not received which further decreases the acreage expected to be available to plant the crop</p>	<p>will be limited to the part of the acreage that could not be planted based on the initial water expected to be available as indicated, if all other requirements are met.</p>
	<p><b>Example:</b> Producer normally irrigates 100 acres. Producer expects to receive enough water to plant 50 acres (normal snow pack, precipitation, and inflows during the covered time period would have provided enough water to plant 50 acres). Producer is able to only plant 25 acres and is unable to plant the remaining 25 acres because of the reducing of irrigation water because of drought. Only 25 acres would be eligible for prevented planted credit.</p> <p><b>Note:</b> * * * Eligible prevented planting acreage will be based on the irrigated acreage expected to be available for the current crop year.</p>	

**Example:** Lettuce (LEF):

- 2007 sales closing date: March 15, 2007
- 2007 normal harvest date: October 31, 2007
- 2008 sales closing date: March 15, 2008
- 2008 normal harvest date, October 31, 2008.

In this situation COC would look at the availability of normal snow pack, precipitation, and inflows as of October 31, 2007, to determine eligibility for prevented planted credit for the 2008 crop year.

**Note:** If source information indicates drought conditions **before the prior years' RMA or NAP normal harvest date** for the crop are such that a normal snowpack, precipitation, and inflows after that date would still not produce adequate water to provide sufficient water to irrigate the crop acreage for the current crop year, then prevented planted credit shall not be considered for the acreage because the disaster conditions occurred before the time period considered for the current year.

## 24 Prevented Planting Acreage (Continued)

### E Exceptions for Ineligible Prevented Planted Acreage When Ground Water Is Reduced

If source information is not available to indicate the amount of irrigation water that would be provided from snow pack, precipitation, and inflows beginning on the prior years' RMA or NAP normal harvest date for the crop, then for the current year prevented planted credit will be restricted to the amount of crop acres irrigated in the previous year.

**Example:** Producer normally irrigates 1000 acres from well water. In 2006, producer plants 750 acres and is prevented planting on 250 acres because of drought. For the 2007 crop year, there is no information available as to the amount of well water that would be available to irrigate the acreage under normal snow pack, precipitation, and inflow conditions. Ultimately for 2007, the producer receives enough water to irrigate 650 acres. Only 100 acres would be eligible for prevented planted because eligibility is determined based on the 750 planted acres irrigated in 2006.

### F Timely Reporting of Prevented Planting

To be considered timely, producers who request prevented planting acreage credit must report the acreage on FSA-578 and complete CCC-576, Part B within 15 calendar days after the final planting date.

**Notes:** County Offices shall use established final planting dates according to subparagraph 16 A.

After CCC-576 is submitted, it **cannot** be withdrawn or revised.

\*--County Offices that accept a prevented planted claim CCC-576, Part B more than 15 calendar days after the final planting date can consider CCC-576, Part B timely filed, regardless of when it is received, if the producer has crop insurance coverage for the crop and timely filed a prevented planted acreage report to the reinsurance company.

Acceptable RMA data used to accept a late-filed claim includes information in CIMS showing a timely filed prevented planting claim to RMA. If CIMS does not provide data to support the producer's certification or prevented planted acreage on FSA-578 and CCC-576, it is the producer's responsibility to provide proper evidence that the prevented planted claim was filed timely with the reinsurance company.

**Note:** All other crops not covered by crop insurance must meet the 15-calendar-day requirement provided in this subparagraph or be subject to the late-filed provisions in subparagraph 24 G.--\*

## 24 Prevented Planting Acreage (Continued)

**G Late-Filed Prevented Planting Acreage Claim**

If prevented planting acreage is reported on FSA-578 and CCC-576, Part B is filed beyond the period identified in subparagraph F, COC shall consider acceptable CCC-576's that are filed at such time to permit COC or their authorized representative the opportunity to:

- make a farm visit to verify the eligible disaster conditions which prevented the specific acreage or crop from being planted
- determine, based on information obtained by visual inspection of the specific acreage or crop, that eligible disaster conditions, such as damaging weather or other adverse natural occurrences, rather than other factors, prevented the acreage or crop from being planted.

Prevented planting **shall be denied** in each case where CCC-576, Part B is submitted beyond the period specified in subparagraph F and at a time that would not permit COC or an authorized representative the opportunity to make a farm visit to inspect the specific acreage or crop to verify eligible disaster conditions that prevented the acreage or crop from being planted.

**Exception:** For CCC-576, Part B, submitted beyond the period specified in subparagraph F and at a time that would **not** allow verification of the specific acreage through farm inspection, RMA data may be used to accept a late-filed CCC-576 prevented planting request, if the prevented planted acreage was reported timely to RMA and supports the prevented planted information reported on FSA-578. All other prevented planted provisions shall be met. **This exception does not apply to NAP.** See subparagraph 21 A for accepting late-filed FSA-578's.

**Example 1:** Producer late-filed CCC-576 on July 10 claiming prevented planted soybeans because of flooding. County Office employee makes a farm visit on July 17 and verifies flooding as the condition that prevented the producer from planting the intended crop. In this case, COC may accept the late-filed CCC-576, Part B, because flood condition can be verified by the farm visit.

**Example 2:** Producer late-filed CCC-576 on June 25 claiming prevented planted corn because of drought. Rain fell on June 30, before inspection was performed. In this case, COC cannot accept the late-filed CCC-576, Part B, because drought condition cannot be verified by the farm visit.

**Example 3:** Producer late-filed CCC-576 on August 2 claiming prevented planted wheat because of excessive rain. When the field inspection was performed on August 10, the field was determined to be dry enough for planting. In this case, COC cannot accept the late-filed CCC-576, Part B, because wet condition was not verified by the farm visit.

**24 Prevented Planting Acreage (Continued)****G Late-Filed Prevented Planting Acreage Claim (Continued)**

**Notes:** Results of the farm visit shall be documented on each filed CCC-576, and recorded in COC minutes, to support the documentation.

Late-filed fees shall apply according to paragraph 21.

**H Establishing Intent of Planting**

Producers must establish to the satisfaction of COC that:

- all cropland feasible to plant but prevented from being planted was affected by a natural disaster rather than a management decision

**Note:** The unavailability of equipment, seed, or fertilizer, even if this unavailability is because of or related to the natural disaster, is **not** an eligible cause of prevented planting.

- preliminary efforts made by the producer to plant the crop are evident, such as disking the land, orders for purchase, delivery of seed and fertilizer, or financing documents.

**I Late-Filed Fees for Late-Filed CCC-576's**

A late-filed CCC-576 requires assessing a late-filed fee to verify and determine the crop, acreage, and use. The late-filed fee is equal to the measurement service fee according to paragraph 460.

**J Verifying Prevented Planted Acreage Claim**

Verify prevented planted acreage by 1 of the following methods:

- crop insurance data if the data supports FSA-578
- field visit
- COC knowledge.

**Example:** If COC has knowledge that an area is affected by a natural disaster, COC can approve the acreage without performing a field visit as long as the claim was timely filed according to subparagraph F.

**24 Prevented Planting Acreage (Continued)****K Processing Prevented Planting Acreage Claim**

CCC-576 shall be processed according to this paragraph, but marked as “Not for NAP” if it is only for acreage that is not covered by NAP.

CCC-576, Part B shall:

- be completed by the producer or farm operator
- provide sufficient information for COC to determine that the claimed prevented planting or damage to specific acreage or crop was the result of natural disaster and not a management decision
- be date-stamped when received by the County Office

**Note:** A photocopy of the date-stamped completed CCC-576 shall be given to the producer as evidence of filing.

- be reviewed and acted on by COC or a representative.

**Notes:** County Office shall publicize to all producers that prevented planting acreage claims will only be accepted on CCC-576.

For the purpose of prevented planting acreage claims, see Exhibit 7 for instructions on how producer shall complete CCC-576.

**L Review Prevented Planting Acreage Claim**

COC shall review each CCC-576, Part B and determine whether:

- notice of loss has been filed according to subparagraph F or G
- the claimed disaster condition or period, in CCC-576, item 9, appears reasonable and meets the definition of “natural disaster”
- a field visit is required to verify information on CCC-576 according to subparagraph I.

**M Prevented Planted History**

Beginning with the 2009 crop year, using prior years’ planting history will no longer be considered when making determinations for prevented planted acreage claims. COC shall determine that all other prevented planted requirements are met according to this paragraph.

## 24 Prevented Planting Acreage (Continued)

**N Approving Prevented Planted Acreage Claim**

COC must make a determination of eligibility on each request for prevented planting acreage credit filed by a producer. COC may request the producer show there was intent to plant the acreage by providing documentation of field preparation, seed purchase, and other information that shows the acreage could have been planted and harvested under normal conditions. If COC is not satisfied with the supporting documentation provided, then the request shall be denied.

If the County Office is notified that a case involving prevented planting is under review by other USDA agencies, such as OIG or RMA, or crop insurance companies, COC shall not make a determination on the request for prevented planting until the claim has been resolved by the other agency or crop insurance companies.

COC shall, before approving prevented planting, be satisfied that:

- the prevented planting acreage was reported according to subparagraph F or G
- the producer intended to plant the crop acreage for harvest
- other producers in the area were similarly affected

**Note:** Failure to plant the crop when other producers in the area were planting the crop should result in the disapproval of the prevented planting claim.

- the reason the crop acreage could not be planted was because of natural disaster and not a management decision
- for a crop type with a single planting in a crop year, the eligible cause of loss occurred:
  - after the final planting date for the same crop type in the previous crop year
  - before the final planting date for the same crop in the crop year the request for prevented planting credit is filed
- for a crop type with multiple plantings in a single crop year, the eligible cause of loss occurred:
  - after the final planting date of the final planting period for the same crop type in the previous crop year
  - before the final planting date of the same crop type for the planting period the request for prevented planting credit is filed

**24 Prevented Planting Acreage (Continued)****N Approving Prevented Planted Acreage Claim (Continued)**

- generate a letter to the producer or producers filing CCC-576, Part B according to instruction in 1-NAP.

**Notes:** Approved prevented planted acreage shall be limited to the number of acres physically able for planting.

To ensure accuracy of the acreage being reported, land that is destroyed to the extent that the acreage cannot be restored or the acreage is no longer tillable may need to be reclassified.

**O Disapproving Prevented Planted Acreage Claim**

Notify, in writing, each producer with an interest in the specific acreage or crop when COC:

- disapproves entire acreage claimed on CCC-576, Part B
- approves less than the entire acreage claimed on CCC-576, Part B.

Notification letter shall include the determination along with a detailed explanation supporting the determination and a right of reconsideration to COC according to 1-APP.

**P Recording Prevented Planted Acreage**

Producers with claimed prevented planting acreage shall report acreage on FSA-578. COC must make a determination of eligibility on each CCC-576, Part B request for prevented planting credit.

See paragraph 84.5 for recording prevented planted acreage claimed on CCC-576.

## 24.5 Failed Acreage

### A Definition of Failed Acreage

Failed acreage is acreage that was timely planted with the intent to harvest, but because of disaster related conditions, the crop failed before it could be brought to harvest.

### B Proof of Failed Acreage

Producers who are requesting failed acreage credit shall prove to COC's satisfaction that:

- the crop was planted with the intent to harvest using farming practices consistent for the crop and area
- the acreage failed because of disaster-related conditions.

**Note:** CCC-576 should be processed according to 1-NAP, paragraph 401, but marked as "Not for NAP" if it is only for a failed acreage determination that does not have a NAP policy.

### C Requesting Failed Acreage Credit

To be approved as failed acreage, the acreage must have been reported as failed acreage before the disposition of the crop; and the acreage must have been planted under normal conditions but failed as the result of a natural disaster and not a management decision.

**Exception:** RMA data may be used to approve CCC-576 for failed acreage, when reported after the disposition of the crop, if the failed acreage was reported timely to RMA and supports the failed acreage information reported on FSA-578. **This exception does not apply to NAP.** See subparagraph 21 A for accepting late-filed FSA-578's.



## 24.5 Failed Acreage (Continued)

### D Verifying Failed Acreage

Verify failed acreage by 1 of the following methods:

- crop insurance data if the data supports FSA-578
- COC knowledge

**Example:** If COC has knowledge that an area is affected by a natural disaster, COC can approve the acreage without performing a field visit.

- field visit.

**Note:** Late-filed fees will not apply unless associated to a late-filed FSA-578 according to paragraph 21.

### E Approving Failed Acreage

\*--Failed acreage determinations shall be made on a case-by-case basis. After CCC-576 has been submitted, it **cannot** be withdrawn or revised. If COC is not satisfied with the supporting documentation provided, the request shall be denied. For adverse determinations, producer may request reconsideration according to subparagraph F.

If the County Office is notified that a case involving failed acreage is under review by other USDA Agencies, such as OIG or RMA, or crop insurance companies, COC shall **not** make a determination on the request for failed acreage credit until the claim has been resolved by the other Agency or crop insurance company.

**Note:** Action shall be taken on CCC-576's **before** SURE or ACRE payments are processed.--\*

### F Recording Failed Acreage

Producers with claimed failed acreage shall report acreage on FSA-578. The acreage shall be \*--recorded in the acreage reporting software as reported with a supplemental status of "failed". See paragraph 84.6 for recording failed acreage claimed as "low yield" on CCC-576.--\*

## 24.5 Failed Acreage (Continued)

### G Reporting the Replanting of Failed Acreage

If the initial crop fails and the producer replants the same crop on the same land, the crop shall only be reported once. The crop shall be considered a replacement crop, **not** a subsequent or double-crop. County Offices may notate on FSA-578 that the crop was replanted.

**Example 1:** Producer replants failed crop of corn and has **not** reported the first planting of the crop on FSA-578.

Failed crops that are replanted to the same crop and no acreage report has been filed, shall report the acreage only once, with planting date as the date the crop was replanted. Treat the second planting of the same crop as the first planting of the crop.

**Example 2:** Producer planted corn, the acreage failed, and the producer filed an acreage report with a status code of “F” (failed) and CCC-576.

If the producer notifies the County Office that the acreage has been replanted to the same crop, the acreage report shall be revised to remove the “F” (failed) and change the date to reflect the date of the second planting of the same crop. Treat the second planting of the same crop as the first planting of the crop.

**Note:** Producers who report the first crop as failed and replant the acreage to the same crop without revising their acreage report to reflect that the acreage was replanted may **not** be eligible for LDP’s or price support loans on the acreage because the acreage report will reflect that there will be no production of the crop.

## \*--24.6 Volunteer Acreage

### A Volunteer Crop

A volunteer crop is a crop that was planted in a previous crop year on the applicable acreage or drifted from other acreage, successfully self-seeded, and is growing this crop year on the applicable acreage without being intentionally sown or managed.

### B Use of Volunteer Supplemental Status

Volunteer crops do not include weeds.

Program eligibility will be determined by specific program provisions.--\*

## 25 Double-Cropping

### A Approved Double-Cropping

\*--Approved double-cropping occurs when both of the following are met:--\*

- the 2 specific crops have the capability to be planted and carried to maturity for the intended use, as reported by the producer, on the same acreage within a crop year under normal growing conditions
- specific combination of crops recommended by COC is approved by STC.

**Note:** Crops planted for cover are not considered a crop because cover crops are terminated, and therefore, are not approved for double-cropping. See paragraph 23.6 for terminating cover crops.

**Example:** A fall planted small grain intended for cover only (CO) followed by spring  
\*--planted corn intended for grain (GR) is not considered an acceptable--\*  
double-crop combination.

One or both of the crops could have been prevented from planting and/or failed as long as both of the crops had reasonable expectations and realistic possibilities of being carried to maturity for the intended use within the same crop year under normal growing conditions.

**Notes:** See 1-ARCPLC, paragraph 291 for definition of double-cropping FAV's or wild rice with covered commodities, peanuts, grain, or lint.

Approved STC double-cropping combination lists for previous crop years shall **not** be altered.



**25 Double-Cropping (Continued)****B Establishing Double-Cropping Crops**

COC shall submit to STC recommendations of specific combinations of crops that can annually meet the approved definition of double-cropping. This applies to **all** combinations that are requested to be reported on FSA-578 as double-cropped.

COC supporting documentation shall include the following:

- length of growing season and moisture requirements required to produce the recommended crops for the intended use
- documentation of rainfall amounts normally received in the county during the growing season for each crop
- irrigation requirements, if any
- established final planting date for each crop for the intended use according to subparagraph 16 A
- COC-established normal harvest date for each crop for the intended use.

The normal harvest dates, if applicable, and final planting dates are established based on normal growing single cropping conditions.

**\*--Notes:** See 1-ARCPLC, for the definition of double-cropping FAV's or wild rice with covered commodities or peanuts.

The inclusion of a county on the list in 7 CFR 1412 does not mean that every double-cropping combination in that county is automatically approved. Counties on the list in 7 CFR 1412 are listed **only** for the purpose of using the double-cropped FAV exception. See 1-ARCPLC.--\*

## 25 Double-Cropping (Continued)

**C COC Action**

COC shall annually submit any changes or additions in double-cropping practices to STC for approval.

- \*--If double-cropping recommendations are based on both crops reaching maturity, then all other intended uses are automatically included in the recommendation. No further action is required.

**Example:** A fall planted small grain intended for grain (GR) followed by spring planted peas intended for fresh (FH) is considered an acceptable double-cropping practice. All other double-cropping practices for small grain followed by peas, such as small grains intended for green manure(GM) followed by peas intended for fresh (FH), will automatically be considered acceptable with no further action.

- If double-cropping recommendations for both crops were not based on the crops reaching maturity, then each intended use for the recommended double-cropping practice must be listed separately for consideration by STC.

**Example:** A fall planted small grain intended for grain (GR) followed by spring planted peas intended for fresh (FH) is not an acceptable double-cropping practice. In such cases, COC must list each recommended double-cropping practice separately by intended use for consideration, such as fall planted small grain intended for green manure (GM) followed by spring planted peas intended for fresh (FH), fall planted small grain intended for grazing (GZ) followed by spring planted peas intended for fresh (FH).--\*

**D STC Action**

STC shall review annually and approve or disapprove COC-recommended changes or additions to specific combinations of crops based on the data submitted by COC.

STC shall **not** approve any of the following:

- any specific combination of crops that were disapproved as a multiple-cropping practice under a particular program without first obtaining concurrence of DAFP
- a combination comprised of plantings of the same crop
- \*--any specific combination of crops if both crops cannot be planted and carried to maturity for the intended use, as applicable, on the same acreage within the same crop year--\* under normal growing conditions.

**Note:** A second planting of the same crop on the same acreage in the same crop year shall be considered a repeat planting, not double-cropping.

**25 Double-Cropping (Continued)**

**E County Office Action**

County Offices shall:

- annually publicize approved double-cropping combinations by all available means
- \*--ensure approved double-cropping combinations are recorded on FSA-578, with applicable status codes, according to Exhibit 11.--\*

\* \* \*

**F Exception**

There may be some cases where a producer has a verifiable record of double-cropping a specific combination of crops that were either of the following:

- not recommended by COC
- not approved by STC.

At the request of the producer, those cases shall be reviewed by STC on a case-by-case basis. STC may approve the specific combination of crops for that particular producer only if the following requirements are met:

- producer provides verifiable and documentable proof that the specific crops have been \*--successfully planted and carried to maturity for the intended use on the same acreage in the same crop year in at least 2 of the previous 4 crop years
- for crops requiring irrigation, evidence must be provided to show that the specific crops planted and carried to maturity for the intended use were irrigated.--\*

This exception does not apply nor shall STC approve any combination of crops for a specific producer if any of the following are met:

- 1 or both of the crops were prevented from being planted or failed
- 1 or both of the crops require irrigation and no verifiable evidence of irrigation is provided
- \*--1 or both of the crops were not carried to maturity for the intended use, as applicable.--\*

**26-38 (Reserved)**





## Section 2 Creating Crop Default Records

### 39, 40 (Withdrawn--Amend. 90)

### 41 Establishing Crop Characteristics

#### A Introduction

CVS is the database that maintains crop characteristics and serves as a central commodity lookup table for use by CARS, NCT, and other program software applications. Exhibit 10.5 contains select data fields from CVS; that is, all the valid current year's crops, types, intended uses, and FAV status (land use code).

All 2013 and subsequent years' CVS data is:

- included in the initial MIDAS release
- stored and maintained within CRM/Product Master.

Product Master includes all FSA commodities that are eligible for FSA transactions, such as acreage or inventory reporting. The term "product" refers to the combination of a crop and type.

**Example:** Lettuce, Bibb or Corn, Yellow are both products within Product Master.

FSA employees have the ability to view the full details about any product within CRM/Product Master/Search Products. Users shall refer to the Product Master work instructions for additional instructions on searching for and reviewing products.

#### B Requesting Additional Crops, Types, and/or Intended Uses

If a producer reports a crop, type, or intended use that is **not** currently available in Exhibit 10.5 or Product Master, the County Office shall use the "New Product Request" function in CRM/Product Master to request the addition. The automated New Product Request process:

- replaces the Request for New Crop or Intended Use Form
- shall be initiated by the County Office, in most cases.

All FSA employee users shall refer to the New Product Request work instructions (available in CRM) and CT-310 New Product Request training (available in AgLearn) for additional information.

County Offices shall:

- perform a thorough review and analysis of all available data for the crop and its characteristics before submitting the request

## 41 Establishing Crop Characteristics (Continued)

**B Requesting Additional Crops, Types, and/or Intended Uses (Continued)**

- search “Requested Products” in CRM for pending requests of the same crop, type, or intended use

**Note:** If a pending request is located, follow instructions in subparagraph C.

- indicate either or both of the following in the New Product Request:
  - the request is for the addition to Product Master, for purposes of acreage or inventory reporting
  - the request is for determination of NAP crop eligibility

**Note:** Ensure that the request is handled according to 1-NAP.

- provide sufficient information in the request, justifying the addition of the crop, type, or intended use

**Note:** The justification documentation should, at a minimum, answer the following questions.

- Is the crop or type currently listed in Product Master under another name or synonym?
- What specific differences are there in the product being requested and the products already available in Product Master?
- What are the differences in the characteristics of the product being requested, such as prices and yields?
- How many producers are attempting to report the new product and how many acres is each producer reporting?
- select “County Office Completed by” in the “Partner Functions” transaction block, and verify that the name of the County Office employee completing the request is loaded
- e-mail or call the State Office notifying them of the new request pending State Office review.

**Note:** The New Product Request is **not** a workflow transaction and will **not** automatically be sent to another FSA employee to take action. An e-mail or telephone call is required to notify the next level to review the request.

**41 Establishing Crop Characteristics (Continued)****B Requesting Additional Crops, Types, and/or Intended Uses (Continued)**

State Offices shall:

- use the “Search Requested Products” query in CRM/Product Master to locate the pending New Product Request
- review the information provided by the County Office in the request
- enter the reason for the approval or rejection in the “Note” section, and attach additional supporting documentation as necessary
- edit the “Partner Functions” transaction block, select “State Action Completed by”, and load the name of the reviewing State Office employee
- edit the Interaction Log Details and change the status code to “State Approved” or “State Rejected”
- if the request is approved by the State Office, e-mail Mary Carey at **mary.carey@wdc.usda.gov** for National Office review
- if the request is rejected by the State Office, e-mail the requesting County Office to notify them of the decision.

Requests for additions will **not** be considered unless all required parts are included.

Once the National Office reviews the request, an e-mail will be sent to all parties involved in the New Product Request (State and County Offices), notifying them of National Office approval or rejection.

The status of the New Product Request can be viewed at any time within CRM. In addition to the requesting County Office, all FSA employees can view all pending and completed New Product Requests throughout the United States, and the current status of each request.

**41 Establishing Crop Characteristics (Continued)****C Supplementing an Existing/Pending New Product Request**

As new products are added to Product Master and Exhibit 10.5, they are available for nationwide use in FSA transactions, and not limited for use by only the State or County Office that requested the new product.

State or County Offices may add regional supporting documentation to an existing New Product Request. Field Offices are encouraged to review the pending New Product Requests before submitting a new request.

**Example:** A producer in State A-County A has reported acreage on “Cinderella Pumpkins” and the County Office has determined that this is a unique product that is not currently listed in Product Master or available for acreage reporting. Before submitting a New Product Request, PT in State A-County A performs a search on the requested products in CRM and reviews the existing requests. PT finds a pending New Product Request for “Cinderella Pumpkins” that was submitted 3 workdays before by PT in State B-County B. Rather than submit a second New Product Request for the same product, PT from State A-County A may add additional notes and attachments to provide additional justification to add the product.

**42-62 (Reserved)**

Section 3 Entering Basic Field Data

63, 64 (Withdrawn—Amend. 90)

65-71 (Reserved)

72 (Withdrawn—Amend. 90)

73 Crop Status Codes

**A Using Crop Status Code “D”, “E”, “F”, “G”, “H”, or “O”**

Use crop status code “D”, “E”, “F”, “G”, “H”, or “O” in the first character field for double crop when a crop meets all of the following:

- is not the first crop in the field
- is not a repeat of the first crop in the field
- meets the double-cropping guidelines in paragraph 25.

This table defines the valid codes to be used in the first character field when entering double crop acres.

Code	Definition
D	Covered commodity followed by a different covered commodity - meets double-cropping definition.
E	Covered commodity followed by FAV or wild rice or vice versa - meets double-cropping definition.
F	FAV followed by a different FAV - meets double-cropping definition.
G	Noncovered commodity/non-FAV followed by covered commodity or vice versa - meets double-cropping definition.
H	Noncovered commodity/non-FAV followed by FAV or vice versa - meets double-cropping definition.
O	Noncovered commodity/non-FAV followed by a noncovered commodity/non-FAV meets double-cropping definition.

**B Using Crop Status Code “J”, “K”, “L”, “M”, “N”, or “P”**

Use crop status codes “J”, “K”, “L”, “M”, “N”, or “P” in the first character field for a subsequent crop when a crop meets all of the following:

- is not the first crop in the field
- is not a repeat of the first crop in the field
- does not meet the double-cropping guidelines in paragraph 25.



73 Crop Status Codes (Continued)

**B Using Crop Status Code “J”, “K”, “L”, “M”, “N”, or “P” (Continued)**

This table defines the valid codes to be used in the first character field when entering subsequent crop acres.

Code	Definition
J	Covered commodity followed by a different covered commodity – does not meet double-cropping definition.
K	Covered commodity followed by FAV or wild rice or vice versa – does not meet double-cropping definition.
L	FAV followed by a different FAV – does not meet double-cropping definition.
M	Noncovered commodity/non-FAV followed by covered commodity or vice versa – does not meet double-cropping definition.
N	Noncovered commodity/non-FAV followed by FAV or vice versa – does not meet double-cropping definition.
P	Noncovered commodity/non-FAV followed by a noncovered commodity/non-FAV does not meet double-cropping definition.

**Note:** A second or subsequent crop is the crop planted after the first crop on the same field or subdivision within a crop year that does not meet the definition of a double crop or a repeat crop.

**C Using Crop Status Code “R”**

Use crop status code “R” in the first character field when the crop is a repeat of the same initial crop planted.

**\*--Example:** If the first crop planted on the field was “Carrots” with a type of “Mini” and an intended use of FH and the second planting has all of the same characteristics, use crop status code “R”.

The repeat status code “R”, along with the selected planting period, will indicate the sequential repeat plantings for the crop year. See subparagraph 308 D for planting period selection in CARS.--\*

**D Using Crop Status Code “X”**

Use crop status code “X” in the first character field when a crop is considered experimental. A crop is considered experimental if it meets all of the following:

- crop is planted for experimental purposes conducted under the direct supervision of a State experiment station or commercial company
- production is destroyed before harvest or used for testing or other experimental purposes
- a representative of the State experiment station or the commercial company certifies that any production harvested from the experiment will not be marketed in any form

## 73 Crop Status Codes (Continued)

**D Using Crop Status Code “X” (Continued)**

- the farm operator certifies that no harvested production of the crop has been or will be received
- by the final reporting date, the farm operator reports the acreage to be excluded and identifies the acreage on a photocopy.

**\*--Note:** In CRM/Product Master, the “Experimental” status is captured independently of the crop status codes. This will enable producers to report crops that are experimental, along with any other applicable crop status.--\*

**E Using Crop Status Code “F”, “P”, or “V”**

Use crop status code:

- “F” in the second character field when the crop meets the definition of failed according to paragraph 24.5
- “P” in the second character field when the crop meets the definition of prevented planted according to paragraph 24
- “V” in the second character field when the crop is volunteer.

**\*--Note:** In CRM/Product Master, the “Volunteer” status is captured independently of the failed and prevented planting status codes. This will enable producers to report crops that are volunteered and failed.--\*

**F Using Crop Status Code “M”**

Use crop status code “M” in the third character field when either of the following apply:

- a field has multiple different crops planted at the same time, and a planting pattern cannot be determined
- a field has the same crop growing in different stages at the same time, and a planting pattern cannot be determined.

**Example:** Coffee, plantain, and bananas are planted in the same field at the same time. All 3 crops should be reported with crop status code “I” for initial in the first character field and “M” in the third character field.

\* \* \*



## 74 Variety and Type Selection

### A Selecting Crop Variety and Type

Select the proper crop variety and type from Exhibit 10.5 based on producer input for crop year 2003 and subsequent years.

**Warning:** Selection of the correct variety and type code for crops is crucial to identify type for correct program benefit. If the specific type or variety is **not** listed, use the New Product Request in CRM to request additional crops and/or types according to paragraph 41.

### B Selecting Soybean Variety and Types

Selection of the correct variety and type code for soybeans is crucial to protect loan eligibility and identify type for correct potential NAP benefit rates.

Refer to the following:

- 2-LP Grains and Oilseeds for loan eligibility
- 1-NAP (Rev. 1) for NAP eligibility.

## 75 Intended Use Codes

### A Determining Proper Codes

Intended use codes can affect eligibility for NAP benefits, loans, CRP, SURE, ACRE, etc.

Follow subparagraph B for CRP.

**\*--Note:** The intended use code “CO” (Cover Only) shall be used to report cover crops--\* according to paragraph 23.6. Intended use code “GM” (green manure) and “LS” (left standing) should no longer be used to report cover crops.

Follow Exhibits 10.5 and 11 to determine proper status and intended use codes for a current year’s crop.

\* \* \*

**Warning:** Selection of the correct variety and type code for crops is crucial to identify intended use for correct program benefits. If the specific intended use is **not** listed, use the New Product Request in CRM to request additional crops intended uses according to paragraph 41.

Actual use is not captured in the System 36. If an actual use is reported by the producer, the actual use shall be notated on the hardcopy FSA-578 and initialed by the producer.

## 75 Intended Use Codes (Continued)

**A Determining Proper Codes (Continued)**

\*--In CRM/Product Master, each intended use for a product has a “valid from” and “valid to” date that defines the time period that product and intended use are applicable for FSA transactions, such as acreage or inventory reporting. These dates do **not** define program eligibility or ARD’s.

**B CRP Intended Use Codes**

CRP intended use codes are listed in this table. The numeric intended use codes are only used when reporting acreage for 2012 and prior years. For 2013 and subsequent years, there are no intended use codes for CRP. The CRP codes and description are included in the type code and type name. See Exhibit 10.5.--\*

<b>CRP Intended Use Code</b>	<b>CRP Practice Number</b>	<b>CRP Practice Description</b>
1	CP1	Establishment of permanent introduced grasses and legumes
2	CP2	Establishment of permanent native grasses
3	CP3	Tree planting
4	CP4	Permanent wildlife habitat
5	CP5	Field windbreak establishment
6	CP6	Diversions
7	CP7	Erosion control structure
8	CP8	Grass waterways
9	CP9	Shallow water areas for wildlife
10	CP10	Vegetative cover, such as grass, that was already established
11	CP11	Vegetative cover, such as trees, that were already established
12	CP12	Wildlife food plot
13	CP13	Vegetative filter strips
14	CP14	Bottomland timber that was established on wetlands

## 75 Intended Use Codes (Continued)

## B CRP Intended Use Codes (Continued)

CRP Intended Use Code	CRP Practice Number	CRP Practice Description
15	CP15	Establishment of permanent vegetative cover (contour grass strips)
16	CP16	Shelterbelt establishment
17	CP17	Living snow fence
18	CP18	Establishment of permanent vegetation to reduce salinity
19	CP19	Alley cropping
20	CP20	Alternate perennial
21	CP21	Filter strips
22	CP22	Riparian buffer
23	CP23	Wetland Restoration
24	CP24	Cross Wind Trap Strips
25	CP25	Rare and Declining Habitat
*--26	CP26	Sediment Retention Control Structure: MI CREP--*
27	CP27	Farmable Wetland Pilot Wetland
28	CP28	Farmable Wetland Pilot Buffer
30	CP3A	Hardwood tree planting
31	CP4A	Permanent wildlife habitat (corridors)
32	CP13A	Vegetative filter strips (grass)
33	CP18A	Establishment of permanent salt tolerant vegetative cover
34	CP13B	Vegetative filter strips (trees)
35	CP4B	Permanent wildlife (corridors), noneasement
37	CP5A	Field windbreak establishment, noneasement
38	CP8A	Grass waterways, noneasement
39	CP13C	Vegetative filter strips (grass), noneasement
40	CP13D	Vegetative filter strip (trees), noneasement
41	CP15A	Establishment of permanent vegetative cover (contour grass strips), noneasement
42	CP16A	Shelterbelt establishment, noneasement
43	CP17A	Living snow fences, noneasement
44	CP18B	Establishment of permanent vegetation to reduce salinity, noneasement
45	CP18C	Establishment of permanent salt tolerant vegetative cover, noneasement

## 75 Intended Use Codes (Continued)

## B CRP Intended Use Codes (Continued)

CRP Intended Use Code	CRP Practice Number	CRP Practice Description
46	CP4D	Permanent wildlife habitat, noneasement
47	CP15B	Marginal pastureland (Contour Grass Strips) on Terraces
48	CP29	Marginal pastureland wildlife habitat buffer
49	CP30	Marginal wetland buffer
50	CP31	Bottomland timber established on wetland
51	CP23A	Wetland restoration, nonflood plain
52	CP32	Expired hardwood tree planting
53	CP33	Habitat for upland birds
54	CP34	Flood Control System
55	CP35A	Emergency Forestry – Longleaf Pine – New
56	CP35B	Emergency Forestry – Longleaf Pine – Existing
57	CP35C	Emergency Forestry – Bottomland Hardwood – New
58	CP35D	Emergency Forestry – Bottomland Hardwood – Existing
59	CP35E	Emergency Forestry – Softwood – New
60	CP35F	Emergency Forestry – Softwood – Existing
61	CP35G	Emergency Forestry – Upland Hardwood – New
62	CP35H	Emergency Forestry – Upland Hardwood – Existing
63	CP35I	Emergency Forestry – Mixed Trees – Existing
64	CP36	Longleaf Pine Initiative
65	CP37	Duck Nesting Habitat
66	CP38A	State Acres for Wildlife Enhancement – Buffers
67	CP38B	State Acres for Wildlife Enhancement – Wetlands
68	CP38C	State Acres for Wildlife Enhancement – Trees
69	CP38D	State Acres for Wildlife Enhancement – Longleaf Pine
70	CP38E	State Acres for Wildlife Enhancement – Grass
71	CP39	FWP Constructed Wetland
72	CP40	FWP Aquaculture Wetland Restoration
73	CP41	FWP Flooded Prairie Wetland
*--74	CP42	Pollinator Habitat--*

76 Land Use Codes

**A Required Entry**

If the crop is a fruit or vegetable with an intended use of “Fh”, “Pr”, or “Ju”, enter “F” as the land use code.

**Note:** Leave the land use code as “blank” in all other situations.

**B Determining FAV’s**

\*--Follow 4-CP for additional procedures for determining FAV’s.--\*



**77 Entering “M”, “O”, and “S” Codes****A Measured Farms Eligible for Spot Check**

\*--All crops and land uses are subject to spot check and will not be by-passed because of the following codes:--\*

- “M” flag was entered for every field of a crop or land use
- combination of “M” and “O” flags were entered for every field of a crop or land use.

**B Critical Entries on Load, Revise, or Determined Screens**

If the flag was entered on the:

- load or revise screen, **reported** acreage for the field will be subtracted before tolerance is calculated
- determined screen, **determined** acreage for the field will be subtracted before tolerance is calculated.

**C “O” Flag Entries**

An entry of “O” is not mandatory in the load process when a crop did not have total measurement after planting.

If an “O” was entered in the load process, remove “O” in the revise process, unless COC believes that the producer had reason to know that the actual acreage differed from the official acreage.

**D “S” Flag Entries**

An entry of “S” indicates that the field had staking and referencing. This code may be entered either in load process or in the revise or determined process according to the table in subparagraph E.

77 Entering “M”, “O”, and “S” Codes

**E When to Use “M”, “O”, and “S” Flags**

Use the following table to decide when an “M”, “O”, or “S” flag must be entered.

**\*--Note:** Always use “M” or “O”, as applicable, when the determined acreage is the same as reported and “M” or “O” was entered during the reported or revised process.--\*

WHEN...	AND...	THEN for the field...
the crop had total measurement after planting	producer reports acreage equal to official acreage on the field	ENTER “O” on the load screen.  <b>Note:</b> This is required.
	all of the following apply: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• producer paid for total measurement after planting on the crop</li> <li>• field was measured because it was not an official field</li> <li>• producer reports acreage exactly as measured</li> </ul>	ENTER “M” on the load screen.
	producer reported acreage as measured, but a spot check finds acreage other than as reported, and “M” was not entered during the load process	ENTER “M” on the revise screen.
	producer reported acreage other than measured for a field and spot check finds acreage other than measured	leave blank.
	producer reported acreage other than measured and a spot check finds acreage as measured	ENTER “M” on the determined screen.
	producer reported acreage as measured and a spot check finds acreage as measured	ENTER “M” on the determined screen.



## 77 Entering “M”, “O”, and “S” Codes (Continued)

## E When to Use “M”, “O”, and “S” Flags (Continued)

<b>WHEN...</b>	<b>AND...</b>	<b>THEN for the field...</b>
the crop had partial measurement after planting	producer reported acreage as measured, but a spot check finds acreage other than measured in the field	ENTER “M” on the revise screen.
	producer reported acreage as measured and a spot check finds acreage as measured in the field	ENTER “M” on the determined screen.
the crop had staking and referencing	producer reported acreage other than staked and referenced and a spot check finds acreage as staked and referenced in the field	ENTER “S” on the determined screen.
	producer reported acreage as staked and referenced, but a spot check finds acreage other than as staked and referenced in the field	ENTER “S” on the revise screen.
	producer reported acreage as staked and referenced and a spot check finds acreage as staked and referenced in the field	ENTER “M” on the determined screen.

77 Entering “M”, “O”, and “S” Codes (Continued)

E When to Use “M”, “O”, and “S” Flags (Continued)

WHEN...	AND...	THEN for the field...
the field has official acreage	producer reported official acreage, “O” was not entered during the load process, and a spot check finds acreage other than official	leave blank on all screens.  <b>Exception:</b> See paragraph 77 * * *.
	producer reported official acreage, “O” was not entered during the load process, and a spot check finds official acreage equal to reported acreage	ENTER “O” on the determined screen.
	producer did not report official acreage, but a spot check finds official acreage	
specific instructions to enter the “O”, “M”, or “S” flag do not apply	<b>Note:</b> This includes cases where the flag was already entered for the field on the load or revise screen and determined acreage equaled the reported acreage.	leave blank on all screens.

**78 Entering Dates****A Planting Date**

The planting date is now a required entry. For each field, enter the actual planting date of the crop. If the crop was planted over several days, enter the average planting date.

**\*--Note:** For crops that do not require a planting date, see subparagraph F.--\*

**B Reason End Year Date Is Important**

The end year date must be greater than the present FSA-578 crop year to have fields, including CRP, rolled over to the next crop year.

**\*--Examples:**End year date of “2003” was entered for a field in a previous year’s FSA-578 process. The field will then be rolled over to the current year’s FSA-578. It will not be rolled over to the 2004 FSA-578.--\*

End year date was not entered for a field in a previous year’s FSA-578 process. The field will not be rolled over to the current year FSA-578.

**C CRP and End Year Dates**

County Offices shall enter the appropriate end year date, from CRP-1, in all new CRP fields for the current year. Failure to enter the date will mean that the field will not be rolled over to future FSA-578’s.

**D Other Crops and End Year Dates**

Enter an end year date for a field only if that crop will maintain the exact same crop characteristics next year. This includes the same crop status, intended use, and type.

**Example:** A perennial crop that is entered with an end year date will prevent the producer from having to report the crop every year. The end year date will allow the crop to roll over each year.

78 Entering Dates (Continued)

**E What End Year Date to Enter**

Enter end year date according to the examples in the following table for CRP and other fields that meet the qualifications. End year date is optional.

<b>IF field characteristics will stay the same through...</b>	<b>THEN ENTER...</b>
*--2011, but may change for 2012	2011.
2012, but may change for 2013	2012.
<b>Example:</b> Producer has long-term agreement with perennial cover crop to remain through 2012.	
2017, but will change for 2018	2017.--*
<b>Example:</b> Producer has CRP-1 that expires in 2017.	

**Note:** Enter the year CRP-1 expires for CRP practices that have easements. Do not enter the year the easement expires.

End year date must be removed before deleting FSA-578 for purpose of processing a \*--reconstitution.--\*

**F Crops Without a Planting Date**

The following crops do not require a planting date. If an end date is entered, the crop characteristics will roll over to the next year.

<b>Crop/Land Use</b>	<b>Crop Type</b>	<b>Crop Code</b>
CRP		0099
Grass	NAG - Native Grass	0102
Fallow		0101
Herbs	NAT - Native Spearmint	5000
Honey		1190
Maple Sap		0100
Mixed Forage	NSG - Native Grass Interseed	0296
Pecans	NAT - Native Pecans	0146
Skip Rows/Sled Rows		0790
Turn Area/Terraces		0105

## 78 Entering Dates (Continued)

## F Crops Without a Planting Date (Continued)

\*--In addition to the crops/commodities listed in the previous table, the following crops/commodities and/or intended uses do **not** require a planting date to be entered in CARS, beginning with the 2013 crop year.

Crop/Land Use	Crop Type	Crop Code
Christmas Trees		7321
Crustacean		3002
Finfish		3000
Ginseng		0089
Grassland Reserve Program		1250
Mollusk		3001
Mushrooms		0403
Nursery		1010
Wetland Reserve Program		2006

Crops With the Intended Use of "RS" Root Stock		
Crop/Land Use	Crop Type	Crop Code
Apples		0054
Apricots		0326
Asparagus		0104
Chia		0840
Chicory		0511
Gailon		0953
Greens		4000
Peaches		0034
Pears		0144
Plumcots		0466
Plums		0254
Prunes		0086
Rambutan		7164
Rhubarb		0335
Strawberries		0154
Tangerines		0048
Tomatoes		0087
Yu Cha		0695

--\*

78 Entering Dates (Continued)

F Crops Without a Planting Date (Continued)

Crops With the Intended Use of "SE" Sets		
Crop/Land Use	Crop Abbreviation	Crop Code
Beets		0642
Cabbage		0116
Flowers		7501
Onion		0142
Peppers		0083
Potatoes, Sweet		0156
Strawberries		0154

Grass With the Intended Use of "SO" Sod		
Crop/Land Use	Crop Abbreviation	Crop Code
Grass		0102

Flowers With the Intended Use of "FH" Fresh		
Crop/Land Use	Crop Abbreviation	Crop Code
Flowers		7501

**Note:** Follow 1-NAP, Part 4, Section 2 for NAP Unit reporting requirements applicable to each kind of value loss crop.

G Entering Dates

Dates should be entered on FSA-578 as "MM-DD-YYYY".

78.5 Irrigation Practice Codes

A Practice Codes

Irrigation practice codes can affect eligibility for prevented planted credit. Use the following irrigation practice codes for a crop based on producer input:

- "I" for irrigated
- "N" for nonirrigated
- "O" for other; honey and TAP **only**.

**Note:** Rice should be reported as irrigated.

79-83 (Withdrawn--Amend. 20)

84 (Withdrawn--Amend. 90)

**84.5 Recording Prevented Planted Acreage on FSA-578**

**A Recording Prevented Planted Acreage on FSA-578 When Entire Acreage Claimed on \*--CCC-576 Is Approved and No Spot Check or Measurement Service Is Performed**

Use the following to record prevented planted acreage on FSA-578 when the entire acreage claimed on CCC-576 is approved and no spot check or measurement service is performed.--\*

If another crop is reported behind prevented planted acreage, the applicable status code shall apply according to Exhibit 11.

<b>IF the producer has reported prevented planted acreage and COC...</b>	<b>THEN...</b>
approved entire acreage claimed on CCC-576	determined acres will <b>not</b> be entered unless the acreage was determined through spotcheck or measurement service.

**Example 1:** Entire acreage claimed is approved and no other crop is reported.

Field	Crop	Status Code	Reported Acreage	Determined Acreage
3	Wheat	IP	60	

**Example 2:** Entire acreage claimed is approved and **another crop, not meeting double-cropping rules, is reported.**

Field	Crop	Status Code	Reported Acreage	Determined Acreage
3	Wheat	IP	60	
3	Soybeans	J	60	

**Example 3:** Entire acreage claimed is approved and **another crop, not meeting double-cropping rules, is reported on a portion of the acreage.**

Field	Crop	Status Code	Reported Acreage	Determined Acreage
3	Wheat	IP	60	
3A	Soybeans	J	30	

**Example 4:** Entire acreage claimed on CCC-576 is approved and **2 other crops, not meeting double-cropping, are reported.**

Field	Crop	Status Code	Reported Acreage	Determined Acreage
3	Wheat	IP	60	
3A	Soybeans	J	40	
3B	Corn	J	20	

84.5 Recording Prevented Planted Acreage on FSA-578 (Continued)

**B Recording Prevented Planted Acreage on FSA-578 When Entire Acreage Claimed on \*--CCC-576 Is Disapproved and No Spot Check or Measurement Service Is Performed**

Use the following to record prevented planted acreage on FSA-578 when the entire acreage claimed on CCC-576 is disapproved and no spot check or measurement service is performed.

<b>IF the producer has reported prevented planted acreage and COC...</b>	<b>THEN...</b>
disapproved the entire acreage claimed on CCC-576	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>enter "0" in the determined acreage field on FSA-578</li> <li>unless determined acreage for a specific tract and field is available, record the reported acreage as determined for all "planted" and "prevented planted" acreage of that crop for determined acreage to summarize correctly for the farm.--*</li> </ul> <p><b>Note:</b> If another crop is reported behind disapproved acreage, the crop shall be loaded with an initial status code "I".</p>

**Example 1:** Entire acreage claimed on CCC-576 is disapproved and **no other crop is reported.**

Field	Crop	Status Code	Reported Acreage	Determined Acreage
3	Wheat	IP	60	0

**Example 2:** Entire acreage claimed on CCC-576 is disapproved and **another crop is reported.**

Field	Crop	Status Code	Reported Acreage	Determined Acreage
3	Wheat	IP	60	0
3A	Soybeans	I	60	

**Example 3:** Entire acreage claimed on CCC-576 is disapproved and **2 other crops are reported.**

Field	Crop	Status Code	Reported Acreage	Determined Acreage
3	Wheat	IP	60	0
3A	Soybeans	I	30	
3B	Corn	I	30	

**\*--Example 4:** Entire acreage claimed on CCC-576 is disapproved and **the same crop is reported as planted** on other fields or subfields.

Field	Crop	Status Code	Reported Acreage	Determined Acreage
3	Wheat	IP	60	0
4	Wheat	I	60	60
5	Wheat	I	60	60

--\*



**84.5 Recording Prevented Planted Acreage on FSA-578 (Continued)**

**C Recording Prevented Planted Acreage on FSA-578 When Less Than the Acreage  
\*--Claimed on CCC-576 Is Approved and No Spot Check or Measurement Service Is  
Performed--\***

Use the following to record prevented planted acreage on FSA-578 when less than the entire acreage claimed on CCC-576 is approved. County Offices shall delineate on the photocopy, fields that are approved and not approved.

<b>IF the producer has reported prevented planted acreage and COC...</b>	<b>THEN...</b>
approved less than the entire acreage claimed on CCC-576	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• load approved prevented planted acreage from CCC-576 in the determined acreage field on FSA-578</li> <li>•*--unless determined acreage for a specific tract and field is available, record the reported acreage as determined for all “planted” and “prevented planted” acreage of that crop for determined acreage to summarize correctly for the farm.--*</li> </ul> <p><b>Note:</b> If another crop is reported, only the approved prevented planted acreage shall be loaded on FSA-578 with a subsequent status code. <b>The acreage considered disapproved, shall be loaded on FSA-578 with an initial status code of “I”.</b></p>

**Example 1:** Less than the entire acreage claimed on CCC-576 is approved and **no other crop is reported planted.**

Field	Crop	Status Code	Reported Acreage	Determined Acreage
3	Wheat	IP	60	50

**Example 2:** Less than the entire acreage claimed on CCC-576 is approved and **another crop, not meeting double-cropping rules, is reported.**

Field	Crop	Status Code	Reported Acreage	Determined Acreage
3	Wheat	IP	60	50
3A	Corn	I	10	
3B	Corn	J	50	

**Example 3:** Less than the entire acreage claimed on CCC-576 is approved and **2 other subsequent crops, not meeting double-cropping rules, are reported.**

Field	Crop	Status Code	Reported Acreage	Determined Acreage
3	Wheat	IP	60	50
3A	Soybeans	I	10	
3B	Soybeans	J	20	
3C	Corn	J	30	

**\*--84.5 Recording Prevented Planted Acreage on FSA-578 (Continued)**

**D Recording Prevented Planted Acreage on FSA-578 When Spot Check or Measurement Service Determines the Entire Reported Acreage Is Prevented Planted**

Use the following to record prevented planted acreage on FSA-578 when the entire reported acreage is determined prevented.

<b>IF the producer has reported prevented planted acreage and...</b>	<b>THEN...</b>
the entire reported acreage is determined prevented	load acreage equivalent to the reported acreage in the determined acreage field on FSA-578.

**Example 1:** When the entire reported acreage is determined prevented and **no other crop is reported.**

Field	Crop	Status Code	Reported Acreage	Determined Acreage
3	Wheat	IP	60	60

**Example 2:** When the entire reported acreage is determined prevented and **another crop, not meeting double-cropping rules, is reported.**

Field	Crop	Status Code	Reported Acreage	Determined Acreage
3	Wheat	IP	60	60
3	Soybeans	J	60	

**Example 3:** When the entire reported acreage is determined prevented and another crop, not meeting double-cropping rules, is reported to only a portion of the acreage.

Field	Crop	Status Code	Reported Acreage	Determined Acreage
3	Wheat	IP	60	60
3A	Soybeans	J	30	

**Example 4:** When the entire reported acreage is determined prevented and **2 other crops, not meeting double-cropping rules, are reported.**

Field	Crop	Status Code	Reported Acreage	Determined Acreage
3	Wheat	IP	60	60
3A	Soybean	J	40	
3B	Corn	J	20	

--\*

**\*--84.5 Recording Prevented Planted Acreage on FSA-578 (Continued)**

**E Recording Prevented Planted Acreage on FSA-578 When Spot Check or Measurement Service Determines Less Than the Reported Acreage Is Prevented Planted**

Use the following to record prevented planted acreage on FSA-578 when less than the entire reported acreage is determined prevented.

<b>IF the producer has reported prevented planted acreage and...</b>	<b>THEN...</b>
less than the reported acreage is determined prevented	load the acreage determined in the determined acreage field on FSA-578  <b>Note:</b> If another crop is reported, only approved prevented planted shall be loaded on FSA-578 with a subsequent status code. <b>The acreage considered disapproved, shall be loaded on FSA-578 with an initial status code of "I".</b>

**Example 1:** When entire reported acreage is determined not prevented and **no other crop is reported.**

Field	Crop	Status Code	Reported Acreage	Determined Acreage
3	Wheat	IP	60	0

**Example 2:** When entire reported acreage is determined not prevented and **another crop is reported.**

Field	Crop	Status Code	Reported Acreage	Determined Acreage
3	Wheat	IP	60	0
3A	Soybeans	I	60	

**Example 3:** When entire reported acreage is determined not prevented and **2 other crops are reported.**

Field	Crop	Status Code	Reported Acreage	Determined Acreage
3	Wheat	IP	60	0
3A	Soybeans	I	30	
3B	Corn	I	30	

--\*

**84.5 Recording Prevented Planted Acreage on FSA-578 (Continued)**

**E Recording Prevented Planted Acreage on FSA-578 When Spot Check or Measurement Service Determines Less Than the Reported Acreage Is Prevented Planted (Continued)**

**Example 4:** When less than the entire reported acreage is determined prevented and **no other crop is reported.**

Field	Crop	Status Code	Reported Acreage	Determined Acreage
3	Wheat	IP	60	30

**Example 5:** When less than the entire reported acreage is determined prevented and **another crop is reported.**

Field	Crop	Status Code	Reported Acreage	Determined Acreage
3	Wheat	IP	60	30
3A	Soybeans	I	30	

**Example 6:** When less than the entire reported acreage is determined prevented and **2 other crops, not meeting double-cropping rules, are reported.**

Field	Crop	Status Code	Reported Acreage	Determined Acreage
3	Wheat	IP	60	30
3A	Corn	I	30	
3B	Soybeans	J	30	

**\*--84.6 Recording Failed Acreage on FSA-578**

**A Recording Failed Acreage on FSA-578 When Entire Acreage Claimed on CCC-576 is Approved and No Spot Check or Measurement Service Is Performed**

Use the following to record failed acreage on FSA-578 when the entire acreage claimed on CCC-576 is approved and no spot check or measurement service is performed.

<b>IF the producer has reported failed acreage and COC...</b>	<b>THEN...</b>
approved the entire acreage claimed on CCC-576	determined acres will <b>not</b> be entered unless the acreage is questionable.

**Example 1:** Entire acreage claimed is approved and **no other crop is reported.**

Field	Crop	Status Code	Reported Acreage	Determined Acreage
3	Wheat	IF	60	

**Example 2:** Entire acreage claimed is approved and another crop, **not meeting double cropping rule, is reported.**

Field	Crop	Status Code	Reported Acreage	Determined Acreage
3	Wheat	IF	60	
3	Soybeans	J	60	

**Example 3:** Entire acreage claimed is approved and another crop, **not meeting double cropping rules, is reported on a portion of the acreage.**

Field	Crop	Status Code	Reported Acreage	Determined Acreage
3	Wheat	IF	60	
3A	Soybeans	J	30	

**Example 4:** When the entire acreage claimed is approved and 2 other crops, not meeting double cropping rules, are reported.

Field	Crop	Status Code	Reported Acreage	Determined Acreage
3	Wheat	IF	60	
3A	Soybeans	J	40	
3B	Corn	J	20	

--\*

**\*--84.6 Recording Failed Acreage on FSA-578 (Continued)**

**B Recording Failed Acreage on FSA-578 When Acreage Reported as Failed Is Determined by a Spot Check or Measurement Service**

Use the following to record failed acreage on FSA-578 when the reported failed acreage is determined.

<b>IF the producer has reported failed acreage and...</b>	<b>THEN...</b>
the reported acreage is determined	load the acreage determined in the determined acreage field on FSA-578.

**Example 1:** When less than the failed acreage as reported is determined and **no other crop is reported.**

Field	Crop	Status Code	Reported Acreage	Determined Acreage
3	Wheat	IF	60	50

**Example 2:** When less than the failed acreage as reported is determined and **2 other crops, not meeting double cropping rules are reported.**

Field	Crop	Status Code	Reported Acreage	Determined Acreage
3	Wheat	IF	60	50
3A	Soybeans	J	30	
3B	Corn	J	20	

**Example 3:** When the failed acreage as reported is determined and **no other crop is reported.**

Field	Crop	Status Code	Reported Acreage	Determined Acreage
3	Wheat	IF	60	60

**Example 4:** When the failed acreage as reported is determined and **2 other crops, not meeting double cropping rules are reported.**

Field	Crop	Status Code	Reported Acreage	Determined Acreage
3	Wheat	IF	60	60
3A	Soybeans	J	30	
3B	Corn	J	30	

--\*

**84.6 Recording Failed Acreage on FSA-578 (Continued)**

**C Recording Failed Acreage on FSA-578 When Entire Acreage Claimed on CCC-576 is Disapproved and No Measurement Service or Spot Check Is Performed**

Use the following to record failed acreage on FSA-578 when the entire failed acreage is disapproved and no measurement service or spot check is performed.

<b>IF the producer has reported failed acreage and COC...</b>	<b>THEN...</b>
disapproved the entire acreage claimed on CCC-576	manually notate the disapproved acreage on CCC-576.
	<b>Note:</b> Do not remove the reported “F” supplemental status from the FSA-578.

**85, 86 (Withdrawn--Amend. 90)**

**87 (Withdrawn--Amend. 2)**

**88 (Withdrawn--Amend. 90)**

**89-98 (Reserved)**





## Section 4 Revising Acre and Share Data

## 99-101 (Withdrawn--Amend. 90)

## 102 Revising Acreage Reports for Destruction of Crops Before Harvest

## A Destruction of a Crop

Acreage reports for crops that are destroyed after they are certified but before harvested shall be revised.

See paragraph 24.5 for crops destroyed or failed because of a natural disaster. For crops destroyed for other than a natural disaster:

- the acreage will not receive credit for any purpose
- a fee to verify the destruction may be required.

**Important:** A paid-for farm visit must be conducted for FAV's and wild rice destroyed  
\*--without benefit before harvest. See 1-ARCPLC.--\*

## B Revision of Acreage Report

If a paid-for fee is required by a program and destruction is verified, the producer shall revise the acreage report to reflect the change. A copy of FSA-409 shall be attached to FSA-578 to document the destruction of acreage.

**Example:** Producer A reports 7 acres of peas and requests to destroy 3 acres on a farm without benefit. The producer must notify COC of intent to destroy and pay for a farm visit. Once COC verifies the destruction of the crop, the producer must return to the County Office and revise FSA-578 by changing the 7 acres reported as peas to 4 acres. Make a new entry for the acreage that was destroyed, and report the acreage accordingly. If a subsequent or double crop is reported, an entry for the acreage destroyed is not required.

**Note:** If this producer had NAP coverage on peas, only the 4 acres remaining would be eligible for benefit in the event a natural disaster subsequently impacted the crop.

## 103-117 (Reserved)



**Section 5 (Withdrawn--Amend. 90)**

**118 (Withdrawn--Amend. 90)**

**119-139 (Reserved)**

**Section 6 (Withdrawn--Amend. 90)**

**140-143 (Withdrawn--Amend. 90)**

**144-160 (Reserved)**

**Section 7 (Withdrawn--Amend. 90)**

**161-163 (Withdrawn--Amend. 90)**

**164-174 (Reserved)**

**Section 8 (Withdrawn--Amend. 20)**

**175-179 (Withdrawn--Amend. 20)**

**180-200 (Reserved)**



**Sections 9 and 10 (Reserved)**

**201-250 (Reserved)**



**Section 11 (Withdrawn--Amend. 94)**

**251 (Withdrawn--Amend. 94)**

**252 (Withdrawn--Amend. 90)**

**253-273 (Reserved)**

**Section 12 (Withdrawn--Amend. 90)**

**274 (Withdrawn Amend.--90)**

**275 (Withdrawn--Amend. 2)**

**276 (Withdrawn--Amend. 41)**

**277, 278 (Withdrawn--Amend. 90)**

**279-294 (Reserved)**

**Section 13 (Withdrawn--Amend. 27)**

**295 (Withdrawn--Amend. 27)**

**Section 14 (Withdrawn--Amend. 96)**

**296 (Withdrawn--Amend. 96)**

**297 (Withdrawn--Amend. 96)**

**298-300 (Reserved)**





**Part 2.5 Crop Acreage Reporting System (CARS)**

**301 Overview**

**A Background**

CARS is a web-based system that provides the capability to perform the following functions:

- load an acreage report
- record a zero acreage report
- review an acreage report
- revise an acreage report
- print an acreage report
- delete an acreage report
- certify acreage report data
- summarize acreage
- set the cropland comparison flag
- generate status reports.

**B Accessing CARS**

Users shall access CARS through the Intranet, which will be accessed using the eAuthentication log-in.

**C Security Accessibility**

The following table provides a list of the approved users that security will check before allowing access.

<b>Group</b>	<b>User</b>	<b>Access Capability</b>
	Administrative County Personnel	Update
	Nonadministrative County Personnel	View-Only
	*--Administrative and/or Nonadministrative State and County Personnel by Nationwide Customer Service	Update--*
	Specified State Office Personnel	View-Only
	Other State Office Personnel	View-Only
	Specified National Office Personnel	View-Only
	Other National Office Personnel	View-Only
	Specified Kansas City Computer Personnel	Update/Override
	Other Kansas City Computer Personnel	View-Only
Others	Specified Non-FSA Personnel	View-Only
All	Anyone not listed in this table	Denied

**\*--302 Accessing CARS and Other Applications--\***

**A Accessing the CARS Home Page**

To access the CARS Home Page, go to FSA’s Applications Intranet web site at **http://fsaintranet.sc.egov.usda.gov/fsa/applications.asp**. From the FSA Intranet Screen, under “FSA Applications” “Applications Directory”, CLICK “**A-C**”. The FSA Intranet Screen will be redisplayed with applications with names started from A to C. Scroll down and CLICK “**Crop Acreage Reporting System (CARS)**”.

The USDA eAuthentication Warning Screen will be displayed.

**B USDA eAuthentication**

On the USDA eAuthentication Warning Screen, CLICK “**I Agree**” to proceed or “**Cancel**” to end the process. When the user clicks “I Agree”, the USDA eAuthentication Login Screen will be displayed.

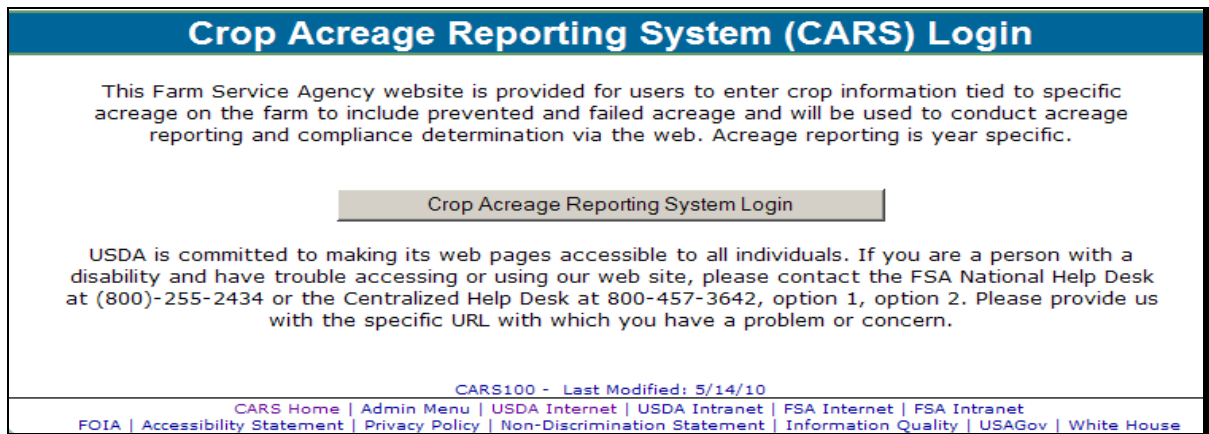
On the USDA eAuthentication Login Screen, CLICK “**Login with LincPass (PIV)**” or enter user ID and password and CLICK “**Login**”.

After the user successfully completes the eAuthentication login, the Crop Acreage Reporting System (CARS) Login Screen will be displayed.

**C Crop Acreage Reporting System (CARS) Login Screen**

On the Crop Acreage Reporting System (CARS) Login Screen, CLICK “**Crop Acreage Reporting System Login**” to continue.

The following is an example of the Crop Acreage Reporting System (CARS) Login Screen.

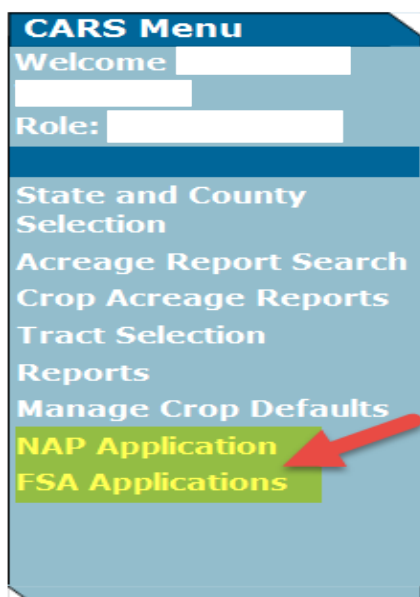


The State and County Selection Screen will be displayed.

## \*--302 Accessing CARS and Other Applications (Continued)

### D Accessing FSA and NAP Application from CARS

Beginning in 2015, CARS will provide direct access to the FSA and NAP application home pages from the CARS Menu on the left navigation menu. The following is an example of the CARS Menu with the FSA and NAP application links.



**Note:** The CARS Menu will be available on every screen in CARS.--\*

## 303 State, County, and Program Year Selection

### A Overview

State and County Offices now have access to:

- view acreage reports for farms located in nonadministrative counties
- update acreage reports for farms located in their administrative county
- Nationwide Customer Service to update acreage reports for farms located in any State and/or county in the nation.

The State and county will be automatically set by default based on the user's role. The user will have capability to select a different State and/or county through the normal CARS process or by Nationwide Customer Service as needed.

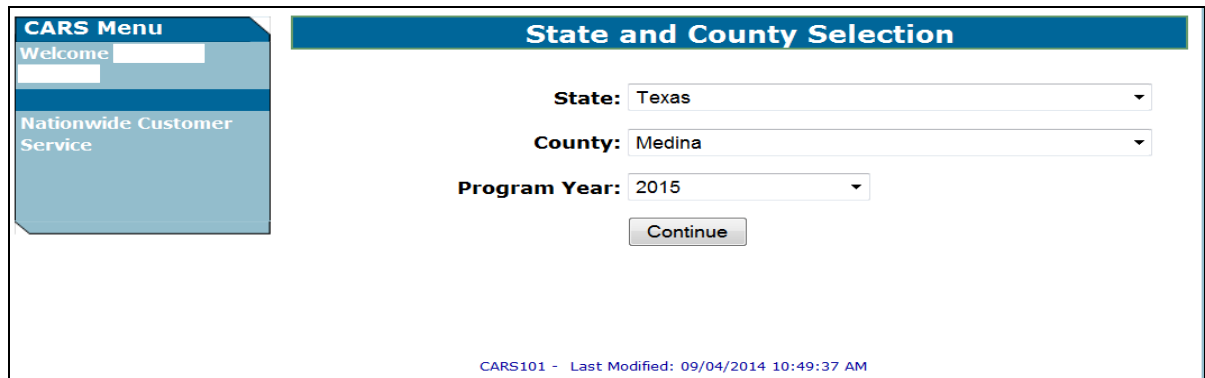
**Note:** All updates/changes, entered by the user, are automatically tracked for view by the National Office.

303 State, County, and Program Year Selection (Continued)

**B State and County Selection Screen**

The following is an example of the State and County Selection Screen.

\*--



--\*

**C Action**

The user shall use the drop-down lists to select the applicable:

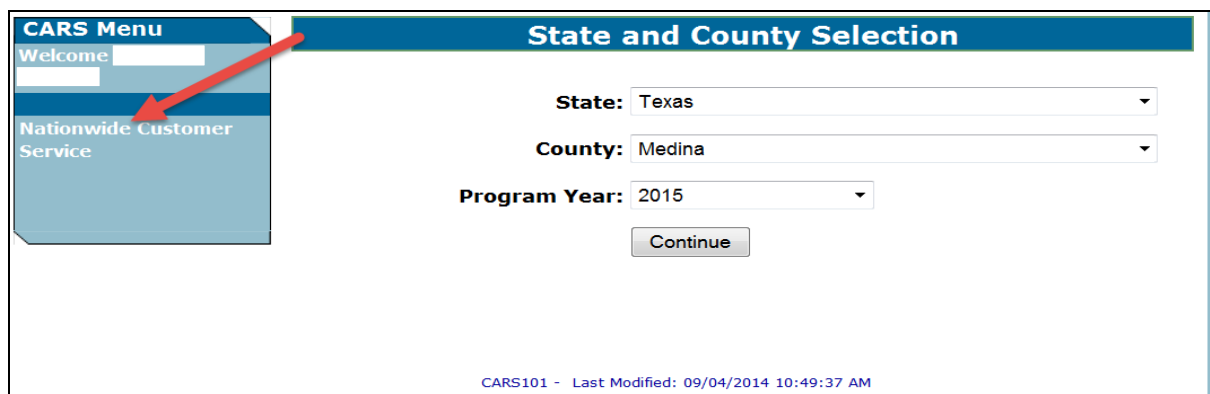
- State and county, if not previously set by default
- program year, if not previously set by default.

CLICK “Continue”. The Acreage Report Search Screen will be displayed.

**\*--D Nationwide Customer Service**

To access Nationwide Customer Service to update acreage reports for farms located in any State and/or county in the nation, users will click the Nationwide Customer Service option on the left of the State and County Selection Screen. The Nationwide Customer Service option will be available on the left of every screen throughout CARS.

Following is an example of the Nationwide Customer Service option on the left of the State and County Selection Screen.



--\*

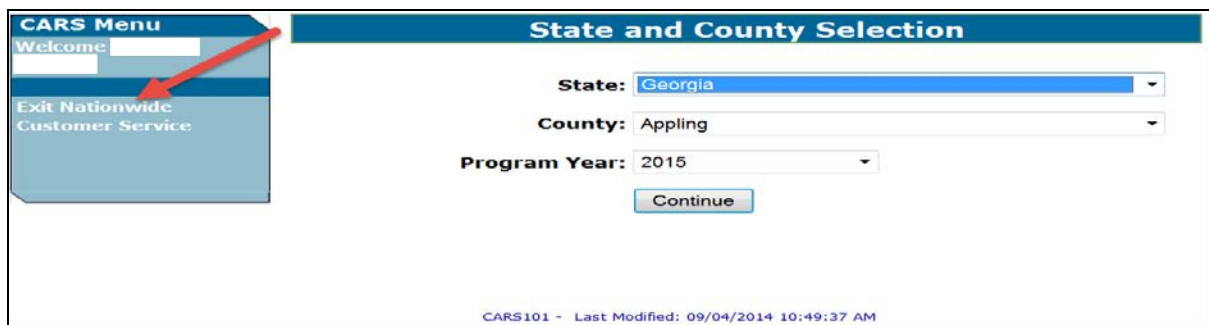
Once users click the Nationwide Customer Service option on the left, the State and County Selection Screen will be displayed for users to select and update acreage reports for farms located in any county in the nation.

303 State, County, and Program Year Selection (Continued)

D Nationwide Customer Service (Continued)

The Exit Nationwide Customer Service option will be displayed on the left to indicate users are in nationwide edit mode. To exit, users will click Exit Nationwide Customer Service.

Following is an example of the Exit Nationwide Customer Service option.



E State and County Office Action

State and County Offices that process nationwide customer service FSA-578's must:

- immediately FAX or e-mail a copy of the signed FSA-578 and map to the administrative county of the farm for the producer
- mail the original signed FSA-578 and map to the administrative county for the farm
- maintain a copy of the signed FSA-578 and map.

304 Acreage Report Search Screen

A Overview

From the State and County Selection Screen, the Acreage Report Search Screen will be displayed. The Acreage Report Search Screen allows the user to enter a farm for acreage reporting through CARS by accessing a producer through SCIMS or by a specific farm number.

B Acreage Report Search Screen

The following is an example of the Acreage Report Search Screen.



304 Acreage Report Search Screen (Continued)

**C Action**

Users can search by a:

- producer by clicking:
  - the “**Producer**” radio button
  - “**Submit**”

**Note:** The SCIMS Customer Search Screen will be displayed. When a producer has been selected, the Crop Acreage Reports Screen will be displayed.

- specific farm number by:
  - entering the applicable farm number
  - clicking “**Submit**”.

**Note:** The Crop Acreage Reports Screen will be displayed.

**D Validation Error Messages for the Acreage Report Search Screen**

Beginning with 2017 upon clicking “Submit”, on the Acreage Report Search Screen, the following error messages may be displayed during the rollover validation process.

**Note:** Farms with the following validation errors will not be rolled over from the previous CARS program year until corrective action is taken.

Error Message	Description	Corrective Action
<p>There are no Field Numbers defined in Farm Records for Farm ‘----’. An Acreage Report cannot be entered until Field Numbers are populated in Farm Records.</p>	<p>This message will occur when the user accesses the farm in CARS and there are no field numbers available in Farm Records for the farm.</p>	<p>Take the following steps:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• update field numbers in Farm Records</li> </ul> <p><b>Note:</b> Field data exists in CRM Farm Records but hasn’t replicated to Web Farm because of an invalid data condition. The user shall correct the invalid data condition and save the farm in MIDAS CRM Farm Records before the field number(s) will replicate to Web Farm Records”.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• access the farm in the applicable CARS program year</li> <li>• CLICK “Refresh Farm Data” on the Crop Acreage Reports Screen</li> <li>• enter FSA-578 as needed.</li> </ul> <p><b>Note:</b> Field number entered in CARS must match the field numbers in Farm Records</p>

--\*

304 Acreage Report Search Screen (Continued)

D Validation Error Messages for the Acreage Report Search Screen (Continued)

\*--

Error Message	Description	Corrective Action
<p>“Fields with End Year or Continuous Certification cannot rollover because the field number(s) do not exist in Web Farm Records for 2017. Invalid fields are: ___” “Warning: Continuous Certification was terminated. Fields Do Not Exist in Farm Records: CROP/TYPE/INTENDED USE”.</p> <p><b>Notes:</b> Only field level FSA-578 records with a valid field number in Web Farm Records will be rolled to the next CARS program year.</p> <p>Fields that are dropped during rollover due to invalid field numbers will <b>not</b> show on CARS status report “Farms with Deleted Field Due to Deleted Field Number in Farm Records”.</p>	<p>This message will occur when the user accesses the farm in CARS for rollover of crops/fields with an End Year and/or Continuous Certification and the field numbers being rolled from the previous program year to the next program year do not match the field numbers in Web Farm Records.</p>	<p>Due to the invalid field number, the user will need to reenter the FSA-578 data using the correct/current year field number in the current CARS program year. As needed.</p> <p><b>Important:</b></p> <p>The producer will also need to reelect continuous certification, if applicable.</p>
<p>Multiple browser tabs or windows for CARS have been detected. The application does not currently support this.</p> <p><b>Note:</b> It is also possible that the user may have closed the browser window without logging out of CARS. The user may click the “Start Over” button and continue working.</p>	<p>This message will be displayed when the user has multiple CARS tabs or windows open.</p>	<p>The user will need to either close the current window/tab and return to the previous one or CLICK “Start Over” to load the FSA-578 data all over.</p> <p><b>Note:</b> If the user chooses to start over, all tabs will be invalidated and any saved changes will be lost.</p>

--\*

\*--304.1 Rollover Errors

A Overview


Upon accessing the farm, the Rollover Error Screen may be displayed if the data being rolled from a previous CARS program year does not meet the applicable validations for the next CARS program year.

B Rollover Error Screen

The following is an example of the Rollover Error Screen.

**Rollover Error**

**Year:** 2012      **State:**      **County:**

 • Crop/Commodity "" is not valid for Program Year 2012. Unable to rollover crop.

**Farm Information**

Farm Number: 586	Total Rpt Cropland: 23.00 of 137.30
Operator Name: Producer A	

Tract	Field	Crop	Rpt Qty	Rpt Unit	Prac	Crop Status	Int Use
9752	2		22.0	A	N	I	

Next ErrorCancel Rollover

--\*



\*--304.1 Rollover Errors (Continued)

**C Action**

CLICK:

- “**Next Error**” and additional error messages for the farm will be displayed.

**Note:** This will allow the user to view invalid information for the farm. All crops and/or fields that pass validation will be rolled to the next CARS program year automatically.

- “**Cancel Rollover**” to cancel the rollover process.

**Note:** This will cancel the rollover for all crop and/or fields for the farm. The Acreage Report Search Screen will be displayed.

**D Rollover Error Screen Messages**

The following table provides error messages that may be displayed on the Rollover Error Screen.

<b>Error Message</b>	<b>Description</b>	<b>Corrective Action</b>
Producer(s) have been removed from a Tract(s). Unable to rollover crop.	This message will be displayed when an end year was entered in the previous CARS program year and the producer with a share of the crop and/or field is removed from the tract in Farm Records for the next CARS program year.	The user will need to load the acreage report in the current CARS program year and assign the shares accordingly.
Crop/Commodity “ ” is not valid for Program Year “ ”. Unable to rollover crop.	This message will be displayed when the crop and/or commodity entered in a previous CARS program year is removed from the CVS for the current CARS program year.	No action is required. Producer must report applicable crop information as needed.

--\*

\*--304.1 Rollover Errors (Continued)

**D Rollover Error Screen Messages (Continued)**

Error Message	Description	Corrective Action
Crop Type “ ” is not valid for Program Year “ ”. Unable to rollover crop.	This message will be displayed when the crop type entered in a previous CARS program year is removed from the CVS for the next CARS program year.	No action is required. Producer will need to report applicable crop information as needed.
Intended Use “ ” is not valid for Program Year “ ”. Unable to rollover crop.	This message will be displayed when the intended use entered in a previous CARS program year is removed from the CVS for the next CARS program year.	No action is required. Producer will need to report applicable crop information as needed.
Multiple Planting Periods available. Please choose the correct value.	This message will be displayed when the planting period entered in 2011 is <b>not</b> valid for 2012.  <b>Note:</b> This message will display for 2012 CARS <b>only</b> .	Correct the planting period as applicable.

--\*

## 305 Farm Selection Process

### A Overview

Based on the search method selected on the Acreage Report Search Screen, the Crop Acreage Reports Screen will display the following:

- farm numbers, associated with the producer, or a specific farm number
- status indicator to show if an acreage report is:
  - “Not Created”
  - “Not Certified / Not Reported”
  - \*--“Not Certified / Fully Reported”--\*
  - “Partially Certified / Partially Reported”
  - “Partially Certified / Fully Reported”
  - “Fully Certified / Partially Reported”
  - “Fully Certified / Fully Reported”
- date the acreage report was last updated, if applicable.

**Notes:** If a selected producer is associated with multiple farms, **all** farms with which the producer is associated will be displayed for selection on the Crop Acreage Reports Screen.

\*--Upon accessing the farm in the next CARS program year, the message “Crop Acreage Report has been rolled over from Program Year “**applicable year here**” will be displayed when rolling over continuous certification crops and/or other crops with an end year from the previous CARS program year. See subparagraphs 304 D and 304.1 D for rollover errors.--\*

305 Farm Selection Process (Continued)

B Crop Acreage Reports Screen

The following is an example of the Crop Acreage Reports Screen.

\*--


Crop Acreage Reports		
Year: 2016	State:	County:
Operator Information		
Operator Name: Producer A		
Farm	Status ?	Last Updated
230	Fully Certified / Partially Reported	04/06/2016
Refresh Farm Data		Continuous Certification
Record Acreage	Revise Shares	Determined Quantity
Certify by Farm	Certify by Producer	Delete
Farm Summary	Tract Summary	Cancel

**Notes:** The “Continuous Certification” option will be available beginning with program year 2016.

The “Record Farm Zero Acreage” option will be available for 2012 and prior years only.--\*

C Options Available on the Crop Acreage Reports Screen

The following table provides a list of options available on the Crop Acreage Reports Screen.

Option/Button	*--Action/Result--*																
Status	<p>CLICK “ <thead> <tr> <th>Status</th> <th>Description</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>Not Created</td> <td>No acreage report is created for this farm.</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Not Certified/Not Reported</td> <td>No reported fields are certified <b>and</b> no cropland is reported and certified.</td> </tr> <tr> <td>*--Not Certified/Fully Reported</td> <td>No reported fields are certified <b>and</b> the farm has no cropland. <b>Note:</b> In this case, the fully reported indicator is set automatically.--*</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Partially Certified/Partially Reported</td> <td>Not all reported fields are certified <b>and</b> not all cropland is reported and certified.</td> </tr> <tr> <td>*--Partially Certified/Fully Reported--*</td> <td>Not all reported fields are certified <b>and</b> all cropland is reported and certified.</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Fully Certified/Partially Reported</td> <td>All reported fields are certified <b>and</b> not all cropland is reported and certified.</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Fully Certified/Fully Reported</td> <td>All reported fields are certified <b>and</b> all cropland is reported and certified.</td> </tr> </tbody> </p>	Status	Description	Not Created	No acreage report is created for this farm.	Not Certified/Not Reported	No reported fields are certified <b>and</b> no cropland is reported and certified.	*--Not Certified/Fully Reported	No reported fields are certified <b>and</b> the farm has no cropland. <b>Note:</b> In this case, the fully reported indicator is set automatically.--*	Partially Certified/Partially Reported	Not all reported fields are certified <b>and</b> not all cropland is reported and certified.	*--Partially Certified/Fully Reported--*	Not all reported fields are certified <b>and</b> all cropland is reported and certified.	Fully Certified/Partially Reported	All reported fields are certified <b>and</b> not all cropland is reported and certified.	Fully Certified/Fully Reported	All reported fields are certified <b>and</b> all cropland is reported and certified.
Status	Description																
Not Created	No acreage report is created for this farm.																
Not Certified/Not Reported	No reported fields are certified <b>and</b> no cropland is reported and certified.																
*--Not Certified/Fully Reported	No reported fields are certified <b>and</b> the farm has no cropland. <b>Note:</b> In this case, the fully reported indicator is set automatically.--*																
Partially Certified/Partially Reported	Not all reported fields are certified <b>and</b> not all cropland is reported and certified.																
*--Partially Certified/Fully Reported--*	Not all reported fields are certified <b>and</b> all cropland is reported and certified.																
Fully Certified/Partially Reported	All reported fields are certified <b>and</b> not all cropland is reported and certified.																
Fully Certified/Fully Reported	All reported fields are certified <b>and</b> all cropland is reported and certified.																

**Important Note:** To be considered reported, the reported cropland acreage **must** be certified.

## 305 Farm Selection Process (Continued)

## C Options Available on the Crop Acreage Reports Screen (Continued)

Option/Button	*--Action/Result
Last Updated	This date is populated automatically when there is a change to the acreage report or a change to the farm in farm records.--*
Refresh Farm Data	Click this button to update farm records data in CARS.  <b>Example:</b> A producer is added to farm records, but is <b>not</b> available in CARS.  <b>Notes:</b> After users CLICK “ <b>Refresh Farm Data</b> ”, user <b>must</b> CLICK “ <b>Add Producer</b> ” to assign the share to the updated producer.  The "Refresh Farm Data" option does not apply to farm/tract reconstitutions. See subparagraph 311 C for information on farm/tract reconstitutions.
*--Continuous Certification	Click this button when the producer wants to elect continuous certification for a certified/approved perennial crop.  <b>Note:</b> See paragraph 314.1 for CARS continuous certification procedure.--*
Record Acreage	Click this button to record acreage and share information for the farm.
Revise Shares <u>1/</u>	Click this button to change shares for a single field or multiple fields recorded for the farm. The Revise Shares Screen will be displayed.  <b>Note:</b> When using this option, shares must be the same across all selected fields.
Record Farm Zero Acreage	Click this button to record a farm zero acreage report for a specific crop. The option will be available for 2012 and prior years only.
*--Determined Quantity <u>1/</u> --*	Click this button to record determined acreage for a specific crop.
Certify by Farm <u>1/</u>	Click this button to certify crops or commodities reported for the selected farm.
Certify by Producer <u>1/</u>	Click this button to certify multiple farms, tracts, and fields associated with the selected producer as an owner, operator, or other tenant.  <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Owner – farms, tracts, and fields for which the producer is an owner will be displayed, regardless of shared interest in the crop.</li> <li>• Operator – farms, tracts, and fields for which the producer is an operator will be displayed, regardless of shared interest in the crop.</li> <li>• Other Tenant – farms, tracts, and fields for which they have a shared interest in the crop will be displayed.</li> </ul>
Delete <u>1/</u>	Click this button to delete a farm that has been recorded in CARS.
Farm Summary <u>1/</u>	Click this button to display a summary of crops or commodities reported by farm.
Tract Summary <u>1/</u>	Click this button to display a summary of crops or commodities reported by tract.
Cancel	Click this button to return the user back to the Acreage Report Search Screen.

1/ These options are **not** present until a crop or commodity is loaded for the farm.

## D Action

The user shall click the radio button next to the applicable farm number. Only 1 farm can be selected.

**Note:** If only 1 farm number is displayed, the user shall click the applicable button to begin the acreage reporting process.

**306 Producer Shares**

**A Overview**

From the Tract Selection Screen, the Report of Acreage Screen will be displayed that provides users the ability to enter crop share for producers associated with tract/field. The shares can be modified between the producers shown. After producer shares have been entered, the recorded shares will be automatically set by default to the next reported tract or field until changed by the user.

CARS is validating against producer information contained in Farm Records at the tract level. The producers must be associated to the specific tract in Farm Records to receive a share of the crop/field in CARS. If the producer **is not** associated to the tract in Farm Records, the producer **will not** be available in CARS. To ensure that producers are available on **all tracts** they are associated with in CARS, producers must be added to **all tracts** they are associated with in Farm Records according to 10-CM.

**Note:** See subparagraph 305 C for information on the “Refresh Farm Data” button.

**\*--B List of Tract Producers**

The following is an example of the list of tract producers section on the Report of Acreage Screen.

Name	Role	Share %
Producer A	Operator	50.00
Producer B	Owner	50.00
<b>Total %</b>		100.00

Add Producers

NAP Unit

Override NAP Unit

Submit and Add      Submit and Copy      Submit and Bulk Copy

Submit and Review      Submit and Certify      Review Crops

**Note:** See paragraph 308 for information on loading crop acreage and options available on the Report of Acreage Screen.--\*

### 307 Selecting Tracts

#### A Overview

The Tract Selection Screen will be displayed after the users CLICK “**Record Acreage**” on the Crop Acreage Reports Screen, if there are multiple tracts on the farm. If there is only 1 tract on the farm, the Report of Acreage Screen will be displayed.

#### B Tract Selection Screen

The following is an example of the Tract Selection Screen.

Tract Selection				
Year: 2017		State:		County:
<b>Farm Information</b>				
Farm Number: 1881			Total Rpt Cropland: 0.00 of 13589.81	
Operator Name: Producer A				
<b>Please select a tract</b>				
Tract	Description	Cropland Acres	Reported Cropland	
<input type="radio"/> 498	Not Applicable	2491.92	0.00	
<input type="radio"/> 527	Not Applicable	257.24	0.00	
<input type="radio"/> 617	Not Applicable	4423.43	0.00	
<input type="radio"/> 637	Not Applicable	2249.24	0.00	
<input type="radio"/> 671	Not Applicable	19.35	0.00	
<input type="radio"/> 672	Not Applicable	898.89	0.00	
<input type="radio"/> 846	Not Applicable	1106.51	0.00	
<input type="radio"/> 863	Not Applicable	2131.73	0.00	
<input type="radio"/> 1706	Not Applicable	11.50	0.00	
Continue		Revise Tract		Back

**Note:** “Not Applicable” will be displayed under the description column when there is no legal description available in Farm Records for the tract.

#### C Options Available on the Tract Selection Screen

The following table provides a list of options available on the Tract Selection Screen.

Button	Results	
Continue	<b>IF...</b>	<b>THEN the...</b>
	no crops have previously been recorded for the tract	Report of Acreage Screen will be displayed.
	crops have previously been recorded for the tract	Crop Review Screen will be displayed.
Revise Tract	Revise Tract Screen will be displayed to allow user to move crop from 1 tract to another.	
Back	Returns the user back to the Crop Acreage Reports Screen.	

#### D Action

\*--The user will select the applicable tract and CLICK “**Continue**”. The Report of Acreage--\* Screen will be displayed.

### 307.5 Revising Tracts

#### A Overview

The Revise Tract Screen will be displayed after users CLICK “**Revise Tract**” on the Tract Selection Screen, if crop data has been entered for a tract on the farm. The Revise Tract Screen provides users the ability to move field/crop information from 1 tract to another. A reconciliation process will be available to ensure that only valid producers are moved. See paragraph 310 for revising crop/commodity and share information.

#### B Revised Tract Screen

The following is an example of the Revise Tract Screen.

#### C Options Available on the Revised Tract Screen

The following table provides a list of options available on the Revise Tract Screen.

Button	Results
Update Tract	Selected crops will be updated/saved to the applicable tract.
Back	Return to the Tract Selection Screen.

### 308 Loading Crop Acreage Information

#### A Overview

\*--Users have the capability to load crop acreage information in CARS within the farm’s administrative county. Loading options include Crop Defaults and Bulk Copy.

For 2015 and future years, County Offices may also update acreage reports for any farm record in any county in the nation by accessing the “Nationwide Customer Service” option--\* on the left navigation menu.



308 Loading Crop Acreage Information

B Report of Acreage Screen

The following is an example of the Report of Acreage Screen. The Report of Acreage Screen:

- will be displayed after a tract is selected or automatically if farm only has 1 tract
- is used to enter field and share data.

\*\_

**Report of Acreage**

**Year:** 2017      **State:**      **County:**

---

**Farm Information**

Farm Number: 8108      Total Rpt Cropland: 2.00 of 9.42  
 Operator Name: **Producer A**

---

**Tract Information**

Tract Number: 8182      Tract Rpt Cropland: 2.00 of 9.42  
 Tract Owner(s): **Producer A**  
                                  **Producer B**

---

**Please enter the crop information.**  
 \* Denotes required information.

\* Field Number       Native Sod Conversion

Subfield

\* Reported Quantity

Planting Date (MM/DD/YYYY)       \* Official/Measured

End Year (YYYY)

Predominant Number

\* Crop/Commodity

\* Variety/Type

\* Intended Use

Actual Use

\* Irrigation Practice

\* Organic Status

\* Planting Pattern

\* Cropland Status

Reporting Unit

\* Crop Status  ⓘ      Land Use

\* Supplemental Status

\* Planting Period

\* Concurrent Planting

Field ID

\* RMA Cropping Practice

---

**List of Tract Producers**

Name	Role	Share %
Producer A	Owner/Operator	<input type="text" value="50.00"/>
Producer B	Owner	<input type="text" value="50.00"/>
<b>Total %</b>		<b>100.00</b>

NAP Unit:

Override NAP Unit

---

Submit and Add

Submit and Copy

Submit and Bulk Copy

Submit and Review

Submit and Certify

Review Crops

--\*

## 308 Loading Crop Acreage Information (Continued)

## C Options Available on the Report of Acreage Screen

The following table provides a list of options available on the Report of Acreage Screen.

Button	Action	Results
Submit and Add	Click this button once all crop information has been entered for the field to save the crop data.	The Report of Acreage Screen will be displayed to allow the user to enter another crop.
Submit and Copy	Click this button to save the crop data entered and copy the same crop information to another field for the farm and tract.	The Report of Acreage Screen will be displayed and will be automatically populated with the same crop attribute as entered for the previous field. Exception: The field number, reported quantity and planting date will not be copied.
Submit and Bulk Copy	Click this button to save the crop data entered and copy the same crop information to other tracts and/or fields for the farm and tract.	The Bulk Copy Screen will be displayed to allow the same crop attributes as entered for the previous field to be copied across multiple tracts and fields.  <b>Note:</b> From the Bulk Copy Screen, the user will be required to record the tract number, field number, subfield number, reporting quantity, planting date and field ID as applicable. See subparagraph 308 G for an example of the Bulk Copy Screen.
Submit and Certify	Click this button to save the crop data entered.	The Certification Screen will be displayed to allow the user to certify the crop information.
Review Crops	Click this button to review crop information entered on the acreage report.	The Crop Review Screen will be displayed.
Add Producer	Click this button to display all producers associated with the tract.	Hide Zero Shares button will be displayed.  <b>Note:</b> See subparagraph 306 A for information on producer shares.
Hide Zero Shares	Click this button to hide all producers with zero shares in the crop.  This button will be available upon clicking the “Add Producers” button.	The “Add Producer” button will be displayed.

308 Loading Crop Acreage Information (Continued)

**D Entering Crop/Commodity Information**

On the Report of Acreage Screen, enter field data according to the following table.

\*--

Field	Action
Field Number	<p>Beginning with 2018, CARS will allow up to 7 digits to be entered for the field number. The field number in CARS <b>must</b> match the field number in Web Farm Records.</p> <p>Beginning with 2017, only field numbers available in Web Farm Records will be allowed to be entered in CARS. The user can enter up to 4 digits. The following table provides information for recording field numbers in CARS.</p> <p><b>Note:</b> Before a field number can be recorded in CARS, the field number in CRM Farm Records must be replicated to Web Farm Records.</p>
<b>IF...</b>	<b>THEN...</b>
there are no field numbers in Web Farm Records	<p>CARS will not allow the user to complete the acreage reporting process.</p> <p><b>Notes:</b> This could happen when fields were entered in a previous CARS program year with an End Year or Continuous Certification, and none of the fields are able to rollover to the next program year in CARS because there are no field numbers that match the current Web Farm Records.</p> <p>Message “There are no Field Numbers in Farm Records. Field Numbers must be entered in Farm Records to proceed” will be displayed on the Report of Acreage Screen.</p> <p>For farms with continuous certification crops and/or CRP with an End Year, an additional message will be displayed “Fields with End Year or Continuous Certification cannot rollover because the field number(s) do not exist in the current year Web Farm Records. Invalid fields are: ”</p>

--\*

308 Loading Crop Acreage Information (Continued)

D Entering Crop/Commodity Information

\*--

Field	Action	
Field Number (Contd.)	<b>IF...</b>	<b>THEN...</b>
	Web Farm Records has only 1 field number for the farm	that field number will be automatically populated in the field number data field on the Report of Acreage Screen.
	Web Farm Records has more than one field number for the farm	the user can either: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• manually type in the field number</li> <li>• select the applicable field number from the dropdown option.</li> </ul>
	a field number in Web Farm Records is deleted	the field level FSA-578 record in CARS that is associated with the deleted field number will be automatically deleted. If there are other crops/fields reported for the farm, those crops/fields will be automatically uncertified. However, crops enrolled for continuous certification and CRP fields that are recorded with an End Year will remain certified.  <b>Important:</b> This could have a significant impact on County Offices if CLU edits are done after the FSA-578 is loaded/certified in CARS. In such cases, County Offices will be required to reload the FSA-578 data with the new field number(s) and recertify all other crops/fields in CARS as needed.

--\*

308 Loading Crop Acreage Information (Continued)

D Entering Crop/Commodity Information (Continued)

\*--

Field	Action	
Field Number (Contd.)	IF...	THEN...
	a field number in Web Farm Records is deleted (Contd.)	<p><b>Notes:</b> County Offices will use the status report “Farms with Deleted Field Due to Deleted Field Number in Farm Records” to identify field level FSA-578 records that are automatically deleted from CARS.</p> <p>County Offices will use status report “Farms with Deleted Field Due to Deleted Field Number in Farm Records” to identify field level FSA-578 records that are automatically deleted from CARS.</p>

--\*



308 Loading Crop Acreage Information (Continued)

D Entering Crop/Commodity Information (Continued)

Field	Action		
Field Number (Contd.)	<table border="1" style="width: 100%; border-collapse: collapse;"> <tr> <td style="width: 50%;"><b>IF...</b></td> <td style="width: 50%;"><b>THEN...</b></td> </tr> </table> <p>For 2016, the field number and subfield will be displayed as separate data fields. Enter the field number for the selected farm/tract. Enter the subfield for the field as needed. The subfield shall <b>not</b> exceed 2 alpha characters. The field number <b>cannot</b> exceed 4 digits.</p> <p>For 2015 and prior years, the field number is displayed as a single data field. The field number is restricted to 6 characters for field and/or subfield numbering. Alpha characters for subfields shall not exceed 2 characters. Number values for the field shall not exceed 4 digits.</p> <p><b>Note:</b> See paragraph 494 for identifying fields.</p>	<b>IF...</b>	<b>THEN...</b>
<b>IF...</b>	<b>THEN...</b>		
Subfield	Enter the applicable subfield associated with the field number as needed. The subfield <b>cannot</b> exceed 2 characters.		
Reported Quantity	<p>Enter the reported quantity. Acreage can be entered or maintained in tenths, hundredths, thousandths, or ten thousandths. Managing acreage in tenths or hundredths on FSA-578 is at the discretion of the State Office, as long as the level of entry is consistent throughout the State. In cases where hundredths of acres are required, and acreage is only reported in tenths, a zero shall be added in the hundredths decimal place.</p> <p>Tobacco and other specified NAP crop acreage <b>must</b> be entered in hundredths in all States.</p> <p>Acreage planted in a skip-row or strip-crop pattern <b>must</b> be factored and net crop entered, unless the planting practice is an approved exception according to paragraph 393.</p> <p><b>*--Note:</b> If the reported cropland acreage entered for the field in CARS is greater than the acreage for the field in Web Farm Records a warning message will be displayed on the Report of Acreage Screen shown as “Warning: Field 1 has been over reported. Field Reported Acres: “ ”, Field Acres “ ””.</p> <p>This is a warning message only. This will <b>not</b> prevent the field from being certified. The County Office shall review the CLU delineation and question the producer, if needed.--*</p>		
Predominant Number	If applicable, enter the crop default number for the crop/crop characteristics to be entered. Once the predominant number is entered, all applicable fields will be automatically pre-populated.		
Crop/Commodity	Select the crop from the drop-down list. The crops listed in the drop-down list are from CVS.		
Variety/Type	Select the variety and type from the drop-down list. The drop-down list is populated based on the crop that was selected in the crop/commodity drop-down list.		

## 308 Loading Crop Acreage Information (Continued)

## D Entering Crop/Commodity Information (Continued)

Field	Action
Intended Use	Select the intended use from the drop-down list. The intended uses displayed will be pulled from CVS for the crop selected.
Planting Pattern	Select the planting pattern from the drop-down list. Orchard crops and crops planted in skip/strip row patterns will need additional information loaded in data fields displayed at the bottom of the screen. <b>See subparagraph E for skip/strip row and subparagraph F for orchard entries.</b> See paragraph 393 for information on planting patterns.
Actual Use	This is <b>not</b> a required entry. This field is used to document the actual use of the reported crop/commodity when the actual use is different than the intended use.
Irrigation Practice	Select the irrigation practice from the drop-down list.
Crop Status	Select the crop status from the drop-down list. The definition of the crop status is located in Exhibit 11. Status code "C" will be automatically *--populated for crop with intended use of cover only (CO). Only acres associated with crop status "Initial" and "Experimental" will be counted toward the total reported cropland for the farm.--*
Supplemental Status	<p>Select the supplemental status code from the drop-down list. The selection options are "Not Applicable", "Not Planted", "Planted", "Prevented", "Failed", or "Volunteer".</p> <p><b>Notes:</b> The "Not Planted" option will be available for 2011 and 2012 only.</p> <p>The "Not Applicable" option will be available beginning with 2015 and will be selected when reporting turn areas, skip rows, water impoundment structures, etc. Supplemental status "Planted" will be automatically defaulted for crops with intended use of cover only (CO) and will not be editable.</p>



308 Loading Crop Acreage Information (Continued)

D Entering Crop/Commodity Information (Continued)

<p>*--Reporting Unit</p>	<p>This field will:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• default as “colonies” for honey</li> <li>• default as “taps” for maple sap</li> <li>• display both “acres” and “animal unit month (AUM)” for selection for eligible crops <b>only</b></li> <li>• default as “acres” for all other crops that are not honey, maple sap, or eligible for selection of AUM.</li> </ul> <p><b>Notes:</b> When “AUM” is selected additional data elements will be displayed to record beginning month/day, ending month/day, and % public lands.</p> <p>Reporting unit “hives” will be available for 2014 and prior years only. Colonies will be available for 2015 and subsequent years.</p> <p>Only reporting unit “acres” will be considered when calculating total reported cropland acres.--*</p>
<p>Land Use</p>	<p>This entry is prefilled based on data pulled from CVS.</p>
<p>Cropland Status</p>	<p>*--For crops reported with reporting unit “Acres” the cropland status will be automatically populated as “Yes”. The cropland status will be automatically populated as “N” when the reporting unit is “Colonies”, “Taps”, or “AUM”. In this case, the users will not be allowed to change the cropland status.--*</p>
<p>Planting Date</p>	<p>Enter in “MMDDYYYY” format or choose the date by clicking “Calendar” icon.</p> <p><b>Note:</b> See subparagraph 78 F for crops that do <b>not</b> require a planting date.</p>
<p>Organic Status</p>	<p>Automatically defaulted to “Conventional”. If the organic status is <b>not</b> “Conventional”, select the applicable status from the drop-down list. Available options are “Conventional”, “Transitional”, and “USDA Certified”.</p> <p><b>Notes:</b> See paragraph 23.7 for reporting organic crops.</p> <p>“Organic” status will be available beginning with the 2015 crop year and displayed on applicable CARS screens, FSA-578, and FSA-578 (Producer Print) as “C” for conventional, “OT” for transitional, and “OC” for USDA Certified.</p>



308 Loading Crop Acreage Information (Continued)

D Entering Crop/Commodity Information (Continued)

Field	Action	
Native Sod Conversion	<p>*--Check (✓) box <b>only</b> when a crop is planted on native pasture as defined by 1-NAP (Rev. 2).--*</p> <p><b>Note:</b> The “Native Pasture Conversion” checkbox will be available for 2015 and subsequent years.</p>	
End Year	<p>This is <b>not</b> a required entry. Enter an end year date for a field only if that crop will maintain the exact same crop characteristics next year. This includes the same crop status, intended use, and type. County Offices shall enter the appropriate end year date, from CRP-1, in all new CRP fields for the current year. Failure to enter the date will mean the field will <b>not</b> be rolled over to the future year in CARS. See paragraph 78.</p>	
Official/Measured	<p>This field is defaulted to “None”. Select “Official”, “Measured”, or “Staked” from the drop-down list, as applicable, according to procedure in paragraph 77.</p>	
Concurrent Planting	<p>This field is defaulted to “None”. Enter the applicable value from the drop-down list. Only crops with a concurrent planting value, in CVS, will be available for selection in the drop-down list. The options are “Alternate”, “Interplant”, and “Multiuse”.</p>	
Planting Period	<p>*--Beginning with 2017, CARS will allow the user to enter crop status “Initial” for the same field number when the planting period value is different. When there is more than one planting period for a field, CARS will use the acreage that is associated with the earliest planting period when setting the fully reported indicator.</p>	
	<p><b>IF...</b></p>	<p><b>THEN...</b></p>
	<p>no planting period, carrying capacity is available on NCT for the crop</p>	<p>this field is defaulted to “01”.</p>
	<p>only 1 planting period, carrying capacity is available on NCT for the crop, type, practice, and intended use</p>	<p>this field is defaulted as the planting period carrying capacity listed on NCT.</p>
	<p>more than 1 planting period, carrying capacity is available on NCT for the crop, type, practice, and intended use</p>	<p>a drop down list with applicable NCT planting periods/carrying capacity will be available for selection.</p>
Field ID	<p>Planting periods and/or carrying capacities are retrieved from NCT.--*</p>	
	<p>This is <b>not</b> a required field. Enter up to 4 characters to record additional information about the crop acreage being reported.</p> <p><b>Example:</b> No Till, Wetlands, etc.</p> <p><b>Note:</b> This field is used for informational purposes only.</p>	

308 Loading Crop Acreage Information (Continued)

D Entering Crop/Commodity Information (Continued)

Field	Action
NAP Unit	<p>After the user clicks “<b>Submit</b>” on the Report of Acreage Screen, this field will be automatically populated based on available NAP units from the NAP Unit Table.</p> <p><b>Notes:</b> NAP units will be populated for all producers since NAP units are created using farming relationships as reported in CARS.</p> <p>To access the option to manually override the populated NAP unit, users must click “<b>Revise</b>” on the Crop Review Screen.</p> <p>The populated NAP unit number shall be manually overridden <b>only</b> when the relationship based on producer type documented on FSA-578 does <b>not</b> match the actual farming relationship.</p>
*--RMA Cropping Practice	<p>Select the applicable RMA cropping practice from the dropdown list.</p> <p><b>Note:</b> See Paragraph 320.1 for additional information for RMA cropping practice.</p> <p>See Part 2.6 for policy on using RMA cropping practice.</p>
Override NAP Unit	<p>Click this checkbox to override the prepopulated NAP unit. The populated NAP unit number shall be manually overridden <b>only</b> when the relationship based on producer type on FSA-578 does <b>not</b> match the actual farming relationship.</p> <p><b>Note:</b> The override checkbox will be available once the crop information is saved and the automatic NAP unit has been populated.--*</p>

E Skip/Strip Row Information

If skip/strip row pattern is selected according to the table in subparagraph D, additional data entry fields will be displayed. \* \* \* Follow paragraph 393 to determine the data that must be entered.

The following is an excerpt from the Report of Acreage Screen displaying the data fields that must be entered.

<b>Skip/Strip Row Information</b>	
Number of Crop Rows	<input style="width: 100%;" type="text"/>
Number of Non-Crop Rows	<input style="width: 100%;" type="text"/>
Crop Row Width (in inches)	<input style="width: 100%;" type="text"/>
Skip Row Width (in inches)	<input style="width: 100%;" type="text"/>
Conversion Factor	<input style="width: 100%;" type="text"/>

\*--**Note:** The Skip/Strip data field will allow up to 6 characters.--\*

**308 Loading Crop Acreage Information (Continued)**

**F Orchard Crop Information**

If the orchard pattern is selected according to the table in subparagraph D, additional data entry fields will be displayed. \* \* \*

The following is an excerpt from the Report of Acreage Screen displaying the data fields that must be entered.

<b>Orchard Crop Information</b>	
Number of Trees	<input type="text"/>
Row Width (in feet)	<input type="text"/>
Spacing of Trees (in feet)	<input type="text"/>
Age Of Trees	<input type="text"/>

\*--Note: The Orchard Data field will allow up to 6 characters.--\*

308 Loading Crop Acreage Information (Continued)

G Bulk Copy Screen

Users have the capability to use the bulk copy option to copy pre-existing crop information across a single tract or across multiple tracts. Crop data entered on the Report of Acreage Screen will be automatically saved when users CLICK “Submit” and “Bulk Copy” on the Report of Acreage Screen. The following is an example of the Bulk Copy Screen.

\*--

Bulk Copy

**Year:** 2017      **State:**      **County:**

---

Farm Information

Farm Number: 1881      Total Rpt Cropland: 10.00 of 13589.81  
 Operator Name:    Producer A

---











Tract Number	Field Number	Crop/Comm	Var/Type	Int Use	Irr Prc	Crop Status
527	54	GRASS	FTA	GZ	N	I

---

**List of Tract Producers**

Name	Role	Share %
Producer B	Owner	50.00
Producer A	Operator	50.00

---

Line #	* Tract Number	* Field Number	Subfield Number	* Reported Quantity	* Planting Date MM/DD/YYYY	Field ID
1	527	▼				
2	527	▼				
3	527	▼				
4	527	▼				
5	527	▼				
6	527	▼				
7	527	▼				
8	527	▼				
9	527	▼				
10	527	▼				

---

Submit and Add

Submit and Certify

Submit and Bulk Copy

Review Crops

--\*

**\*--308 Loading Crop Acreage Information (Continued)**

**H Options Available on the Bulk Copy Screen**

The following table provides a description of the options available on the Bulk Copy Screen.

<b>Button</b>	<b>Result</b>
Submit and Add	Click this button to save acreage report information. The Report of Acreage Screen will be displayed.
Submit and Certify	Click this button to save acreage report information. The Certification Screen will be displayed.
Submit and Bulk Copy	Click this button to save acreage report information. The Bulk Copy Screen will continue to be displayed.
Review Crop	Click this button to review acreage report information. The Review Crop Screen will be displayed.

--\*

## \*--308.5 Predominant Crops and Crop Characteristic Defaults

### A Overview

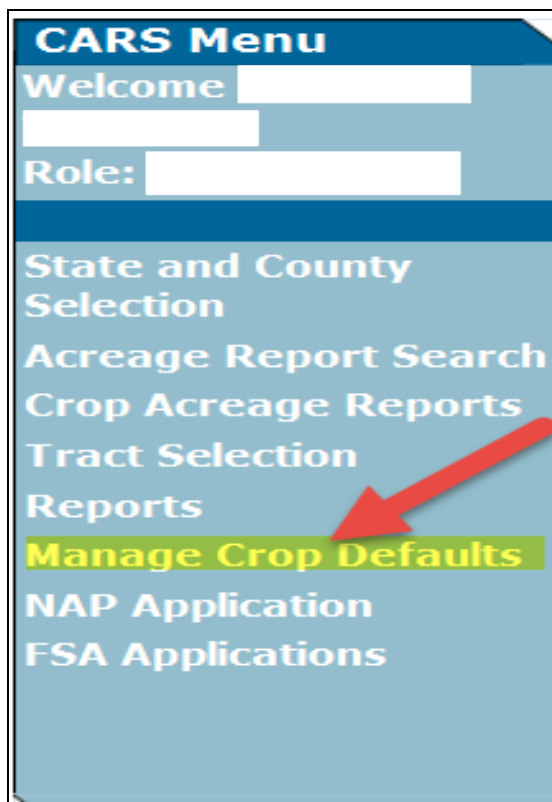
User will have the capability to create predominant crops and crop characteristic defaults specific to their county. Exhibit 10.5 contains the valid current year's crops and crop characteristics. The crops in Exhibit 10.5:

- are also known as CVS
- contain all crops for acreage reporting purposes.

**Note:** For a list of NAP-eligible crops, see 1-NAP.

### B Accessing “Manage Crop Defaults” Option

The “Manage Crop Defaults” option is available under the CARS Menu on every screen throughout CARS beginning on the Acreage Report Search Screen. The following is an example of the “Manage Crop Defaults” option.



If no predominant crop and crop characteristic default is created, the Add Crop Default Screen will be displayed. If at least 1 predominant crop and crop characteristic default is created, the List Crop Defaults Screen will be displayed.

**Note:** Once crop defaults are created, users must click the “Manage Crop Defaults” option each program year for defaults to rollover from the previous program year to the next program year.--\*



308.5 Predominant Crops and Crop Characteristic Defaults (Continued)

C Add Crop Default Screen

The following is an example of the Add Crop Default Screen. User will only see this screen when no crop defaults have been created.

\*--

Add Crop Default	
<b>Year:</b> 2017	<b>State:</b>
	<b>County:</b>
*Predominant Number	<input type="text"/>
*Crop/Commodity	Select <span style="float: right;">▼</span>
*Variety/Type	None <span style="float: right;">▼</span>
*Intended Use	None <span style="float: right;">▼</span>
*Irrigation Practice	None <span style="float: right;">▼</span>
*Organic Status	Conventional <span style="float: right;">▼</span>
*Reporting Unit	Acres <span style="float: right;">▼</span>
*Crop Status	None <span style="float: right;">▼</span>
*Supplemental Status	None <span style="float: right;">▼</span>
Concurrent Planting	None <span style="float: right;">▼</span>
Land Use	None
Planting Pattern	Solid <span style="float: right;">▼</span>
*Cropland Status	Y <span style="float: right;">▼</span>
*Planting Period	None <span style="float: right;">▼</span>
* RMA Cropping Practice	No Cropping Practic <span style="float: right;">▼</span>
<input type="button" value="Save"/> <input type="button" value="Save and Add"/> <input type="button" value="Save and Copy"/> <input type="button" value="Cancel"/>	

**Note:** For crop defaults to rollover from the previous year to the next year, the user must click the “Manage Crop Defaults” option on the left. Only defaults that pass validation will rollover to the next year. For information, the previous year’s defaults with invalid crop characteristics will be displayed to the user. Users will need to add/update crop defaults list in the next program year as needed.--\*

## 308.5 Predominant Crops and Crop Characteristic Defaults (Continued)

**D Adding Crop Default Information**

On the Add Crop Default Screen, enter field data according to the following table.

<b>Field</b>	<b>Action</b>
Predominant Number	Enter the number to be assigned for the crop default information entered.
Crop/Commodity	Select the crop from the drop-down list. The crops listed in the drop-down list are from CVS.
Variety/Type	Select the variety and type from the drop-down list. The drop-down list is populated based on the crop that was selected in the crop/commodity drop-down list.
Intended Use	Select the intended use from the drop-down list. The intended uses will be pulled from CVS for the crop selected.
Irrigation Practice	Select the irrigation practice from the drop-down list.
Organic Status	Select the organic status from the drop-down list, as needed. The organic status will default as "Conventional".
*--Reporting Unit	<p>This field will:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• default as "colonies" for honey</li> <li>• default as "taps" for maple sap</li> <li>• display both "acres" and "AUM" for selection of eligible crops <b>only</b></li> <li>• default as "acres" for all other crops that are not honey, maple sap, or eligible for selection of AUM.</li> </ul> <p><b>Notes:</b> When "AUM" is selected additional data elements will be displayed in record beginning month/day, ending month/day, and % public lands.</p> <p>Reporting unit "Hives" will be available for 2014 and prior years <b>only</b> and "Colonies" will be available for 2015 and subsequent years.</p> <p>Only reporting unit "acres" will be considered for cropland comparison according to paragraph 312.--*</p>
Crop Status	Select the crop status from the drop-down list. The definition of the crop status is located in Exhibit 11. Status code "C" will be automatically populated for crops with intended use of cover only (CO).

308.5 Predominant Crops and Crop Characteristic Defaults (Continued)

D Adding Crop Default Information (Continued)

Field	Action
Supplemental Status	Select the supplemental status code from the drop-down list. The selection options are “Not Planted”, “Not Applicable”, “Planted”, “Prevented”, “Failed”, or “Volunteer”.  <b>Notes:</b> The “Not Planted” option will be available for 2011 and 2012 only.  The “Not Applicable” option will be available for 2015 and subsequent years. Supplemental status “Planted” will be automatically populated for crops with intended use of cover only (CO).
Concurrent Planting	This field is defaulted to “None”. Enter the applicable value from the drop-down list. Only crops with a concurrent planting value in CVS, will be available for selection in the drop-down list. The options are “Alternate”, “Interplant”, and “Multiuse”.
Land Use	This entry is prefilled based on data pulled from CVS.
Planting Pattern	Select the planting pattern from the drop-down list. Orchard crops and crops planted in skip/strip row patterns will need additional information loaded in data fields displayed at the bottom of the screen. <b>See subparagraph 308 E for skip/strip row and subparagraph 308 F for orchard entries.</b>
*--Cropland Status	For crops reported with reporting unit “Acres” the cropland status will be automatically populated as “Yes”. The cropland status will be automatically populated as “N” when the reporting unit is “Colonies”, “Taps”, or “AUM”. In this case, the users will not be allowed to change the cropland status.
Planting Period	Select the planting period from the drop-down menu. If only 1 planting period is available on NCT, the planting period will automatically populate as “01”. More than one initial crop can be recorded for the same field on the farm when the planting period for any other initial crop(s) recorded for the field is different.
RMA Cropping Practice	The RMA cropping practice will be defaulted as “No Cropping Practice”. Select the applicable RMA cropping practice.

E Options Available on the Add Crop Default Screen

The following table provides a description of the options available on the Add Crop Default Screen.

Button	Result
Save	The crop defaults for the applicable predominant number will be saved. The List Crop Defaults Screen will be displayed.
Save and Add	The crop defaults for the applicable predominant number will be saved. The Add Crop Default Screen will continue to be displayed for another crop to be recorded.

**308.5 Predominant Crops and Crop Characteristic Defaults (Continued)**

**E Options Available on the Add Crop Default Screen (Continued)**

Button	Result
Save and Copy	The Add Crop Default Screen will continue to be displayed with all previously saved crop characteristics with the exception of the predominant number.
Cancel	The List Crop Defaults Screen will be displayed.

**F List Crop Defaults Screen**

The following is an example of the List Crop Defaults Screen. This screen is displayed only after at least 1 predominant crop and crop characteristic default is created.

**List Crop Defaults**

**Year:** 2017      **State:**      **County:**

Sort By:

	Predominant Number	Crop/Comm	Var/Type	Int Use	Irr Prc	Org Status	Rpt Unit	Crop Status	Planting Period
<input type="radio"/>	1	ALFAL	-	CO	N	C	A	C	01
<input type="radio"/>	2	GRASS	NAG	GZ	N	C	A	I	02
<input type="radio"/>	3	MIXFG	OTP	GZ	N	C	A	I	01

**G Options Available on the List Crop Defaults Screen**

The following table provides a description of the options available on the List Crop Defaults Screen.

Button	Result
Predominant Number	Sort default list by predominant number.
Crop/Commodity	Sort default list by crop/commodity.
Add	Add Crop Default Screen will be displayed.
Edit	Edit Crop Default Screen will be displayed.
Delete	Delete Crop Default Screen will be displayed.
Print	A PDF of crop defaults previously saved for the specific State, county, and program year will be displayed.

309 Reviewing Acreage Reported in CARS

A Overview

An option is available to allow users to view data already loaded in CARS. The data can be reviewed for a producer acreage report in any county where a report has already been loaded. The Crop Review Screen:

- is accessed by clicking the “Review Crops” button on the Report of Acreage Screen

**Note:** See subparagraph 308 B for an example of the Report of Acreage Screen.

- will be displayed when a farm and/or tract is selected to report additional crop/commodity data.

B Crop Review Screen

The following is an example of the Crop Review Screen.

\*--

**Crop Review**

**Year:** 2017      **State:**      **County:**

---

**Farm Information**

Farm Number: 1881      Total Rpt Cropland: 10.00 of 13589.81  
 Operator Name: Producer A

---

**Tract Information**

Tract Number: 527      Tract Rpt Cropland: 10.00 of 257.24  
 Tract Owner(s): Producer B

---

**Review of crop acreage data at tract level**

	Field Number	Crop/Comm	Var/Type	Int Use	Irr Prc	Org Status	Rpt Qty	Det Qty	Crop Status	Planting Period	Field ID
<input type="radio"/>	54	GRASS	FTA	GZ	N	C	10.00	-	I	01	-

Add
Revise
Copy

Certify
Bulk Copy
Delete

--\*

## 309 Reviewing Acreage Reported in CARS (Continued)

## C Options Available on the Crop Review Screen

The following table provides a description of the options available on the Crop Review Screen.

<b>Button</b>	<b>Result</b>
Add	Click this button to add another field to the existing acreage report for the farm and tract selected.  <b>Note:</b> This option is available when an acreage report has been loaded in CARS and an additional acreage report now needs to be loaded.
Revise	Click this button to revise the acreage report for the field selected.  <b>Note:</b> See paragraph 310 for instructions to revise a previously loaded acreage report.
Delete	*--Click this button to delete a single field or multiple fields recorded for the farm. The Delete Fields Screen will be displayed".--*  <b>Note:</b> See paragraph 311 for instructions to delete a previously loaded acreage report.
Copy	Click this button to copy the pre-existing attributes of a selected field for entry to a new field on the Report of Acreage Screen. Only 1 field can be copied at a time.
Certify	Click this button to certify the acreage report for the field selected.
Bulk Copy	Click this button to copy the pre-existing crop and crop characteristics of a selected field for entry of that same crop information across multiple fields and/or tracts on the Bulk Copy Screen.

**\*--310 Revising Crop/Commodity and Share Information for the Field**

**A Overview**

Users have the capability to revise applicable data loaded in CARS within their administrative county, including zero acreage reports, as necessary.

**Exception:** Beginning with 2015, County Offices may access the Nationwide Customer Service option on the left navigation menu to update any county in the nation.

**B Accessing the “Revise” Option on the Crop Review Screen**

Follow this table to revise crop and/or commodity and share information for the field.--\*

<b>Step</b>	<b>Action</b>	<b>Result</b>
1	On the Acreage Report Search Screen, enter the applicable farm number or search for a producer in SCIMS. CLICK “ <b>Submit</b> ”.	The Crop Acreage Reports Screen will be displayed.
2	CLICK “ <b>Record Acreage</b> ”.	The Crop Review Screen will be displayed.
3	Select the radio button of the applicable crop or field to be revised.	
4	CLICK “ <b>Revise</b> ”.	The Report of Acreage Screen will be displayed.
5	A revision may be made to any entry, as applicable.	
6	After the applicable revisions have been made, CLICK “ <b>Submit</b> ”.	The message, “The crop acreage report has been successfully updated”, will be displayed.

**\*--310 Revising Crop/Commodity and Share Information for the Field (Continued)****C Revising Specific Crop/Commodity Information for the Field--\***

The crop/commodity information that was previously entered in CARS can be revised by clicking the “Revise” button on the Crop Review Screen.

To revise the applicable crop information on the Report of Acreage Screen, refer to the following table.

<b>Field</b>	<b>Action</b>
*--Field Number	Enter or select the correct field number.  <b>Notes:</b> Only field numbers that are available in Farm Records can be entered in CARS.  See paragraph 308 D for more information on field number.
Subfield	Enter the correct subfield.--*
Predominant Number	If applicable, enter the crop default number for the crop/crop characteristics to be entered. Once the predominant number is entered, all applicable fields will be automatically pre-populated.
Crop/Commodity	Select the correct crop name from the drop-down list.
Variety/Type	Select the correct variety/type from the drop-down list.
Intended Use	Select the correct intended use from the drop-down list.
Planting Pattern	Select the correct planting pattern from the drop-down list.
Actual Use	This is <b>not</b> a required entry. Select the correct actual use from the drop-down list.
Irrigation Practice	Select the correct irrigation practice from the drop-down list.
Crop Status	Select the correct crop status from the drop-down list. Status code “C” will be automatically populated for crops with intended use of cover only (CO).
Supplemental Status	Select the correct supplemental status from the drop-down list. Supplemental status “Planted” will be automatically populated for crops with intended use of cover only (CO).



## 310 Revising Crop/Commodity and Share Information for the Field (Continued)

## C Revising Specific Crop/Commodity Information for the Field (Continued)

Field	Action
*--Reporting Unit	<p>This field will:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• default as “colonies” for honey</li> <li>• default as taps for maple sap</li> <li>• display both “acres” and “AUM” for selection for eligible crops <b>only</b></li> <li>• default as “acres” for all other crops that are not honey, maple sap, or eligible for selection of AUM.</li> </ul> <p><b>Notes:</b> When “AUM” is selected additional data elements will be displayed to record beginning month/day, ending month/day, and % public lands.</p> <p>Reporting unit “hives” will be available for 2014 and prior years only. Colonies will be available for 2015 and subsequent years. Only reporting unit “acres” will be considered when calculating total reported cropland acres.--*</p>
Land Use	This field cannot be revised as it is based on the crop/commodity selected.
Reported Quantity	Enter the correct quantity in reporting units.
Cropland Status	*--For crops reported with reporting unit “Acres” the cropland status will be automatically populated as “Yes”. The cropland status will be automatically populated as “No” when the reporting unit is “Colonies”, “Taps”, or “AUM”. In this case, the users will not be allowed to change the cropland status.--*
Planting Date	This is a required entry. Enter the correct planting date in “MM/DD/YYYY” format or using the calendar provided.
End Year	This is <b>not</b> a required entry. Enter the correct end year.
Official/Measured	Enter the correct value from the drop-down list.
Concurrent Planting	Enter the correct value from the drop-down list.
Planting Date	<p>Enter in “MMDDYYYY” format or choose the date by clicking “Calendar” icon.</p> <p><b>Note:</b> See subparagraph 78 F for crops that do <b>not</b> require a planting date.</p>

## 310 Revising Crop/Commodity and Share Information for the Field (Continued)

## C Revising Specific Crop/Commodity Information for the Field (Continued)

Field	Action
Organic Status	<p>Automatically defaulted to “Conventional”. If the organic status is <b>not</b> “Conventional”, select the applicable status from the drop-down list. Available options are “Conventional”, “Transitional”, and “USDA Certified”.</p> <p><b>Note:</b> “Organic” status will be available beginning with the 2015 crop year and displayed on applicable CARS screens, FSA-578, and FSA-578 (Producer Print) as “C” for conventional, “OT” for transitional, and OC” for USDA Certified.</p>
Planting Period	<p>When applicable, select the correct planting period.</p> <p><b>Note:</b> See paragraph 308 D for more information on planting periods.</p>
Field ID	<p>This is <b>not</b> a required field. Enter up to 4 characters to record additional information about the crop acreage being reported, such as wetlands, etc.</p> <p><b>Note:</b> This field is used for informational purposes only.</p>
NAP Unit	<p>After the user clicks “<b>Submit</b>” on the Report of Acreage Screen, this field will be automatically populated based on available NAP units from the NAP Unit Table.</p> <p><b>Notes:</b> NAP units will be populated for all producers since NAP units are created using farming relationships as reported in CARS.</p> <p>To access the option to manually override the populated NAP unit, users must click “<b>Revise</b>” on the Crop Review Screen.</p> <p>The populated NAP unit number shall be manually overridden <b>only</b> when the relationship based on producer type documented on FSA-578 does <b>not</b> match the actual farming relationship.</p>
RMA Cropping Practice	<p>Select the applicable RMA cropping practice from the drop-down menu.</p> <p><b>Notes:</b> See paragraph 320.1 for additional information on RMA cropping practice.</p> <p>See Part 2.6 for policy on using RMA cropping practice.</p>
Share %	<p>Enter the correct share percentages for each respective producer.</p> <p><b>Note:</b> Shares must equal 100 percent. See subparagraph 306 A for additional information on producer shares.</p>

### 310.5 Revising Shares Across Multiple Tracts and Fields for the Farm

#### A Overview

Beginning with 2015 the “Revise Shares” button will be available on the Crop Acreage Reports Screen to allow users to change shares across multiple tracts and/or fields for the selected farm.

#### B Revise Shares Screen

The following is an example of the Revise Shares Screen.

\*--

**Revise Shares**

**Year:** 2017      **State:**      **County:**

**Farm Information**

Farm Number: 233	Total Rpt Cropland: 2.00 of 5.78
Operator Name: Producer A	

<input type="checkbox"/>	Tract Num	Field Num	Crop/Comm	Var/Type	Int Use	Irr Prc	Organic Status	Rpt Qty	Det Qty	Crop Status	Planting Period
<input type="checkbox"/>	3458	1	WHEAT	HAW	FG	N	C	2.00	-	I	01

**List of Farm Producers**

Name	Role	Share %
Producer A	Operator	<input style="width: 50px;" type="text" value="0.00"/>
Producer B	Owner	<input style="width: 50px;" type="text" value="0.00"/>
Producer C	Owner	<input style="width: 50px;" type="text" value="0.00"/>
<b>Total %</b>		0.00

--\*

#### C Options Available on the Revise Shares Screen

The following table provides a list of available options available on the Revise Shares Screen.

Button	Results
Update Shares	Click this button to update shares for all selected tracts and fields.
Back	Click this button to go back to the Crop Acreage Reports Screen.
Hide Zero Shares	Click this button for producers with zero share not to be displayed on the Revise Shares Screen. This option will only be displayed when there is a producer with zero share.

**\*--310.5 Revising Shares Across Multiple Tracts and Fields for the Farm (Continued)**

**D Updating Shares on the Revise Shares Screen**

Follow this table to update shares for multiple tracts and/or fields.

<b>Step</b>	<b>Action</b>	<b>Results</b>
1	On the Acreage Reports Search Screen, enter the applicable farm number or search for a producer in SCIMS. CLICK "Submit".	The Crop Acreage Reports Screen will be displayed.
2	Click the "Revise Shares" button on the Crop Acreage Reports Screen.	The Revise Shares Screen will be displayed.
3	Select the check box next to the applicable tracts, fields, and crop to be updated.	
4	Enter applicable shares for producers listed on the farm. CLICK "Update Shares".  <b>Note:</b> Shares must equal 100 percent.	The message, "The shares on the selected crops have been revised" will be displayed.

--\*

### 311 Deleting Acreage Report Information

#### A Overview

Users have the capability to delete an acreage report record, including a zero acreage report, by farm or fields.

#### B Deleting Farms From CARS Because of Farm Records Reconstitutions

\*--Beginning with 2013, a farm acreage report will be automatically deleted from CARS--\* when a reconstitution is performed for the farm/tract in Farm Records.

**Note:** The farm acreage report will be deleted at the time the recon farm(s) are approved in CRM Farm Records.

#### C Deleting Acreage Report by Farm

The “Delete” option on the Crop Acreage Reports Screen will provide the user the capability to select a farm record to delete. Once that farm number is selected, the farm number, operator name, and report status will be displayed. The user will have the option to delete the farm record from CARS or cancel the delete process.

Farm deletion will result in the permanent elimination of all crop records from CARS for a specified farm.

#### D Delete Acreage Report Screen

The following is an example of the Delete Acreage Report Screen.

311 Deleting Acreage Report Information (Continued)

**E Accessing the Farm Report “Delete” Option**

Access the farm report “Delete” option on the Crop Acreage Reports Screen as follows.

Step	Action	Result
1	On the Acreage Report Search Screen, do either of the following and CLICK “Submit”:  <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• select the farm to be deleted by entering the applicable farm number</li> <li>• select the farm by searching for the producer in SCIMS.</li> </ul>	The Crop Acreage Reports Screen will be displayed. If the user searched for the producer, the user will have to select the applicable farm by clicking the radio button to the left of the farm.
2	Once the farm has been selected by either method in step 1, the user shall CLICK “Delete”.	The Delete Acreage Report Screen will be displayed.
3	The user will be prompted to answer the question, “Are you sure you want to delete the acreage report?”	If:  <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• “No” is selected, the user will be returned to the Crop Acreage Reports Screen</li> <li>• “Yes” is selected, the Delete Crop Screen will be displayed with the message, “The acreage report has been successfully deleted for farm number XX”.</li> </ul>

**F Deleting Acreage Report Records by Field**

This “Delete” option on the Crop Review Screen will provide a complete list of all crop data associated with a farm and tract. Beginning with 2015, users will have the capability to select a single crop record or multiple records to delete. The user will have the option to delete the crop record or cancel the delete process. The crop record will display the farm number, tract number, field number, crop, crop type, practice, intended use, organic status, crop status, supplemental status, acreage and planting period.

Field deletion will result in the permanent elimination of all crop records for a specified field.

311 Deleting Acreage Report Information (Continued)

G Delete Crop Screen for 2014 and Prior Years

The following is an example of the Delete Crop Screen for 2014 and Prior Years.

\*--

Delete Crop		
<b>Year:</b> 2014	<b>State:</b>	<b>County:</b>
Farm Information		
Farm Number: 233	Total Rpt Cropland: 2.00 of 5.78	
Operator Name: Producer A		
Tract Information		
Tract Number: 3458	Tract Rpt Cropland: 2.00 of 5.78	
Tract Owner(s): Producer B		
Crop Information		
Field Number: 1		
Crop/Commodity: WHEAT		
Variety/Type: HRW		
Intended Use: Grain		
Irrigation Practice: Non-Irrigated		
Crop Status: 1 - Initial - first crop planted on acreage		
Supplemental Status: Planted		
Reported Quantity: 2.00		
Determined Quantity:		
<p style="color: #0056b3;">Are you sure you want to delete the selected Crop(s)?</p> <div style="display: flex; justify-content: center; gap: 20px;"> <input style="border: 1px dashed gray; padding: 5px 15px;" type="button" value="Yes"/> <input style="padding: 5px 15px;" type="button" value="No"/> </div>		

--\*

311 Deleting Acreage Report Information (Continued)

H Accessing the Field Record “Delete” Option for 2014 and Prior Years

For 2014 and prior years, access the field record “Delete” option on the Crop Review Screen as follows.

Step	Action	Result
1	On the Acreage Report Search Screen, enter the applicable farm number or search for a producer in SCIMS. CLICK “Submit”.	The Crop Acreage Reports Screen will be displayed.
2	CLICK “Record Acreage”.	The Crop Review Screen will be displayed.
3	Select the radio button of the applicable crop or field to be deleted.	
4	CLICK “Delete”.	The Delete Crop Screen will be displayed.
5	The user will be prompted to answer the question, “Are you sure you want to delete the Crop?”.	If: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• “No” is selected, the user will be returned to the Crop Review Screen</li> <li>• “Yes” is selected, the user will receive the message, “The crop has been successfully deleted”, on the Crop Review Screen.</li> </ul>

I Delete Fields Screen for 2015 and Subsequent Years

The following is an example of the Delete Fields Screen for 2015 and Subsequent Years.  
\*--

**Delete Fields**

**Year:** 2017      **State:**      **County:**

**Farm Information**

Farm Number: 233      Total Rpt Cropland: 2.00 of 5.78  
Operator Name:      Producer A

**Tract Information**

Tract Number: 3458      Tract Rpt Cropland: 2.00 of 5.78  
Tract Owner(s):      Producer B

<input type="checkbox"/>	Field Number	Crop/Comm	Var/Type	Int Use	Irr Prc	Org Status	Rpt Qty	Det Qty	Crop Status	Planting Period	Field ID
<input type="checkbox"/>	1	WHEAT	HAW	FG	N	C	2.00	-	I	01	-

--\*



311 Deleting Acreage Report Information (Continued)

\*--J Accessing the Field Record “Delete” Option for 2015 and Subsequent Years

For 2015 and subsequent years, access the field record “Delete” option on the Crop Review Screen as follows.

Step	Action	Result
1	On the Acreage Report Search Screen, enter the applicable farm number or search for a producer in SCIMS. CLICK “Submit”.	The Crop Acreage Report Screen will be displayed.
2	CLICK “Record Acreage”.	The Crop Review Screen will be displayed.
3	CLICK “Delete”.	The Delete Fields Screen will be displayed.
4	Select the check box for the applicable crop(s)/field(s) to be deleted. CLICK “Delete”.	
5	The user will be prompted to answer the question, “Are you sure you want to delete the selected fields? CLICK “Ok” or “Cancel”.	If: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• “Ok” is selected, the Delete Fields Screen will be displayed with the message “The fields have been successfully deleted.</li> <li>• “Cancel” is selected, the Crop Review Screen will be displayed.</li> </ul>

--\*

## 312 Fully Reported

### A Fully Reported Indicator

To ensure that all cropland has been reported, the software will compare total certified reported initial (I) and experimental (X) acreage to the total cropland on the farm.

The fully reported indicator will be automatically set to “Y” real time after all cropland on the farm has been reported and certified. Total cropland for the farm is retrieved from Farm Records.

- Only reporting unit “acres” will be considered when setting the fully reported indicator.
- When more than one initial crop is reported on the same field and the crop is associated with a different planting period according to section 4.3 only the planting period with the highest acreage will be counted toward the total reported cropland acres. If the acreage for each planting period is the same, then only the acreage associated with the first reported planting period will be counted toward the total reported cropland acres.
- When more than one initial crop is reported on the same field and the crop is associated with concurrent planting status “Multiuse” only the intended use with the highest acreage will be counted toward the total reported cropland acres. If the acreage for each intended use is the same, then only the acreage associated with the first intended use will be counted toward the total reported cropland acres.

**Note:** All acres reported with concurrent status “Interplant and Alternated” will be counted toward the total reported cropland acres.

### B Cropland Comparison Variance

To account for minor acreage differences, software will:

- automatically calculate a variance between total cropland on the farm and reported cropland
- set the fully reported indicator accordingly.

If within the following variance, the fully reported indicator will be set to “Y”. The variance is the larger of the following:

- 1 percent of the cropland
- .5 acre.

The maximum variance is 10 acres.

**Note:** The variance will not run until all reported crops are certified.

312 Fully Reported (Continued)

**C Cropland Comparison Override**

If the farm has no cropland, CARS will provide an override process to set the fully reported indicator automatically to “Y” nightly. No user intervention will be allowed.

**Note:** At any point thereafter, if the cropland acres on the farm are greater than zero, the fully reported indicator will be set automatically to “N”.



### 313 Farm Zero Acreage Report

#### A Overview

Beginning with the 2013 crop year, a zero acreage report will not be required for NAP when a crop is not planted. The certification statement on FSA-578 was modified to support the NAP zero acreage report requirement as follows.

**Certification:** I certify to the best of my knowledge and belief that the acreage of crops/commodities and land uses listed herein are true and correct and that all \*--required crops/commodities and land uses have been reported for the farm--\* as applicable. Absent any different or contrary prior subsequent certification filed by any producer for any crop for which NAP coverage has been purchased, I certify that the applicable crop, type, planting period, practice, and intended use is not planted if it is not included on the Report of Commodities for this crop year. The signing of the form gives FSA representatives authorization to enter and inspect crops/commodities and land uses on the above identified land. A signature date (the date the producer signs FSA-578) will also be captured.

For 2012 and prior years, a zero acreage report may be required for certain programs when the crop is **not** planted. Multiple producers with a share interest may file a zero acreage report for the same crop, type, practice, and intended use.

**Note:** No tract, field, or planting period is required for this report; however, all zero acreage reports must contain a farm number.

#### B Farm Zero Acreage Crop Screen for 2012 and Prior Years

The following is an example of the Farm Zero Acreage Crop Screen for 2012 and prior years.

Farm Zero Acreage Crop			
Year: 2012	State:	County:	
Farm Information			
Farm Number: 233		Total Rpt Cropland: 0.00 of 5.80	
Operator Name: Producer A			
Predominant Number	Select		
*Crop/Commodity	Select		
*Variety/Type	None		
*Intended Use	None		
* Irrigation Practice	None		
* Planting Period	None		
List of Farm Producers			
Name	Role	RMA Unit	Share %
Producer B	Owner		0.00
		<b>Total %</b>	0.00
NAP Unit	<input type="text"/>		
<input type="checkbox"/> Override NAP Unit			
Submit		Review Crops	Hide Zero Shares

**\*--313 Farm Zero Acreage Report (Continued)**

**C Loading a Zero Acreage Report in CARS for 2012 and Prior Years**

Load a zero acreage report in CARS as follows for 2012 and prior years.--\*

Step	Action	Result
1	On the Acreage Report Search Screen, enter the applicable farm number or search for a producer in SCIMS. CLICK <b>“Submit”</b> .	The Crop Acreage Reports Screen will be displayed.
2	CLICK <b>“Record Farm Zero Acreage”</b> .	<p>The Default Producer Shares Screen will be displayed if status is “Not Created” on the Crop Acreage Reports Screen.</p> <p><b>Note:</b> If status is other than “Not Created”, the Farm Zero Acreage Crop Screen will be displayed requiring the following entries:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• crop/commodity</li> <li>• variety/type</li> <li>• intended use</li> <li>• irrigation practice.</li> </ul>
3	Record required crop information and shares on the Farm Zero Acreage Crop Screen, as applicable. CLICK <b>“Submit”</b> .	The message, “The farm zero acreage crop has been successfully saved”, will be displayed.

314 Certifying Acreage Report

A Overview

\*--Beginning with 2015, users will be able to certify by producer or by farm. The “Certify by Producer” option will allow users to certify multiple farms, tracts, and fields for the selected producer. The “Certify by Farm” option will allow users to certify any or all fields for the selected farm. The “Certify by Producer” and “Certify by Farm” options are available on the Crop Acreage Reports Screen. See subparagraph 305 B for an example of the Crop Acreage Reports Screen.--\*

All crops reported in CARS are required to be certified by the applicable reporting deadline according to Exhibit 6 or 6.5, as applicable. County Offices shall review all crops and acreage information with producers before certifying the acreage report in CARS.

B Certify by Farm Screen

The following is an example of the Certify by Farm Screen.

\*--

--\*

C Options Available on the Certify by Farm Screen

The following options are available on the Certify by Farm Screen.

Button	Result
Certify	Click this button to certify the selected crop acreage.
Certify and Print	Click this button to certify and print the selected crop acreage.
Print	Click this button to print the selected crop acreage.
Uncertify	Click the button to uncertify crop acreage previously certified.
Back	Click the button to return to the Crop Acreage Reports Screen.

314 Certifying Acreage Report (Continued)

**D Certifying Crops by Farm**

Follow instructions in this table to certify crops by farm.

Step	Action	Result
1	On the Acreage Report Search Screen, enter the applicable farm number or search for a producer in SCIMS. CLICK <b>“Submit”</b> .	The Crop Acreage Reports Screen will be displayed.
2	CLICK <b>“Certify”</b> .	The Certification Screen will be displayed.
3	Enter the signature date from FSA-578 and provide the option to certify by either of the following methods: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• select the radio button in the heading bar to certify all fields in the tract</li> <li>• select the fields individually if <b>not</b> certifying the entire tract.</li> </ul>	
4	CLICK <b>“Certify”</b> .	On the Crop Acreage Reports Screen, the user will receive the message, “The selected crops have been certified”. The status will change from “Not Certified” to “Certified” after all crops and/or fields for the farm are certified. The date certified will be displayed under the “Certification Date” column.  *-- <b>Note:</b> If the certified cropland acreage entered for the farm in CARS is greater than the acreage for the farm in Web Farm Records message “Warning: Farm “ ” is over reported. Certified Acres: “ ”, Farm Acres “ ”, will be is displayed on the Certification screen.  This is a warning message only. The County Office user will review the difference and question the producer, if needed.--*



314 Certifying Acreage Report (Continued)

**E Certify by Producer - Producer Selection Screen**

The following is an example of the Certify by Producer - Producer Selection Screen.  
\*--

**Certify by Producer - Producer Selection**

**Year:** 2017      **State:**      **County:**

**Farm Information**

Farm Number: 233      Total Rpt Cropland: 2.00 of 5.78  
Operator Name: Producer A

Please select a Producer to retrieve fields for certification

**List of Farm Producers**

Producer Name
<input checked="" type="radio"/> Producer A
<input type="radio"/> Producer B
<input type="radio"/> Producer C

--\*

**F Options Available on the Certify by Producer – Producer Selection Screen**

The following options are available on the Certify by Producer – Producer Selection Screen.

Button	Results
Submit	The Certify by Producer – Crop Selection screen will be displayed.
Back	The Crop Acreage Reports Screen will be displayed.

**G Action**

The user shall select the producer to be certified and CLICK “**Submit**”. The Certify by Producer – Crop Selection Screen will be displayed.

314 Certifying Acreage Report (Continued)

H Certify by Producer – Crop Selection Screen

The following is an example of the Certify by Producer - Crop Selection Screen.

\*--

Certify by Producer - Crop Selection

**Year:** 2017      **State:**      **County:**

Producer Name:    Producer A

Signature Date (MM/DD/YYYY)

<input type="checkbox"/>	Tract Num	Field Num	Crop/Comm	Var/Type	Int Use	Irr Prc	Organic Status	Rpt Qty	Det Qty	Crop Status	Planting Period	Field ID	Producer Type	Certification Date
Farm Number: 233														
<input type="checkbox"/>	3458	1	WHEAT	HAW	FG	N	C	2.00	-	I	01	-	OP	-
Farm Number: 1031														
<input type="checkbox"/>	1493	1AA	GRASS	NAG	GZ	N	C	30.55	-	I	21	-	OP	03/17/2016

Certify

Uncertify

Certify and Print

Back

--\*

314 Certifying Acreage Report (Continued)

**I Options Available on the Certify by Producer Screen**

The following options are available on the Certify by Producer – Crop Selection Screen.

<b>Button</b>	<b>Results</b>
Certify	Click this button to certify crop acreage for the selected producer.
Uncertify	Click this button to uncertify crop acreage for the selected producer.
Certify and Print	Click this button to certify crop acreage for the selected producer and generate the producer print.
Back	Click this button to return to the Certify by Producer – Producer Selection Screen.

**J Certifying Crops by Producer**

Follow instructions in this table to certify crops for the selected producer.

<b>Step</b>	<b>Action</b>	<b>Result</b>
1	On the Acreage Report Search Screen, enter the applicable farm number or search for a producer in SCIMS. CLICK “Submit”.	The Crop Acreage Reports screen will be displayed.
2	CLICK “Certify by Producer”.	The Certify by Producer - Producer Selection Screen will be displayed.
3	Select the applicable producer to certify. CLICK “Submit”.	The Certify by Producer – Crop Selection Screen will be displayed with all fields for all farms associated with the selected producer by tract.
4	Select the applicable field(s) to be certified. CLICK “Submit”.	The message “The selected crops have been certified” will be displayed on the Certify by Producer Screen.

\* \* \*



**\*--314.1 Continuous Certification for Approved Perennial Crops**

**A Overview**

Beginning with 2016, upon certifying an approved crop, crop type, and intended use, CARS will allow election of continuous certification.

Continuous certification elections are:

- saved at the farm level, by producer, crop, crop type and intended use
- available on the Continuous Certification Election Screen for the selected producer by crop, crop type and intended use.

**Notes:** Once a crop, crop type, and intended use is elected for continuous certification, all certified fields of that crop, crop type, and intended use associated with the producer will be automatically rolled to subsequent CARS program years as certified. See subparagraph 314.1 C for automatic termination of continuous certification.

If an approved perennial crop is recorded with an end year, upon election of continuous certification the end year will be **removed**.

**B Producer Election for Continuous Certification**

The following table provides guidance about how crops, crop types, and intended use are included for continuous certification based on the role of the producer making the election.

<b>IF the...</b>	<b>THEN upon certification of any subsequent field(s) reported...</b>
operator elects continuous certification for a specified crop, crop type, and intended use	and/or certified with the same crop, crop type, and intended use will be included for continuous certification, regardless of the operator having a share in the crop.
owner elects continuous certification for a specified crop, crop type, and intended use	with the same crop, crop type and intended use that the owner has a share will be automatically included for continuous certification.
other tenant elects continuous certification for a specified crop, crop type and intended use	with the same crop, crop type, and intended use that the other tenant has a share will be automatically included for continuous certification.

--\*

314.1 Continuous Certification for Approved Perennial Crops (Continued)

C Automatic Termination of Continuous Certification for Perennial Crops

The following table provides actions that will result in automatic termination of continuous certification.

IF...	THEN, the system terminates the continuous certification for...
the producer who made the election is removed from the farm in farm records	all crops, crop types and intended use elections made by the producer.
a farm records CLU change causes a cropland/noncropland change greater than 1 acre to CLU reported with a specified crop, crop type and intended use enrolled for continuous certification	all fields with the same crops, crop types, and intended uses for the producer who made the election.
there is a farm reconstitution	all crops, crop types, and intended uses for the farm, regardless of the producer who made the election. In this case the farm will automatically be deleted from CARS
determined acres are entered on a field for an elected crop, crop type and intended use that is different than reported acres	all fields with the same crops, crop types, and intended uses for the producer who made the election.
a field for an elected crop, crop type, and intended use is changed and/or revised  <b>Note:</b> Includes using the “Revise Tract” option.	all fields with the same crops, crop types, and intended uses for the producer who made the election.
all fields of the elected crop, crop type, and intended use for the producer are deleted from FSA-578	the crop, crop type, and intended use for the producer who made the election.

**\*--Important:** If continuous certification is automatically terminated in a prior CARS program year, then the continuous certification **election** for the current and any subsequent CARS program year will also be terminated. Termination of continuous certification election will **not** impact certification of the crop.

**Example:** Producer A elects continuous certification in 2016 CARS for field 1/GRASS/NAG/FG. Field 1/GRASS/NAG/FG is automatically rolled to CARS program year 2017 and 2018. Producer A later revise Field 1 from GRASS/NAG/FG to GRASS/NAG/GZ in 2016 CARS, which will automatically uncertify Field 1 in 2016 CARS and terminate continuous certification election for all fields of GRASS/NAG/FG on the farm for Producer A in 2016, 2017, and 2018. The FSA-578 for Field 1/GRASS/NAG/FG/in 2017 and 2018 CARS will remain certified. The FSA-578 for 2017 and 2018 will need to be revised as needed.--\*

**314.1 Continuous Certification for Approved Perennial Crops (Continued)**

**C Automatic Termination of Continuous Certification for Perennial Crops (Continued)**

**Notes:** For information on status, see the Farms with Terminated Continuous Certification Report (subparagraph 318 B).

See subparagraph 317 G for information on CARS Continuous Certification Termination Letter.

**D Rolling Over Perennial Crops Elected for Continuous Certification From Program Year to Program Year**

The following table explains the process for rolling over continuous certification crops from 1 year to the next.

<b>IF...</b>	<b>AND the...</b>	<b>THEN...</b>
<b>Rollover process before opening CARS software for the next program year.</b>		
election for continuous certification is made in the previous CARS program year	next CARS program year has <b>not</b> been released	*--after CARS software is opened for the next program year, an automatic process will run to roll over all fields enrolled for continuous certification in the previous CARS program year to the next CARS program year on October 1.--*
<b>Rollover process when CARS software is already available in the next program year.</b>		
election is made in the previous CARS program year	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• next CARS program year is available, <b>and</b></li> <li>• user accesses the farm in the next CARS program year the same day that the election was made in the previous CARS program year</li> </ul>	upon accessing the farm, the fields that were enrolled for continuous certification in previous CARS will be automatically rolled to the next CARS program year real time.
election is made in the previous CARS program year	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• next CARS program year is available, <b>and</b></li> <li>• user does <b>not</b> access the farm in the next CARS program year the same day that the election was made in the previous CARS program year</li> </ul>	a nightly process will run to roll fields that were enrolled for continuous certification in previous CARS program year over to the next CARS program year.

\*--**Note:** FSA-578 records that do not pass validation will not be rolled over from the--\* previous CARS program year to the next CARS program year. See subparagraph 304 D and 304.1 D for more information on validations and rollover error messages.

314.1 Continuous Certification for Approved Perennial Crops (Continued)

**D Rolling Over Perennial Crops Elected for Continuous Certification From Program Year to Program Year (Continued)**

\*--

IF...	AND the...	THEN...
election is <b>not</b> made in the previous CARS program year	FSA-578 for the farm already exists in the next CARS program year	the crop elected for continuous certification will rollover through the nightly rollover process as long as no field level FSA-578 record associated with the field being rolled from the previous CARS program years exists in the next CARS program year
the crop/field in the next CARS program year is <b>not</b> certified	users later elects continuous certification in the previous CARS program year for the eligible continuous certification crop that already exists in the next CARS program year	the certification date for that crop/field from the previous CARS program year will be automatically populated for the crop/field in the next CARS program year.  <b>Note:</b> All data for the field in the previous CARS program year must be an exact match of the data in next CARS program year.
the crop/field in the next CARS program year is certified		the certification date will not be changed; however, the crop/field will now be covered for continuous certification due to the election of continuous certification in the previous CARS program year.

--\*

**Important:** Once the continuous certification flag and FSA-578 record is rolled to the next program year, any action, in a previous CARS program year that terminates the continuous certification will also terminate continuous certification for the subsequent CARS program year(s). \* \* \*



314.1 Continuous Certification for Approved Perennial Crops (Continued)

**D Rolling Over Perennial Crops Elected for Continuous Certification From Program Year to Program Year (Continued)**

**Note:** If the farm has both continuous certification perennial crops and other crops certified with an end year in the previous CARS program year, the other crops will also be automatically rolled over each program year until the end year associated with the crop is reached. However, the certification and/or signature date will **not** rollover for crops that are not a continuous certification crops.

\*--

IF...	AND the...	THEN...
election is made in the previous CARS program year	field number is deleted from Web Farm Records due to a CLU edit	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• the field level FSA-578 record associated with that deleted field number will be automatically deleted from CARS</li> <li>• continuous certification will be terminated</li> <li>• all other fields reported/certified for the farm will be automatically uncertified.</li> </ul> <p><b>Note:</b> CARS status report “Farms with Deleted Field Due to Deleted Field Number in Farm Records” will be available to identify fields that are automatically deleted.</p>
Election is made in the previous CARS program year for field with an eligible continuous certification crop	crop is rolled through the <b>manual</b> or <b>nightly</b> rollover process to the next CARS program year	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• only field level FSA-578 records with a valid number in Web Farm Records will be rolled to the next CARS program year</li> <li>• any field level FSA-578 record with an invalid field number will <b>not</b> roll to the next CARS program year.</li> </ul>

--\*

314.1 Continuous Certification for Approved Perennial Crops (Continued)

**D Rolling Over Perennial Crops Elected for Continuous Certification From Program Year to Program Year (Continued)**

\*--

IF...	AND the...	THEN...
election is made in the previous CARS program year for field with an eligible continuous certification crop	crop is rolled through the <b>manual</b> or <b>nightly</b> rollover process to the next CARS program year	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>continuous certification election will be automatically terminated when any field covered under continuous certification is not rolled over due to an invalid field number. These farms will be available on CARS status report "Farms with Terminated Continuous Certification".</li> </ul>

**Notes:** For farms that are accessed for manual rollover, the following message will be displayed. "Fields with End Year or Continuous Certification cannot rollover because the field number(s) do not exist in Web Farm Records for 2017. Invalid fields are: \_\_" "Warning: Continous Certification was terminated. Fields Do Not Exist in Farm Records: CROP/TYPE/INTENDED USE".

Fields that are dropped during rollover due to invalid field numbers will not show on CARS status report "Farms with Deleted Field Due to Deleted Field Number in Farm Records".

IF...	AND the...	THEN...
election is made in the previous CARS program year for field with an eligible continuous certification crop	farm has both eligible crop(s) elected for continuous certification and other crop(s) with an end year certified in the previous CARS program year.	<p>upon rollover the crops elected for continuous certification and all other crops certified with an end year in the previous CARS program year will be rolled to the next CARS program year.</p> <p><b>Note:</b> The certification/ signature date will not rollover for crops that are not eligible for continuous certification crops or CRP with End Year.</p>

--\*

314.1 Continuous Certification for Approved Perennial Crops (Continued)

**D Rolling Over Perennial Crops Elected for Continuous Certification From Program Year to Program Year (Continued)**

\*--

IF...	AND the...	THEN...
election is not made in the previous CARS program year	FSA-578 for the farm already exists in the next CARS program year	the crop elected for continuous certification will rollover through the nightly rollover process as long as no field level FSA-578 record associated with the field being rolled from the previous CARS program year exists in the next CARS program year.
	user later elects continuous certification in the previous CARS program year for the eligible continuous certification crop that already exists in the next CARS program year	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• if the crop/field in the next CARS program year is <b>not</b> certified, the certification date for that crop/field from the previous CARS program year will be automatically populated for the crop/field in the next CARS program year. All data for the field in the previous CARS program year must be an exact match of the data in the next CARS program year</li> <li>• if the crop/field in the next CARS program year is certified, the certification date will <b>not</b> be changed; however the crop/field will now be covered for continuous certification due to the election of continuous certification of the crop in the previous CARS program year.</li> </ul>

--\*

314.1 Continuous Certification for Approved Perennial Crops (Continued)

**D Rolling Over Perennial Crops Elected for Continuous Certification From Program Year to Program Year (Continued)**

**\*--Important:** Once the continuous certification flag and FSA-578 record is rolled to the next program year, any action, in a previous CARS program year that terminates the continuous certification will also terminate continuous certification for the subsequent CARS program year(s).

**Note:** If the farm had both continuous certification perennial crops and other crops certified with an end year in the previous CARS program year until the end year associated with the crop is reached. However, the certification and/or signature date will not roll over for crops that are not a continuous certification crops.

<b>IF...</b>	<b>AND the...</b>	<b>THEN...</b>
election is made in the previous CARS program year for a field with an eligible continuous certification crop	farm has both eligible crop(s) elected for continuous certification and other crop(s) with an end year certified in the previous CARS program year	upon rollover the crops elected for continuous certification and all other crops certified with an end year in the previous CARS program year will be rolled to the next CARS program year.  <b>Note:</b> The certification/signature date will not roll over for crops that are not eligible for continuous certification crops or CRP with End Year.

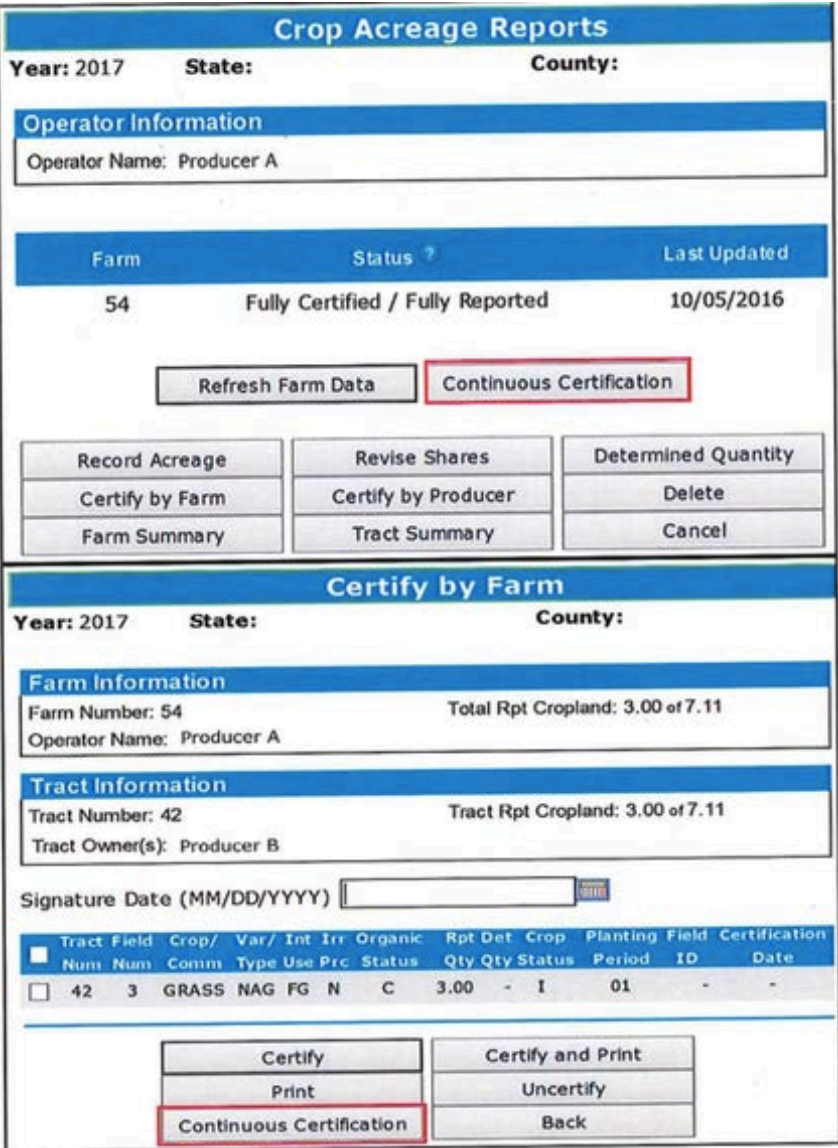
--\*

314.1 Continuous Certification for Approved Perennial Crops (Continued)

E Action

Use the following table to elect continuous certifications for perennial crops.


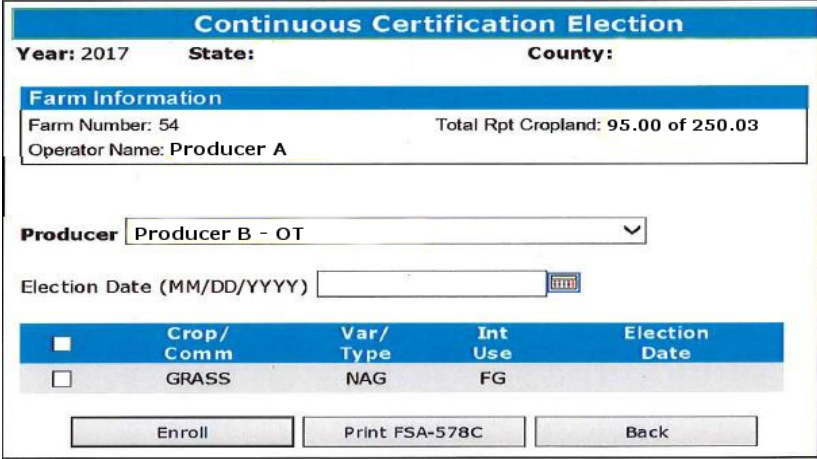
\*--

Step	Action
1	<p>Select the browser according to subparagraph 302 A.</p>  <p>CLICK the “Continuous Certification” button from <b>either</b> the Crop Acreage Reports Screen <b>or</b> the Certify by Farm Screen.</p> <p><b>Note:</b> The “Continuous Certification” button will not be displayed if the crop, crop type, and intended use is not certified on FSA-578.</p>

--\*

314.1 Continuous Certification for Approved Perennial Crops (Continued)

E Action (Continued)

Step	Action
1	<p>The Continuous Certification Elections Screen will be displayed.</p> <p>*--</p>  <p>The data filed for the Election Date will always be displayed on the Continuous Certification Election Screen even when there are no eligible crops listed for continuous certification election.</p>  <p>SELECT the producer name from the “Producer” drop-down menu and enter the “Election Date”, CLICK:--*</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• the checkbox next to the crop name to be enrolled for continuous certification</li> <li>• “<b>Enroll</b>” for the selected crop, crop type, and intended use to be enrolled for continuous certification</li> <li>• “<b>Print FSA-578C</b>” to generate and/or print the FSA-578C</li> <li>• “<b>Back</b>” to return to the Crop Acreage Reports Screen.</li> </ul>

314.1 Continuous Certification for Approved Perennial Crops (Continued)

E Action (Continued)

Step	Action										
3	<p>Upon clicking the “Enroll” button, the message “The selected records are now elected to be Continuously Certified” will be displayed. The date of the election will also be displayed.</p> <div data-bbox="396 466 1464 1163" style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 10px;"> <div style="background-color: #0056b3; color: white; text-align: center; padding: 5px;"><b>Continuous Certification Election</b></div> <p><b>Year:</b> 2016      <b>State:</b>      <b>County:</b></p> <div style="background-color: #0056b3; color: white; padding: 5px;"><b>Farm Information</b></div> <p>Farm Number: 25      Total Rpt Cropland: 95.00 of 250.03                      Operator Name: Producer A</p> <p><b>Producer</b> <input style="width: 100%;" type="text" value="Producer B - Other Tenant"/></p> <table border="1" style="width: 100%; border-collapse: collapse;"> <thead> <tr style="background-color: #0056b3; color: white;"> <th style="width: 5%;"></th> <th style="width: 25%;">Crop/Comm</th> <th style="width: 20%;">Var/Type</th> <th style="width: 15%;">Int Use</th> <th style="width: 35%;">Election Date</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr style="background-color: #e0e0e0;"> <td style="text-align: center;"><input type="checkbox"/></td> <td>GRASS</td> <td>NAG</td> <td>GZ</td> <td>06/09/2016</td> </tr> </tbody> </table> <div style="display: flex; justify-content: space-around; margin-top: 10px;"> <input type="button" value="UnEnroll"/> <input type="button" value="Print FSA-578C"/> <input type="button" value="Back"/> </div> </div> <p>*--SELECT producer name from the “Producer” drop-down menu.--*</p> <p>CLICK:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• the checkbox next to the crop name to be unenrolled for continuous certification</li> <li>• “<b>Unenroll</b>” for the selected crop, crop type, and intended use to be unenrolled for continuous certification</li> <li>• “<b>Print FSA-578C</b>” to generate and/or print the FSA-578C</li> <li>• “<b>Back</b>” to return to the Crop Acreage Reports Screen.</li> </ul>		Crop/Comm	Var/Type	Int Use	Election Date	<input type="checkbox"/>	GRASS	NAG	GZ	06/09/2016
	Crop/Comm	Var/Type	Int Use	Election Date							
<input type="checkbox"/>	GRASS	NAG	GZ	06/09/2016							

## 314.1 Continuous Certification for Approved Perennial Crops (Continued)

**F Field Descriptions and Actions**

This table provides field descriptions and actions available on the Continuous Certification Election Screen.

<b>Field/Button</b>	<b>Description</b>	<b>Action</b>
Producer	The producer who is making the continuous certification election.	Using the dropdown, select the applicable producer.
*--Election Date (MM/DD/YYYY)	The date the producer signs the FSA-578C	Select or enter the applicable election date.--*
Checkbox	Allows the user to select continuous certification for all crops, crop types and intended uses depending on the box that is checked.	Using the check box, select the applicable crop, crop type and intended use to be enrolled for continuous certification.
Enroll	Enrolls the crop, crop type and intended use for continuous certification.	CLICK <b>“Enroll”</b>
UnEnroll	Terminates the continuous certification election.	CLICK <b>“UnEnroll”</b>  *-- <b>Note:</b> To terminate continuous certification, the user will need to click the “UnEnroll” button in the program year where the most current FSA-578 is certified.--*
Print FSA-578C	Generate and/or print FSA-578C	CLICK <b>“Print FSA-578C”</b>
Back	Returns to the Crop Acreage Reports Screen	CLICK <b>“Back”</b>



## 314.2 Continuous Certification for CRP

### A Overview

\*--Beginning with 2016, certified CRP fields that are recorded with an end year will be included for continuous certification:

- after the initial release of the new CARS program year software, CARS will automatically roll over CRP fields with an end year to the next CARS program year on June 1
- once the June 1 roll over is complete, a separate process will be available to roll over CRP fields with an end year nightly
- anytime the farm is accessed by the user in the next CARS program year, CRP fields with an end year will be automatically rolled over real time
- CRP fields with an end year will be rolled over to each new CARS program year until the end year is reached
- the certification and/or signature date will also be rolled each program year for continuous certification.--\*

**Note:** If the farm has both CRP and other crops certified with an end year in the previous CARS program year, the other crops will also be automatically rolled over each program year until the end year associated with the crop is reached. However, the certification and/or signature date will **not** roll over for crops with an end year that is **not** a continuous CRP crop.

### B Action

There is **no** action required by the user in CARS.



**315 Farm Summary Review****A Overview**

Users have the capability to select a farm for viewing a complete summary of crop data attributes reported at the farm level. The summary will be displayed with a complete list of all crops or commodities associated with the farm and a farm level GIS map.

Users shall click the check box for cropland and/or non-cropland to view applicable cropland and/or non-cropland boundaries for tracts on the farm. Tract and field boundaries will be displayed as yellow.

**Notes:** Wetland points for the farm will be displayed when applicable.

Maps will be available beginning with the 2015 crop year. The message “Unable to retrieve GIS mapping data” will be displayed when a map is not available for the farm.

315 Farm Summary Review (Continued)

**B Farm Summary Screen**

The following is an example of the Farm Summary Screen.

\*--

**Farm Summary**


**Year:** 2016      **State:** Texas (48)      **County:** Medina (325)

---

**Farm Information**

Farm Number: XXXX	Total Cropland: 197.92
Operator Name: Any 1 Producer	Reported Cropland Acreage: 133.87
	Difference: -64.05
	Reported Non-Cropland Acreage: 0.00

---



---

Crop/ Comm	Var/ Type	Int Use	Irr Prc	Rpt Unit	Rpt Qty	PP Qty	Expt Qty	Vol Qty	NA Qty	Det Qty
BARLY	HUL	FG	N	A	55.30	-	-	-	-	-
BEANS	MRW	DE	N	A	1.1677	-	-	-	-	-
BEANS	MUN	DE	N	A	54.0023	-	-	-	-	-
RICE	MGR	GR	N	A	23.40	-	-	-	-	-
<b>Total:</b>					133.87	-	-	-	-	-

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--\*

**C Information Displayed on the Farm Summary Screen**

The Farm Summary screen will provide a summary of crop/acreage information entered as follows by crop, type, intended use, irrigation practice and reporting unit:

- Reported (Rpt Qty)
- Prevented Planted (PP Qty)
- Experimental (Expt Qty)
- Volunteer (Vol Qty)
- Not Applicable (NA Qty)
- Determined (Det Qty).

315 Farm Summary Review (Continued)

C Information Displayed on the Farm Summary Screen (Continued)

**Note:** Users have the capability to record Reported Quantity to 4 decimal places (ten thousandths). Acreage at the crop level will be displayed to 4 decimal places (ten thousandth) when entered by the user as such. However, the Total acreage for the farm will be rounded to 2 decimal places and displayed in hundredths.

**Example:** Field 1 was reported with 44.00 acres of BEANS MUN. Field 2 was reported with 10.0023 acres of BEANS MUN. The acreage at the crop level will be summarized and displayed as 54.0023. However, the total for all acres will be calculated and displayed as 133.87.

Crop/ Comm	Var/ Type	Int Use	Irr Prc	Rpt Unit	Rpt Qty	PP Qty	Expt Qty	Vol Qty	NA Qty	Det Qty
BARLY	HUL	FG	N	A	55.30	-	-	-	-	-
BEANS	MRW	DE	N	A	1.1677	-	-	-	-	-
BEANS	MUN	DE	N	A	54.0023	-	-	-	-	-
RICE	MGR	-	N	A	23.40	-	-	-	-	-
<b>Total:</b>					133.87	-	-	-	-	-

D Accessing Farm Summary

Follow instructions in this table to access the farm summary.

Step	Action	Result
1	On the Acreage Report Search Screen, enter the applicable farm number or search for a producer in SCIMS. CLICK “Submit”.	The Crop Acreage Reports Screen will be displayed.
2	CLICK “Farm Summary”.	The Farm Summary Screen will be displayed with data summarized by crop or commodity.  *--Notes: If the reported cropland acreage entered for the farm in CARS is greater than the acreage for the farm in Web Farm Records message “Warning: Farm “ ” is over reported. Reported Acres: “ ”, Farm Acres “ ”, will be is displayed on the Farm Summary screen.  This is a warning message only. The County Office should review the difference and question producer, if needed.--*
3	CLICK “Back” to exit the Farm Summary Screen.	The Crop Acreage Reports Screen will be redisplayed.

316 Tract Summary Review

A Overview

Users have the capability to select a tract for purposes of viewing a complete summary of crop data attributes reported at the tract level. The summary will display a complete list of all crops or commodities associated with the tract and a tract level GIS map.

Users shall click the check box for cropland and/or non-cropland to view applicable cropland and/or non-cropland boundaries for the tract. Tract and field boundaries will be displayed as yellow.

**Notes:** Wetland points for the tract will be displayed when applicable.

\*--Maps will be available beginning with the 2015 crop year. The message “Unable to retrieve GIS mapping data” will be displayed when a map is not available for the farm and/or tract.

B Tract Summary Screen

The following is an example of the Tract Summary Screen.


**Tract Summary**

Year: 2016
State: Texas (48)
County: Medina (325)

Farm Information

Farm Number: XX
Total Rpt Cropland: 133.87 of 197.92

Operator Name: Any 1 Producer



Tract Information

Tract Number: XXXX
Reported Non-Cropland Acreage: 0.00

Cropland Acreage: 197.92
Reported Cropland Acreage: 133.87

Difference: -64.05

Crop/Comm	Var/Type	Int Use	Irr Prc	Rpt Unit	Rpt Qty	PP Qty	Expt Qty	Vol Qty	NA Qty	Det Qty
BARLY	HUL	FG	N	A	55.30	-	-	-	-	-
BEANS	MRW	DE	N	A	1.1677	-	-	-	-	-
BEANS	MUN	DE	N	A	54.0023	-	-	-	-	-
RICE	MGR	GR	N	A	23.40	-	-	-	-	-

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316 Tract Summary Review (Continued)

**C Options Available on the Tract Summary Screen**

The following table provides a list of options available on the Tract Summary Screen.

Button	Result
Back	Click this button to take the user to the Crop Acreage Reports Screen.
Previous Tract	Click this button to take the user to the previous tract summary reviewed, if applicable.
Next Tract	Click this button to take the user to the next tract to be reviewed, if applicable.

**D Information Displayed on the Tract Summary Screen**

The Tract Summary Screen will provide a summary of crop and/or acreage information entered as follows by crop, type, intended use, irrigation practice and reporting unit:

- Reporting (Rpt Qty)
- Prevented Planted (PP Qty)
- Experimental (Expt Qty)
- Volunteer (Vol Qty)
- Not Applicable (NA Qty)
- Determined (Det Qty).

**\*--Note:** Users have the capability to record Reported Quantity to 4 decimal places (ten thousandths). Acreage at the crop level will be displayed to 4 decimal places (ten thousandth) when entered by the user as such. However, the Total acreage for the farm will be rounded to 2 decimal places and displayed in hundredths.--\*

**Example:** Field 1 was reported with 44.00 acres of BEANS MUN. Field 2 was reported with 10.0023 acres of BEANS MUN. The acreage at the crop level will be summarized and displayed as 54.0023. However, the total for all acres will be calculated and displayed as 133.87.

Tract Information											
Tract Number: xxxx						Reported Non-Cropland Acreage: 0.00					
Cropland Acreage: 133.90						Reported Cropland Acreage: 133.87					
Difference: -0.03											
Crop/Comm	Var/Type	Int/Use	Irr/Prc	Rpt/Unit	Rpt Qty	PP Qty	Expt Qty	Vol Qty	NA Qty	Det Qty	
BARLY	HUL	FG	N	A	55.30	-	-	-	-	-	
BEANS	MRW	DE	N	A	1.1677	-	-	-	-	-	
BEANS	MUN	DE	N	A	54.0023	-	-	-	-	-	
RICE	MGR	-	N	A	23.40	-	-	-	-	-	

316 Tract Summary Review (Continued)

E Accessing Tract Summary

Access the tract summary as follows.

Step	Action	Result
1	On the Acreage Report Search Screen, enter the applicable farm number or search for a producer in SCIMS. CLICK “ <b>Submit</b> ”.	The Crop Acreage Reports Screen will be displayed.
2	CLICK “ <b>Tract Summary</b> ”.	The Tract Summary Screen will be displayed with data summarized by crop or commodity.  *--Notes: If the reported cropland acreage entered for the tract in CARS is greater than the acreage for the tract in Web Farm Records message “Warning: Tract “ ” is over reported. Reported Acres: “ ”, Tract Acres “ ”, will be is displayed on the Tract Summary screen.  This is a warning message only. The County Office should review the difference and question the producer, if needed.--*
3	The user will be able to CLICK “ <b>Next Tract</b> ” or “ <b>Previous Tract</b> ”, as applicable, to review crop information by tract for multi-tract farms.	
4	CLICK “ <b>Back</b> ” to exit the Tract Summary Screen.	The Crop Acreage Reports Screen will be redisplayed.

317 Printing FSA-578 Report of Commodities

A Overview

The user has the option to print the following:

- FSA-578 Farm and Tract Detail Listing
- FSA-578 Summary
- FSA-578 (Producer Print)
- Map (beginning with the 2015 crop year).
- Continuous Certification Termination Letter
- FSA-578C.

**Note:** To ensure that all information is displayed on FSA-578, all FSA-578’s will be printed in landscape mode.



## 317 Printing FSA-578 Report of Commodities

### B Reports Screen

The following is an example of the CARS Reports Screen.

\*--

**Reports**

Year: 2017      State:      County:

---

**FSA-578**

FSA-578  
 FSA-578C  
 Map  
 FSA-578 Summary  
Farm Number

FSA - 578 (Producer Print)

---

Continuous Certification Termination Letter  
Farm Number

---

Report Format:       PDF    Excel

Crops with End Date      Farm Number

Farms with a FSA-578 in CARS and Unreported Cropland  
 Farms with Active Continuous Certification  
 Farms with ARC/PLC Contract, Unreported Cropland  
 Farms with Cropland Override  
 Farms with CRP  
 Farms with Deleted Field Due to Deleted Field Number in Farm Records  
 Farms with Deleted Producers with Active Shares  
 Farms with End Date  
 Farms with Failed Acreage  
 Farms with FAV Crops  
 Farms with Fully Reported Cropland  
 Farms with Incomplete Determined Acres  
 Farms with Native Sod Conversion Acreage  
 Farms with No FSA-578 in CARS  
 Farms with No FSA-578 in CARS By Producer  
 Farms with No NAP Unit  
 Farms with Not Applicable Acres  
 Farms with Prevented Planted Acres  
 Farms with Reported Acres on Noncropland  
 Farms with Subsequent Acreage  
 Farms with Terminated Continuous Certification  
 Farms with Uncertified Crops  
 Farms with Uncertified CRP

--\*

**Note:** See paragraph 317.5 for map printing.

317 Printing FSA-578 Report of Commodities (Continued)

C Accessing FSA-578 Print Routine

Users have the capability to print FSA-578 after reported crop data has been saved. FSA-578 will print in landscape mode only.

Access the FSA-578 print routine from CARS as follows.

Step	Action	Result
1	On any screen, the user shall CLICK “ <b>Reports</b> ” under “CARS Menu” on the left side of the screen.	The Reports Screen will be displayed.
2	<p>The user has the option of printing by selecting the radio button beside 1 of the following:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• FSA-578</li> </ul> <p><b>Note:</b> Includes both the Farm and Tract Detail Listing and Farm Summary.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>•*--FSA-578C</li> </ul> <p><b>Note:</b> A farm number must be entered for the FSA-578 and--* FSA-578C.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Map</li> <li>• FSA-578 Summary</li> </ul> <p><b>Note:</b> A farm number must be entered for the FSA-578, FSA-578 Summary, and Map options.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• FSA-578 (Producer Print)</li> <li>• Continuous Certification Termination Letter.</li> </ul> <p><b>Notes:</b> A farm number must be entered * * * for the Continuous Certification Termination Letter.</p> <p>See subparagraph 317 G for additional information on the Continuous Certification Termination Letter.</p>	The respective report will be generated.

D Reviewing the FSA-578 Summary Page

The County Office employee shall review and initial FSA-578, on the “Original” or “Revision” line, as applicable, on the summary page header, using the same page that was signed by the producer.

**Note:** This eliminates the requirement to initial and date after last entry on automated FSA-578’s.

317 Printing FSA-578 Report of Commodities (Continued)

**E Reviewing the FSA-578 Farm and Tract Detail Listing**

County Offices shall review all information printed on the FSA-578 Farm and Tract Detail Listing for accuracy and to determine whether reported cropland equals the cropland for the tract. The following messages will be printed on the FSA-578 Farm and Tract Detail Listing.

<b>IF the farm has...</b>	<b>AND all cropland...</b>	<b>THEN the following message will be printed...</b>
1 tract	for the tract has <b>not</b> been reported	<p>“All cropland has not been reported.”</p> <p><b>Note:</b> Only acres reported on cropland with a crop status of (I)initial or (X)experimental and supplemental status of planted, failed, prevented, or volunteer will be considered.</p>
more than 1 tract	on all active tracts has <b>not</b> been reported	<p>“All cropland on all active tracts has not been reported.”</p> <p><b>Note:</b> Only acres reported on cropland with a crop status of (I)initial and (X)experimental and supplemental status of planted, failed, prevented, or volunteer will be considered.</p>

**F Conditions Resulting in Acreage Differences**

The reported acreage and cropland acreage may not equal because of additional acreages of:

- double cropping
- subsequent crops
- repeat crops
- multiple crops reported on the same field
- crop reported on noncropland, such as grass, orchards, native pecans, etc.
- crop reported on noncropland that has been converted to cropland.

**317 Printing FSA-578 Report of Commodities (Continued)**

**\*--G Printing Continuous Certification Termination Letter**

Users will generate/print the Continuous Certification Termination Letter as needed. The Continuous Certification Termination Letter will include the following information.

- Farm
- Crop
- Crop Type
- Intended Use
- Continuous Certification Status
- Reason for the Termination.--\*

**\*--317.5 CARS Application-Maps**

**A Overview**

Beginning in 2015, the CARS Application has the capability to print farm maps displayed at the tract level. These maps are available to be printed for ad hoc purposes particularly in incidences when CITRIX is unavailable, or no other up-to-date hard copy maps exist.

**Note:** Regardless of the program year selected, because of software limitations only the current year imagery and CLU for that specific year will be displayed within the application.

**B Accessing the Map Radio Button**

Click on the “Reports” option in the Left Navigation Column of the Acreage Report Search Screen.

--\*

317.5 CARS Application-Maps (Continued)

B Accessing the Map Radio Button (Continued)

\*--

USDA United States Department of Agriculture  
Farm Service Agency

Crop Acreage Reporting System (CARS)

CARS Home About CARS Help Contact Us Exit CARS Logout of eAuth

**CARS Menu**  
Welcome DONALD KOENIG  
Role: County

Nationwide Customer Service  
State and County Selection  
Acreage Report Search  
Crop Defaults

**Reports**  
Year: 2017 State: Texas (48) County: Anderson (001)

**FSA-578**

- FSA-578
- FSA-578C
- Map
- FSA-578 Summary

Farm Number

- FSA - 578 (Producer Print)

---

- Continuous Certification Termination Letter

Farm Number

---

Report Format:  PDF  Excel

- Crops with End Date Farm Number
- Farms with a FSA-578 in CARS and Unreported Cropland
- Farms with Active Continuous Certification
- Farms with ARC / PLC Contract, Unreported Cropland
- Farms with Cropland Override
- Farms with CRP
- Farms with Deleted Field Due to Deleted Field Number in Farm Records
- Farms with Deleted Producers with Active Shares
- Farms with End Date
- Farms with Failed Acreage
- Farms with FAV Crops
- Farms with Fully Reported Cropland
- Farms with Incomplete Determined Acres
- Farms with Native Sod Conversion Acreage
- Farms with No FSA-578 in CARS
- Farms with No FSA-578 in CARS By Producer
- Farms with No NAP Unit
- Farms with Not Applicable Acres
- Farms with Prevented Planted Acres
- Farms with Reported Acres on Noncropland
- Farms with Subsequent Acreage
- Farms with Terminated Continuous Certification
- Farms with Uncertified Crops
- Farms with Uncertified CRP

---

**FSA-468**

- Initial Beginning Farm Number
- Re-Print Ending Farm Number

or

Number of Farms to Print

---

- Covered Commodity out of Tolerance
- Missing Determined Acreage
- FAV's with Determined Acres Greater than Reported
- FAV's not Reported and/or Certified

--\*

**\*--317.5 CARS Application-Maps (Continued)**

**C Generating a Map**

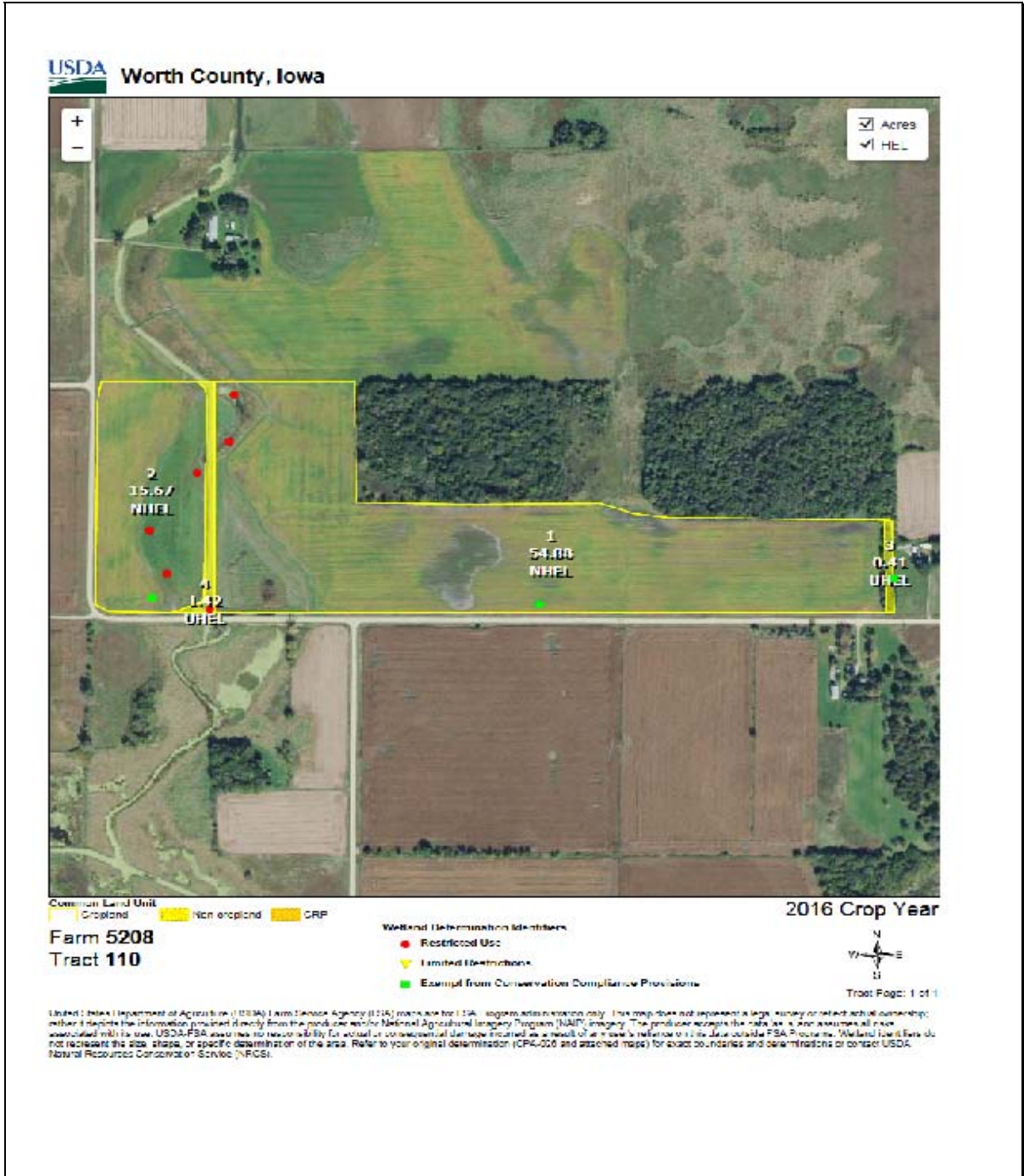
<b>Step</b>	<b>Action</b>	<b>Result</b>
1	On the Reports Screen (under the FSA-578 section), select the “Map” radio button.	The radio button will appear in a solid black color to indicate it has been selected.
2	Enter a Farm Number in the “Farm Number” text field.	The Farm Number will appear in the text field.
3	Click the “Generate Report” button at the bottom of the screen.	Tract maps for the farm selected will appear.

--\*

\*--317.5 CARS Application-Maps (Continued)

D Map Display

A map at the tract level will be displayed. If there are multiple tracts on the farm, users can use the scrollbar to scroll down and view each map. Maps are created in a portrait format.



--\*

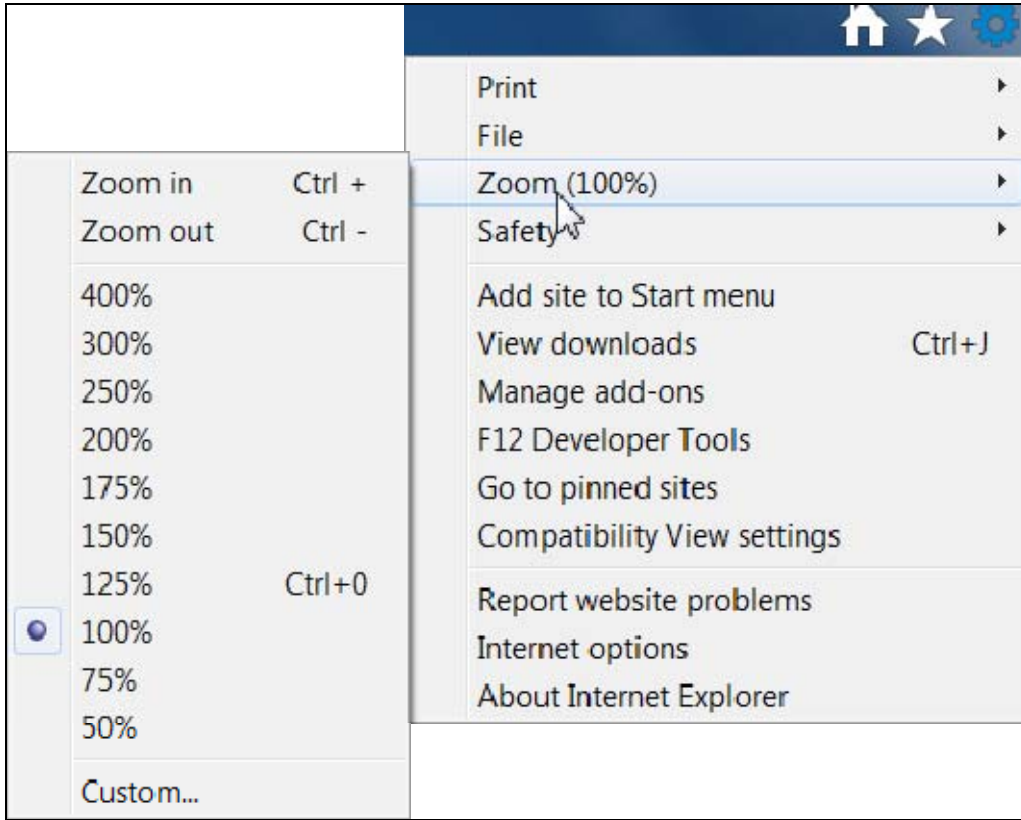


\*--317.5 CARS Application-Maps (Continued)

**E Map Navigation Tools**

To receive a closer look into a tract, use the Zoom In (+) and Zoom Out (-) buttons located in the upper left corner of the map.

By clicking on the cylinder-like feature in the upper right corner of the window, users also have the option to select various map scales at a variety of increments in which to view the map as well.



Users also have the ability to use their cursor to move around (or pan) within the map as well.

To ensure that the map labels are situated appropriately within the tract, users can zoom in, pan and select/deselect the Acres and HEL Determination checkboxes for proper placement.--\*

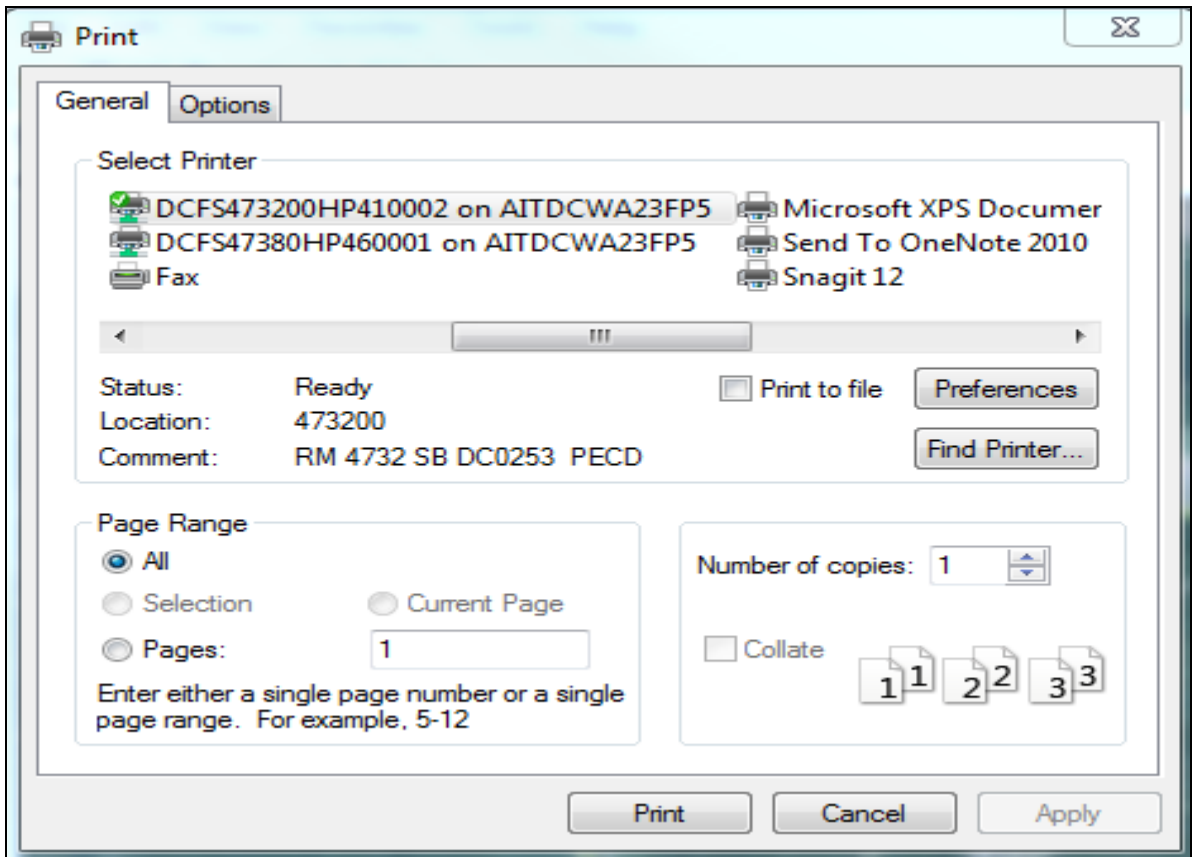
\*--317.5 CARS Application-Maps (Continued)

**F Using Print Preview to Select/Print a Tract Map**

For farms that have multiple tracts, the user has the option to select which tract to print through the Print Preview Screen on the File menu.

Users have the option to print a specific tract on a Farm or print all of the tracts within a Farm as displayed.

To print the map, users can specify the printer of their choice, select the number of copies, and CLICK "Print".



--\*

**318 Status Reports****A Overview**

The following reports are available to provide a status of FSA-578 data recorded in CARS. County Offices shall use these reports as a management tool to assess the information collected on FSA-578 and assist with settling data discrepancies with producers:

- Crop with End Date (by Farm)
- Farms with ACRE Contract and Unreported Cropland (available for 2014 and prior years)
- Farms with Active Continuous Certification (available beginning with 2016)
- Farms with ARC/PLC Contract, Unreported Cropland (available beginning with 2014)
- Farms with Cropland Override
- Farms with CRP ( available beginning with 2015)
- Farms with DCP Contract and Unreported Cropland (available for 2013 and prior years)
- Farms with Deleted Producers with Active Shares
- Farms with Terminated Continuous Certification (available beginning with 2016)
- Farms with End Date
- Farms with Failed Acreage (available beginning with 2015)
- Farms with FAV Crops (available beginning with 2015)
- Farms with Fully Reported Cropland
- Farms with Incomplete Determined Acres
- Farms with Native Sod Conversion Acreage (available beginning with 2015)
- Farms with Not Applicable Acres (available beginning with 2015)
- \*--Farms with No FSA-578 in CARS--\*
- Farms with No NAP Unit.

**318 Status Reports****A Overview (Continued)**

- \*--Farms with Prevented Planted Acres (available beginning with 2015)
- Farms with Reported Acres on Noncropland
- Farms with Subsequent Acreage (available beginning with 2015)
- Farms with Terminated Continuous Certification (available beginning with 2016)
- Farms with Uncertified Crops
- Farms with Uncertified CRP (available beginning with 2015)
- \*--Farms with a FSA-578 in CARS and Unreported Cropland
- Farms with Deleted Field Due to Deleted Field Number in Farm Records
- Farms with No FSA-578 in CARS by Producer.--\*

**Note:** See paragraphs 380.5 and 380.6 for information on accessing the web-based FSA-468 reports.

318 Status Reports (Continued)

**B Status Report Descriptions**

The following table provides the report and the description of the results that will be obtained when the report is run.

\*--

Report	Description
Crops with End Date	Provides a report of all crops with end dates for the farm number entered.
Farms with ACRE Contract and Unreported Cropland	Provides a list of farms with an active ACRE contract and unreported cropland.  <b>Note:</b> Available for 2014 and prior years only.
Farms with ARC/PLC Contract and Unreported Cropland	Provides a list of farms with an active ARC/PLC contract and unreported cropland.  <b>Note:</b> Available beginning with 2014 crop year.
Farms with Active Continuous Certification	Provides a list of farms with crops enrolled for continuous certification. The report will include the following:  <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• farm</li> <li>• producer name</li> <li>• core customer id</li> <li>• crop</li> <li>• crop type</li> <li>• intended use</li> <li>• election date.</li> </ul>
Farms with Cropland Override	Provides a list of farms with the cropland comparison flag set by the cropland override.
Farms with CRP	Provides a list of farms with CRP. The report will include the following:  <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• operator</li> <li>• core customer id</li> <li>• farm number</li> <li>• tract number</li> <li>• acreage quantity</li> <li>• variety/type</li> <li>• irrigation practice</li> <li>• end date (when available).</li> </ul>

--\*

318 Status Reports (Continued)

**B Status Report Descriptions (Continued)**

Report	Description
Farms with DCP Contract and Unreported Cropland	<p>Provides a list of farms with an active DCP contract and unreported cropland.</p> <p><b>Note:</b> Available for 2014 and prior years only.</p>
Farms with Deleted Producers with Active Share	<p>Provides a list of farms when the producer is no longer associated with the farm in Farm Records, but an active share record for the producer exists in CARS. This could be the result of a:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• SCIMS merge</li> <li>• farm/tract reconstitution</li> <li>• producer being deleted from Farm Records.</li> </ul> <p>County Office shall review other systems and adjust shares accordingly (such as SCIMS merge), or contact producers to ensure that shares are updated correctly.</p>
* * *	* * *

318 Status Reports (Continued)

**B Status Report Descriptions (Continued)**

\*--

Report	Description
Farms with End Date	Provides a list of farms with crops entered with an end date.
Farms with Failed Acreage	<p>Provides a list of farms with crops recorded with supplemental status “Failed”. The report will include the following:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• operator</li> <li>• core customer id</li> <li>• farm number</li> <li>• tract number</li> <li>• crop/commodity</li> <li>• acreage quantity</li> <li>• variety/type</li> <li>• intended use</li> <li>• irrigation practice</li> <li>• actual use (when available).</li> </ul>
Farms with FAV Crops	<p>Provides a list of farms with FAV crops. The report will include the following:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• operator</li> <li>• core customer id</li> <li>• farm number</li> <li>• tract number</li> <li>• crop/commodity</li> <li>• acreage quantity</li> <li>• variety/type</li> <li>• intended use</li> <li>• irrigation practice</li> <li>• actual use (when available).</li> </ul> <p><b>Note:</b> The FAV status is determined for crops with land use “F” according to Exhibit 10.5.</p>

--\*

318 Status Reports (Continued)

B Status Report Descriptions (Continued)

\*--

Report	Description
Farms with Fully Reported Cropland	Provides a list of farms with all cropland reported and certified.
Farms with Incomplete Determined Acres	<p>Provides a list of farms where determined acreage is loaded for a specific crop and all acreage of that crop does not have determined acreage entered.</p> <p>County Office shall determine the remainder of the fields for the crop selected for spot check.</p>
Farm with Native Sod Conversion Acreage	<p>Provides a list of farms with “Native Sod Conversion Acreage” checkbox selected for a crop/field. The report will include the following:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• operator</li> <li>• core customer id</li> <li>• farm number</li> <li>• crop/commodity</li> <li>• acreage quantity</li> <li>• variety/type</li> <li>• intended use</li> <li>• irrigation practice</li> <li>• actual use (when available).</li> </ul>
Farms with Not Applicable Acres	<p>Provides a list of farms with crops recorded with supplemental status “Not Applicable (N/A)”. The report will include the following:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• operator</li> <li>• core customer id</li> <li>• farm number</li> <li>• crop/commodity</li> <li>• acreage quantity</li> <li>• variety/type</li> <li>• intended use</li> <li>• irrigation practice</li> <li>• actual use (when available).</li> </ul> <p><b>Note:</b> When acreage is summarized, acreage recorded with supplemental status “Not Applicable” will be included with “Planted” acreage.</p>

--\*



318 Status Reports (Continued)

**B Status Report Descriptions (Continued)**

Report	Description
*--Farms with No FSA-578 in CARS	Provides a list of active farms in Web Farm Records with no FSA-578 in CARS.--*
Farms with No NAP Unit	Provides list of farms with 1 or more fields with no identified NAP unit.
Farms with Prevented Planted Acres	<p>Provides a list of farms with crops recorded with supplemental status “Prevented”. The report will include the following:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• operator</li> <li>• core customer id</li> <li>• farm number</li> <li>• tract number</li> <li>• crop/commodity</li> <li>• acreage quantity</li> <li>• variety/type</li> <li>• intended use</li> <li>• irrigation practice</li> </ul>
Farms with Reported Acres on Noncropland	Provides a list of farms with acres recorded on noncropland.
Farms with Subsequent Acreage	<p>Provides a list of farms with crops recorded with crop status “J”, “K”, “L”, “M”, and/or “P”. The report will include the following:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• operator</li> <li>• core customer id</li> <li>• farm number</li> <li>• tract number</li> <li>• crop/commodity</li> <li>• acreage quantity</li> <li>• variety/type</li> <li>• intended use</li> <li>• irrigation practice</li> <li>• actual use (when available).</li> </ul>

318 Status Reports (Continued)

**B Status Report Descriptions (Continued)**

Report	Description
Farms with Terminated Continuous Certification	<p>Provides a list of farms with crops automatically terminated for continuous certification. The report will include the following:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• farm</li> <li>• producer name</li> <li>• core customer id</li> <li>• crop</li> <li>• crop type</li> <li>• intended use</li> <li>• reason for termination</li> <li>• termination date</li> <li>• termination letter (yes/no), as applicable.</li> </ul>
Farms with Uncertified Crops	<p>Provides a list of farms that does <b>not</b> have the certification date entered for all crops.</p> <p>County Office shall contact producers on the report to inform them that a full acreage report is required to remain eligible for program benefits or certify crop, if already reported and/or certified by the producer and loaded in the automated system.</p>
Farms with Uncertified CRP	<p>Provides a list of farms with uncertified CRP. The report will include the following:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• operator</li> <li>• core customer id</li> <li>• farm number</li> <li>• tract number</li> <li>• acreage quantity</li> <li>• variety/type</li> <li>• irrigation practice</li> <li>• end date (when available).</li> </ul>
*--Farms with a FSA-578 in CARS and--* Unreported Cropland	<p>Provides a list of farms when the total cropland acres entered in CARS is less than the total cropland acres for the farm in Web Farm Records.</p> <p>County Office shall contact producers on the report to inform them that a full acreage report is required to remain eligible for program benefits, as applicable.</p>

318 Status Reports (Continued)

**B Status Report Descriptions (Continued)**

\*--

Report	Description
Farms with Deleted Field Due to Deleted Field Number in Farm Records	Provides a list of fields automatically deleted from CARS due to that field number being deleted from farm records. This report will include the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• producer name</li> <li>• core customer id</li> <li>• farm number</li> <li>• tract number</li> <li>• field number</li> <li>• crop name</li> <li>• crop type</li> <li>• intended use</li> <li>• actual use</li> <li>• irrigation practice</li> <li>• reported acres.</li> </ul> <p><b>Notes:</b> This report is available beginning with 2017.</p> <p>Field level FSA-578 records that are dropped during rollover from the next CARS program year due to invalid field number will not show on the CARS status report “Farms with Deleted Field Due to Deleted Field Number in Farm Records.”</p>
Farms with no FSA-578 in CARS by Producer	Provides a list of farms in Web Farm Records with no FSA-578 in CARS for the selected producer.

--\*



318 Status Reports (Continued)

**C Action**

\*--CLICK **“Reports”** under **“CARS Menu”** on the left navigation.

Select the button next to the status report to be printed.

CLICK the button next to **“PDF”** or **“Excel”**.

CLICK **“Generate Report”**.--\*

319 Determined Acreage

A Overview

Users will have the capability to record the determined acreage quantity for crops loaded in CARS. See paragraph 390 for information on acreage determination methods.

**Note:** Acreage can be determined according to Part 4 using any of the following:

- verifying official acreage
- planimetering areas on projected slide images on the hard copy aerial photograph
- digitizing areas on rectified digital imagery
- computations from scaled dimensions or ground measurements.

B “Determined Quantity” Button

The “Determined Quantity” button is available on the Crop Acreage Reports Screen. The following is an example of the Crop Acreage Reports Screen.

\*--

Crop Acreage Reports		
<b>Year:</b> 2016	<b>State:</b>	<b>County:</b>
<b>Operator Information</b>		
Operator Name: Producer A		
<b>Farm</b>	<b>Status <span style="font-size: small;">?</span></b>	<b>Last Updated</b>
230	Fully Certified / Partially Reported	04/06/2016
<input type="button" value="Refresh Farm Data"/>		<input type="button" value="Continuous Certification"/>
<input type="button" value="Record Acreage"/>	<input type="button" value="Revise Shares"/>	<input type="button" value="Determined Quantity"/>
<input type="button" value="Certify by Farm"/>	<input type="button" value="Certify by Producer"/>	<input type="button" value="Delete"/>
<input type="button" value="Farm Summary"/>	<input type="button" value="Tract Summary"/>	<input type="button" value="Cancel"/>

--\*

**Note:** The “Record Farm Zero Acreage” button will be available for 2012 and prior years.

319 Determined Acreage (Continued)

C Accessing the “Determined Quantity” Button

Access the “Determined Quantity” button on the Crop Acreage Reports Screen according to this table.

Step	Action	Result
1	On the Acreage Report Search, enter the applicable farm number or search for a producer in SCIMS. CLICK “Submit”.	The Crop Acreage Reports Screen will be displayed.
2	CLICK “Determined Quantity”.	The Determined Quantity – Crop Selection Screen will be displayed.
3	Select the radio button of the applicable crop to be determined.	
4	Click either of the following.	
	“Back”	The Crop Acreage Reports Screen will be displayed.
	“Continue”	The Determined Quantity Screen will be displayed.

319 Determined Acreage (Continued)

D Determined Quantity – Crop Selection Screen

The following is an example of the Determined Quantity – Crop Selection Screen.

\*--

Determined Quantity - Crop Selection

**Year:** 2017      **State:**      **County:**

---

Farm Information

Farm Number: 233	Total Rpt Cropland: 4.00 of 5.78
Operator Name: Producer A	

---

**Crop Selection**

	Crop/Comm	Num of Entries	Num of Entries Det	Total Rpt Qty	Total Det Qty
<input checked="" type="radio"/>	ALFALFA	1	0	2.00	-
<input type="radio"/>	WHEAT	1	0	2.00	-

---

--\*

E Information Available on the Determined Quantity – Crop Selection Screen

The following table provides a description of the information available on the Determined Quantity – Crop Selection Screen.

Information	Description
Crop Name	Crops reported for the farm.
Number of Entries	Number of entries recorded of the crop for the farm.
Number of Entries Determined	Number of entries with determined acreage loaded for the farm.
Total Reported Quantity	Total quantity of reported acreage by crop loaded for the farm.  <b>Note:</b> This total can represent 1 entry or multiple entries. Including entries of zero acreage.
Total Determined Quantity	Total quantity of determined acreage by crop loaded for the farm.  <b>Note:</b> This total can represent 1 entry or multiple entries. Including entries of zero acreage.



319 Determined Acreage (Continued)

**F Option Available on the Determined Quantity – Crop Selection Screen**

The following options are available on the Determined Quantity – Crop Selection Screen.

Button	Result
Continue	The Determined Acres Screen will be displayed.
Back	The Crop Acreage Reports Screen will be displayed.

**G Determined Quantity Screen**

On the Determined Quantity Screen, user will enter the determined quantity for the applicable fields of the specified crop. The following is an example of the Determined Quantity Screen.

\*--

--\*

**H Options Available on the Determined Quantity Screen**

The following table provides descriptions of the options available on the Determined Quantity Screen.

Button	Result
Submit	The Determined Quantity Screen will be re-displayed with the message: “The selected crops have been successfully updated”.
Cancel	The Determined Quantity – Crop Selection Screen will be displayed.

319 Determined Acreage (Continued)

I Determined Acreage for Unreported Crops

During routine spot checks, field or crop acreage may have been determined that were not reported on FSA-578. For these determined acres to be loaded into the determined acreage software, those fields or crops must be loaded as reported. Since FSA-578 is a report of acreage certified by the producer and the producer has not yet reported these fields or crops, the County Office must have a method for reporting these discrepancies.

The County Office shall create a field entry in CARS when a field or crop has been determined that was not reported according to the following table.

IF a spot check determines that the producer reported an incorrect...	THEN record findings on FSA-578 by...
<p>*--zero acreage report for--* the farm in 2012 or prior years</p> <p><b>Note:</b> A farm level zero acreage report is not available for 2013 and subsequent years.</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• deleting the farm zero crop record from CARS</li> <li>• entering the determined field with:                             <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• tract</li> <li>• field number</li> <li>• crop</li> <li>• zero reported acreage</li> <li>• applicable crop characteristics as found in the field</li> </ul> </li> <li>• acreage found during spot check, as determined acres for the new field.</li> </ul>
<p>crop in a field</p>	<p>entering:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• zero for determined acreage in the original field</li> <li>• the new field with:                             <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• tract</li> <li>• unique field subdivision number</li> <li>• crop</li> <li>• zero reported acreage</li> <li>• applicable crop characteristics as found in the field</li> </ul> </li> <li>• acreage found during spot check, as determined acres for the new field.</li> </ul>

**Note:** Notate on FSA-578 the reason for modification. County Office employee must initial and date. The producer will not be required to sign.

**\*--320 Supporting ACRSI in CARS****A Overview**

To support ACRSI, CARS has added the following:

- RMA Cropping Practice Data Element
- RMA Crop Reconciliation Screen.

**Note:** See Part 2.6 for additional information for ACRSI and collecting RMA data.

The RMA Cropping Practice is available on the CARS Report of Acreage Screen.

To support the RMA and FSA crop crosswalk, the RMA Crop Reconciliation Screen will be displayed in CARS when an FSA crop/commodity, variety/type, and/or intended use does not automatically crosswalk to RMA.

When an acreage report is taken by an AIP and is automatically cross walked successfully, the RMA crop/commodity, variety/type and intended use will be displayed on the CARS Report of Acreage Screen directly below the FSA Crop/Commodity, Variety/Type and Intended Use option.--\*

\*--320 Supporting ACRSI in CARS (Continued)

**B Example of the Report of Acreage Screen with RMA Cropping Practice**

The following is an example of the RMA Cropping Practice that will be displayed on the Report of Acreage Screen.

**Report of Acreage**  
Year: 2017      State: \_\_\_\_\_      County: \_\_\_\_\_

**Farm Information**  
Farm Number: 233      Total Rpt Cropland: 2.00 of 5.78  
Operator Name: Producer A

**Tract Information**  
Tract Number: 3458      Tract Rpt Cropland: 2.00 of 5.78  
Tract Owner(s): Producer B

**Please enter the crop information.**  
\* Denotes required information.

\* Field Number: \_\_\_\_\_      State: \_\_\_\_\_

\* Planting Practice: Solid

\* Cropland Status: Y      Reporting Unit: Acres

\* Crop Status: None      Land Use: None

\* Supplemental Status: None      \* Planting Period: None

\* Concurrent Planting: None      Field ID: \_\_\_\_\_

\* RMA Cropping Practice: No Cropping Practice !

**C Action**

Select the applicable RMA Cropping Practice from the drop-down menu according to Part 2.6.--\*

\*--320 Supporting ACRSI in CARS (Continued)

**D Example of the RMA Crop Reconciliation Screen**

The following is an example of the RMA Crop Reconciliation Screen.

**E Action**

User shall use the drop-down menus to select the applicable:

- RMA Variety/Type
- RMA Intended Use.

CLICK:

- “**Submit**”, and the message “The crop acreage report has been successfully saved” will be displayed on the Report of Acreage Screen
- “**Cancel**”, and the Report of Acreage Screen will be displayed.--\*



**\*--Part 2.6 Acreage Crop Reporting Streamlining Initiative (ACRSI)**

**Section 1 Responsibilities, Guidelines, and Reporting Requirements**

**320.1 Overview**

**A Background**

This part provides procedure for ACRSI data sharing of acreage reporting information collected via the CARS application and reconciling acreage reporting data collected by participating AIP's and representing agents. This is in support of the 2014 Farm Bill, Section 1614(b)(1).

The vision of the USDA ACRSI is to have a common USDA framework for producer commodity reporting in support of USDA programs. This common framework will enable producers to report common data once. This capability will reduce producer burden by eliminating the need for producers to report the same information multiple times and support efficient data sharing within USDA for more accurate data collection.

**B Data Sharing Services**

Multiple data sharing services have been created to allow core common data to be shared with FSA and participating AIP's by RMA. Regardless of the reporting channel, data flows to and is housed in the RMA Clearing House and made available to FSA and AIP's in near real time.

FSA has created the following services.

- The CARS Event and Transformation Service, which transforms CARS data into valid transmission files and submits to the RMA Intake Service.
- The ACRSI Pilot Services, which pulls data from the ACRSI Clearing House, runs CARS validations and adds the data to a CARS ACRSI Work List for manual processing.

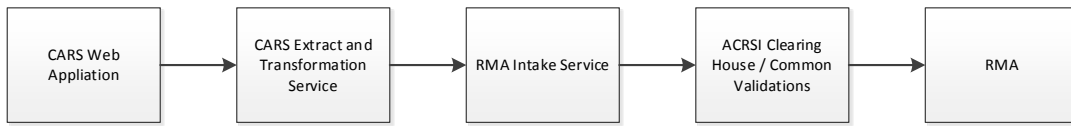
RMA has created the following services.

- The RMA Intake Service, which processes the transmission files by validating the proper file format is used, the State and County code combination is valid, and a farm number is included in the file. If Intake Service validations fail, the entire transmission file is rejected.
- The ACRSI Common Validation Service, which validates data contained in the transmission files passes core common data element requirements and associated business rules, including ensuring all mandatory data elements are contained in the file.
- The ACRSI Clearing House, which stores validated core common data from acreage reports created by both channels.--\*

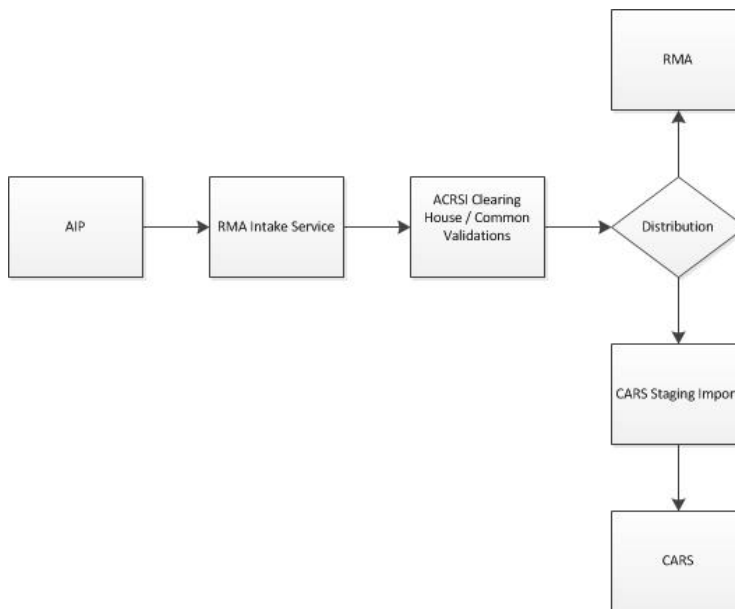
**\*--320.1 Overview (Continued)**

**C ACRSI Process Data Flow**

The following is a process flow diagram of the data flow for the FSA Reporting Channel.



The following is a process flow diagram of the data flow for the AIP Reporting Channel.



**D County Office Responsibilities**

ACRSI data sharing will be implemented nationwide for 2016 crop acreage reports filed on or about May 6, 2016. County Offices shall inform producers that ACRSI approved crop information will be shared between:

- crop insurance agent representing a participating AIP (such as crop insurance company)
- FSA at a local Service Center.

Once a crop acreage report is filed through the selected channel, the ACRSI data is shared electronically between agencies in real time or near real time via the ACRSI Clearing House.--\*



\*--320.1 Overview (Continued)

**D County Office Responsibilities (Continued)**

In addition, County Offices shall advise producers, **before** FSA-578 is filed, that:

- data sharing of acreage reporting information with participating AIP's happens automatically
- AIP's can only access data when a crop insurance policy is in force for the producer
- only ACRSI approved crops and associated core common data elements will be shared
- the requirement to report all cropland for specific programs according to paragraph 16 must be met
- a hard copy map notated with the mandatory data elements is required according to paragraph 20 regardless of the channel selected
- ACRSI approved crops must be reported by the final reporting dates in Exhibit 6 or 6.5, as applicable
- producers must still visit FSA and insurance agents to sign documents.

**Note:** Follow instructions in paragraph 21 for processing a late-filed FSA-578.--\*

**\*--320.2 ACRSI Approved Crops****A Overview**

ACRSI is data sharing information for the following 13 crops as part of the 2016 Spring expansion of the application:

- Alfalfa
- Corn
- Cotton
- CRP
- Fallow
- Grasses
- Oats
- Peanuts
- Rice
- Rye
- Sorghum
- Soybeans
- Wheat.

**Note:** Corn includes popcorn and sweet corn, Wheat includes Khorasan, and Sorghum includes Grain and Forage.

**B ACRSI Approved Crop Restrictions**

The following restrictions apply to crops included in ACRSI transmission files:

- Reporting unit of “acres”
- Planting period of “01”
- Planting pattern of “solid”
- Crop Status of “Initial”
- Supplemental Crop Status - Planted, Prevented, or Failed
- No dual use crops or “GS” intended use
- No corn or grain sorghum intended use of “SD”.

Crops that do not follow these restrictions can still be reported in CARS.--\*

**\*--320.3 RMA and FSA Crop Crosswalks**

**A Overview**

FSA and RMA currently use separate crop tables for maintaining crops and associated attributes. FSA uses the Compliance Validation System (CVS) and RMA uses the Actuarial Data Master (ADM). As part of ACRSI implementation, a joint crop table (Commodity Validation Table (CVT), was created.

For each of the approved ACRSI crops, RMA and FSA completed a crosswalk to ensure crop acreage reports taken by 1 agency can properly translate for the other agency. Most ACRSI approved crops will automatically crosswalk between agencies without user intervention.

When an acreage report is taken by an AIP and is automatically cross walked successfully, the RMA Crop/Commodity, Variety/Type, and Intended Use will appear on the CARS Report of Acreage load screen immediately below the FSA Crop/Commodity, Variety/Type and Intended Use.

When a FSA Crop/Commodity, Variety/Type, and/or Intended Use does not automatically crosswalk to RMA, the RMA Crop Reconciliation Screen will be displayed.

**B RMA Crop Reconciliation Screen**

The following is an example of the RMA Crop Reconciliation Screen.

**C County Office Action**

Based on the producer’s certification, the County Office user should select the correct RMA Variety/Type and/or RMA Intended Use from the applicable drop-down menu. The drop-down menu will only display options applicable to the crop being reported.--\*

**\*--320.4 ACRSI Common Data Elements****A Overview**

In addition to the crop year, the following core common data elements for approved ACRSI crops reported will be electronically shared in the 2016 Spring Expansion:

- Core Customer ID
- Business Name
- Last Name
- Administrative County
- Field Number
- County ANSI Code
- Product Type
- Planted Date
- Organic Practice Code
- Tax ID
- First Name
- Name Suffix
- Farm Number
- CLU (Field) Number
- Subfield Number
- Product Intended Use
- Planting Code
- Cropping Practice Code
- Tax ID Type
- Middle Name
- Administrative State
- Tract Number
- State (American National Standards Institute ) ANSI Code
- Product Code
- Reported Acreage
- Irrigation Practice Code
- Producer Share Percentage.--\*

**\*--320.4 ACRSI Common Data Elements (Continued)****B ACRSI Data Sharing Assumptions**

In addition to the crop and data element validations and business rules, the following restrictions will apply to shared data:

- one or more of the shareholders reported must have a valid SSN or employee ID number
- for FSA purposes, one or more of the :
  - shareholders must have a valid Core Customer ID
  - producers in the transmission file must be an operator, owner, or other tenant on an active 2016 farm
- insurance must be in force for AIP to access shared data.

**Note:** The CARS Event and Transformation Service will filter out reported acreage data that does not comply with all crop and data elements validations, business rules, and restrictions before transmitting the data.

**C Data Transmission Files**

The CARS core common data elements for farms are automatically packaged approximately every 15 minutes into a single transmission file. Multiple farms can be included in a single transmission file. In addition, a single AIP transmission file can contain multiple farms.

Core common data element validations, including business rules validations, are run at the farm level; therefore, partial transmission files may be transmitted to the ACRSI Clearing House. Farms that pass the common validations will be transmitted to the Clearing House. Farms that fail the common validations will be rejected and not transmitted to the Clearing House. See paragraph 320.12 for information about the FSA ACRSI Inquiry Service which provides information for failed transmission files.--\*

**\*--320.5 ACRSI CARS Updates for RMA**

**A Overview**

As part of the ACRSI Implementation, RMA and FSA agreed on crops and core common data elements that would be included in the ACRSI data sharing acreage reports. Due to Agency differences in data collection for acreage reports, each Agency agreed to collect additional information, as necessary, for the ACRSI approved crops.

**B CARS Screens Updated for RMA**

To meet ACRSI needs, CARS was updated to include the “RMA Cropping Practice” on the CARS Report of Acreage load screen. See Part 2.5 for CARS Report of Acreage load screens. The RMA Cropping Practice is applicable to the crop for the specific field or subfield being reported. RMA Cropping Practices are specifically defined by each crop policy including applicable special provisions.

In addition, CARS has been updated to include the “RMA Crop Reconciliation” Screen. See paragraph 320.3 for details about the RMA Crop Reconciliation Screen. This screen allows users to update the ACRSI approved crop with the applicable RMA Variety/Type and/or RMA Intended Use, when applicable.

**C County Office Action**

The following RMA Cropping Practices are available for selection based on the crop being reported.

<b>RMA Cropping Practice</b>	<b>Definition</b>	<b>Applicable Crops</b>
Continuous Cropping	This distinguishes land that is continuously cropped from land that lies fallow (idle) in the prior crop year.  Any non-irrigated production practice that does not qualify as a summer fallow practice.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Oats</li> <li>• Wheat.</li> </ul>
Fall-Planted	A production practice applicable to acreage that is seeded during the fall.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Sweet Corn</li> <li>• Peanuts.</li> </ul>
Following Another Crop	Definitions vary by area, consult crop policy.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Upland Cotton</li> <li>• Grain Sorghum</li> <li>• Soybeans</li> <li>• Peanuts.</li> </ul>
No Cropping Practice Specified	No production practice is specified.	All Approved ACRSI crops.

--\*

\*--320.5 ACRSI CARS Updates for RMA (Continued)

C County Office Action (Continued)

RMA Cropping Practice	Definition	Applicable Crops
Non-Conventional	Planted in a 2 step operation in which the seed is first broadcast by any method onto the surface of a seedbed which has been properly prepared for the planting method and production practice and is subsequently incorporated into the soil at the proper depth in a timely manner. Does not follow a standard planting practice for the crop.	Soybeans.
Not Following Another Crop	Definitions vary by area, consult crop policy.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Upland Cotton</li> <li>• Grain Sorghum</li> <li>• Soybeans.</li> </ul>
Skip Row	<p>A planting pattern that:</p> <p>(1) consists of alternating rows of cotton and fallow land or land planted to another crop the previous fall; and</p> <p>(2) qualifies as a skip-row planting pattern as defined by FSA or a successor agency.</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Upland Cotton</li> <li>• Extra Long Staple Cotton.</li> </ul>
Spring-Planted	A production practice applicable to acreage that is seeded during the spring.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Sweet Corn</li> <li>• Peanuts.</li> </ul>

--\*

\*--320.5 ACRSI CARS Updates for RMA (Continued)

C County Office Action (Continued)

RMA Cropping Practice	Definition	Applicable Crops
Sprinkler Irrigated	A method of crop irrigation in which the equipment applies water through nozzles operated under pressure to form a spray pattern to cover the acreage whereby the planted acreage is intentionally sprayed with water in non-ponding applications throughout the growing season.	Rice.
Summer fallow	Definitions vary by area, consult crop policy.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Oats</li> <li>• Wheat.</li> </ul>
Water Fallow	Production practice applicable to acreage that is flooded before seeding for the same crop year in which the crop is insurable, with no intent of using an irrigated practice as defined in the Basic Provisions.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Oats</li> <li>• Wheat.</li> </ul>
Winter Planted	A production practice applicable to acreage that is seeded during the winter.	Sweet Corn.

**Note:** The drop down will not be limited to those options available for the selected crop. All RMA Cropping Practices will be displayed, regardless of the crop being reported. County Office users should ensure a proper option is selected for the crop being reported.

When selecting the RMA Cropping Practice, County Office users shall inform producer and/or policyholders that:

- if unsure which RMA Cropping Practice applies to the crop and field and/or subfield being reported, then the crop insurance agent should be consulted
- leaving the default value of “No Cropping Practice Specified” has no negative effect for current farm programs
- the correct cropping practice must be validated on their crop insurance acreage report before certifying.--\*



## \*--Section 2 Processing ACRSI Work List

**320.6 CARS ACRSI Work List****A Overview**

The CARS ACRSI Work List stores individual farm core common acreage reporting data filed through an AIP. County Office users must take action to resolve data validation issues before accessing the CARS acreage report for the farm.

This part provides procedure for accessing the CARS ACRSI Work List, locating the farm/tract/field error message(s), and instructions for correcting or deleting incorrect shared data before importing to CARS.

**B CARS ACRSI Work List**

The following is an example for accessing the ACRSI Work List from the Acreage Report Search Screen.

**Note:** If the farm selected on the Acreage Report Search Screen has data on the ACRSI Work List, this message will appear; “The selected farm has ACRSI data that must be imported prior to proceeding. Please select “ACRSI Work List” and import the data into CARS”--\*

\*--320.6 CARS ACRSI Work List (Continued)

B CARS ACRSI Work List ( Continued)

This is an example of the Acreage Report Search Screen with the message; “The selected farm has ACRSI data that must be imported prior to proceeding. Please select “ACRSI Work List” and import the data into CARS”

The screenshot shows the 'Acreage Report Search' interface. At the top, there is a blue header with the title. Below the header, the 'Year' is set to 2016, and 'State' and 'County' are represented by greyed-out dropdown menus. A red-bordered warning box contains a yellow triangle icon and the text: 'The selected farm has ACRSI data that must be imported before proceeding. Please select "ACRSI Work List" and import the data into CARS.' Below the warning, the instruction 'Please enter a farm number or search for a producer in SCIMS' is displayed. There are three radio button options: 'Producer', 'Farm Number' (which is selected and has a text input field containing '2132'), and 'ACRSI Work List'. At the bottom of the form area are 'Submit' and 'Cancel' buttons. The footer of the page reads 'CARS102 - Last Modified: 02/17/2016 12:52:42 PM'.

C County Office Action

Select the button next to “ACRSI Worklist” and CLICK “Submit”.

This screenshot is similar to the previous one, showing the 'Acreage Report Search' interface. The 'Year' is 2016, and 'State' and 'County' are greyed out. The instruction 'Please enter a farm number or search for a producer in SCIMS' is present. In this view, the 'ACRSI Work List' radio button is selected, and the 'Farm Number' text input field is empty. The 'Submit' and 'Cancel' buttons are visible at the bottom. The footer text is 'CARS102 - Last Modified: 02/17/2016 12:52:42 PM'.

--\*

**\*--320.7 Reviewing CARS ACRSI Work List**

**A Overview**

The ACRSI Work List contains the list of farms with acreage reporting data submitted through the AIP. ACRSI Work List farms must be imported to CARS or deleted before the acreage report for the farm can be edited or certified.


**B ACRSI Work List Screen**

The following is an example of the ACRSI Work List Screen. The ACRSI Work List Screen will be displayed with the following information:

- Farm Number
- Import Status
- Submission ID (Transmission ID)
- Submission Date.

**ACRSI Work List**

Year: 2016 State: [dropdown] County: [dropdown]

Farm	Import Status	Submission ID	Submission Date
 738	Not Processed	11118	03/14/2016

Import Data Delete Back

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CARS132 - Last Modified: 11/16/2015 08:20:05 AM

--\*

**\*--320.7 Reviewing CARS ACRSI Work List (Continued)**

**C County Office Action**

To select a farm to review, CLICK the button in front of the desired farm. The County Office user has the following options once the desired farm is selected:

- Import Data
- Delete
- Back.

Users should CLICK “Import Data” to access the ACRSI Staging Data for the selected farm. The ACRSI Staging Data includes tract, field and crop information, in addition to the error message.

Clicking “Delete” will delete the acreage reporting data received by the AIP channel for the selected farm without accessing the ACRSI Staging Data or Importing to CARS. Users should only select “Delete” when a fully certified FSA-578 already exists for the selected farm.--\*

**\*--320.8 Reviewing ACRSI Staging Data**

**A Overview**

The ACRSI Staging Data Screen provides an overview of each field that failed 1 or more CARS validation and the error message(s) associated with the failed validation(s).

**B ACRSI Staging Data Screen**

The following is an example of the ACRSI Staging Data Screen. The ACRSI Staging Data Screen will contain the following information:

- Tract Number
- Field Number
- Crop/Commodity
- Variety/Type
- Intended Use
- Irrigation Practice
- Reported Quantity
- Crop Status
- Error Message.

The screenshot shows the 'ACRSI Staging Data' interface. At the top, it displays 'Year: 2016', 'State: [dropdown]', and 'County: [dropdown]'. Below this is a 'Farm Information' section with 'Farm Number: 3474' and 'Operator Name: [dropdown]', and 'Total Rpt Cropland: 0.44 of 368.98'. A table follows with columns: 'Tract Num', 'Field Number', 'Crop/Comm', 'Var/Type', 'Int Use', 'Irr Prc', 'Rpt Qty', 'Crop Status', and 'Error'. One row is visible with a radio button, '1241', '1', 'CORN', 'BLU', 'GR', 'I', '128.20', 'I', and an error message: 'Share value threshold must be 100% : 50.0, ACRSI Duplicate'. At the bottom, there are 'Edit', 'Delete', and 'Return To Work List' buttons, along with a 'Back to Top' link and a footer 'CARS133 - Last Modified: 01/21/2016 08:20:05 AM'.

**C County Office Action**

To review the details for a specific field, CLICK the radio button by the applicable tract and CLICK Edit. The user will be taken to the standard CARS Report of Acreage load screen. All valid data submitted via the AIP channel will be automatically loaded for the selected field and the crop information will be available for editing.

County Office users should review any FSA-578's on file for the applicable farm to assist with determining if the reported information should be imported or deleted. Review all reported information with the applicable producer prior to making the decision to delete information submitted via an AIP channel.--\*

**\*--320.9 ACRSI Data Import Screen**

**A Overview**

The ACRSI Data Import load screen will be completed with all validated crop data for the selected farm, tract, and field. In addition, the RMA crop/commodity, variety/type, and intended use will be displayed and the RMA Cropping Practice will be provided, when applicable.

**B ACRSI Data Import Load Screen**

The following is an example of the ACRSI Data Import load screen that will be displayed with valid data submitted by the AIP channel.

The screenshot displays the 'ACRSI Data Import' web interface. At the top, it shows the selected 'Year: 2016', 'State: Illinois (17)', and 'County: Christian (021)'. Below this are sections for 'Farm Information' and 'Tract Information', each with input fields for Farm Number, Operator Name, Tract Number, and Tract Owner(s), along with 'Total Rpt Cropland' values. The main section is titled 'Please enter the crop information.' and contains numerous dropdown menus and input fields for crop details: Field Number (1), Subfield, Reported Quantity (128.20), Planting Date (11/12/2015), Official/Measured End Year, Predominant Number, Crop/Commodity (CORN), Variety/Type (BLUE), Intended Use (Grain), RMA Crop/Commodity (Corn, Field), RMA Variety/Type (Flour, Blue), RMA Intended Use (Grain), Actual Use (None), Irrigation Practice (Irrigated), Organic Status (Conventional), and Planting Pattern (Solid). A 'Native Sod Conversion' checkbox is also present. A separate panel on the right contains 'Cropland Status' (Y), 'Crop Status' (I), 'Supplemental Status' (Planted), 'Concurrent Planting' (None), 'RMA Cropping Practice' (No Cropping Practice), 'Reporting Unit' (Acres), 'Land Use' (None), 'Planting Period' (01), and 'Field ID'. Below these is a 'List of Tract Producers' table with columns for Name, Role, RMA Unit, and Share %. The table shows one producer as 'Owner' with an RMA Unit of 50.00 and a Share % of 50.00. The 'Total %' is also 50.00. At the bottom, there are buttons for 'Submit', 'Review Fields', and 'Add Producers', along with a 'NAP Unit' field and an 'Override NAP Unit' checkbox. A 'Back to Top' link is located in the bottom right corner.

**C County Office Action**

Complete loading crop acreage information for the selected farm, tract, and field/subfield according to paragraph 308. All crop data elements denoted as required on the CARS Report of Acreage load screen must be completed before clicking submit to finalize importing the acreage data submitted by an AIP channel.--\*

**\*--320.10 ACRSI Farm Bulk Delete Screen**

**A Overview**

ACRSI acreage reports submitted by the AIP channel can be deleted instead of imported when necessary. The farm delete option is available on the ACRSI Work List Screen. County Office users should review the ACRSI Staging Data before determining to delete farm acreage reports submitted by the AIP reporting channel.

**B ACRSI Work List Farm Bulk Delete Screen**

The following is an example of the Bulk Delete ACRSI Farms Screen.

**Bulk Delete Acrsi Farms**

**Year:** 2016    **State:**     **County:**

	Farm	Import Status	Submission ID	Submission Date
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	2132	In Process	6064	11/09/2015
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	2132	In Process	6067	11/09/2015
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	2132	Not Processed	6070	11/09/2015
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	2132	Not Processed	6071	11/09/2015
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	2132	Not Processed	6072	11/09/2015
<input type="checkbox"/>	2132	In Process	6075	11/09/2015

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CARS141 - Last Modified: 1/21/2016 2:13:45 PM

**C County Office Action**

Users may select 1 or more farms from the ACRSI Farm Bulk Delete Screen. CLICK “Delete” to delete acreage reports submitted by the AIP channel for the selected farm(s).

CLICK “OK” to the popup question “Are you sure you want to delete the Acreage Report(s) from the Work List”? The user will be returned to the ACRSI Work List Screen and message “The Staging Acreage Report(s) have been successfully deleted”, will be displayed.--\*

**\*--320.11 ACRSI Field Bulk Delete Screen**

**A Overview**

ACRSI field data submitted via the AIP channel can be deleted instead of imported when necessary. The field delete option is available on the ACRSI Staging Data screen. County Office Users should review the ACRSI Staging Data before determining to delete field level crop report data submitted via the AIP reporting channel.

**B ACRSI Staging Data Field Bulk Delete Screen**

The following is an example of the ACRSI Field Bulk Delete Screen.

**Bulk Delete Acrsi Fields**

**Year:** 2016    **State:** [ ]    **County:** [ ]

**Farm Information**

Farm Number: 2132    Total Rpt Cropland: 0.00 of 79.93  
 Operator Name [ ]

	Tract Num	Field Number	Crop/Comm	Var/Type	Int Use	Irr Prc	Rpt Qty	Crop Status
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	5507	10A	CORN	WHE	GR	N	2.03	I
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	5507	10B	GRASS	NAG	SO	N	0.07	I
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	5507	12	GRASS	NAG	SO	N	2.70	I
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	5507	15	GRASS	NAG	SO	N	0.40	I
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	5507	16A	GRASS	NAG	SO	N	3.06	I
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	5507	16B	CORN	YEL	GR	N	0.08	I
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	5507	16C	CORN	YEL	GR	N	0.05	I

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CARS136 - Last Modified: 1/21/2016 10:55:22 AM

**C County Office Action**

Users may select 1 or more fields from the ACRSI Field Bulk Delete Screen. CLICK “Delete” to delete field level crop report data submitted by the AIP channel for the selected farm.

CLICK “OK” to the popup question “Are you sure you want to delete the selected Crop(s)?” The user will be returned to the Acreage Report screen and message “The Staging Acreage Report(s) have been successfully deleted.--\*”



## \*--Section 3 Using ACRSI Inquiry Service

### 320.12 ACRSI Inquiry Service

#### A Overview

The ACRSI Inquiry Service is provided to National, State and County Offices, along with the ACRSI Help Desk and used to assist users in determining why acreage reporting data that was shared is not available to FSA or the applicable AIP.

This part provides procedure for accessing the FSA ACRSI Inquiry Service web application. The ACRSI Inquiry Service allows users to determine where a transmission file is in the data sharing process and provides messaging about the transmission file status.

#### B Accessing FSA ACRSI Inquiry

National, State, and County Office employees can enter the ACRSI Inquiry application at [https://intranet-apps.fsa.usda.gov/usda\\_scc\\_gateway/acrsi-error-console/](https://intranet-apps.fsa.usda.gov/usda_scc_gateway/acrsi-error-console/). The USDA eAuthentication Login Screen will be displayed.

On the USDA Login Screen, CLICK “Login with LincPass (PIV)” or enter user ID and password and CLICK “Login”. After the user successfully completes the eAuthentication login, the FSA ACRSI Inquiry Screen will be displayed.

#### C ACRSI Inquiry Search Screen

The following is an example of the FSA ACRSI Inquiry Screen.

**FSA ACRSI Inquiry**

Search by: **Transmission** Farm

Transmission Number

[Search](#) [Reset](#)

**About this tool**

FSA ACRSI Inquiry allows users to determine where the transmission file is in the data sharing process. Search either by **Transmission Number** or a combination of FSA Administrative **State-County-Farm**. Search results will include the status of the transmission, the step of the process by date and time, along with any necessary error messaging.

**Data sharing process flow steps**

<b>Producer Upload File Process</b> <ol style="list-style-type: none"><li>1. FSA File Upload Service</li><li>2. RMA Intake Service</li><li>3. RMA ACRSI Common Validation Service</li><li>4. RMA Clearing House</li><li>5. FSA ACRSI Pilot Service<ol style="list-style-type: none"><li>a. ACRSI Worklist</li><li>b. Imported to CARS</li></ol></li></ol>	<b>CARS Update Process</b> <ol style="list-style-type: none"><li>1. FSA CARS Event and Transformation Service</li><li>2. RMA Intake Service</li><li>3. RMA ACRSI Common Validation Service</li><li>4. RMA Clearing House</li></ol>	<b>AIP Upload Process</b> <ol style="list-style-type: none"><li>1. RMA Intake Service</li><li>2. RMA ACRSI Common Validation Service</li><li>3. RMA Clearing House</li><li>4. FSA ACRSI Pilot Service<ol style="list-style-type: none"><li>a. ACRSI Worklist</li><li>b. Imported to CARS</li></ol></li></ol>
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[Return to top](#)

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**\*--320.12 ACRSI Inquiry Service (Continued)**

**D Instructions for Determining Status of ACRSI Transmission**

ACRSI Transmissions can be searched by Transmission Number or Administrative State, County and Farm Number. To search by farm, CLICK "Farm". Enter the Administrative State, Administrative County, and Farm Number and CLICK "Search" to determine where the farm is in the data flow process and the status of the transmission file.

**320.13 ACRSI Inquiry Search Results**

**A Overview**

The selected farm and associated transmission file(s) will be displayed on the FSA ACRSI Inquiry Screen.--\*

\*--320.13 ACRSI Inquiry Search Results (Continued)

**B ACRSI Inquiry Search Results Screen**

The following is an example of the FSA ACRSI Inquiry Screen.

The screenshot shows the 'FSA ACRSI Inquiry' interface. At the top, there are search filters: 'Search by:' with tabs for 'Transmission' and 'Farm' (selected). Below this are dropdown menus for 'State' (set to 'Illinois') and 'County' (set to 'DeWitt'). There is an empty text input field for 'Farm number'. A blue 'Search' button and a 'Reset' link are at the bottom of the filter section.

Below the filters, it shows '2 Results' with a refresh icon and a 'Filter: All' dropdown. A table displays the results with columns: Status, Step, Message, ID, County, State, Farm, Channel, and Date.

Status	Step	Message	ID	County	State	Farm	Channel	Date
Failure	RMA ACRSI Common Validation Service	Combination of...	10156	DeWitt	IL		Data Upload	Jan 25, 2016 14:14:18
Processing	FSA File Upload Service	transmitted file...	0	DeWitt	IL		Data Upload	Jan 25, 2016 14:14:09

The results will be displayed with:

- transmission file status,
- process step, message,
- transmission ID number,
- county,
- state,
- farm number,
- reporting channel, and
- transmission file date/time.

Transmission ID search results will include all farms associated with the transmission ID. Farm search results will include all transmissions associated with the selected farm. In the search results, the “**ID**” and “**Farm**” are hyperlinks. Clicking on the “**ID**” hyperlink will display search results for that single transmission. Clicking on the “**Farm**” hyperlink will display search results for all transmissions containing data for that farm.--\*

**\*--320.13 ACRSI Inquiry Search Results****C Filtering ACRSI Inquiry Search Results**

Users have the option to filter the FSA ACRSI Inquiry search results based on transmission file status. The available transmission file statuses are:

- All
- Complete
- Processing
- Failure.

In addition users can sort data by clicking on the search results headers. For example, clicking on the “Date” header will place data in ascending or descending order by date.

**D Process Flow Steps for ACRSI Transmissions**

The **Step** in the search results is the process flow step where the transmission file is currently being validated.

The data sharing process flow steps for acreage reports accepted through the FSA reporting channel are as follows:

**CARS Update Process Flow Steps:**

- FSA CARS Event and Transformation Service
- RMA Intake Service
- RMA ACRSI Common Validation Service
- RMA Clearing House.

The data sharing process flow steps for acreage reports accepted through the AIP reporting channel are as follows:

**AIP Upload Process Flow Steps:**

- RMA Intake Service
- RMA ACRSI Common Validation Service
- RMA Clearing House
- FSA ACRSI Pilot Service
- ACRSI Worklist
- Imported to CARS.--\*

**\*--320.14 ACRSI Inquiry Status Messages**

**A Overview**

The **Message** in the ACRSI Inquiry search results explains the current status of the transmission file. For a transmission file status of “Failure”, details about the reason the transmission was rejected are contained in the message. Reasons that transmission files fail can be related to missing mandatory data, incomplete data, invalid data or data business rules not being met.

**B ACRSI Inquiry Status Messages Screen**

The following is an example of the FSA ACRSI Inquiry Messages:

Status ^	Step	Message	ID	County	State	Farm	Channel	Date
Failure	RMA ACRSI Common Validation Service	<a href="#">originalReportedAcreage; ReportedAcreageModifiedIndicator is N so originalReportedAcreage must equal finalReportedAcreage; originalReportedAcreage; ReportedAcreageModifiedIndicator is N so originalReportedAcreage must equal finalReportedAcreage.</a>	<a href="#">4614</a>	La Salle	IL	<a href="#">919</a>	Data Upload	Feb 09, 2016 09:45:43
Failure	RMA ACRSI Common Validation Service	<a href="#">originalReportedAcre...</a>	<a href="#">4621</a>	La Salle	IL	<a href="#">919</a>	Data Upload	Feb 10, 2016 11:18:22

CLICK on the applicable **Message** to expand for further details.

The FSA ACRSI Pilot Service – Worklist messages are as follows.

- CARS Import Process Complete.
- All fields in the Acreage Report were duplicates and will not be processed.
- Acreage Report not completely imported. Please review errors on ACRSI Work List.
- Error Retrieving/Rolling Over Acreage Report for Import. Error ID: XXX.

The following is an example of FSA ACRSI Pilot Service – Worklist messages.

Processing	FSA ACRSI Pilot Service - Imported to CARS	<a href="#">Acreage Report not completely imported. Please review errors on ACRSI Work List.</a>	<a href="#">10339</a>	La Salle	IL	<a href="#">919</a>	Data Upload	Feb 02, 2016 13:42:58
Processing	FSA ACRSI Pilot Service - Imported to CARS	<a href="#">All fields in the Acreage Report were duplicates and will not be processed.</a>	<a href="#">10371</a>	La Salle	IL	<a href="#">919</a>	AIP Service	Feb 05, 2016 13:28:18

--\*

**\*--320.14 ACRSI Inquiry Status Messages (Continued)**

**C County Office Action (Continued)**

If the user is unable to determine the cause of the transmission file failure based on the message provided and the Status is “Failure”, the user should create a Remedy Ticket. Select ACRSI as the application having the issue and include either the transmission number or the State/County/Farm along with the status of the transmission, the step of the process, and any applicable error messaging received in the inquiry search results. Also include any information provided by the producer when reporting a transmission failure.

When the message states “Please review errors on ACRSI Work List”, the user should access the farm by the CARS ACRSI Work List according to subparagraph 320.6 to review and edit the acreage reporting data submitted by the AIP channel to resolve any outstanding data issues and import the corrected data to CARS.--\*

**320.15-320.19 (Reserved)**

**\*--Part 2.7 Part 2.7 Comprehensive Information Management System (CIMS)****320.20 Overview****A Background**

The Farm Security and Rural Investment Act of 2002 authorized the development of CIMS to support programs administered by RMA and FSA.

Historically, producers provided both RMA and FSA the same basic information to participate in the crop insurance program and farm programs. Legislation instructed RMA and FSA to combine, reconcile, redefine, and reformat data to allow both agencies to use CIMS as a single source for obtaining this common information.

CIMS maintains data in a centralized database. RMA and FSA sources update data on the CIMS system on a weekly basis.

All CIMS functions:

- are within the web-based software
- can be viewed by FSA employees with Level II eAuthentication only.

**B Security Roles**

The following are security roles:

- State FSA employees with Level II eAuthentication will be able to view CIMS data
- County FSA employees with Level II eAuthentication will be able to view CIMS data.

**C Reporting Problems**

Report problems with accessing the applications (such as password problems) or applications errors by the CIMS Support Team at [cimssupport@rma.usda.gov](mailto:cimssupport@rma.usda.gov).--\*

**\*--320.21 Accessing the CIMS Management Reports Menu**

**A CIMS System**

Access CIMS from the FSA Intranet Application Page at <http://fsaintranet.sc.egov.usda.gov/fsa/applications.asp>.

**Note:** Internet Explorer shall be used when accessing CIMS.

**B Action**

From the FSA Intranet Application Page:

- CLICK “**A-C**”
- CLICK “Comprehensive Information Management System (CIMS)”
- CLICK “**Logon**” to display the eAuthentication Login Screen
- enter user ID and password or login using LincPass
- CLICK “**Login**” to display the CIMS Rules of Behavior
- CLICK “**Accept**” to display the CIMS Management Reports Menu.--\*



\*--320.21 Accessing the CIMS Management Reports Menu (Continued)

C Example of CIMS Management Reports Menu

Following is an example of the CIMS Home Page.

The screenshot displays the CIMS Home Page. At the top left is the USDA logo and text: "United States Department of Agriculture", "Farm Services Agency", and "Risk Management Agency". At the top right is the title "Comprehensive Information Management System (CIMS)". Below the header is a navigation bar with links: "CIMS Home", "About CIMS", "Newsletter", "User Guide", "Help", "Contact Us", and "Logout". A red arrow points to the "Management Reports" link in the left-hand navigation menu. The main content area is titled "What's New in CIMS" and contains several news items:

- New Report – Producer Conservation Compliance Status – September 2015**  
The "Producer Conservation Compliance Status" Management Report allows users to find and export a given producer's eligibility for crop insurance subsidy, based on the Conservation Compliance status determined by FSA, according to a nine-digit TaxID number or producer name.
- Load Processing General Timelines – October, 2013**  
The CIMS Load Date reflects the most recent successful processing of RMA and FSA data loads, which takes place each weekend starting on Saturday. Normally by the end of the week the Load Date will change to reflect the availability of updated data such as FSA Acreage on the CIMS Web Application. Difficulties or delays resulting from RMA or FSA data loading may cause retention of previous week data and thus the previous week's CIMS Load Date. For RMA AIP users, Type 5 process normally completes by Tuesday. The Discovery Reports are generally available on the IP Server for the respective AIPs by Thursday.
- CIMS Hosts 2013 RCO Spring Spot Check List for FSA State Offices - April 2013**  
The joint FSA/RMA 4-RM Handbook contains the procedures to follow for the selected producers.
- CIMS Updates Commodities Report – January, 2013**  
CIMS has released an update to the Commodities report to reflect the current version of FSA 578.
- CIMS Releases New Report – September, 2012**  
Based on requests from FSA users, CIMS has released a new report: RMA and FSA Prevented Planting List. This report allows users to search within a state and county to display a list of producers and the details for all producers who reported prevented planting to either RMA or FSA or both.
- CIMS Hosts 2012 RCO Fall Spot Check List for FSA State Offices - September 2012**  
CIMS is providing the CY2012 compliance spot checks as authorized by the Agricultural Risk Protection Act of 2000 (ARPA) to FSA State Offices. Previously the spot checklist was provided to the State Offices in a hard copy report. FSA State Office CIMS users have access to 2012 Fall Spot Check List on the CIMS menu. The joint FSA/RMA 4-RM Handbook contains the procedures FSA State Office compliance directors are to follow for the selected producers.

The left-hand navigation menu includes the following categories and links:

- Management Reports**
  - Participation Summary
  - Producer Crop/Acreage
  - Producer Crop/Acreage by Crop
  - Producer Crop/Acreage by Crop Status
  - Producer Conservation Compliance Status
  - CIMS Report of FSA Commodities
  - 2008 SUREMA Data
  - RMA Ineligible Listing
  - RMA and FSA Prevented Planting List
- CIMS Geospatial Reports**
  - Summary of Business
  - County CLU Inquiry
  - RMA and FSA Prevented Planting
  - CLU Crop Status Inquiry
  - Cause of Loss By County
  - Notice of Loss By County
- Discovery Reports**
  - Insurable Acreage Diff by CLU
  - Insurable Acreage Diff
  - Insured Crop Acres Reported to FSA, not Reported to RMA
  - FSA Business/RMA Entity Diff
  - Spot Check List

--\*

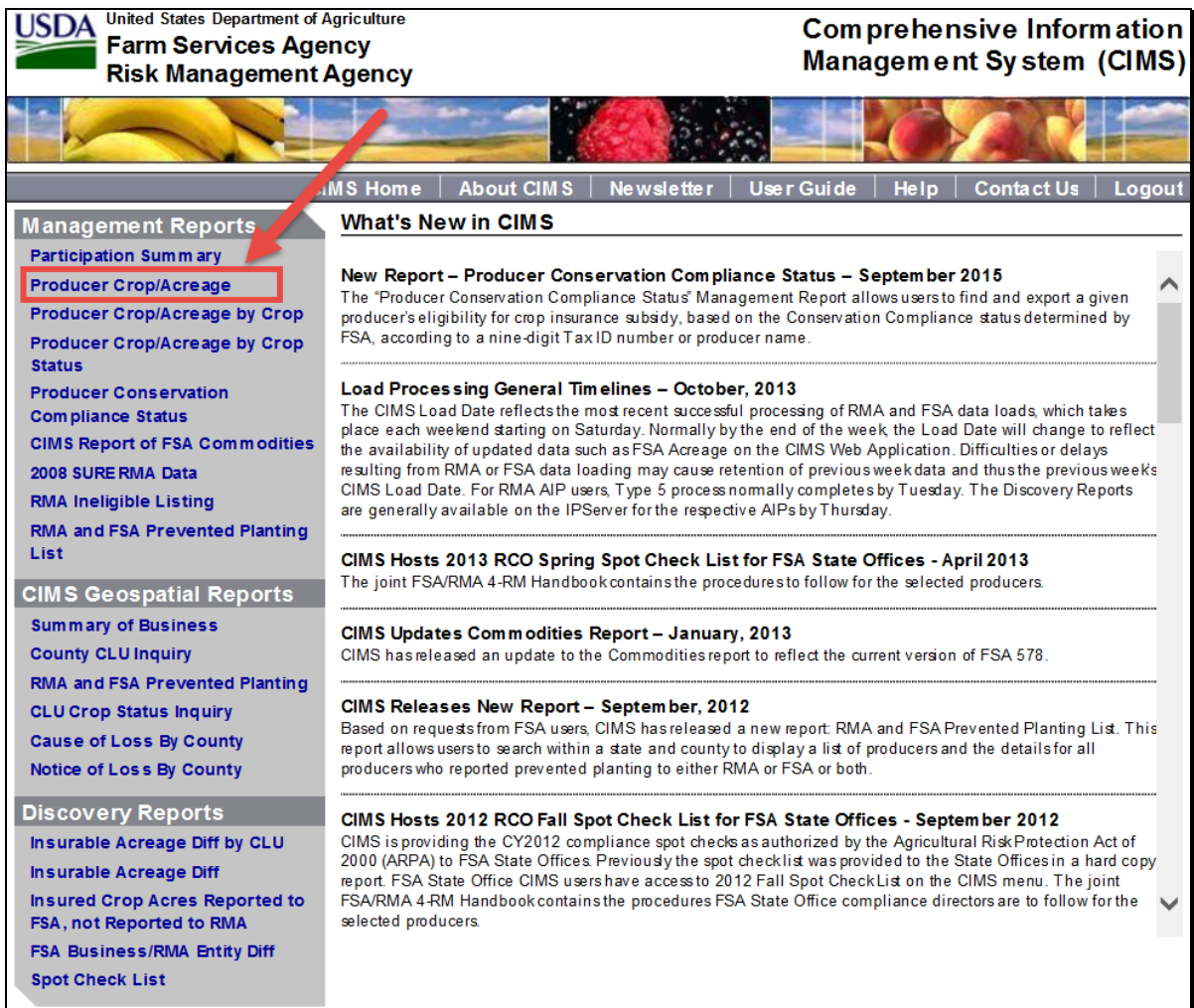
**\*--320.22 Selecting CIMS Management Report “Producer Crop/Acreage”**

**A Overview**

The “Producer Crop/Acreage” option appears under Management Reports on the left navigation. The Producer Crop/Acreage report works on a drill down concept to access detailed information on individual producers and their RMA and/or FSA reported crop acreage.

**B Example of CIMS Management Report “Producer Crop/Acreage”**

The following is an example of Management Report “Producer Crop/Acreage.”



**C Action**

CLICK “Producer Crop/Acreage” under management reports on the left navigation.--\*

**\*--320.23 Entering Search Criteria for the Producer Crop/Acreage Report****A Overview**

After the user selects the Producer Crop/Acreage report option, the Producer Crop/Acreage search criteria screen will be displayed.

**B Example of Search Criteria for the Producer Crop/Acreage Report**

The following is an example of search criteria screen for the Producer Crop/Acreage report.

**Producer Crop/Acreage** Export

**Required Criteria**

Year:

Physical/Location State/Territory:  Physical/Location County:

Name  Tax ID

Tax ID:  v

**C Action**

User shall use the drop-down menu to select the applicable:

- Year
- Physical/Location State/Territory
- Physical/Location County.

CLICK:

- the button next to “**Name**”, to search by Last Name and First Name or Business Name and a a list of available RMA and/or FSA producers will be displayed, as applicable
- the button next to “**Tax ID**” and a list of producer associated with the Tax ID will be displayed
- “**Submit**” and a list of RMA and FSA producers will be displayed
- “**Reset**” to clear the search criteria.--\*

\*--320.24 RMA and FSA Producers for the Producer Crop/Acreage Report

A Overview

Based on the information entered on the search criteria screen, a list of RMA and FSA Producers for the Producer Crop/Acreage report will be displayed. Producers will be listed only if their crop information has been reported to RMA and/or FSA. If a producer reports crop information to one agency only, then the RMA and FSA Producer list will display producer name/information next to the agency where the crop information was reported.

From the RMA and FSA producer list, users can:

- export the producer list to excel
- access RMA and FSA details
- access crop and crop summary information reported to RMA and/or FSA as applicable.

B Example of RMA and FSA Producers List for the Producer Crop/Acreage Report

The following is an example of search criteria for Producer Crop/Acreage report.

**Producer Crop/Acreage** Export

---

**Required Criteria**

Year:

Physical/Location State/Territory:  Physical/Location County:

Name  Tax ID

Tax ID:

---

**RMA & FSA Producers** (initial list sorted by Tax ID) Record Count: 1

Agency	Name	Tax ID	ID Type	Business/Entity Type	CIMS Commodities
FSA RMA	Producer A	Producer A Tax ID	EIN	LLC	

--\*

**\*--320.25 Exporting RMA and FSA Producers to Excel for the Producer Crop/Acreage Report**

**A Overview**

Once the RMA and FSA producer list is displayed, users can export the producer list to excel.

**B Example of the Export and Producer List Options and Excel Format**

The following is an example of the **export** and **producer list** options for the Producer Crop/Acreage report.

Warning this document contains Personal Identifiable Information (PII)

**Producer Crop/Acerage**

Tax ID	FSA Name	FSA Type	FSA Business Type	RMA Name	RMA Type	RMA Entity Type
Producer A Tax ID				Producer A	EIN	LLC

**C Action**

CLICK “**Export**” then “**Producer List**” in the upper right corner to export the producer list to excel.--\*

**\*--320.26 Displaying RMA Producer Detail and FSA Customer Detail for the Producer Crop/Acreage Report**

**A Overview**

From the RMA and FSA Producer list, users can retrieve RMA producer detail or FSA customer detail information for the selected producer.

**B Example of the RMA Producer Detail**

The following is an example of the RMA Producer Detail information.

The screenshot shows a web application interface. At the top, there's a header 'Producer Crop/Acreage by Crop'. Below it, a 'Required Criteria' section includes a 'Year' dropdown set to '2016' and a 'Physical/Location State/Territory' field. A 'Crop' dropdown is set to 'Wheat Including Khorasan/Kamut'. Below this is a table titled 'RMA & FSA Producers' with columns for 'Agency' and 'Name'. The table lists four producers: 'Producer A', 'Producer B', 'Producer C', and 'Producer D'. A red arrow points from 'Producer A' in the table to a pop-up window titled 'RMA Producer Detail'. The pop-up window contains the following information:

- Name:** Producer A
- Tax ID Type:** Any ID Type
- Entity Type:** Any Entity Type
- Address:** Any Address
- City, State Zip:** Any City, State Zip
- Phone Number:** Any Phone Number

The following is an example of the FSA Customer Detail information.

The screenshot shows a pop-up window titled 'FSA Customer Detail'. It contains the following information:

- Name:** Any Producer
- Tax ID Type:** Any Tax ID Type
- Business Type:** Any Business Type
- Foreign Address:**
- Supplemental Address:**
- Information Line:**
- Delivery Address:** Any Delivery Address
- City, State Zip:** Any City, State Zip
- Phone Number:**

**C Action**

CLICK the producer name from the producer list and the RMA producer detail or FSA customer detail will be displayed.--\*

**\*--320.27 Displaying RMA and FSA Level 1 Crops Reported for the Producer Crop/Acreage Report**

**A Overview**

From the RMA and FSA producer list users, will have access to level 1crops reported to RMA and/or FSA for the selected producer.

**B Example of RMA and FSA Level 1 Crops Reported for the Producer Crop/Acreage Report**

The following is an example of crops reported to RMA and FSA for the selected producer.

**Producer Crop/Acreage** [Export](#)

---

**Required Criteria**

Year:

Physical/Location State/Territory:  Physical/Location County:

Name  Tax ID

Tax ID:

---

**RMA & FSA Producers** (initial list sorted by Tax ID) Record Count:2

Agency	Name	Tax ID	ID Type	Business/Entity Type	CIMS Commodities
FSA RMA	Producer A Producer A	Producer A Tax ID	EIN EIN	Corporation Corporation	<a href="#">CIMS Commodities</a>

▶ <b>Corn</b>	Admin State:	Admin County:
▶ <b>Soybeans</b>	Physical/Location State:	Physical/Location County:
	Admin State:	Admin County:
	Physical/Location State:	Physical/Location County:

**C Action**

CLICK “Tax ID” to display level 1 crops reported to RMA and/or FSA as applicable.--\*

**\*--320.28 Displaying RMA and FSA Level 2 Crop Summary Information Reported for the Producer Crop/Acreage Report**

**A Overview**

The Producer Crop/Acreage report level 2 drill down will allow users to access crop summary information on individual producers and their RMA and/or FSA reported crop acreage.

**B Example of Level 2 RMA and FSA Crop Summary for the Producer Crop/Acreage Report**

The following is an example of level 2 RMA crop summary information for the Producer Crop/Acreage report.

<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> <b>Corn</b>	Admin State:	Admin County:
	Physical/Location State:	Physical/Location County:
<input type="checkbox"/> <b>RMA</b>	Total Acres: 324.10	Insurable: 324.10    Non-Insurable: 0.00
	Rate State:	Rate County:
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> <b>Soybeans</b>	Admin State:	Admin County:
	Physical/Location State:	Physical/Location County:
<input type="checkbox"/> <b>RMA</b>	Total Acres: 99.50	Insurable: 99.50    Non-Insurable: 0.00
	Rate State:	Rate County:

The following is an example of level 2 FSA crop summary information for the Producer Crop/Acreage report.

<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> <b>Wheat Including</b>	Admin State:	Admin County:
<b>Khorasan/Kamut</b>		
	Physical/Location State:	Physical/Location County:
<input type="checkbox"/> <b>FSA</b>	Total Acres: 422.50	Insurable: 422.50    Non-Insurable: 0.00

**C Action**

CLICK the drop-down arrow to the left of each level 1 crop name to display the level 2 summary of insurable **and/or** non-insurable acreage reported to RMA and/or FSA as applicable.--\*



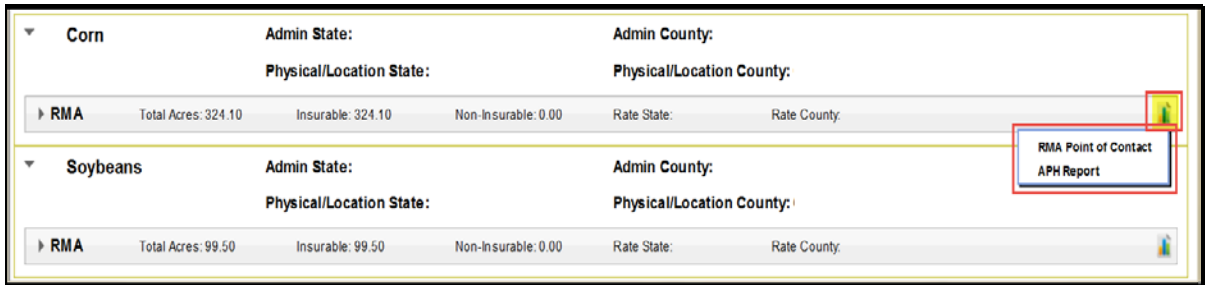
**\*--320.29 Displaying RMA Point of Contact and APH Report for the Producer Crop/Acreage Report**

**A Overview**

From the level 2 RMA name, users will have access to RMA Point of Contact and APH report.

**B Example of the RMA Point of Contact and APH Report Options**

The following is an example of the RMA Point of Contact and APH Report options.



**C Action**

CLICK the icon in the right corner of the level 2 RMA name, then CLICK:

- “**RMA Point of Contact**” and RMA point of contact information will be displayed
- “**APH Report**” and an APH report for the producer will be displayed.--\*

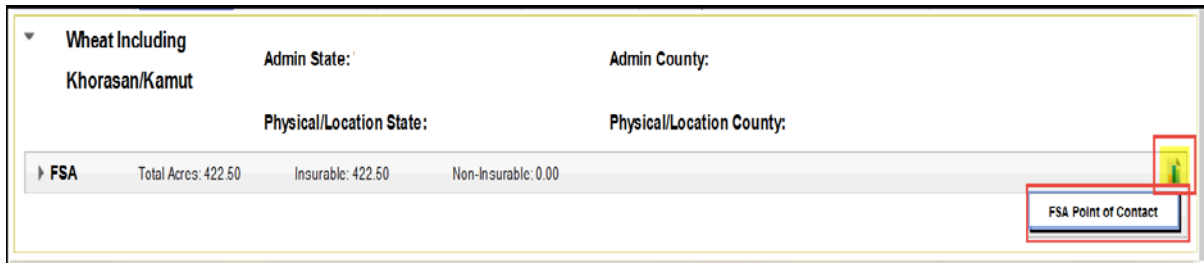
**\*--320.30 Displaying FSA Point of Contact for the Producer Crop/Acreage Report**

**A Overview**

From the level 2 FSA name, users will have access to FSA State point of contact.

**B Example of the FSA Point of Contact Options**

The following is an example of the FSA Point of Contact option.



**C Action**

CLICK the icon in the right corner of the level 2 FSA name, then CLICK “**FSA Point of Contact**” and the FSA State point of contact information will be displayed.--\*

**\*--320.31 Displaying RMA and FSA Level 3 Crop Summary Information for the Producer Crop/Acreage Report**

**A Overview**

The level 3 drill down provides a summary of information by:

- crop (insurable/noninsurable)
- type
- practice
- insurance plan
- total acres.

**B Example of RMA Level 3 Crop Summary Information for the Producer Crop/Acreage Report**

The following is an example of RMA level 3 crop summary information for the Producer Crop/Acreage report.

▼ <b>Corn</b>		<b>Admin State:</b>	<b>Admin County:</b>		
		<b>Physical/Location State:</b>	<b>Physical/Location County:</b>		
▼ <b>RMA</b>	Total Acres: 324.10	Insurable: 324.10	Non-Insurable: 0.00	Rate State:	Rate County:
▶ <b>Corn For Grain, L...</b> Type: Grain    Practice: Non-irrigated    Ins Plan: Revenue    Total Acres: 324.10					
▼ <b>Soybeans</b>		<b>Admin State:</b>	<b>Admin County:</b>		
		<b>Physical/Location State:</b>	<b>Physical/Location County:</b>		
▼ <b>RMA</b>	Total Acres: 99.50	Insurable: 99.50	Non-Insurable: 0.00	Rate State:	Rate County:
▶ <b>Soybeans, Insurable</b> Type: Commodity    Practice: Non-irrigated    Ins Plan: Revenue    Total Acres: 99.50					

--\*

**\*--320.31 Displaying RMA and FSA Level 3 Crop Summary Information for the Producer Crop/Acreage Report (Continued)**

**B Example of RMA Level 3 Crop Summary Information for the Producer Crop/Acreage Report (Continued)**

The following is an example of the FSA level 3 crop summary information for the Producer Crop/Acreage report.

▼ <b>Wheat Including</b>		<b>Admin State:</b>	<b>Admin County:</b>	
<b>Khorasan/Kamut</b>				
		<b>Physical/Location State:</b>	<b>Physical/Location County:</b>	
<hr/>				
▼ <b>FSA</b>	Total Acres: 422.50	Insurable: 422.50	Non-Insurable: 0.00	
<hr/>				
▶ <b>Wheat, Insurable</b>	Type: Hard Red Winter	Practice: Irrigated	Int Use: Grain	Total Acres: 324.00
▶ <b>Wheat, Insurable</b>	Type: Hard Red Winter	Practice: Non-irrigated	Int Use: Grain	Total Acres: 98.50

**C Action**

CLICK the drop-down arrow to the left of the level 2 RMA and/or FSA name, and the level 3 crop summary information for RMA and/or FSA will be displayed, as applicable.--\*

**\*--320.32 Displaying RMA and FSA Level 4 Acreage, Location and Policy Details for the Producer Crop/Acreage Report**

**A Overview**

The level 4 drill down will provide information for the acreage and location for FSA and/or RMA as applicable. Policy details will be available for RMA selection **only**.

**B Example of RMA and FSA Level 4 Acreage, Location and Policy Detail Options for the Producer Crop/Acreage Report**

The following is an example of RMA and FSA level 4 acreage, location, and policy detail option for the Producer Crop/Acreage report.

<b>Wheat Including</b> <b>Khorasan/Kamut</b>		<b>Admin State:</b>	<b>Admin County:</b>
		<b>Physical/Location State:</b>	<b>Physical/Location County:</b>
<b>FSA</b>	Total Acres: 422.50	Insurable: 422.50	Non-Insurable: 0.00
<input type="checkbox"/> <b>Wheat, Insurable</b>	Type: Hard Red Winter	Practice: Irrigated	Int Use: Grain
Total Acres: 324.00			
<div style="border: 1px solid red; padding: 2px;">         Acres          Location       </div>			
<b>RMA</b>	Total Acres: 86.50	Insurable: 0.00	Non-Insurable: 86.50
		Rate State:	Rate County:
<input type="checkbox"/> <b>Wheat, Khorasan/K...</b>	Type:	Practice:	Ins Plan: Yield Protection
Total Acres: 86.50			
<div style="border: 1px solid red; padding: 2px;">         Acres          Location          Policy Details       </div>			

**Note:** The Policy Details option will **not** be displayed for FSA selections.

**C Action**

CLICK the drop-down arrow to the left of the level 3 crop summary and the level 4 acreage, location, and policy details for RMA and/or FSA will be displayed, as applicable.--\*

**\*--320.33 Displaying RMA and FSA Level 4 Acres for the Producer Crop/Acreage Report**

**A Overview**

The level 4 acres provides specific acreage information reported for RMA and/or FSA.

**B Example of RMA and FSA Level 4 Acres for Producer Crop/Acreage Report**

The following is an example of RMA and FSA level 4 acres for the Producer Crop/Acreage report.

**FSA** Total Acres: 422.50 Insurable: 422.50 Non-Insurable: 0.00

Wheat, Insurable Type: Hard Red Winter Practice: Irrigated Int Use: Grain Total Acres: 324.00

Acreage Type	Total Acres	Initial Planted Acres	Double Planted Acres	Subsequent Planted Acres	Repeat Planted Acres	Failed Acres	Prevented Acres	Volunteer Acres	Experimental Acres
RPT	117.00	117.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
RPT	87.00	87.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
RPT	120.00	120.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00

**RMA** Total Acres: 86.50 Insurable: 0.00 Non-Insurable: 86.50 Rate State: Rate County:

Wheat, Khorasan/K... Type: Practice: Ins Plan: Yield Protection Total Acres: 86.50

Crop Unit	Total Acres	Planted	Uninsured	Prevented	Short Rated	Unit of Measure	Approved Yield	Zero Acreage Flag	AIP	Policy Number
	86.50	0.00	86.50	0.00	0.00	Acres	0.00		U EF	

**C Action**

CLICK “Acres” and level 4 acreage information for RMA and/or FSA will be displayed as applicable.--\*

**\*--320.33 Displaying RMA and FSA Level 4 Acres for the Producer Crop/Acreage Report (Continued)**

**D RMA and FSA Level 4 Acre Data and Data Descriptions**

The following table provides data and data descriptions for RMA level 4 acres.

<b>RMA Data</b>	<b>RMA Data Description</b>
Crop Unit	Insurable acreage of the insured crop in the county.
Total Acres	The insured's share of all acreage of an insured crop in the county whether insurable, not insurable, or uninsured.
Planted	Land in which seed, plants, or trees have been placed as appropriate for the insured crop.
Uninsured	Acreage that does not meet the insurability requirements as defined by the policy.
Prevented	Failure to plant the insured crop.
Short Rate	Acreage that will be destroyed before harvest.
Unit of Measure	Unit of measure for the crop.
Approved Yield	The yield, calculated and approved by the verifier.
Zero Acreage Flag	An acreage report filed by an insured that certifies the insured does not have a share in insurable acres of the crop for that crop year.
AIP	A legal entity, including the company, which has entered into a Standard Reinsurance Agreement with FCIC for the applicable reinsurance year.
Policy Number	The agreement between the insured and the AIP to insure an agricultural commodity.

--\*

**\*--320.33 Displaying RMA and FSA Level 4 Acres for the Producer Crop/Acreage Report (Continued)**

**D RMA and FSA Level 4 Acre Data and Data Descriptions (Continued)**

The following table provides data and data descriptions for FSA level 4 acres.

<b>FSA Data</b>	<b>FSA Data Description</b>
Acres Type	The acres type will specify if the acres is recorded as reported or determined in CARS.
Total Acres	Total acres will include acres reported in CARS with crop status of initial, subsequent, double, repeat, prevented, failed, volunteer, experimental and cover.
Initial Acres	Initial acres will include acres reported in CARS with an initial crop status only.
Double Acres	Double acres will include acres reported in CARS with a double crop status of "D", "E", "F", "G", "H", or "O".
Subsequent Acres	Subsequent acres will include acres reported in CARS with a subsequent crop status of "J", "K", "L", "M", "N", or "P".
Repeat Acres	Repeat acres will include acres reported in CARS with a repeat crop status only.
Failed Acres	Failed acres will include acres reported in CARS with supplemental status failed.
Prevented Acres	Prevented acres will include acres reported in CARS with supplemental status prevented.
Volunteer Acres	Volunteer acres will include acres reported in CARS with supplemental status volunteer.
Experimental Acres	Experimental acres will include acres reported in CARS with supplemental status experimental.

--\*



**\*--320.34 Displaying RMA and FSA Level 4 Location for the Producer Crop/Acreage Report**

**A Overview**

Level 4 location provides specific information on the location of the crop reported for RMA or FSA as applicable.

**B Example of RMA and FSA Level 4 Location for Producer Crop/Acreage Report**

The following is an example of RMA and FSA level 4 location detail for the Producer Crop/Acreage report.

**FSA** Total Acres: 202.03 Insurable: 202.03 Non-Insurable: 0.00

▼ **Wheat, Insurable** Type: Hard Red Winter Practice: Non-irrigated Int Use: Grain Total Acres: 202.03

Acres

Farm	Tract	Field	Subfield	Acreage Type	Total Acres	Share	Date Planted	Date Reported	Erodible Land Type Code	Notes	Last Change	CLU Date	GIS Status
0005915	9030	3		DTER	60.92	1.0000	12/04/2015	03/02/2016	NHEL		11/11/2012	12/03/2015	CLU
0005915	9030	4		DTER	30.91	1.0000	12/04/2015	03/02/2016	NHEL		11/11/2012	12/03/2015	CLU
0005915	9030	20		DTER	95.28	1.0000	12/04/2015	03/02/2016					FSN/Tract
0005915	9030	6		DTER	14.92	1.0000	12/04/2015	03/02/2016	NHEL		11/11/2012	12/03/2015	CLU

**RMA** Total Acres: 0.00 Insurable: 0.00 Non-Insurable: 0.00 Rate State: Rate County

▼ **Wheat, Khorasan/K...** Type: Practice: Ins Plan: Yield Protection Total Acres: 0.00

Acres

Unit	Grid ID	Land ID Type	Land ID	Farm	Tract	Field	Subfield	Report Acres	Date Planted	Date Reported
00040000		F	7229					0.00	01/01/1900	03/07/2016

Policy Details

**C Action**

CLICK “Location” to display the level 4 location for RMA and/or FSA as applicable.--\*

**\*--320.34 Displaying RMA and FSA Level 4 Location Details for the Producer Crop/Acreage Report (Continued)**

**D RMA and FSA Level 4 Location Data and Data Descriptions**

The following table provides data and data descriptions for RMA level 4 location details.

<b>RMA Data</b>	<b>RMA Data Description</b>
Unit	Insurable acreage of the insured crop in the county.
Grid ID	Grid ID from map for Pasture Rangeland and Forage Products and Apiculture.
Land ID Type	Identifies the type of Land ID.
Land ID	A code identifying a section of land within a farm.
Farm	An identification number assigned to a farm by the FSA county committee.
Tract	Unit of contiguous land under one ownership, which is operated as a farm, or part of a farm.
Field	Part of a farm which is separated from the balance of the farm by permanent boundaries.
Subfield	A field division used by FSA.
Reported Acres	The number of acres or tons reported by the insured before adjustment for share.
Date Planted	Latest date acreage was planted for the acreage reported on the record.
Date Reported	Most recent date RMA has received data from the AIP for the policy.

--\*

**\*--320.34 Displaying RMA and FSA Level 4 Location Details for the Producer Crop/Acreage Report (Continued)**

**D RMA and FSA Level 4 Location Data and Data Descriptions (Continued)**

<b>FSA Data</b>	<b>FSA Data Description</b>
Farm	The farm number entered in CARS, based on farm records.
Tract	The tract number entered in CARS, based on farm records.
Field	The field number entered in CARS, based on farm records.
Subfield	The subfield number entered in CARS.
Acreage Type	The acreage type will specify if the acreage is recorded as reported or determined in CARS.
Total Acres	Total acres will include acreage reported in CARS with crop status of initial, subsequent, double, repeat, prevented, failed, volunteer, experimental and cover.
Share	The shares entered in CARS for the crop and producer.
Date Planted	The planting date entered in CARS for the crop.
Date Reported	The last date information in CIMS is updated.
Erodible Land Type Code	An FSA GIS code indicating the highly erodible land status of the CLU.
Notes	FSA GIS comments data.
Last Change	FSA GIS date when the CLU spatial data was last updated by FSA.
CLU Date	Date GIS data was received from FSA.
GIS Status	FSA code representing the type of land contained in the CLU.

--\*

**\*--320.35 Displaying RMA Level 4 Policy Details for the Producer Crop/Acreage Report**

**A Overview**

The level 4 policy option provides specific information on the RMA policy.

**Note:** Policy details do **not** apply to FSA.

**B Example of RMA and FSA Level 4 Policy Details for the Producer Crop/Acreage Report**

The following is an example of RMA level 4 policy details for the Producer Crop/Acreage report.

<b>RMA</b>	Total Acres: 86.50	Insurable: 0.00	Non-Insurable: 86.50	Rate State:	Rate County:				
▼ <b>Wheat, Khorasan/K...</b>	Type:	Practice:	Ins Plan: Yield Protection	Total Acres: 86.50					
<b>Acres</b>									
<b>Location</b>									
<b>Policy Details</b>									
Policy Number: Any Policy Number									
Coverage	Crop Unit	Premium	Liability	Indemnity	GRP Indemnity	Harvested Indemnity	Prevented Indemnity	Unharvested Indemnity	Replanted Indemnity
A		0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00

**C Action**

CLICK “Policy Details” and RMA level 4 policy information will be displayed.

**\*--320.35 Displaying RMA Level 4 Policy Details for the Producer Crop/Acreage Report  
(Continued)**

**D RMA Level 4 Policy Details Data and Data Descriptions**

The following table provides data and data descriptions for RMA level 4 policy details.

RMA Data	RMA Data Description
Coverage	The amount of insurance protection against insured loss of production or value.
Crop Unit	Insurable acreage of the insured crop in the county.
Premium	The amount of money the insured pays for risk protection.
Liability	The total amount of insurance, value of the insured's production guarantee, or revenue protection guarantee for the unit
Indemnity	The dollar amount paid in the event of an insured loss.
GRP Indemnity	Indemnity paid in the event of an insured loss insured under Group Risk Plan (GRP) coverage.
Harvested Indemnity	Indemnity paid resulting from harvested acres calculation.
Prevented Indemnity	Indemnity paid resulting from prevented planting acres calculation.
Unharvested Indemnity	Indemnity paid resulting from unharvested acres calculation.

--\*

**\*--320.36 Accessing RMA Policy Holder Report and AIP Point of Contact the for Producer Crop/Acreage Report**

**A Overview**

From the level 4 policy details option, user will have access to the RMA policy holder report and the AIP point of contact.

**B Example of the RMA Policy Holder Report and AIP Point of Contact Options**

The following is an example of the RMA policy holder report and AIP point of contact for the Producer Crop/Acreage Report.

Policy Details								
Policy Number	Any Policy Number							
Policy Holder Report	Liability	Indemnity	GRP Indemnity	Harvested Indemnity	Prevented Indemnity	Unharvested Indemnity	Replanted Indemnity	
AIP Point of Contact	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00

**C Action**

CLICK the “Policy Number” to see the Policy Holder Report and the AIP Point of Contact option, and then CLICK:

- “**Policy Holder Report**” and the RMA policy holder report will be displayed
- “**AIP Point of Contact**” and the AIP point of contact will be displayed.--\*

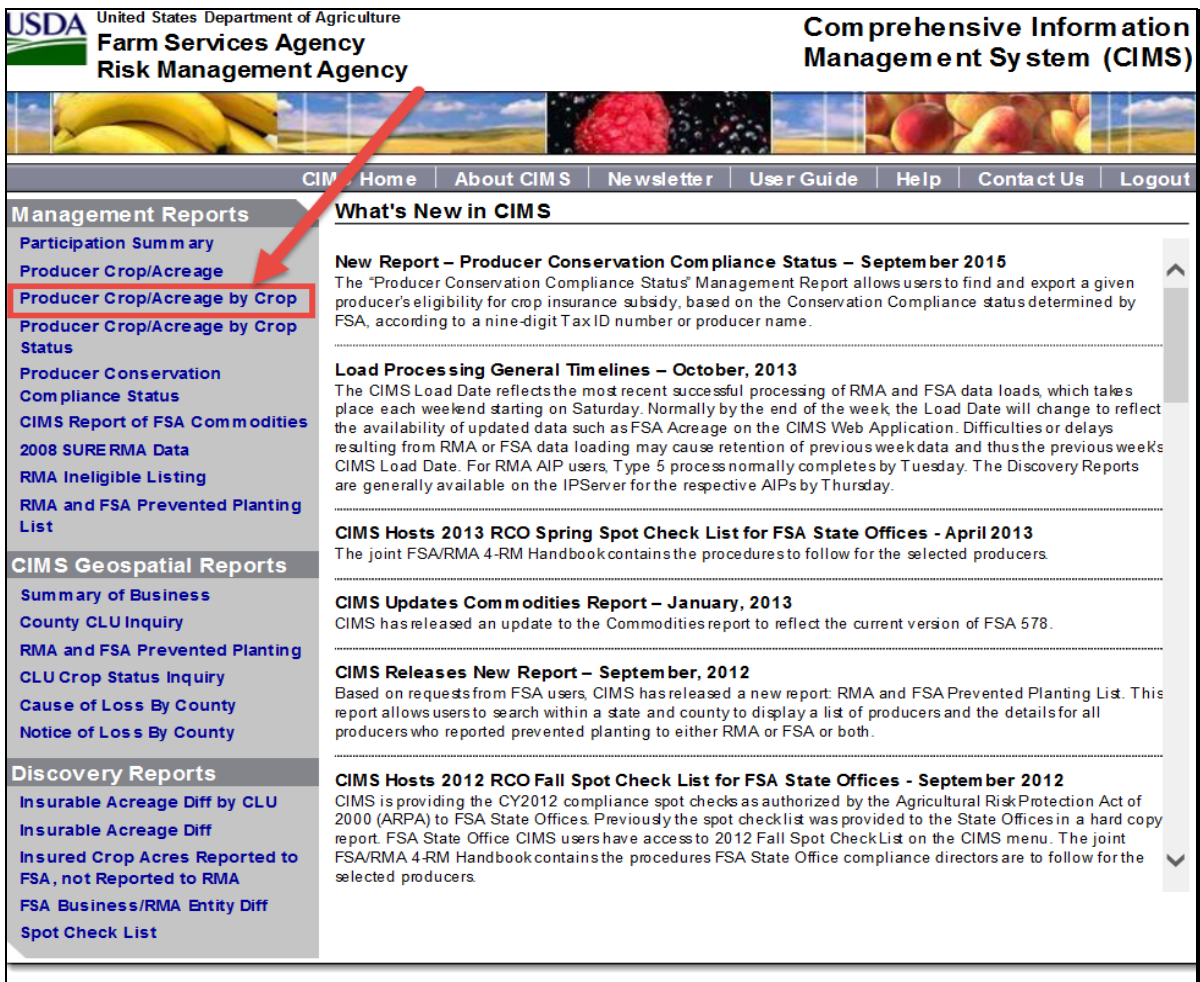
**\*--320.37 Selecting CIMS Management Report “Producer Crop/Acreage by Crop”**

**A Overview**

The “Producer Crop/Acreage by Crop” option appears under Management Reports on the left navigation. Like the Producer Crop/Acreage report, the Producer Crop/Acreage by Crop report works on a drill down concept to access detailed information on individual producers and their RMA and/or FSA reported crops and acreage.

**B Example of CIMS Management Report “Producer Crop/Acreage by Crop”**

The following is an example of Management Report “Producer Crop/Acreage by Crop”.



**C Action**

CLICK the “Producer Crop/Acreage by Crop” option under management reports on the left navigation.--\*

**\*--320.38 Entering Search Criteria for the Report Producer Crop/Acreage by Crop Report**

**A Overview**

After the user selects the “Producer Crop/Acreage by Crop” option, the Producer Crop/Acreage by Crop search criteria screen will be displayed.

**B Example of Search Criteria Screen for the Producer Crop/Acreage by Crop**

The following is an example of search criteria screen for the Producer Crop/Acreage by Crop.

**C Action**

Use the drop-down menu to select the applicable:

- year
- physical/location State/territory
- physical/location county
- crop.

CLICK:

- “**Submit**” and a list of RMA and FSA producers will be displayed
- “**Reset**” to clear the search criteria.--\*



**\*--320.39 RMA and FSA Producers for the Producer Crop/Acreage by Crop Report**

**A Overview**

Based on the information entered on the search criteria screen, a list of RMA and FSA Producers for the Producer Crop/Acreage by Crop report will be displayed. The Producer Crop/Acreage Producers will be listed only if crop information has been reported to RMA and/or FSA. If a producer reports crop information to one agency only, then the RMA and FSA Producer list will display producer name/information next to the agency where the crop information was reported.

From the RMA and FSA producer list, users can:

- export producer list to excel
- access RMA and FSA details
- access crops and crop summary information reported to RMA or FSA when available

**B Example of RMA and FSA Producers List for the Report Producer Crop/Acreage by Crop Report**

The following is an example of RMA and FSA Producers for the Producer Crop/Acreage by Crop report.

RMA & FSA Producers (initial list sorted by TaxID)							Record Count: 221
Agency	Name	Tax ID	ID Type	Business/Entity Type	CIMS Commodities		
FSA	Producer A		EIN	Joint Venture			
RMA	Producer A		EIN	Partnership	<a href="#">CIMS Commodities</a>		
FSA	Producer B		EIN	Limited Partnership			
RMA	Producer B		EIN	Joint Operations	<a href="#">CIMS Commodities</a>		
FSA	Producer C		EIN	General Partnership	<a href="#">CIMS Commodities</a>		
FSA	Producer D		EIN	Irrevocable Trusts			
RMA	Producer E		EIN	LLC			
FSA	Producer F		EIN	Limited Partnership			
RMA	Producer F		EIN	Partnership	<a href="#">CIMS Commodities</a>		
FSA	Producer G		SSN	Unknown/Individual for the FSA business type	<a href="#">CIMS Commodities</a>		
RMA	Producer H		EIN	Irrevocable Trusts			
FSA	Producer I		EIN	Partnership			
RMA	Producer J		EIN	General Partnership	<a href="#">CIMS Commodities</a>		

--\*

**\*--320.40 Exporting RMA and FSA Producer List to Excel for the Producer Crop/Acreage by Crop Report**

**A Overview**

Once the RMA and FSA producer list is displayed, users can export the producer list to excel.

**B Example of the Export and Producer List Options, and Excel Format for the Producer Crop/Acreage by Crop Report**

The following is an example of the **export** and **producer list** options for the Producer Crop/Acreage by Crop report.

Agency	Name	Tax ID	ID Type	Business/Entity Type	CMS Commodities
RMA	Producer A		EIN	Joint Venture Partnership	<a href="#">CMS Commodities</a>
FSA	Producer A		EIN	Limited Partnership	<a href="#">CMS Commodities</a>
RMA	Producer B		EIN	Joint Operations	<a href="#">CMS Commodities</a>
FSA	Producer C		EIN	General Partnership	<a href="#">CMS Commodities</a>
RMA	Producer D		EIN	Irrevocable Trusts	
FSA	Producer E		EIN	LLC	
RMA	Producer F		EIN	Limited Partnership	<a href="#">CMS Commodities</a>
FSA	Producer F		EIN	Partnership	<a href="#">CMS Commodities</a>
RMA	Producer G		SSN	Unknown/Individual for the FSA business type	<a href="#">CMS Commodities</a>
FSA	Producer H		EIN	Irrevocable Trusts	
RMA	Producer I		EIN	Partnership	
FSA	Producer J		EIN	General Partnership	<a href="#">CMS Commodities</a>
RMA	Producer J		EIN	General Partnership	<a href="#">CMS Commodities</a>

**C Action**

CLICK “**Export**” then “**Producer List**” in the upper right corner to export the producer list in excel format.--\*

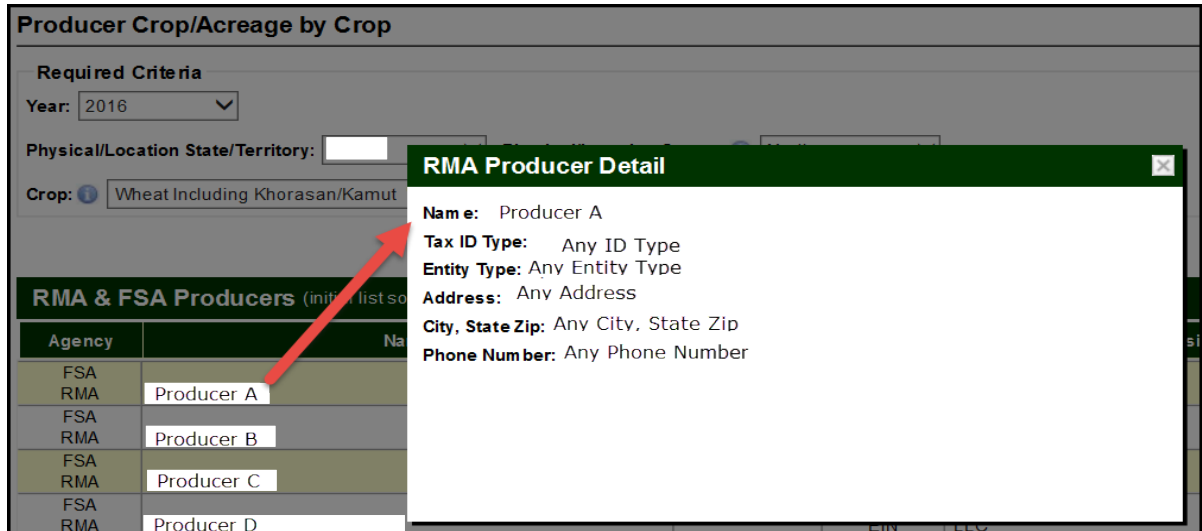
**\*--320.41 Displaying RMA Producer Detail and FSA Customer Detail for the Producer Crop/Acreage by Crop Report**

**A Overview**

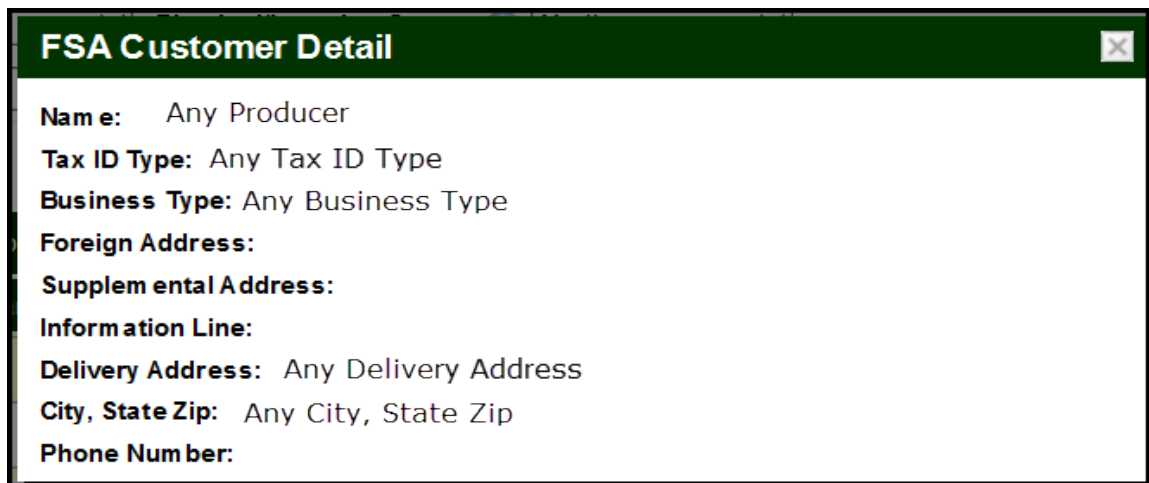
From the RMA and FSA Producer list, users can retrieve RMA producer detail or FSA customer detail information for the selected producer.

**B Example of the RMA Producer Detail**

The following is an example of the RMA Producer Detail.



The following is an example of the FSA Customer Detail



**C Action**

CLICK on the producer name from the producer list and RMA Producer Detail or FSA Customer Detail will be displayed, as applicable.--\*

**\*--320.42 Displaying RMA and FSA Level 1 Crops Reported for the Producer Crop/Acreage by Crop Report**

**A Overview**

From the RMA and FSA producer list, users will have access to crops reported to RMA and/or FSA for the selected crop.

**Note:** Although the Crop/Acreage by Crop report allows users to search for a specific crop, all crops associated with the selected tax id will be displayed for the level 1 crops reported to RMA and/or FSA.

**B Example of RMA and FSA Level 1 Crops Reported for the Producer Crop/Acreage by Crop Report**

The following is an example of level 1 crops reported to RMA and FSA for the selected crop/producer.

**Producer Crop/Acreage by Crop** Export

**Required Criteria**

Year: 2016

Physical/Location State/Territory: Physical/Location County:

Crop: Wheat Including Khorasan/Kamut

Submit Reset

RMA & FSA Producers (initial list sorted by Tax ID)						Record Count: 221
Agency	Name	Tax ID	ID Type	Business/Entity Type	CIMS Commodities	
FSA RMA	Producer A Producer A	Producer A Tax ID	EIN EIN	Joint Venture Partnership	<a href="#">CIMS Commodities</a>	

Wheat Including Khorasan/Kamut

Admin State: Admin County:

Physical/Location State: Physical/Location County:

**C Action**

CLICK “Tax ID” and crops reported for the producer will be displayed.--\*

**\*--320.43 Displaying RMA and FSA Level 2 Crop Summary Information Reported for the Producer Crop/Acreage by Crop Report**

**A Overview**

Like the Producer Crop/Acreage report level 2 drill down, the Producer Crop/Acreage by Crop report level 2 drill down will also allow users to access crop summary information on individual producers and their RMA and/or FSA reported crop acreage.

**B Example of RMA and FSA Level 2 Crop Summary Information for the Producer Crop/Acreage by Crop Report**

The following is an example of RMA and FSA level 2 crop summary information for the Producer Crop/Acreage by Crop report.

Agency	Name	Tax ID	ID Type	Business/Entity Type	CIMS Commodities
FSA RMA	Producer A Producer A	Producer A Tax ID	EIN EIN	Joint Venture Partnership	CIMS Commodities

<p>Wheat Including Khorasan/Kamut</p> <p>Admin State: TEXAS</p> <p>Admin County:</p> <p>Physical/Location State: TEXAS</p> <p>Physical/Location County:</p>	<p> <table border="1"> <tr> <td>▶ FSA</td> <td>Total Acres: 202.03</td> <td>Insurable: 202.03</td> <td>Non-Insurable: 0.00</td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td>▶ RMA</td> <td>Total Acres: 0.00</td> <td>Insurable: 0.00</td> <td>Non-Insurable: 0.00</td> <td>Rate State:      Rate County:</td> </tr> </table> </p>	▶ FSA	Total Acres: 202.03	Insurable: 202.03	Non-Insurable: 0.00		▶ RMA	Total Acres: 0.00	Insurable: 0.00	Non-Insurable: 0.00	Rate State:      Rate County:
▶ FSA	Total Acres: 202.03	Insurable: 202.03	Non-Insurable: 0.00								
▶ RMA	Total Acres: 0.00	Insurable: 0.00	Non-Insurable: 0.00	Rate State:      Rate County:							

**C Action**

CLICK the drop-down arrow to the left of the level 1 crop name to display a level 2 summary of insurable **and/or** non-insurable acreage reported to RMA and/or FSA as applicable.--\*

**\*--320.44 Displaying RMA Point of Contact and APH Report for the Producer Crop/Acreage by Crop Report**

**A Overview**

From the level 2 RMA name, user will have access to RMA Point of Contact and the APH report.

**B Example of the RMA Point of Contact and APH Report Options for the Producer Crop/Acreage by Crop Report**

The following is an example of the RMA Point of Contact and APH Report options.

Wheat Including  
Khorasan/Kamut

Admin State:  Admin County:

Physical/Location State:  Physical/Location County:

▶ FSA	Total Acres: 202.03	Insurable: 202.03	Non-Insurable: 0.00		
▶ RMA	Total Acres: 0.00	Insurable: 0.00	Non-Insurable: 0.00	Rate State:	Rate County:

RMA Point of Contact  
APH Report

**C Action**

CLICK the icon to the right of the level 1 RMA name, then CLICK:

- “RMA Point of Contact” to display RMA point of contact information
- “APH Report” and an APH report for the producer will be displayed.--\*

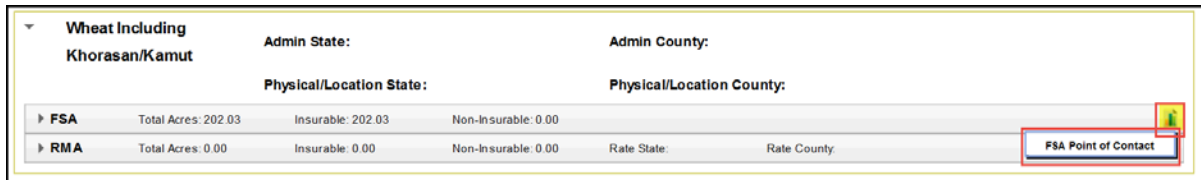
**\*--320.45 Displaying FSA Point of Contact for the Producer Crop/Acreage by Crop Report**

**A Overview**

From the level 2 FSA name, user will have access to FSA State point of contact for the Producer Crop/Acreage by Crop report.

**B Example of the FSA Point of Contact Options for the Producer Crop/Acreage by Crop Report**

The following is an example of the FSA Point of Contact options for the Producer Crop/Acreage by Crop report.



**C Action**

CLICK:

- the icon in the right corner of the level 2 FSA name, then
- “**FSA Point of Contact**” and FSA State point of contact information will be displayed.--\*

**\*--320.46 Displaying RMA and FSA Level 3 Crop Summary Information Reported for the Producer Crop/Acreage by Crop Report**

**A Overview**

The level 3 drill down will provide a summary of information by:

- Crop (insurable/noninsurable)
- Type
- Practice
- Insurance Plan
- Total Acres.

**B Example of RMA and FSA Level 3 Crop Summary Information for the Producer Crop/Acreage by Crop Report**

The following is an example of RMA and FSA level 3 crop summary information for the Producer Crop/Acreage by Crop report.

▼ <b>Wheat Including</b>		<b>Admin State:</b>	<b>Admin County:</b>	
Khorasan/Kamut				
		<b>Physical/Location State:</b>	<b>Physical/Location County:</b>	
▼ <b>FSA</b>	Total Acres: 202.03	Insurable: 202.03	Non-Insurable: 0.00	
▶ <b>Wheat, Insurable</b>	Type: Hard Red Winter	Practice: Non-irrigated	Int Use: Grain	Total Acres: 202.03
▼ <b>RMA</b>	Total Acres: 0.00	Insurable: 0.00	Non-Insurable: 0.00	Rate State:      Rate County:
▶ <b>Wheat, Khorasan/K...</b>	Type:	Practice:	Ins Plan: Yield Protection	Total Acres: 0.00

**C Action**

CLICK the drop-down arrow to the left of the level 2 RMA and/or FSA name, and level 3 crop summary information for RMA and/or FSA will be displayed, as applicable.--\*



**\*--320.47 Displaying RMA Level 4 Acreage, Location and Policy Details for the Producer Crop/Acreage by Crop Report**

**A Overview**

The level 4 drill down will provide information for the acreage and location for FSA and/or RMA as applicable. Policy details will be available for RMA selection **only**.

**B Example of RMA and FSA Level 4 Acreage, Location and Policy Details Options for the Producer Crop/Acreage by Crop Report**

The following is an example of level 4 acreage, location, and policy detail option for the Producer Crop/Acreage by Crop report.

▼ <b>Wheat Including</b>		<b>Admin State:</b>	<b>Admin County:</b>				
<b>Khorasan/Kamut</b>		<b>Physical/Location State:</b>	<b>Physical/Location County:</b>				
▼ <b>FSA</b>	Total Acres: 202.03	Insurable: 202.03	Non-Insurable: 0.00				
▼ <b>Wheat, Insurable</b>	Type: Hard Red Winter	Practice: Non-irrigated	Int Use: Grain	Total Acres: 202.03			
<table border="1"> <tr><td>Acres</td></tr> <tr><td>Location</td></tr> </table>					Acres	Location	
Acres							
Location							
▼ <b>RMA</b>	Total Acres: 0.00	Insurable: 0.00	Non-Insurable: 0.00	Rate State:      Rate County:			
▼ <b>Wheat, Khorasan/K...</b>	Type:	Practice:	Ins Plan: Yield Protection	Total Acres: 0.00			
<table border="1"> <tr><td>Acres</td></tr> <tr><td>Location</td></tr> <tr><td>Policy Details</td></tr> </table>					Acres	Location	Policy Details
Acres							
Location							
Policy Details							

**Note:** The “Policy Details” option will **not** be displayed for FSA selections.

**C Action**

CLICK the drop-down arrow to the left of the level 3 crop summary and level 4 acreage, location, and policy details for RMA or FSA will be displayed as applicable.--\*

**\*--320.48 Displaying RMA and FSA Level 4 Acres for the Producer Crop/Acreage by Crop Report**

**A Overview**

The level 4 acres option provides specific acreage information reported for RMA and/or FSA.

**B Example of RMA and FSA Level 4 Acres for Producer Crop/Acreage by Crop Report**

The following is an example of RMA and FSA level 4 acre for the Producer Crop/Acreage by Crop report.

**FSA** Total Acres: 202.03 Insurable: 202.03 Non-Insurable: 0.00

▼ **Wheat, Insurable** Type: Hard Red Winter Practice: Non-irrigated Int Use: Grain Total Acres: 202.03

Acreage Type	Total Acres	Initial Planted Acres	Double Planted Acres	Subsequent Planted Acres	Repeat Planted Acres	Failed Acres	Prevented Acres	Volunteer Acres	Experimental Acres
DTER	60.92	60.92	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
DTER	30.91	30.91	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
DTER	95.28	95.28	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
DTER	14.92	14.92	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00

Location

---

**RMA** Total Acres: 0.00 Insurable: 0.00 Non-Insurable: 0.00 Rate State: Rate County:

▼ **Wheat, Khorasan/K...** Type: Practice: Ins Plan: Yield Protection Total Acres: 0.00

Crop Unit	Total Acres	Planted	Uninsured	Prevented	Short Rated	Unit of Measure	Approved Yield	Zero Acreage Flag	A/P	Policy Number
00040000	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	Acres	0.00	X	EF	0202371

Location  
Policy Details

**C Action**

CLICK “Acres” and display level 4 acreage information for RMA and/or FSA will be displayed as applicable.--\*

**\*--320.48 Displaying RMA and FSA Level 4 Acres for the Producer Crop/Acreage Report by Crop (Continued)**

**D RMA and FSA Level 4 Acres Data and Data Descriptions**

The following table provides data and data descriptions for RMA level 4 acres.

<b>RMA Data</b>	<b>RMA Data Description</b>
Crop Unit	Insurable acreage of the insured crop in the county.
Total Acres	The insured's share of all acreage of an insured crop in the county whether insurable, not insurable, or uninsured.
Planted	Land in which seed, plants, or trees have been placed as appropriate for the insured crop.
Uninsured	Acreage that does not meet the insurability requirements as defined by the policy.
Prevented	Failure to plant the insured crop.
Short Rate	Acreage that will be destroyed before to harvest.
Unit of Measure	Unit of measure for the crop.
Approved Yield	The yield, calculated and approved by the verifier.
Zero Acreage Flag	An acreage report filed by an insured that certifies the insured does not have a share in insurable acres of the crop for that crop year.
AIP	A legal entity, including the Company, which has entered into a Standard Reinsurance Agreement with FCIC for the applicable reinsurance year.
Policy Number	The agreement between the insured and the AIP to insure an agricultural commodity.

--\*

**\*--320.48 Displaying RMA and FSA Level 4 Acres for the Producer Crop/Acreage Report by Crop (Continued)**

**D RMA and FSA Level 4 Acres Data and Data Descriptions (Continued)**

The following table provides data and data descriptions for FSA level 4 acres.

<b>FSA Data</b>	<b>FSA Data Description</b>
Acreage Type	The acreage type will specify if the acreage is recorded as reported or determined in CARS.
Total Acres	Total acres will include acreage reported in CARS with crop status of initial, subsequent, double, repeat, prevented, failed, volunteer, experimental and cover.
Initial Acres	Initial acres will include acreage reported in CARS with an initial crop status only.
Double Acres	Double acres will include acreage reported in CARS with a double crop status of "D", "E", "F", "G", "H", or "O".
Subsequent Acres	Subsequent acres will include acreage reported in CARS with a subsequent crop status of "J", "K", "L", "M", "N", or "P".
Repeat Acres	Repeat acres will include acreage reported in CARS with a repeat crop status only.
Failed Acres	Failed acres will include acreage reported in CARS with supplemental status failed.
Prevented Acres	Prevented acres will include acreage reported in CARS with supplemental status prevented.
Volunteer Acres	Volunteer acres will include acreage reported in CARS with supplemental status volunteer.
Experimental Acres	Experimental acres will include acreage reported in CARS with supplemental status experimental.

--\*

**\*--320.49 Displaying RMA and FSA Level 4 Location for the Producer Crop/Acreage by Crop Report**

**A Overview**

The level 4 location option provides specific information on the location of the crop/crops reported for RMA and/or FSA as applicable.

**B Example of RMA and FSA Level 4 Location for Producer Crop/Acreage by Crop Report**

The following is an example of RMA and FSA level 4 location for the Producer Crop/Acreage by Crop report.

The screenshot displays two report sections. The top section is for FSA, showing a total of 202.03 acres. Below this, a table lists location details for four different parcels. The bottom section is for RMA, showing 0.00 acres, with a single location entry for a unit with a report area of 0.00 acres.

Farm	Tract	Field	Subfield	Acreage Type	Total Acres	Share	Date Planted	Date Reported	Erodible Land Type Code	Notes	Last Change	CLU Date	GIS Status
0005915	9030	3		DTER	60.92	1.0000	12/04/2015	03/02/2016	NHEL		11/11/2012	12/03/2015	CLU
0005915	9030	4		DTER	30.91	1.0000	12/04/2015	03/02/2016	NHEL		11/11/2012	12/03/2015	CLU
0005915	9030	20		DTER	95.28	1.0000	12/04/2015	03/02/2016					FSN/Tract
0005915	9030	6		DTER	14.92	1.0000	12/04/2015	03/02/2016	NHEL		11/11/2012	12/03/2015	CLU

Unit	Grid ID	Land ID Type	Land ID	Farm	Tract	Field	Subfield	Report Acres	Date Planted	Date Reported
00040000		F	7229					0.00	01/01/1900	03/07/2018

**C Action**

CLICK “Location” and level 4 location information for RMA and/or FSA will be displayed, as applicable.--\*

**\*--320.49 Displaying RMA and FSA Level 4 Location for the Producer Crop/Acreage Report by Crop (Continued)**

**D RMA and FSA Level 4 Location Data and Data Descriptions**

The following table provides data and data descriptions for RMA level 4 location.

<b>RMA Data</b>	<b>RMA Data Description</b>
Unit	Insurable acreage of the insured crop in the county.
Grid ID	Grid ID from map for Pasture Rangeland and Forage Products and Apiculture.
Land ID Type	Identifies the type of Land ID.
Land ID	A code identifying a section of land within a farm.
Farm	An identification number assigned to a farm by the FSA county committee.
Tract	Unit of contiguous land under one ownership, which is operated as a farm, or part of a farm.
Field	Part of a farm which is separated from the balance of the farm by permanent boundaries.
Subfield	A field division used by FSA.
Reported Acres	The number of acres or tons reported by the insured before adjustment for share.
Date Planted	Latest date acreage was planted for the acreage reported on the record.
Date Reported	Most recent date RMA has received data from the AIP for the policy.

--\*

**\*--320.49 Displaying RMA and FSA Level 4 Location for the Producer Crop/Acreage Report by Crop (Continued)**

**D RMA and FSA Level 4 Location Data and Data Descriptions (Continued)**

The following table provides data and data descriptions for FSA level 4 location details.

<b>FSA Data</b>	<b>FSA Data Description</b>
Farm	The farm number entered in CARS, based on farm records.
Tract	The tract number entered in CARS, based on farm records.
Field	The field number entered in CARS, based on farm records.
Subfield	The subfield number entered in CARS.
Acreage Type	The acreage type will specify if the acreage is recorded as reported or determined in CARS.
Total Acres	Total acres will include acreage reported in CARS with crop status of initial, subsequent, double, repeat, prevented, failed, volunteer, experimental and cover.
Share	The shares entered in CARS for the crop and producer.
Date Planted	The planting date entered in CARS for the crop.
Date Reported	The last date information in CIMS is updated.
Erodible Land Type Code	An FSA GIS code indicating the highly erodible land status of the CLU.
Notes	FSA GIS comments data.
Last Change	FSA GIS date when the CLU spatial data was last updated by FSA.
CLU Date	Date GIS data was received from FSA.
GIS Status	FSA code representing the type of land contained in the CLU.

--\*

**\*--320.50 Displaying RMA Level 4 Policy Details for the Producer Crop/Acreage by Crop Report**

**A Overview**

The level 4 policy details option provides specific information for the RMA policy.

**Note:** Policy details do **not** apply to FSA.

**B Example of RMA Level 4 Policy Details for Producer Crop/Acreage by Crop Report**

The following is an example of RMA level 4 policy details for the Producer Crop/Acreage by Crop report.

Policy Details									
Policy Number: Any Policy Number									
Coverage	Crop Unit	Premium	Liability	Indemnity	GRP Indemnity	Harvested Indemnity	Prevented Indemnity	Unharvested Indemnity	Replanted Indemnity
C		0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00

**C Action**

CLICK “Policy Details” and RMA level 4 policy information will be displayed.

**D RMA Level 4 Policy Details Data and Data Descriptions**

The following table provides data and data descriptions for RMA policy details.

RMA Data	RMA Data Description
Coverage	The amount of insurance protection against insured loss of production or value.
Crop Unit	Insurable acreage of the insured crop in the county.
Premium	The amount of money the insured pays for risk protection.
Liability	The total amount of insurance, value of the insured’s production guarantee, or revenue protection guarantee for the unit.
Indemnity	The dollar amount paid in the event of an insured loss.
GRP Indemnity	Indemnity paid in the event of an insured loss insured under Group Risk Plan (GRP) coverage.
Harvested Indemnity	Indemnity paid resulting from harvested acres calculation.
Prevented Indemnity	Indemnity paid resulting from prevented planting acres calculation.
Unharvested Indemnity	Indemnity paid resulting from unharvested acres calculation.

--\*



**\*--320.51 Accessing RMA Policy Holder Report and AIP Point of Contact for the Producer Crop/Acreage by Crop Report**

**A Overview**

From the policy details option user will have access to the RMA policy holder report and the AIP point of contact for the Producer Crop/Acreage by Crop report.

**B Example of the RMA Policy Holder Report and AIP Point of Contact Options for the Producer Crop/Acreage by Crop Report**

The following is an example of the RMA policy holder report and AIP point of contact for the Producer Crop/Acreage by Crop report.

The screenshot shows a table with a header row and one data row. The header row includes columns for Coverage, Premium, Liability, Indemnity, GRP Indemnity, Harvested Indemnity, Prevented Indemnity, Unharvested Indemnity, and Replanted Indemnity. The data row shows values for each of these columns. A red arrow points to the 'Policy Number' field, which is circled in green.

Coverage	Premium	Liability	Indemnity	GRP Indemnity	Harvested Indemnity	Prevented Indemnity	Unharvested Indemnity	Replanted Indemnity
A	xxxxxx	13,028.00	212,937.00	6,076.00	0.00	6,076.00	0.00	0.00

The screenshot shows a table with a header row and one data row. The header row includes columns for Premium, Liability, Indemnity, GRP Indemnity, Harvested Indemnity, Prevented Indemnity, Unharvested Indemnity, and Replanted Indemnity. The data row shows values for each of these columns. A dropdown menu is open over the 'Policy Number' field, showing two options: 'Policy Holder Report' and 'AIP Point of Contact'.

Premium	Liability	Indemnity	GRP Indemnity	Harvested Indemnity	Prevented Indemnity	Unharvested Indemnity	Replanted Indemnity
.00	212,937.00	6,076.00	0.00	6,076.00	0.00	0.00	0.00

**C Action**

CLICK:

- “**Policy Holder Report**” and the RMA policy holder report will be displayed
- “**AIP Point of Contact**” and the AIP point of contact will be displayed.--\*



**Part 3 Compliance Reviews and Spot Checks**

**Section 1 General Guidelines, Applicable Programs, and Selection Process**

**321 Introduction**

**A Purpose**

County Offices are required to conduct farm inspections to ensure that producers comply with FSA program requirements.

Producers are selected for compliance reviews and spot check through a national selection process. Producers selected shall be spot checked and reviewed for the following programs/activities:

- ARCPLC
- BCAP
- CRP maintenance and practice checks
- CTAP
- ECP
- EFRP
- ELAP
- FSA-578's
- HELC/WC compliance
- LDP's/MAL's
- LFP
- LIP
- \* \* \*
- MPP
- NAP
- RTCP
- \* \* \*
- TAP.

\* \* \*

**B Time of Inspection**

County Offices shall conduct inspections on producers selected through the national selection process at times applicable for the specific program/activity involved. County Offices shall \*--follow applicable program procedure for timing of inspections. All spot checks must be completed and results must be recorded in the National Compliance Review database before the survey end date according to paragraph 360.--\*

## 322 National Compliance Review and Spot Check Selections

### A National Producer Selection Process

Rather than selecting individual farms, loans, contracts, etc., for compliance reviews, a nationwide selection of producers will be made annually by the National Office using a statistical sampling method. Producers will be selected based on their participation in various programs. FSA employees, committee members, and other required producers are included in the national selection.

**Note:** Because FSA employees, STC and COC members and other “required producers” are included in the national selection, County Offices shall no longer conduct separate spot checks on required producers.

Early each calendar year, the National Office will post the listing of producers selected for annual compliance reviews on the Intranet at

\*--<http://fsaintranet.sc.egov.usda.gov/ffas/farmbill/ccc/default.htm>--\*

The national producer selection list will be broken down by State and county. Under each county, the list will display the following:

- producer first and last name and/or business name
- tax ID type (“E”ntity or “S”ocial).

**Notes:** In some cases, there may be multiple producers in the county with the same name. If County Offices have concerns about which producer has been selected for spot check and review, the County Office shall contact the State Office. The State Office shall contact the National Office for TIN for the selected producer.

Producers may operate as an individual and an entity. The national producer selection list will identify the tax ID type associated with the selected producer. County Offices shall only review farms, loans, contracts, etc., associated with the tax ID type listed.

**Example:** Joe Farmer farms as an individual and also farms as a member of a partnership. Joe Farmer was selected for 2007 compliance reviews. The national producer selection list included his first and last name and the tax ID type S. In this example Joe Farmer was selected as an individual (based on his tax ID type). Therefore, County Offices shall only check/review farms, loans, and contacts he is associated with as an individual.

Producers will be listed for each State/county they are associated; thus, compliance reviews and spot checks may be performed for a producer in multiple States/counties depending on the scope of the operation.

County Offices shall print and maintain the list of producers selected in their county. The National Office will **not** make another selection of producers for the year.

**Note:** Not all States and counties may have producers selected for spot check and review.

**322 National Compliance Review and Spot Check Selections (Continued)****B DD Concurrence for Nonparticipating Selected Producers**

Because the national selection process is based in part on prior years' payments and program participation, some producers selected may not be farming or participating in FSA programs for the current year.

If a County Office determines a producer is not farming for the current year, the County Office shall:

- notate "N/A" by the producer's name on the national producer selection list to indicate that the producer is not participating in FSA programs for the year
- forward the list to DD for review and concurrence.

DD's shall review, initial, and date the list indicating their agreement that the producer is not farming or participating in FSA programs for the year.

**C Adding Additional Producers for Spot Check/Review**

Only the producers identified on the national producer selection list are required to be spot checked and reviewed for the programs listed in subparagraph A. However, State and County Offices may spot check any producer not identified on the national producer selection list if there is reason to question the producer's compliance with any program provisions.

**D County Office Responsibilities**

County Offices shall:

- perform compliance reviews on all producers selected under the national selection process throughout the year for all programs and/or activities listed in subparagraph 321 A--\*

**Note:** County Offices shall follow Section 2.5 when performing compliance reviews/spot checks.

## 322 National Compliance Review and Spot Check Selections (Continued)

**D County Office Responsibilities (Continued)**

- when conducting compliance reviews and spot checks, County Offices shall check:
  - for FSA-578 spot checks, the current year FSA-578, as well as any prior year FSA-578 that has been revised since the last spot check list

**Note:** When reviewing prior year FSA-578's, County Offices shall ensure that the correct documentation is on file according to 2-CP.

- \*--for all other programs, any application/contract that has been enrolled and/or--\* approved for payment since the last spot check list
- document questions from each program area to record in the National Compliance Review Database according to paragraphs 360 and 361.

**E Available Resources**

County Offices may use the following resources as tools to assist them in identifying the specific programs selected producers are participating in:

- web-based FSA application reports

**Note:** Approved application reports are available for most web-based applications, \*--including ARCPLC, LFP, LIP, and TAP, and identify producers with approved--\* applications.

- farm records to identify active farms for selected producers
- NPS to identify program payments selected producers received
- Financial Web Application Data Mart to identify program payments received for a specific date range by selected producers
- \* \* \* CLPS for 2015 and subsequent years, and eLDP to identify MAL and LDP payments producers received in a specific county

\* \* \*

- CCMS that contains numerous reports identifying producers with active CRP contracts
- COC meeting minutes to identify applications/contracts approved for various programs.

**323 Refusals to Permit Farm Entry****A Producer Refuses Entry**

If a producer refuses to permit an FSA representative to enter the farm, the representative shall:

- immediately notify CED
- document the following on FSA-578, remarks section:
  - refusal date
  - \*--person who made the refusal, if known--\*
  - reason for refusal
  - acreage estimate, if obtainable
- sign and date FSA-578, remarks section.

**B County Office Action**

When advised of a refusal to permit entry, the County Office shall immediately notify the farm operator, in writing, of the following:

- refusal date
- person who made the refusal
- person who was refused entry
- consequences of refusal to permit entry. See subparagraph C.

After notifying the farm operator of the situation and the options available, the FSA representative shall make no further effort to enter the farm.

If the producer does not respond to the letter, or continues to refuse entry, consider all producers on the farm ineligible for program benefits.

**323 Refusals to Permit Farm Entry (Continued)**

**C Consequences of Refusing to Permit Entry**

The following provides consequences of refusing to permit entry.

<b>IF farm entry will...</b>	<b>THEN the...</b>
not be permitted	farm will be considered ineligible for FSA programs that require crop and acreage reports.
be permitted after receiving notification	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• operator must notify County Office within 15 calendar days of the notification date</li> <li>• producer must pay the cost of the visit to determine the acreage.</li> </ul>

**324-327 (Withdrawn--Amend. 53)**

**328 (Reserved)**

**329, 330 (Withdrawn--Amend. 49)**

**331 (Withdrawn--Amend. 53)**



**332 Employee Reviews**

**A Purpose**

The purpose of employee reviews is to ensure that each employee involved in compliance activities is following procedures and that the compliance determinations are accurate.

An annual review of FSA-577's shall be conducted by a State Office representative.

**B Rule**

Do not assign a farm for inspection to an FSA representative who has, or whose immediate family has, an interest in the farm.

**C Spot-Checking Employees**

Select farms for checking from the employee's most recent work to determine the quality of the employee's work and knowledge of program requirements. The selection shall represent the different phases and levels of difficulty on all aspects of compliance determinations required for program participation and determinations necessary for other programs.

**Note:** Do not remeasure all fields or bins or appraise all fields on the farm unless it is determined that the work must be redone.

332 Employee Reviews (Continued)

**D When Errors Are Discovered**

Use procedure in this table when employee errors are discovered.

<b>IF...</b>	<b>THEN...</b>
an employee error is discovered	check at least 2 additional farms with the same level of difficulty of work.
further errors are discovered	rate the work unacceptable.
work has been rated unacceptable	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• recall or check all work assigned</li> <li>• assign additional training in deficient areas</li> <li>• do not assign further work until additional training has been completed and the deficiencies have been corrected</li> <li>• spot-check a sample of newly assigned work after advance training.</li> </ul>
additional training has been assigned	State Offices shall: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• review FSA-577 of each employee</li> <li>• verify that additional training was completed and deficiencies have been corrected for employees rated unacceptable.</li> </ul>

## 332 Employee Reviews (Continued)

**\*--E Loss Adjuster--\***

County Offices shall be responsible for reviewing each LA annually on FSA-577.

**Note:** Only LA's or certified employees are qualified to perform LA reviews. A designated State Office representative may perform LA reviews when there is an insufficient number of qualified personnel.

- To review experienced LA's, use the larger of the following:
  - at least 2 inspections
  - 2 percent of all completed CCC-576-1's.
- To review new LA's, use the larger of the following:
  - at least 4 inspections
  - 2 percent of all completed CCC-576-1's.

A selection of CCC-576-1's to meet review requirements shall be made periodically while LA is working for the County Office. The following items shall be reviewed:

- all applicable loss documents and certification reports of acreage and production to ensure accuracy and ease of electronic processing
- crop appraisal
- farm photocopies for adequate documentation; such as, unit, FSN, tract, field number, crop, and crop year
- losses submitted that are not consistent with other losses in the area.

County Offices shall follow subparagraph D when errors are discovered.

**Note:** If LA's are working claims in multiple Counties, coordination between counties should ensure that the required number of reviews are being performed.

332 Employee Reviews (Continued)

**F Completing FSA-577**

\*--Document employee and loss adjuster spot checks on FSA-577 according to this procedure. See an example of FSA-577 in subparagraph G.

<b>Item</b>	<b>Instructions</b>
1 through 5	Enter county, name of employee or loss adjuster, kind of check, farm--* number, and crop.
6 and 7	Check applicable items for which errors, omissions, or inadequacies are noted, and provide an explanation.
8	Explain any recommended training and make additional comments as necessary.
9 A and 9 B	*--The supervisor shall rate the employee or loss adjuster as acceptable or not acceptable, sign, and date.
9 C and 9 D	The employee or loss adjuster shall review FSA-577 with the supervisor and sign and date.
10	The supervisor and employee or loss adjuster shall sign and date after completing the necessary training and recommendations.
11	<p>The State Office representative shall:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• ensure that recommended action is appropriate and has been carried out</li> <li>• ensure that FSA-577 was reviewed with employee or loss adjuster--* that is being checked</li> <li>• sign and date.</li> </ul>

332 Employee Reviews (Continued)

G Example of FSA-577

This is an example of a completed FSA-577.

REPRODUCE LOCALLY. Include form number and date on reproductions.			
<b>FSA-577</b> U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE Farm Service Agency <b>REPORT OF SUPERVISORY CHECK</b>		1. COUNTY  OWASCO	2. NAME OF EMPLOYEE  Jane Doe
3. KIND OF CHECK		4. FARM NUMBER	5. CROP OR LAND USES (for which determination is made)
<input type="checkbox"/> MEASUREMENT SERVICE <input type="checkbox"/> FCI-74 <input type="checkbox"/> PREACCEPTANCE INSPECTION <input type="checkbox"/> ACREAGE DETERMINATION <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> APPRAISAL <input type="checkbox"/> OTHER (Specify)		110	Cotton
6. ERRORS, OMISSIONS, OR INADEQUACIES NOTED (Check all applicable items and explain in Item 7.)			
A. VERIFICATION OF BASIC DATA	<input type="checkbox"/>	I. COMPUTATIONS	<input type="checkbox"/>
B. NECESSARY SIGNATURES & DATES	<input type="checkbox"/>	J. DEDUCTIONS	<input type="checkbox"/>
C. ERASURES	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	K. CROP CONDITION REPORT	<input type="checkbox"/>
D. AREA IDENTIFICATION	<input type="checkbox"/>	L. CAUSE OF CROP DAMAGE	<input type="checkbox"/>
E. SKETCHES	<input type="checkbox"/>	M. HARVESTED PRODUCTION	<input type="checkbox"/>
F. LANDMARKS	<input type="checkbox"/>	N. TEST WEIGHT	<input type="checkbox"/>
G. CROP & LAND USE	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	O. SHELLING PERCENT	<input type="checkbox"/>
H. MEASUREMENTS	<input type="checkbox"/>	P. MOISTURE	<input type="checkbox"/>
Q. STAGE IDENTIFICATION		<input type="checkbox"/>	
R. APPRAISED PRODUCTION		<input type="checkbox"/>	
S. JUDGMENT		<input type="checkbox"/>	
T. DAMAGE TO EQUIPMENT		<input type="checkbox"/>	
U. DATE OF CROP DAMAGE		<input type="checkbox"/>	
V. SHARE VERIFICATION		<input type="checkbox"/>	
W. OTHER		<input type="checkbox"/>	
X. NONE NOTED		<input type="checkbox"/>	
7. EXPLANATION OF DEFICIENCIES			
Program assistant identified subdivision 3A on the aerial slide as cotton and recorded the determined acres as cotton acres on FSA-578 when in fact subdivision 3A on the photocopy for tract 10 above is planted in soybeans. Subdivision 3B was planted to cotton. The aerial slide shows field 5A has a narrow strip along the north side not planted in cotton. However, the narrow strip was digitized and included in the determined acres for cotton.  No errors found on the 6 other farms checked.			
8. RECOMMENDED TRAINING AND ADDITIONAL COMMENTS			
9. SUPERVISOR'S REVIEW OF REPORT			
A. The work of the employee has been checked as indicated above and is:		EMPLOYEE'S CONCURRENCE	
ACCEPTABLE <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> NOT ACCEPTABLE <input type="checkbox"/> <i>(additional training needed)</i>		C. This report has been reviewed with me and if applicable, any need for corrective action has been discussed.	
B. SUPERVISOR'S SIGNATURE	DATE	D. EMPLOYEE'S SIGNATURE	DATE
/s/ Patrick Thomas	6-7-9X	/s/ Jane Doe	6/8/9X
10. FOLLOWUP TO RECOMMENDED TRAINING			
A. The necessary training and recommendations have been completed.			
B. SUPERVISOR'S SIGNATURE	DATE	C. EMPLOYEE'S SIGNATURE	DATE
11. STATE OFFICE REVIEW			
A. I have reviewed this report and agree with all actions noted.		B. STATE OFFICE REPRESENTATIVE'S SIGNATURE	DATE
		/s/ E. I. Lawrence	6-8-9X
<small>This program or activity will be conducted on a nondiscriminatory basis without regard to race, color, religion, national origin, age, sex, marital status, or disability.</small>			

**332 Employee Reviews (Continued)**

**H Distributing FSA-577**

Distribute FSA-577 as follows:

- original to CP 3-3 folder for County Office spot checks according to 25-AS, Exhibit 30
- 1 copy to the employee or LA who was spot-checked
- 1 copy to DD when required by either of the following:
  - State Office review requires County Office action
  - County Office finds deficiencies that may result in an adverse action.

**333, 334 (Reserved)**

**335 (Withdrawn--Amend. 53)**

**336-343 (Reserved)**

**Section 2 (Withdrawn--Amend. 41)**

**344 (Withdrawn--Amend. 41)**

**345 (Withdrawn--Amend. 33)**

**346-348 (Withdrawn--Amend. 41)**

**Section 2.5 Performing Compliance Reviews and Spot Checks**

**349 (Withdrawn--Amend. 66)**

**\*--349.5 ARCPLC Compliance Reviews**

**A Introduction**

The ARCPLC spot check process is State, county, and farm specific. Reviews shall be completed on all producers participating in ARCPLC and selected for spot check according to national producer selection process in subparagraph 322 A. County Offices shall ensure that the spot check process is completed for each farm associated with the selected producer.

**Note:** ARCPLC is applicable to compliance reviews and spot checks for 2015 and subsequent years only.--\*

\*--349.5 ARCPLC Compliance Reviews (Continued)

**B ARCPLC Compliance Review Questions**

The following questions shall be documented during ACRPLC compliance reviews and recorded in the National Compliance Review Database. Findings shall be recorded by FSN.

County Offices must first enter the farm number for the applicable farm being spot-checked. County Office users shall take extra caution when entering the farm number in the National Compliance Review Database because there is **not** a validation to the farm records maintenance system.

<b>Question</b>	
<b>Yield Certification</b>	
1	Was CCC-859 completed for one or more covered commodities on the farm? <b>Yes, No, or N/A</b>
2	If yes, was an actual or substitute yield entered for each year the covered commodity was planted during the 2008 – 2012 crop years? <b>Yes, No, or N/A</b>
3	Does the production evidence support the yields certified on the CCC-859? <b>Yes, No, or N/A</b>  <b>Important:</b> If records other than RMA yield data were used to support yield certification, require the producer on the farm to furnish production evidence to support the yields certified on the CCC-859.
4	Are the covered commodity yields, as calculated using yield data from CCC-859, correctly calculated and listed on CCC-858? <b>Yes, No, or N/A</b>
5	Was CCC-858 signed by one or more of the farm’s current owners? <b>Yes, No, or N/A</b>
<b>Base Reallocation</b>	
1	Was acreage history for the 2009 – 2012 updated correctly? <b>Yes, No, or N/A</b>
2	If a late-filed acreage report was filed for one or more years 2009 – 2012, was policy in 2-CP met? <b>Yes, No, or N/A</b>
3	Are the correct covered commodity crop base acres listed on the CCC-858? <b>Yes, No, or N/A</b>
4	Was CCC-858 signed by one or more of the current farm owners? <b>Yes, No, or N/A</b>

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349.5 ARCPLC Compliance Reviews (Continued)

B ARCPLC Compliance Review Questions (Continued)

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<b>Question (Continued)</b>	
<b>Election of Program</b>	
1	Was the CCC-857 for the farm filed timely? <b>Yes, No, or N/A</b>
2	If no; were all covered commodity crop base acres on the farm defaulted into the PLC program election with no PLC payments issued in 2014? <b>Yes, No, or N/A</b>
<b>Enrollment: CCC-861 for Farms in ARC-CO and/or PLC</b>	
<b>THE review shall be conducted on... FOR the...</b>	
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• 2014 and 2015 contracts</li> <li>• 2016 contracts</li> </ul> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• 2015 compliance review period</li> <li>• 2016 compliance review period.</li> </ul>	
1	Does each producer sharing in base acres, including attributed generic base acres, have control of enough effective DCP cropland to support their share of the base acreage on CCC-861? <b>Yes, No, or N/A</b>
2	Did the producer accurately report all FAV's planted on payment acres of the farm? <b>Yes, No, or N/A</b>
3	If FAV were planted on payment acres of the farm, was the acre for acre reduction properly assessed? <b>Yes, No, or N/A</b>
4	Were wind and water erosion and weeds (including noxious weeds) controlled on the farm? <b>Yes, No, or N/A</b>
5	If no; did the producer correct the maintenance default on the farm? <b>Yes, No, or N/A</b>
6	Were zero share signatures of landowner provisions provided in 1-ARCPLC, subparagraph 204 C, met if the lease agreement is in the second or later year? <b>Yes, No, or N/A</b>
7	If the farm had a prior year CRP contract that expired, did the County Office properly restore base acres that were reduced from when the CRP contract was originally enrolled? <b>Yes, No, or N/A</b>
8	Were base acre reductions properly completed for CRP, GRP, or WRP enrollment before completing CCC-861 or CCC-862 for the applicable year? <b>Yes, No, or N/A</b>
<b>Enrollment: CCC-862 for Farms in ARC-CO and/or PLC</b>	
<b>THE review shall be conducted on... FOR the...</b>	
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• 2014 and 2015 contracts</li> <li>• 2016 contracts</li> </ul> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• 2015 compliance review period</li> <li>• 2016 compliance review period.</li> </ul>	
1	Did each producer sharing in covered commodities as reported on FSA-578, also sign CCC-862? <b>Yes, No, or N/A</b>
2	Did the producer accurately report all FAV's planted on payment acres of the farm? <b>Yes, No, or N/A</b>
3	If FAV were planted on payment acres of the farm, was the acre for acre reduction properly assessed? <b>Yes, No, or N/A</b>

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349.5 ARCPLC Compliance Reviews (Continued)

B ARCPLC Compliance Review Questions (Continued)

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<b>Question (Continued)</b>	
<b>Election of Program</b>	
4	Were wind and water erosion and weeds (including noxious weeds) controlled on the farm? <b>Yes, No, or N/A</b>
5	If no; did the producer correct the maintenance default on the farm? <b>Yes, No, or N/A</b>
6	Were zero Share signatures of landowner provisions provided in 1-ARCPLC subparagraph 204 C met if the lease agreement is in the second or later year? <b>Yes, No, or N/A</b>
7	If the farm had a prior year CRP contract that expired, did the County Office properly restore base acres that were reduced from when the CRP contract was originally enrolled? <b>Yes, No, or N/A</b>
8	Were base acre reductions properly completed for CRP, GRP or WRP enrollment before completing CCC-861 or CCC-862 for the applicable year? <b>Yes, No, or N/A</b>

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**350 CRP Compliance Reviews****A CRP Maintenance Reviews**

The national producer selection process for compliance described in subparagraph 322 A shall be used for CRP compliance. CRP spot checks shall be performed on all contracts where selected producers have a share. When completing spot checks, County Offices shall collect information sufficient to answer the National Compliance Review Database questions and document that information on FSA-578. This information shall be recorded in the National Compliance Review Database according to paragraphs 360 and 361.

The questions included in the National Compliance Review Database are as follows.

- Has an approved cover been maintained according to the conservation plan? **Yes or No.** If no, select all of the following that apply.
  - Did COC determine that the participant made a good faith effort to comply with the terms and conditions of CRP-1?
  - Is the finding currently in the process of being appealed?
  - Was a violation found on all or a portion of the contract?

**350 CRP Compliance Reviews (Continued)****A CRP Maintenance Reviews (Continued)**

- Has the producer(s) performed required management activities according to the conservation plan? **Yes or No.** If no, select all of the following that apply.
  - Did COC determine that the participant made a good faith effort to comply with the terms and conditions of CRP-1?
  - Is the finding currently in the process of being appealed?
  - Was a violation found on all or a portion of CRP-1?
- Has the approved cover been harvested or grazed without authorization or has other commercial use has been made of the forage (exception: emergency haying or grazing)? **Yes or No.** If yes, select all of the following that apply.
  - Did COC determine that the participant made a good faith effort to comply with the terms and conditions of CRP-1?
  - Is the finding currently in the process of being appealed?
  - Was a violation found on all or a portion of CRP-1?

**\*--350 CRP Compliance Reviews (Continued)****A CRP Maintenance Reviews (Continued)**

- Has an unauthorized crop such as an agricultural commodity has been planted on acreage under CRP-1? **Yes or No.** If yes, select all of the following that apply.
  - Did COC determine that the participant made a good faith effort to comply with the terms and conditions of CRP-1?
  - Is the finding is currently in the process of being appealed?
  - Was a violation found on all or a portion of CRP-1?
- Has the producer(s) conducted an activity on CRP acres without authorization, including unauthorized treatment, such as mowing, spraying, or burning of CRP under the primary nesting or brood rearing season? **Yes or No.** If yes, select all the following that apply.
  - Did COC determine that the participant made a good faith effort to comply with the terms and conditions of CRP-1?
  - Is the finding currently in the process of being appealed?
  - Was a violation found on all or a portion of CRP-1?
- Have trees been harvested or sold, or other commercial use been made of trees, including the shearing or shaping of trees for Christmas trees or removal of pine straw? **Yes or No.** If yes, select all of the following that apply.
  - Did COC determine that the participant made a good faith effort to comply with the terms and conditions of CRP-1?
  - Is the finding currently in the process of being appealed?
  - Was a violation found on all or a portion of CRP-1?
- Have undesirable weeds, plants, insects, or pests, as determined by COC, not been controlled on the designated acreage? **Yes or No.** If yes, select all of the following that apply.
  - Did COC determine that the participant made a good faith effort to comply with the terms and conditions of CRP-1?
  - Is the finding currently in the process of being appealed?
  - Was a violation found on all or a portion of CRP-1?--\*

**\*--350 CRP Compliance Reviews (Continued)****A CRP Maintenance Reviews (Continued)**

- Has a satisfactory cover or required practice been established or re-established within the time prescribed? **Yes or No.** If no, has an extension of time to complete the practice been authorized? If no to both, select all of the following that apply.
  - Did COC determine that the participant made a good faith effort to comply with the terms and conditions of CRP-1?
  - Is the finding currently in the process of being appealed?
  - Was a violation found on all or a portion of CRP-1?

**Note:** The reverse side of FSA-578 may be used as an additional remarks section.

**B CRP Acreage/Practice Reviews**

Perform spot-check inspections on CRP acres as follows.

- CRP acres are not subject to spot check until NRCS has completed the final status review.

**Exception:** Spot-check before the final status review if emergency use is authorized.

- After final NRCS status review has been received, perform spot-checks through on-site inspections for participating producers selected according to subparagraph 322 B to verify that CRP acreage and practices are being maintained according to 2-CRP.--\*

**351 (Withdrawn--Amend. 97)**

**351.5 CTAP Compliance Reviews**

**A Introduction**

\*--The CTAP spot check process is State, county, and farm specific. For 2015 CTAP, only certain cotton base farms in certain counties are eligible. See 1-CTAP for a list of--\* applicable counties. Reviews shall be completed on all producers participating in CTAP and selected for spot check according to national producer selection process in subparagraph 322 A. County Offices shall ensure that the spot check process is completed for each farm associated with the selected producer.

**B CTAP Compliance Review Questions**

The following questions shall be documented during CTAP compliance reviews and recorded in the National Compliance Review Database. Findings shall be recorded by FSN.

County Offices must first enter the farm number for the applicable farm being spot-checked. County Office users shall take extra caution when entering the farm number in the National Compliance Review Database because there is **not** a validation to the farm records maintenance system.

**Question 1 - Does each producer sharing in the upland cotton base acreage for the applicable farm have control of enough effective DCP cropland to support their share of the upland cotton base acreage on CCC-957?**

<b>IF the spot check results indicate the division of payment provisions have...</b>	<b>THEN County Offices shall select...</b>
been met	“Yes”.
<b>not</b> been met	“No”.

See 1-CTAP, paragraph 352 for specific guidelines for determining whether the division of payment provisions have been met, including whether producers claiming a CTAP payment share have control of enough DCP cropland to support base acreage.

**Reminder:** Determining whether a producer has control of sufficient acreage to support their claimed payment share is not simply a comparison of the acres on FSA-578 and CCC-957. Various factors, including the terms of the lease agreement, may impact this determination.

**351.5 CTAP Compliance Reviews (Continued)**

**B CTAP Compliance Review Questions (Continued)**

**Question 2 - Were wind erosion, water erosion, and weeds, including noxious weeds, controlled as required on the applicable farm?**

<b>IF the spot check results indicate wind erosion, water erosion, and weeds were...</b>	<b>THEN County Offices shall select...</b>
adequately controlled on the farm	“Yes”.
<b>not</b> controlled on the farm	“No”.

Producers enrolled in CTAP agreed to control wind erosion, water erosion, and weeds, \*--including noxious weeds, when CCC-957 was signed. See 1-CTAP, paragraph 428 for--\* provisions about controlling wind erosion, water erosion, and weeds, including noxious weeds.

**Question 3 - If no, did the producer take corrective action to correct the maintenance default on CTAP acres?**

<b>IF the spot check results indicate the producer(s) on the farm have...</b>	<b>THEN County Offices shall select...</b>
taken acceptable corrective action to meet the protection of base acre requirements	“Yes”.
<b>not</b> taken acceptable corrective action to meet the protection of base acre requirements	“No”.

**Note:** Question 3 shall be skipped if the answer to question 2 is “Yes”.

This question is only applicable if wind erosion, water erosion, and/or weeds were **not** controlled on the farm as determined necessary by STC.



**\*--351.6 ECP Compliance Reviews**

**A ECP Practice Lifespan Reviews**

The national producer selection process for compliance described in subparagraph 322 A shall be used for ECP compliance. ECP spot checks shall be performed on all contracts with an active lifespan and the selected producer received C/S. The lifespan of a practice is a period of time for which the practice is subject to spot checks to verify that it is being maintained and used for the purpose designed. Lifespans begin January 1 after the calendar year the practice is installed.

ECP participants shall maintain practices according to 1-ECP for the practice lifespan specified in the ECP practice description (for example, EC1, 1-year lifespan, EC2; EC3; EC4; EC6, 10-year lifespan).

The ECP participant must refund all or part of the C/S assistance paid, as determined by COC, if before the expiration of the practice lifespan specified on the ECP agreement, the practice is destroyed or not properly maintained. If the participant voluntarily relinquishes control or title to the land on which the ECP practice has been established, the original participant is responsible for the C/S refund if a written statement has not been obtained from the new owner, operator, or both, agreeing to properly maintain the practice for the remainder of its specified lifespan.--\*

**\*--351.6 ECP Compliance Reviews (Continued)**

**B ECP Compliance Review Questions**

When completing spot checks, County Offices shall collect information sufficient to answer the National Compliance Review Database questions and document that information on FSA-276. This information shall be recorded in the National Compliance Review Database according to paragraphs 360 and 361. The questions included in the National Compliance Review Database are as follows.

	<b>Question</b>
1	Has the producer(s) received ECP C/S for a practice which has an active practice maintenance lifespan? <b>Yes or No.</b> If no, no further action is needed.
2	Is the land on which the ECP practice was performed in agricultural production or has an agricultural productive capacity? <b>Yes or No</b>
3	Has the applicable ECP practice been maintained and is serving its intended purpose? <b>Yes or No, if "Yes", skip to question 5.</b>
4	If the applicable ECP practice has NOT been maintained or is not serving its intended purpose, has the COC made the applicable determination? <b>Yes, violation; Yes, no violation; or No, no determination made.</b>
5	Was the FSA-848B signed by participant and, if applicable, TA provider before the payment was issued? <b>Yes or No</b>
6	Is the FSA-850, NRCS-CPA-052 or State equivalent timely filed, when required? <b>Yes, No, or N/A</b>
7	Are expenses used to calculate C/S eligible? <b>Yes or No</b>
8	Is the payment equal to or less than 75% of the participant's cost (90% for limited resource participants)? <b>Yes or No</b>
9	Does the participant meet all eligibility requirements? <b>Yes or No</b>
10	Does the land meet eligibility requirements? <b>Yes or No</b>
11	Is the payment equal to or less than 50 percent of the agricultural market value of the land? <b>Yes or No</b>

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**\*--351.7 EFRP Compliance Reviews**

**A EFRP Practice Lifespan Reviews**

The national producer selection process for compliance described in subparagraph 322 A shall be used for EFRP compliance. EFRP spot checks shall be performed on all contracts with an active lifespan and the selected producer received C/S. The lifespan of a practice is a period of time for which the practice is subject to spot checks to verify that it is being maintained and used for the purpose designed. Lifespans begin January 1 after the calendar year the practice is installed.

EFRP participant shall maintain practices for at least 10 years following the calendar year of installation, per 1-EFRP.

The EFRP participant must refund all or part of the C/S assistance paid, as determined by COC, if before the expiration of the practice lifespan specified on the EFRP agreement, the practice is destroyed or not properly maintained. If the participant voluntarily relinquishes control or title to the land on which the EFRP practice has been established, the original participant is responsible for the C/S refund if a written statement has not been obtained from the new owner agreeing to properly maintain the practice for the remainder of its specified lifespan.--\*

\*--351.7 EFRP Compliance Reviews (Continued)

**B EFRP Compliance Review Questions**

When completing spot checks, County Offices shall collect information sufficient to answer the National Compliance Review Database questions and document that information on FSA-276. This information shall be recorded in the National Compliance Review Database according to paragraphs 360 and 361. The questions included in the National Compliance Review Database are as follows.

	<b>Question</b>
1	Has the producer(s) received EFRP C/S for a practice which has an active practice maintenance lifespan? <b>Yes or No.</b> If no, no further action is needed.
2	Is the land on which the EFRP practice was performed non-industrial private forest? <b>Yes or No</b>
3	Has the applicable EFRP practice been maintained and is serving its intended purpose? <b>Yes or No, if "Yes", skip to question 5.</b>
4	If the applicable EFRP practice has NOT been maintained or is not serving its intended purpose, has the COC made the applicable determination? <b>Yes, violation; Yes, no violation; or No, no determination made.</b>
5	Was the FSA-848B signed by participant and TA provider before the payment was issued? <b>Yes or No</b>
6	Is the FSA-850, NRCS-CPA-052 or State equivalent timely filed, when required? <b>Yes, No, or N/A</b>
7	Are expenses used to calculate C/S eligible? <b>Yes or No</b>
8	Is the payment equal to or less than 75% of the participant's cost? <b>Yes or No</b>
9	Does the participant meet all eligibility requirements? <b>Yes or No</b>

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**352 FSA-578/Crop Acreage Compliance Reviews****A Introduction**

County Offices shall:

- perform acreage spot checks to ensure the accuracy of reported acreage
- conduct acreage spot checks on all:
  - producers selected in the county through the national compliance review/spot check selection process in subparagraph 322 A
  - late-filed acreage reports filed for crops according to subparagraph 21 A.

**B Time of Inspection**

County Offices shall inspect farms before evidence of the crop is destroyed.

**C When to Use Ground Compliance**

County Offices shall use ground compliance to determine acreage when digital imagery is not received or is not received timely.

**D Performing Reviews**

The entire acreage for the crop reported on FSA-578 must be spot checked.

If a selected producer is a field rent tenant on a farm that has several tenants and landowners, County Offices must check the entire crop acreage of the crop that the selected producer has an interest in, not all crops on the farm.

**Example:** Producer A is a tenant on the farm and only has control of 10 acres on which he has planted corn. Producer A is selected for spot check. In this case, the County Office must check all of the corn on the farm. The County Office does not have to check any other crops on the farm unless Producer A plants another crop.

**E Recording Determined Acreage Results**

County Offices shall:

- \*--enter acreage determinations in the FSA-578 software according to paragraph 319--\*
- use FSA-468 software to notify producers of spot check results.

**352 FSA-578/Crop Acreage Compliance Reviews (Continued)****F Data Entered into the National Compliance Review Database**

For all producers selected for compliance review and spot check according to the national compliance selection process in subparagraph 322 A, the following data shall be recorded for entry into the National Compliance Review Database. See paragraphs 360 and 361 for instructions on accessing and entering data in the National Compliance Review Database.

- How many farms does the selected producer have an interest in? Enter the number of farms. For each farm and crop, enter “Yes” or “No” to the following.
  - Is producer out of tolerance on acreage?
  - If yes, did COC determine producer knowingly and willfully submitted an inaccurate FSA-578?

**353 HELC and WC Compliance Reviews****A Introduction**

This paragraph describes the processes and responsibilities of FSA and NRCS in performing HELC and WC inspections and determinations.

County Offices shall conduct HELC and WC inspections at the same time as regular compliance inspections and be on the alert for potential violations of conservation compliance provisions.

NRCS is responsible for conducting spot checks to ensure that producers are actively applying their conservation plan.

**B Who Makes HELC Inspections**

FSA shall check for potential noncompliance with HELC provisions while conducting regular compliance spot checks.

NRCS will make HELC spot-check determinations for:

- potential noncompliance referred by FSA on FSA-569
- a random selection of conservation plans.

**C Spot-Checking HELC**

FSA shall review farms for producers selected for spot check to identify potential HELC noncompliance. A potential noncompliance on spot-checked farms may be identified by:

- current year imagery, if available, or field observations with the CLU layer
- reviewing past FSA records
- County Office knowledge of farming practices in the area.

**353 HELC and WC Compliance Reviews (Continued)**

**D Land Uses for HELC Review**

The land planted to an agricultural commodity shall be reviewed for HELC compliance.

**E Potential HELC Noncompliance**

Potential HELC noncompliance exists on fields planted to agricultural commodities if any of the following conditions are observed or reported:

- a HEL determination is not recorded on the CLU layer
- a field has been designated HEL and it does not appear to have been cropped in prior years but is currently being cropped

**Example:** Land classified as HEL appeared to have been permanent pasture. This was confirmed by reviewing past records. The pasture was plowed and planted to soybeans.

- appears that conservation practices that may be required under a conservation system or plan may have been destroyed.

**Example:** Contour strips that are visible on the digital imagery are plowed in a field classified as HEL, and the entire field is planted to cotton.

**F Verify Filing AD-1026**

Determine whether any producers associated with land are required to comply with HELC provisions if a potential HELC noncompliance is discovered during the spot-check procedure according to subparagraph E, and take action according to the following.

**Note:** The following does not apply if NRCS requests FSA-569. If NRCS requests FSA-569, prepare FSA-569 according to 6-CP.

<b>IF a potential HELC noncompliance is discovered during a spot check and...</b>	<b>THEN...</b>
a producer filed AD-1026 certifying HELC compliance on the land	prepare FSA-569 according to 6-CP for referral to NRCS for a determination.
no producers have filed AD-1026 to certify HELC compliance on the land	do not refer to NRCS for a determination.

\*--353 HELC and WC Compliance Reviews (Continued)

**G WC Inspections**

Use the following to determine when FSA-569 shall be referred to NRCS for WC compliance determinations on farms selected for spot check.

**Note:** The following does not apply if NRCS requests FSA-569. If NRCS requests FSA-569, prepare FSA-569 according to 6-CP, paragraph 602.

<b>Prepare FSA-569 if the land is...</b>	<b>AND...</b>
classified as CW or CWXX	both of the following apply: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• producer is a program participant</li> <li>• CW or CWXX was planted to an agricultural commodity.</li> </ul>
classified as W	the land appears to have been manipulated in a way that would alter the W classification.
either of the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• classified as FW</li> <li>• does not have W determinations made by NRCS</li> </ul>	the land appears to have been manipulated in any way that would alter W characteristics. <p><b>Example 1:</b> FW that is normally planted only in extremely dry years is planted in a year with average or above average rainfall.</p> <p><b>Example 2:</b> An area that is planted to an agricultural commodity:                             <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• appears on aerial photography as a wet area in a year with average or above average rainfall</li> <li>• does not have a W determination by NRCS.</li> </ul> </p> <p><b>Example 3:</b> There appears to be a new ditch through a wet area.</p>

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**\*--353 HELC and WC Compliance Reviews (Continued)**

**H Recording Inspections**

Record results of inspections on FSA-578, remarks section, according to the following.

<b>IF...</b>	<b>THEN...</b>
there is no apparent HELC or WC noncompliance	on FSA-578, enter “no apparent noncompliance noted”.
a suspected HELC noncompliance is discovered	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• prepare FSA-569 according to 6-CP, paragraph 602</li> <li>• on FSA-578, enter “Potential HELC noncompliance on field no. _____ and tract no. _____. FSA-569 referred to NRCS on (enter date referred).”</li> </ul>
a suspected WC noncompliance is discovered	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• prepare FSA-569 according to 6-CP, paragraph 602</li> <li>• on FSA-578, enter “Potential WC noncompliance on field no. _____ and tract no. _____. FSA-569 referred to NRCS on (enter date referred).”</li> </ul>

The following results shall be recorded in the National Compliance Review Database. See paragraphs 360 and 361 for accessing and entering data in the National Compliance Review Database. The following information shall be recorded by farm for each producer selected for spot check according to paragraph 321.

- Were there potential HEL violations on the farm? If yes, where potential violations referred to NRCS?
- Were there potential WC violations on the farm? If yes, where potential violations referred to NRCS?

**I Following 6-CP for Ineligibility Determinations**

When FSA-569 is returned from NRCS to confirm that an HELC or WC noncompliance has occurred, follow 6-CP for:

- determining ineligible producers
- notifying ineligible producers.--\*

## 354 LDP's/MAL Compliance Reviews

**A Performing Reviews**

Spot checks of MAL and LDP activity for producers selected through the national selection process according to subparagraph 322 A shall be conducted in the same manner as previous crop years as provided in 8-LP. Details of the spot check findings for LDP's or MAL's shall be recorded in the National Compliance Review Database by answering the following questions, if applicable.

**Note:** Violations and shortages that are discovered as a result of the spot check must be \*--recorded in the applicable system according to program directives.--\*

For LDP's:

- State Code: \_\_\_\_\_
- County Code: \_\_\_\_\_
- Crop Code: \_\_\_\_\_
- LDP No.: \_\_\_\_\_
- Original LDP Quantity: \_\_\_\_\_
- Original LDP Amount: \_\_\_\_\_
- Was a farm-visit conducted to complete the spot check? **Yes or No.** If no, explain.

**Example:** Production evidence was provided for certified LDP; indicate the type of acceptable production evidence provided.

- Will the spot check farm visit (paid measurement service) be used as final production evidence? **Yes or No.**
- How many farm-storage structures (bins) were spot checked and measured?
- Provide Total Measured Quantity: \_\_\_\_\_
- Was the LDP quantity spot checked equal to or greater than the LDP quantity requested and disbursed? **Yes or No.** If no, indicate whether the LDP quantity measured resulted in a shortage or violation? **Shortage or Violation.**
- Has the producer violated the LDP terms and conditions? **Yes or No.** If yes, explain and indicate the actions taken.

**\*--354 LDP's/MAL Compliance Reviews (Continued)**

**A Performing Reviews (Continued)**

For MAL's:

- State Code: \_\_\_\_\_
- County Code: \_\_\_\_\_
- Crop Code: \_\_\_\_\_
- Loan No.: \_\_\_\_\_
- Original Loan Quantity: \_\_\_\_\_
- Original Loan Amount: \_\_\_\_\_
- Outstanding Loan Quantity: \_\_\_\_\_
- Outstanding Loan Amount: \_\_\_\_\_
- Was a farm-visit conducted to complete the spot check? **Yes or No.** If no, explain.

**Example:** MAL repaid to zero, but market gain was earned; indicate the type of acceptable production evidence provided.

- Will the spot check farm visit (paid measurement service) be used as final production evidence? **Yes or No.**
- How many farm-storage structures (bins) were spot checked and measured? \_\_\_\_\_. Provide total measured quantity. \_\_\_\_\_.
- Was the loan quantity spot checked equal to or greater than the total loan quantity pledged as collateral? **Yes or No.** If no, was loan quantity measured resulted in a shortage or violation? **Shortage or Violation.**
- Was the spot checked quantity properly maintained? Yes or No. If no, explain.
- Was the storage structure in good condition? Yes or No. If no, explain.
- Has the producer violated the terms and conditions of the Loan Note and Security Agreement? **Yes or No.** If yes, explain and indicate the actions taken.--\*

**\*--354.5 MPP Compliance Reviews**

**A Performing Reviews**

County Offices shall conduct MPP compliance reviews for producers selected for spot-check and review under the national spot-check selection process.

**B MPP Compliance Review Questions**

The following questions shall be documented during MPP reviews. Findings shall be recorded in the National Compliance Review Database.

	<b>Question</b>
1	Name of dairy operation spot checked. <b>Enter name.</b>
2	Is the dairy operation still commercially marketing milk? <b>Yes or No</b> If yes, was all documentation validated? <b>Yes or No</b>
3	Was a valid signature obtained on the CCC-781 timely? <b>Yes or No</b>
4	Was a valid signature obtained on the CCC-782 timely? <b>Yes or No</b>
5	Does the dairy operation meet the definition of an eligible dairy operation according to the State's interpretation of a dairy operation? <b>Yes or No</b>
6	Is the dairy operation currently enrolled in the LGM Dairy Program? <b>Yes or No</b>
7	Did the COC verify dairy operation active policy under LGM Dairy Program? <b>Yes or No</b>  If yes, was the LGM Dairy listing checked to determine if any producer on the list is a part of a registering dairy operation? <b>Yes or No</b>  Did the COC require proof of the completion of target marketing months under LGM Dairy for any producer found on the LGM Dairy listing and indicated on CCC-782? <b>Yes or No</b>
8	Did the dairy operation meet all eligibility requirements (AD-1026, foreign person rules)? <b>Yes or No</b>
9	If the dairy operation was determined to be an existing operation, was the production history calculated correctly by using the highest of 2011, 2012 or 2013 milk marketings? <b>Yes or No</b>
10	If the dairy operation was determined to be a new operation, was the production history calculated correctly by using the extrapolation method or National Rolling Herd Average? <b>Yes or No</b>
11	For 2016 and future years was the affiliation rule applied correctly? <b>Yes, No, or N/A</b>
12	Is there production evidence on file to support the establishment of the production history? <b>Yes or No</b>
13	Was the bump calculated correctly for the dairy operation? <b>Yes or No</b>
14	Did the dairy operation pay the \$100 administrative fee? <b>Yes or No</b>

--\*

354.5 MPP Compliance Reviews (Continued)

B MPP Compliance Review Questions (Continued)

<b>Question (Continued)</b>	
15	If the dairy operation selected buy-up coverage was the premium calculated correctly? <b>Yes, No, or N/A</b>
16	*--If the dairy operation selected buy-up coverage, was the total premium paid in full by September 1? <b>Yes, No, or N/A--*</b>
17	If the dairy operation selected buy-up coverage was the total premium paid in full by June 1? <b>Yes, No, or N/A</b>
18	Were premium reminder letters sent timely? <b>Yes, No, or N/A</b>
19	Has the dairy operation completed any transfers or mergers of production history? <b>Yes or No</b>  If yes, did the dairy operation complete form CCC-781, requesting the merger and describing the merger in detail in the remarks section? <b>Yes or No</b>
20	Has the dairy operation made any organizational type changes? <b>Yes, No, or N/A</b>  If yes, enter the types of changes made:  <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• entity name</li> <li>• entity type</li> <li>• producer/shareholder</li> <li>• share percentage</li> <li>• TIN</li> <li>• point of contact</li> <li>• farm/tract number.</li> </ul>
21	Have any succession in interest changes occurred with the dairy operation, if so were they processed according to procedure? <b>Yes or No</b>
22	Did the dairy operation update their coverage elections during the annual coverage election period? <b>Yes or No</b>  If yes, did the dairy operation complete form CCC-782 and was it signed by all producers in the dairy operation? <b>Yes or No</b>
***	***

355 NAP Compliance Reviews

**A NAP Approved Yield Reviews**

County Offices shall conduct NAP approved yield reviews on all producers participating in NAP that have been selected through the National selection process according to subparagraph 322 A. NAP approved yield reviews shall be performed according to \*--1-NAP (Rev. 2), paragraph 775.

After completing CCC-579 according to 1-NAP (Rev. 2), paragraph 775, record the--\* findings in the National Compliance Review Database.

**Note:** Findings shall be recorded by unit, crop, type, intended use, practice, planting \*--period, organic status, and native sod status.--\*

- Does production evidence support certified production for the most recent three APH years?
- Was the current approved yield changed as a result of a spot check?
- Will a correction be made to the approved yield for the following year?

**B NAP General Review Questions**

County Offices shall conduct general NAP reviews for any producer participating in NAP that has been selected for review and spot check through the National selection process according to subparagraph 322 A.

The following shall be documented during general NAP reviews and shall be entered in the National Compliance Review Database. Findings shall be recorded by unit, crop, crop type, \*--intended use, practice, planting period, organic status, and native sod status.

	<b>Question</b>
1	Was the CCC-471 Application for Coverage timely filed and accompanied by the applicable service fee or CCC-860? <b>Yes or No</b>
2	Was the transfer of NAP coverage initiated after the application closing date and before the earlier of the disaster event or end of coverage? <b>Yes, No, or N/A</b>
3	<b>For yield based crops</b> , did the producer exceed acreage and/or production variance limitation according to 1-NAP (Rev. 2), paragraph 152 when reporting acreage and/or production? <b>Yes, No, or N/A</b> . If yes, did COC determine the producer eligible or ineligible? <b>Eligible or Ineligible</b>

--\*

## 355 NAP Compliance Reviews (Continued)

## B NAP General Review Questions (Continued)

	Question
4	<b>For value loss crops</b> , did the field market value A (FMVA) and field market value B (FMVB) accurately reflect the producer's * * * inventory records and valuation used to calculate loss? <b>Yes, No, or N/A.</b> If no, what was the <b>overpayment or underpayment?</b> \$ _____
5	Did the producer provide evidence showing a valid commodity ownership share interest and control of the crop acreage at the time of disaster? <b>Yes or No</b>
6	Did the producer plant the crop(s) by the STC established final planting date? <b>Yes or No.</b> If no, were late planting provisions properly applied? <b>Yes or No</b>
7	Was the CCC-576 Notice of Loss timely filed? <b>Yes or No.</b> If no, is inspection on file for late-filed Notice of Loss? <b>Yes or No</b>
8	Did the producer request a Historical Marketing Percentage option on the CCC-471 (applicable only to crops with Buy-up coverage), and provide acceptable marketing records showing actual final use? <b>Yes or No</b>
9	Did the producer request a Direct Marketing Percentage option on the CCC-471 (applicable only to crops with Buy-up coverage), and provide acceptable marketing records showing actual final use? <b>Yes or No</b>
10	Did the producer accurately and timely certify unit acreage on FSA-578? <b>Yes or No.</b> If no, was physical existence of the crop verified?
11	Was the CCC-576 Application for Payment timely filed and accompanied by production evidence? <b>Yes or No</b>
12	<b>For hand harvested crops</b> , did the producer notify the county office within 15 days after hand harvest was complete and before deterioration or destruction of the crop? <b>Yes or No</b>
13	Did the producer provide verifiable or reliable production records for determining payment? <b>Yes or No.</b> If no, was a CCC-576-1 Appraisal/Production Report completed for the unharvested crop(s)? <b>Yes or No</b>





**355 NAP Compliance Reviews (Continued)**

**C NAP Reports**

Quality control reviews for NAP are required to ensure that NAP is administered according to applicable regulations.

\*--See 3-NAP for printing the NAP Review Register Report.--\*

\* \* \*

**D Second Party Reviews**

Second party reviews are required to ensure that the payment was properly calculated and reviewed by a second party according to 1-NAP (Rev. 2). \* \* \*

**356 TAP Compliance Reviews**

**A Performing Reviews**

County Offices shall perform TAP compliance reviews for any producer that participated in TAP that was selected for spot check and review through the national producer selection process in subparagraph 322 A.

**TAP Compliance Review Questions**

During reviews, answers to the following questions shall be recorded for entry into the National Compliance Review Database. Data shall be recorded by stand, applicant’s share, and crop.

	<b>Question</b>
1	Was a valid signature obtained on the TAP application in the administrative County Office? <b>Yes or No</b>
2	Were mortality losses the result of an eligible natural disaster? <b>Yes or No</b>
*--3	Did the stand sustain a mortality loss in excess of 15 percent after adjustment for normal mortality? <b>Yes or No</b>
4	Was a field visit performed by a certified LA to verify and determine tree, bush, and vine losses? <b>Yes or No--*</b>
5	Did the applicant complete all practices for the stand as indicated on the TAP application? <b>Yes or No</b>
6	Did the applicant’s receipts accurately reflect actual costs incurred for all components of the completed practices? <b>Yes or No</b>  <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• If <b>yes</b>, no further action is needed.</li> <li>• If <b>no</b>, what was the overpayment or underpayment? \$</li> </ul>
* * *	* * *

--\*

**357 (Withdrawn--Amend. 97)**

**357.5 (Withdrawn--Amend. 97)**

**357.6 ELAP Compliance Reviews**

**A Performing Reviews**

County Offices shall document the following questions during ELAP reviews. Findings shall be loaded in the National Compliance Review Database.

**\*--B ELAP Compliance Review Questions**

The following shall be documented during ELAP compliance reviews and shall be entered in the National Compliance Review Database.--\*

	<b>Question</b>
	<b>Livestock, Honeybees, and Farm-Raised Fish Losses</b>
1	Was a valid signature obtained on ELAP application? <b>Yes or No</b>
2	Did the participant timely file a notice of loss? <b>Yes or No</b>
3	Did the participant suffer livestock, honeybees, and/or farm-raised fish losses because of an eligible adverse weather event or loss condition that occurred in the *--program year for which assistance is being requested? <b>Yes or No--*</b>
** *	** *
4	For discrepancies, did any discrepancy result in a refund of ELAP benefits? <b>Yes or No</b> If yes, enter requested refund amount \$ _____
	<b>Livestock Losses</b>
5	If participant is applying for livestock losses, does participant's current inventory of applicable livestock match the number and/or kind/type/weight range of livestock claimed on the ELAP application? <b>Yes or No</b>
6	If participant is applying for livestock losses, did the participant, during the 60 calendar days before the beginning of the eligible adverse weather event or loss condition, own, lease, purchase, enter into a contract to purchase, or was a contract grower of the livestock claimed on the ELAP application? <b>Yes or No</b>
7	If the participant is applying for livestock losses, did all livestock entered on the ELAP application meet all eligibility criteria, including being maintained for commercial use as part of the participant's farming operation? <b>Yes or No</b>
8	If the participant is applying for livestock death losses, did the participant provide *--verifiable documentation of livestock deaths claimed on CCC-851, including--* livestock that the participant claims died because of normal mortality? <b>Yes or No</b>
9	If the participant is applying for livestock grazing losses, did the participant suffer a grazing loss on eligible grazing lands physically located in the county where the eligible adverse weather or loss condition occurred because of an eligible adverse weather event or loss condition? <b>Yes or No</b>
10	For purchased livestock feed losses, did the participant provide original receipts for forage or feed stuffs purchased? <b>Yes or No</b>

357.6 ELAP Compliance Reviews (Continued)

\*--B ELAP Compliance Review Questions (Continued)--\*

<b>Question</b>	
<b>Livestock Losses (Continued)</b>	
11	If the participant is applying for livestock feed losses resulting from the purchase of additional livestock feed, above normal quantities, did the participant provide original receipts or summary purchase receipts for forage or feed stuffs that was purchased by the participant for the time of the eligible adverse weather event or *--loss condition for the year <b>immediately preceding</b> the program year for which--* additional feed costs are being claimed? <b>Yes or No</b>
12	If the participant is applying for livestock feed losses resulting from the purchase of additional livestock feed, above normal quantities, did the participant provide original receipts or summary purchase receipts for forage or feed stuffs that was purchased by the participant for the timeframe of the eligible adverse weather event *--or loss condition for the <b>program year</b> for which additional costs are being--* claimed to feed the participant's eligible livestock? <b>Yes or No</b>
<b>Honeybee Losses</b>	
13	If the participant is applying for honeybee losses, did the participant have a risk in the honey production, pollination, or honeybee breeding operation for producing honey, pollinating, or breeding honeybees for commercial use as part of a farming operation on the beginning date of the eligible adverse weather event or loss condition? <b>Yes or No</b>
14	If the participant is applying for honeybee colony and/or hive losses, did the participant provide acceptable proof of beginning and ending inventory of honeybee colonies and/or hives? <b>Yes or No</b>
15	If the participant is applying for honeybee colony and/or hive losses, did the participant provide proof of good management practices as established by COC? <b>Yes or No</b>
* * *	* * *

357.6 ELAP Compliance Reviews (Continued)

\*--B ELAP Compliance Review Questions (Continued)--\*

<b>Question</b>	
<b>Honeybee Losses (Continued)</b>	
* * *	* * *
16	If the participant is applying for honeybee feed losses, did the participant provide verifiable documentation of purchased feed intended as feed for honeybees that was lost or additional feed purchased above normal quantities to sustain honeybees for a short period of time until additional feed becomes available because of an eligible adverse weather event or loss condition? <b>Yes or No</b>
<b>Farm-Raised Fish Losses</b>	
17	If the participant is applying for farm-raised fish losses, was the participant a producer of an aquatic species that is propagated and reared in a controlled environment, that is being maintained for commercial use as part of the producer's farming operation? <b>Yes or No</b>
18	If the participant is applying for farm-raised fish feed losses, did the participant provide documentation of the date feed was purchased, type and quantity of feed purchased, and the cost of feed purchased? <b>Yes or No</b>
19	If the participant is applying for farm-raised fish death losses, did the participant suffer from the physical loss of game fish (stockers) or bait fish (not raised as food for food fish)? <b>Yes or No</b>
20	If the participant is applying for farm-raised fish death losses, did the participant provide acceptable documentation verifying the type and amount of game fish or sport fish that was lost? <b>Yes or No</b>

**357.7 LIP Compliance Reviews**

**A Performing Reviews**

County Offices shall conduct LIP compliance reviews for all producers selected for compliance review and spot check that participated in LIP. County Offices shall document the following questions during LIP reviews. Findings shall be loaded in the National Compliance Review Database.

**Notes:** FSA-914 and FSA-926 are applicable to compliance reviews and spot checks for 2013 and prior years only.

CCC-852, CCC-854, and CCC-856 are applicable to compliance reviews and spot \*--checks beginning with 2014. County Offices should only review CCC-852's,--\* CCC-854's, CCC-856's, and supporting documentation for eligible livestock death losses that occurred on or after October 1, 2011.

	<b>Question</b>
1	Was a valid signature obtained on FSA-914 or CCC-852? <b>Yes or No</b>
2	Did the participant timely file a notice of loss? <b>Yes or No</b>
3	Did the participant provide verifiable and/or reliable documentation of livestock deaths *--claimed on FSA-914 or CCC-852? <b>Yes, No, or N/A--*</b>  If <b>no or N/A</b> , go to question 7.
4	Did the sources of the documents verify all of the following: <b>Yes or No</b>  <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• documents were authentic</li> <li>• participant was a customer or party to the transaction</li> <li>• accuracy of the number and kind/type/weight range of animals listed?</li> </ul>
5	Does the proof of death document support the number and kind/type/weight range of animals claimed on FSA-914 or CCC-852? <b>Yes or No</b>  If <b>no</b> , go to question 17.
6	Was FSA-914 or CCC-852 approved based on third party certification? <b>Yes or No</b>
7	Did the participant provide FSA-926 or CCC-854 certifying to all of the following: <b>Yes or No</b>  <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• no other form of proof of death is available</li> <li>• number of livestock, by category, in inventory when the deaths occurred</li> <li>• physical location of livestock by category, in inventory when the deaths occurred.</li> </ul>
8	Did the participant provide verifiable documentation to support the reasonableness of the number of livestock inventory when the deaths occurred? <b>Yes or No</b>

357.7 LIP Compliance Reviews (Continued)

A Performing Reviews (Continued)

	Question
9	<p>*--Did the third party who is providing certification provide FSA-926 or CCC-854 that--* included all of the following: <b>Yes or No</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• specific details about how the third party has knowledge of the animal deaths</li> <li>• the affiliation of third party to the participant</li> <li>• telephone number and address of third party</li> <li>• number and kind/type/weight range of participants livestock that died because of the applicable adverse weather events</li> <li>• other details necessary for COC and DD to determine whether certification is acceptable?</li> </ul>
10	<p>Did the number and kind/type/weight range of animals certified as dead by the third party match the number and kind/type/weight range of animals certified by the participant on *--FSA-914 or CCC-854? <b>Yes or No--*</b></p>
11	<p>Did the interview of the third party reveal that the individual is a reliable source who was in a position to have knowledge of the number and kind/type/weight range of dead livestock? <b>Yes or No</b></p>
12	<p>*--Is this a calf and lamb open range livestock operation that provided proof of death by using the livestock beginning inventory history for reporting losses? <b>Yes or No</b></p> <p>If <b>no</b>, go to question 15.</p> <p><b>Note:</b> This question is applicable to LIP compliance reviews and spot checks beginning with 2014.</p>
13	<p>Did the livestock producer provide 4 or more years of actual inventory records for open range calves or lambs? <b>Yes or No</b></p> <p><b>Note:</b> This question is applicable to LIP compliance reviews and spot checks beginning with 2014.</p>
14	<p>If less than 4 years of actual inventory records for the open range calves or lambs are provided, did the County Office calculate the approved calendar year livestock beginning inventory history in item 18 of CCC-856? <b>Yes or No</b></p> <p><b>Note:</b> This question is applicable to LIP compliance reviews and spot checks beginning with 2014.--*</p>
15	<p>Was the death of claimed livestock the result of an eligible adverse weather event? <b>Yes or No</b></p>
16	<p><b>For contract growers only</b>, is the amount of monetary compensation the contractor provided the participant for the loss of income from death of the claimed livestock different from the *--amount certified by the participant on FSA-914 or CCC-852? <b>Yes, No, or N/A--*</b></p>
17	<p>For discrepancies, did any discrepancy result in a refund of LIP benefits? <b>Yes or No</b></p> <p>If <b>yes</b>, enter requested refund amount \$ _____</p>

357.8 LFP Compliance Reviews

A Performing Reviews

County Offices shall conduct LFP compliance reviews for all producers selected for compliance review and spot check that participated in the program. County Offices shall document the following questions during LFP reviews. Findings shall be loaded in the National Compliance Review Database.

	<b>Question</b>
1	*--Was a valid signature obtained on FSA-925 or CCC-853? <b>Yes or No--*</b>
2	Does participant's current inventory of applicable livestock match the number and/or kind/type/weight range of livestock claimed on the LFP application? <b>Yes or No</b>
3	Did the participant, during the 60 calendar days before the beginning of the qualifying drought or fire condition, own, lease, purchase, enter into a contract to purchase, or was a contract grower of the livestock claimed on the LFP application? <b>Yes or No</b>
4	Did all livestock, entered on the LFP application, meet all eligibility criteria including being maintained for commercial use as part of the participant's farming operation? <b>Yes or No</b>
5	Was the number and kind/type/weight range of claimed livestock on the LFP application accurate? <b>Yes, No, or N/A</b>
6	<p>*--If the livestock producer was not the owner of the pastureland or grazing land, did the livestock producer provide a copy of a written lease by the applicable deadline to show that their contribution is at risk in the grazing land and pastureland for which benefits are being requested under LFP? <b>Yes, No, or N/A</b></p> <p>If <b>yes or N/A</b>, go to question 9. If <b>no</b>, go to question 7.</p> <p><b>Note:</b> This question is applicable to LFP compliance reviews and spot checks beginning with 2014. Only applicable to CCC-853's and supporting documentation filed for eligible grazing losses that occurred on or after October 1, 2011.</p>
7	<p>Was a written lease entered into between the livestock producer and the owner of the pastureland and/or grazing land? <b>Yes or No</b></p> <p>If <b>yes</b>, go to question 12. If <b>no</b>, go to question 8.</p> <p><b>Note:</b> This question is applicable to LFP compliance reviews and spot checks beginning with 2014. Only applicable to CCC-853's and supporting documentation filed for eligible grazing losses that occurred on or after October 1, 2011.</p>
8	<p>Did the owner of the grazing land or pastureland complete CCC-855 on behalf of the livestock producer? <b>Yes or No</b></p> <p>If <b>yes</b>, go to question 9. If <b>no</b>, go to question 12.</p> <p><b>Note:</b> This question is applicable to LFP compliance reviews and spot checks beginning with 2014. Only applicable to CCC-853's and supporting documentation filed for eligible grazing losses that occurred on or after October 1, 2011.</p>
9	<p>Did all forage information entered on the LFP application meet all eligibility criteria, including the livestock producer having risk in the grazing land and pastureland for which benefits are being requested? <b>Yes or No</b></p> <p>If <b>no</b>, go to question 12.--*</p>



**357.8 LFP Compliance Reviews (Continued)**

**A Performing Reviews (Continued)**

	<b>Question</b>
10	Did the participant suffer an eligible grazing loss on rangeland managed by a Federal agency for which the Federal agency prohibited the producer from grazing the normal permitted livestock because of fire? <b>Yes, No, or N/A</b>
11	Did the participant meet RMPR on all the grazing land, pasture land, or rangeland entered on the LFP application or been approved for a waiver to meet RMPR's? <b>Yes or No</b>  <b>Note:</b> This question is applicable to LFP compliance reviews and spot checks for 2013 and prior years only.
12	Did any discrepancy result in a refund of LFP benefits? <b>Yes or No</b>  If <b>yes</b> , enter requested refund amount \$_____.

**357.9 (Withdrawn--Amend. 97)**

**357.10 (Withdrawn--Amend. 97)**

**357.11 BCAP Compliance Reviews**

**A Performing Project Area Reviews**

County Offices shall conduct BCAP project area reviews for all participating producers selected during the National Compliance Review selection process.

**B BCAP Project Area Compliance Review Questions**

The following questions shall be documented during BCAP project area reviews. Findings to these questions shall be recorded in the National Compliance Review Database.

	<b>Question</b>
1	Fiscal Year? <b>Enter applicable FY.</b>
2	Was a valid signature obtained on BCAP-24? <b>Yes or No</b>
3	Was BCAP-24 received during the applicable application period? <b>Yes or No</b>
4	Was BCAP-24 approved by COC or designee? <b>Yes or No</b>
5	Was each eligible tract of land entered with the appropriate weighted soil rental rate on BCAP-23? <b>Yes or No</b>
6	Was a conservation plan completed before the BCAP-24 contract anniversary date, which is the effective date? <b>Yes or No</b>
7	In the case of perennial crops, was FSA-848A for request for cost-share or establishment payments, reviewed and signed by participant and COC or designee? <b>Yes or No</b>  If yes: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• has an FSA-848B been processed for cost-share performance certification and reimbursement? <b>Yes or No</b></li> <li>• in the case where FSA-848B has been processed for cost-share performance certification and reimbursement, was the reimbursement calculated at a rate of up to 50 percent of the establishment costs or the established not-to-exceed rate for the project area? <b>Yes or No</b></li> </ul>
8	Did applicant meet the definition of a producer according to 7 CFR Part 1450, Section 1450.2, Definitions? <b>Yes or No</b>  If yes, was the producer’s land within the applicable geographic boundary of a BCAP project area? <b>Yes or No</b>
9	Did the enrolled land meet all land eligibility criteria according to 7 CFR Part 1450, Section 1450.204, <i>Land Eligibility</i> ?  If yes, was AD-1026 form completed, if applicable? <b>Yes or No</b>

357.11 BCAP Compliance Reviews (Continued)

\*--B BCAP Project Area Compliance Review Questions (Continued)--\*

<b>Question (Continued)</b>	
10	<p>Did the applicant file FSA-578 for reported acreage? <b>Yes or No</b></p> <p>If:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• “Yes”, did contract acreage reported on the BCAP-24 contract match the reported acreage on FSA-578? <b>Yes or No</b></li> <li>• “No”, is the BCAP-24 contract still active? <b>Yes or No</b></li> </ul>
11	<p>Was an eligible crop established for the applicable project area? <b>Yes or No</b></p> <p>If:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• “Yes”: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• was the crop an annual crop? <b>Yes or No</b></li> <li>• was the crop an herbaceous perennial crop? <b>Yes or No</b></li> <li>• was the crop a woody perennial crop? <b>Yes or No</b></li> </ul> </li> <li>• “No”: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• was the crop establishment delayed with approval by COC? <b>Yes or No</b></li> <li>• was the reported crop established or not established as a preventive planting, meaning the crop was or was not established instead of the eligible crop because the environmental conditions were not considered able to support the eligible crop? <b>Yes or No</b></li> </ul> </li> </ul>

357.11 BCAP Compliance Reviews (Continued)

\*--B BCAP Project Area Compliance Review Questions (Continued)--\*

<b>Question (Continued)</b>	
12	<p>Did the applicant file documentation reporting a harvest and collection? <b>Yes or No</b></p> <p>If yes:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• was a payment reduction applied to the annual rental payment? <b>Yes or No</b></li> <li>• was the applied payment reduction the appropriate percentage value of the revenue generated from the collection/harvest according to 7 CFR Part 1450, Section 1450.214, <i>Annual Payments</i>? <b>Yes or No</b></li> <li>• Did documentation provide a value for the eligible material that was harvested or collected? <b>Yes or No</b></li> <li>• Did the value for the harvested/collected eligible material include storage and transportation costs incurred by the producer? <b>Yes or No</b></li> <li>• Was there a crop failure because of reasons beyond the producer's control? <b>Yes or No</b></li> </ul>
13	<p>Did any discrepancy result in a refund of BCAP benefits? <b>Yes or No</b></p> <p>If yes, enter requested refund amount. <b>Enter dollar (\$) amount.</b></p>

**357.11 BCAP Compliance Reviews (Continued)**

**\*--C Performing BCAP Matching Payment Reviews**

County Offices shall conduct BCAP matching payment reviews for all participating producers selected during the National Compliance Review selection process.

**D BCAP Matching Payment Reviews Questions**

The following questions shall be documented during BCAP matching payment reviews. Findings to these questions shall be recorded in the National Compliance Review Database.

	<b>Question</b>
1	Fiscal Year? <b>Enter applicable FY.</b>
2	Was a valid signature obtained on BCAP-10? <b>Yes or No</b>
3	Was BCAP-10 received during the applicable application period? <b>Yes or No</b>
4	Was BCAP-10 approved by COC or designee? <b>Yes or No</b>
5	Was each eligible tract of land entered with the appropriate dry ton harvest/collection and in concurrence with the applicable conservation or forest stewardship plan or evaluation sheet on BCAP-23? <b>Yes or No</b>
6	Was a conservation plan or forest stewardship plan, equivalent plan or evaluation sheet completed before the BCAP-10 contract approval date? <b>Yes or No</b>
7	Did applicant meet the definition of a producer according to 7 CFR Part 1450, Section 1450.2, Definitions? <b>Yes or No</b>  If yes, was the producer’s land within the applicable geographic boundary of a BCAP project area? <b>Yes or No</b>
8	Was the eligible material the targeted material for the applicable eligible material owner signup or as Noticed? <b>Yes or No</b>  If: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• “Yes”, was the material: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• private forest land residues? <b>Yes or No</b></li> <li>• an herbaceous agricultural residue? <b>Yes or No</b></li> <li>• a woody agricultural residue? <b>Yes or No</b></li> <li>• federal forest residue? <b>Yes or No</b></li> </ul> </li> <li>• “No”, was the: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• federal forest residue material not a by-product of a preventative treatment or met the extra haul distance requirements? <b>Yes or No</b></li> <li>• material not collected in accordance with a conservation plan, forest stewardship plan or equivalent plan? <b>Yes or No</b></li> </ul> </li> </ul>
9	Did any discrepancy result in a refund of BCAP benefits? <b>Yes or No</b>  If yes, enter requested refund amount. Enter dollar (\$) amount.

--\*



**357.12 RTCP Compliance Reviews**

**A Performing Reviews**

County Offices shall conduct RTCP reviews for all participating producers selected during the National Compliance Review selection process. The following questions shall be documented during RTCP reviews. Findings to these questions shall be recorded in the National Compliance Review Database.

	<b>Question</b>
1	Fiscal Year. <b>Enter applicable FY.</b>
2	Was a valid signature obtained on FSA-218? <b>Yes or No</b>
3	Was FSA-218 received during the applicable application period? <b>Yes or No</b>
4	Did applicant meet the definition of a geographically disadvantaged farmer or rancher? <b>Yes or No</b>
5	Did the applicant meet all eligibility criteria and submit required forms? <b>Yes or No</b>
6	Did the applicants' verifiable records support applicable actual, fixed, and/or set transportation costs claimed on FSA-218? <b>Yes or No</b>
7	Was each eligible commodity and/or input entered under the appropriate transportation cost category (that is, actual rate, fixed rate, set rate) on FSA-218? <b>Yes or No</b>
8	Did the applicant submit all supporting documentation by the appropriate deadline? <b>Yes or No</b>
9	Was FSA-218, reviewed and signed by a second-party? <b>Yes or No</b>
10	Was FSA-218 approved by COC or designee? <b>Yes or No</b>
11	Was each eligible commodity and/or input entered with the appropriate rate (that is, actual, fixed, set) on FSA-218-1? <b>Yes or No</b>
12	Was FSA-218-1 reviewed and signed by a second party? <b>Yes or No</b>
13	Did any discrepancy result in a refund of RTCP benefits? <b>Yes or No</b>  If yes, enter requested refund amount. <b>Enter dollar (\$) amount.</b>

--\*

**357.13 (Withdrawn--Amend. 97)**

**358 (Reserved)**





**Section 3 National Compliance Review Database****359 General Information****A Purpose**

The National Compliance Review Database is used to collect data and generate reports from compliance review and spot check findings. At the County Office level, access to the database is restricted to data entry only. Reports will be generated at the National Office level. State Offices will be notified of reporting results and any necessary corrective action.

In addition to sharing compliance results with State Offices, PECD will also share reports with other FSA divisions. The reports will consist of an analysis that identifies any discrepancies, noncompliance trends, and common problems, including errors resulting in improper payments, and steps taken to reduce them. This information will assist FSA in:

- identifying noncompliance trends
- directing limited resources to known problem areas
- improving the integrity of FSA programs.

**B Time of Data Entry**

Data shall be entered as soon as compliance reviews and spot checks have been completed. Data for all programs is **not** required to be entered at the same time.

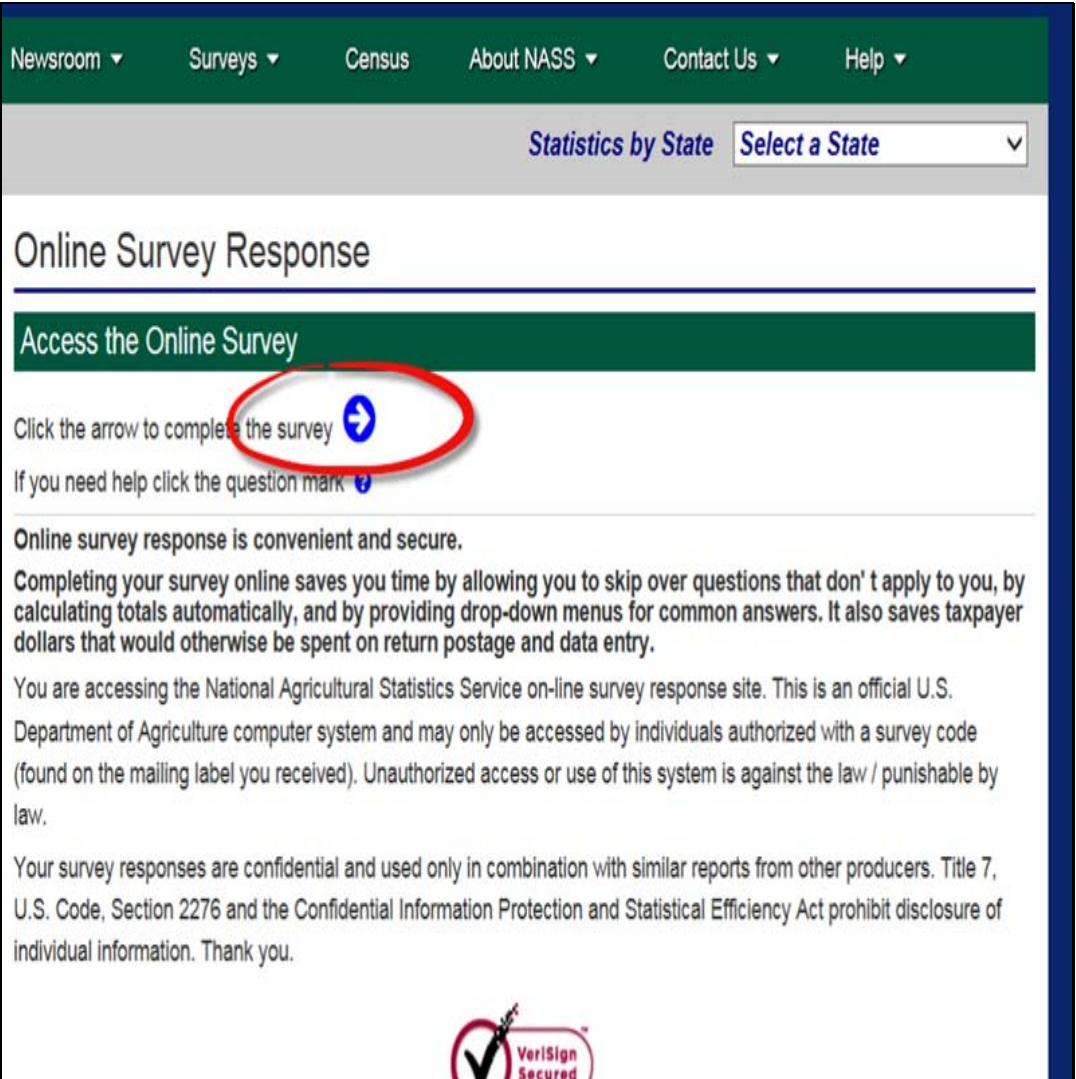
\*--**Note:** If software is **not** available, County Offices shall hold spot check results in a manual pending file until advised that software is available.--\*

360 Accessing the National Compliance Review Database

A Instructions for Accessing the National Compliance Review Database

Access the National Compliance Review Database according to the following.

\*--

Step	Action
1	<p>Access the National Agricultural Statistics Service web site at <a href="https://www.nass.usda.gov/Surveys/">https://www.nass.usda.gov/Surveys/</a>. “If you have received a NASS survey, click “arrow” to the right to respond online”, will be displayed. On the Fill Out NASS Surveys Online Screen, CLICK “Continue”. Access the Online Survey Screen will be displayed. CLICK the arrow to complete the survey according to the following.</p>  <p>Click the arrow to complete the survey</p> <p>If you need help click the question mark</p> <p>Online survey response is convenient and secure.</p> <p>Completing your survey online saves you time by allowing you to skip over questions that don't apply to you, by calculating totals automatically, and by providing drop-down menus for common answers. It also saves taxpayer dollars that would otherwise be spent on return postage and data entry.</p> <p>You are accessing the National Agricultural Statistics Service on-line survey response site. This is an official U.S. Department of Agriculture computer system and may only be accessed by individuals authorized with a survey code (found on the mailing label you received). Unauthorized access or use of this system is against the law / punishable by law.</p> <p>Your survey responses are confidential and used only in combination with similar reports from other producers. Title 7, U.S. Code, Section 2276 and the Confidential Information Protection and Statistical Efficiency Act prohibit disclosure of individual information. Thank you.</p>

--\*

360 Accessing the National Compliance Review Database (Continued)

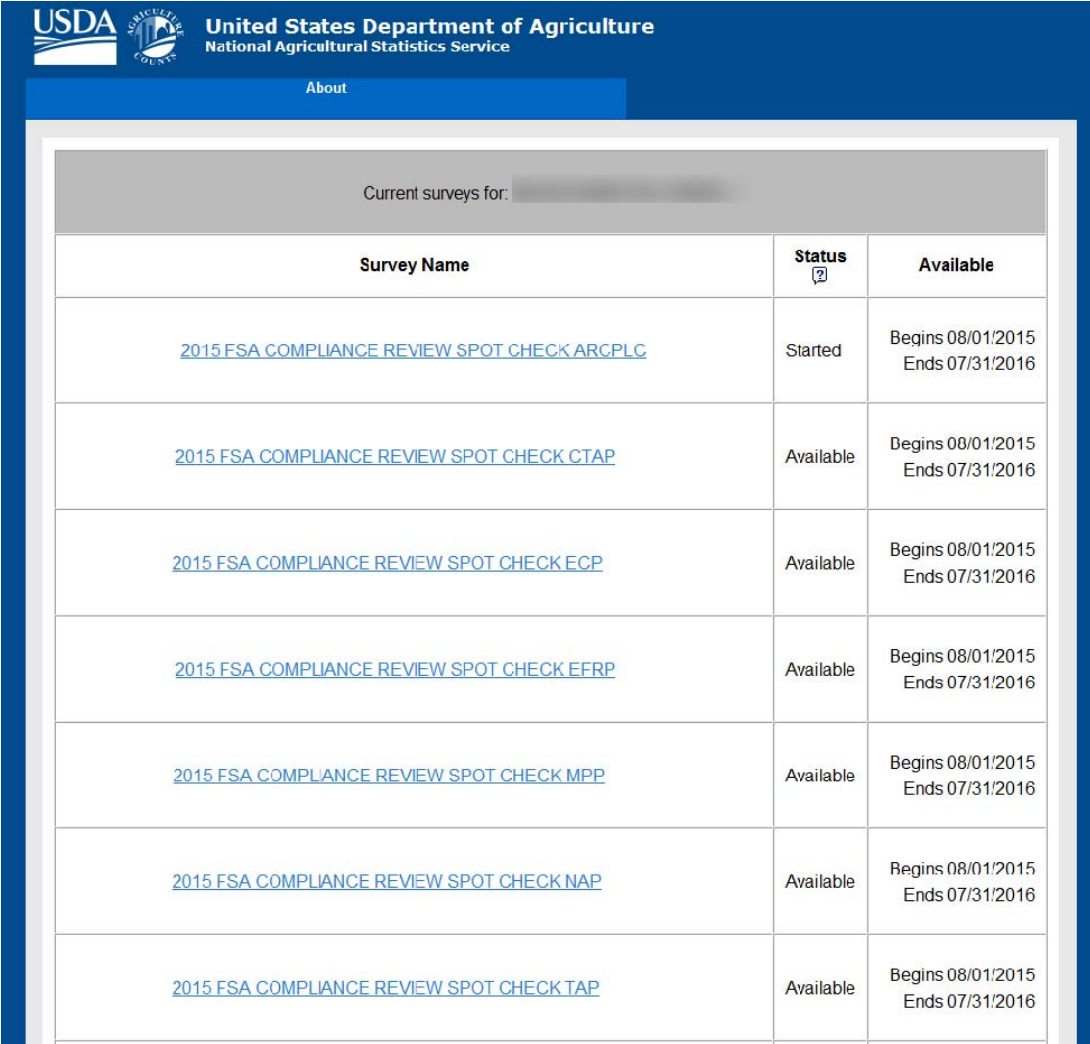
A Instructions for Accessing the National Compliance Review Database (Continued)

Step	Action
2	<p>Each producer selected for spot check and review will have a unique survey code. The survey code for a producer must be entered to load compliance review data. The survey codes for all producers selected for spot check and review will be added and displayed on the national producer selection list posted on the Intranet at <a href="http://fsaintranet.sc.egov.usda.gov/ffas/farmbill/cc/default.htm">http://fsaintranet.sc.egov.usda.gov/ffas/farmbill/cc/default.htm</a>.</p> <p>Producers who participate in FSA programs in multiple States and/or counties will have a different survey code for each administrative State and/or county. County Offices shall ensure that the survey code is used for the applicable administrative State/county when recording compliance review and spot check results.</p> <p>Survey codes for producers shall consist of 2 digit number-9 digit number-sequence of 6 characters consisting of both letters and numbers.</p> <p><b>Example:</b> 01-556677889-ABC123</p> <p>*--On the NASS Survey Code Data Entry Screen, enter the appropriate survey--* code for the selected producer. CLICK "Continue".</p> <p><b>Note:</b> If the survey code is entered incorrectly, then an error message will be displayed. Re-enter the survey code and CLICK "Continue".</p> <div data-bbox="396 1129 1474 1829" style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 10px;"> </div> <p>Completing your survey online saves you time by allowing you to skip over questions that do not apply to you, by calculating totals automatically, and by providing drop-down menus for common answers. It also saves taxpayer dollars that would otherwise be spent on return postage and data entry.</p>

360 Accessing the National Compliance Review Database (Continued)

A Instructions for Accessing the National Compliance Review Database (Continued)

\*--

Step	Action																								
3	<p>The current Surveys Screen will be displayed with surveys for all programs for the selected producer. County Offices shall CLICK, the applicable survey hyperlink to view the entire results for the applicable survey. All survey results must be entered by the survey “Ends” date.</p>  <table border="1" data-bbox="435 653 1425 1543"> <thead> <tr> <th data-bbox="435 737 1149 793">Survey Name</th> <th data-bbox="1154 737 1242 793">Status</th> <th data-bbox="1247 737 1425 793">Available</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td data-bbox="435 800 1149 905"><a href="#">2015 FSA COMPLIANCE REVIEW SPOT CHECK ARCPLC</a></td> <td data-bbox="1154 800 1242 905">Started</td> <td data-bbox="1247 800 1425 905">Begins 08/01/2015 Ends 07/31/2016</td> </tr> <tr> <td data-bbox="435 911 1149 1016"><a href="#">2015 FSA COMPLIANCE REVIEW SPOT CHECK CTAP</a></td> <td data-bbox="1154 911 1242 1016">Available</td> <td data-bbox="1247 911 1425 1016">Begins 08/01/2015 Ends 07/31/2016</td> </tr> <tr> <td data-bbox="435 1022 1149 1127"><a href="#">2015 FSA COMPLIANCE REVIEW SPOT CHECK ECP</a></td> <td data-bbox="1154 1022 1242 1127">Available</td> <td data-bbox="1247 1022 1425 1127">Begins 08/01/2015 Ends 07/31/2016</td> </tr> <tr> <td data-bbox="435 1134 1149 1239"><a href="#">2015 FSA COMPLIANCE REVIEW SPOT CHECK EFRP</a></td> <td data-bbox="1154 1134 1242 1239">Available</td> <td data-bbox="1247 1134 1425 1239">Begins 08/01/2015 Ends 07/31/2016</td> </tr> <tr> <td data-bbox="435 1245 1149 1350"><a href="#">2015 FSA COMPLIANCE REVIEW SPOT CHECK MPP</a></td> <td data-bbox="1154 1245 1242 1350">Available</td> <td data-bbox="1247 1245 1425 1350">Begins 08/01/2015 Ends 07/31/2016</td> </tr> <tr> <td data-bbox="435 1356 1149 1461"><a href="#">2015 FSA COMPLIANCE REVIEW SPOT CHECK NAP</a></td> <td data-bbox="1154 1356 1242 1461">Available</td> <td data-bbox="1247 1356 1425 1461">Begins 08/01/2015 Ends 07/31/2016</td> </tr> <tr> <td data-bbox="435 1467 1149 1572"><a href="#">2015 FSA COMPLIANCE REVIEW SPOT CHECK TAP</a></td> <td data-bbox="1154 1467 1242 1572">Available</td> <td data-bbox="1247 1467 1425 1572">Begins 08/01/2015 Ends 07/31/2016</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>	Survey Name	Status	Available	<a href="#">2015 FSA COMPLIANCE REVIEW SPOT CHECK ARCPLC</a>	Started	Begins 08/01/2015 Ends 07/31/2016	<a href="#">2015 FSA COMPLIANCE REVIEW SPOT CHECK CTAP</a>	Available	Begins 08/01/2015 Ends 07/31/2016	<a href="#">2015 FSA COMPLIANCE REVIEW SPOT CHECK ECP</a>	Available	Begins 08/01/2015 Ends 07/31/2016	<a href="#">2015 FSA COMPLIANCE REVIEW SPOT CHECK EFRP</a>	Available	Begins 08/01/2015 Ends 07/31/2016	<a href="#">2015 FSA COMPLIANCE REVIEW SPOT CHECK MPP</a>	Available	Begins 08/01/2015 Ends 07/31/2016	<a href="#">2015 FSA COMPLIANCE REVIEW SPOT CHECK NAP</a>	Available	Begins 08/01/2015 Ends 07/31/2016	<a href="#">2015 FSA COMPLIANCE REVIEW SPOT CHECK TAP</a>	Available	Begins 08/01/2015 Ends 07/31/2016
Survey Name	Status	Available																							
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<a href="#">2015 FSA COMPLIANCE REVIEW SPOT CHECK ECP</a>	Available	Begins 08/01/2015 Ends 07/31/2016																							
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<a href="#">2015 FSA COMPLIANCE REVIEW SPOT CHECK NAP</a>	Available	Begins 08/01/2015 Ends 07/31/2016																							
<a href="#">2015 FSA COMPLIANCE REVIEW SPOT CHECK TAP</a>	Available	Begins 08/01/2015 Ends 07/31/2016																							

**Note:** The Status will be “Available” or “Started”, but never “Completed” so information can be entered until the survey close date. Scroll to see far right column.--\*

360 Accessing the National Compliance Review Database (Continued)

A Instructions for Accessing the National Compliance Review Database (Continued)


\*--

Step	Action
4	<p>The following screen will be displayed with the producer’s name and county. CLICK the gray bar with the survey name to proceed to the survey questions for the selected survey.</p> <div data-bbox="383 470 1458 1052" style="border: 1px solid gray; padding: 10px;"> <p>We are going to take you to the page you last visited. If you want to review your answers prior to that page please select the previous button at the bottom of the page.</p> <p>Continue to <span style="border: 1px solid gray; padding: 2px 20px;">2015 FSA COMPLIANCE REVIEW SPOT CHECK CRP</span></p> <p>Information requested in this survey is used to prepare estimates of selected agricultural commodity. Under Title 7 of the U.S.Code and CIPSEA (Public Law 107-347), facts about your operation are confidential and used only in combination with similar reports from other producers. Response is voluntary.</p> <p>According to the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995, an agency may not conduct or sponsor, and a person is not required to respond to, a collection of information unless it displays a valid OMB control number. The valid OMB control number is 0535-1. Approval Expires 2016-09-30. The time required to complete this information collection is estimated to average 0 minutes per response, including the time for reviewing instructions, searching existing data sources, gathering and maintaining the data needed, and completing and reviewing the collection of information.</p> <p>Our data collection procedures ensure that all information submitted through this website is encrypted and secured by Secure Socket Layer (SSL). Your unique survey code is needed to gain any outside access to your form and data.</p> <p>Questions? Please contact our customer support. When calling please provide us with your survey code and the name of the survey.</p> <p>Telephone toll-free: 1-800-727-9540 Fax toll-free: 1-855-493-0447 E-mail: <a href="mailto:nass@nass.usda.gov">nass@nass.usda.gov</a></p> <p><a href="#">Accessibility Statement</a></p> </div>
5	<p>The selected survey will be displayed. County Office users shall answer the survey questions for the program based on the data collected from the compliance review and spot check.</p> <p>The final question for each program survey is whether the user has another entry for the applicable program. When a user has finished entering data for a specific *--survey, the user shall select “No” to the final survey question and CLICK “Next”. The survey will be automatically saved.--*</p> <div data-bbox="383 1394 1458 1892" style="border: 1px solid gray; padding: 10px;"> <p style="text-align: center;"><b>HELIC/WC Maintenance Violations:</b></p> <p>45. Are there potential HEL violations on the farm?  <input type="radio"/> Yes  <input type="radio"/> No</p> <p>46. Are there potential WC violations on the farm?  <input type="radio"/> Yes  <input type="radio"/> No</p> <p>47. Was a FSA-569 (NRCS Report of HELC and WC compliance) sent to NRCS?  <input type="radio"/> Yes  <input type="radio"/> No</p> <p>48. Do you have any other farms?  <input type="radio"/> Yes <input checked="" type="radio"/> No</p> <p style="text-align: right;"><input type="button" value="Next"/></p> </div>

\*--

360 Accessing the National Compliance Review Database (Continued)

A Instructions for Accessing the National Compliance Review Database (Continued)

Step	Action
6	<p>The following screen will be displayed notifying the user that the survey has been successfully completed and providing the option to select a new survey for the selected producer or to select another producer.</p> <p>County Office users shall CLICK:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• “New Producer” to enter compliance review/spot check results for a different producer</li> <li>• “New Survey” to enter compliance review/spot check results for the same producer but for a different program survey</li> <li>• “Previous” to return to the selected survey questions.</li> </ul> <p><b>Note:</b> The “Submit” button will be grayed out and will <b>not</b> be available for selection. No further action is required. County Office will <b>not</b> complete the “Reported by” information.</p> 

361 Data Entry and Navigation Instructions for the National Compliance Review Database

**A Entering Data**

County Offices may enter compliance review and spot check findings in the National Compliance Review Database throughout the year as reviews and spot checks are completed. All program surveys do not have to be completed at the same time.

If a user has to exit a survey before all data has been entered, CLICK “**Save and Return Later**” located at the top of each survey screen. This will save the data entered and provide County Office users the ability to re-access the survey at a later date and finish entering data.

The “N/A” button is available in the upper left hand corner of each program survey. County Offices shall use the “N/A” button to indicate that the selected producer did not participate in the program for the year.

**Example:** If a producer selected for spot check only filed FSA-578’s and participated in DCP, County Offices must document all questions for the FSA-578 survey and the DCP survey. Even though the producer did not participate in any other programs, County Offices shall still access each program survey and CLICK “N/A”. This will indicate in the system that the producer did not participate in the program for the year.

\* \* \*

County Offices shall follow the steps in the following when using the “N/A” button.

Step	Action	Result
1	Access the applicable program survey.	Screen will be displayed with all survey questions.
2	CLICK “N/A” in the upper left hand corner of each survey screen.	Check (✓) will be displayed in the box.
3	Scroll down to the last question of the survey and select “No” to the final question.	
4	CLICK “Next”.	A screen will be displayed notifying the user the survey has been successfully completed.
5	CLICK “New Survey” to access a new survey for the producer.  CLICK “New Producer” to enter compliance review and spot check results for a different producer.	Available Survey Screen will be displayed allowing user to select another program survey to enter compliance review results.  NASS Welcome Screen will be displayed allowing user the option to enter a survey code for a different producer.

## 361 Data Entry and Navigation Instructions for the National Compliance Review Database (Continued)

### B Navigating Through the Screens

Use the mouse or tab key to move from question to question on a page. Use the scroll bar on the right side of the screen as necessary. CLICK “Next” to move to the next screen.

### C Exiting the Database

The survey can be exited at any time, however, CLICK “Save & Return Later” to save the data entered on the current page. To return to a saved survey, go to <http://www.agcounts.usda.gov> and enter the survey code for the applicable producer when prompted. When returning to an individual’s survey, the data previously entered will be displayed. Enter additional data or make changes to the existing data.

### D Contact Information

County Offices shall contact their State Office if they are experiencing problems or have questions on entering data into the National Compliance Review Database. State Offices can \*--e-mail questions or concerns to Gwen Uecker at [gwen.uecker@nd.usda.gov](mailto:gwen.uecker@nd.usda.gov).--\*

361.5 (Withdrawn--Amend. 53)

362, 363 (Withdrawn--Amend. 53)

363.5 (Withdrawn--Amend. 53)

364 (Withdrawn--Amend. 25)

365, 366 (Withdrawn--Amend. 53)

367-374 (Reserved)



**\*--Section 4 Notice of Determined Acreage by Spot Check--\***

**375 Purpose of FSA-468**

**A Introduction**

FSA-468 is the official notification to the producer of the results of a spot check. Footnotes included on FSA-468 inform the producer of the effect, if any, that the results of the spot check may have on the program eligibility of a crop or land use.

**B Timely Processing of FSA-468**

FSA-468 shall be processed in a timely manner after acreage has been determined to ensure that, if the producer requests a remeasurement, evidence of the crop is still available.

**C Information on FSA-468**

The following information is printed on FSA-468 for crops with determined acreage.

<b>Producer Data</b>	<b>Mailing Information</b>	<b>Program Data</b>
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• farm number</li> <li>• operator's name and address</li> <li>• farm ID</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• mailing date</li> <li>• county name, address, and telephone number</li> <li>• form number and revision date</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• reported acreage</li> <li>• determined acreage</li> <li>• applicable footnotes</li> <li>• program year</li> <li>• general information</li> </ul>

**\*--Note:** FSA-468 compares reported and determined acreage and prints only for farms selected for spot check. For the FSA-468 to print, determined acreage must be entered for at least 1 field on the farm.--\*

**D FSA-468 Footnotes**

Footnotes:

- identify discrepancies in reported and determined acreage for the crop
- are printed on FSA-468 in line with the applicable crop
- are explained in the bottom section of FSA-468.

**E Web-Based FSA-468**

For the 2011 program year, the FSA-468 process was incorporated into CARS. Follow procedure in paragraphs 380.5 through 380.7 for accessing the FSA-468 web-based process for 2011 and future years.

**376 (Withdrawn--Amend. 90)**

**376.5 (Withdrawn--Amend. 41)**

**377 (Withdrawn--Amend. 41)**

**378 Tolerance**

**A Acreage Tolerance**

If the determined acreage or production for a crop is:

- within the prescribed tolerance for the crop, the report is considered in compliance without either of the following:
  - the total loss of benefits
  - the overall accuracy of the acreage report being questioned
- not within the prescribed tolerance, follow paragraph 382.

**Rule:** Acreage tolerance is the larger of 1 acre or 5 percent of the reported acreage, not to exceed 50 acres for all crops, except wild rice and FAV's.

**Exceptions:** For specific programs, tolerance does not apply to:

- total cropland certification
- CRP
- FAV's or wild rice planting violations acre for acre reduction unless a FAV/WR planting exception applies according 1-ARC/PLC.

\* \* \*

**B Tolerance Calculation**

Calculate tolerance according to the following.

Step	Calculation
1	Add reported irrigated and nonirrigated crop acreage together before calculating tolerance.
2	Subtract official and measured acreage from the total reported acreage.
3	Multiply the result of step 2 times 5 percent to determine the acreage of tolerance. See tolerance rule in subparagraph A.

**379, 380 (Withdrawn--Amend. 90)**

**380.5 Web-Based FSA-468 Process for 2011 and Future Years**

**A Introduction**

The FSA-468 process for 2011 and future years will be accessible as a report option through CARS.

**B Accessing the Web-Based FSA-468 Process in CARS**

To access the web-based FSA-468 process:

- access the CARS Application according to paragraph 302

**Note:** The State and County Selection Screen will be displayed.

\*--

The screenshot shows a web application interface. On the left is a sidebar with a blue header 'CARS Menu' and a 'Welcome' message. The main content area has a blue header 'State and County Selection'. Below the header are three dropdown menus: 'State: Texas', 'County: Medina', and 'Program Year: 2016'. A 'Continue' button is positioned below the 'Program Year' dropdown. At the bottom of the page, the text 'CARS101 - Last Modified: 09/04/2014 10:49:37 AM' is displayed.

--\*

380.5 Web-Based FSA-468 Process for 2011 and Future Years (Continued)

B Accessing the Web-Based FSA-468 Process in CARS (Continued)

- from the State and County Selection Screen, select the applicable State, county, and program year.

**Note:** CLICK “Continue”. The Acreage Report Search Screen will be displayed.

\*--

**CARS Menu**

Welcome [ ]  
[ ]  
Role: [ ]

State and County Selection  
**Reports**  
Manage Crop Defaults  
NAP Application  
FSA Applications

**Acreage Report Search**

Year: 2016    State: Texas (48)    County: Medina (325)

Please enter a farm number or search for a producer in SCIMS

**Producer**  
 **Farm Number** [ ]

CARS102 - Last Modified: 02/18/2015 12:52:42 PM

--\*

380.5 Web-Based FSA-468 Process for 2011 and Future Years (Continued)

B Accessing the Web-Based FSA-468 Process in CARS (Continued)

- in the CARS Menu on the left of the Acreage Report Search Screen, CLICK “Reports” for a list of FSA-468 reports.

**Note:** The Reports Screen will be displayed.

\*--

The screenshot shows the 'Reports' screen in the CARS system. At the top, it displays 'Year: 2017', 'State: Texas (48)', and 'County: Anderson (001)'. Below this is a section for 'FSA-578' reports, including options for 'FSA-578', 'FSA-578C', 'Map', 'FSA-578 Summary', and 'FSA-578 (Producer Print)'. There is also an option for 'Continuous Certification Termination Letter'. The 'Report Format' is set to 'PDF'. A long list of report categories follows, such as 'Crops with End Date', 'Farms with a FSA-578 in CARS and Unreported Cropland', and 'Farms with Active Continuous Certification'. The 'FSA-468' option is highlighted with a red box, and a red arrow points to it from the right. Below this are options for 'Initial' and 'Re-Print' reports, with fields for 'Beginning Farm Number', 'Ending Farm Number', and 'Number of Farms to Print'. At the bottom, there are more report categories and a 'Generate Report' button.

--\*

**Note:** The FSA-468 report option is located under the FSA-578 report option.

**\*--380.6 Processing Web-Based FSA-468's Through CARS**

**A Selecting Farms for FSA-468**

FSA-468's can be generated and printed for a single farm or for a range of farms. Use the following table when selecting farms to generate FSA-468.

<b>When generating FSA-468 for...</b>	<b>THEN enter...</b>
specific farm	the same FSN in the "Beginning Farm Number" and "Ending Farm Number" fields.
range of farms	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• FSN in the "Beginning Farm Number" field</li> <li>• greater FSN in the "Ending Farm Number" field.</li> </ul>
specific number of farms	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• FSN in the "Beginning Farm Number" field</li> <li>• the number of farms in the "Number of Farms to Print" field.</li> </ul>

**B Selecting Print Mode**

Users must select a print mode for the selected farms. The following 2 print modes are available to print FSA-468:

- initial
- reprint.

Use the following table when selecting the applicable print mode.

<b>When the selected print mode is...</b>	<b>THEN FSA-468's shall only print crops that...</b>
initial	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• have <b>not</b> been printed on a previous FSA-468</li> <li>• were printed on a previous FSA-468 but a revision changed the footnote.</li> </ul> <p><b>Note:</b> Crops that have a change of footnote since the last printing are indicated with an asterisk (*) and the statement, "The footnote for this crop has changed since the last FSA-468 printing for this farm.", will be printed before the footnotes.</p>
reprint	were printed on a previous FSA-468 and there have been no changes since the last printing.

--\*

380.6 Processing Web-Based FSA-468's Through CARS (Continued)

C Generating/Printing Web-Based FSA-468

\*--After entering farm information and the applicable print mode, CLICK "Generate Report"--\* at the bottom of the Reports Screen.

FSA-468's for the selected farms will open up in a separate window.

Crop	Reported Acreage	Determined Acreage	Difference	Footnote
BARLY	152.00	151.90	0.10	
CORN	33.57	31.57	2.00	

To print FSA-468's, click the "Printer" icon on the top left of the opened window. FSA-468 prints with the farm operator's name and address placed so that window envelopes may be used for mailing.

**380.6 Processing Web-Based FSA-468’s Through CARS (Continued)**

**D County Office Action Before Mailing**

FSA-468’s shall be reviewed according to paragraph 382 before mailing.

After the review, County Offices shall mail the original FSA-468 to the operator and file a copy with FSA-578. Do **not** add any additional information or comments to FSA-468.

County Offices shall include a letter explaining the status of program benefits along with a copy of each FSA-468 that has a footnote \* \* \* 9.

**E Fields on FSA-468**

FSA-468’s shall be prefilled with the following data elements.

Field	Description
County Office Name/Address	Name and address of County Office generating FSA-468.
Farm Number	FSN for the selected farms.
Date of Mailing	Date FSA-468 is generated.
Operator Name and Address	Name and address of operator for the selected farm.
Important Notice	<p>This section provides notifications to the farm operator that the:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• determination is applicable only to crop acreage determined by the County Office</li> <li>• remeasurement of acreage may be requested within 15 calendar days from the date of the notice</li> <li>• information specific to the crops is provided in the footnotes.</li> </ul>
Crop	<p>For each crop with determined acreage on the farm, FSA-468 will display the following:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• crop name</li> <li>• reported acreage</li> <li>• determined acreage</li> <li>• difference</li> <li>•*--footnote--*.</li> </ul>



380.6 Processing Web-Based FSA-468's Through CARS (Continued)

E Fields on FSA-468 (Continued)

Field	Description
Footnotes	<p>*--Footnotes are displayed in line with the crop listed--* on FSA-468. Footnotes identify the discrepancies in reported and determined acreage and the effect, if any, that the results of the spot check may have on program eligibility of a crop or land use.</p> <p>CRP acreage will have footnotes printed on FSA-468. Footnotes will <b>not</b> be printed on FSA-468 for any other crops.</p> <p>The following footnotes will be printed on FSA-468, when applicable.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• 1 - The report is considered acceptable.</li> </ul> <p style="text-align: center;">* * *</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• 9 - The determined acreage is less than the acreage on your contract. See attached letter.</li> </ul>
Footnote Section	The Footnote Section on FSA-468 will provide the narrative of the applicable footnote.

380.6 Processing Web-Based FSA-468's Through CARS (Continued)

F Example of FSA-468

The following is an example of FSA-468.

\*--

FSA-468	Notice of Determined Acreage by Spot Check	PROGRAM YEAR 2017 Page 1 of 1
		FARM NUMBER 1621 DATE OF MAILING: 01/18/2017
<hr/>		
Operator Name and Address		
<div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px; width: fit-content;">Any 1 Producer</div> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px; width: fit-content;">12 Nowhere</div>		
FARM IDENTIFICATION:		
<hr/>		
IMPORTANT NOTICE <span style="float: right;"><small>Fold Line</small></span>		
<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. THIS DETERMINATION IS APPLICABLE ONLY TO CROP ACREAGE THAT HAS BEEN DETERMINED BY THIS OFFICE.</li> <li>2. SHOULD YOU BELIEVE THE DETERMINED ACREAGE FOR ANY CROP IS INCORRECT, YOU MAY REQUEST A REMEASUREMENT OF THE ACREAGE BY CONTACTING THIS OFFICE WITHIN 15 CALENDAR DAYS FROM THE DATE OF THIS NOTICE AND DEPOSITING A FEE FOR REMEASUREMENT. THE FEE WILL BE REFUNDED TO YOU IF THE ORIGINAL MEASUREMENT IS FOUND TO BE IN ERROR BY AT LEAST THE LARGER OF 3 PERCENT OR 0.5 ACRE.</li> <li>3. INFORMATION SPECIFIC TO A CROP IS PROVIDED IN THE FOOTNOTES. NO FOOTNOTE WILL BE DISPLAYED FOR CROP BASE ACREAGE. THE DETERMINED ACREAGE WILL BE USED FOR PROGRAM PURPOSES.</li> </ol>		
<p>This program or activity will be conducted on a nondiscriminatory basis without regard to race, color, religion, national origin, age, sex, marital status, or disability.</p>		
<hr/>		
<u>Crop</u>	<u>Reported Acreage</u>	<u>Determined Acreage</u>
ALFAL	145.88	145.07
		<u>Difference</u>
		0.81
		<u>Footnote</u>
<hr/>		
FOOTNOTES:		

--\*

**\*--380.7 Web-Based FSA-468 Reports**

**A Web-Based FSA-468 Reports**

The following reports are available under the FSA-468 process:

- Covered Commodity Out of Tolerance
- Missing Determined Acreage
- FAV's With Determined Acreage Greater Than Reported
- FAV's Not Reported and/or Certified.

**B Report Access**

To access the reports, select the applicable report from the Reports Screen and CLICK "Generate Report". The selected report will open up in a new window. All farms that meet the criteria for the selected report for the State and county selected will be displayed on the reports.

**FSA-468**

**Beginning Farm Number**

**Initial**      **Ending Farm Number**

**Re-Print**      or

**Number of Farms to Print**

---

**Covered Commodity out of Tolerance**

**Missing Determined Acreage**

**FAV's with Determined Acres Greater than Reported**

**FAV's not Reported and/or Certified**

--\*

380.7 Web-Based FSA-468 Reports (Continued)

**C Covered Commodity Out of Tolerance Report**

Farms that have covered commodities that are out of tolerance shall be listed on the Covered Commodity Out of Tolerance Report.

**Note:** Covered commodities are printed on FSA-468 but do **not** have corresponding footnotes.

County Offices shall use the Covered Commodity Out of Tolerance Report to assist in ascertaining “good faith” status according to paragraphs 381 and 382. The following is an example of the Covered Commodity Out of Tolerance Report.

\*--

State:		United States Department of Agriculture			Prepared Date: 01/18/2017	
County:		Farm Service Agency			Page: 1 of 1	
		FSA-468 2017 Notice of Determined Acreage by Spot Check			Farms: 1	
<b>Covered Commodity out of Tolerance</b>						
Farm Number	Operator	CCID	Crop/Commodity	Reported Acreage	Determined Acreage	Difference
1621	Any (I) Producer		WHEAT	20.00	12.30	7.70

**Important:** Tolerance is not calculated for crops reported with measured or official status and those crops will not be listed on the Covered Commodity Out of Tolerance Report. For acreage discrepancies, “good faith” shall be determined according to paragraphs 381 and 382. --\*

**D Missing Determined Acreage Report**

The Missing Determined Acreage Report displays a list of farms that have crops that do not have determined acreage for all reported acreage of the crop, such as farms with crops that have acreage determined for 1 or more fields but not all fields of a crop. These crops will **not** print on FSA-468 for the farm, however, will be indicated on this report. The following is an example of the Missing Determined Acreage Report.

\*--

State:		United States Department of Agriculture			Prepared Date: 01/18/2017	
County:		Farm Service Agency			Page: 1 of 1	
		FSA-468 2017 Notice of Determined Acreage by Spot Check			Farms: 1	
<b>Missing Determined Acreage</b>						
Farm Number	Operator	CCID	Crop/Commodity	Variety/Type		
1621	Any (I) Producer		WHEAT	HRW		

--\*

**380.7 Web-Based FSA-468 Reports (Continued)**

**E Farms Having FAV’s With Determined Acres Greater Than Reported Report**

The Farms Having FAV’s With Determined Acres Greater Than Reported Report shall include a list of all farms that have crops with a land use code of “F” with determined acres greater than reported. The following is an example of Farms Having FAV’s With Determined Acres Greater Than Reported Report.

\*--

State:		United States Department of Agriculture			Prepared Date:01/18/2017		
County:		Farm Service Agency			Page:1 of 1		
FSA-468 2017 Notice of Determined Acreage by Spot Check					Farms:1		
<b>Farms Having FAV's with Determined Acres Greater than Reported</b>							
Farm Number	Operator	CCID	Crop/Commodity	Variety/Type	Reported Acreage	Determined Acreage	Difference
1621	Any:1.Producer		CORN	SWH	5.00	8.50	3.50

--\*

**F Farms Having FAV’s Not Reported and/or Certified Report**

The Farms Having FAV’s Not Reported and/or Certified Report lists farms that have crops with a land use code of “F” where reported acreage for the crop is zero “0” and determined acreage for the crop is greater than zero “0”. The following is an example of the Farms Having FAV’s Not Reported and/or Certified Report.

State:		United States Department of Agriculture			Prepared Date:01/18/2017		
County:		Farm Service Agency			Page:1 of 1		
FSA-468 2017 Notice of Determined Acreage by Spot Check					Farms:1		
<b>Farms Having FAV's not Reported and/or Certified</b>							
Farm Number	Operator	CCID	Crop/Commodity	Variety/Type	Reported Acreage	Determined Acreage	Difference
1621	Any:1.Producer		CORN	SWH	0.00	2.00	2.00

**381 Crop Acreage Discrepancies**

**A Discrepancies**

\*--For discrepancies, COC shall:--\*

- determine what program benefits have been based on the specific crop acreage
- refer to the specific program procedure to determine whether:
  - program requirements have been met
  - producers remain eligible for all or a portion of the program payments or benefits.

**382 Total Cropland Results of Acreage Reporting Determinations**

**A General Rule**

County Offices shall consider all acreage reports for total cropland as filed in good faith by the producer unless COC determines that a good faith effort to accurately report the acreage was not made because the report was knowingly and willfully falsified.

**B County Office Action**

After spot checks are complete, County Offices shall follow this table.

<b>Step</b>	<b>Action</b>
1	<p>CED shall determine questionable cases to be forwarded to COC for review to determine whether the producer filed an acreage report for all cropland on the farm in good faith as required for ARCPLC, loans, and LDP's.</p> <p><b>Note:</b> Questionable cases include cases in which CED believes the producer knowingly and willfully filed a false acreage report or failed to comply with the requirements to file an acreage report.</p>
2	<p>COC shall:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• review all questionable cases referred by CED</li> <li>• make “no good faith” determinations when COC determines the producer knowingly and willfully failed to submit or falsified the acreage report.</li> </ul>
3	<p>In cases where “no good faith” determinations are made, according to step 2, the County Office shall notify producer that he or she is ineligible for all payments or benefits for ARCPLC, marketing loans, and LDP's, and provide the producer an opportunity to request reconsideration of COC's determination.</p>

**382 Total Cropland Results of Acreage Reporting Determinations (Continued)****C Considerations When Making Determination**

When making good faith/not good faith determinations, COC shall consider:

- all crops on the farm
- the facts that created the inaccurate acreage report.

COC should consider the following guidelines, as applicable, when determining whether or not the producer made a good faith effort to file an accurate acreage report for all cropland on the farm.

- Should the producer have been reasonably expected to know the subject acreage was in error?
- Was a reasonable effort made to accurately report all cropland acreage?
- Did the producer measure the acreage or employ others to measure the acreage?
- Was there reliance on photocopies or acreage of past determinations?
- Did the producer control or could have controlled the factors contributing to the situation?
- Was lack of compliance because of:
  - carelessness by the producer
  - part of a scheme or device to avoid compliance?
- Would the producer have benefited from the situation if the crop was not selected for spot check?
- Were there extenuating circumstances, such as:
  - inclement weather
  - changes in the farming operation after planting?

**383-389 (Reserved)**





Part 4 Computing Acreages

Section 1 General Guidelines

390 Acreage Determination Methods

---

**A**

**Introduction**

Determining acreage for measurement service can be done using either or both of the following methods:

- ground compliance
- aerial compliance.

**Note:** Measurement service includes:

- staking and referencing
  - measurement after planting
  - performing spot checks
  - updating cropland acreage.
- 

**B**

**Ground Compliance**

Ground compliance is done by actually going to the field and measuring the acreage using tapes, measuring wheels, GPS, and other equipment that can determine the acreage.

**Note:** See paragraph 420 for approved ground compliance equipment.

---

**C**

**Aerial Compliance**

Aerial compliance is done in the County Office by any of the following:

- using 35mm slides
  - using digital images
  - delineating the acreage on the photograph.
- 

**D**

**Deductions**

Authorized and standard deductions are applied to determine the portion of the acres in a planting area devoted to a crop.

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Continued on the next page

**390 Acreage Determination Methods (Continued)**

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**E****Other Acreage  
Used as  
Determined  
Acreage**

Under certain conditions, the following acreages may be considered the determined acreage:

- official acreage is acreage with permanent boundaries previously determined
  - it is apparent that acreage reported by the producer on FSA-578 is the official acreage
  - \*--acreage is determined by LA's.--\*
- 

**F****Minimum Row  
Width**

To be considered a row crop, the normal row width must be 30 inches. Each STC may establish, with DAFP approval, a minimum row width of less than 30 inches, if cultural operations in the area require this action.

---

**G****Rule for Extent  
of Measurement  
Beyond Row**

For row crops, consider the crop to extend beyond the planted row to a point equal to the larger of the following:

- 15 inches
  - half the distance between the planted rows.
-

**391 Standard and Authorized Deductions**

---

**A****Deductions**

Acreage not devoted to a crop being measured must be deducted from the gross acreage. The acreage to be deducted can be measured by ground or aerial methods or calculated by applying a standard deduction percentage to the gross acreage.

See paragraph 393 for strip-crop, skip-row, and sled-row patterns.

---

**B****Standard Deductions**

Standard deduction is an acreage allowance determined for the turn area by applying a percent of the area planted to the crop, instead of measuring the turn areas.

- The standard deduction is 3 percent of the gross acreage devoted to the crop and must be approved by STC before using in any county.
  - COC deviations from the standard must be reasonable and justifiable for the crop area affected.
- 

**C****Deductions by Measurement Service**

The farm operator may request measurement service to measure deductions instead of accepting the standard deduction.

The request must be made for the entire crop acreage before filing FSA-578.

**Note:** If the deduction is measured, the standard deduction shall not be used for the crop, regardless of the effect on program participation.

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Continued on the next page

391 Standard and Authorized Deductions (Continued)

D

**Authorized Deductions**

Any area not devoted to the crop within an area being determined must be deducted from the gross acreage. Deductions are authorized according to this table.

IF the area is...	THEN...
located on the perimeter of a field or subdivision	allow deduction if the standard deduction is not used.
located within the planted area	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• consider the part of any perimeter area that is more than 33 links in width to be an internal deduction if the standard deduction is used</li> <li>• use approved width if a different deduction percentage is justified and approved by STC. See approved width in subparagraphs E and F.</li> </ul>
either of the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• part of a skip-row pattern</li> <li>• less than 30-inches wide</li> </ul>	no deductions apply.
greater than or equal to: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• 0.1 acre for crops other than tobacco</li> <li>• 0.03 acre for tobacco</li> </ul>	deduct acreage. <p><b>Note:</b> If terraces, turn areas, sod waterways, noncropland, ditches within a field, or subdivision boundaries are contiguous, they may be combined to meet the minimum.</p>

E

**Deviations From Standard and Authorized Deductions**

If the normal cultural practices of a county, such as the width of turn areas or the size of fields, are different than the minimums in subparagraph D, the following recommendations may be submitted to DAFP:

- an increase in the minimum row width
- an increase in the minimum area.

Exhibit 20 lists State deviations from standards approved by DAFP.

Continued on the next page

391 Standard and Authorized Deductions (Continued)

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**F**

**Requesting Deviations**

COC must submit a recommendation for any proposed deduction deviation with the appropriate justification to STC.

<b>IF recommendation is for deviation in...</b>	<b>THEN it may be approved by...</b>
standard deduction percentage	STC, if both of the following apply: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• COC justification is adequate</li> <li>• COC recommendation is reasonable for the crop and area affected.</li> </ul>
authorized deduction for: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• row width</li> <li>• minimum area</li> </ul>	DAFP, if STC has submitted recommendation with adequate justification to Director, CPAD by November 1.  <b>Note:</b> Deviations remain in effect until DAFP withdraws approval or approves STC request for change.

---

**392 Applying Deductions**

---

**A**

**Rule for Standard Deductions**

If the standard deduction is applied to a field, the standard deduction shall be applied to all compliance determinations made for that field including:

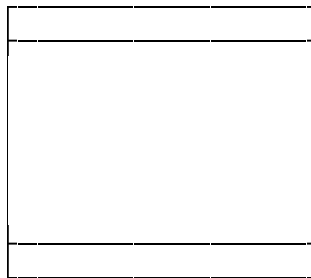
- staking and referencing
  - measurement after planting
  - acreage adjustments
  - \*--GIS-calculated acreage.--\*
- 

**B**

**Example of Standard Deduction in a Field**

Following is an example of a standard deduction in a field.

Turn areas are in the north and south ends of the field. County Office determined 1.5 percent for average turn areas. 3 percent applies to total acreage for both ends of the field.



30.0 acres x 3 percent = .9 deduction  
 30.0 - .9 deduction = 29.1 acres remaining after applying deduction

---

**C**

**Rule for Authorized Deductions**

If the authorized deduction is applied to a field, any area inside a cropped acre that is not devoted to the crop shall be deducted from the field. Following are examples of required deductions:

- sod waterways
  - rocks and boulders
  - barns and buildings.
- 

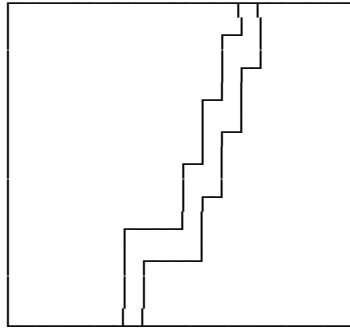
Continued on the next page

392 Applying Deductions (Continued)

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**D**  
**Example of**  
**Authorized**  
**Deduction**

Following is an example of an authorized deduction in a field showing a sod waterway in the middle of a 40-acre field. The County Office used aerial slide to measure 4.2 acres in the sod waterway resulting in 35.8 acres devoted to the crop.



$$40.0 \text{ acres} - 4.2 \text{ deduction} = 35.8 \text{ total acres}$$

---





## 393 Solid Plant, Strip-Crop, Skip-Row, and Sled-Row Patterns

### A Introduction

[7CFR.107] Methods of determining acreage differ with planting patterns. This paragraph discusses methods of determining acreage for the cultural practice of alternating strips of rows of the crop area with strips of idle land or another crop and solid plant when row width exceeds 40 inches. For these planting patterns the net acreage for all crops should be reported on FSA-578.

### B Definitions

See Exhibit 2 for definitions of the following planting patterns:

- solid plant
- strip-crop
- skip-row
- sled-row.

### C Strip-Crop

When 1 crop is planted in strips, rows, or areas alternating with another crop, whether or not both crops have the same growing season, only the acreage that is planted to each specific crop will be considered to be acreage devoted to the specified crop.

### D Additional Single-Width Row Procedure

If single rows are planted in a skip-row pattern with 2 or more rows having less than 40-inch spacing, consider the distance in inches devoted to the crop in the single rows the same as the distance between 2 or more rows with less than a 40-inch spacing. See Exhibit 21, subparagraph 2 G.

**\*--Note:** Cotton planted in an alternating 30/50-inch row planting pattern may be considered a solid planting pattern for both irrigated and nonirrigated rows, where the irrigated acreage has 80-inch irrigation centers with a drip-tape or drop-hose system. This provision assumes the 30/50-inch row planting pattern has a comparable number of rows, plant population, and yield potential in a normal year as a 40-inch row solid planting pattern.

### E Exception Request to 40-Inch Width Rule for Single Rows--\*

For this purpose, a normal row width is defined as row crops of 30 to 40 inches. STC's may request DAFP approval to deviate from this formula for crops that are normally grown in widths more than 40 inches, for example, vine crops, tobacco more than 48 inches, etc. The request must provide the formula and supporting information.

393 Solid Plant, Strip-Crop, Skip-Row, and Sled-Row Patterns (Continued)

F Strip-Crop and Sled-Row Patterns

The following table provides procedure for determining the acreage when a crop is planted in alternating strips of crops or idle land.

**Exception:** Normal planting patterns for tobacco that range between 36-inch and 48-inch rows do not require DAFP approval.

IF the strip of crops are...	AND the planting pattern of crops are...	AND the distance from plant to plant in the strip is...	THEN...
the same width and the width is uniform for the entire length of the strips	single rows alternating with idle land	40 inches or less	consider the entire area devoted to the crop.
		more than 40 inches	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• consider 40 inches devoted to the crop</li> <li>• calculate the net crop acreage according to subparagraph I.</li> </ul> See Exhibit 21, subparagraph C.
	2 or more rows of less than 40 inches planted in a pattern of single rows alternating with idle land	more than 40 inches	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• consider half a row width, but no less than 15 inches devoted to the crop</li> <li>• calculate the net crop acreage according to subparagraph I</li> <li>•*--cotton planted in an alternating 30/50-inch row planting pattern may be considered a solid planting pattern for both irrigated and nonirrigated rows, where the irrigated acreage has 80-inch irrigation centers with a drip-tape or drop-hose system. This provision assumes the 30/50-inch row planting pattern has a comparable number of rows, plant population, and yield potential in a normal year as a 40-inch row solid planting pattern.--*</li> </ul> See Exhibit 21, subparagraph G.
		equal to or less than the distance between 2 or more rows	consider the entire area devoted to the crop.
	2 or more rows alternating with idle land	more than the distance between the 2 or more rows	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• consider half a row width, but no less than 15 inches devoted to the crop</li> <li>• calculate the net crop acreage according to subparagraph I.</li> </ul> See Exhibit 21, subparagraphs D, E, and F.

393 Solid Plant, Strip-Crop, Skip-Row, and Sled-Row Patterns (Continued)

F Strip-Crop and Sled-Row Patterns (Continued)

IF the strip of crops are...	AND the planting pattern of crops are...	AND the distance from plant to plant in the strip is...	THEN...
not uniform in width of strips	any pattern	40 inches or less	determine the acreage of each strip by doing either of the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• chain each strip</li> <li>• digitize the area.</li> </ul> Enter the acres on the acreage report.
		more than 40 inches	determine the acreage of each strip by doing either of the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• chain each strip</li> <li>• digitize the area.</li> </ul> Consider 40 inches devoted to the crop for rows more than 40 inches in width.

G Determining Crops With Row Width More Than 40 Inches

The maximum area for a row considered planted to a crop shall not exceed 40 inches wide. consider land between rows exceeding 40 inches as idle land.

**Example:** For a 46-inch row, consider 40 inches to be the crop and the remaining 6 inches is considered a skip. See Exhibit 21, subparagraph 2 C.

**\*--Note:** Cotton planted in an alternating 30/50-inch row planting pattern may be considered a solid planting pattern for both irrigated and nonirrigated rows, where the irrigated acreage has 80-inch irrigation centers with a drip-tape or drop-hose system. This provision assumes the 30/50-inch row planting pattern has a comparable number of rows, plant population, and yield potential in a normal year as a 40-inch row solid planting pattern.--\*

**393 Solid Plant, Strip-Crop, Skip-Row, and Sled-Row Patterns (Continued)****H Exceptions**

The following exceptions have been approved by DAFP.

STC's have the authority to deviate from this formula for crops that are normally grown in widths more than 60 inches; for example, vine crops, tobacco more than 48 inches, etc. STC's shall provide DAFP a list of all crops and row widths, STC minutes, and supporting documentation for all exceptions granted under this provision. The following information shall be used to identify crops and justifications for exceptions:

**\*--Note:** Cotton planted in an alternating 30/50-inch row planting pattern may be considered a solid planting pattern for both irrigated and nonirrigated rows, where the irrigated acreage has 80-inch irrigation centers with a drip-tape or drop-hose system. This provision assumes the 30/50-inch row planting pattern has a comparable number of rows, plant population, and yield potential in a normal year as a 40-inch row solid planting pattern.--\*

- row patterns for the crop with any skip or sled rows
- documentation that supports the yields have been traditionally calculated based on the planting pattern requested for crops with exceptions approved
- State Extension Service recommendation on row widths for these crops
- RMA data
- NASS data.

393 Solid Plant, Strip-Crop, Skip-Row, and Sled-Row Patterns (Continued)

**I**

**Crop Percentage and Acreage**

Use the following table to determine the percentage of the area devoted to the crop. The resulting percentages shall be used according to subparagraphs C, D, and E to determine the acreage of the crops. The net acreage shall be reported on FSA-578.

Step	Action
1	Determine the crop row width by measuring the width of each row from plant stem to plant stem. Multiply the number of crop rows in the pattern by the crop row width. This is the area considered planted to the crop. Record in inches.  <b>Note:</b> For crop row widths exceeding 40 inches, the inches exceeding the 40 inches are a skip.
2	Determine the skip or sled width by measuring the distance from plant stem to plant stem in the skip or sled row. Subtract 1/2 row width for each side the skip or sled rows that touch a crop row from the width of the sled row. The 1/2 row width is the area considered planted to the crop and not part of the skip. Total the skips in the pattern.
3	Determine the planting pattern by adding step 1 and step 2.
4	Determine the percentage of land devoted to the crop by dividing the total crop inches from step 1 by the total inches in the planted pattern from step 3.
5	Determine the net crop acreage by multiplying the land devoted to planted acres times the acreage crop percentage from step 4.

**J**

**Calculating and Applying Gross Acreage Factor Tobacco**

The gross acreage factor is a percentage used to convert the permitted acreage or the allotment to the acreage needed to plant the allotted or permitted acreage.

The gross acreage factor:

- is equal to 1 divided by the crop percentage, as determined in \*--subparagraph I, step 4--\*
- shall be rounded to 4 decimal places.

Apply factor to allotted or permitted acreage.

**Example:** 1 divided by **.7287** equals 1.3723068 which rounded equals 1.3723. Multiply 1.3723 times 10.0 permitted equal 13.723.



394 Evaluating and Using Acreages

A Reported Acreage

\*--When a producer reports changes in field boundaries, or acreage with no official acreage established, determine the acreage by either of the following:

- conducting ground measurement by field visit
- conducting ground measurement by digital imagery.

**Notes:** For counties that are CLU certified, digitize the new CLU boundary or modify the current CLU boundary using the CLU MT's Editing Tools.

If no imagery is available that reflects the current land use changes, and the County Office does **not** have the resources to go to the field, correct field boundaries based on what the producer reports. Validate field boundaries once the new imagery is received or when resources become available to do a field visit and correct, as appropriate.--\*

B Official Acreage

If official acreage has been established and recorded according to paragraph 497, establish that the crop is planted as previously delineated.

IF the crop is...	THEN...
planted as delineated	the reported acreage for the area is the official acreage minus any authorized deductions.
not planted as delineated	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>•*--correct CLU field boundaries using GPS points, digital imagery, or field measurements taken in the field</li> </ul> <p><b>Note:</b> Before digitizing or modifying the new CLU boundary, use the CLU MT's Acreage Toolbar and Measure Toolbar for better accuracy.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• record the circumstances on the boundary change on FSA-578, Remarks Section, and in the "Reason" drop-down box on the CLU Attribute Data Entry Screen</li> </ul> <p><b>Note:</b> Add additional remarks in the "Comments" box, if applicable.</p> <div data-bbox="597 1457 992 1892" style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px;"> </div> <p style="text-align: right;">--*</p>

394 Evaluating and Using Acreages (Continued)

**B Official Acreage (Continued)**

<b>IF the crop is...</b>	<b>THEN...</b>
not planted as delineated (Continued)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>decide whether the change occurred after official acreage was established</li> <li>determine the crop acreage.</li> </ul>

**Note:** If the producer relies on erroneous official acreage, see paragraph 396.

**C Measurements by LA’s for FSA**

Use this table to determine when acreage measured by LA for a policy serviced by FSA shall be used as determined acreage.

<b>WHEN measured acreage...</b>	<b>THEN...</b>
includes the entire crop acreage reported on FSA-578	enter LA’s measured acreage as the determined acreage on FSA-578.
includes only part of the crop acreage reported on FSA-578 and LA’s measured acreage is within 5 percent of the reported acreage	do not enter any of the LA’s measurements as determined acreage.
includes only part of the crop acreage and the difference between LA’s measured acreage and the reported acreage exceeds 5 percent	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>enter LA’s measured acreage as determined acreage on FSA-578</li> <li>determine the remaining acreage of the crop.</li> </ul>
differs from the acreage previously determined by a County Office employee’s spot check by more than 5 percent	reconcile the differences.

**D Measurements by LA’s for Reinsurance Companies**

Use this table when LA measures acreage for a policy serviced by a reinsurance company.

<b>WHEN the acreage measured by LA differs from the FSA-578 reported acreage...</b>	<b>THEN...</b>
by more than tolerance	determine the acreage.
is within tolerance	use the acreage reported on FSA-578.

**Note:** Acreage determined by FSA shall always be used for program purposes.

395 (Withdrawn--Amend. 41)



**396 Erroneous Official Acreages**

**A Introduction**

This paragraph explains:

- the rules for determining acreages for fields with erroneous official acreage determinations
- procedure for correcting acreage.

**Note:** See paragraph 465 when erroneous acreage results from measurement service.

**B Acreage Use Because of Boundary Change**

Use determined acreage, instead of official acreage, when both of the following apply:

- the producer reports official acreage
- a boundary change has occurred.

**Note:** Tolerance is not allowed under these circumstances, except when the boundary change was not readily apparent to the producer.

**C When Error Is Not Because of Boundary Change**

This table identifies how official and corrected acreages are used when a producer relies on an erroneous official acreage determination and the error is not because of a boundary change.

<b>IF determining acreage for...</b>	<b>THEN use...</b>
*** accuracy of FSA-578	erroneous official acreage.
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• actual yield</li> <li>• NAP</li> </ul>	corrected acreage.

**Note:** This subparagraph may be applied to the subdivision of a field if the producer relied on a subtraction from an erroneous official acreage when reporting the acreage in the subdivision.

**396 Erroneous Official Acreages (Continued)**

**D Correcting Acreage**

Use these steps to correct an erroneous official acreage.

**Note:** Cropland changes made in the system before rollover will affect reported and determined acreages for program purposes.

<b>Step</b>	<b>Action</b>
1	Record the correct acreage on all applicable records.
2	Notify the farm operator, in writing, of the discovery, including: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• the correct acreage</li> <li>• a statement that the old acreage determination shall no longer be used</li> <li>• an updated photocopy.</li> </ul>

397 Redeterminations

**A**

**Introduction**

A redetermination may be requested by a producer who questions an FSA:

- acreage determination
- production determination
- production appraisal
- \*--CLU boundary, see paragraph 501.--\*

**B**

**Authorizing Redetermination**

Authorize redetermination requests according to the following table.

<b>WHEN the redetermination request is for...</b>	<b>THEN the producer must pay the cost of the redetermination and file the request...</b>
acreage	using either of the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• within 15 calendar days of the date of FSA-468 or FSA-409</li> <li>• before physical evidence is destroyed or while disaster conditions are still present.</li> </ul>
production	before the commodity is removed from the facility.
appraisals	within 5 workdays of initial appraisal and crop has not been disturbed. <p><b>Note:</b> Producer must understand that the acreage to be reappraised is not to be released, abandoned, or devoted to another use until the reappraisal is complete and the acreage is released.</p>

**Note:** See subparagraph F when cost of redetermination is refunded.

**C**

**Conducting Redetermination**

The County Office shall conduct the first redetermination. Second and later redeterminations shall be conducted by either of the following as specified by STC:

- employee from another County Office, designated by the State Office
- State Office employee.

Continued on the next page

397 Redeterminations (Continued)

**D  
Instrument  
Survey**

When an instrument survey is required, a licensed engineer may be hired if both of the following apply:

- the producer pays the total cost
- FSA employee accompanies the engineer to advise on FSA program requirements.

**E  
Reviewing and  
Documenting  
Requests**

Use this table for reviewing requests and documenting redeterminations.

Step	Action			
1	Review the initial determinations with the producer.			
2	Check the related forms for mechanical errors.			
3	Redetermine the acreage of the areas in question.			
4	If preliminary review indicates errors, inform producer that if redetermination does not confirm the apparent errors indicated, producer will be required to pay the redetermination.			
5	<b>WHEN the redetermination is for...</b>	<b>THEN...</b>		
	reappraisal	void initial appraisal documents and attach to reappraisal.		
	remeasurement	<b>IF error is...</b>	<b>THEN...</b>	
		not found	note this fact on FSA-409 or FSA-578.	
		found that affects the original determination	cross out original entry on FSA-578, and relist it on the next available line.	

Continued on the next page

397 Redeterminations (Continued)

F

**Redetermination Cost** The costs of a redetermination shall be paid by the producer before a redetermination is made. Use these tables to determine when the cost shall be refunded to the producer.

WHEN the redetermination is for...	THEN refund the cost if...
crop acreage	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• remeasured acreage meets the applicable acreage requirement</li> <li>• remeasured acreage is changed by the larger of the following:                             <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• 3 percent</li> <li>• .5 acre.</li> </ul> </li> </ul>
production	remeasured production is different from the original measurement. See 7-LP.

WHEN the redetermination is for appraisals of...	THEN refund the cost if yield change is the larger of 5 percent or...
cotton	5 pounds.
barley, oats, rice, or wheat	1 bushel.
corn or grain sorghum	2 bushels.

**Note:** See Exhibit 20 for deviations on redetermination refunds.

398-418 (Reserved)



Section 2 Ground Compliance

419 Responsibilities

---

**A**

**CED  
Responsibility**

CED is responsible for overall ground compliance activities. These responsibilities include:

- compliance training
  - accurate and timely acreage determinations.
- 

**B**

**County Office  
Responsibility**

County Offices shall:

- conduct accurate and timely ground measurement
  - delineate on \* \* \* photography.
- \* \* \*
-

## 420 Ground Compliance Equipment

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### A

#### Approved Equipment

This paragraph describes ground compliance equipment that is approved by DAFFP.

---

### B

#### Alidade

An alidade is a telescopic surveying instrument, primarily used by professional engineers and technicians, that is mounted on a plane table that can be leveled and rotated clockwise from north to south to measure angles.

This is usually accompanied with a center finder, plumb bob, declinator (measure angles), conversion table for slope and horizontal distance, and a stadia table (a flat table that can be rotated).

---

### C

#### Chain Tape

A chain tape is a metal measuring tape, graduated in chains and links. One chain is equal to 100 links or 66 feet. One link is equal to 7.92 inches.

---

### D

#### Digitizer

A digitizer is a measuring tool that computes areas and lengths by tracing an area and directly entering the results into a computer. Some digitizers have small internal computers.

---

### E

#### Divider

\*--A divider is a compass that can be used with the scale ruler. See subparagraph J for a description of a scale ruler.--\*

---

### F

#### Electronic Distance Measuring Instrument

An electronic distance measuring instrument is a surveying tool used to measure distance and height. The instrument is aimed at an object and measurements are recorded.

---

### G

#### Measuring Wheel

A measuring wheel is an instrument composed of a handle, wheel, and counter, and is used to measure ground area. As the wheel is moved along the ground, the counter measures the number of revolutions of the wheel.

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Continued on the next page



**420 Ground Compliance Equipment (Continued)**

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**H****Pin, Flag, or Stake**

A pin, flag, or stake is an object placed in the ground to mark a point to be surveyed.

---

**I****Polar Planimeter**

A polar planimeter is an instrument moved along boundaries on aerial photography. The instrument readings are used to convert photography measurements to acreages.

---

**J****Scale Ruler**

A scale ruler is a calibrated ruler for use with tapes graduated in chains and feet. Scale rulers for chains are graduated in 660 feet (50 parts to inch) and 1,000 feet (75.7 parts to inch).

---

**\*--K****GPS Units**

A GPS unit is a device that:

- uses satellite positioning to determine points on the earth
- is authorized for all compliance measurement purposes.

**Note:** Measurements obtained from GPS coordinates must be taken according to the specifications in paragraph 421.--\*

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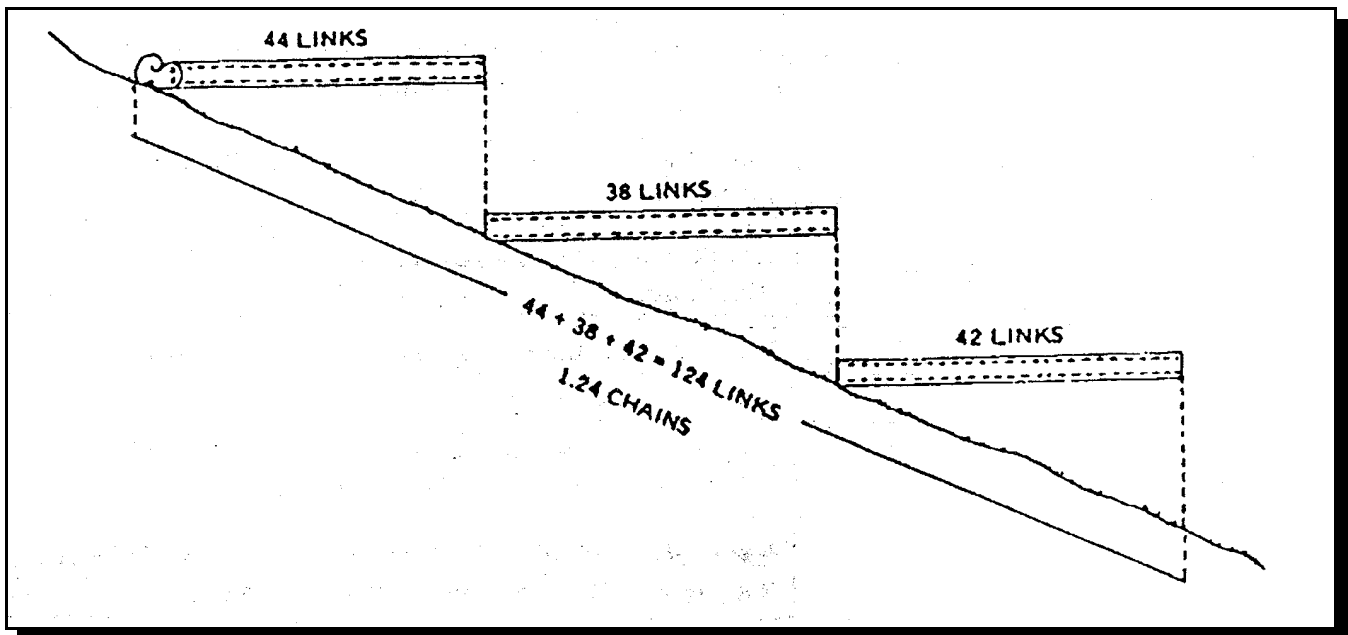


--  
421 Using Ground Compliance Equipment

A  
Measuring Tape Follow these steps for using a measuring tape.

Step	Action
1	Holding the tape level, measure in a straight line placing the tape between the 2 points to be measured. In uneven or sloping terrain, break tape. See subparagraph B.
2	Read the graduations on the tape to the nearest link.
3	Plot and record the measurements on the photograph to the nearest 10th, except for tobacco. For tobacco, record to the nearest 100.  <b>Example:</b> Reading is 3 chains and 84 links. Record 3.8 chains. For tobacco, record 3.84 chains.

B  
Example of Breaking Tape This is an example of breaking tape to measure sloped terrain.



Continued on the next page

**421 Using Ground Compliance Equipment (Continued)**

---

**C**

**Using Scale  
Ruler and  
Divider**

The scale ruler and divider are used to:

- locate points on aerial photography when delineating boundaries of fields and subdivision
- convert point-to-point distances on the aerial photograph to ground distance with 1 or multiple measurements of the divider (walking technique).

Use the steps in this table for locating points on aerial photography when delineating boundaries.

<b>Step</b>	<b>Action</b>
1	Set 1 leg of the divider on the zero mark on the scale ruler.
2	Adjust the other leg of the divider to the graduation on the scale representing the measured distance.
3	Place 1 leg of the divider on the landmark on the photograph from which the ground measurement was made. The outer leg will fall at the point to be located. Scribe intersecting arcs where necessary to locate indefinite points.
4	Identify these points by slight pressure on the divider.

---

Continued on the next page

421 Using Ground Compliance Equipment (Continued)

C

**Using Scale** Use the following steps to convert point-to-point distances on the aerial  
**Ruler and** photograph to ground distance using multiple measurements (walking technique).  
**Divider**  
**(Continued)**

Step	Action
1	Pre-measure from A to B by setting the divider at a predetermined length on the scale.  <b>Example:</b> Set length at 5 chains.
2	Place leg A of the divider at the landmark on the photograph from which the ground measurement is needed.
3	Move or walk the divider by raising leg A from the photograph and rotating divider in the direction to be measured until leg A lines up with the boundary.
4	Place leg A on the boundary at new position and repeat the operation with leg B and continue until the desired distance is stepped off.
5	After the last full step is measured, adjust the divider to represent the length of any remaining fraction of a step.
6	Determine the length of the boundary by multiplying the selected distance by the number of full steps taken and adding any remaining fraction of a step.
7	Read the scale and record the measurement according to paragraph 422.

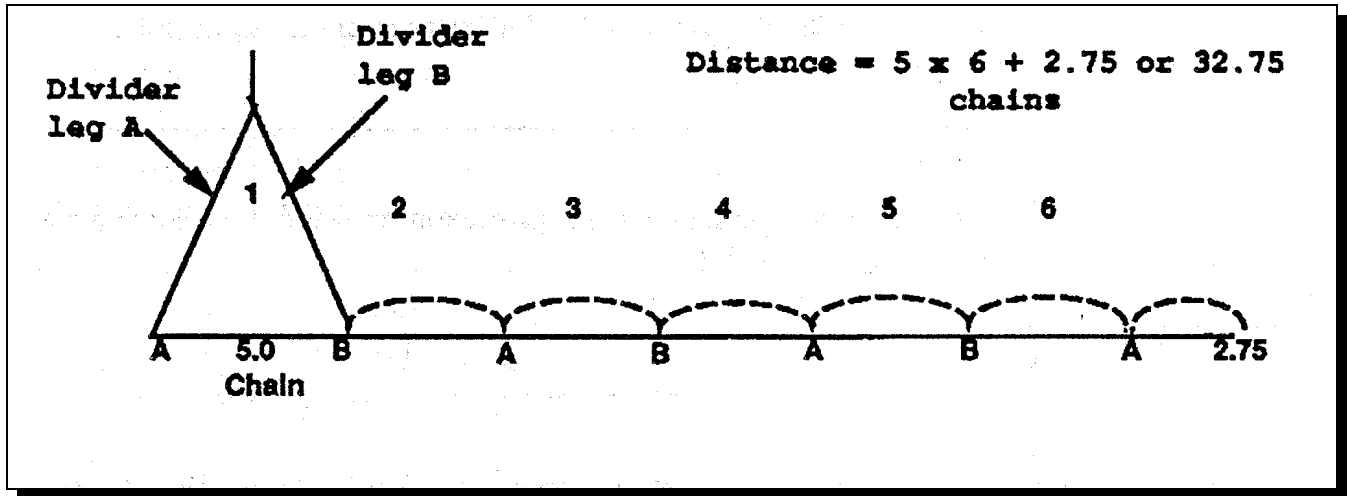
Continued on the next page

421 Using Ground Compliance Equipment (Continued)

D

Example of Walking Technique

The following is an example of the “walking technique” using the divider.



E

Measuring Wheel

Use the measuring wheel only on smooth level terrain. Do not use the wheel to measure across rows.

Multiply the number of times that the wheel turns times the circumference of the wheel to obtain the length of the line.

**Note:** Measuring wheels with automatic counters need to be reset each time a measurement is needed.

F

Using Other Methods

Use the planimeter conversion tables listed in the planimeter instruction manual to correct between scales.

Follow the instruction manual for using electronic distance measuring instruments.

Continued on the next page

## 421 Using Ground Compliance Equipment (Continued)

### \*--G GPS Measurements by Approved Users

GPS measurements may be used for all FSA compliance purposes if obtained by FSA employees who have completed a training and orientation program supervised by the State Office. Eligible users may include field reporters and FSA contract LA's.

The State Office shall maintain a listing of employees who have successfully completed GPS training including the dates and times of the training.

To successfully complete the training, the employee must demonstrate proficiency in areas applicable to their work as determined by the State compliance specialist. Such areas include the following:

- familiarity with the GPS unit assembly, power sources, menus, and functions
- ability to:
  - record and save waypoints for acreage or distance measurements
  - record acreage or distance measurements using track logs
  - properly determine GPS unit settings, such as mode, map datums, time zones, units of measure, and orientation
  - initiate differential measurements through DGPS and WAAS
  - download data from the GPS unit to the office PC
  - use the downloaded data in ArcView or ArcInfo software programs to determine acreage or distance.

### H GPS Measurement Specifications

All FSA GPS units used for compliance purposes, the receiver status must be “**3D differential location**”.

**Note:** The status is indicated on the Garmin GPSMAP 76 unit information page.

3 D differential location is when the receiver issuing differential data obtained through DGPS operated by the U.S. Coast Guard or WAAS, such as the system operated by FAA and the receiver is using data on at least 4 satellites.--\*

**421 Using Ground Compliance Equipment (Continued)**

**I Calculating Acres Using GPS Units**

Acreage measurements must be calculated using ArcView or ArcInfo software programs which have been licensed to FSA. Acreage measurement readings displayed on the GPS unit should not be used for official FSA compliance purposes.

Acreage measurements displayed on the GPS unit, such as the Garmin GPSMAP 76, are calculated using an internal software program that minimizes the number of tract points in an effort to conserve unit memory. The acreage measurement displayed on the unit may be different than the acreage calculated by Arcview or ArcInfo software using all accumulated track log points for a field.

The track log or boundary points of the area being measured shall first be downloaded from the GPS unit to a PC. The acreage calculated through ArcView or ArcInfo using the downloaded waypoints or all points of the detailed track log may then be used for FSA purposes.

Accumulating track log points, if used instead of point-to-point measurements, shall be set at intervals of 5 seconds or less in the GPS receiver.

The accuracy displayed on the unit, such as the Garmin GPSMAP 76 Information Page, must be 5 meters (16.4 feet), or less.

When operating single waypoint coordinates, the waypoint “averaging” feature on the unit shall be used.

\* \* \*



422 Computing Acreage

A

**Measuring Boundaries** Use the steps in this table to measure boundaries.

Step	Action
1	Locate crop lines or boundaries on aerial photographs and on the ground.
2	Measure distance from crop line to nearest specific landmark, such as fence line or center of road, visible on the photograph.
3	Delineate crop lines or boundaries on photograph using scale ruler.
4	Sketch any applicable deductions on the photocopy only.
5	Sketch entire crop area including deductions on FSA-578, remarks sections when either of the following apply: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• aerial photography is unavailable</li> <li>• area is too small to delineate and must be measured.</li> </ul>
6	Compute acreage using the formulas in this paragraph.

B

**Procedure for Computing Acreage** Use this table to compute acreage.

Step	Action
1	Determine the shape of the field. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• If the field is a single polygon, such as a triangle, rectangle, circle, or trapezoid, follow steps 2, 4, and 5.</li> <li>• If the field is irregularly shaped and must be divided into several polygons, complete remaining steps in this table.</li> </ul>
2	Apply the applicable formula, according to paragraph 423, to the measurements to compute acreage of the part or parts.
3	Add together the area of each segment to determine the acreage of the entire field.
4	Confirm computed acreage by digitizing the photograph when possible.
5	Record the acreage on FSA-578, or on FSA-409, if measurement service was requested.

422 Computing Acreage (Continued)

C

**Reviewing and Finalizing Measurements**

The County Office shall determine acreage using ground compliance methods according to this table.

IF...	THEN...
crop lines or boundaries are delineated on the aerial photograph	determine acreage by doing both of the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• digitize or planimeter photograph to obtain gross acreage</li> <li>• subtract any authorized deductions.</li> </ul>
entire crop area is sketched	review and recalculate ground measurements according to this paragraph.
chain measurements are used on single segment areas	review measurements and compute the acreages of fields, subdivisions, and deductible areas: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• for tobacco, in acres and 100ths of acres, and drop 1,000ths</li> </ul> <p><b>Example:</b> 2.799 becomes 2.79 acres</p> <p><b>Note:</b> For fields of less than 100th of an acre, compute in 1,000ths of an acre.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• for crops other than tobacco, in acres and 10ths and drop 100ths of an acre.</li> </ul> <p><b>Example:</b> 2.79 acres becomes 2.7 acres</p>
computing the acreage for an area that has been divided into 2 or more segments	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• compute the acreage for each segment to 5 decimal places according to subparagraph B</li> </ul> <p><b>Note:</b> Do not drop fractions.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• add the segment acreages.</li> </ul> <p>For tobacco, drop all 100ths or 1,000ths from the sum of segment acreages.</p>

**Note:** 10 square chains is equal to 1 acre.

423 Examples of Computing Acreage

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A

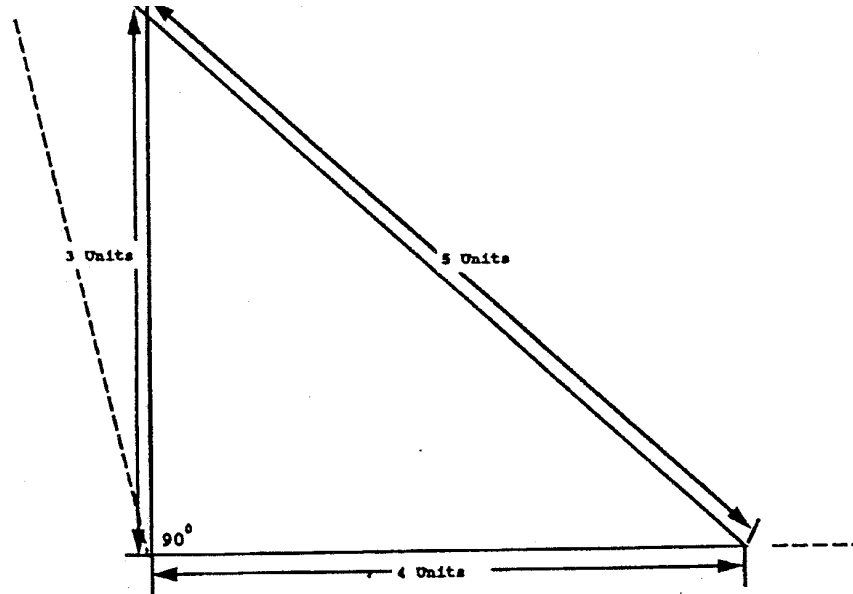
**Right Triangle**

Use this formula to compute the area within a right triangle:

$$\text{area} = (\text{base} \times \text{height}) \div 2 = \frac{1}{2} BH$$

$$4.00 \times 3.00 \div 2 = 6.00$$

Use the "3-4-5" right triangle to establish a line perpendicular to a base line if it cannot be accurately determined by another method.



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423 Examples of Computing Acreage (Continued)

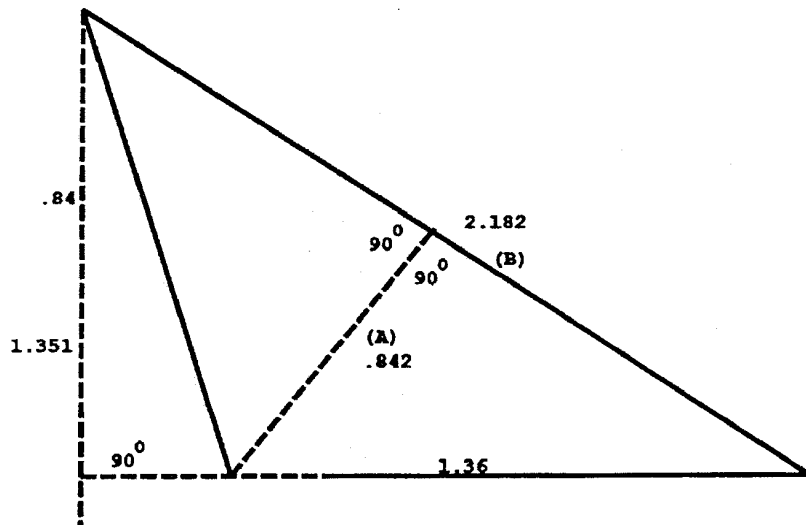
**B**  
**Other Triangles**

The formula for a right triangle can be used to compute the area of other types of triangles. The following examples show 2 methods of computing the area of the same triangle, other than a right triangle, using the right triangle formula. Rounding causes a slight difference in the acreage computation.

**Example 1:** This formula for a right triangle can be used to compute the area of a triangle, other than a right triangle, from within a field:

$$\text{area} = (\text{base} \times \text{height}) \div 2$$

$$(2.182 \times 0.842) \div 2 = 0.9186 \text{ square units}$$



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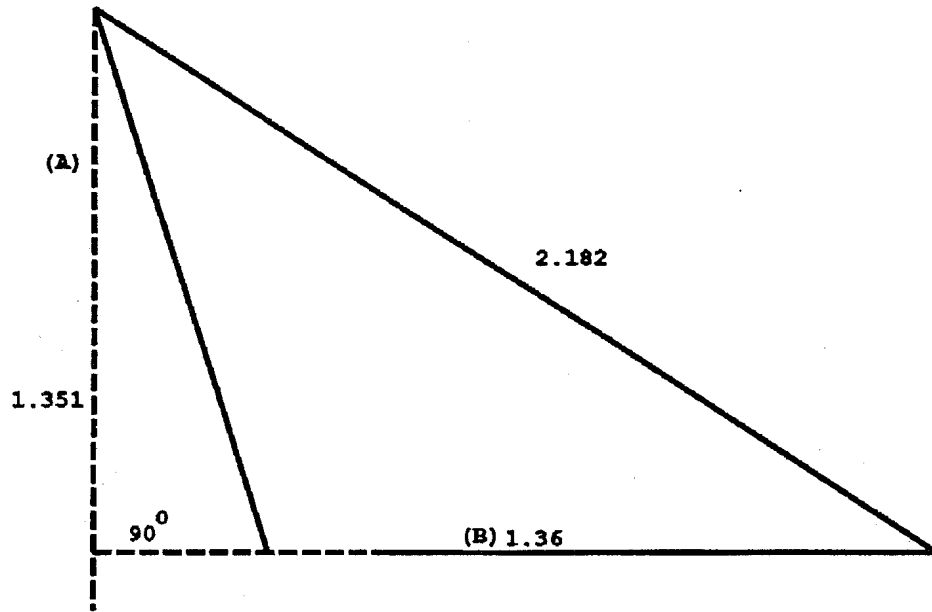
423 Examples of Computing Acreage (Continued)

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**B**  
**Other Triangles**  
**(Continued)**

**Example 2:** This example shows how to use the formula for a right triangle to compute the area of a triangle, other than a right triangle, from outside a field:

$$\text{area} = (\text{base} \times \text{height}) \div 2$$
$$*-(1.351 \times 1.36) \div 2 = 0.9186-*$$



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Continued on the next page

423 Examples of Computing Acreage (Continued)

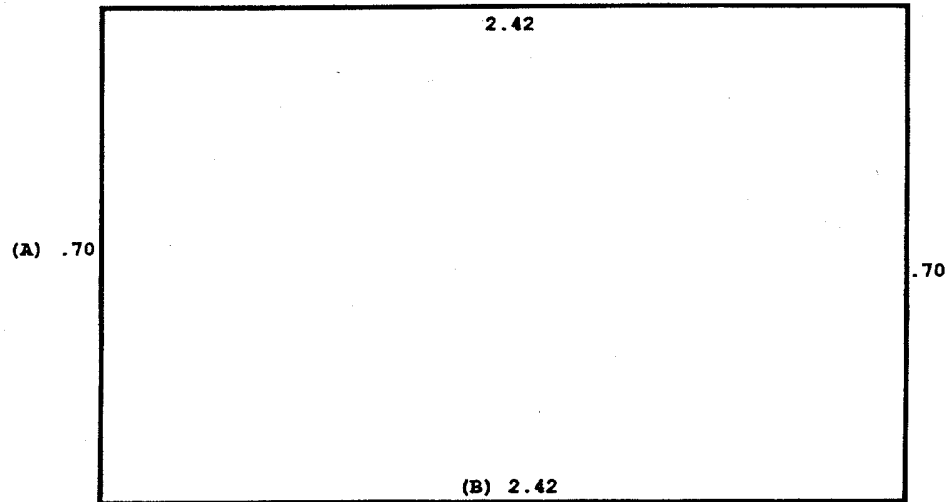
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C

**Rectangle**

Use this formula to compute the area of a rectangle:

$$\begin{aligned} \text{area} &= A \times B \\ 0.70 \times 2.42 &= 1.694 \end{aligned}$$



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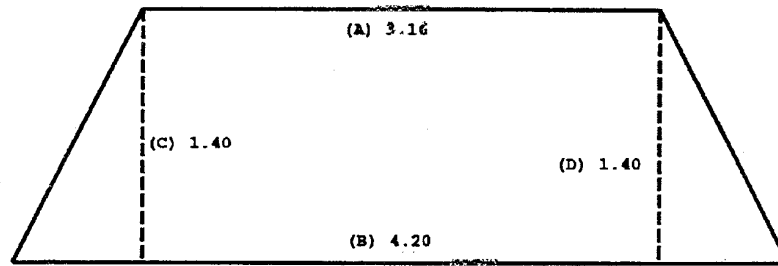
423 Examples of Computing Acreage (Continued)

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**D****Trapezoid**

Use this formula to compute the area of an isosceles trapezoid or any other 4-sided figure:

$$\text{area} = [(A + B) \div 2] \times C$$
$$[(3.16 + 4.20) \div 2] \times 1.40 = 5.152$$



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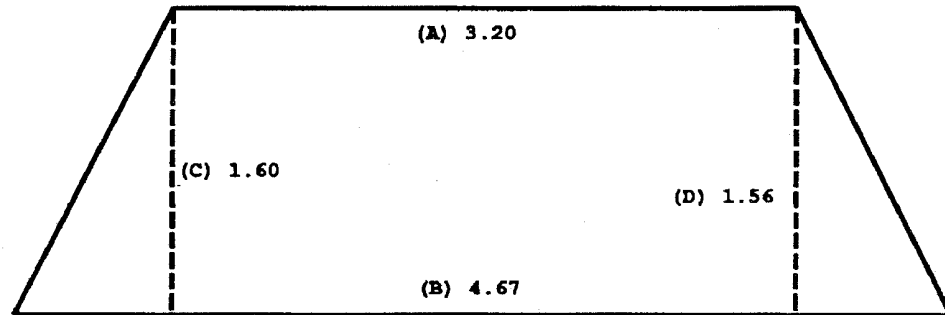
## 423 Examples of Computing Acreage (Continued)

**E**  
**Irregular**  
**Trapezoid**

Use this formula to compute the area of an irregular trapezoid:

$$\text{area} = \frac{(A + B)}{2} \times \frac{(C + D)}{2}$$

$$\frac{(3.20 + 4.67)}{2} \times \frac{(1.60 + 1.56)}{2} = 6.2173$$



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423 Examples of Computing Acreage (Continued)

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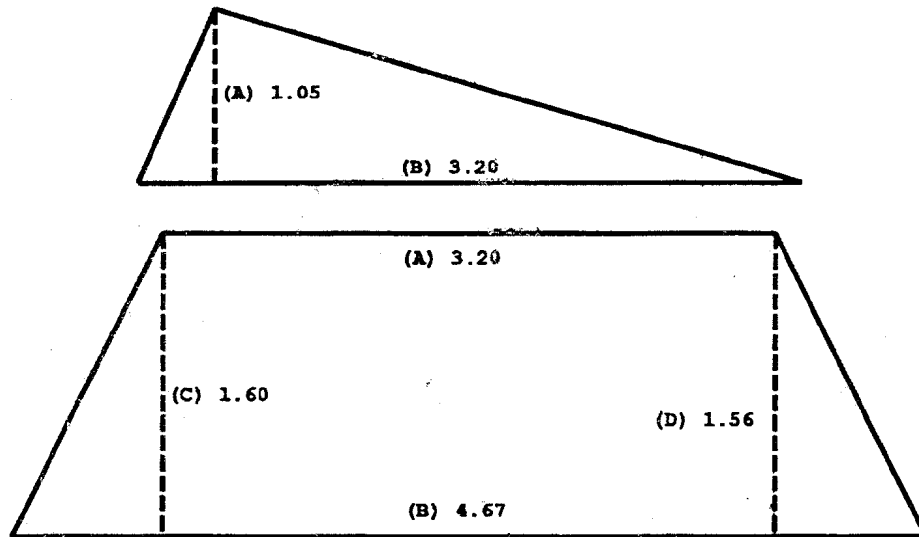
**F**  
**Combination of**  
**Isosceles**  
**Trapezoid and**  
**Triangle**

This is an example of measuring a field that is composed of an isosceles trapezoid and a triangle:

$$\text{Isosceles trapezoid area} = \frac{(3.20 + 4.67) \times (1.60 + 1.56)}{2} = 6.2173$$

$$\text{Triangle area} = (1.05 \times 3.20) \div 2 = 1.680 \text{ square units}$$

$$\text{Total area} = 6.2173 + 1.680 = 7.897 \text{ square units}$$




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Continued on the next page

423 Examples of Computing Acreage (Continued)

G

Irregular Shapes

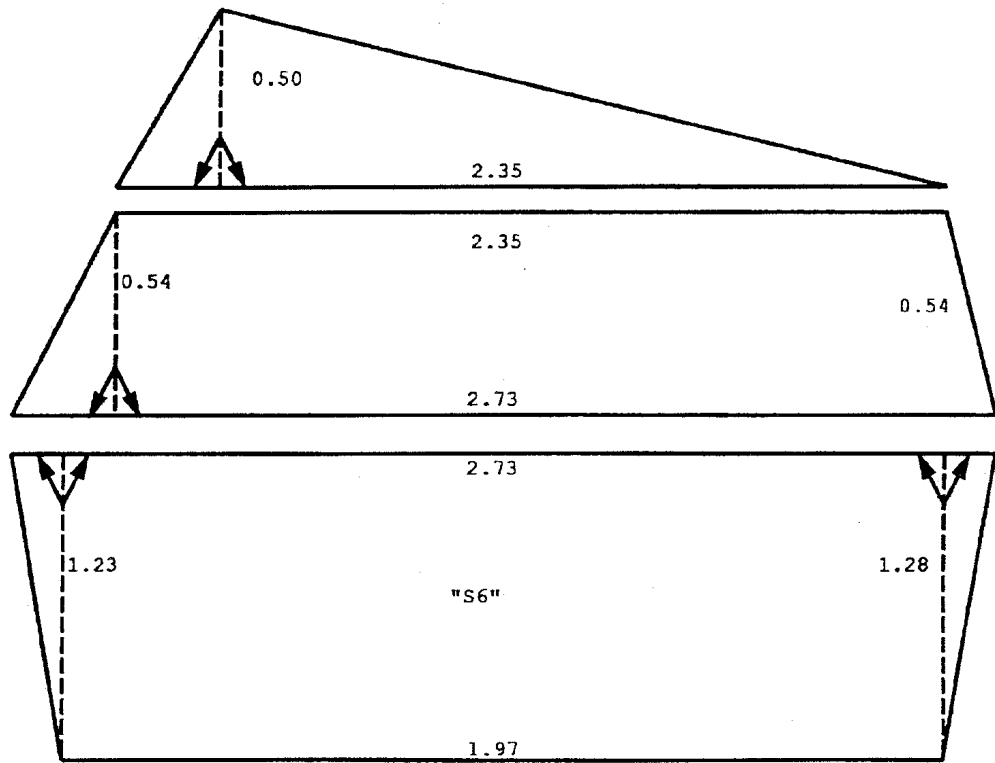
An irregular shaped field is segmented into regular polygons. The total area of the field is the sum of all the segments. The field in this example contains a triangle (A), a trapezoid (B), and an irregular trapezoid (C). Use this formula:

$$\text{Triangle} = \frac{1}{2} BH = (2.35 \times .50) \div 2 = .05875$$

$$\text{Trapezoid 1} = C + B \div 2 \times F = (2.73 + 2.35) \times .54 = .13716$$

$$\text{Trapezoid 2} = [(A + B) \div 2] \times [(G + H) \div 2] = .29492$$

$$\text{Total} = .05875 + .13716 + .29492 = 0.49083$$



Continued on the next page

423 Examples of Computing Acreage (Continued)

---

**H**  
**Circles and**  
**Circular Strips**

This is the formula for the area of a circle:

$$\text{area} = \pi \times \text{radius squared} = \pi r^2$$

$$\pi \text{ or pi} = 3.1416$$

The radius of a circular field is 10 feet.

$$3.1416 \times 10 \times 10 = 314.2 \text{ square chains}$$

$$314.2 \text{ chains} = 31.42 \text{ acres}$$

This is the formula for the area of circular strip of land ("S7"):

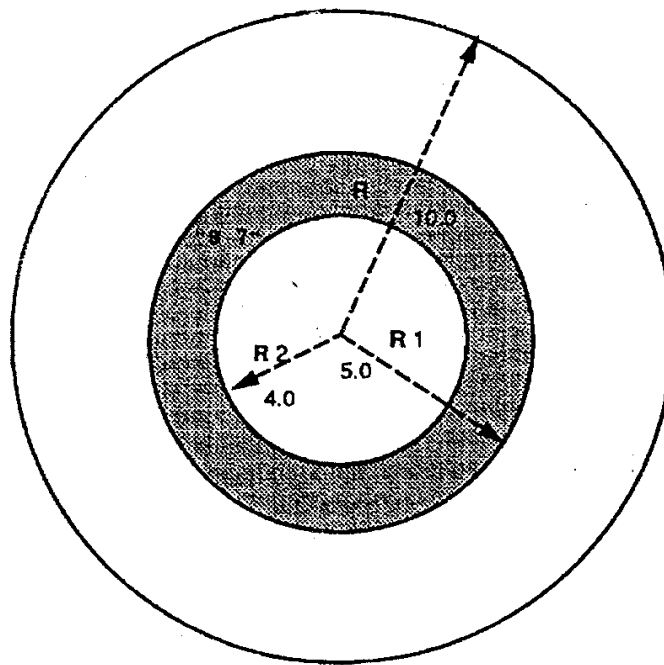
$$\text{area} = \pi (r_1^2 - r_2^2) = \text{area}$$

$$\text{"S7"} \quad 3.1416 \times (5.0)^2 - (4.0)^2 =$$

$$3.1416 \times (25.0) - (16.0) =$$

$$3.1416 \times 9.0 = 28.2744 \text{ square chains}$$

$$28.2744 \text{ square chains} = 2.8274 \text{ acres}$$




---

424-436 (Reserved)



Section 3 Aerial Compliance

437 Responsibilities for Aerial Compliance Activities

\* \* \*

A State Office Responsibilities

State Offices shall:

\* \* \*

- submit all compliance methods used by a State to PECD when aerial compliance \* \* \* is not performed for a State

**Note:** Include justification for any alternate methods.

- \*--work with the National Office and APFO to provide requested flight planning information for the NAIP acquisition and to determine corrective action if delays occur during acquisition or if problems are found with the imagery after it is delivered
- receive NAIP CCM's from APFO
- provide NAIP CCM's to County Offices on media or by remotely placing the dataset on the County Office server. Follow Geospatial Dataset File naming standards when loading these data sets.--\*

\* \* \*

**437 Responsibilities for Aerial Compliance Activities (Continued)**

**B County Office Responsibilities**

\*--After the county has been flown and digital imagery is received, the County Office shall:

- review the digital imagery to determine acceptability
- contact the State Office if the imagery is not acceptable
- notify DD and State compliance specialist after imagery is received
- label and store CD's containing digital imagery for archival purposes when received from the State Office
- follow the standard for Geospatial Dataset File naming when loading imagery on the server or for project specific use on local hard drives.--\*

**438-442 (Withdrawn--Amend. 49)**

**\*--443 Transferring 35mm Slides**

**A Transferring Slides**

Nontobacco-producing counties may transfer their 1984 and subsequent years 35mm slides to NRCS at the local level. If NRCS declines the slides transfer, FSA must keep them in the County Office. Counties that have a history of producing tobacco shall not transfer their 35mm slides to NRCS. Follow instructions in Exhibits 27 and 31 for using digitizers to determine acreage for 35mm slide images.--\*

\* \* \*

**444 Digital Images**

**A Using Digital Imagery**

\*--Digital images are used for numerous verification and measurement purposes.

**Important:** Digital imagery is not physical evidence of the crop.

**B Determining Acreage From Digital Imagery**

Determine acreage by digitizing around crop boundaries from digital imagery.

**C NAIP Imagery**

From 2003 on, counties will receive digital imagery as part of NAIP. If counties have questions about the NAIP imagery, they shall contact their State Office. The State Office shall contact PECD, Common Processes Section.--\*

**445-450 (Reserved)**

**Section 3.5 (Withdrawn--Amend. 49)**

**451-454 (Withdrawn--Amend. 49)**

**455-458 (Reserved)**





**Section 4 Measurement Services****459 Measurement Service Requests****A Definition of Measurement Service Request**

A measurement service request is a request for any farm visit or acreage determination that is not required by procedure. Included are farm visits to:

- determine exact area designated for specific crop land or land use by the owner, operator, or other tenant
- determine quantity of farm-stored commodities, according to price support procedure
- redetermine measurements of farm-stored production
- make determinations not required to administer a program, such as a crop appraisal.

**B Acceptable Requests**

Generally, the County Office may accept any measurement service request at any time for:

- staking and referencing
- measurement after planting.

\* \* \*

**C Completing Requests in Timely Manner**

Measurement service should be completed in sufficient time to:

- provide the producer a timely notice of the measured acreage
- allow the producer:
  - 15 calendar days to request remeasurement if the producer believes the acreage is incorrect
  - to make an acreage adjustment, if necessary
  - to report the acreage in a timely manner.

**459 Measurement Service Requests (Continued)****D COC Responsibility**

COC shall:

- ensure that measurement service requests are completed in a timely manner according to subparagraph C
- if necessary, do either or both of the following:
  - establish a cutoff date for accepting requests
  - with State Office concurrence, hire and train additional temporary compliance employees.

**E Records of Requests and Fees**

Use FSA-409A to maintain a record of measurement service requests. See paragraph 462 for instructions on completing FSA-409A.

To maintain a record of fees, enter the following items on FSA-603, according to 3-FI:

- combination of request numbers for all requests
- sum of fees collected.

460 Measurement Service Rates

**A Mandatory Rates for Performing Measurement Service That Includes Farm Visit**

Measurement service rates are charged to recover the County Office cost to perform the service. When an on-site visit is required to perform measurement service, rates set by DAFP apply to all State and County Offices.

**Exception:** Measurement service fees may be deducted from loan proceeds according to 8-LP, paragraph 427.

STC’s will select 1 of the following 2 options as a Statewide rate.

The following table contains the mandatory rates.

Option	Basic Farm Fee <u>1/</u>	Plus Hourly Rate <u>2/</u>	Mileage
1	\$15	\$16 first hour/\$8 every 30 minutes after first hour. Minimum of 1 hour.	Add mileage times the rate published in the latest applicable FI notice.
2	\$30	\$16 first hour/\$8 every 30 minutes after first hour. Minimum of 1 hour.	Mileage charge is included in the basic farm rate. There is no charge for mileage.

1/ This rate:

- was established to recover overhead expenses incurred by the government for items such as office rent, printing supplies, measuring equipment and supplies, and training
- includes costs for processing request, calculating measurements, and notifying producer of results.

**Note:** Measurement service fees are charged for the farm where the stored commodity will be measured regardless of the number of farms on which the commodity was produced. \* \* \* The location where the measurement service will be performed is entered in FSA-409, item 1.

2/ This rate was established to recover County Office employee expense and is set at a CO-9 rate. Hourly rate charges begin when the employee leaves the County Office and ends when the employee returns to the County Office. Hourly rate is rounded to the nearest 30-minute increment after the first hour when computing costs.

460 Measurement Service Rates (Continued)

**B Services Requiring Rates**

Measurement service rates will apply to, but not limited to, the following services:

- measuring crops after planting
- staking and referencing acreages to be planted
- measuring acreage that has been adjusted
- verifying crops and disaster acreage
- appraisals
- remeasuring any acreage that had been measured previously
- measuring or sampling farm-stored commodities
- late-filed fees.

**C Mandatory Rates for Performing Measurement Service With No Farm Visit**

Measurement service rates, when using digital imagery and on-site visit is **not** required, are set by DAFP and apply to all State and County Offices.

The following contains the mandatory rates when using digital imagery to perform measurement services.

\*--

<b>Basic Farm Fee</b>	<b>Plus Hourly Rate</b>
\$15	\$16 first hour/\$8 every 30 minutes after first hour. Minimum of 1 hour.

**Note:** New fee rates will apply beginning with FY 2012.--\*

## 460 Measurement Service Rates (Continued)

**\*--D Collection of Measurement Service Fees**

Measurement service fees must be collected from the producer before performing the service, based on an estimate of the cost.

**Exception:** Measurement service fees may be deducted from loan proceeds according to 8-LP, paragraph 427.

At a minimum, the estimated cost shall include the basic farm rate plus the hourly rate for the first hour; plus estimated mileage cost if option 1 is selected.

**Example 1:** If Option “2” was selected by STC, according to subparagraph A, the estimated cost that a producer must pay before the service can be completed would be the basic farm rate of \$30, plus a minimum of \$16 for the first hour is selected.

**Example 2:** If Option “1” was selected by STC, according to subparagraph A, the estimated cost that a producer must pay before the service can be completed would be the basic farm rate of \$15, plus a minimum of \$16 for the first hour, plus estimated mileage charge.

The actual cost shall be recalculated based on actual travel time; time required to complete the service and actual travel mileage, if applicable. If the amount collected from the producer before performing the service is:

- **less** than the actual cost of performing the service, the County Office must notify the producer of the additional amount due based on the actual cost

**Note:** A copy of the results of the measurement service will not be provided to the producer until the additional amount is paid.

**Exception:** If the difference in the amount paid in advance by the producer and the actual cost is \$9.99 or less, no additional funds shall be collected.

- **greater** than the actual cost of performing the service, the producer is due a refund.--\*

## 460 Measurement Service Rates (Continued)

**E Examples of Rates Charged for Performing Measurement Service That Includes Farm Visit**

The following are examples of rates charged to perform measurement services.

**Example 1:** Producer A requests bin measurement in County XYZ in State AB. State AB uses option 1 as a statewide rate. Time to travel from County Office to farm, document bin measurements, and return to County Office is 2 hours 40 minutes (rounded to 2 hours 30 minutes). Trip distance from County Office to farm and back was 45 miles. Total cost to producer for this measurement service is \$15 (basic farm fee) + \$40 (\$16 for first hour plus \$24 for three 30-minute increments) + \$20.61 (45 miles x \$.458) = \$75.61.

**Example 2:** Producer C requests after planting measurement service in County ZXY in State AE. State AE has selected option 2 as their statewide rate. Producer C has requested measurement service on 6 tobacco plots on 1 farm. Time to travel from County Office to farm, complete acreage boundary determinations, and return to County Office is 3 hours 25 minutes (rounded to 3 hours 30 minutes). Total cost to producer for this measurement service is \$30 (basic farm fee) + \$56 (\$16 for first hour plus \$40 for five 30-minute increments) = \$86.

\* \* \*

**\*--F Example of Rates Charged for Performing Measurement Service in the Office**

The following is an example of rates charged to perform measurement service in the office:

**Example:** Producer B requests digitizing field boundaries on digital imagery for an acreage measurement of 3 subfields. Time to process measurement service request, load the image service of most current year, find the location within the tract boundary, compute acreage using the CLU Tools, and provide results to producer is 65 minutes (rounded to 60 minutes). Total cost to producer for this service is \$15 (basic farm fee) + \$16 (first 60 minutes) = \$31.--\*

## 461 Completing FSA-409, Measurement Service Record

## A Completing FSA-409

Complete FSA-409 according to the following.

Item	Instructions
1	Enter FSN where the service will be performed.  *-- <b>Note:</b> Multiple FSN's may be entered.--*
2	Enter applicable program year.
3	Enter request number assigned by the County Office. Number the request serially by FY.
4	Enter the farm location by township, range, and section.  <b>Note:</b> This is optional.
5A	Enter producer's name and address, <b>including ZIP Code</b> .
5B	Enter producer's telephone number, <b>including Area Code</b> .
6A	Enter alternate contact's name and address, <b>including ZIP Code</b> , if applicable.
6B	Enter alternate contact's telephone number, <b>including Area Code</b> .
7	Check applicable box or boxes. If "Measurement after Planting" or "Remeasurement" is selected, select either "Ground" or "NAIP".  <b>Note:</b> Specify if other types of service are requested.
8	Enter commodity or land use.
9	Enter estimated total number of acres of the crop to be physically measured, minus internal deductions. See paragraph 393 for crops with strip-crop, skip-row, or sled-row planting patterns.
10	Enter number of applicable bins or plots.
11	Enter basic dollar rate for either of the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• performing measurement service that includes farm visit according to subparagraph 460 A</li> <li>• performing measurement service with no farm visit according to subparagraph 460 C.</li> </ul>
12A	Enter total number of hours required to perform the service, including travel time.
12B	Enter total hourly cost. Calculate by multiplying the number of hours in item 12A times the applicable rate according to paragraph 460.

461 Completing FSA-409, Measurement Service Record (Continued)

A Completing FSA-409 (Continued)

\*--

Item	Instructions
13A	Enter the total round-trip mileage.
13B	Enter the total mileage cost, if applicable. Calculate by multiplying the mileage in item 13A times the current mileage rate according to the latest applicable FI notice.  <b>Note:</b> If not applicable, ENTER "N/A".
14	Enter the total sum of items 11, 12B, and 13B, if applicable.
15A	The person requesting measurement service shall sign.
15B	Enter the date ( <b>MM-DD-YYYY</b> ) the person making the request signed FSA-409.
16A	Enter the amount of payment received for services requested.
16B	The County Office employee recording/receiving payment for requested service shall sign.
17A	For refunds only, check the applicable "YES" or "NO" box, which is to be completed after the service is performed.  If a refund is:  <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• due, check "YES" and complete items 17B through 17F</li> <li>• <b>not</b> due, check "NO" and go to item 18A.</li> </ul>
17B	Enter the crop or service for the refund.
17C	Enter the refund amount.
17D	Enter the check number.
17E	Enter the date ( <b>MM-DD-YYYY</b> ) of refund.
17F	The approving CED shall initial.
18A	Enter special instructions for the person who will perform the service, if applicable.
18B	Enter the name of the person who will perform the service.
18C	Enter the date ( <b>MM-DD-YYYY</b> ) work is issued to the person who will perform the service.
18D	Enter the date ( <b>MM-DD-YYYY</b> ) the person performing the service returns the measurement.
18E	Enter the date ( <b>MM-DD-YYYY</b> ) measurement is mailed to the producer.  <b>Note:</b> Complete within 10 workdays after performing the service.

--\*



461 Completing FSA-409, Measurement Service Record (Continued)

A Completing FSA-409 (Continued)

\*--

Item	Instructions
19	Enter the bin or tract number.
20	Enter the CLU number.
21	Enter the commodity or land use, including planting patterns or practices.
22	Enter the total acres or area measured for each CLU or subdivision.
23	Enter the deduction for each CLU or subdivision. See paragraph 392 for deductions.
24	Subtract the total deductions (item 23) from the gross acres (item 22) and enter the results in item 24.
25-29	Enter the name of the applicable crop in the space beneath items 25 through 29. Under each crop name, enter the applicable acreage.
30	Enter 1 letter for the method of measurement. Use either "M" or "O" as follows:  <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• "M" for measured</li> <li>• "O" for official.</li> </ul>
31	Enter the sum of measured acreage or production.
32	Enter the sum of official acreage.
33	Enter the sum of items 25 through 29.
34A	The employee performing the service shall sign.
34B	Enter the date (MM-DD-YYYY) the employee performing the service signed FSA-409.
35	Enter remarks, as applicable.

--\*

461 Completing FSA-409, Measurement Service Record (Continued)

B Example of FSA-409

\*--The following is an example of a completed FSA-409 for measurement after planting for solid planting pattern.

This form is available electronically.		Form Approved - OMB No. 0560-0260									
FSA-409 (06-13-08)		U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE Farm Service Agency		1. FARM NUMBER <b>47</b>	2. PROGRAM YEAR <b>2008</b>	3. REQUEST NUMBER <b>13</b>					
MEASUREMENT SERVICE RECORD				4. FARM LOCATION (OPTIONAL) <b>Sec. 204 - Barnes &amp; Noble</b>							
5A. PRODUCER'S NAME AND ADDRESS (Including Zip Code) <b>John Doe P.O. Box 2900 Anywhere, USA 11111</b>				6A. NAME AND ADDRESS OF PERSON TO CONTACT <b>Same as Item 5A</b>							
5B. TELEPHONE NO. (Including Area Code): <b>(222) 111-5555</b>				6B. TELEPHONE NO. (Including Area Code):							
PART A - SERVICE REQUEST AND COST											
7. KIND OF SERVICE REQUEST	8. COMMODITY/LAND USE	9. NO. ACRES	10. NO. BINS/PLOTS	11. BASIC RATE: \$ <b>30.00</b>							
<input type="checkbox"/> Stake and Reference Measurement after Planting	<b>Cotton</b>	<b>50.0</b>	<b>1</b>								
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Ground NAIP	<b>Soybeans</b>	<b>50.0</b>	<b>1</b>	12A. NO. of HOURS: <b>2</b>	12B. HOURLY \$ COST: <b>32.00</b>						
<input type="checkbox"/> Remeasurement	<b>Corn</b>	<b>75.0</b>	<b>1</b>								
<input type="checkbox"/> Ground NAIP	<b>Watermelons</b>	<b>25.0</b>	<b>1</b>	13A. NO. of MILEAGE: <b>24</b>	13B. MILEAGE COST: \$ <b>N/A</b>						
<input type="checkbox"/> Bins											
<input type="checkbox"/> Other (Specify)				14. TOTAL COST: \$ <b>62.00</b>							
15. PERSON MAKING REQUEST											
<i>I have reviewed the request and hereby agree to pay the cost of the service as requested.</i>											
A. SIGNATURE OF PERSON MAKING REQUEST <b>/s/ John Doe</b>				B. DATE (MM-DD-YYYY) <b>06/05/2008</b>							
16. CASH RECEIPT				17. FOR REFUNDS ONLY							
A. PAYMENT RECEIVED FOR SERVICES REQUESTED \$ <b>62.00</b>				A. REFUND YES <input type="checkbox"/> NO <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>		B. NAME OF CROP OR SERVICE FOR REFUND					
B. SIGNATURE OF COUNTY OFFICE EMPLOYEE <b>/s/ Sam Doe</b>				C. REFUND AMOUNT \$	D. CHECK NO.	E. DATE (MM-DD-YYYY) F. APPROVAL (CED Initials)					
18A. SPECIAL INSTRUCTIONS <b>Call before going out to farm to schedule appointment.</b>											
18B. EMPLOYEE NAME <b>Tom Smith</b>			18C. DATE WORK ISSUED (MM-DD-YYYY) <b>06/14/2008</b>	18D. DATE WORK RETURNED (MM-DD-YYYY) <b>06/16/2008</b>	18E. DATE MAILED (MM-DD-YYYY) <b>06/20/2008</b>						
PART B - RECORD OF MEASUREMENT SERVICE PERFORMED											
19. BIN/TRACT NO.	20. CLU NO.	21. COMMODITY OR LAND USE	ACRES DETERMINED			CROP NAMES/ACRES)BELOW:				30. METHOD 1/	
			22. GROSS	23. DEDUC- TIONS	24. NET	25. Cotton	26. Soy- beans	27. Corn	28. Water- melon		29.
<b>T-31</b>	<b>1A</b>	<b>Cotton - Solid</b>	<b>51.1</b>	<b>- 0 -</b>	<b>51.1</b>	<b>51.1</b>					<b>M</b>
	<b>1B</b>	<b>Soybeans - Solid</b>	<b>49.3</b>	<b>- 0 -</b>	<b>49.3</b>		<b>49.3</b>				<b>M</b>
	<b>1C</b>	<b>Corn - Solid</b>	<b>72.6</b>	<b>- 0 -</b>	<b>72.6</b>			<b>72.6</b>			<b>M</b>
	<b>1D</b>	<b>Watermelons - Solid</b>	<b>26.3</b>	<b>- 0 -</b>	<b>26.3</b>				<b>26.3</b>		<b>M</b>
31. MEASURED ACREAGE/PRODUCTION			<b>199.3</b>	<b>- 0 -</b>	<b>199.3</b>	<b>51.1</b>	<b>49.3</b>	<b>72.6</b>	<b>26.3</b>		
32. OFFICIAL ACREAGE			<b>- 0 -</b>	<b>- 0 -</b>	<b>- 0 -</b>	<b>- 0 -</b>	<b>- 0 -</b>	<b>- 0 -</b>	<b>- 0 -</b>		
33. TOTALS:						<b>51.1</b>	<b>49.3</b>	<b>72.6</b>	<b>26.3</b>		
34. <b>ALL required determination for this farm visit have been made in accordance with applicable procedures.</b>				A. SIGNATURE OF EMPLOYEE			B. DATE (MM-DD-YYYY) <b>06-16-2008</b>				
35. REMARKS:											

1/ Item 30. Method of Measurement. Enter "M" for measured or "O" for official.

--\*

461 **Completing FSA-409, Measurement Service Record (Continued)**

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**C**

**Distributing FSA-409**                      Distribute copies of FSA-409 as follows.

<b>Copy</b>	<b>Distribution</b>
1	Operator's request to person requesting measurement service.
2	Accounting copy, which serves as an official copy of fees collected.
3	Operator's receipt and result of service performed. Distribute this copy and photocopy to the person making the request after the service is performed and fees have been paid.
4	COC copy showing service performed. File this copy in farm folder.
5	COC copy for use while work is assigned to reporter. Discard this copy after farm operator has been informed of completed service.

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**462 Completing FSA-409A, Measurement Service Request Register**

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**A**

**Using FSA-409A**

Use FSA-409A to maintain a record of the number and types of measurement service requests. Use of FSA-409A is optional; however, it may be useful in County Offices with a large volume of requests.

FSA-409A is reproduced locally and maintained in the applicable compliance file.

---

**B**

**Completing FSA-409A**

Use this table to complete FSA-409A.

Item No.	Instructions
3	FSN on FSA-409.
4	Name of person requesting service.
5	Date measurement service request was made.
6	Date measurement service was completed.
7	Date County Office sends completed FSA-409 to person requesting service.

---

Continued on the next page

**462 Completing FSA-409A, Measurement Service Request Register (Continued)**

**C  
Example of  
FSA-409A**

This is an example of a completed FSA-409A.

REPRODUCE LOCALLY. Include form number and date on reproductions.

<b>FSA-409A</b> (01-19-90)  <b>MEASUREMENT SERVICE REQUEST REGISTER</b>	U. S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE Farm Service Agency			1. COUNTY  Any County
				2. STATE  VA
<p>NOTE: This form is used to aid in accounting for measurement service requests in counties where a large volume of requests are received.</p>				
3. FARM NUMBER	4. FARM OPERATOR	5. DATE MEASUREMENT SERVICE REQUEST RECEIVED	6. DATE MEASUREMENT SERVICE PERFORMED	7. DATE OPERATOR IS NOTIFIED OF DETERMINATION
5	Joe Brown	4-20-9X	5-1-9X	5-3-9X
389	Mary White	5-15-9X	5-29-9X	6-3-9X
515	Deb Smith	6-1-9X		

463 **Staking and Referencing**

**A Introduction**

Staking and referencing is a method of identifying and marking points on permanent and temporary boundaries on a farm and measuring the distance between the points to determine the acreage in the area.

This service is conducted at the request of a producer allowing the producer to accurately plant, designate, or adjust acreage.

Staking in the field may be done by a County Office representative or the producer requesting the service. See paragraph 465 for measurement service guarantees.

**Notes:** Tolerance is not applicable when performing staking and referencing.

Staking in the field by the producer is not allowed for measurement service for marketing quota crops.

\* \* \*

**B Definitions**

The following definitions apply to staking and referencing.

<b>Term</b>	<b>Definition</b>
Temporary boundary	A boundary that is easy to identify and easily moved, such as a crop line or turn area between fields.
Permanent boundary	A boundary that is easy to identify but not readily moved; such as, a property line, ditch, road, fence, or hedgerow.
Temporary fixed point	A point that is easy to identify and easily movable.  <b>Note:</b> A stake referenced to a permanent point or a permanent point on a permanent boundary is a fixed point.
Permanent point or object	A point that is easy to identify and not easily moved; such as, a boulder, tree, pole, or fence post.

**463 Staking and Referencing (Continued)****C How to Mark Points on Boundaries**

Locate and mark points on:

- temporary boundaries with stakes
- permanent boundaries using either of the following:
  - paint the object
  - place a stake close to the permanent boundary to locate the point but far enough from the cultivated area to avoid interference with field operations.

**D Where to Mark Points on Boundaries**

Mark points on boundaries by placing stakes at:

- both ends of the field
- each change in direction in temporary boundary lines
- each junction of temporary and permanent boundaries.

Stake only 1 end of a field if measuring a row crop with the same number of rows planted for the length of the field and if planting begins along a straight line.

**E Staking**

To reference where the stake is placed, provide the following information on the photocopy:

- a description of the points
- identification of the relationship between the points
- the measurement between the points.

**Note:** Do not reference stakes placed as a guide for deductions.



## 463 Staking and Referencing (Continued)

F

**Procedure for  
Staking and  
Referencing**

Use the steps in this table when staking and referencing in the field.

Step	Action
1	Identify a minimum of 2 permanent points. One point must be on a permanent boundary.
2	Physically mark or place stakes on or near identified permanent points.
3	Mark these permanent points on the sketch or photocopy. If a photocopy is used in the field, a second photocopy may be needed for official files.
4	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Measure the distance between these points.</li> <li>• Record the distance in chains and mark the stake reference on the sketch or photocopy.</li> </ul>
5	<p>Place a stake at a point along the boundary of the area to be measured. Each stake must be referenced to either of the following:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• 2 fixed, recognizable points or objects, which are not necessarily visible on the photograph</li> <li>• a stake placed along a permanent boundary.</li> </ul>
6	Mark the point in step 5 on the sketch or photocopy.
7	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Measure and record distance in chains.</li> <li>• Mark the stake reference on the sketch.</li> </ul>
8	Continue to place stakes at permanent and temporary points, marking and recording on the sketch or photocopy until the area to be measured is covered.
9	Record sketched points on the aerial photograph enlargement using the scale ruler and draw lines between the points.
10	Planimeter distances between points to verify field measurements.
11	<p>Record the following on the photocopy:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• rough sketch of the area</li> <li>• field number</li> <li>• acreage in the field</li> <li>• code for the crop planted in the field.</li> </ul>
12	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Attach a copy of sketch and photocopy to FSA-409 and file in FSA-409 folder.</li> <li>• Attach sketch and photocopy to FSA-578.</li> </ul>



463 Staking and Referencing (Continued)

\*--G Procedure for Staking and Referencing Using GPS

Use the steps in this table for staking and referencing using GPS.

Step	Action
1	Identify a minimum of 2 permanent points. One point must be on a permanent field boundary. Use the Navigation feature in the Garmin Map76 hand-held unit to measure the distance.  <b>Note:</b> Measurements of up to 500 feet can be measured before the display unit changes to miles.
2	Physically mark or place stakes on or near identified permanent points. Mark GPS waypoints for each stake. Keep a log of the location coordinates for each waypoint taken on the sketch or digital map.
3	Mark these points on the sketch or digital hard-copy map to be used for field notes. A second digital map showing Acreage Toolbar graphic measurements will be needed for official files.  <b>Note:</b> The GPS Measurement Service Map Template must be the official map.
4	Measure the distance between these points. Determine the starting point and mark it with a waypoint, or locate the waypoint already taken for the starting point. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li data-bbox="402 1031 992 1062">• PRESS “NAV” and select “Go To Point”.</li> </ul> <div data-bbox="1024 1035 1239 1287" style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px; margin: 10px 0;"> <p>                         SPEED 0.0' ELEVATION 987.0' ACCURACY 49.2'                          Simulating GPS                          Go To Point                          Navigate Route                          Navigate Track                          Stop Navigation                          for Man Overboard                          26-JUL-06 01:43:34                          N 46.75364°                          W096.90600°                     </p> </div> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li data-bbox="402 1325 716 1356">• Select “Waypoints”.</li> </ul> <div data-bbox="768 1335 982 1587" style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px; margin: 10px 0;"> <p>                         SPEED 0.0' ELEVATION 987.0' ACCURACY 49.2'                          Simulating GPS                          Points                          Using Current Location                          Waypoints                          Points of Interest                          Cities                          Exits                          Addresses                          Intersections                          N 46.75364°                          W096.90600°                     </p> </div>

--\*

463 Staking and Referencing (Continued)









\*--G Procedure for Staking and Referencing Using GPS (Continued)

Step	Action
<p>4 (Cntd)</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Select “Goto” and PRESS “Enter”.</li> </ul> <div data-bbox="971 342 1183 615" style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px; margin: 10px 0;"> <p style="text-align: center;"><b>Waypoint</b></p> <p>001</p> <p>17-JUL-06 20:46</p> <p>Location N 46.75324° W096.90895°</p> <p>Elevation 908'    Depth</p> <p><input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Show Name on Maps</p> <p>Delete    Map</p> <p><b>Goto</b>    OK</p> </div> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• PRESS “Page” until the compass screen is displayed.</li> <li>• “Distance to Next” will determine the distance from the waypoint. Travel until the desired distance is reached. If the distance to be traveled is greater than 500 feet, stop at 400 feet and mark another waypoint.</li> </ul> <div data-bbox="1227 716 1476 1014" style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px; margin: 10px 0;"> <p>SPEED 0.0    DISTANCE TO NEXT 397.6</p> <p>001</p> </div> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Add line segments together to get the total distance between the 2 identified permanent points. Record the total number of feet and mark the stake reference on the sketch or digital map.</li> </ul>
<p>5</p>	<p>Place a stake and record distance in feet noted in the “Distance to Next” box on the compass screen.</p> <p>Each stake or GPS waypoint must be referenced to either of the following:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• 2 fixed, recognizable points or objects, which are <b>not</b> visible on the digital imagery</li> <li>• a stake placed along a permanent boundary.</li> </ul>
<p>6</p>	<p>Continue to place stakes at permanent and temporary points, marking and recording on the digital map until the area to be measured is covered.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• PRESS “NAV” again and set the newly marked waypoint as the destination.</li> <li>• Repeat the process of marking the waypoint and navigating to the next distance. Record distance on the sketch or digital map until the area is covered. Add all line segments together to get the total distance.</li> </ul>

--\*

463 Staking and Referencing (Continued)


\*--G Procedure for Staking and Referencing Using GPS (Continued)

Step	Action
7	Create a new subfolder under “F:\geodata\measurement_services\gps_points”. 
8	Download the GPS waypoints. Name the file as indicated in the Manual for Managing Geospatial Datasets in Service Centers as “meas_service_xd_<stnnn>_<yyyymmdd>_<producer last name>”.  <b>Note:</b> Save the file to the “F:\geodata\measurement_services\gps_points” directory.
9	Open a CLU MT map .mxd document. Open the MT Control Panel. 
10	In “Other Layers”, CLICK “Add” and navigate to the folder location noted in step 7. Select the file and CLICK “Add”. To connect to the F drive, CLICK “Connect to Folder”. 
11	Locate the tract associated with the GPS points.
12	Open the Acreage Toolbar. 
13	Use the “New Acreage Graphic” button to measure the area of the GPS points. 
14	Change the graphic lineweight and color for best map readability. Use the “Change Acreage Graphic Symbol” button. 
15	Display only the acreage graphic in map view and the GPS point layer. Unselect the CLU layer, wetland, and other layers, such as transportation.  To add any additional text to the map, such as waypoint numbers (flags), use the “New Text” button on the ArcGIS Draw Toolbar. 
16	Go to Layout View. On the Layout toolbar, select the “Change Layout” button. Load the GPS Measurement Service Map Template. 

--\*

463 Staking and Referencing (Continued)

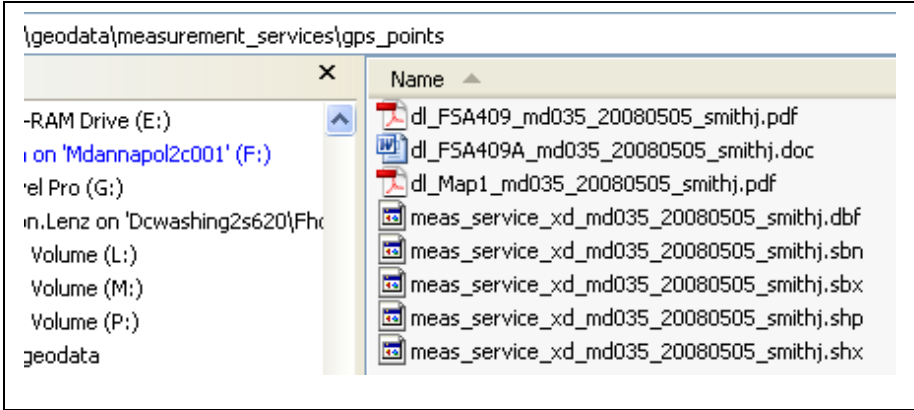
\*--G Procedure for Staking and Referencing Using GPS (Continued)

Step	Action
17	<p>Record the following on the GPS Measurement Service Map Template:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• name of requestor</li> <li>• FSN</li> <li>• tract</li> <li>• field</li> <li>• measured acres</li> <li>• date measured</li> <li>• horizontal accuracy</li> <li>• differential method used</li> <li>• reference station</li> <li>• by whom the measurement is performed.</li> </ul>
18	<p>Print the map and save the map as a PDF file. On the Layout Toolbar, select the “Export Map” button. </p> <p>Name the file as “dl_Map&lt;nnn&gt;_&lt;stnnn&gt;_&lt;yyyymmdd&gt;_&lt;producer last name&gt;”.</p> <p><b>Example:</b> dl_Map1_md035_20080505_jsmith</p> <p><b>Note:</b> Save the file to the “F:\geodata\measurement_services\gps_points” directory.</p>
19	<p>Attach the field notes sketch or digital map and the official GPS Measurement Service digital map to FSA-409 and file in the FSA-409 folder.</p> <p>Attach a copy of the field notes sketch or digital map and the official GPS Measurement Service digital map to FSA-578.</p> <p><b>Note:</b> Save the FSA-409 file to the “F:\geodata\measurement_services\gps_data” directory.</p> <p>Name the file “dl_FSA409_&lt;ssccc&gt;_yyyymmdd_&lt;producer last name&gt;”.</p>

--\*

463 Staking and Referencing (Continued)

\*--G Procedure for Staking and Referencing Using GPS (Continued)

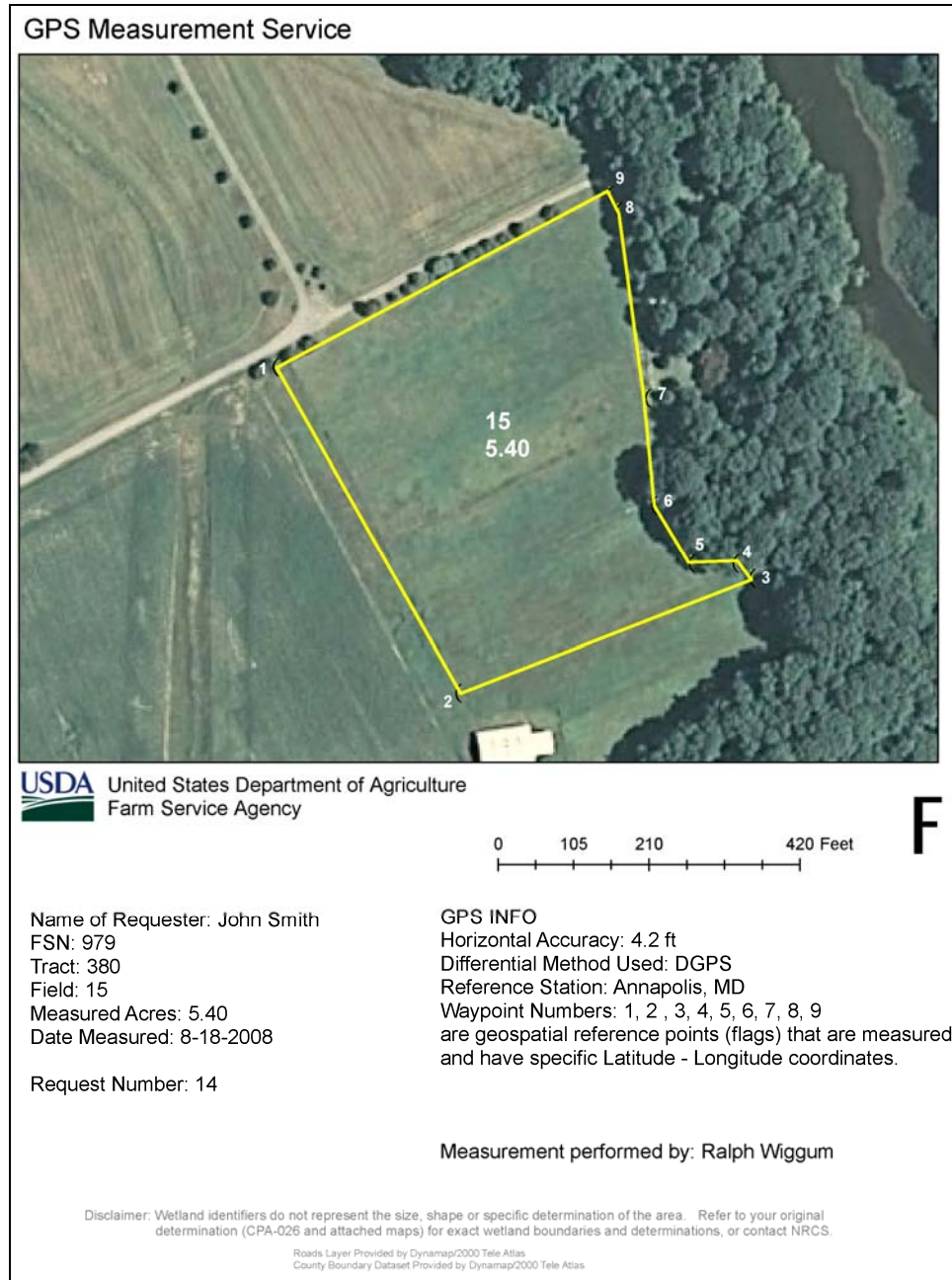
Step	Action
20	<p data-bbox="397 325 1469 394">For this example, the “F:\geodata\measurement_services\gps_points” directory will contain the following files for a measurement service field visit.</p> <div data-bbox="414 424 1323 831" style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px;">  </div> <p data-bbox="397 871 885 907"><b>Note:</b> Archive files by program year.</p> <p data-bbox="397 945 1193 980"><b>Example:</b> F:\geodata\measurement_services\gps_points\2008</p>

**Note:** The geodata folder and file naming convention identified in steps 7 through 20 can be used for all measurement services.--\*

463 Staking and Referencing (Continued)

\*--H Example of GPS Measurement Service Map Template

The following is an example of the GPS Measurement Service Map Template.



**Note:** This GPS Measurement Service Map Template example can be used for all measurement services. Adding a section of labeled points on the map is optional. The numbered points are GPS waypoint numbers with specific latitude and longitude coordinates.--\*

\*\*\*



**464 Measurement Service After Planting****A Definition of Measurement Service After Planting**

Measurement service after planting means determining a crop or designated acreage after planting, but before the farm operator files a report of acreage for the crop.

**Example:** See subparagraph C \* \* \* for an example of FSA-409 for measurement service after planting.

**B Timely Requests**

Requests for measurement service after planting may be filed no later than the final reporting date for the crop or land use to be considered timely filed. Requests filed after the final reporting date may be accepted if the producer pays the cost of the measurement service in addition to the late-filed fee for reporting the acreage. This would result in the producer paying twice the cost of the measurement service.

**Note:** Producers requesting measurement service after the final reporting date shall not be allowed to adjust acreage to meet program requirements if previously spot-checked.

464 Measurement Service After Planting (Continued)

\*--C Example of FSA-409

The following is an example of FSA-409 for measurement service after planting for skip row planting pattern.

This form is available electronically. <span style="float:right">Form Approved - OMB No. 0560-0260</span>												
<b>FSA-409</b> U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE (06-13-08) Farm Service Agency												
<b>MEASUREMENT SERVICE RECORD</b>												
1. FARM NUMBER	2. PROGRAM YEAR 2cxx	3. REQUEST NUMBER 201										
4. FARM LOCATION (OPTIONAL) T 27 K R 43 W Section 1												
5A. PRODUCER'S NAME AND ADDRESS (Including Zip Code) John Doe P.O. Box 2900 Anywhere, USA 11111		6A. NAME AND ADDRESS OF PERSON TO CONTACT Same as Item 5A										
5B. TELEPHONE NO. (Including Area Code):		6B. TELEPHONE NO. (Including Area Code): (222) 111-6666										
<b>PART A - SERVICE REQUEST AND COST</b>												
7. KIND OF SERVICE REQUEST	8. COMMODITY/LAND USE	9. NO. ACRES	10. NO. BINS/PLOTS	11. BASIC RATE: \$ 30.00								
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Stake and Reference Measurement after Planting	FS - Tobacco 7.86	9.83	1									
<input type="checkbox"/> Ground NAIP	1.25			12A. NO. of HOURS: 2	12B. HOURLY COST: \$ 32.00							
<input type="checkbox"/> Remeasurement												
<input type="checkbox"/> Ground NAIP				13A. NO. of MILEAGE:	13B. MILEAGE COST: \$ N/A							
<input type="checkbox"/> Bins												
<input type="checkbox"/> Other (Specify)				14. TOTAL COST: \$ 62.00								
<b>15. PERSON MAKING REQUEST</b>												
I have reviewed the request and hereby agree to pay the cost of the service as requested.												
A. SIGNATURE OF PERSON MAKING REQUEST <b>/s/ John Doe</b>				B. DATE (MM-DD-YYYY) <b>06/22/2008</b>								
<b>16. CASH RECEIPT</b>			<b>17. FOR REFUNDS ONLY</b>									
A. PAYMENT RECEIVED FOR SERVICES REQUESTED \$ 62.00			A. REFUND YES <input type="checkbox"/> NO <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>									
B. SIGNATURE OF COUNTY OFFICE EMPLOYEE			C. REFUND AMOUNT \$	D. CHECK NO.	E. DATE (MM-DD-YYYY)							
18A. SPECIAL INSTRUCTIONS			F. APPROVAL (CED Initials)									
18B. EMPLOYEE NAME <b>/s/ Sam Doe</b>		18C. DATE WORK ISSUED (MM-DD-YYYY)	18D. DATE WORK RETURNED (MM-DD-YYYY)	18E. DATE MAILED (MM-DD-YYYY)								
<b>PART B - RECORD OF MEASUREMENT SERVICE PERFORMED</b>												
19. BIN/TRACT NO.	20. CLU NO.	21. COMMODITY OR LAND USE	ACRES DETERMINED			CROP NAMES/ACRES)BELOW:					30. METHOD <u>1/</u>	
			22. GROSS	23. DEDUCTIONS	24. NET	25.	26.	27.	28.	29.		
1164	7A	SR 4 + 1 RW 48 " Tobacco	10.25	.42	7.06	7.86						
The tobacco acreage measured on this farm is the amount you requested and is not your 20xx effective allotment. J. F. 06/22/08												
31. MEASURED ACREAGE/PRODUCTION												
32. OFFICIAL ACREAGE												
<b>33. TOTALS:</b>												
						7.86						
34. ALL required determination for this farm visit have been made in accordance with applicable procedures.				A. SIGNATURE OF EMPLOYEE <b>/s/ George R. David</b>				B. DATE (MM-DD-YYYY) <b>06/22/2008</b>				
35. REMARKS:												
1/ Item 30. Method of Measurement. Enter "M" for measured or "O" for official.												

--\*

\*\*\*

465 Measurement Service Guarantee

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**A**

**Guaranteed Service**

\*--Measurement service is guaranteed for the current crop year when all of the following apply:

- service was requested and fees were paid in a timely manner
- acreage was measured by COC representative
- producer took action based on the measurement service.

The guarantee also applies to staking and referencing when the producer places field markers and plants exactly as directed by the County Office.

**Note:** Guarantee does not apply to compliance with the conservation plan--\* required by 6-CP.

---

**B**

**Incorrect Measurement Service**

If a producer takes action on an incorrect measurement service, COC will consider the farm in compliance with acreage requirements for the current year, if that measurement service was performed for the entire crop or allotment on the farm. This includes errors made in:

- recording program or allotment requirements
- measurement
- field assistant's judgment
- placement of field or subdivision lines
- planimetry or computation.

**Note:** Measurement service is not guaranteed if the producer did not take action based on the measurement service.

---

**C**

**Dataloading Measurement Service Errors**

Use this table to enter acreage on FSA-578 when acreage is in error but is guaranteed according to this paragraph.

<b>IF the guaranteed acreage is...</b>	<b>THEN enter guaranteed acreage as the reported acreage and the determined acreage, and...</b>
less than the actual acreage	enter an additional field with the remaining acreage using the land use code "N".
more than the actual acreage	on FSA-578, document the reason for reported acreage exceeding cropland acreage, if applicable.

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**\*--Part 5 Photography and Geospatial Data--\***

**Section 1 Aerial Photography**

**491 Receiving and Recording Aerial Photographs**

**A Definitions**

The following definitions apply to aerial photography.

<b>Term</b>	<b>Definition</b>
Aerial photographs	Rectified enlargements made from negatives by APFO. Aerial photographs can be 24 by 24 inches or 17 by 17 inches. Because of the accuracy of the enlarging method, all images on the prints are usable for measurements.  <b>Note:</b> The tick marks that appear on the photographs are for rectification checking. Do not use the tick marks as “usable area” marks.
Line index sheet	A sheet showing the entire county with all flight lines mapped out.
Contact prints	12- by 12-inch prints of aerial photographs overlapping 50 percent from photo-to-photo, going from north to south and from east to west.

**B APFO Responsibilities**

APFO shall send contact prints to the State or County Office as requested.

**Reference:** See 1-AP, paragraph 26.

**C County Office Responsibilities**

County Offices shall:

- receive and record the aerial photographs.

**Note:** FSA-maintained photographs are official USDA photography.

**491 Receiving and Recording Aerial Photographs (Continued)**

**C County Office Responsibilities (Continued)**

- use the steps in this table to receive and record photographs.

<b>Step</b>	<b>Action</b>
1	Receive the aerial photographs from APFO.
2	Check the photographs against the packing slip.
3	If all photographs ordered on FSA-441 and checked against the packing slip are included in the shipment, go to step 4.  If all photographs were not received, inform APFO of discrepancies.
4	Retain the line index sheet with the enlargements in the county.

**492 Numbering Photographs****A Flight Line**

Arrange a new flight of aerial photographs in flight line order and assign alphanumeric identifiers to the back of the photographs using a red or black felt tip marker.

Alphanumeric identifiers indicate flight lines by letter and positions within a flight line by number.

**Example:** A5 indicates the 5th photo of flight line A.

**B Assigning Identifiers**

Assign alphanumeric identifiers as follows.

For the flight line code:

- begin at the northwest corner of the county for counties flown in a north-south direction, or southwest corner for counties being flown in an east-west direction, at the first flight line
- use the alpha identifiers as follows:
  - “A” for the line of left sectionals of the first flight line
  - “B” for the line of right sectionals
  - “C” for the line of left sectionals of the second flight line
  - and so forth
- assign double letters, such as AA, AB, and BB, if the county has more than 26 flight lines or segments.

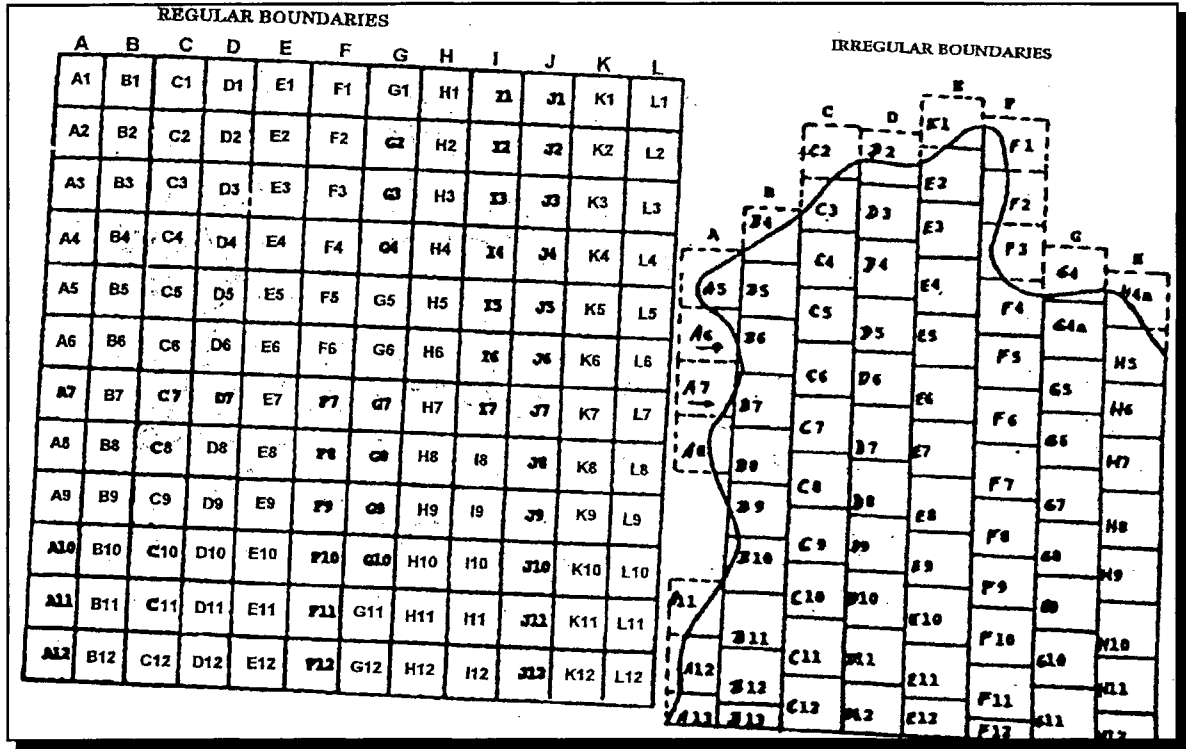
For positions within the flight line, assign a number to each photograph, beginning the sequence with the number 1 for each flight line.

**Note:** See the diagram in subparagraph C, which shows how photographs may be numbered in counties in regular and irregular boundaries.

492 Numbering Photographs (Continued)

C Numbering Regular and Irregular Shaped Counties

The following illustrates how photographs may be numbered in counties with regular and irregular shaped boundaries.





**493 Photographic Grids and Legal Descriptions**

**A Introduction**

This paragraph explains how to determine the grid identification and legal description (township and range). Tracts, fields, and boundaries are referenced within these areas. Locating and marking the legal sections on photography is optional. The original 13 States do not use township and range descriptions.

**Note:** Enter tract information in the automated system according to 3-CM.

**B Marking Grid Identification**

County Offices must mark aerial photographs with grid identification according to the following table.

**Example:** See subparagraph C for an example of grid identification on aerial photographs.

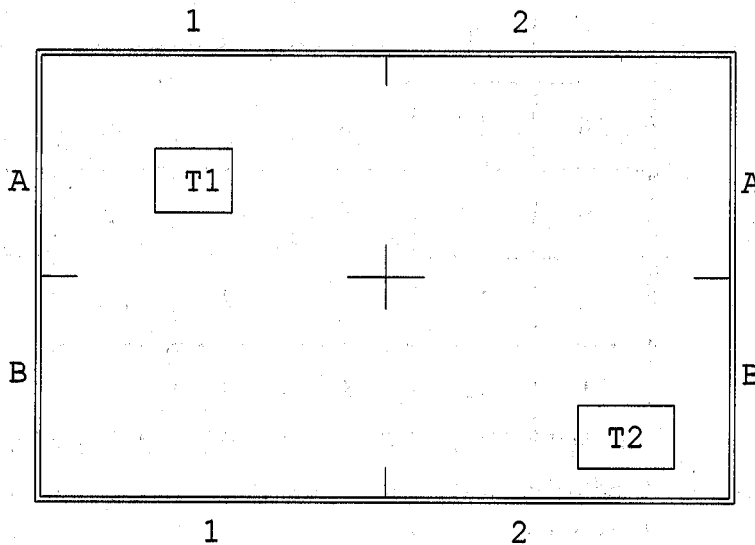
<b>Step</b>	<b>Action</b>
1	ENTER “1” and “2” an equal distance apart on the top and bottom margins of the photograph.  Separate, by brackets, to form 2 imaginary vertical columns at the top, bottom, and center.
2	ENTER “A” and “B” an equal distance apart on both sides of the photograph margin with “A” on the top and “B” on the bottom.  Separate, by brackets, to form 2 imaginary horizontal columns at the middle of each side and center.
3	Assign the appropriate numeric-alpha grid number to tracts of land located in each grid.  <b>Examples:</b> 1A, 2A, 1B, 2B

493 Photographic Grids and Legal Descriptions (Continued)

**C Example of Grid Identification**

This is an example of an aerial photograph marked with the grid identification. The grid reference for tract:

- 1 (T1) is 1A
- 2 (T2) is 2B.



**D Definitions of Legal Descriptions**

Following are definitions of legal descriptions.

Term	Definition
Township	A division of territory in surveys of U.S. public land containing 36 sections of 1 square mile each.
Range	One of the north-south rows of townships in a U.S. public land survey that are numbered east and west from the principal meridian of the survey.

**493 Photographic Grids and Legal Descriptions (Continued)**

**E Diagram of Township Sections**

This is a diagram of a township showing the numbering system for sections.

6	5	4	3	2	1
7	8	9	10	11	12
18	17	16	15	14	13
19	20	21	22	23	24
30	29	28	27	26	25
31	32	33	34	35	36

**Note:** A 660-foot scale aerial photograph enlargement will cover about 4 sections of a township.

**F Township Identifiers**

The township identifier consists of:

- “T” for township
- numeric character
- letter indicating north or south.

**Example:** T-18-N

493 Photographic Grids and Legal Descriptions (Continued)

**G Range Identifier**

The range identifier consists of:

- “R” for range
- numeric character
- letter indicating east or west.

**Example:** R-3-E

**Note:** These numeric characters are unrelated to the section number of the township.

**H Marking Legal Description**

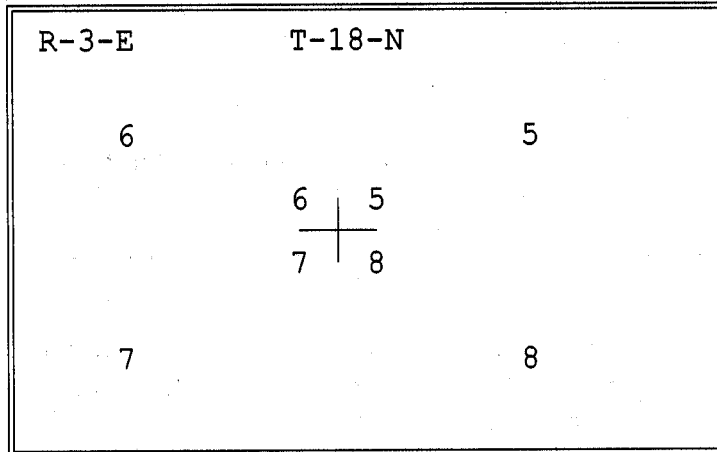
Use this table to mark the aerial photograph with the legal description. This procedure is optional and is only applicable for those States with established townships and ranges.

Step	Action
1	<p>Write the township identifier in the middle on the top of the photograph and the range identifier in the top left of the photograph.</p> <p><b>Note:</b> For photographs covering more than 1 township and/or range, write the identifiers in the appropriate positions on the top and left side of the photograph.</p>
2	<p>Separate sections by brackets to form 2 imaginary horizontal columns and vertical columns at the center and at the middle of each side for split sections.</p> <p><b>Note:</b> Optionally, township sections may be identified by writing the section number on the photograph in the middle of the section.</p>

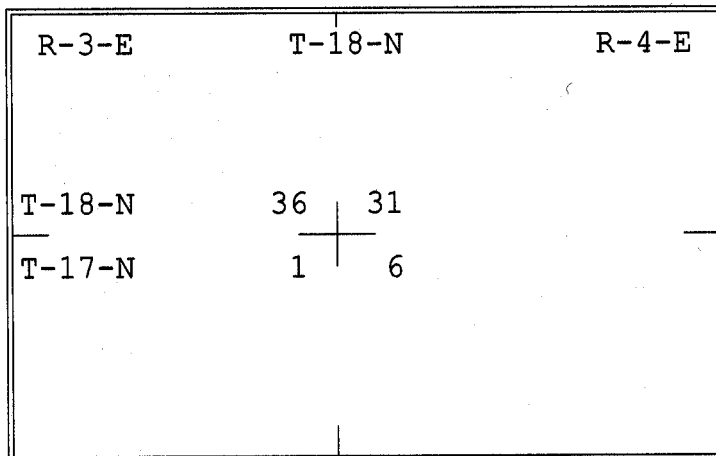
493 Photographic Grids and Legal Descriptions (Continued)

I Legal Identification on Aerial Photograph

This is an example of a marked aerial photograph evenly covering 4 sections of 1 township.  
Two methods of indicating township sections are shown; only 1 method is necessary.



This is an example of a marked aerial photograph covering 2 townships and 2 ranges.





494 Identifying Tracts, Fields, and Boundaries


**A General Guidelines**

Follow these guidelines when identifying tracts, field boundaries, and FSN’s on all current and replacement photographs.

- Structure and number the tracts and farms according to 2-CM.
- Use colors determined by STC for use on aerial photographs. STC determines colors to ensure Statewide uniformity, and may set different colors for farm, tract, and field boundaries. All land classification or land uses should be identified in 1 color that is different from the boundary colors.
- Place as few inked or penciled entries on the photographs as possible, while still maintaining accurate up-to-date data.
- Enter razor sharp lines on the photographs.
- Ensure markings do not cover landmarks needed for program determinations.

**B Delineating Areas**

Use this table to delineate an area on aerial photographs.

Area	Marking Photographs
Farm	Place a solid line precisely on each boundary.
Tract	Place a bracket in each corner of the tract boundary.  <div style="text-align: center;"> <b>Example:</b>   </div>
Field	If the field boundary is not easily recognizable, place a solid line precisely on each boundary.
Subdivision	Review to determine whether the subdivision line is outside the field boundary. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• If yes, do nothing.</li> <li>• If no, place a thin, dashed, easily removable line precisely on the crop boundary.</li> </ul>

## 494 Identifying Tracts, Fields, and Boundaries (Continued)

## C Identifying Areas

Use this table when identifying an area on an aerial photograph.

Area	Marking Photographs
FSN	Enter FSN in the upper-left corner of the farm.
Tract	Enter the tract number that was assigned according to 2-CM in the upper-left corner of the tract and precede it with "T".  <b>Example:</b> T50
Field	Assign each field an ID number, such as "1" or "2", and enter the number in the lower-left corner of the field. Do not reuse this number.  <b>*--Notes:</b> The field number should not exceed 4 digits.--*  Ensure that any tract with cropland contains at least 1 field ID number.
Subdivision	Use the field ID number, followed by a letter suffix, such as "1A", to identify parts of the fields planted to more than 1 crop.  Enter the subdivision number in the upper-right corner of the <b>*--subdivision with an easily erasable pencil. The subdivision should not exceed 2 characters.--*</b>
Sketched or ground measured areas	For crops and land uses, follow the same instructions as for subdivisions.  For field deductions only, enter "S1", "S2", etc., relative to the area's location in the field or subdivision. Use an easily erasable pencil.



494 Identifying Tracts, Fields, and Boundaries (Continued)

C Identifying Areas (Continued)

Area	Marking Photographs
<p>NRCS classified areas:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• HEL</li> <li>• NHEL</li> <li>• NW</li> <li>• W, FW, CW, PC, AW, MW, MG, RW, CWTE, CWNA</li> </ul>	<p>Delineate area or field specified by NRCS. Within the designated field or area, ENTER:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• “HEL” to show a “highly erodible” determination</li> <li>• “NHEL” to show a “not highly erodible” determination</li> <li>• “NW” to show a “not wetland” determination</li> <li>• “codes used by NRCS” for “wetland” determinations.</li> </ul> <p><b>Note:</b> Combined codes shall be separated with “/”.</p> <p style="text-align: center;"><b>*--Example:</b> NHEL/NW/PC. See 6-CP, paragraph 221 for--*</p> <p style="text-align: center;">additional field ID’s for W determinations.</p>
<p>Certified wetlands</p>	<p>See paragraph 495 for wetlands certified by NRCS according to the Food, Agriculture, Conservation, and Trade Act of 1990 requirements.</p>
<p>Unclassified land</p>	<p>Do not identify land not yet classified.</p>
<p>Noncropland</p>	<p>Enter “NC” within the delineated area for noncropland pasture and acreage reclassified as noncropland by COC according to 2-CM.</p>
<p>CRP</p>	<p>ENTER “CRP” within the delineated field to show that the land is being devoted on a nonagricultural use.</p>

494 Identifying Tracts, Fields, and Boundaries (Continued)

C Identifying Areas (Continued)

Area	Action
<p>CRP released before the scheduled expiration date under special authority in 1995</p>	<p>Do the following.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Line through the CRP entry and ENTER “BCSYR” on the fields approved for early release. The “YR” value shall be the year the CRP contract was scheduled to expire.</li> <li>• Submit a photocopy to NRCS.</li> <li>• When the originally scheduled CRP expiration date has been reached:                             <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>•*--remove the CRP designation--*</li> </ul> </li> </ul> <p style="text-align: center;">* * *</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• notify NRCS by letter that the scheduled CRP expiration date has been reached. Attach a revised photocopy.</li> </ul>

**Note:** Exceptions to this procedure must be approved by DAFP.

**494 Identifying Tracts, Fields, and Boundaries (Continued)****D Special Situations for NRCS Determinations**

Some parts of the country have entire counties or portions of the county that NRCS determines has no HEL or wetlands. If NRCS certifies in writing that an entire area on the aerial photography has been officially determined “NHEL” or “NW”:

- “NHEL” or “NW” is not required to be entered on each individual field on the official aerial photography
- indicate the following in margins on aerial photography, as applicable:
  - “ALL AREAS DETERMINED NHEL”
  - “ALL AREAS DETERMINED NW”
- ensure that the same statement that was used on the aerial photography is clearly displayed on photocopies reproduced from the aerial photography.

**Note:** Do **not** use a blanket statement for an area, unless a signed statement by NRCS is on file to verify the technical decision.

494 Identifying Tracts, Fields, and Boundaries (Continued)

E Example of Marked Aerial Photograph

This is an example of a marked aerial photograph.



**494 Identifying Tracts, Fields, and Boundaries (Continued)**

**F Maintaining Official Acreage**

To maintain official acreage, mark aerial photographs as follows:

- enter the gross acreage in each field beside the field ID number
- underline each field acreage
- if a permanent boundary has been removed:
  - delineate the entire field
  - determine and enter the corrected acreage.

\* \* \*

**\*--Note:** There are no alpha numeric field numbers. For CRP fields with alpha numbers, either renumber or create a layer with the subfield according to 8-CM, subparagraph 92 C. All other alpha number fields need to be renumbered.--\*

**G Updating Tract and Field Identifications**

Update tract and field identifications according to the following:

- tract and farm numbers after reconstitution
- field boundaries and acreage when changes are discovered
- aerial photograph numbers in tract record maintenance according to 3-CM.

**H Renumbering Split or Combined Fields**

Use these steps to assign field numbers to split or combined fields that result in an increase or decrease in the number of fields on the tract.

<b>Step</b>	<b>Action</b>
1	Look for the highest number for any field on the tract.
2	Use the next highest number to that found in step 1.  <b>Example:</b> Tract 12 has fields 2, 4, and 9. If field 2 is split into 2 fields, the field numbers for the resulting fields shall be 10 and 11.

**494 Identifying Tracts, Fields, and Boundaries (Continued)****I When New Field Numbers Are Not Assigned**

Do not assign new field numbers when:

- the number of fields in a tract does not increase or decrease
- a tract is split and the fields in the resulting tracts have not changed.

**Example 1:** Fields 1 and 2 are 10 acres each. The permanent boundary between fields 1 and 2 is moved so field 1 is 5 acres and field 2 is 15 acres.

**Example 2:** Field 1 is 10 acres. Two acres of native grass is broken out and field 1 is increased from 10 to 12 acres.

**Example 3:** Old tract number 100 contained fields 1, 2, and 3. The new tract \* \* \* now contains fields 2 and 3 from the original tract.

**J NRCS Determinations**

When field boundaries or field numbers are changed:

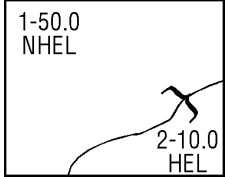
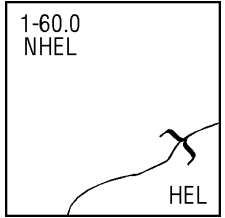
- review the area to determine whether an HEL determination has been made by NRCS
- \*--refer information to NRCS for making HEL determinations according to 6-CP, paragraph 501 if any of the land is classified HEL or non-HEL--\*
- identify potential HELC or WC violations according to paragraphs 20 and 331.

494 Identifying Tracts, Fields, and Boundaries (Continued)

**\*--K NRCS Determines Redefined Field as Part HEL and Part NHEL**

Follow the procedure in this table for documenting aerial photography when NRCS determines that a HEL field that is combined with other land results in a portion of the field classified as HEL, and the balance of the field is NHEL.

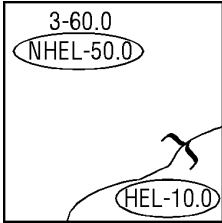
**Note:** NRCS will require a conservation plan for HELC compliance only on the HEL portion of the field.

Step	Action
1	<p>Do not erase the boundary outline on the aerial photograph that existed before the producer removed the boundary and combined the fields. Instead, show that the 2 fields are combined using a connecting bracket.</p> <p><b>Example:</b> Field 1 is NHEL and field 2 is HEL. The producer removes the boundary between the fields, so they are combined into 1 field. Bracket the 2 fields to show that the fields are combined.</p> 
2	<p>Erase the original field numbers and acreage entries for the separate fields. Enter the new field number and total acres for the combined field.</p> <p><b>Example:</b></p> 

--\*

494 Identifying Tracts, Fields, and Boundaries (Continued)

\*--K NRCS Determines Redefined Field as Part HEL and Part NHEL (Continued)

Step	Action
3	<p>Enter the applicable acres for the HEL and NHEL areas and circle these entries.</p> <p><b>Example:</b></p> 

--\*



**495 Documenting Wetlands Certified by NRCS****A Background**

New W determinations that are requested by producers and some previous W determinations that were completed by NRCS will be considered “officially certified” by NRCS. The official certification is the initial phase for verification by NRCS that W determinations are accurate. This certification is required according to the Food, Agriculture, Conservation, and Trade Act of 1990.

This paragraph only applies for wetlands that NRCS determines are officially certified.

- Existing W determinations that will not be officially certified at this time are still valid and will continue to be used.
- Continue to document noncertified wetlands according to paragraph 494.

**B Requests to Verify All Wetlands**

If NRCS determines that it wants to verify all wetlands in a State or county, NRCS must make a request to the NRCS National Office. The request must include a statement by:

- NRCS providing the reasons to justify the expanded review
- FSA State or County Office providing the assessment of the need for the expanded review.

National NRCS and FSA officials will determine whether the expanded review is warranted.

**C NRCS Documentation on Aerial Photography**

County Offices shall provide NRCS with marking pens and instructions regarding the methods used by FSA, such as size of print and where to place the W labels. Monitor the documentation to maintain as much consistency as possible in documentation by FSA and NRCS.

NRCS shall use the same methods that are being used by FSA to document wetlands. Using different ink or other identification to distinguish the NRCS documentation from the FSA documentation is **not** authorized.

**Note:** Existing noncertified wetlands shall be documented on official USDA aerial photography by FSA according to this handbook.



**495 Documenting Wetlands Certified by NRCS (Continued)****D Wetland Labels Approved**

\*--State and County Offices shall refer to 6-CP, paragraph 221 for a list of wetland labels certified by NRCS.--\*

**E Removing Photography From FSA Office**

Generally, NRCS will not be required to remove the official USDA aerial photography from the FSA office to document certified W determinations.

In limited circumstances, NRCS may want to remove the aerial photographs for short periods to complete its responsibility. Make every effort to coordinate with NRCS to allow removal of the aerial photographs at a time when it is the least disruptive to FSA's ability to provide services needed.

**F Providing Photocopies**

NRCS will provide FSA and the producer with NRCS-CPA-026, with an attached photocopy of the documented certified W. The photocopies that are attached to NRCS-CPA-026 shall be prepared using either of the following methods.

- FSA will photocopy the original photography that was documented by NRCS and mark the photocopy "NOT TO SCALE". This method shall be used if the FSA County Office has photocopy equipment available to make legible copies.
- NRCS will modify available FSA photocopies by marking the certified W delineation if the FSA County Office is unable to provide legible photocopies.

**Note:** FSA-maintained photocopies shall reflect the NRCS-documented wetlands.



495 Documenting Wetlands Certified by NRCS (Continued)

**G Maintaining List of Tracts With Certified Wetlands**

Because NRCS has agreed that wetlands will be certified by tract, all wetlands in the tract will be identified when the certification is complete. This allows FSA to maintain an automated record of certified wetlands by tract.

\*--Record tracts on which NRCS has certified wetlands by entering a Y/N flag in the wetlands fields on the Tract Land Data Screen.--\*

**H Transferring to New Aerial Photography**

When FSA receives new aerial photography, follow the steps in this table for transferring wetlands that were certified by NRCS on a previous set of official USDA aerial photography.

**Note:** The new aerial photography shall not be used until written documentation is received to indicate that the NRCS review is complete and certified wetlands are accurate.

Step	Action
1	FSA employees shall transfer certified wetlands to new aerial photography.
2	NRCS employees will review new aerial photography to verify accuracy of the certified wetlands and make applicable corrections.
3	NRCS will provide FSA with written documentation that lists aerial photography by map numbers that have been reviewed and certified as accurate.



**496 Transferring Data to Photographs****A Data To Be Transferred**

The following data must be transferred from the old aerial photographs to the new photographs to administer current programs:

- tract and farm boundaries
- FSN and tract numbers
- field data that has not changed.

**Note:** Use:

- markers to transfer data determined by NRCS
- black erasable ink for field delineations if the boundary is not easily identified.

**B Transfer Rules**

County Offices shall use the following to transfer data to new photographs.

- Delineate farm boundaries on the new photographs according to paragraph 494.
- Transfer all farm boundaries to a new photograph before putting aside the old photograph. Exceptions to this rule are in subparagraph D.
- Transfer official acreage that is available and correct. Do not redigitize official acreage.
- Do not transfer subdivision boundaries, unless there is a positive indication that the subdivision will be maintained for future crop years.
- Do not duplicate the same farm area on 2 or more photographs.
- Complete transferring data from the old to the new photographs for the entire county before releasing the new photographs.
- Require NRCS to verify accuracy of certified wetlands according to paragraph 495 before photographs are used for official purposes.

496 Transferring Data to Photographs (Continued)

C Transferring Data

Use this table to transfer data from old to new photographs.

Step	Action	
1	Arrange old photographs to match the flight line of new photographs.	
2	Begin with the first photograph in flight line A to transfer all tracts and farm boundaries from the old to the new photographs.	
3	Enter a checkmark beside the farm number on the old photograph after the transfer of boundaries have been completed for that farm.	
4	On the new photograph, enter FSN and tract number near the upper left-hand corner of the farm boundary.	
5	Enter FSN and tract number more than once to clearly identify the farm's location if the farm is large or spread out over irregular boundaries.	
6	Repeat steps 2 through 5 until all farm and tract boundaries have been transferred.	
7	<b>IF farm boundaries...</b>	<b>THEN...</b>
	can be determined	go to step 8.
	cannot be determined	see subparagraph D.
8	Transfer field data that has not been changed.	
9	Transfer official acreage that are available and correct.	
10	Complete transfer of data for the entire county before releasing the new photographs for use.	

**Note:** Farm records may be used to assist in locating tracts on all photographs on which the farm is located.



**496 Transferring Data to Photographs (Continued)**

**D Exceptions**

When a farm’s boundaries cannot be determined from the old photograph, contact the owner or review courthouse records.

**Note:** Do not attempt to transfer the boundaries until the boundaries can be accurately determined.

**E Recording Numbers**

Record the new photograph numbers within the County Office records according to this table after completing the transfer of data to the new photographs.

Step	Action
1	Enter the photograph numbers on all applicable County Office records.
2	File in applicable compliance file after all farm records are updated.

**F Transferring Field Numbers**

Field numbers shall not be changed when transferred from old to new photography. This may result in nonconsecutive field number for a tract.

**Example:** Tract 10 originally had fields 1, 2, and 3. A permanent boundary was removed between fields 1 and 3. The combined field was numbered field 4. The tract now consists of fields 2 and 4. Do not renumber the fields when transferring to new aerial photography.

**Note:** See subparagraphs H and I for exceptions to this rule.

**496 Transferring Data to Photographs (Continued)****G Reason for Field Numbering Rule**

NRCS identifies field numbers in conservation plans on HEL. If fields are renumbered, NRCS would be required to revise conservation plans to reflect the new field numbers. This additional workload can be avoided if only required changes are made in field numbers.

**Note:** Required changes are when fields are split or combined and result in an increase or decrease in the number of fields in the tract according to paragraph 494.

**H Exceptions to Field Numbering Rule**

Consecutive field numbers on aerial photographs may be used if the following conditions are met:

- NRCS and FSA employees agree on procedures to coordinate renumbering changes to provide NRCS with needed information to maintain their records
- NRCS has sufficient resources available in the County Office to change NRCS records affected by the renumbered fields.

**Note:** Renumbering fields so they are consecutive shall not be approved, unless NRCS county and State employees agree that approval of an exception to the rules in subparagraphs F and G will not jeopardize NRCS' ability to maintain accurate records for the county.

496 Transferring Data to Photographs (Continued)

I Approval of Field Numbering Exception

Use this table to seek approval for using consecutive field numbers.

Step	Action	
1	Meet with local NRCS employees to discuss procedures that may be used for coordinating field numbering changes.	
	<b>IF county NRCS...</b> employees do not agree to allow FSA to renumber fields so that they are consecutive	<b>THEN...</b> field numbering shall be done according to subparagraphs F and G.
	and FSA employees are in agreement to use consecutive field numbers, and procedures for coordination are developed	a description of the procedures to be used shall be referred to the State Office for approval.
2	State NRCS and FSA employees jointly shall review County Office requests to use consecutive field numbers.	
	<b>IF State NRCS...</b> employees determine that they do not have sufficient employees in the NRCS County Office to maintain changes caused by consecutive field numbering	<b>THEN notify the County Office that the request is...</b> denied and field numbering shall be done according to subparagraphs F and G.
	and FSA employees agree with the exception to the field numbering rule	approved.



## 497 Determining Acreage

### A Introduction

\*--When the transfer of data from the old to the new photographs or imagery for an entire--\* county is complete, do the following for each farm:

- determine unknown acreage
- establish and maintain official acreage
- reconcile acreage.

### B Unknown Acreage

If program operations require the determination of unknown acreage, digitize or planimeter all nonofficial acreage until all acreage for the farm has been determined.

### C Establishing and Maintaining Official Acreage

Use the following to establish or maintain official acreage for fields or subdivisions that have permanent boundaries.

- If program operations require the determination of the entire acreage of a permanent field, enter the gross acreage on the photograph.
- Do not subtract turn rows or other deductions before entering gross acreage on the photograph.
- Correct the official acreage according to this part if an error is found or the field boundary has changed.

**Note:** For farms having active contracts, agreements, or applications that include acreages and those acreages change as a result of digitizing new photography, the change shall be effective either the next:

- FY for programs operating on a FY, including CRP
- crop year for programs operating on a crop year basis.

**497 Determining Acreage (Continued)**

**D Comparing Cropland Acreage Data**

Compare the cropland acreage on the tract record with the cropland acreage for the tract on the new photograph. If necessary, correct the tract record to agree with the photograph. Enter the corrected tract acreage on all farm records.

**E Notification**

Mail updated photocopies of the farm to the applicable owners, operators, or both. Notify the farm operator of any change in the cropland acreage for the farm, and allow the operator \*--30 calendar days to file a request for a redetermination. Follow procedure in--\* paragraph 397 if operator requests a redetermination.

**F Maintaining Data**

Maintain current status of County Office records if land classification changes by:

- the photograph
- tract record, according to 3-CM
- other records.

**\*--498 Maintaining, Using, and Disposing of Digital Imagery and Photographs--\***

**A Maintaining and Storing Photographs**

Maintain and store photographs according to the following.

- Test inks, marking pens, pencils, erasers, cleaning products, etc., on a sample area of an unused photograph. Observe the following precautions:
  - if ink or ballpoint pens are used, the ink must be water soluble or removable with rubbing alcohol
  - if colored pencils are used, the marks must be removable with gum erasers.
- File the photographs in the County Office in a way that will protect them from rolling, breaking, emulsion, damage to edges, dust, moisture, and excessive heat.

**B Availability of Photography**

Photograph enlargements, photo index sheets, and 35mm slides may be used according to this table.

<b>IF use is to be...</b>	<b>THEN photograph enlargements, photo index sheets, and 35mm slides may be used by...</b>
in County Office	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• anyone, to identify photographs to be purchased, or for any other purpose, at CED’s discretion</li> <li>• anyone, to make tracings of aerial photographs if County Office operations will not be disrupted.</li> </ul>
outside the County Office	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• FSA employees while performing official duties</li> <li>• Federal or State agencies while performing official duties in making FSA program determinations.</li> </ul>

## 498 Maintaining, Using, and Disposing of Digital Imagery and Photographs (Continued)

**C Retaining Digital Imagery and Photographs**

County Offices shall retain only the following digital imagery and photography:

- most current digital imagery
- previous set of enlargements from which farm data was transferred to MDOQ's indefinitely.

**\*--Note:** Do **not** dispose of these photographs.

If the county has a digital scan of the most recent photographs, that county still must retain the most recent copy of the photographs.

Any digital copies of imagery in the format of NAIP 1 - Meter do **not** deem that county's most recent photographs obsolete. They do not contain the same information and both shall be retained.

**D Disposing of Obsolete Photographs**

Photographs older than the set of enlargements from which data was transferred to MDOQ's are considered obsolete. Each county shall retain the most recent copy of the photographs, all older or duplicate copies are considered obsolete and can be disposed of according to the following.--\*

Dispose of obsolete contact prints and photography in 1 of the following ways:

- offer the prints or photographs to other Federal agencies or State, county, or local governments
- donate the prints or photographs to schools or nonprofit organizations after first removing (or making unreadable) all personal identifiers contained on the maps
- destroy the prints or photographs.

**Note:** Federal agencies or State, county, or local governments shall be advised that they are responsible for keeping secure all personal identifiers contained on the maps.



**499 Working With Photocopies**

**A County Office Responsibilities**

\*--County Offices may:

- reproduce photocopies locally, as needed
- request State Office to reproduce photocopies.--\*

**B Preparing Photographs for Photocopies**

Step	Action
1	Remove subdivision delineations that cannot be used in the current or any later program year.
2	Review the photograph to determine whether remaining delineations and field acreage are current.
3	Prepare an identification tab for each photocopy needed. On this tab, mark "NOT TO SCALE".

**C Providing Photocopies**

Before providing photocopies to anyone, the County Office shall ensure that the:

- current program year is stamped or written on the photocopies
- photocopies show the latest acreage available.

Photocopies shall be provided to any producer on the farm under the following circumstances:

- upon producer's request
- each time a reconstitution is completed
- when changes in the owner or operator occur.

**Note:** Producers shall **not** be charged for photocopies of farms in which they have an interest.

499 Working With Photocopies (Continued)

D Charging for Photocopies

County Offices shall provide photocopies according to the following table.

<b>WHEN a request for photocopies is made by...</b>	<b>THEN the photocopies are...</b>
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• farm operators, owners, or other producers on the farm</li> <li>• LA's for all crop insurance</li> <li>• NRCS for HEL and W determinations</li> <li>• farm credit appraisers for performing appraisals of FSA direct or guaranteed loans</li> <li>•*--other Federal or State agencies, including persons contracted by these agencies, to perform their official--* duties in making FSA program determinations</li> </ul>	<p>provided free upon request.</p>
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Federal, State, or local agencies to perform official duties <b>not</b> related to making FSA program determinations</li> </ul> <p style="margin-left: 40px;"><b>Example:</b> NRCS for national resources inventories or county governments for assessments.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• all others</li> </ul>	<p>sold for \$1 per copy.</p>

**\*--500 Measurement Equipment Repair**

**A Definition of Numonic Planimeter**

Numonic Planimeter is equipment used manually in determining acreage through use of 35mm slides projected over aerial photography.

**B County Office Responsibilities**

County Offices using Numonic Planimeter equipment shall make certain that the equipment is well maintained and in good working order.

**C Repair Sources**

Two sources are available for equipment repair. Machines will be repaired on a first-come, first-served basis. It is recommended that a repair quote be requested when sending equipment for servicing. If an office decides not to proceed with the equipment repair, the office will be billed for diagnostic analysis and shipping costs.

<b>Repair Sources</b>	
Numonics Corporation 101 Commerce Drive Montgomeryville, PA 18936 215-362-2766  Will repair model number 1211H machines under 5 years of age at an approximate cost of \$450 per machine.	NovaTech Industries, Inc. 1221 Bridge Road Skippack, PA 19474 610-584-8996  Will repair both model numbers 1211S and 1211H at an approximate cost of \$150 per machine. NovaTech Industries, Inc. designed and built the newer Numonic Planimeters for sale through Numonics Corporation.

Refer to 30-AS, paragraph 212 or 31-AS, paragraph 199, as applicable, when requesting equipment repair. Ship machines using State Office established methods.--\*



**\*--Section 2 CLU's and Digital Photography--\*****501 Certifying CLU's****A Introduction**

\*--Before the digital CLU layer can be certified as the official FSA farm, tract, and field data,--\* the State and County Office **must** be assured that the CLU layer is correct and that all attributes associated with the layer are accurately entered.

**B Training**

One program technician and 1 additional staff, at the State Office's discretion, from each county shall receive a minimum of 3 days training on using GIS tools. Each trained program technician will need to demonstrate proficiency by having their work reviewed by the State office CLU data manager or designee.

**C SED Responsibilities**

SED's shall ensure that:

- CLU certification is a high priority task for County Offices
- CED's appropriately direct resources to complete this work in a timely manner.

**D APFO Responsibilities**

APFO shall maintain a copy of DOQ's and CLU's for each County Offices after CLU's have been digitized and quality checked.

**E County Office Responsibilities**

County Offices shall:

- receive and review DOQ's and CLU's
- follow subparagraphs F through J to certify the CLU layer.

**501 Certifying CLU's (Continued)****E County Office Responsibilities (Continued)**

County Offices are directed to complete CLU certification within \* \* \* 90 calendar days from the date of completing CLU maintenance training.

**Note:** The 90-calendar-day period does not include the producer appeal process. \* \* \*

**F CLU Data**

County Offices shall:

- review the CLU data table
- correct any errors in the State and County codes, farm, tract, and CLU numbers.

**Note:** Specifically review those that have 999 or 0 for farm, tract, and CLU numbers.

**G Quality Assurance**

County Offices with CLU's that are not certified shall use the latest version of the quality assurance tool that is included in the CLU maintenance tool.

County Offices shall:

- use the FSA versus GIS acreage tool to identify CLU's that are out of tolerance
- perform a 100 percent check of all CLU's instead of using the random 20 percent check
- for any acreage that exceeds tolerance, compare the source document with CLU and determine which acreage is correct. The tolerance is the larger of 5 percent or .5 of an acre not to exceed 10.0 acres. If the GIS acreage is correct, accept it and continue with the next discrepancy. If the source document is correct, the CLU boundary must be redigitized.

## 501 Certifying CLU's (Continued)

**H Notifying Producers of Acreage Changes**

\*--Owners and operators shall be notified by mail of any changes in acreage and CLU boundaries by either of the following 2 methods.

- Method 1:
  - Notification letter with new farm information explaining how the acreage on each farm was redetermined (Exhibit 36)
  - computer-generated map of the revised CLU boundaries with redetermined acres identified on the map for each CLU

**Note:** Until a geospatial wetland polygon layer has been developed, attach a photocopy of the CLU map to NRCS-CPA-026 showing the wetland delineations if the:

- farm operator has not been provided a copy of AD-1026
- operator questions the wetland points provided on the CLU map.
- reconsideration rights according to 1-APP.

**Note:** The producer may appeal the determination.

- Method 2:
    - Detailed notification letter eliminating the need for mailing CLU maps according to Exhibit 36.5, with the following requirements.
      - The letter shall:
        - notify the owners and operators of the old and new cropland figures
        - contain a detailed field-by-field list with the old and new acreage figures
- Note:** The owners and operators shall be notified that they can review with the County Office the difference in the old and new acreage but only to the extent of the placement of the CLU boundaries.
- notify owners and operators that the CLU maps will be provided upon request
  - Reconsideration rights according to 1-APP.

**Note:** The producer may appeal the determination.--\*





**501 Certifying CLU's (Continued)**

**I Archive Certified CLU Layer**

Once all producers have been notified and determinations are final, the certified CLU layer shall be archived with the State Office and APFO. State Offices shall notify the National Data Manager that the CLU layer is now certified.

A CLU Intranet web site has been established to track the progress of the CLU digitizing effort by county. The website is at <http://fsagis.usda.gov/clutracking/>. State Office GIS coordinators or GIS specialists are responsible for timely updating the progress of their State's CLU certification through the web site.

**J Updating the System With New Official Acres**

Once the National Data Manager has been notified that the CLU layer is certified, counties shall use the GIS acres as the official acres. See 3-CM to update tract acreage.

501 Certifying CLU's (Continued)

**K Checklist**

The following tasks are the minimum requirements County Offices shall complete before CLU data can be considered official.

\*--

Step	County Steps for CLU Certification	Complete
1	Review and correct all missing or incorrect data in the CLU shapefile. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• All State and County FIPS codes for all CLU's shall reflect the physical location of the CLU.</li> <li>• All farm, tract, and CLU boundaries shall be delineated.</li> <li>• All farm numbers shall be correctly attributed for all CLU's.</li> <li>• All tract numbers shall be correctly attributed for all CLU's.</li> <li>• All CLU's shall be correctly attributed.</li> <li>• Official FSA acres from the hard copy maps shall be added for each cropland CLU.</li> <li>• All HEL determinations for all cropland CLU's shall be added.</li> </ul>	
2	All reconstitutions and cropland changes shall be updated to reflect current farming practices.	
3	All comments provided by the digitizing center or contractor shall be reviewed and corrected, as applicable. All comments corrected shall be deleted from the CLU attribute table.	
4	Quality Control Tools shall be ran and corrected as needed. <p>Recommended Daily Quality Control Review:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Clean Polygon Tool</li> <li>• Multi-part Polygon Tool</li> <li>• Void Polygon Tool</li> <li>• Sliver Polygon Tool</li> <li>• Overlap Polygon Tool</li> <li>• Duplicate CLU ID Tool.</li> </ul> <p>Quality Control Review Ran As Needed:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Tract/Farm Ratio Tool</li> <li>• Tract/CLU Ratio Tool</li> <li>• FSA vs. GIS Acres Comparison Tool.</li> </ul>	

--\*

501 Certifying CLU's (Continued)

K Checklist (Continued)

Step	County Steps for CLU Certification	Complete
5	All wetland points shall be identified and attributed using the Wetland Point Toolbar. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• All inventoried wetlands shall be identified and attributed.</li> <li>• All certified wetlands shall be identified and attributed.</li> </ul>	
6	All out-of-county land shall be delineated and attributed.	
7	Once all updates have been completed, the State GIS Specialist or State Office Representative shall review the CLU data to ensure that all above actions have been completed.	
8	After CLU data passes State Office review, the County Office shall be notified.	
9	Owners and operators shall be notified of mapping changes. See subparagraphs G and H.	
<b>CLU Data Is Considered Certified</b> (State Office Representative logs on CLU Tracking Site at <a href="http://fsagis.usda.gov/clutracking/">http://fsagis.usda.gov/clutracking/</a> and enters CLU certification date for the county.)		
10	Settle requests for re-determination of CLU boundary lines by owners and operators.	
<b>GIS Acres Are Considered Official</b>		
11	Update Farm Records with official GIS acres according to 3-CM (Rev. 4), paragraph 28.  <b>Note:</b> GIS acreage shall not be used for any purpose until farm records have been updated with certified GIS acreage.	
12	*--The State Office GIS Specialist or Coordinator shall FTP a copy of--* the certified CLU to APFO. See Exhibit 37 for instructions.  * * *	
13	CED sign and date checklist certifying that all the above has been completed.	
14	All CRP contract data for all existing contracts shall be attributed in the CRP table. For each CRP CLU, the following data must be added:	
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Most predominant practice number</li> </ul>	
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Contract number</li> </ul>	
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Contract acres</li> </ul>	
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Contract expiration date.</li> </ul> <b>Important:</b> Before loading CRP data to the CRP attribute table, the "Check for Duplicate CLU ID Number" button on the quality control toolbar shall be run. CRP data for CLU should be entered after completing corrections on CLU within 30 calendar days after certification.	

**502 Identifying CLU’s**

**A General Guidelines**

Follow these guidelines when identifying CLU’s:

- structure and number the tracts and farms according to 2-CM
- use the following colors:
  - red for farm boundaries
  - green for tract
  - yellow for CLU boundaries.

**B Delineating Areas**

Determine when to delineate an area on digital photographs. For CLU’s, digitize boundaries according to 8-CM.

\*--Any area for which FSA-578 is being required according to subparagraph 16 A, shall exist in the CLU layer. In addition, all other areas within the tract boundary, not required for reporting; such as farmsteads, **must** continue to reside in the CLU layer.--\*

**C Identifying Areas**

Use this table when identifying an area on a digital photograph.

Area	Marking Digital Photographs
FSN	See subparagraph 494 C.
Tract	
CLU	Assign each CLU an ID number such as “1” or “2”. See 8-CM, Part 4.
NRCS-classified areas: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• HEL and NHEL</li> <li>• wetland</li> </ul>	Attribute the CLU table for HEL and NHEL designations, and use the wetland point tool to enter wetlands.  <b>Note:</b> See 8-CM, paragraph 194 for entering wetland point data.
Certified wetlands	NRCS will designate certified wetland on the wetlands layer.
Noncropland	Should be delineated as CLU and identified from 1 of the land cover classifications according to 8-CM, Part 3.
CRP	Attribute using CRP tool.

**502 Identifying CLU's (Continued)**

**D Maintaining Official Acreage**

Official acreage will be GIS-calculated acreage once CLU is certified according to paragraph 501. For all changes, send results to the producer for review and to reconcile differences.

**E Updating Tract CLU Identifications**

Update tract and CLU identifications using the maintenance tool according to the following:

- tract and farm numbers after reconstitution
- CLU boundaries when changes are discovered.

**F Renumbering Split or Combined CLU's**

Use these steps when CLU's have been split or combined resulting in an increase or decrease in the number of CLU's on the tract.

Step	Action
1	Determine the highest number for any CLU on the tract.
2	Use the next highest number determined in step 1.  <b>Example:</b> Tract 12 has CLU's 1, 2, and 3. If CLU 2 is split into 2 CLU's, the *--CLU numbers for the resulting CLU's shall be 4 and 5.--*

**Note:** See subparagraph 494 I when new CLU's are not assigned.

**502 Identifying CLU's (Continued)****G NRCS Determinations**

When CLU boundaries or CLU numbers are changed:

- review the area to determine whether a HEL determination has been made by NRCS
- refer information to NRCS for making determinations according to 6-CP, paragraph 501 if any of the land is classified as HEL or NHEL
- identify potential HELC or WC violations according to paragraph 20 \* \* \*.

**H NRCS Determines Redefined CLU as Part HEL and Part NHEL**

Use the following procedure for documenting digital photography when NRCS determines HEL CLU, which is combined with other land, results in a portion of CLU classified as HEL and the balance of CLU is NHEL.

- Set HEL attribute as "H".
- Show in the comments field that CLU has HEL and NHEL.
- Photocopy and draw out CLU, see paragraph 396.
- Provide the producer a copy.

**503 Documenting Wetland Certified by NRCS****A Background**

New wetland determinations that are requested by producers and some previous wetland determinations that are completed by NRCS will be considered "officially certified" by NRCS. The official certification is the initial phase for verification by NRCS that wetland determinations are accurate. This certification is required according to the Food, Agriculture, Conservation, and Trade Act of 1990.

**Note:** This paragraph only applies for wetlands that NRCS determines are "officially certified". Existing wetland determinations that will not be "officially certified" at this time are still valid and will continue to be used. Continue to document noncertified wetland using the wetland point tool and FSA will provide a photocopy to the producer made from the hard copy map or NRCS-CPA-026. See subparagraph 495 G about maintaining a list of tracts with certified wetlands.

**503 Documenting Wetland Certified by NRCS (Continued)****B Requests to Verify All Wetlands**

If NRCS determines that it wants to verify all wetlands in a State or county, NRCS must make a request to the NRCS National Office. The request must include a statement by:

- NRCS providing the reasons to justify the expanded review
- FSA State or County Office providing the assessment of the need for the expanded review.

National NRCS and FSA officials will determine whether the expanded review is warranted.

**C NRCS Documentation on Digital Photography**

NRCS shall identify certified wetlands on the wetlands layer that will be maintained by NRCS.

**D Wetland Labels Approved**

See subparagraph 495 D for a list of the certified “W” labels that NRCS may use on official USDA digital photography. No other labels are authorized.

**E Providing Photocopies**

FSA will have access to the wetlands layer showing the certified wetland for the county. NRCS-CPA-026 will be provided to the County Office. FSA will provide a copy of NRCS-CPA-026 with an attached printed copy of the photo of the documented certified wetlands from the wetlands layer showing wetland boundary along with CLU boundaries, farm, tract, and CLU numbers.

**504 Maintaining CLU's****A Introduction**

When the transfer of data from the old to the new digital photographs for an entire county is complete and certified, do the following for each farm:

- determine nondigitized acreage
- establish and maintain official acreage
- reconcile acreage.

**B Determining Nondigitized Acreage**

If program operations require the determination of nondigitized acreage, digitize all nonofficial acreage until all applicable acreage has been determined. Identify these CLU's according to land cover definitions in 8-CM, Part 4.

**C Comparing Cropland Acreage Data**

Compare cropland acreage on the tract record in System 36 with the cropland acreage for the tract. If necessary, correct the tract record to agree with the CLU acreage for the tract. Enter corrected tract acreage on all farm records, according to 3-CM.

**D Maintaining Data**

Update County Office records if land classification changes by:

- CLU layer
- tract record, according to 3-CM
- other records.

**\*--E Delivering CLU, CRP, and Wetland Point Data to APFO by FTP**

The CLU shapefiles, CRP tables, and wetland point shapefiles shall be delivered monthly to APFO through FTP by the first of the month.

The State Office GIS Specialist or Coordinator is responsible for extracting the CLU shapefiles, CRP tables, and wetland points shapefiles from the County Office servers and delivering the data to APFO by FTP.

See Exhibit 37 for instructions. Use zipped files only.

**Note:** Counties still going through the certification process shall also be sent. There are separate folders on the FTP site for uncertified counties. The files should be zipped separately from certified counties and placed in the appropriate folders.--\*



**\*--505 Working With Digital Photocopies**

**A County Office Responsibilities**

County Offices may reproduce digital photocopies locally as needed.

**B Providing Photocopies**

Before providing digital photocopies to anyone, the County Office shall ensure that the digital photocopies show the latest acreage available and until the wetland layer is complete, provide a photocopy showing NRCS the wetland delineations.

Digital photocopies shall be provided to any producer on the farm under the following circumstances:

- upon the producer's request
- each time a reconstitution is completed
- when changes in the owner or operator occur.

**Note:** Producers shall **not** be charged for digital photocopies of farms in which they have an interest.--\*

505 Working With Digital Photocopies (Continued)

C Charging for Photocopies

County Offices shall provide digital photocopies according to the following table.

<b>WHEN a request for digital photocopies is made by...</b>	<b>THEN the digital photocopies are...</b>
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• farm operators, owners, or other producers on the farm</li> <li>• LA's for all crop insurance</li> <li>• NRCS for HEL and wetland determinations</li> <li>• farm credit appraisers for performing appraisals of FSA direct or guaranteed loans</li> <li>• other Federal or State agencies to perform their official duties in making FSA program determinations</li> </ul>	<p>provided free upon request.</p>
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Federal, State, or local agencies to perform official duties <b>not</b> related to making FSA program determinations</li> </ul> <p><b>Example:</b> NRCS for national resource inventories or county governments for assessments.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• all others</li> </ul>	<p>sold for \$1 per copy.</p>

## 505.5 Working With Geospatial Data

### A Background

USDA SCA's, consisting of FSA, NRCS, and RD:

- have joined in establishing a shared set of geospatial (digital) data
- are working to develop a common policy for distribution that will be circulated to all State and County Offices.

Data sets include the following:

- CLU's
- imagery
- soils
- others.

Some data sets are produced by SCA's. Others are acquired from public and private sources.

FSA has primary responsibility for CLU data and digital imagery. APFO:

- is the official collection and distribution point for CLU data and digital imagery
- has been involved in developing:
  - SCA's GDW where the data is stored
  - USDA Gateway that enables web access to the geospatial data in GDW.

It is FSA's policy to safeguard individual privacy from the misuse of Federal records while granting individuals access to records about themselves. FSA information that is now available in digital form has no new release procedure than when it was retained in paper format.

**\*--Notes:** Fully attributed CLU data is Privacy Act/FOIA protected. Transmission of fully attributed CLU's by e-mail (including within the USDA system), CD, or other media must be encrypted.--\*

As before, the information that is released to agencies of USDA should only be provided when they have an official use for the information. Releasing this information to other Government agencies or a third party is allowable only if there has been a routine use established in the FSA Privacy Act system of records granting use of the information.

See 2-INFO for procedure for calculating the cost of providing digital data for all FSA offices to follow when making records available to the public, other Federal agencies, and Congress. See 3-INFO for procedure to be followed by all offices when collecting, maintaining, or disclosing data or information about an individual.

## 505.5 Working With Geospatial Data (Continued)

### B County Office Responsibilities

County Offices shall:

- fill all requests from an individual producer for CLU covering their land (commonly referred to as a clip) locally as needed

\* \* \*

- fill all requests from an individual producer for ortho-imagery and CLU covering their land
- refer all public requests for ortho-imagery and CLU to APFO
- download their metadata using FTP.

**Note:** Metadata is required on any digital data product that FSA distributes. FGDC compliant metadata will be available to County Offices after certified CLU files are sent to APFO at <ftp://ftp.apfo.usda.gov/pub/uploads>. Metadata files for certified CLU's already sent to APFO will also be posted to the same web site for County Offices to download their metadata using FTP.

### C Releasing Geospatial Data to the Producer

If the producer requests a CLU clip which covers their land as well as their ortho-imagery, then County Offices shall provide the producer full county ortho-imagery at no cost to the producer. The current software does not provide the capability to clip ortho-imagery (raster data). However, ArcGIS will provide users the ability to link to other software applications to clip ortho-imagery.

If a producer requests full county ortho-imagery or CLU covering land on a farm for which the producer has no interest, then the request is considered as a public order and the producer shall be directed to contact APFO. County Offices will soon be able to direct all geospatial data orders, including CLU's, through Gateway at <http://datagateway.nrcs.usda.gov>.

**\*--505.5 Working With Geospatial Data (Continued)**

**D APFO Responsibilities**

APFO is the official collection and distribution point for FSA CLU data. County Offices shall provide copies of their CLU to APFO, though the APFO FTP web site, immediately following certification.

APFO shall fill all public requests for ortho-imagery (NAIP or MDOQ) and CLU's.

**Note:** Expedite as a public request when a request is made by any Federal, State, or local agencies to perform official duties not related to making FSA program determinations and all other entities.

**E Releasing Geospatial Data to the Public**

Expedite all requests for ortho-imagery and CLU's for the public according to the following.

**Note:** CLU cost listed is based on a single county. The vast majority of compressed imagery will fit on a single CD. There are a few very large counties that will require more than one CD to cover the entire area. An additional charge will be applied for each CD requested. Multiple counties' CLU files may be placed on a single CD at no additional charge.

Available Ortho-Imagery	Cost	Source
Compressed County Mosaic of Ortho-Imagery (NAIP or base MDOQ)	\$50 per CD	APFO (only)
County Certified CLU ( <b>line work and calculated acreage only</b> )  <b>Note:</b> FSA is working with OGC to attain clarification on which CLU attributes are considered personal, and therefore private information. Until this clarification is received, APFO shall strip all attribute information except calculated acreage figures from CLU before distribution.		
Compressed County Mosaic of Ortho-Imagery (NAIP or base MDOQ) and County Certified CLU ( <b>line work and calculated acreage only</b> )		

**Note:** For more information on NAIP 03 and other ortho-imagery, see the APFO web site at <http://www.apfo.usda.gov>.\*

\*--505.5 Working With Geospatial Data (Continued)

**F APFO Ordering Information**

Order information from APFO according to the following.

<b>IF ordering by...</b>	<b>THEN...</b>
telephone	contact APFO customer service at <b>801-975-3503</b> .
e-mail	send requests for information and availability of digital imagery to <b>sales@apfo.usda.gov</b> .
Internet	find current status and ordering information of compressed county mosaics at <b>www.apfo.usda.gov</b> .  Information on ordering CLU's is available at <b>www.apfo.usda.gov/Common_Land_Unit.html</b> .
mail	send requests for information and availability to:  USDA Aerial Photography Field Office Sales Section 2222 West 2300 South Salt Lake City, UT 84119-2020

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**\*--506 Map Projects**

**A General Guidelines**

Before creating a map-labeling project, a standard geodata folder must be created on the server. Contact the local geodata administrator to ensure that the geospatial directory tree standards are in place. The standard folder structure is stored on the F:\ drive. See examples on page 3 and in Appendix A of the Manual for Managing Geospatial Datasets in the Service Centers.

**B Creating a Working Folder**

The first step to starting a project is to create a working folder to store the project files. The following table provides instructions on creating a working folder.

**Note:** The working folder named in these instructions is used as an example only. Each user will need to create an individual working folder for their project.

Step	Action
1	At the desktop, right mouse click the “Start” button.
2	Select “Explore”.
3	Select the F:\ drive.
4	Select “geodata” to open the geodata folder.
5	Select “project_data” to open the project_data folder.
6	Select “FSA” to open the FSA folder.  <b>Note:</b> The user has navigated to the directory tree of f:\geodata\project_data\fsa.
7	Select “File” from the menu bar.
8	Select “New”.
9	Select “Folder” to create a folder called “Labeling Project”.
10	Type “Labeling Project” as the folder name in the box with the blinking cursor.
11	PRESS “Enter”.
12	Select “Labeling Project” to open the labeling project folder.
13	Select “File” from the menu bar.
14	Select “New”.
15	Select “Folder”.

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\*--506 Map Projects (Continued)

**B Creating a Working Folder (Continued)**

Step	Action
16	<p>Type the name of the folder in the box where the cursor is blinking.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>For single county Service Centers</b>, create a folder with the names of those who will be working in the project.  <b>Example:</b> f:\geodata\project_data\fsa\labeling project\jantrice</li> <li>• <b>For multi-county Service Centers</b>, create a folder for each county in the Service Center. Then create a folder of the user’s name who will be working in the project.  <b>Example:</b> f:\geodata\project_data\fsa\labeling project\jonecounty\jantice</li> </ul> <p><b>Notes:</b> If more than 1 user will be working in the labeling project, a separate folder for each user must be created within the county folder.</p> <p>The PT (name) folder is where the project will be saved, which now becomes the working folder.</p> <p>Because of file corruption possibilities, 2 or more PT’s cannot be working in the same project at the same time.</p>
17	PRESS “Enter”.
18	Copy the CLU files to the project. See subparagraph C for files to copy.
19	Click “X” to close the Explorer.

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**\*--506 Map Projects (Continued)**

**C Files to Copy**

Copy the files represented in the following table from various locations in the f:\geodata folder. The files listed are examples; therefore, select the files that represent the State and county. State codes are expressed as 2-letter abbreviations (MD, AZ, TX, etc.). County codes are expressed as 3-digit FIPS numbers. See the Manual for Managing Geospatial Datasets for more information.

Copied files will be pasted to the f:\geodata working directory folder. For instructions on copying files, see subparagraph D.

**Examples:** For:

- single county:

f:\geodata\project\_data\fsa\labeling project\jantrice

- multi-county:

f:\geodata\project\_data\fsa\labeling project\jonecounty\jantice

**Note:** These files must be copied before the initial work can begin.

Folder Location	Files to Copy
<b>Common land unit (CLU files)</b> Navigate to f:\geodata\Comon_land_unit\fsa_clu	clu_a_mn141.dbf clu_a_mn141.shp clu_a_mn141.shx wet_p_mn141.dbf wet_p_mn141.shp wet_p_mn141.shx crp_t_mn141.dbf

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**\*--506 Map Projects (Continued)**

**D Copying Files**

This table provides instructions on how to copy files.

Step	Action
1	At the desktop, right mouse click on the “Start” button.
2	Select “Explore”.
3	<p>Maneuver to the f:\geodata subfolder that contains the files wanted to copy to the map labeling working folder. The files in that subfolder will be shown in the window on the right of the Explorer.</p> <p><b>Example:</b> f:\geodata\common_land_unit\fsa clu</p>
4	<p>Select the files according to subparagraph C.</p> <p><b>Note:</b> Select the correct file extensions (.dbf, .shp, .shx). To determine the file extension, go to the Explorer and select “Details” from the view drop down menu.</p> <p>Select a file by clicking directly on the filename. To select multiple files, hold down the “Ctrl” key and click directly (do <b>not</b> double click) on the filename to be copied.</p>
5	Select “Edit” from the menu bar.
6	<p>Select “Copy”.</p> <p><b>Note:</b> Ensure that the correct files to be copied are highlighted.</p>
7	<p>Navigate to the location of the map labeling working folder where the files will be pasted.</p> <p><b>Example:</b> f:\geodata\project_data\fsa\labeling project\jantrice</p> <p><b>Note:</b> If multiple files will be copied, hold down the “Shift” key while simultaneously clicking directly on the file to be copied. Each file will become highlighted. Proceed to step 8.</p>
8	Select “Edit” from the menu bar.
9	Select “Paste”.

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**\*--506 Map Projects (Continued)**

**E Renaming Files**

This table provides instructions on how to rename files.

<b>Step</b>	<b>Action</b>
1	From the Windows Explorer, highlight the file to be renamed by clicking once on the filename.
2	Select "File" from the menu bar.
3	Select "Rename" from the drop down menu.
4	Type the new filename in the box where the cursor is blinking.
5	PRESS "Enter".
6	Close the Windows Explorer.

**506.5 CLU Labeling Guidelines**

**A Identifying CLU Areas on a Digital Map**

Use this table when identifying polygons on a digital map.

<b>Area</b>	<b>Marking Digital Photography</b>	
	<b>Color</b>	<b>Linework/Point Size</b>
<b>Dissolved Tract Boundary</b> (optional)  <b>Note:</b> Dissolving the tract boundary is optional and will allow the user to identify a tract boundary as green vs. a field boundary that is yellow. If the user opts not to dissolve the tract boundary, both the tract and field boundaries will be yellow in color. See subparagraph E for instructions.	Green (Outline)	1
<b>Field Boundary</b>	Yellow (Outline)	2
<b>PLSS Boundary</b> (if PLSS is available)	Blue (Outline)	1
<b>Wetland</b>  <b>Note:</b> Associated wetland information is represented as points on a layer separate from CLU.	Blue (Point)	8

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## 506.5 CLU Labeling Guidelines (Continued)

**B Labeling Areas on a Digital Map**

Use this table to label delineated fields or areas on a digital map.

Area	Marking Photography
Farm Number	The farm number will be shown in the heading of the map template.
Tract Number	The tract number will be shown in the heading of the map template. Tract numbers are assigned according to 2-CM.
CLU (field) Number	Assign each field an ID number. Do not reuse this number. Do not use subdivisions.
Calc Acres	Calculated acreage shall be in hundredths.
NRCS classified areas: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• HEL</li> <li>• NHEL</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• “HEL” to show a “highly erodible” determination</li> <li>• “NHEL” to show a “not highly erodible” determination</li> </ul>
Wetlands	Associated wetland information is represented as points on a layer separate from CLU. See 8-CM, paragraph 194.  <b>Note:</b> Wetlands are not labeled on the map. Wetlands on the map are represented as a point identifier only. For more information, the producer may contact FSA for a copy of NRCS-CPA-026.
Noncropland	ENTER “NC” within the delineated area for noncropland pasture and acreage reclassified as noncropland by COC according to 2-CM.
CRP	To show that the land is being devoted to a nonagricultural use.  <b>Note:</b> Any CRP labels that appear on a printed map that do not represent a tract or farm for which a copy is requested must be completely marked through before releasing the map.

**\*--506.5 CLU Labeling Guidelines (Continued)**

**C Creating a CLU Labeling Project in ArcView 3.x**

The following table provides instructions on creating a CLU labeling project. The filenames represented in these instructions are used as examples. Each user must use the State abbreviation and county FIPS code for their represented area.

The ArcView 3.x software, the latest version of the CLU Maintenance Tool, must be installed before starting a project. CLU utilities, which contains the Theme Definition Tool, must be “installed.” For additional information on tools, contact the GIS Specialist if it exists; if not, the GIS Coordinator.

**Note:** Because of file corruption possibilities, only 1 user shall work in a project at any given time.

Step	Action
1	At the desktop, double click the ArcView icon to launch the ArcView software.
2	From the ArcView pop-up window, select “As a blank project”.
3	Select “OK”.
4	Select “New”.
5	Select “File” from the menu bar.
6	Select “Extensions”.
7	Check the box next to “CLU Maintenance Tool and Geoprocessing”.
8	Select “OK”.  <b>Note:</b> The “CLU Maintenance Tool” and “Geoprocessing” extensions are now loaded to the project.
9	Select either of the following on the “Do you wish to login as” pop-up window: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• “Yes” to use the indicated login ID</li> <li>• “No” to enter a manual login ID.</li> </ul> <b>Note:</b> The maintenance tools will not run unless an ID is specified. This will bring up the “View” window.
10	Click the green “CLU” button on the tool bar of the ArcView interface to open the Maintenance Toolbar.
11	Click the “CLU Control Panel” button in the Maintenance Tool Bar pop-up window to add themes.  <b>Note:</b> To reveal the button name, slowly move the cursor over each button.

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\*--506.5 CLU Labeling Guidelines (Continued)

C Creating a CLU Labeling Project in ArcView 3.x (Continued)

Step	Action
12	<p>Click the “Add” button to the right of the CLU theme to add a CLU layer.</p> <p>The following are additional functions:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• “Switch” to switch the themes with other themes that are in the view</li> <li>• “Create” to create a new theme.</li> </ul>
13	<p>From the CLU Theme pop-up window, click the drop down arrow from the “Drive” option to navigate to the subfolder that contains the files wanted to add to the labeling project. The files in that folder will be shown on the right.</p> <p>For <b>CLU</b>:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• maneuver to f:\geodata\project_data\fsa\labeling project\jantrice</li> <li>• add the “<b>clu_a_mn141.shp</b>” file.</li> </ul> <p><b>Notes:</b> To select a file, click on the filename. To select multiple files, hold down the “Ctrl” key while simultaneously clicking multiple filenames.</p> <p>See the Manual for Managing Geospatial Datasets for more information on file structure.</p>
14	<p>Select “OK”.</p>
15	<p>At the Add/Create CRP Table pop-up window, select “Add existing CRP table” from the drop down arrow menu.</p> <p><b>Note:</b> This will automatically turn the green light to light green for CRP in control panel.</p>
16	<p>Select “OK”.</p>
17	<p>From the working directory (f:\geodata\project_data\fsa\labeling project\jantrice), select the “crp_t_mn141.dbf” file.</p>
18	<p>Select “OK”.</p>

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\*--506.5 CLU Labeling Guidelines (Continued)

C Creating a CLU Labeling Project in ArcView 3.x (Continued)

Step	Action
19	<p>At the Not a Standard CLU File pop-up window, if the user selects:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• “No”, attributes in this file are not consistent with standard CLU attribute structure</li> <li>• “Yes”, any nonstandard fields in the CLU attribute file will be permanently removed.</li> </ul> <p><b>Examples:</b> Would you like to remove the attribute named Crpprac?  Would you like to remove the attribute named Crp?</p> <p><b>Notes:</b> As the items are loaded, the green light indicator to the left of each listed item or theme will turn light green and the themes will appear within the table of contents on the left in the view.</p> <p>The box to the left of the theme must be checked to make it visible. Once the theme is turned on, data/imagery that represents each theme will appear in the view.</p>
20	<p>Continue adding the following themes to the view:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• “PLSS” to: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• maneuver to f:\geodata\cadastral</li> <li>• add the “plss_a_mn141.shp” file</li> </ul> </li> <li>• “Wetland” to: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• maneuver to f:\geodata\project_data\fsa\labeling project\jantrice</li> <li>• add the “wet_p_mn141.shp” file</li> </ul> </li> <li>• “Imagery” to: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• select the “Image(s)” button to the right of the “Imagery” option</li> <li>• maneuver to f:\geodata\ortho-imagery</li> <li>• add the “ortho_1-1_mn141.sid” file.</li> </ul> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>Image</b> allows the user to select individual image files to the view.</li> <li>• <b>Catalog</b> allows the user to create a new image catalog or add an existing image catalog.</li> </ul> </li> </ul>

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\*--506.5 CLU Labeling Guidelines (Continued)

C Creating a CLU Labeling Project in ArcView 3.x (Continued)

Step	Action										
21	Click "X" to close the CLU Control Panel.										
22	Dissolve the "Tract" Boundary (optional).  <b>Note:</b> See subparagraph E for instructions on dissolving features.										
23	To change the text (theme name) in the table of contents, click on the theme to be renamed in the table of contents to make it active.										
24	Select "Theme" from the menu bar.										
25	Select "Properties".										
26	At "Theme Name", delete the current name.										
27	Type the new name. The name shall be indicated as follows:  <table border="0" data-bbox="378 751 1125 974"> <thead> <tr> <th data-bbox="378 751 727 787">Current Name</th> <th data-bbox="727 751 1125 787">New Name</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td data-bbox="378 831 602 867">clu_a_mn141.shp</td> <td data-bbox="740 831 938 867">CLU Boundary</td> </tr> <tr> <td data-bbox="378 867 521 903">disslv1.shp</td> <td data-bbox="740 867 1125 903">Tract Boundary (if applicable)</td> </tr> <tr> <td data-bbox="378 903 583 938">plss_mn141.shp</td> <td data-bbox="740 903 1118 938">PLSS Boundary (if available)</td> </tr> <tr> <td data-bbox="378 938 613 974">wet_p_mn141.shp</td> <td data-bbox="740 938 984 974">Wetland Boundary</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>	Current Name	New Name	clu_a_mn141.shp	CLU Boundary	disslv1.shp	Tract Boundary (if applicable)	plss_mn141.shp	PLSS Boundary (if available)	wet_p_mn141.shp	Wetland Boundary
Current Name	New Name										
clu_a_mn141.shp	CLU Boundary										
disslv1.shp	Tract Boundary (if applicable)										
plss_mn141.shp	PLSS Boundary (if available)										
wet_p_mn141.shp	Wetland Boundary										
28	Select "OK".										
29	If applicable, change the theme symbol features (outlines, color, and/or line thickness).  <b>Notes:</b> See subparagraph F for guidelines and instructions on how to change the way a feature/symbol within a theme is displayed in the view/table of contents.  Label parameters must be set for each labeling theme.										
30	Select "File" from the menu bar.										
31	Select "Save Project".  <b>Note:</b> Give the project a name that will make it easy to identify for future use. Save the project to a location that will be easy to locate in the future.  <b>Example:</b> f:\geodata\project_data\fsa\labeling project\jantrice  <b>Note:</b> Once a project has been created and saved, there is no need to recreate it unless the file becomes corrupt.										

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**\*--506.5 CLU Labeling Guidelines (Continued)**

**D Opening an Existing Map Labeling Project**

Use this table to open an existing map labeling project.

Step	Action
1	At the desktop, double click the ArcView icon to launch the ArcView software.
2	Select "Open an existing project".
3	Select "OK".
4	Maneuver to f:\geodata\project_data\fsa\labeling project.
5	Click on the ArcView project filename to select the file.  <b>Note:</b> Filenames will be in the window to the left.
6	Select "OK".
7	At "Do you wish to login in as (user's name)", do either of the following:  <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• select "Yes" if the user's name appears</li> <li>• select "No" to change the login name.</li> </ul>
8	At the Not a Standard CLU File pop-up window, select " <b>No</b> " for attributes in this file are not consistent with standard CLU attribute structure.  <b>Examples:</b> Would you like to remove the attribute named Crpprac? Select "No".  Would you like to remove the attribute named Crp? Select "No".  The project will appear in the view.  <b>Note:</b> If the user selects "Yes", any nonstandard fields in the CLU attribute file will be permanently removed.

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**\*--506.5 CLU Labeling Guidelines (Continued)**

**E Dissolving Features**

Dissolving the tract boundary is optional and will allow the user to identify a tract boundary as green vs. a field boundary that is yellow. If the user opts not to dissolve the tract boundary, both the tract and field boundaries will be yellow.

This table provides instructions on dissolving a feature using the Geoprocessing Wizard.

Step	Action
1	Select "File" from the menu bar.  <b>Note:</b> If the geoprocessing extension has been previously loaded, go to step 5.
2	Select "Extension".
3	Select the box to the left of "Geoprocessing". A checkmark will appear in the box and the geoprocessing extension is now active.
4	Select "OK".
5	Select "View" from the menu bar.
6	Select the Geoprocessing Wizard.
7	From the Geoprocessing pop-up window, select "Dissolve features based on an attribute" operation.
8	Select "Next".
9	From the Geoprocessing pop-up window: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• select a "Theme" to dissolve   <b>Note:</b> Tracts will be dissolved; therefore, from the drop down arrow, select the CLU (.shp) shape.   <b>Example:</b> CLU_a_mn141.shp   <b>Note:</b> If renamed, the filename will appear as "CLU Boundary".</li> <li>• select an "Attribute" to dissolve   <b>Note:</b> Since the tract is the theme to be created, click the drop down arrow and select "Tractnbr".</li> <li>• specify the output file.   <b>Note:</b> This is the area where the new tract shape file will be stored (user's workstation).   <b>Example:</b> f:\geodata\project_data\fsa\labeling project\tract_amn141.shp</li> </ul>

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**\*--506.5 CLU Labeling Guidelines (Continued)**

**E Dissolving Features (Continued)**

Step	Action
10	Select "OK".
11	Select "Next".
12	Select "Farmnbr by Maximum Value" at the screen to choose 1 or more additional fields and operations to be included in the output file.
13	Select "Finish".

**F Changing Theme Symbols**

This table provides instructions for changing the appearance of a theme symbol feature within the table of contents of the view. The FSA tools automatically symbolize themes; therefore, in most cases, the user may skip this section.

Step	Action
1	When in ArcView, from the view, go to the table of contents and double click on the symbol of the theme to be changed.  <b>Note:</b> Start with the CLU theme.
2	From the Legend Editor pop-up window, double click the symbol again to access palette options.  <b>Note:</b> This pop-up window contains the following tool buttons: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• first button – Fill Palette</li> <li>• second button – Pen Palette</li> <li>• third button – Marker Palette</li> <li>• fourth button – Font Palette</li> <li>• fifth button – Color Palette</li> <li>• sixth button – Palette Maker.</li> </ul>
3	Select the "Fill Palette" option from the tool bar.
4	Select the "Outline Fill" option (the first option under "Fill Palette").
5	From the outline drop down arrow, select "2" for the outline thickness.
6	Select the "Color Palette" option from the tool bar.
7	From the color drop down arrow, select "Outline".
8	From the color palette, use the scroll up/down arrow to select "Yellow".
9	Select "Apply".
10	Click "X" to close the legend editor window.
11	Click "X" to close the palette window.
12	From the view, go to the table of contents and double click on the Dissolved Tract theme symbol.

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## \*--506.5 CLU Labeling Guidelines (Continued)

## F Changing Theme Symbols (Continued)

Step	Action
13	From the Legend Editor pop-up window, double click the symbol again to access palette options.
14	Select the "Fill Palette" option from the tool bar.
15	Select the "Outline Fill" option (the first option under "Fill Palette").
16	From the outline drop down arrow, select "1" for the outline thickness.
17	Select the "Color Palette" option from the tool bar.
18	From the color drop down arrow, select "Outline".
19	From the color palette, use the scroll up/down arrow to select "Green".
20	Select "Apply".
21	Click "X" to close the legend editor window.
22	Click "X" to close the palette window.
23	From the view, go to the table of contents and double click on the Wetland point symbol.
24	From the Legend Editor pop-up window, double click the symbol again to access palette options.
25	Select the "Marker Palette" option from the tool bar.
26	Select the "Point" option (the first option under "Marker Palette").
27	From the size drop down arrow, select "8".
28	At the angle window, ENTER "360".
29	From the color palette, use the scroll up/down arrow to select "Blue".
30	From the color drop down arrow, select "Foreground".
31	Select "Apply".
32	Click "X" to close the legend editor window.
33	Click "X" to close the palette window.
34	From the view, go to the table of contents and double click on the PLSS theme symbol.
35	From the Legend Editor pop-up window, double click the symbol again to access palette options.
36	Select the "Fill Palette" option from the tool bar.
37	Select the "Outline Fill" option (the first option under "Fill Palette") on the palette.
38	From the Outline drop down arrow, select "1" for the line thickness.
39	Select the "Color Palette" option from the tool bar.
40	From the color drop down arrow, select "Outline".
41	From the color palette, use the scroll up/down arrow to select "Blue".
42	Select "Apply".
43	Click "X" to close the legend editor window.
44	Click "X" to close the palette window.
45	Save the project.

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**\*--506.5 CLU Labeling Guidelines (Continued)**

**G Other Information**

To save a legend for each individual theme, click the “Save” button on the Legend Editor, name the file, and maneuver to the project location to save the file.

**Example:** f:\geodata\project\_data\fsa\labeling project\jantrice

To access this or other saved legends, click the “Load” button on the Legend Editor and select a file to load to accordingly.

When choosing a color from the color palette, select a color from the center of the palette for best quality and viewing capability.

**H Standard Label Guidelines for Text Color and Font Size**

Follow these standard guidelines when selecting the text color and font size for labels.

<b>Label Information</b>	<b>Guideline</b>
Text Color	White, if area is too light choose grey or black.  <b>Note:</b> Any callouts shall be the same color as the text.
Text Mask	None, a mask will display a solid fill background around the text label.
Text Font Size	Times New Roman 14 pt. The user may alter based on the number of fields and the scale of the map.
Map Scale	1:7920 is the standard scale (approximately 1 square mile). In certain cases, the user may alter the scale size. If the tract is too large, keep the scale at 1:7920 and manually zoom into 1 part of the tract.

**I Digital Map Labeling**

Before labeling, ensure that the correct label template as well as the correct parameter template is loaded to the project. All label templates are saved on the hard drive and, therefore, can only be accessed when using the terminal to which it was saved. All map templates are saved to the temp folder.

For better accuracy when using the Theme Definition Tool, ensure that the latest “clu\_utilities.avx” file is loaded before labeling the map. The “clu\_utilities.avx” file, the CLU Utilities User Guide, and the “read.me” file can be downloaded from the tool download page located at [http://fsagis.usda.gov/fsagis/tools/tools\\_download.cfm?toolid=10&version=5.7&release\\_date=2003%2D12%2D04%2000%3A00%3A00](http://fsagis.usda.gov/fsagis/tools/tools_download.cfm?toolid=10&version=5.7&release_date=2003%2D12%2D04%2000%3A00%3A00). Once at the site, click the “Download” button to actually download the tool. Install instructions are provided in the “read.me” file that is part of the downloaded zip file. Contact the State GIS Specialist or GIS Coordinator for assistance.--\*

**\*--506.5 CLU Labeling Guidelines (Continued)**

**I Digital Map Labeling (Continued)**

Labels stored in the project will be saved to a special file called an ODB file. The ODB file is stored in the “c:\Temp\labels” directory on the user workstation. Additional information on the ODB file is provided in the CLU Utilities User Guide.

Once a change is made in the maintenance project, it will not be reflected in the map labeling project. To ensure that all labels are current, a fresh copy of CLU from f:\geodata\common\_land\_unit\fsa\_clu must be copied and pasted to the labeling project.

**Example:** f:\geodata\project\_data\fsa\labeling project\jantrice

Step	Action
1	<p>From the ArcView labeling project, click the “CRP” tool button from the tool bar to ensure that the “Join/Unjoin” button reads “Unjoin”.</p> <p><b>Note:</b> If the “Join/Unjoin” button reads “Join”, click on the button to change it to “Unjoin”.</p>
2	<p>Click “X” to close the CRP Attribute pop-up window.</p>
3	<p>Click the “Theme Definition” button from the tool bar.</p> <p><b>Notes:</b> The CLU theme must be the active theme when using the “Theme Definition” search tool.</p> <p>This tool will allow the user to zoom to and display specific tract and field CLU’s.</p>
4	<p>From the Select Tract pop-up window, do either of the following:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• type in a tract number to be selected, then click the “Next Tract” button</li> <li>• use the up/down scroll arrow to locate and select a tract, then click the “Next Tract” button.</li> </ul> <p><b>Notes:</b> The view will display only the CLU boundaries for the selected tract.</p> <p>If the selected tract area appears shaded, click the “Clear Selected Features” button from the tool bar menu.</p> <p>Ensure that the scale size is set at 1:7920 (approximately 1 square mile). If the tract is too large, manually zoom into 1 part of the tract.</p> <p>Scale and text differences – text size of 14 pt. set at 1:7920 will appear larger than the text size of 14 pt. set at a scale of 1:2600.</p>

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506.5 CLU Labeling Guidelines (Continued)

I Digital Map Labeling (Continued)

Step	Action
5	Select the “Multi-Item Labeling Tool” button found on the “CLU Maintenance Tool”.
6	If label items and label parameters were previously saved, go to step 24. If not, go to step 7.
7	Click the second button “Append Label Manually to Polygons”.  <b>Note:</b> This button allows the user to label each polygon manually.
8	Select the CLU shape file from the “Label Theme” drop down arrow.  <b>Example:</b> clu_a_mn141.shp or CLU Boundary
9	Select “Yes” under HEL Definition.
10	Select the following items from the “Item” list drop down arrow:  <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• CLU Number (Clunbr)</li> <li>• Calc Acres</li> <li>• CRP</li> <li>• Hel_def.</li> </ul> <p><b>Notes:</b> These labels will be on the digital map. The farm number and the tract number will be in the heading of the digital map.</p> <p>*--For counties that do <b>not</b> have a CRP field in the CLU attribute table, see subparagraph M for instructions on how to create a CRP field in the CLU attribute table. Adding a CRP field to the CLU attribute table will allow the user to label a polygon with a “CRP” label.--*</p> <p><b>Any CRP label information, which appears on a printed map that does not represent the tract or farm for which a copy is requested, must be completely marked through before releasing the map to the producer.</b></p>
11	Select “Save” to save the labeling template.
12	Name the template “CLU Labeling Template”.
13	Select “OK” to create and save a labeling template with specific labeling parameters.
14	Select “Load” from the multi-item labeler to access the saved label template.
15	Choose a label file to load by highlighting the file.
16	Select “OK”. The file is now loaded to the labeling project.  <b>Note:</b> If the error message, “This template will not work with the chosen labeling theme”, is displayed, go back to step 2 to ensure that the CRP table reads “unjoin”. If the message does not display, go to step 17.
17	From the multi-item labeler, select a “Label Theme” to label from the drop down menu.

\*--506.5 CLU Labeling Guidelines (Continued)

I Digital Map Labeling (Continued)

Step	Action
18	Select “Properties” from the menu bar to bring up the Label Parameters pop-up window.
19	<p>Set the following parameters:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Label Position – Center is suggested, but the text tool may be used to set text properties to adjust and rotate labels to better fit various shaped fields</li> <li>• Text Size – 14 or adjust to scale</li> <li>• Font – Times New Roman</li> <li>• Font Style – Normal</li> <li>• Text Mask – None</li> <li>• Text Color – White, if area is too light, choose grey or black to adjust to background</li> <li>• Numeric Decimals – Hundreths.</li> </ul>
20	<p>From the “Setting Template” option, select “Save” to save the labeling parameters.</p> <p><b>Additional Options:</b> The “Load” button allows the user to reload previously saved parameter templates.</p> <p>The “Delete” button allows the user to remove saved parameter templates from the project.</p>
21	Name the template “Labeling Parameters”.
22	Select “OK”.
23	Select “Apply” on the Label Parameters pop-up window.
24	Select “Load” from the multi-item labeler.
25	Select a “File” to load from the Load Setting pop-up window.
26	Select “Properties” from the Multi-Item Labeler pop-up window.
27	Select “Load” from the Label Parameters pop-up window.
28	Select a “Parameter” file to load.
29	Select “Apply”.

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\*--506.5 CLU Labeling Guidelines (Continued)

I Digital Map Labeling (Continued)

Step	Action
30	<p>Do either of the following:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• click the “Append Label Manually to Polygon” button (the second button from the left in the multi-item labeler), then click on the selected polygon area within the view</li> </ul> <p><b>Note:</b> As the selected area is clicked, the labels will appear.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• click the “Append Bullet Text Label Manually to Polygons” button (the third button from the left in the multi-item labeler) to draw callouts for small or odd shaped polygon areas, then click and drag the mouse from the field that needs to be labeled location where the label will be placed. As the mouse is released, the callout label will appear.</li> </ul> <p><b>Notes:</b> The multi-item labeler must remain open during the labeling process. To reposition manual labels, click the pointer from the ArcView button bar and click on the label the user wishes to move. As the label is selected, small squares will appear around the label. Right click the mouse and move to the desired position.</p> <p>To reposition manual callout labels, delete the label and repeat the steps.</p> <p>A callout is a line that connects a field to its label. Use as few callouts as possible before ArcGIS implementation. To limit the number of callouts, the text tool may be used to position labels by setting text properties. The use of the text tool will allow the user to adjust and rotate labels to better fit various shaped fields.</p>
31	<p>Label all polygons within the selected tract that need to be labeled.</p>
32	<p>Click once on the “Add Labels” button to save the labels for the selected tract to the ODB file.</p> <p><b>Note:</b> Each time the user clicks the “Add Labels” button, the selected labels for the tract will be saved to the label’s ODB file. So be careful to click the button only once for each tract.</p>
33	<p>Repeat steps 4 and 5 and 30 through 32 to label all tracts as they are selected.</p> <p><b>Note:</b> Any labels that fall within the boundary of a neighboring tract will appear on the selected tract even though it is not a label for that tract. Therefore, the user will need to manually delete the labels that do not represent the selected tract. This will only remove the label from the zoomed-in area, but will not remove it from the ODB file or the project.</p>

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**\*--506.5 CLU Labeling Guidelines (Continued)**

**I Digital Map Labeling (Continued)**

Step	Action
34	<p>Click “X” to close the multi-item labeler.</p> <p>Click the “Reset CLU” button to reset the definition of CLU to the full extent of the theme so that all CLU boundaries and labels in the theme are redisplayed.</p> <p><b>Note:</b> The reset button restores all the labels stored in the ODB file to the project. It also clears the theme definition that was set to a single tract’s CLU’s with the “Next Tract” button to be the entire CLU. All CLU boundaries and labels in the project are redisplayed in the view.</p>
35	Click “X” to close the Theme Definition Tool, if open.
36	Save the project.

**Note:** See Exhibit 38 for map template examples.

**J Standard Map Layout**

This table provides guidelines for creating a standard map layout.

Step	Action
1	From the CLU Maintenance Tool, click the “Custom Layout” button.
2	<p>From the FSA Layout Tool pop-up window, select the following options as indicated:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Use Map Template – “None”</li> <li>• Map Orientation – “Portrait”</li> <li>• Legend – “On”</li> <li>• North Arrow – “On”</li> <li>• Scale Bar – “On”</li> <li>• Set Map Scale – “No”</li> <li>• Map Title – The selected “Tract” and “Farm” Numbers will appear.</li> </ul>
3	Select “Make Map”.
4	At the North Arrow Manager pop-up window, choose the “First North Arrow” option.
5	Select “OK”.
6	Save the project.

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**506.5 CLU Labeling Guidelines (Continued)**

**J Standard Map Layout (Continued)**

**\*--Notes:** To maintain an acceptable level of tolerance for a view or layout refresh in a map labeling/printing project, it is recommended that the user have only 1 view and 1 layout in a project (apr).

As the user creates a layout for each selected tract, a default name for the layout will be created in the layout project window. Every tract will have a related layout identified by the date and time created, making it difficult to differentiate between each layout. It is not a requirement to rename each layout; however, the more layouts in a project, the slower the project becomes. Therefore, it is recommended that the user delete any additional views and layouts in the project window of the map labeling/printing projects before saving. For additional assistance on this issue, contact the State GIS Specialist/Coordinator.--\*

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\*--506.5 CLU Labeling Guidelines (Continued)

**K Storing a Customized Map Layout as a Map Template**

Use this table when storing a customized map template.

Step	Action
1	Open a “Map of View mm/dd/yy” Layout in the Project (this will be the map layout of the searched tract) window.
2	Select “Layout” from the menu bar.
3	Select “Store as Template” from the drop down menu.
4	At the “Name” option from the Template Properties pop-up window, type in the name of the map template.  <b>Example:</b> Digital Map Template
5	The icon should be set as “Template Default”. If not, click the “Select” button and set the icon as “Template Default”.
6	Select “OK”.

**L Retrieving a Customized Map Template**

Follow this table to retrieve a customized map template.

Step	Action
1	From the view in the ArcView project, select the “Theme Definition” tool to select and zoom to a tract.
2	Select “View” from the menu bar.
3	Select “Layout” from the drop down menu.
4	From the Template Manager pop-up window, select the map template the user wishes to use.  <b>Example:</b> Digital Map Template
5	Select “OK”.
6	From the View-Layout pop-up window, the user shall select “Map of View” to create a particular map layout.  <b>Note:</b> Select the current view of the map the user wants to create. If the map is in View2, View3, View4, etc, the user will need to select that view to create a map of that particular tract.
7	Select “OK”.

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506.5 CLU Labeling Guidelines (Continued)

\*--M Creating a CRP Field in the CLU Attribute Table

Complete the following steps to create a CRP field in the CLU attribute table for counties that do not have a field in the CLU table or the CRP table. Adding the CRP field to the CLU attribute table will allow the user to label a polygon with a “CRP” label. For assistance, contact the State GIS Specialist.

Step	Action
1	From ArcView, open the CLU Maintenance Project.
2	Open the CLU attribute table.
3	Click “Table” from the menu bar.
4	From the drop-down menu, select “Start Editing”.
5	Click “Edit” from the menu bar.
6	From the drop-down menu, select “Add Field”.
7	At the Field Definition pop-up window, enter the following parameters. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• at the <b>Name</b> option window, ENTER “CRP”.</li> <li>• from the <b>Type</b> option window drop-down menu, select “String”</li> <li>• at the <b>Width</b> option window, ENTER “8”.</li> </ul>
8	Click “OK”. <p><b>Note:</b> The new field will be added to the far right of the CLU attribute and joined CRP table. Click and drag on the field name to move it to a different location in the table.</p>
9	To save the new field to the CLU attribute table, select “Table” from the menu bar.
10	From the drop-down menu, select “Stop Editing”.
11	From the Stop Editing pop-up window, select “Yes” to save edits.
12	Do either of the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• If all contracts have been entered in the CRP table, click on the “Contract” field name in the joined CRP table</li> <li>• If contracts are not all entered, click on the joined CRP table attribute field that has the most records/entries.</li> </ul>
13	Select the “Sort Ascending” button from the tool bar.
14	Query out or select all records that have a CRP contract or have an entry in the field used to sort ascending.
15	With the new CRP field selected, click “Table” from the menu bar.
16	From the drop-down menu, select “Start Editing”.

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## 506.5 CLU Labeling Guidelines (Continued)

## \*--M Creating a CRP Field in the CLU Attribute Table (Continued)

Step	Action
17	<p>Click the “Promote” button from the tool bar to bring all of the selected records to the top of the CLU attribute table.</p> <p><b>Note:</b> The “Promote” button is the eleventh button on the tool bar.</p>
18	<p>With the CRP field still selected, click on the “Calculate” button from the tool bar.</p> <p><b>Note:</b> The “Calculate” button is the fourteenth button on the tool bar.</p>
19	<p>From the Field Calculator pop-up window, ENTER “CRP” in the white box area.</p> <p><b>Note:</b> When entering “CRP”, the user must include the quotation marks as indicated.</p>
20	<p>Click “OK”.</p> <p><b>Note:</b> All selected records will now have an entry of “CRP” in the CRP field.</p>
21	<p>Click “Table” from the menu bar.</p>
22	<p>From the drop-down menu, select “Stop Editing”.</p>
23	<p>At the Stop Editing pop-up window, click “Yes” to save edits to the CLU attribute table.</p>
24	<p>Click the “Select None” button from the tool bar menu to clear the selected records in the attribute table.</p> <p><b>Note:</b> From this point on, the user will manually enter “CRP” in the record for new contracts.</p>
25	<p>Close the CLU Maintenance Project.</p>
26	<p>Save the project.</p> <p><b>Note:</b> Refresh/replace any copy of CLU used in other projects, especially the map labeling and printing project. This will allow the user to label CRP using the Multi-Item Labeling Tool.</p>

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**\*--506.6 NAIP One-Meter Replacement Imagery****A Receiving, Using, and Storing NAIP One-Meter**

Periodically, each Service Center will receive updated NAIP one-meter digital imagery. The imagery will come from either their FSA State Office as the original dataset or APFO as a corrected dataset. This imagery is more accurate and provides an up-to-date view of the earth's landscape. The NAIP one-meter imagery will replace previous copies of official digital imagery used by FSA Service Centers for maintenance of CLU.

The procedure in this paragraph shall be followed by FSA Service Centers with digitized CLU's, both certified and non-certified.

Each FSA Service Center will receive a compact disk from APFO, which contains the data files of each county they administer. FSA Service Centers shall work with the Local Geodata Administrator or FSA – Local Geodata Editor to remove the old digital imagery and download the new NAIP imagery on the shared server.

The NAIP one-meter imagery shall be saved on the shared server in each Service Center in the "f:\geodata\ortho\_imagery" folder.

Follow the naming convention as described in the Service Center Data Management manual, "**Standard; Geospatial Dataset File Naming, April 2005**".

Access an electronic copy of the manual at the following link:

[http://www.itc.nrcs.usda.gov/scdm/docs/SPG-GeospatialDataSetFileNaming\\_4-6-05.pdf](http://www.itc.nrcs.usda.gov/scdm/docs/SPG-GeospatialDataSetFileNaming_4-6-05.pdf).

**B Data Adjustments Resulting From Replacement NAIP One-Meter Imagery**

NAIP one-meter imagery provides a current view of the earth's landscape. Because of the age of the previous one-meter base imagery, changes may have occurred because of road construction or other topographical changes. Actual changes to the landscape require updates to CLU according to general maintenance procedures.

In some cases, CLU overlay will not match exactly with the new base imagery. This will not result in re-certification, change of contracts, or any additional maintenance. In addition, acreages will not change on CLU because of any mismatch. After CLU is certified, boundary and acreage changes cannot be made unless initiated by the owner/operator or general maintenance occurs.--\*



**\*--506.6 NAIP One-Meter Replacement Imagery (Continued)****B Data Adjustments Resulting From Replacement NAIP One-Meter Imagery (Continued)**

If the NAIP one-meter imagery does not line up with CLU, the Service Center may use the Quick Acreage Calculator to assist the County Office. The Quick Acreage Calculator temporarily creates a visual graphic of line work and acres. This functionality can be found in the USDA Acreage Toolbar in ArcGIS and in the FSA Acreage Calculator Toolbar in ArcView.

**Note:** Do not use the image shift tool functionality as it was not created or designed for use with replacement NAIP one-meter imagery.

**C Inspecting Replacement NAIP One-Meter Imagery**

Inspect all imagery at the time it is initially sent to County Offices. Compare the imagery to CLU to ensure that everything lines up. If inconsistencies occur between the replacement imagery and CLU, contact the State Office GIS Specialist. The State Office will contact the National Office if the State GIS Specialist determines that some or all of that State's replacement imagery has too many errors. Failure to contact the National Office may result in forfeiting any imagery corrections that would be covered by a time limited warranty.--\*

**507 Printing the Map Template**

**A Printing Maps in Color**

Color printed maps are recommended. Color maps will provide the producer with:

- a clear visual picture of the information that represents the producer's farm
- the capability to identify tract and field boundaries that are represented in color, as well as other areas on the map.

**B Printing Maps in Black and White**

Black and white printed maps are permitted. However, keep in mind that printing maps in black and white will not produce the same type of clarity that is produced with color prints. In certain cases, this may require the County Office to interpret the map information to the producer or reproduce the map in color.

**Part 5.5 Data Sharing****508 Providing Data to Multiple Peril Crop Insurance Companies, Agents, and LA's - General Information****A Introduction**

This part provides procedure for making FSA-578 producer prints and hard copy maps available to private crop insurance companies, agents, and LA's.

**Note:** See 4-RM for requests for information made in connection with the following:

- claims and other quality control audits
- discrepancy reviews
- suspected program abuse, misuse, or fraud reviews.

**B County Office Responsibilities**

County Offices shall provide timely information to crop insurance companies, agents, and LA's according to the provisions of this part.

\* \* \*

**C Unlawful Disclosure**

County Offices shall ensure that crop insurance companies, agents, and LA's provide proof that the producer has a policy with the agent or company requesting producer information. When a third party submits a FOIA request for information that is subject to the Privacy Act, and the information is **not** required to be released under FOIA, the material may **not** be disclosed without prior written approval of the individual on whom the record is maintained.

**\*--508 Providing Data to Multiple Peril Crop Insurance Companies, Agents, and--\***  
**LA's - General Information (Continued)**

**D Conflict of Interest**

County Offices shall be aware of the "Conflict of Interest" policy in the 2005 SRA. According to SRA, Section F, 4, Conflict of Interest, paragraphs v and vi, the insurance company and its service providers shall **not** permit their sales agents, agency employees, sales supervisors, or any relative of its sales agents, agency employees, or sales supervisors to be involved in loss adjustment activities in a county or adjoining county where the agent, agency employee, or sales supervisor performs sales functions (except receipt and transfer to the insurance company of a loss), including the following:

- advising or assisting the policyholder in any manner in preparing the claim and the determination of the indemnity, including but **not** limited to, whether the LA correctly applied loss adjustment procedures
- any other function reserved for LA's in the procedures.

**Example:** A policyholder filing a claim of crop loss notifies his/her sales agent. The sales agent provides notification of the policyholder's claim filing to the insurance company. The insurance company assigns a crop LA to provide loss adjustment procedures for the policyholder. The sales agent shall no longer be involved with the policyholders crop loss claim except as provided in the SRA, like simplified claims.

**509 LA Requests****A Providing Information to Multiple Peril Crop Insurance Company LA's**

Information provided to LA's shall be used for the express purpose of fulfilling loss adjustment and for loss adjustment associated compliance obligations performed by an LA. Requests for information shall **not** be honored unless a crop claim of loss has been filed.

LA's working loss claims and related compliance activities shall use FSA-426 to request the following information:

- current year FSA-578 producer prints
- hard copy map.

\* \* \*

In certain cases, LA's may have loss claim activities that require the use of data from previous years. In those cases, LA's may use FSA-426 to request data from previous years. LA's **must** note in FSA-426, item 10 the years for which the data is requested.

Information requested on FSA-426 for the purpose of crop loss activity is provided at **no charge**. \* \* \*

**Notes:** County Offices shall only provide 1 copy of the FSA-578 producer print or hard copy map for the farm unless previous years are requested in FSA-426, item 10, or the farm acreage report is **not** complete.

Follow subparagraph 510 B for requests for additional copies.

**509 LA Requests (Continued)**

**B Acceptable Proof of Insurance**

When submitting a request for information on FSA-426, LA's shall provide proof that they are authorized access to the producer's records. Acceptable proof includes 1 or more of the following for the current crop year:

- a producer signed transfer policy document
- a claim document completed or partially completed indicating loss adjustment work will be performed for the producer
- Summary of Insurance Protection
- Notice of Acceptance
- Schedule of Insurance
- written certification on FSA-426.

\* \* \*

510 Crop Insurance Company and Agent Requests

A Providing Information to Crop Insurance Companies and Agents

\*--Information provided to crop insurance companies and agents shall be used for the express purpose of assisting in insuring a producer under a policy or plan of insurance.

Crop insurance companies and agents shall use FSA-426 to request the following information:

- current year FSA-578 producer prints
- hard copy map.

When submitting requests for information on FSA-426, crop insurance companies and agents shall provide proof that they are authorized to access the producer’s records. Acceptable--\* proof includes 1 or more of the following for the current crop year:

- producer signed policy document
- producer signed transfer/application policy document
- Schedule of Insurance
- Notice of Acceptance/Policy Confirmation
- Summary of Insurance Protection
- a signed statement from the producer authorizing release of documents to the named crop insurance company and/or agent
- \*--written certification on FSA-426.--\*

\* \* \*

Information requested by crop insurance companies and/or agents shall be provided \* \* \* at no charge. \* \* \*

**Note:** County Offices shall only provide 1 copy of the FSA-578 producer print or hard copy map at no charge. \* \* \*

\*--County Offices shall charge crop insurance companies and agents for subsequent copies of current year FSA-578 producer prints, maps, and for requests for prior year FSA-578 data.--\*

**510 Crop Insurance Company and Agent Requests (Continued)****B Charges for Copies**

Crop insurance companies and/or agents may be provided 1 current year FSA-578 producer print and map at **no cost**. FSA will charge for subsequent copies as follows:

- FSA-578 producer print - \$0.20 per page
- hard copy map; computer print or photocopy - \$1 per page.

**Note:** County Offices shall use the program code for other reimbursement outlined in 3-FI to account for the money collected for information requests.

**510.5 Other Third Party Data Requests****A Consent to Release FSA-578 Data to a Third Party Recipient**

Third party recipients of FSA-578 data other than multiple peril crop insurance companies, agents, and LA's must be authorized to obtain records by the producer to which the records pertain according to procedure in 3-INFO, Part 3.

**B Power of Attorney**

Power of attorney for acreage reporting purposes is approved for signature authority **only**. Data release using power of attorney for FSA-578 data is **not** permitted.

Follow 1-CM, Part 5 for policy on power of attorney and rules of authority.

**\*--510.6 Requesting Information on FSA-426****A Data Requests on FSA-426**

LA's, crop insurance companies, and agents shall use FSA-426 to request current year FSA-578 producer prints and maps.

**Note:** When signing FSA-426, the crop insurance representative certifies that the requested information shall be used for the express purpose of fulfilling its loss adjustment and compliance activities and/or insuring a producer under a policy or plan of insurance.--\*



**\*--510.6 Requesting Information on FSA-426 (Continued)**

**B Processing FSA-426 Data Requests**

County Offices may mail, e-mail, or FAX the information requested on FSA-426 to LA’s, crop insurance companies, and agents.

**Note:** When e-mailing information requested on FSA-426, County Offices shall ensure that privacy provisions are followed. The requested data **must** be sent in an encrypted file and the password to open the file **cannot** be sent in the same e-mail.

**C Timeframe for Processing FSA-426 Requests**

County Offices shall fulfill requests for information on FSA-426 as promptly as possible. A 3-workday turnaround for responding to requests is feasible in most cases.

The following table provides contact information in cases where County Offices receive requests for an unreasonable number of producers.

<b>IF a request for an unreasonable number of producers is received in the...</b>	<b>THEN FAX the request to...</b>
County Office	State Office.
State Office	Clay Lagasse, PECD, Common Provisions Section Head, at 202-205-4941.

**D Reporting FSA-426 Workload in the Activity Reporting System**

County Offices shall record time spent on processing FSA-426’s in the WebTA Activity Reporting System under Program, “CROPIN” and Activity, “FOIA-PA”.

**E Filing**

File processed FSA-426’s by FY in folder “CI-1, Reports and Statistics”.--\*

**\*--510.6 Requesting Information on FSA-426 (Continued)**

**F Example of FSA-426**

The following is an example of a completed FSA-426.

**Note:** In item 6 **only** use the last 4 digits of a producer's ID number.

This form is available electronically.		FSA-426 (09-22-14)		U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE Farm Service Agency		1. COUNTY OFFICE NAME, ADDRESS	
MPCI/FCIC INFORMATION REQUEST WORKSHEET				TELEPHONE NO. (Include area code):			
				2. PROGRAM YEAR		3. DATE	
<b>ITEMS 4 THROUGH 11 TO BE COMPLETED BY REQUESTER</b>							
4A. REQUESTER'S NAME			4B. TELEPHONE NUMBER (Include area code)		4C. ID NUMBER		4D. ID TYPE
5 PRODUCER'S NAME		6 ID NUMBER (Last 4 Digits Only)	7. ID TYPE	8. INFORMATION REQUESTED (√) Check appropriate box(es) that are applicable to producer.)			
				A FSA-578 Producer Print		B Map Photocopies	
9A. INFORMATION WILL BE:				9B. ADDRESS, IF MAILED/EMAIL ADDRESS			
<input type="checkbox"/> MAILED <input type="checkbox"/> EMAILED <input type="checkbox"/> PICKED UP							
10. REMARKS							
<b>11. CERTIFICATION</b>							
<i>I certify that I am authorized access to the producer's records and that the information requested will be used by the insurance company I represent for the purpose of fulfilling loss adjustment and compliance obligations and/or insuring a producer under a policy or plan of insurance.</i>							
A. REQUESTER'S SIGNATURE			B. TITLE			C. DATE	
<b>12. TO BE COMPLETED BY FSA ONLY</b>							
A. DATE RECEIVED		B. DATE FURNISHED		C. WORKLOAD DATA		D. INITIALS	
<b>NOTE:</b> The following statement is made in accordance with the Privacy Act of 1974 (5 USC 552a - as amended). The authority for requesting the information identified on this form is 7 CFR Part 400, the Agriculture Risk Protection Act of 2000 (Pub. L. 106-224), the Federal Crop Insurance Act (7 U.S.C. 1501 et seq.), and the Agricultural Act of 2014 (Pub. L. 113-79). The information will be used to determine insurance provider eligibility to request/receive producer documentation from FSA County Offices for loss adjustment and compliance obligations. The information collected on this form may be disclosed to other Federal, State, Local government agencies, Tribal agencies, and nongovernmental entities that have been authorized access to the information by statute or regulation and/or as described in applicable Routine Uses identified in the System of Records Notice for USDA/FSA-2, Farm Records File (Automated). Providing the requested information is voluntary. However, failure to furnish the requested information will result in a determination of ineligibility for the insurance provider to request/receive producer documentation from FSA County Offices for loss adjustment and compliance obligations.							
<small>The U.S. Department of Agriculture (USDA) prohibits discrimination against its customers, employees, and applicants for employment on the basis of race, color, national origin, age, disability, sex, gender identity, religion, reprisal, and where applicable, political beliefs, marital status, familial or parental status, sexual orientation, or all or part of an individual's income is derived from any public assistance program, or protected genetic information in employment or in any program or activity conducted or funded by the Department. (Not all prohibited bases will apply to all programs and/or employment activities.) Persons with disabilities, who wish to file a program complaint, write to the address below or if you require alternative means of communication for program information (e.g., Braille, large print, audiotape, etc.) please contact USDA's TARGET Center at (202) 720-2600 (voice and TDD). Individuals who are deaf, hard of hearing, or have speech disabilities and wish to file either an EEO or program complaint, please contact USDA through the Federal Relay Service at (800) 877-8339 or (800) 845-6136 (in Spanish).</small>							
<small>If you wish to file a Civil Rights program complaint of discrimination, complete the USDA Program Discrimination Complaint Form, found online at <a href="http://www.ascr.usda.gov/complaint_filing_cust.html">http://www.ascr.usda.gov/complaint_filing_cust.html</a> or at any USDA office, or call (866) 632-9992 to request the form. You may also write a letter containing all of the information requested in the form. Send your completed complaint form or letter by mail to U.S. Department of Agriculture, Director, Office of Adjudication, 1400 Independence Avenue, S.W., Washington, D.C. 20250-9410, by fax (202) 690-7442 or email at <a href="mailto:program.intake@usda.gov">program.intake@usda.gov</a>. USDA is an equal opportunity provider and employer.</small>							

--\*

511 (Withdrawn--Amend. 48)

512-515 (Withdrawn--Amend. 26)

**\*--516 Service Center CLU Data Sharing****A Overview**

CLU is a geospatial dataset that is created, updated, maintained, and managed by FSA. The official copy of CLU that is governed by FSA shall not be accessed by any other agencies. However, a read-only copy of CLU shall be made available for other Service Center agencies to use.

This data sharing refers to sharing in the ArcView 3.x software environment. The sharing of CLU within the Service Center agencies will be handled differently once a County Office migrates to the ArcGIS environment.

The geospatial dataset of CLU shall be stored on the Service Center's shared server located on the f: drive according to subparagraphs C and D.

**B Purpose**

The purpose of this procedure is to clarify the location, accessibility, naming convention, and refresh cycle of CLU as it pertains to agencies in the Service Center.

**C FSA CLU Users**

All FSA employees who are authorized to manage CLU shall do so to the official CLU located at the following directory tree location, using the naming conventions from the Geospatial Dataset File Naming Standard. All maintenance, labeling, and printing of CLU for FSA purposes will be applied at this level.

**f:\geodata\common\_land\_unit\fsa\_clu\clu\_a\_<stnnn>.shp**

**Note:** The <stnnn> in the CLU file naming convention is a placeholder for the Service Center's State postal abbreviation and county FIPS code.

**Example:** clu\_a\_mn141.shp

**D Other USDA Service Center Users**

All other USDA Service Center users shall access a copy of the official CLU at the following directory tree location, using the naming convention provided for the CLU file. This is a non-editable and read-only copy of the official CLU used as a viewable layer for other agencies' day-to-day use.

**f:\geodata\common\_land\_unit\clu\_copy\_a\_<stnnn>.shp--\***

**516 Service Center CLU Data Sharing (Continued)****E Refresh Responsibilities**

A refresh of the read-only dataset shall be performed according to this subparagraph. An updated digital copy of the CLU will be copied from the following directory tree location.

**f:\geodata\common\_land\_unit\fsa\_clu\clu\_a\_<stnnn>.shp**

The copy shall be pasted to the following directory tree location. Rename the file using the naming convention provided. This file shall be overwritten at each refresh.

**f:\geodata\common\_land\_unit\clu\_copy\_a\_<stnnn>.shp**

The refresh task shall be done at least weekly, or more often depending on the amount of updates to the official CLU performed by FSA. The employee responsible for this task shall be the FSA-Local CLU Data Editor as described in the Manual for Managing Geospatial Datasets in Service Centers.

**F Certified Versus Noncertified CLU's**

Once a Service Center has a digital copy of CLU, it shall be made available to all Service Center agencies with access to the shared server in each office. The official copy of CLU used for FSA purposes shall be the certified CLU. Noncertified CLU's shall not be used for FSA purposes unless a specific program handbook provides an exception. Other Service Center agencies may copy CLU, certified or noncertified, for their own program purposes. Those agencies shall understand that all data is unofficial until CLU is certified. It shall also be understood that data may change during the CLU certification process. Once certified, all CLU data shall be maintained by FSA.

**517-524 (Reserved)**

**Part 6 (Withdrawn--Amend. 53)**

**525 (Withdrawn--Amend. 53)**

**525.5 (Withdrawn--Amend. 53)**

**526-528 (Withdrawn--Amend. 53)**

**528.5 (Withdrawn--Amend. 53)**

**529, 530 (Withdrawn--Amend. 37)**

**531-536 (Withdrawn--Amend. 53)**

## Reports, Forms, Abbreviations, and Delegations of Authority

### Reports

None.

### Forms

This table lists all forms referenced in this handbook.

Number	Title	Display Reference	Reference
AD-1026	Highly Erodible Land Conservation (HELC) and Wetland Conservation (WC) Certification (Includes Appendix)		20, 353, 357.5, 357.11, 501
AD-2007	FSA/RMA Compliance Referral		508
AD-2027	RCO Spot Checklist Growing Season Inspection Form		508
BCAP-10	Biomass Crop assistance program (BCAP) – Matching Payment Pre-Delivery Application		357.11
BCAP-23	Biomass Crop Assistance Program (BCAP) Worksheet (Establishment and Annual Payments for Producers)		357.11
BCAP-24	Biomass Crop Assistance Program (BCAP) Application (Establishment and Annual Payments)		357.11
CCC-471	Non-Insured Crop Disaster Assistance Program (NAP) Application for Coverage with Buy-Up Option (2015 and Subsequent Crop Years)		355
CCC-502	Farm Operating Plan for Payment Eligibility Review		357.5
CCC-509	Direct and Counter- Cyclical Program Contract		351
CCC-509 ACRE	Average Crop Revenue Election (ACRE) Program Irrevocable Election		357
CCC-509 Appendix	Appendix to Form CCC-509, Direct and Counter-Cyclical Program Contract		351
CCC-576	Notice of Loss and Application for Payment Noninsured Crop Disaster Assistance Program	Ex. 7	21, 23, 24, 24.5, 355
CCC-576-1	Appraisal/Production Report Noninsured Crop Disaster Assistance Program		332, 355
CCC-579	NAP Approved Yield Compliance Worksheet		355
CCC-580	Milk Income Loss Contract (MILC)		357.9
CCC-580M	Milk Income Loss Contract (MILC) Modification		357.9
CCC-580S	Milk Income Loss Contract (MILC) Supplemental		357.9

## Reports, Forms, Abbreviations, and Redelegations of Authority (Continued)

## Forms (Continued)

Number	Title	Display Reference	Reference
CCC-781	Margin Protection Program for Dairy Producers (MPP-Dairy) Production History Establishment		354.5
CCC-782	Margin Protection Program For Dairy Producers (MPP-Dairy) Contract and Annual Coverage Election		354.5
CCC-851/ CCC-851-A	Emergency Loss Assistance for Livestock Application		357.6
CCC-852	Livestock Indemnity Program Application		357.7
CCC-853	Livestock Forage Disaster Program Application		357.8
CCC-854	Livestock Indemnity Program - Third Party Certification		357.7
CCC-855	Emergency Assistance for Livestock, Honey Bees, and Farm-Raised Fish Program (ELAP) and Livestock Forage Disaster Program (LFP) Lease Agreement Certification Statement		357.8
CCC-856	Livestock Beginning Inventory History for Open Range Livestock Operations under the Livestock Indemnity Program (LIP)		357.7
CCC-857	Agriculture Risk Coverage (ARC) and Price Loss Coverage (PLC) Program Election		349.5
CCC-858	Base Reallocation and Yield Update Decision for Agriculture Risk Coverage (ARC) and Price Loss Coverage (PLC) Programs		349.5
CCC-859	Price Loss Coverage (PLC) Yield Worksheet		349.5
CCC-860	Socially Disadvantage, Limited Resource and Beginning Farmer or Rancher Certification		355
CCC-861	Agricultural Risk Coverage - County Option (ARC-CO) and Price Loss Coverage (PLC) Contract		349.5
CCC-862	Agricultural Risk Coverage - Individual Option (ARC-IC) Contract		349.5
CCC-895	Asparagus Revenue Market Loss Assistance Payment (ALAP) Program Application		357.5

## Reports, Forms, Abbreviations, and Delegations of Authority (Continued)

## Forms (Continued)

Number	Title	Display Reference	Reference
CCC-901	Members Information 2009 and Subsequent Years		357.9
CCC-902E	Farm Operating Plan for an Entity 2009 and Subsequent Program Years		357.9
CCC-902I	Farm Operating Plan for an Individual 2009 and Subsequent Program Years		357.9
CCC-957	Cotton Transition Assistance Program (CTAP) Application		351.5
CRP-1	Conservation Reserve Program Contract		16, 78, 308, 350, 497
CRP-1 Appendix	Appendix to Form CRP-1, Conservation Reserve Program Contract		16
FSA-409	Measurement Service Record	461, 464	15, 21, 397, 459, 460, 462
FSA-409A	Measurement Service Request Register	462	459
FSA-426	MPCI/FCIC Information Request Worksheet	510.6	509, 510
FSA-441	Order for Aerial Photography		491
FSA-468	Notice of Determined Acreage	380.6	15, 318, 352, 375, 380, 380.5, 380.7, 397
FSA-569	NRCS Report of HELC and WC Compliance		20, 353
FSA-577	Report of Supervisory Check	332	
FSA-578	Report of Acreage		Text, Ex. 2, 10.5
FSA-578C	Continuous Certificates		314.1, 317
FSA-603	Collection Register for State and County Offices		459
FSA-658	Record of Production and Yield		357
FSA-682	Supplemental Revenue Assistance Payments Program Application		357.10
FSA-848B	Cost-Share Performance Certification and Payment (Includes FSA-848B-1, Continuation of FSA-848B)		351.6, 351.7, 357.11
FSA-850	Environmental Evaluation Checklist		351.6, 351.7
FSA-914	Livestock Indemnity Program Application		357.7
FSA-925	Livestock Forage Disaster Program Application		357.8
FSA-926	Livestock Indemnity Program - Third Party Certification		357.7
NRCS-CPA-026	Highly Erodible Land and Wetland Conservation Determination		495, 501, 502, 503, 505, 506.5
NRCS-CPA-052	Environmental Evaluation Checklist		351.6, 351.7

## Reports, Forms, Abbreviations, and Redelegations of Authority (Continued)

## Abbreviations Not Listed in 1-CM

The following abbreviations are not listed in 1-CM.

<b>Approved Abbreviation</b>	<b>Term</b>	<b>Reference</b>
ACRSI	acreage crop reporting streamlining initiative	320, Part 2.6
AIP	approved insurance providers	320, Parts 2.6 and 2.7
ALAP	Asparagus Revenue Market Loss Assistance Payment Program	321, 357.5
ARC	Agriculture Risk Coverage	16, 349.5
ARD	acreage reporting date	18, 21, 17, Ex. 6, 6.5
AV	administrative variance	378, 461
BWEP	Boll Weevil Eradication Program	17
CARS	Crop Acreage Reporting System	41, Part 2.5, 375, 380.5, 380.6
CCM	compressed county mosaic	437
CIMS	Comprehensive Information Management System	Text
CRM	Customer Relationship Management	41, 73-75, Ex. 10.5, 11
CTAP	Cotton Transition Assistance Program	321
CVS	Compliance Validation System	41, 308, 308.5
DGPS	Differential Global Positioning System	421
DMLA-III	Dairy Market Loss Assistance Program III	357.9
DOQ	Digital Orthophotography	501, Ex. 2
FAA	Federal Aviation Administration	421
FGDC	Federal Geographic Data Committee	505.5
FMVA	Field Market Value A	355, 357.10
FMVB	Field Market Value B	355, 357.10
FTP	file transfer protocol	501, 504, 505.5, Ex. 37
FW	farmed wetland	353
Gateway	Geospatial Data Gateway	505.5
GDW	Geospatial Data Warehouse	505.5
GPS	global positioning system	390, 394, 420, 421, 460, 463, Ex. 2
ITS	Information Technology Services	421
MDOQ	Mosaic Digital Orthophoto Quadrangle	19, 498, 505.5
MT	Maintenance Tool	394, 463
NAIP	National Agricultural Imagery Program	21, 437, 444, 505.5, 506.6
NHEL	non highly erodible land	494, 502
ODB	object data base	506.5
PLC	Price Loss Coverage	16, 349.5



Reports, Forms, Abbreviations, and Redelegations of Authority (Continued)

Abbreviations Not Listed in 1-CM (Continued)

Approved Abbreviation	Term	Reference
PLSS	Public Land Survey System	506.5
PRF	pasture, rangeland, and forage	18, Ex. 6.5
PTPP	Planting Transferability Pilot Program	351, 357
RMPR	risk management purchase requirement	357.6, 357.8, 357.10
RTCP	Reimbursement Transportation Cost Payment Program	321, 357.12
SAP	Systems, Applications, and Products in Data Processing	Ex. 10.5, 11
SOR	State Office System of Records	322
SRA	Standard Reinsurance Agreement	508
TAAF	Trade Adjustment Assistance for Farmers	321, 357.13
W	wetland	353, 494, 495, 499
WAAS	Wide Area Augmentation System	421

Redelegations of Authority

This table lists the redelegation of authority in this handbook.

Redelegation	Reference
<p>In routine cases, COC may redelegate to CED, in writing, the authority to act on, or sign, as applicable, CCC-576, Part C.</p> <p><b>Note:</b> The redelegation:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>must</b> define what COC considers routine</li> <li>• shall be recorded in COC minutes.</li> </ul>	1-NAP (Rev. 2), paragraph 575



## Definitions of Terms Used in This Handbook

### 3 D Differential Location

3 D differential location is when the receiver issuing differential data obtained through DGPS operated by the U.S. Coast Guard or WAAS, such as the system operated by FAA and the receiver is using data on at least 4 satellites.

### Accurate Report of Acreage

An accurate report of acreage is a producer's correct acreage certification of the crop and land use for the farm or farms, critical to program benefits.

**Note:** An inaccurate report is used to determine a discrepancy, not the potential advantage to the producer.

### Acreage Discrepancy

An acreage discrepancy is when a determined crop acreage exceeds or differs from the allotted or reported acreage by more than the allowable tolerance.

### Aerial Compliance

Aerial compliance is a method of determining acreage and updating aerial photography using 35mm slides, digital images, and other approved equipment.

### Aerial Compliance Team

The aerial compliance team is FSA employees involved in aerial compliance flights and camera operations.

### Adequate Water Supply or Source

\*--Adequate water supply or source means there will be a reasonable expectation of having--\* enough water physically and legally available to carry out good irrigation practices on the entire acreage reported as irrigated for the entire growing season regardless of drought. If the producer knows or had reason to know that the water supply or source is not adequate or their water rights will be limited or reduced to an extent that good irrigation practices are not possible or \*--practicable for the entire growing season, then no reasonable expectation exists. It is the--\* producer's responsibility to demonstrate a reasonable expectation of receiving adequate water to carry out good irrigation practices on the entire acreage reported as irrigated for the entire growing season. Producer shall be expected to be prepared to provide documentation of the factors which were considered in reporting the acreage as irrigated.

### Aerial Photographs

Aerial photographs are rectified enlargements made from negatives by APFO. Aerial photographs can be 24- by 24-inches or 17- by 17-inches. Because of the accuracy of the enlarging method, all images on the prints are usable for measurements.

Definitions of Terms Used in This Handbook (Continued)

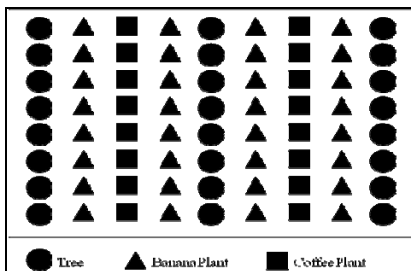
**Alidade**

An alidade is a telescopic surveying instrument, primarily used by professional engineers and technicians, that is mounted on a plane table that can be leveled and rotated clockwise from north to south to measure angles.

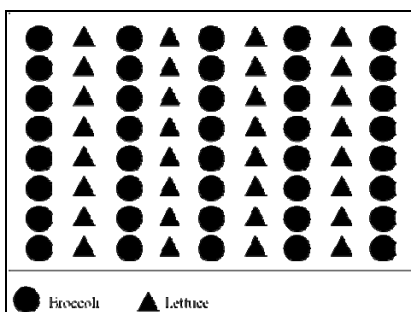
**\*--Alternate**

Alternate is acreage on which multiple crop species are grown together, usually in 1 or more rows each, in the same crop year. The crop species can grow together with 1 or some completing its or their growth cycle before the other(s). The crops may be grown in a manner that permits, but does not require, separate agronomic maintenance or harvest. This practice does not meet the definitions for interplanted, double-cropping, repeat, or strip/skip cropping practices.

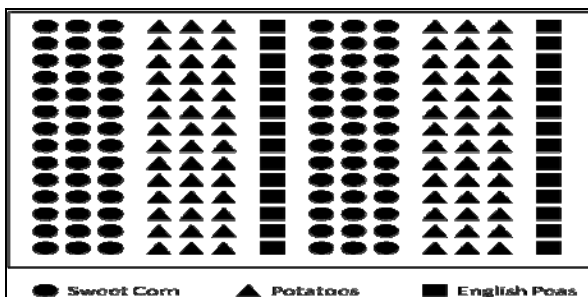
**Example 1:** A row of trees are alternated with a row of banana plants and a row of coffee plants.



**Example 2:** A row of lettuce may be alternated with a row of broccoli.



**Example 3:** Several rows of sweet corn are alternated with several rows of potatoes and 1 row of English peas.



## Definitions of Terms Used in This Handbook (Continued)

### Attribute

Attribute means descriptive data attached to CLU.

### Chain Tape

Chain tape means a metal measuring tape, graduated in chains and links. One chain is equal to 100 links or 66 feet. One link is equal to 7.92 inches.

### Common Land Unit (CLU)

CLU (formerly known as a field) means the smallest unit of land that has a permanent, contiguous boundary, common land cover and land management, common owner, and common producer association.

### Common Land Unit (CLU) Layer

CLU layer means a digital layer made up of a county's CLU's.

### Contact Prints

Contact prints mean 12- by 12-inch prints of aerial photographs overlapping 50 percent from photo-to-photo, going from north to south and from east to west.

### Cover Crop

\*--Cover crop means crops, including grasses, legumes, and forbs, for seasonal cover and other conservation purposes. Cover crops are primarily used for erosion control, soil health improvement, and water quality improvement. The cover crop may be terminated by natural causes, such as frost, or intentionally terminated through chemical application, crimping, rolling, tillage, or cutting.

**Note:** A cover crop managed and terminated according to NRCS Cover Crop Termination Guidelines is **not** considered a crop for crop insurance purposes.--\*

### Coverage

Coverage is the total ground area covered by a slide. The coverage area is about 21 percent larger than target area. This eliminates the need to use the edges of the slide, which may be distorted.

### Crop Reporting Date

The crop reporting date is the latest date the FSA Administrator will allow the farm operator, farm owner, or their agent to submit a crop acreage report for the report to be considered timely.



## Definitions of Terms Used in This Handbook (Continued)

### CRP Acreage Maintenance Inspections

CRP acreage maintenance inspections are inspections made to find out if a producer is continuing to maintain designated acreages according to CRP regulations. Do not confuse this inspection with the regular random inspection.

### \*--Current Year

Current year is the year for which acreages and bases, or other program determinations are established for that program.--\*

### Determined Acreage

Determined acreage means acreage established by a representative of FSA by use of official acreage, digitizing or planimetry areas on the photograph or other photographic image, or computations from scaled dimensions or ground measurements.

### Digital Orthophotography (DOQ)

DOQ is a digital representation (map) of an aerial photograph. Ground and land features are accurately located in their true map positions on DOQ. Distortions caused by differences in terrain relief and aerial camera tilt have been removed. Service Centers will use DOQ's as the base map in GIS.

### Digital Photographs

Digital photographs are digital representations of a aerial photograph.

### Digitizer

A digitizer is a measuring tool that computes areas and lengths by tracing an area and directly entering the results into a computer. Some digitizers have small internal computers.

### Digitizing

Digitizing is encoding map features, such as points, lines, and polygons, as coordinates in a digital form, that is, using the computer to draw lines and points on a digital map. Field Service Agencies will be digitalizing tract/CLU boundaries on top of DOQ is drawing of CLU boundaries.

### Divider

A divider is a compass that can be used with the scale ruler. See subparagraph 420 J for a description of a scale ruler.

### Electronic Distance Measuring Instrument

An electronic distance measuring instrument is a surveying tool used to measure distance and height. The instrument is aimed at an object and measurements are recorded.

## Definitions of Terms Used in This Handbook (Continued)

### Failed Acreage

Failed acreage is acreage that was timely planted with the intent to harvest, but because of disaster related conditions, the crop failed before it could be brought to harvest.

### Farm Inspection

A farm inspection is an inspection by an authorized FSA representative using aerial or ground compliance to determine the extent of producer adherence to program requirements.

### Field

A field is a part of a farm that is separated from the balance of the farm by permanent boundaries, such as:

- fences
- permanent waterways
- woodlands
- croplines in cases where farming practices make it probable that this cropline is not subject to change
- other similar features.

### Final Planting Date

\*--The final planting date is the last date a specific crop can be planted for which a normal yield can be reasonably expected to be produced.--\*

### Focal Length

Focal length is the distance between the camera lens and the film expressed in millimeters or the distance between the projection lens and the slide expressed in inches.

### Geographic Information System (GIS)

GIS is a system that:

- stores, analyzes, and manipulates spatial or geographically referenced data
- computes distances and acres using stored data and calculations.

### Geographic Positioning System (GPS)

GPS is a positioning system using satellites that continuously transmit coded information. The information transmitted from the satellites is interpreted by GPS receivers to precisely identify locations on Earth by measuring distance from the satellites.



**Definitions of Terms Used in This Handbook (Continued)****\*--Good Irrigation Practice**

Good Irrigation Practice means application of adequate water to adequately grow the crop in a reasonable and sufficient manner, at the proper times necessary to produce the irrigated yield expected for the area or individual's established approved yield if applicable.--\*

**Gross Acreage Factor**

The gross acreage factor is a percentage used to convert the permitted acreage or the allotment to the acreage needed to plant the allotted or permitted acreage.

**Ground Compliance**

Ground compliance is an onsite method for determining acreage and updating aerial photography.

**Note:** Ground compliance is done by actually going to the field and measuring the acreage using tapes, measuring wheels, and other equipment that can determine the acreage.

**Ground Measurement**

Ground measurement is the technique of finding the distance between 2 points on the ground using the chain and is expressed in chains and links.

**GPS Units**

A GPS unit is a device that:

- uses satellite positioning to determine points on the earth
- is authorized for all compliance measurement purposes.

**Note:** Measurements obtained from GPS coordinates must be taken according to the specifications in paragraph 421.

**Initial Crop**

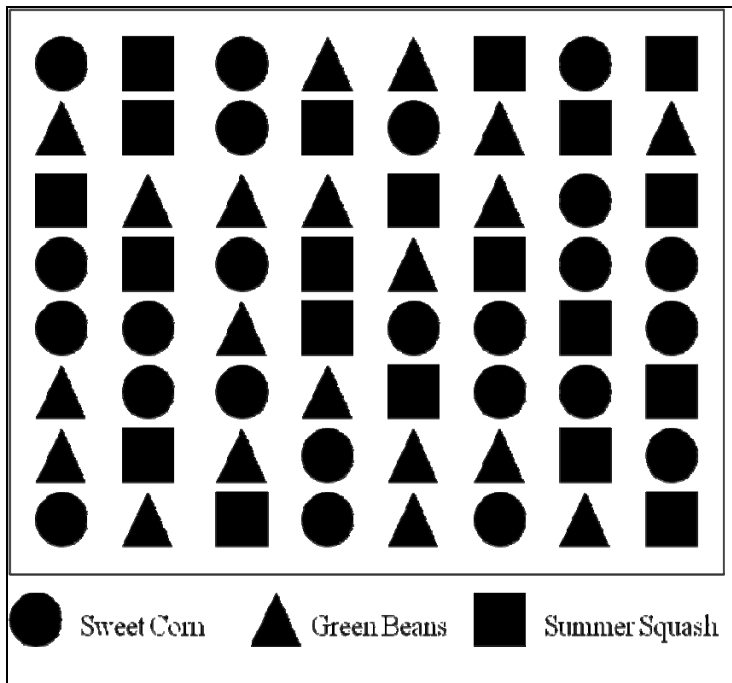
An initial crop is the first crop planted on a field or subdivision during a crop year.

Definitions of Terms Used in This Handbook (Continued)

**\*--Interplanted**

Interplanted is acreage on which multiple crop species are grown together, with no distinct row pattern, in the same crop year.

**Example:** Sweet corn, green beans, and summer squash are interplanted in no particular row pattern.



**Interseeded**

Interseeded is acreage on which 2 or more crop species are sown together or 1 or more crop species are sown into an established stand. This practice most often applies to grasses, grass-like plants, forbs, legumes, or other cover crops sown into a standing crop.--\*

## Definitions of Terms Used in This Handbook (Continued)

### Irrigation

Irrigation means a method of producing a crop by which water is artificially applied in sufficient amounts to grow the applicable crop during the growing season by appropriate systems and at the proper times. Only acreage for which the producer has both the following, to carry out good irrigation practice for the crop, may be considered irrigated acreage:

- adequate irrigation equipment and facilities
- physical and legal control and physical and legal access to an adequate volume of water needed to irrigate a crop in a reasonable and sufficient manner for the entire growing season.

**Important:** Surface water, such as a lake, pond, or natural flowing river, stream, brook or creek may be the source of water for irrigating crops; however, the acreage adjacent to such water shall not be considered irrigated acreage based solely on its proximity to the water.

### Irrigation Equipment and Facilities

Irrigation Equipment and Facilities means the physical resources, other than water, used to regulate the flow of water from a water source to the acreage. This includes, but is not limited to, pumps, valves, sprinkler heads, turn-outs, gates and other water utilization devices.

**Note:** A functioning center pivot irrigation system is considered irrigation equipment and facilities.

### Key County Office

The key County Office is the County Office that provides aerial compliance flight service for itself, other County Offices, or both.

### Late-Filed FSA-578

A late-filed FSA-578 is a report that has not been filed by the reporting date according to paragraph 18.

### \*--Multi-Use Crop

A multi-use crop is 1 crop that is used for multiple purposes.

**Example:** Bananas harvested for both their leaves and fruit is a multi-use crop.--\*



## Definitions of Terms Used in This Handbook (Continued)

### Measurement Service After Planting

Measurement service after planting means determining a crop or designated acreage after planting, but before the farm operator files a report of acreage for the crop.

### Measurement Service Fee

Measurement service fee is a fee set by COC to cover the cost of providing a specific producer service; such as, acreage determinations, bin measurements, and crop appraisals.

### Measurement Service Request

A measurement service request is a request for any farm visit or acreage determination that is not required by procedure. Included are farm visits to:

- determine exact area designated for specific crop land or land use by the owner, operator, or other tenant
- determine quantity of farm-stored commodities
- redetermine measurements of farm-stored production
- make determinations not required to administer a program, such as a crop appraisal.

### Measuring Wheel

A measuring wheel is an instrument composed of a handle, wheel, and counter, and is used to measure ground area. As the wheel is moved along the ground, the counter measures the number of revolutions of the wheel.

### Normal Row Width

Normal row width is the distance between the rows of the crop in the field, but not less than 30 inches for all crops.

### Numonic Planimeter

Numonic Planimeter is equipment used manually in determining acreage through use of 35mm slides projected over aerial photography.

**Definitions of Terms Used in This Handbook (Continued)****Official Acreage**

Official acreage is acreage established by FSA as an accurate measure for an area. This acreage is recorded and maintained on photography.

**Note:** Until CLU is certified, the acreage designated official on the hard copy map will be the official acreage. See paragraph 497 if official acreage changes as a result of new photography.

**Permanent Boundary**

A permanent boundary is a recognized established boundary that is not readily movable, such as:

- property line
- ditch
- road
- fence
- hedgerow.

**Permanent Point or Object**

A permanent point or object is a point that is easy to identify and not easily moved; such as, a boulder, tree, pole, or fence post.

**Pin, Flag, or Stake**

A pin, flag, or stake is an object placed in the ground to mark a point to be used to determine a measurement.

**Photocopy**

A photocopy is a copy of a portion of a rectified aerial photograph or DOQ showing a farm or a group of farms with tract and field boundaries.

**Photograph**

A photograph includes both hard copy aerial photograph and DOQ's. All uses cover both aerial and digital unless specified.

**Polar Planimeter**

A polar planimeter is an instrument moved along boundaries on aerial photography. The instrument readings are used to convert photography measurements to acreages.

**Definitions of Terms Used in This Handbook (Continued)****Population**

Population is the total number of APH's for production reviews.

**Prevented Planting**

Prevented planting is the inability to plant the intended crop acreage with proper equipment \*--by the final planting date for the crop type because of a natural disaster.--\*

**Projector-to-Photograph Distance**

The projector-to-photograph distance is the distance required to obtain proper scale. The minimum distance for proper focus of the slide image is about:

- 7 inches for a 3-inch lens
- 14 inches for a 4-inch lens
- 21 inches for a 5-inch lens
- 28 inches for a 6-inch lens.

**Random Inspection**

A random inspection is an examination of a farm selected by an impartial sample conducted by an authorized FSA representative to check accuracy of producer's certification.

**Repeat Crop**

A repeat crop is numerous plantings of the same crop on the same acreage after the harvesting of the original planting in the same crop year.

**Reported Acreage**

Reported acreage is acreage reported by the farm operator, farm owner, or a properly authorized agent.

**Required Inspection**

A required inspection is an examination by an authorized FSA representative for a farm specifically selected by application of prescribed rules to determine adherence to program requirements or to verify the farm operator's, farm owner's, or farm producer's or agent's report.

**Scale Ruler**

A scale ruler is a calibrated ruler for use with tapes graduated in chains and feet. Scale rulers for chains are graduated in 660 feet (50 parts to inch) and 1,000 feet (75.7 parts to inch).

**Definitions of Terms Used in This Handbook (Continued)****Skip**

Skip is the distance from the center of planted row to the center of planted row.

**Skip Credit**

Skip credit is the distance of the skip minus 2 width of each adjoining planted row.

**Skip-Row or Strip-Crop Planting**

Skip-row or strip-crop planting is a cultural practice in which rows of the crop area are alternated with strips of idle land or another crop in a regular pattern.

**Skip-Row Pattern**

A skip-row pattern is a cultural practice of alternating strips of row crops with idle land.

**Sled-Row Pattern**

A sled-row pattern is a cultural practice of alternating strips of tobacco with idle land. Originally, this idle land was used as a transportation lane for the sled that carried the harvested tobacco.

**Note:** Sled-row pattern could also apply to other crops, such as vine crops.

**Slide**

A slide is a photographic transparency measuring 35mm (1.377.95 inches) long and 23.3mm (0.90945 inches) wide and mounted in a 2- by 2-inch frame.

\* \* \*

**Solid Plant Pattern**

A solid plant pattern is a cultural practice of uniform rows where the distance between row widths does not exceed 40 inches.



## Definitions of Terms Used in This Handbook (Continued)

### Staking and Referencing

Staking and referencing is the determination of acreage before planting, designating, or adjusting by:

- planimetering or digitizing a delineated area on photography or computing the chains and links from ground measurement
- sketching the field or subdivision
- placing markers on the ground and noting the position
- guaranteeing the acreage which is later planted, designated, or adjusted within the staked area
- placing markers on the land to allow a producer to accurately plant, designate, or adjust acreage.

### Standard Deduction

Standard deduction is an acreage allowance determined for the turn area by applying a percent of the area planted to the crop, instead of measuring the turn areas. COC deviations from the standard must be reasonable and justifiable for the crop and area affected.

### Strip-Crop Pattern

A strip-crop pattern is a cultural practice of alternating strips of crops and idle land or other crops.

### Subdivision

A subdivision is a part of a field that is separated from the balance of the field by temporary boundary, such as a cropline that could be easily moved or will likely disappear.

### Subsequent Crop

A subsequent crop is the crop planted after the second crop on the same field or subdivision within a crop year or a second crop that does not meet double-cropping requirements in 1-PF.

### Target

The target is the:

- area on the ground
- subject of the slide.

**Definitions of Terms Used in This Handbook (Continued)****Target Length**

The target length is the dimension of the long side of the target. The target length is always the relationship to the land side (36mm) of the slide.

**Target Width**

The target width is the dimension of the short side of the target. The target width is always in relationship to the short side (24mm) of the slide.

**Temporary Boundary**

A temporary boundary is an easily movable boundary generally recognizable, including croplines and turn areas between fields.

**Temporary, Fixed Point**

A temporary, fixed point is a point that is easy to identify and easily movable. A stake referenced to a permanent point or a permanent point on a permanent boundary is a fixed point.

**Tolerance**

Tolerance is a prescribed amount within which the reported acreage and/or production of a crop may differ from the determined acreage and/or production and still be considered in compliance.

**Turn Area**

Turn area is the area perpendicular to the crop row that is necessary for turning operating equipment. A turn area is also called turn row, headland, or end row.

**Verifying Acreage**

Verifying acreage is any method used to prove the accuracy of the reported acreage and land use and compliance with program requirements.

**\*--Volunteer Crop**

A volunteer crop is a crop that was planted in a previous crop year on the applicable acreage or drifted from other acreage, successfully self-seeded, and is growing this crop year on the applicable acreage without being intentionally sown or managed.--\*

**Zero Acreage**

Zero acreage is when no crop acreage was planted on the farm for the year.

## Menu and Screen Index

The following menus and screens are displayed in this handbook.

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	FSA ACRSI Inquiry Screen	320.12



## **Crop Reporting Dates Before July 1, 2012**

### **A Introduction**

This exhibit lists FSA farm program crop reporting dates established by State.

### **B NAP Acreage Reports**

The final date for reporting any specific crop acreage for NAP eligibility is the earlier of the following:

- the established acreage reporting date in this exhibit
- 15 calendar days before the onset of harvest or grazing of the specific crop acreage being reported
- the established normal harvest date for the end of the coverage period.

\*--The established final reporting date for value loss and controlled environment crops is September 30 for the ensuing crop year.

**Exceptions:** The final reporting date for honey is:

- January 2 of the same crop year

**Example:** January 2, 2011, for the 2011 crop year.

**Note:** The crop year for honey production is the calendar year January 1 through December 31.

- within 30 calendar days of the date colonies of bees are acquired, brought into, or removed from the county.

The final reporting date for nursery is May 31.--\*

Tropical Region provisions apply according to 1-NAP for Hawaii, Puerto Rico, American Samoa, Guam, the U.S. Virgin Islands, and the former Trust Territory of the Pacific Islands (the Commonwealth of Northern Mariana Islands, the Republic of the Marshall Islands, the Federated States of Micronesia, and the Republic of Palau).

**Crop Reporting Dates Before July 1, 2012 (Continued)**

**C List of Crop Reporting Dates Before July 1, 2012**

The following table lists crop reporting dates for farm programs, including NAP, except as provided in subparagraphs B and 18 B.

State	Crop	Date
Alabama	Small grains: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• fall-seeded</li> <li>• spring-seeded</li> </ul>	May 1
	All crops, except small grains and tobacco	July 15
	Tobacco	May 31
Alaska	All crops	June 15
Arizona	Small grains: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• fall-seeded</li> <li>• spring-seeded</li> </ul>	May 15
	All crops, except small grains	July 15
Arkansas	Small grains: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• fall-seeded</li> <li>• spring-seeded</li> </ul>	May 15
	All crops, except small grains	July 15
California	All crops, except small grains  <b>Note:</b> See subparagraph D for small grains.	July 15
Colorado	All crops	July 15
Connecticut	Small grains: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• fall-seeded</li> <li>• spring-seeded</li> </ul>	May 31
	All crops, except small grains	July 15
Delaware	Small grains: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• fall-seeded</li> <li>• spring-seeded</li> </ul>	May 31
	All crops, except small grains	August 5
Florida	Small grains: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• fall-seeded</li> <li>• spring-seeded</li> </ul>	April 15
	All crops, except small grains and tobacco	June 30
	Tobacco	May 31
	Summer-seeded crops	June 30

**\*--Crop Reporting Dates Before July 1, 2012 (Continued)**

**C List of Crop Reporting Dates Before July 1, 2012 (Continued)--\***

<b>State</b>	<b>Crop</b>	<b>Date</b>
Georgia	Small grains: <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• fall-seeded</li><li>• spring-seeded</li></ul>	March 1
	All crops, except small grains and tobacco	July 15
	Tobacco	May 31
Hawaii	All other crops	15 calendar days before the onset of harvest for the specific crop
	Forage	December 16
	Banana, papaya, orchard crops, sugar cane, pineapple, CRP	December 31
Idaho	All crops	June 30
Illinois	See subparagraph E for crops and reporting dates.	
Indiana	See subparagraph F for crops and reporting dates.	
Iowa	All crops	June 30
Kansas	Small grains: <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• fall-seeded</li><li>• spring-seeded</li></ul>	May 31
	All crops, except small grains	August 1
	All crops, except small grains and tobacco	July 15
Kentucky	Small grains: <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• fall-seeded</li><li>• spring-seeded</li></ul>	May 31
	All crops, except small grains and tobacco	July 15
	Tobacco	July 15

**\*--Crop Reporting Dates Before July 1, 2012 (Continued)**

**C List of Crop Reporting Dates Before July 1, 2012 (Continued)--\***

State	Crop	Date
Louisiana	Small grains: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• fall-seeded</li> <li>• spring-seeded</li> </ul>	April 15
	All crops, except small grains	July 15
Maine	All crops	July 15
Maryland	Small grains, except Garrett county: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• fall-seeded</li> <li>• spring-seeded</li> </ul>	June 15
	All crops, except small grains	July 15
	All crops for Garrett county	July 15
Massachusetts	Small grains: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• fall-seeded</li> <li>• spring-seeded</li> </ul>	June 15
	All crops, except small grains	July 15
Michigan	Fall-seeded small grains	June 30
	All crops, except fall-seeded small grains	July 15
Minnesota	All crops	July 15



**\*--Crop Reporting Dates Before July 1, 2012 (Continued)**

**C List of Crop Reporting Dates Before July 1, 2012 (Continued)--\***

<b>State</b>	<b>Crop</b>	<b>Date</b>
Mississippi	Small grains: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• fall-seeded</li> <li>• spring-seeded</li> </ul>	May 1
	All crops, except small grains	<b>Note:</b> See subparagraph G for reporting dates.
Missouri	Small grains: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• fall-seeded</li> <li>• spring-seeded</li> </ul>	June 30
	All crops, except small grains	July 31
Montana	All crops	July 15
Nebraska	Small grains: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• fall-seeded</li> <li>• spring-seeded</li> </ul>	June 30
	All crops, except small grains	July 15

**\*--Crop Reporting Dates Before July 1, 2012 (Continued)**

**C List of Crop Reporting Dates Before July 1, 2012 (Continued)--\***

<b>State</b>	<b>Crop</b>	<b>Date</b>
Nevada	Small grains, Clark and South Nye counties:  <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• fall-seeded</li> <li>• spring-seeded</li> </ul>	April 15
	Small grains, South Lincoln county:  <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• fall-seeded</li> <li>• spring-seeded</li> </ul>	May 31
	Small grains, North Nye, North Lincoln, and all other counties:  <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• fall-seeded</li> <li>• spring-seeded</li> </ul>	June 15
	All crops, except small grains	July 15
New Hampshire	All crops	July 15
New Jersey	Small grains:  <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• fall-seeded</li> <li>• spring-seeded</li> </ul>	May 31
	All crops, except small grains	July 15

**\*--Crop Reporting Dates Before July 1, 2012 (Continued)**

**C List of Crop Reporting Dates Before July 1, 2012 (Continued)--\***

<b>State</b>	<b>Crop</b>	<b>Date</b>
New Mexico	Small grains: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• fall-seeded</li> <li>• spring-seeded</li> </ul>	May 15
	All crops, except small grains	July 15
New York	Small grains: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• fall-seeded</li> <li>• spring-seeded</li> </ul>	June 15
	All crops, except small grains	July 15
North Carolina	Small grains: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• fall-seeded</li> <li>• spring-seeded</li> </ul>	May 15
	All crops, except small grains and burley tobacco	June 30
	Burley tobacco	July 15
North Dakota	All crops	July 15

**\*--Crop Reporting Dates Before July 1, 2012 (Continued)**

**C List of Crop Reporting Dates Before July 1, 2012 (Continued)--\***

<b>State</b>	<b>Crop</b>	<b>Date</b>
Ohio	Small grains	June 30
	All crops, except small grains	July 15
Oklahoma	See subparagraph H for crops and reporting dates.	
Oregon	See subparagraph I for crops and reporting dates.	
Pennsylvania	Small grains: <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• fall-seeded</li><li>• spring-seeded</li></ul>	June 15
	All crops, except small grains	July 15
Puerto Rico	All crops	15 calendar days before the onset of harvest for the specific crop
Rhode Island	Small grains: <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• fall-seeded</li><li>• spring-seeded</li></ul>	May 31
	All crops, except small grains	July 15
South Carolina	Small grains: <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• fall-seeded</li><li>• spring-seeded</li></ul>	May 1
	All crops, except small grains and tobacco	July 15
	Tobacco	May 31

**\*--Crop Reporting Dates Before July 1, 2012 (Continued)**

**C List of Crop Reporting Dates Before July 1, 2012 (Continued)--\***

State	Crop	Date
South Dakota	All crops	July 15
Tennessee	Small grains:	May 15
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• fall-seeded</li> <li>• spring-seeded</li> </ul>	
	All other crops, except small grains and tobacco	July 15
	Tobacco	July 1
Texas	Small grains:	See subparagraph J.
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• fall-seeded</li> <li>• spring-seeded</li> </ul>	
	All crops, except small grains and peanuts	See subparagraph K.
	Peanuts	July 15
Utah	All crops	June 30
Vermont	Small grains:	June 30
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• fall-seeded</li> <li>• spring-seeded</li> </ul>	
	All crops, except small grains	July 15

**\*--Crop Reporting Dates Before July 1, 2012 (Continued)**

**C List of Crop Reporting Dates Before July 1, 2012 (Continued)--\***

<b>State</b>	<b>Crop</b>	<b>Date</b>
Virginia	Small grains: <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• fall-seeded</li><li>• spring-seeded</li></ul>	May 31
	All crops, except small grains, tobacco, grain sorghum, and soybeans	June 30
	Tobacco, grain sorghum, soybeans, hay, pasture, and CRP	July 15
Washington	All crops	June 30
West Virginia	Small grains: <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• fall-seeded</li><li>• spring-seeded</li></ul>	May 31
	All crops, except small grains	July 15
	Maple sap	January 2
	Tobacco	July 15
Wisconsin	All crops	July 15
Wyoming	All crops	See subparagraph L.

**\*--Crop Reporting Dates Before July 1, 2012 (Continued)**

**D Acreage Reporting Dates for Small Grain Crops in California Before July 1, 2012--\***

The following table provides California's acreage reporting dates for small grains.

<b>Crop</b>	<b>County</b>	<b>Practice</b>	<b>Date</b>
Wheat	Imperial	Fall-seeded	March 15
	Lassen, Modoc, Siskiyou, Eastern Shasta	Fall-seeded	December 15
		Spring-seeded	July 15
	All other counties	Fall- and spring-seeded	April 30
Barley	Lassen, Modoc, Siskiyou, Eastern Shasta	Fall-seeded	December 15
		Spring-seeded	July 15
	All other counties	Fall- and spring-seeded	April 30
Oats	Lassen, Modoc, Siskiyou, Eastern Shasta	Spring-seeded	July 15
	All other counties	Fall- and spring-seeded	April 30

**\*--Crop Reporting Dates Before July 1, 2012 (Continued)**

**E Acreage Reporting Dates for Illinois Before July 1, 2012--\***

The following table provides acreage reporting dates for Illinois.

<b>Crop</b>	<b>County</b>			<b>Date</b>
Small grains:  <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• fall-seeded</li> <li>• spring-seeded</li> </ul>	Adams Alexander Bond Calhoun Clark Clay Clinton	Hamilton Hardin Jackson Jasper Jefferson Jersey Johnson	Perry Pike Pope Pulaski Randolph Richland St. Clair	May 31
All crops, except small grains	Crawford Edwards Effingham Fayette Franklin Gallatin Greene	Lawrence Macoupin Madison Marion Massac Monroe Montgomery	Saline Union Wabash Washington Wayne White Williamson	July 15
All crops, including small grains	Boone Brown Bureau Carroll Cass Champaign Christina Coles Cook Cumberland De Kalb De Witt Douglas Du Page Edgar Ford Fulton Grundy Hancock Henderson	Henry Iroquois Jo Daviess Kane Kankakee Kendall Knox Lake La Salle Lee Livingston Logan McDonough McHenry McLean Macon Marshall Mason Menard Mercer	Morgan Moultrie Ogle Peoria Piatt Putnam Rock Island Sangamon Schuyler Scott Shelby Stark Stephenson Tazewell Vermilion Warren Whiteside Will Winnebago Woodford	July 15



**\*--Crop Reporting Dates Before July 1, 2012 (Continued)**

**F Acreage Reporting Dates for Indiana Before July 1, 2012--\***

<b>Crop</b>	<b>County</b>			<b>Date</b>
Small grains:  • fall-seeded • spring-seeded	Bartholomew Brown Clark Clay	Hendricks Jackson Jefferson Jennings	Pike Posey Putnam Ripley	May 31
All crops, except small grains	Crawford Daviess Dearborn/Ohio Decatur Dubois Floyd Franklin Gibson Greene Harrison	Johnson/Marion Knox Lawrence Martin Monroe Morgan Orange Owen Parke Perry	Rush Scott Shelby Spencer Sullivan Switzerland Vanderburgh Vigo Warrick Washington	July 15
All crops, including small grains	Adams Allen Benton Blackford Boone Carroll Cass Clinton De Kalb Delaware Elkhart Fayette Fountain Fulton Grant Hamilton	Hancock Henry Howard Huntington Jasper Jay Kosciusko LaGrange Lake La Porte Madison Marshall Miami Montgomery Newton Noble	Porter Pulaski Randolph St. Joseph Starke Steuben Tippecanoe Tipton Union Vermillion Wabash Warren Wayne Wells White Whitley	July 15

**\*--Crop Reporting Dates Before July 1, 2012 (Continued)**

**G Acreage Reporting Dates for Mississippi Before July 1, 2012--\***

The following table provides acreage reporting dates for Mississippi.

<b>Crop</b>	<b>County</b>			<b>Date</b>
Small grains: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• fall-seeded</li> <li>• spring-seeded</li> </ul>	All counties			May 1
All crops, except small grains	All counties <b>not</b> in the following list			July 15
	Alcorn	Kemper	Sharkey	August 1
	Attala	Lafayette	Sunflower	
	Benton	Leake	Tallahatchie	
	Bolivar	Lee	Tate	
	Calhoun	Leflore	Tippah	
	Carroll	Lowndes	Tishomingo	
	Chickasaw	Madison	Tunica	
	Choctaw	Marshall	Union	
	Clay	Monroe	Washington	
	Coahoma	Montgomery	Warren	
	De Soto	Neshoba	Webster	
	Grenada	Noxubee	Winston	
	Hinds	Oktibbeha	Yalobusha	
	Holmes	Panola	Yazoo	
	Humphreys	Pontotoc		
	Issaquena	Prentiss		
	Itawamba	Quitman		

**\*--Crop Reporting Dates Before July 1, 2012 (Continued)**

**H Acreage Reporting Dates for Oklahoma Before July 1, 2012--\***

The following table provides acreage reporting dates for Oklahoma.

<b>Crop</b>	<b>County</b>	<b>Date</b>
Small grains:	Alfalfa, Beaver, Cimarron, Ellis, Garfield, Grant, Harper, Kay, Major, Noble, Texas, Woods, Woodward	May 31
• fall-seeded	All other counties	May 15
• spring-seeded		
All crops, except small grains	All counties	August 1

**\*--I Acreage Reporting Dates for Oregon Before July 1, 2012--\***

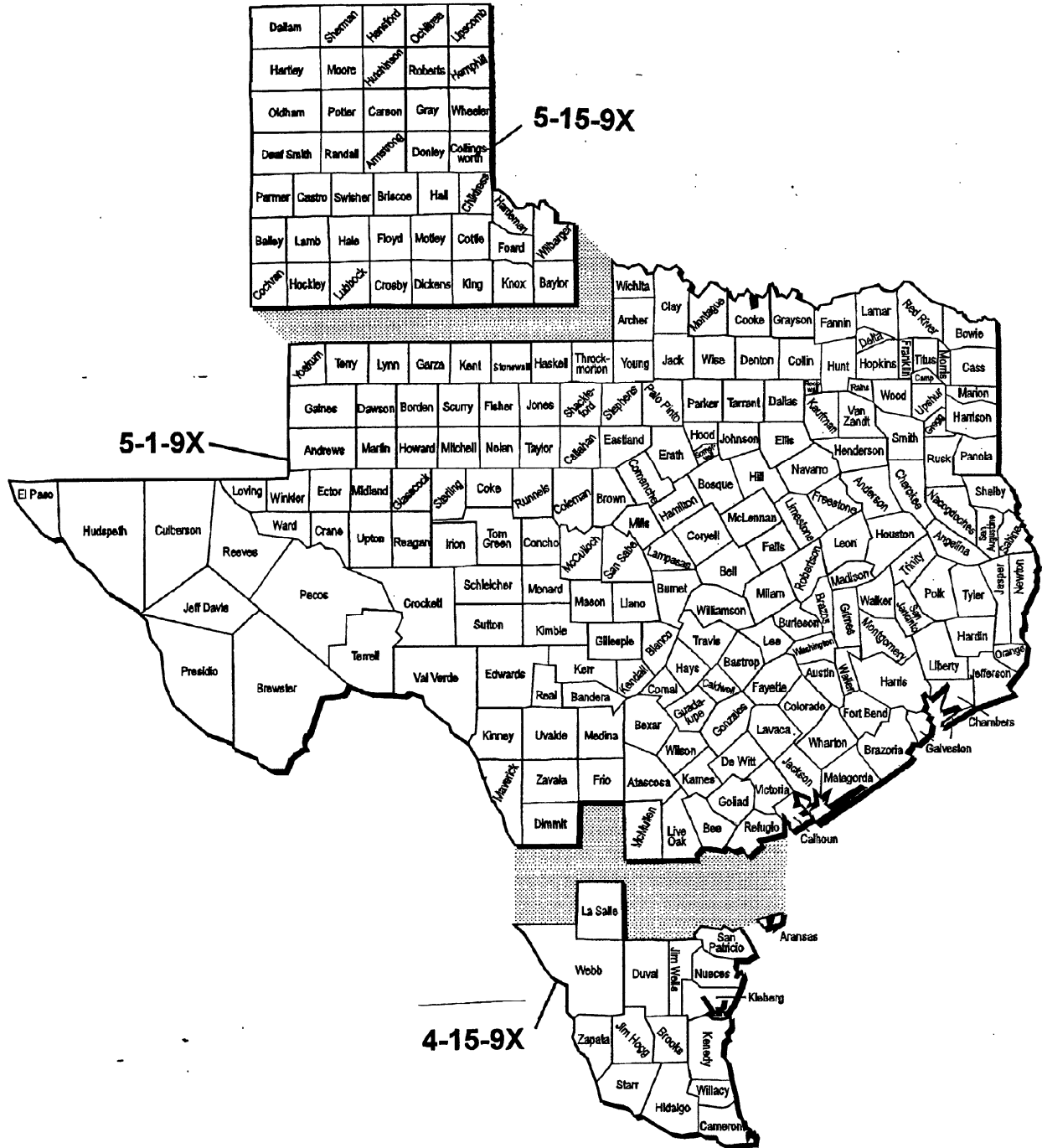
The following table provides acreage reporting dates for Oregon.

<b>Crop</b>	<b>County</b>	<b>Date</b>
All crops	Baker, Grant, Harney, Klamath, Lake, Wallowa	August 15
	Union	July 15
	All other counties	June 30

\*--Crop Reporting Dates Before July 1, 2012 (Continued)

J Acreage Reporting Dates for Small Grain Crops in Texas Before July 1, 2012--\*

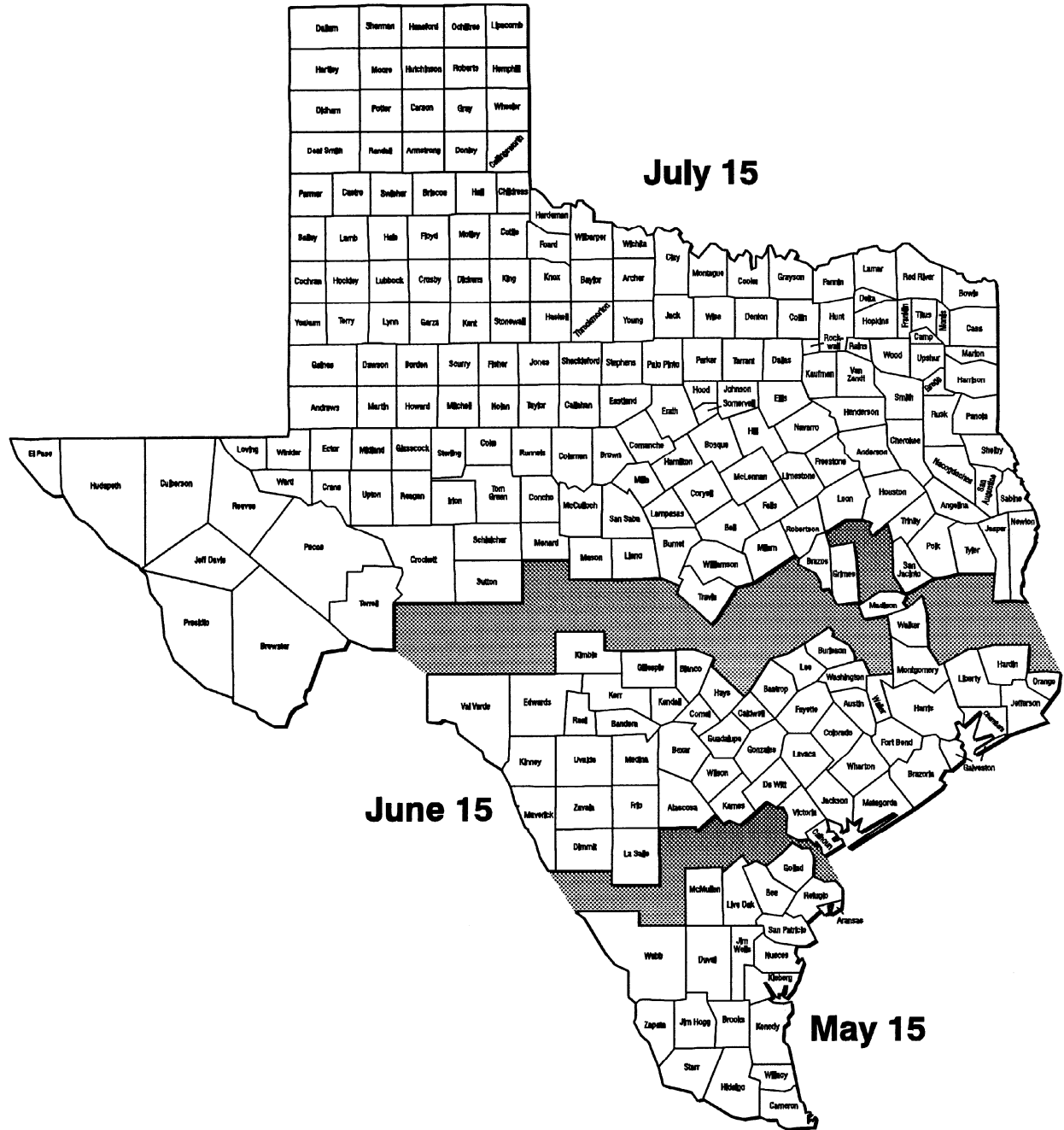
Following is a map of the Texas small grain crops' acreage reporting dates for farm programs.



\*--Crop Reporting Dates Before July 1, 2012 (Continued)

**K Acreage Reporting Dates for Spring-Seeded Crops in Texas Before July 1, 2012--\***

Following is a map of the Texas acreage reporting dates for spring-seeded crops.



**\*--Crop Reporting Dates Before July 1, 2012 (Continued)**

**L Acreage Reporting Dates for Wyoming Before July 1, 2012--\***

The following table provides acreage reporting dates for Wyoming.

<b>Crop</b>	<b>County</b>	<b>Date</b>
All crops	Albany, Big Horn, Campbell, Carbon, Converse, Crook, Fremont, Goshen, Hot Springs, Johnson, Laramie, Lincoln, Natrona, Niobrara, Park, Platte, Sheridan, Sublette, Sweetwater, Teton, Uinta, Washakie, Weston	July 1

**Crop Reporting Dates Beginning July 1, 2012, for 2012 and Subsequent Crop Years**

**A Introduction**

\*--This exhibit lists FSA farm program crop reporting dates. The alignment of crop reporting dates is a cooperative effort among multiple USDA agencies.

See paragraph 18 for acreage reporting dates policy and paragraph 21 for late-filed FSA-578 policy.--\*

\* \* \*

**B List of Crop Reporting Dates Beginning July 1, 2012, for 2012 and Subsequent Crop Years**

\*--The following table lists crop reporting dates for farm programs, including NAP. See paragraphs 18 and 21 for exceptions to acreage reporting dates and/or late-filed FSA-578 provisions, as applicable.

The following table provides crop/commodity reporting dates applicable to all States for applicable program eligibility.

**Note:** This list of ARD's may not be fully inclusive of every crop/commodity ARD applicable to all States.

<b>States</b>	<b>Crop/Commodity</b>	<b>Date</b>
All	Value-loss and controlled environment crops (except Nursery)	September 30
	CRP	July 15

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**Crop Reporting Dates Beginning July 1, 2012, for 2012 and Subsequent Crop Years (Continued)**

**B List of Crop Reporting Dates Beginning July 1, 2012, for 2012 and Subsequent Crop Years (Continued)**

\*--The following tables provide crop/commodity reporting dates shown in sequential order (earliest to latest) for a crop year by State.

<b>State</b>	<b>Crop</b>	<b>Date</b>
Alabama	Apiculture, PRF/Perennial Forage, Onions	November 15
	Blueberries, Canola, Rapeseed, Fall Oats, Peaches, Fall Wheat	January 15
	Pecans, Potatoes (Planted 1/1-3/1)	March 15
	Sweet Corn, Potatoes (Planted 3/2-4/15), Tobacco, Tomatoes	May 15
	all other crops	July 15
Alaska	Perennial Forage, Fall-Seeded Small Grains	December 15
	all other crops	July 15
Arizona	Apiculture, PRF/Perennial Forage, Onions	November 15
	Apples, Grapefruit, Lemons, Oranges, Tangelos, Tangerines	January 15
	Pecans, Pistachios, Potatoes, Small Grains	March 15
	all other crops	July 15
	Grain Sorghum	August 15
Arkansas	Fall-Seeded Small Grains	December 15
	Apples, Grapes, Peaches	January 15
	Tomatoes	May 15
	all other crops	July 15

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**Crop Reporting Dates Beginning July 1, 2012, for 2012 and Subsequent Crop Years (Continued)**

**B List of Crop Reporting Dates Beginning July 1, 2012, for 2012 and Subsequent Crop Years (Continued)**

State	Crop	Date
California	Apiculture, PRF	November 15
	Perennial Forage, Mint, Onions (Imperial County), Potatoes (see map), Fall Wheat	December 15
	Avocados, Blueberries, Grapefruit, Lemons, Oranges, Potatoes (see map), Strawberries * * *, Sugar Beets (Planted 9/1-12/31), Tangelos, Tangerines	January 15
	Fall Alfalfa Seed, Almonds, Apples, Apricots, Fall Barley, Cherries, Figs, Nectarines, Spring Oats (Planted 10/1-2/15), Olives, Peaches, Pears, Pecans, Plums, Potatoes (see map), Prunes, Walnuts, Wheat (Planted 11/1-2/15)	March 15
	Grapes, Spring Oats (Planted 3/1-4/20), Onions (Fresno, Kern, Monterey, San Benito, and San Joaquin Counties), Potatoes (see map)	May 15
	Forage Seeding, Potatoes (see map)	June 15
	Spring Alfalfa Seed, Spring Oats (Planted 4/21-5/31), Onions (all other counties), Potatoes (see map), Sugar Beets (Planted 5/1-6/30), Wheat (Planted 3/6-5/31), all other crops	July 15
	Raisins	July 31
	*--Potatoes (see map), Strawberries (Ventura County)--* (Planted 6/15-8/15)	September 15
	See map in subparagraph D for Potatoes.	
Colorado	Apiculture, PRF/Perennial Forage, Fall-Seeded Small Grains	November 15
	Apples, Grapes, Peaches	January 15
	Onions	June 15
	all other crops	July 15

**Crop Reporting Dates Beginning July 1, 2012, for 2012 and Subsequent Crop Years (Continued)**

**B List of Crop Reporting Dates Beginning July 1, 2012, for 2012 and Subsequent Crop Years (Continued)**

State	Crop	Date
Connecticut	Apples, Peaches, Fall-Seeded Small Grains	January 15
	all other crops	July 15
Delaware	Fall-Seeded Small Grains	December 15
	Peas (Green only), Potatoes	May 15
	*--Beans (Limas only), Cucumbers (Planted 4/20-6/25 in Kent, Sussex, and New Castle Counties), all other crops	July 15
	Beans (all types except Limas – planted 4/20-8/10), Cucumbers (Planted 6/26-8/10 in Kent and Sussex Counties)--*	August 15
Florida	Sweet Corn (see map), Potatoes (see map)	October 15
	Apiculture, Cabbage (Planted 9/12-10/31), PRF/Perennial Forage, Tomatoes (see map)	November 15
	* * *	* * *
	Cabbage (Planted 11/1-12/15), Peppers (see map), Tomatoes (see map)	December 15
	Atemoya, Avocados, Bananas, Blueberries, Caneberries, Caimito, Cherimoya, Sweet Corn (see map), Dasheen, Guava, Jack Fruit, Mango, Papaya, Passion Fruit, Potatoes (see map), Sapodilla, Sapote, Fall-Seeded Small Grains, Tomatoes (see map)	January 15
	Peppers (see map), Tomatoes (see map)	February 15
	Cabbage (Planted 12/16-2/15), Pecans, Peppers (see map), Potatoes (see map), Tomatoes (see map)	March 15
	Sweet Corn (see map), Grapefruit, Lemons, Limes, Oranges, Tangelos, Tangerines, Tangors, Tomatoes (see map)	April 15
	Sweet Corn (see map), Tobacco	May 15
	all other crops	July 15
	Sweet Corn (see map), Peppers (see map), Tomatoes (see map)	September 15
	Peppers (see map), Tomatoes (see map)	October 15
	See maps in subparagraphs E through H for reporting dates for Sweet Corn, Peppers, Potatoes, and Tomatoes.	

**Crop Reporting Dates Beginning July 1, 2012, for 2012 and Subsequent Crop Years (Continued)**

**B List of Crop Reporting Dates Beginning July 1, 2012, for 2012 and Subsequent Crop Years (Continued)**

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State	Crop	Date
Georgia	Apiculture, PRF/Perennial Forage	November 15
	Onions (Planted 9/20-10/20)	December 15
	Apples, Blueberries, Canola, Peaches, Rye, Rapeseed, Fall-Seeded Small Grains	January 15
	Cabbage (Planted 10/1-2/20), Onions (Planted 10/21-2/1), Pecans	March 15
	Sweet Corn (Planted 8/26-5/15), Tobacco, Tomatoes (Planted 8/16-4/5)	May 15
	all other crops	July 15
	Tomatoes (Planted 7/1-8/15)	August 15
	Sweet Corn (Planted 7/15-8/25)	September 15
	Cabbage (Planted 7/16-9/30)	October 15
Hawaii	all other crops	February 15
	Coffee	March 15
	Banana, Papaya	July 15
Idaho	Apiculture, PRF/Perennial Forage	November 15
	Fall Alfalfa Seed, Fall Canola, Fall Mint, Fall-Seeded Small Grains, Lentils, Peas (Austrian, Green, Yellow), Fall Rapeseed	December 15
	Apples, Apricots, Cherries, Grapes, Nectarines, Peaches, Plums	January 15
	Spring Alfalfa Seed, all other crops	July 15

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**Crop Reporting Dates Beginning July 1, 2012, for 2012 and Subsequent Crop Years (Continued)**

**B List of Crop Reporting Dates Beginning July 1, 2012, for 2012 and Subsequent Crop Years (Continued)**

State	Crop	Date
Illinois	*--Fall-Seeded Small Grains, Canola, Perennial Forage--*	December 15
	Apples, Asparagus, Blueberries, Caneberries, Cherries, Grapes, Nectarines, Peaches, Pears, Plums, Strawberries	January 15
	Cucumbers (Planted 5/1-5/31 in Gallatin, Lawrence, and White Counties)	June 15
	Cabbage (Planted 3/15-5/31), Cucumbers (all other counties not listed), all other crops, Perennial Forage *--(year of the seeding)--*	July 15
	Cabbage (Planted 6/1-7/20)	August 15
	Cucumbers (Planted 6/1-8/15 in Gallatin, Lawrence, and White Counties)	September 15
Indiana	*--Fall Mint, Fall-Seeded Small Grains, Canola--*	December 15
	Apples	January 15
	Cucumbers (Planted 5/1-5/31 in Knox County)	June 15
	Cucumbers (Planted 5/10-6/15 in all counties), all other crops	July 15
	Cucumbers (Planted 6/16-8/5 in Fulton, La Porte, Porter, and St. Joseph Counties)	August 15
	Cucumbers (Planted 6/1-8/15 in Knox County)	September 15
Iowa	Perennial Forage, Fall-Seeded Small Grains	December 15
	all other crops	July 15
Kansas	Apiculture, PRF/Perennial Forage	November 15
	Fall-Seeded Small Grains	December 15 <u>1/</u>
	Sesame, all other crops	July 15
<p><b><u>1/</u></b> Crop acreage reported for purposes of enrollment in the Annual Forage Policy shall be reported by the 12/15 ARD if planted from 7/15 to 12/15 for “Growing Season 1,” or by the 7/15 ARD if planted from 12/15 to 7/15 for “Growing Season 2.”</p> <p><b>Example:</b> Eligible crops planted and insured under Annual Forage between 7/15/12 and 12/15/12 have an ARD of 12/15/12 (for Growing Season 1), while eligible crops planted between 12/15/12 and 7/15/2013 have an ARD of 7/15/13 (for Growing Season 2).</p>		
Kentucky	Fall-Seeded Small Grains	December 15
	Canola, Peaches	January 15
	all other crops	July 15

**Crop Reporting Dates Beginning July 1, 2012, for 2012 and Subsequent Crop Years (Continued)**

**B List of Crop Reporting Dates Beginning July 1, 2012, for 2012 and Subsequent Crop Years (Continued)**

State	Crop	Date
Louisiana	Fall-Seeded Small Grains	December 15
	Peaches	January 15
	all other crops	July 15
Maine	Perennial Forage, Fall-Seeded Small Grains	December 15
	Apples, Blueberries	January 15
	all other crops	July 15
	Forage Seeding	August 15
Maryland	PRF	November 15
	Fall Forage Seeding, Perennial Forage, Fall-Seeded Small Grains	December 15
	Apples, Peaches	January 15
	Spring Forage Seeding, Peas (Green only), Potatoes	May 15
	Tomatoes	June 15
	Beans (Limas only), Cucumbers (Planted 4/20-6/25 in Caroline, Dorchester, Kent, and Talbot Counties), all other crops	July 15
	Beans (all types except Limas), Cucumbers (Planted 6/26-8/10 in Caroline, Dorchester, Kent, and Talbot Counties)	August 15
Massachusetts	Clams, Fall-Seeded Small Grains,	November 30
	Apples, Cranberries, Peaches	January 15
	all other crops	July 15
Michigan	*--Perennial Forage, Fall-Seeded Small Grains, Mint--*	November 15
	Apples, Blueberries, Cherries, Grapes, Peaches	January 15
	Beans (Adzuki, Black Turtle, Cranberry, Great Northern, Kidney, Dark Red Kidney, Light Red Kidney, White Kidney, Pinto, Small Red, Small White/Navy, Tebo, Yellow Eye), Cabbage (Planted 3/31-5/31), Cucumbers (Planted 5/10-6/15), Forage Seeding, all other crops	July 15
	Beans (all other types), Cabbage (Planted 6/1-7/20), Cucumbers (Planted 5/15-7/20 in Arenac, Bay, Gladwin, Gratiot, Ionia, Isabella, Mecosta, Midland, Montcalm, Newaygo, Saginaw, Sanilac, and Tuscola Counties), Cucumbers (Planted 5/10-7/31 in Allegan, Muskegon, and Ottawa Counties), Cucumbers (Planted 6/16-8/5 in St. Joseph County)	August 15

**Crop Reporting Dates Beginning July 1, 2012, for 2012 and Subsequent Crop Years (Continued)**

**B List of Crop Reporting Dates Beginning July 1, 2012, for 2012 and Subsequent Crop Years (Continued)**

<b>State</b>	<b>Crop</b>	<b>Date</b>
Minnesota	Apiculture, Perennial Forage, Fall-Seeded Small Grains	November 15
	Apples	January 15
	Beans (Black Turtle, Great Northern, Dark Red Kidney, Light Red Kidney, White Kidney, Lima, Pea, Pink, Pinto, Small White/Navy), Forage Seeding, Grass Seed, all other crops	July 15
	Beans (all other types)	August 15
Mississippi	Fall-Seeded Small Grains	December 15
	*--Blueberries, Grapes, Peaches--*	January 15
	Pecans	March 15
	all other crops	July 15
Missouri	Apiculture, PRF/Perennial Forage	November 15
	Fall-Seeded Small Grains	December 15
	Apples, Grapes, Peaches	January 15
	Spring Oats, Potatoes	May 15
	all other crops	July 15
Montana	Apiculture, PRF/Perennial Forage, Fall-Seeded Small Grains	November 15
	Established Stand Alfalfa Seed, Fall Alfalfa Seed, Cherries	January 15
	Spring Alfalfa Seed, Forage Seeding, all other crops	July 15

**Crop Reporting Dates Beginning July 1, 2012, for 2012 and Subsequent Crop Years (Continued)**

**B List of Crop Reporting Dates Beginning July 1, 2012, for 2012 and Subsequent Crop Years (Continued)**

State	Crop	Date
Nebraska	Apiculture, PRF/Perennial Forage, Fall-Seeded Small Grains	November 15 <u>1/</u>
	Grapes (Lancaster County only)	January 15
	Forage Seeding, all other crops	July 15
<p><b>1/</b> Crop acreage reported for purposes of enrollment in the Annual Forage Policy shall be reported by the 11/15 ARD if planted from 7/15 to 11/15 for “Growing Season 1,” or by the 7/15 ARD if planted from 11/15 to 7/15 for “Growing Season 2.”</p> <p><b>Example:</b> Eligible crops planted and insured under Annual Forage between 7/15/12 and 11/15/12 have an ARD of 11/15/12 (for Growing Season 1), while eligible crops planted between 11/15/12 and 7/15/2013 have an ARD of 7/15/13 (for Growing Season 2).</p>		
Nevada	Apiculture, PRF	November 15
	Fall Forage Seeding, Perennial Forage, Fall-Seeded Small Grains	December 15
	Spring Barley, Spring Forage Seeding, Onions, Spring Wheat	June 15
	Spring Alfalfa Seed, all other crops	July 15
New Hampshire <u>2/</u>	Fall-Seeded Small Grains	November 15
	Apples, Peaches	January 15
	Forage Seeding, Perennial Forage, all other crops	July 15
<p><b>2/</b> Change is effective for 2015 and subsequent years.</p>		
New Jersey	Fall Forage Seeding, Perennial Forage, Fall-Seeded Small Grains	November 15
	*--Apples, Blueberries, Cranberries, Peaches, Strawberries--*	January 15
	Spring Forage Seeding	June 15
	all other crops	July 15
	Beans	August 15
New Mexico	Apiculture, PRF/Perennial Forage	November 15
	Fall-Seeded Small Grains	December 15
	Apples	January 15
	Pistachios, Pecans	March 15
	Spring Barley, Onions, Pecans, Potatoes, Spring Wheat	May 15
	all other crops	July 15
	Beans	August 15

**Crop Reporting Dates Beginning July 1, 2012, for 2012 and Subsequent Crop Years (Continued)**

**B List of Crop Reporting Dates Beginning July 1, 2012, for 2012 and Subsequent Crop Years (Continued)**

State	Crop	Date
New York	Apiculture, Fall Forage Seeding, PRF/Perennial Forage, Fall-Seeded Small Grains	November 15
	Apples, Grapes, Peaches	January 15
	Spring Forage Seeding, Onions	May 15
	Beans (Black Turtle, Cranberry, Dark Red Kidney, Light Red Kidney, White Kidney, Pea, Pinto), all other crops	July 15
	Cabbage, Beans (all other types)	August 15
North Carolina	*--Apiculture, PRF/Perennial Forage, Clary Sage--*	November 15
	Apples, Blueberries, Canola, Grapes, Peaches, Fall-Seeded Small Grains, Rapeseed	January 15
	Beans (Planted 3/25-5/8), Cabbage (Planted 2/2-4/20), Potatoes	May 15
	Beans (Planted 6/26-7/10), all other crops	July 15
	Beans (Planted 7/15-9/5), Cabbage (Planted 7/15-9/5)	September 15
North Dakota	Apiculture, PRF/Perennial Forage, Fall-Seeded Small Grains	November 15 <u>1</u> /
	Forage Seeding, Grass Seed, all other crops	July 15
<p><b><u>1</u></b>/ Crop acreage reported for purposes of enrollment in the Annual Forage Policy shall be reported by the 11/15 ARD if planted from 7/15 to 11/15 for “Growing Season 1,” or by the 7/15 ARD if planted from 11/15 to 7/15 for “Growing Season 2.”</p> <p><b>Example:</b> Eligible crops planted and insured under Annual Forage between 7/15/12 and 11/15/12 have an ARD of 11/15/12 (for Growing Season 1), while eligible crops planted between 11/15/12 and 7/15/2013 have an ARD of 7/15/13 (for Growing Season 2).</p>		
Ohio	Fall-Seeded Small Grains	December 15
	Apples, Grapes	January 15
	Cabbage (Planted 3/19-5/31), all other crops	July 15
	Cabbage (Planted 6/1-7/20)	August 15



**Crop Reporting Dates Beginning July 1, 2012, for 2012 and Subsequent Crop Years (Continued)**

**B List of Crop Reporting Dates Beginning July 1, 2012, for 2012 and Subsequent Crop Years (Continued)**

State	Crop	Date
Oklahoma	Apiculture, PRF/Perennial Forage	November 15
	* * *	* * *
	*--Canola, Peaches, Fall-Seeded Small Grains--*	January 15
	Pecans	March 15
	Spring Oats, Potatoes	May 15
	all other crops	July 15
<p>* * *</p> <p><b>Example:</b> Eligible crops planted and insured under Annual Forage between 7/15/12 and 12/15/12 have an ARD of 12/15/12 (for Growing Season 1), while eligible crops planted between 12/15/12 and 7/15/2013 have an ARD of 7/15/13 (for Growing Season 2).</p>		
Oregon	Apiculture, PRF	November 15
	Fall Alfalfa Seed, Fall Canola, Perennial Forage, Fall Mint, Onions (Planted 8/15-9/15), Fall-Seeded Small Grains	December 15
	Apples, Apricots, Blueberries, Cherries, Cranberries, Grapes, Nectarines, Peaches, Pears, Plums	January 15
	Cabbage (Planted 3/12-4/20)	May 15
	Spring Alfalfa Seed, Cabbage (Planted 4/21-6/10), Onions (Planted 2/15-5/15), all other crops	July 15
	Cabbage (Planted 6/11-8/10)	August 15
Pennsylvania	Apiculture, Fall Forage Seeding, PRF/Perennial Forage, Fall-Seeded Small Grains	November 15
	Apples, Grapes, Peaches, Pears	January 15
	Spring Barley, Spring Forage Seeding, Spring Oats, Rye, Triticale, Spring Wheat	June 15
	all other crops	July 15
	Beans, Cabbage	August 15

**Crop Reporting Dates Beginning July 1, 2012, for 2012 and Subsequent Crop Years (Continued)**

**B List of Crop Reporting Dates Beginning July 1, 2012, for 2012 and Subsequent Crop Years (Continued)**

State	Crop	Date
Puerto Rico	All crops	15 calendar days before the onset of harvest.
Rhode Island	Apples, Cranberries, Grapes, Peaches, Fall-Seeded Small Grains	January 15
	all other crops	July 15
South Carolina	Apiculture, PRF/Perennial Forage	November 15
	Clams	November 30
	*--Apples, Blueberries, Canola, Peaches, Fall-Seeded--* Small Grains	January 15
	Tomatoes (Planted 3/15-4/30)	May 15
	all other crops	July 15
	Tomatoes (Planted 7/1-7/15)	August 15
South Dakota	Apiculture, PRF/Perennial Forage, Fall-Seeded Small Grains	November 15 <u>1/</u>
	Forage Seeding, all other crops	July 15
<p><b><u>1/</u></b> Crop acreage reported for purposes of enrollment in the Annual Forage Policy shall be reported by the 11/15 ARD if planted from 7/15 to 11/15 for “Growing Season 1,” or by the 7/15 ARD if planted from 11/15 to 7/15 for “Growing Season 2.”</p> <p><b>Example:</b> Eligible crops planted and insured under Annual Forage between 7/15/12 and 11/15/12 have an ARD of 11/15/12 (for Growing Season 1), while eligible crops planted between 11/15/12 and 7/15/2013 have an ARD of 7/15/13 (for Growing Season 2).</p>		
Tennessee	Fall-Seeded Small Grains	December 15
	*--Apples, Canola, Peaches--*	January 15
	all other crops	July 15
	Beans	August 15

**Crop Reporting Dates Beginning July 1, 2012, for 2012 and Subsequent Crop Years (Continued)**

**B List of Crop Reporting Dates Beginning July 1, 2012, for 2012 and Subsequent Crop Years (Continued)**

State	Crop	Date	
Texas	Apiculture, Cabbage (Planted 9/1-10/15), PRF/Perennial Forage	November 15	
	Cabbage (Planted 10/16-12/15), Canola, Grapes, Grapefruit, Fall Oats (Planted 8/1-12/15), Fall Barley (see map), Fall Wheat (see map), Onions (Planted 9/15-12/31), Oranges, Peaches, Sugarcane	January 15	
	Fall Barley (see map), Fall Wheat (see map), Rye (see map), Triticale (see map)	*--February 15--*	
	*--Pecans	March 15	
	Spring Barley, Beans (all other types not listed, planted on or before 5/10) <u>1</u> /, Corn (see map), Cotton (see map), Sorghum (see map), Spring Oats, Onions (Planted 1/1-3/31), Potatoes (Planted 12/10-3/31), Sunflowers (see map), Sugarcane--*	May 15	
	Beans (Pinto, Blackeye), Corn (see map), Cotton (see map), Peanuts, Potatoes (Planted 4/1-5/15), Sorghum (see map), Sunflowers (see map), all other crops	July 15	
	Beans (all other types not listed, planted on or before 7/20) <u>2</u> /, Peanuts	August 15	
	Cabbage (Planted 7/15-8/31)	September 15	
	See maps in subparagraphs C and I for reporting dates for Corn, Cotton, Fall Barley, Fall Wheat, Rye, Sorghum, Sunflowers, and Triticale.		
	* * *		
<p><b>Example:</b> Eligible crops planted and insured under Annual Forage between 7/15/12 and 12/15/12 have an ARD of 12/15/12 (for Growing Season 1), while eligible crops planted between 12/15/12 and 7/15/2013 have an ARD of 7/15/13 (for Growing Season 2).</p>			

1/ The May 15 date for reporting processing beans applies to Frio and Uvalde counties only.

2/ The August 15 date for reporting processing beans applies to Bailey, Lamb, and Parmer counties only.

**Crop Reporting Dates Beginning July 1, 2012, for 2012 and Subsequent Crop Years (Continued)**

**B List of Crop Reporting Dates Beginning July 1, 2012, for 2012 and Subsequent Crop Years (Continued)**

State	Crop	Date
Utah	Apiculture, PRF	November 15
	Fall Forage Seeding, Perennial Forage, Fall-Seeded Small Grains	December 15
	Apples, Cherries, Peaches	January 15
	Spring Forage Seeding	June 15
	Alfalfa Seed, all other crops	July 15
Vermont	Fall Forage Seeding, Fall-Seeded Small Grains	November 15
	Apples, Peaches	January 15
	Spring Forage Seeding	May 15
	all other crops	July 15
Virginia	Apiculture, PRF/Perennial Forage	November 15
	Clams	November 30
	*--Apples, Peaches, Fall-Seeded Small Grains, Canela--*	January 15
	Cabbage (Planted 3/16-4/15), Spring Oats, Potatoes, Tomatoes (Planted on or before 5/15)	May 15
	Beans (Planted 3/4-5/25)	June 15
	Beans (Planted 5/26-7/10), Tomatoes (Planted 5/16-7/5), Tomatoes, all other crops	July 15
	Cabbage (Planted 4/16-7/10)	August 15
	Beans (Planted 7/15-9/5)	September 15

**Crop Reporting Dates Beginning July 1, 2012, for 2012 and Subsequent Crop Years (Continued)**

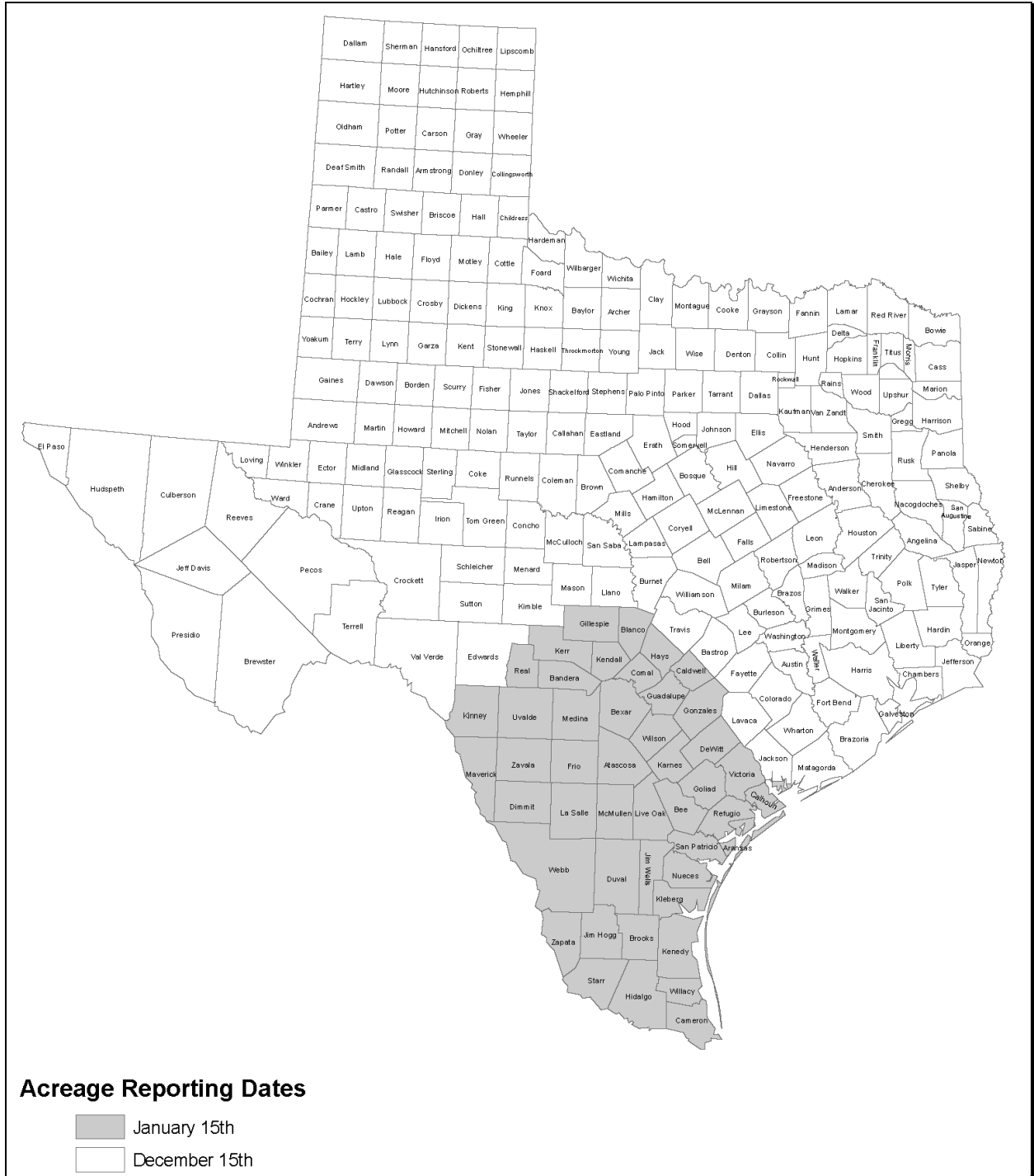
**B List of Crop Reporting Dates Beginning July 1, 2012, for 2012 and Subsequent Crop Years (Continued)**

State	Crop	Date
Washington	*--Perennial Forage	November 15--*
	Fall Alfalfa Seed, Fall Canola, Fall Mint, Onions (Planted 8/15-9/15), Peas (Fall Austrian, Fall Green, Fall Yellow Variety), Fall Lentils, Fall-Seeded Small Grains	December 15
	Apples, Apricots, Blueberries, Cherries, Cranberries, Grapes, Nectarines, Peaches, Pears, Plums	January 15
	Cabbage (Planted 3/1-4/20)	May 15
	Spring Alfalfa Seed, Cabbage (Planted 4/21-6/10), Onions (Planted 3/14-4/20), all other crops	July 15
	Buckwheat, Cabbage (Planted 6/11-8/10)	August 15
West Virginia	Fall-Seeded Small Grains-	December 15
	Apples, Peaches	January 15
	all other crops	July 15
Wisconsin	Perennial Forage, Fall Mint, Fall-Seeded Small Grains, *--PRF--*	November 15
	Apples, Caneberries, Cherries, Cranberries, Currants, Hops, Huckleberries, Pears, Strawberries	January 15
	Beans (Dark Red Kidney, Light Red Kidney), Forage Seeding, all other crops	July 15
	Beans (all other types not listed), Cabbage	August 15
Wyoming	Apiculture, PRF/Perennial Forage, Fall-Seeded Small Grains	November 15
	Established Stand Alfalfa Seed, Fall Alfalfa Seed	January 15
	Spring Alfalfa Seed, Forage Seeding, all other crops	July 15

Crop Reporting Dates Beginning July 1, 2012, for 2012 and Subsequent Crop Years (Continued)

**C ARD's for Fall Barley, Fall Wheat, Rye, and Triticale in Texas for  
\*--2014 Crop Year--\***

Following is a map of the Texas fall barley, rye, triticale, and fall wheat ARD's for farm programs.



Crop Reporting Dates Beginning July 1, 2012, for 2012 and Subsequent Crop Years (Continued)

\*--D Acreage Reporting Dates for California Potato

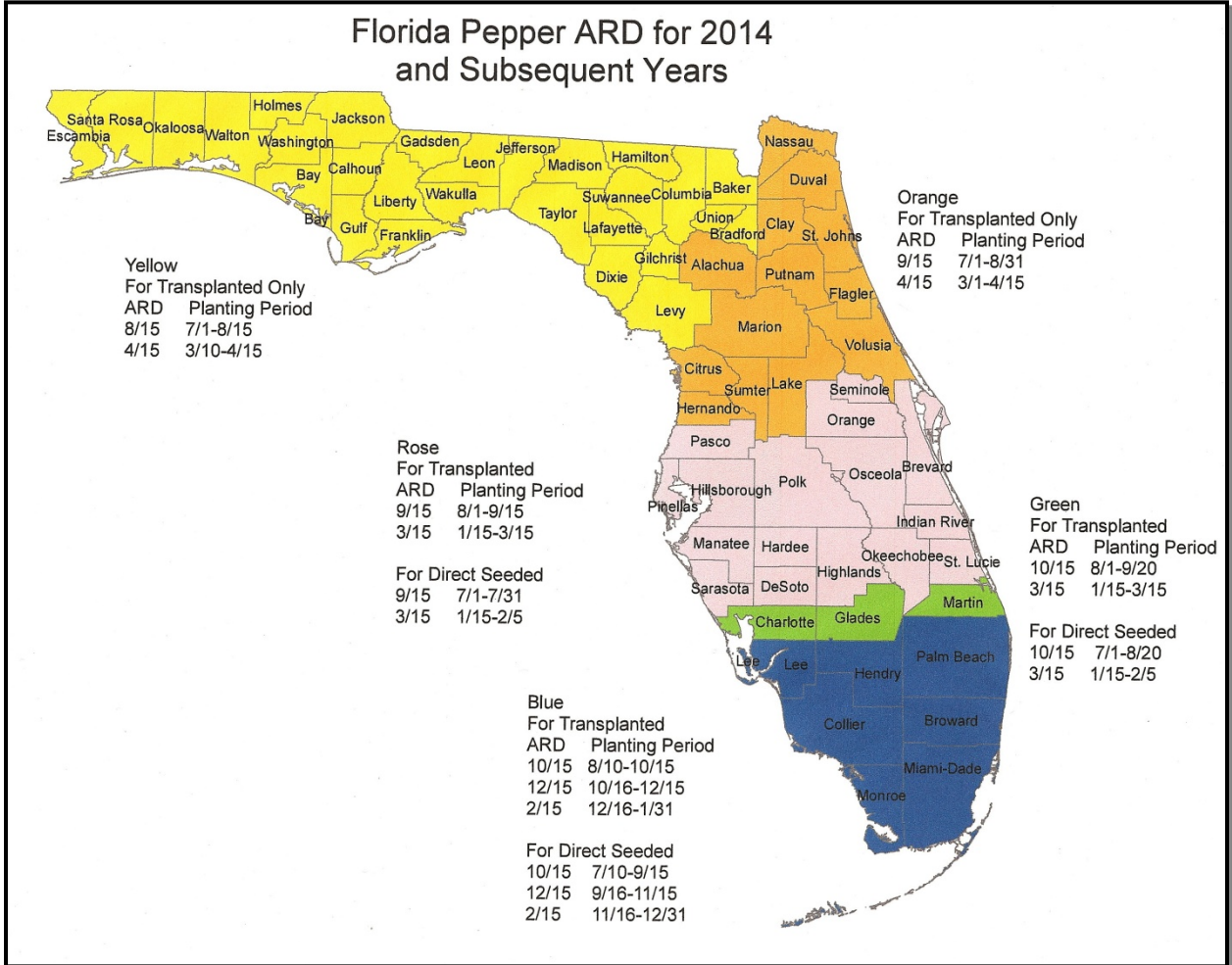
Following is a map of the California potato acreage reporting dates for farm programs.



**Crop Reporting Dates Beginning July 1, 2012, for 2012 and Subsequent Crop Years (Continued)**

**\*--E Acreage Reporting Dates for Florida Pepper**

Following is a map of the Florida pepper acreage reporting dates for farm programs.



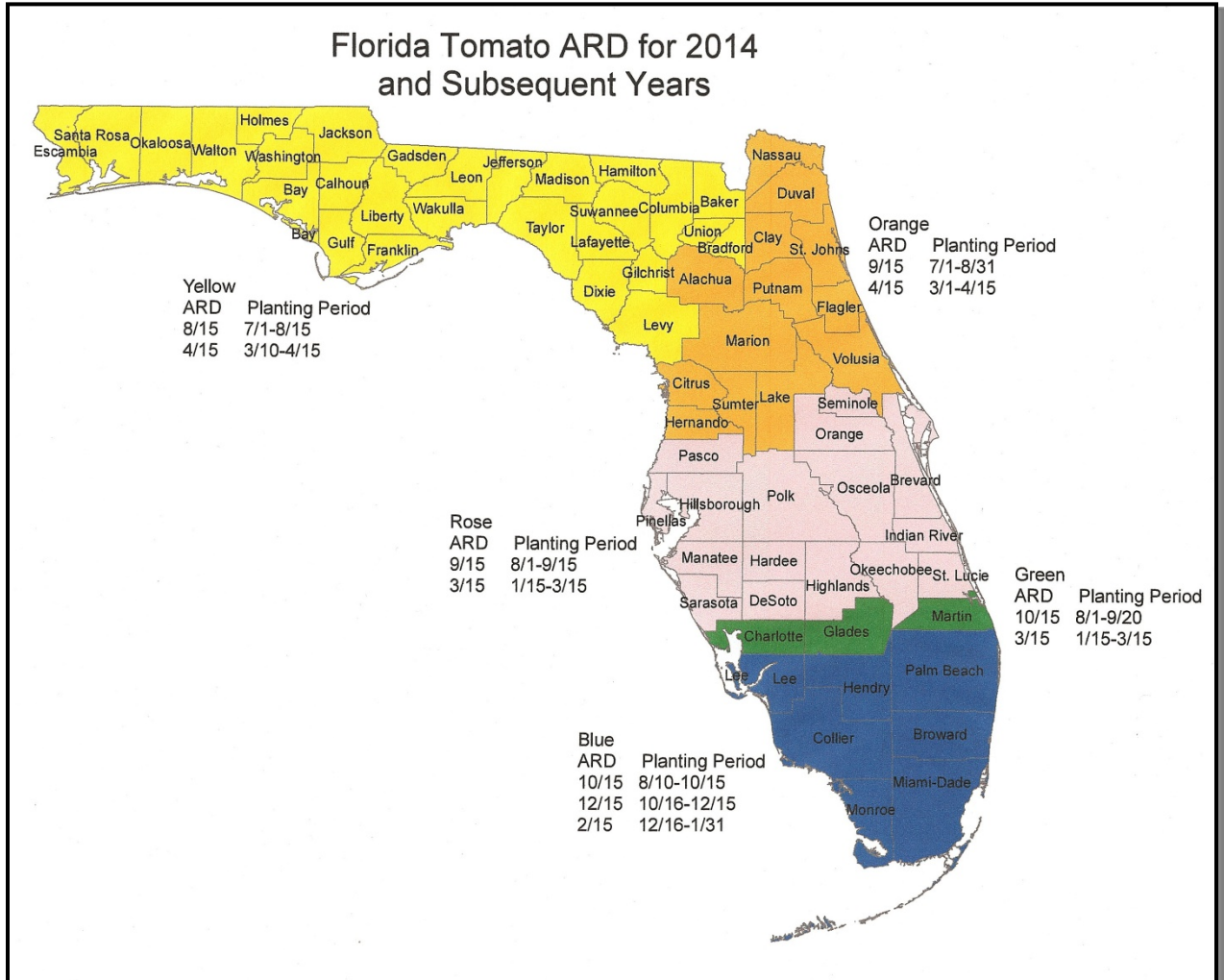
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Crop Reporting Dates Beginning July 1, 2012, for 2012 and Subsequent Crop Years (Continued)

\*--F Acreage Reporting Dates for Florida Tomato

Following is a map of the Florida tomato acreage reporting dates for farm programs.

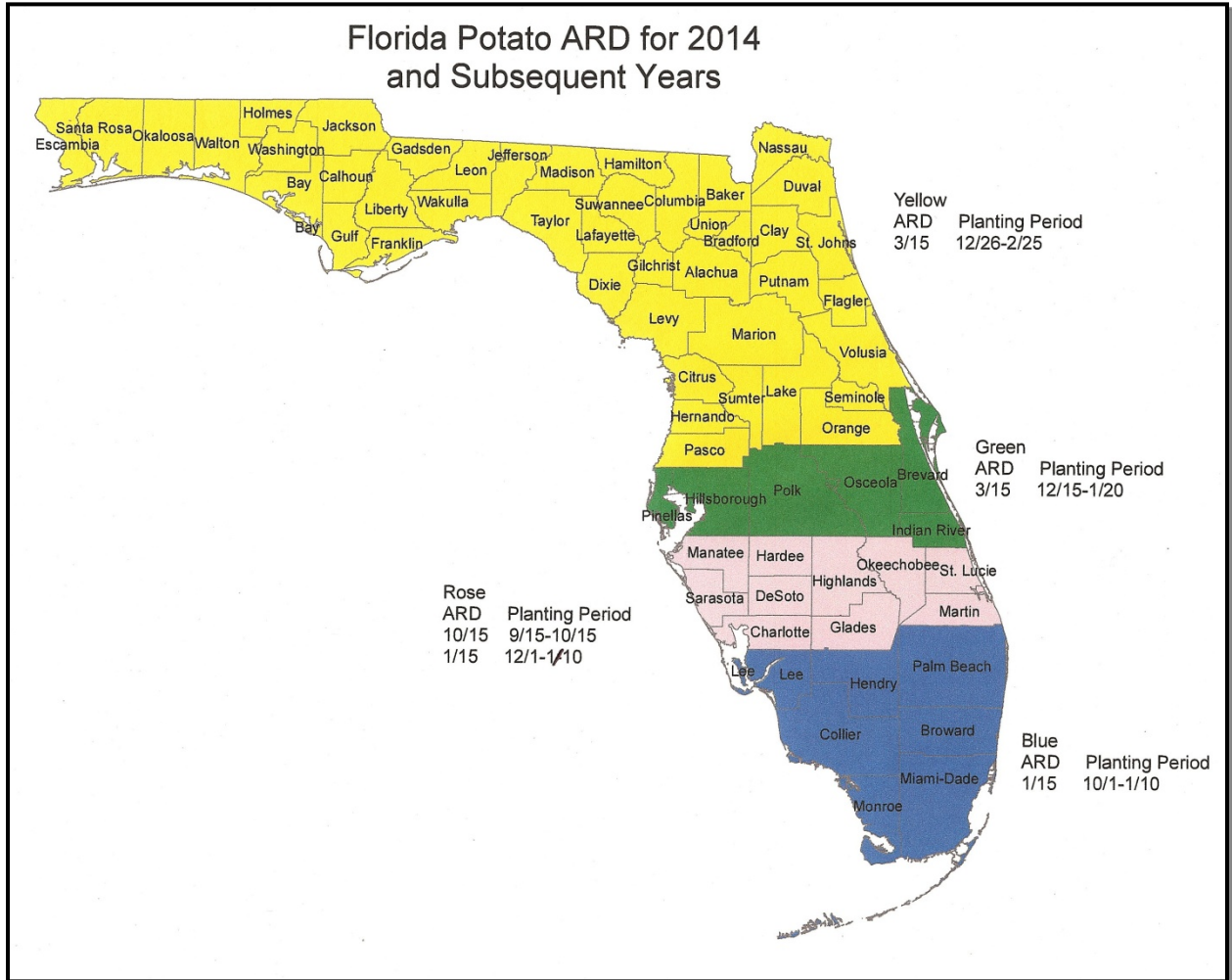


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Crop Reporting Dates Beginning July 1, 2012, for 2012 and Subsequent Crop Years (Continued)

\*--G Acreage Reporting Dates for Florida Potato

Following is a map of the Florida potato acreage reporting dates for farm programs.

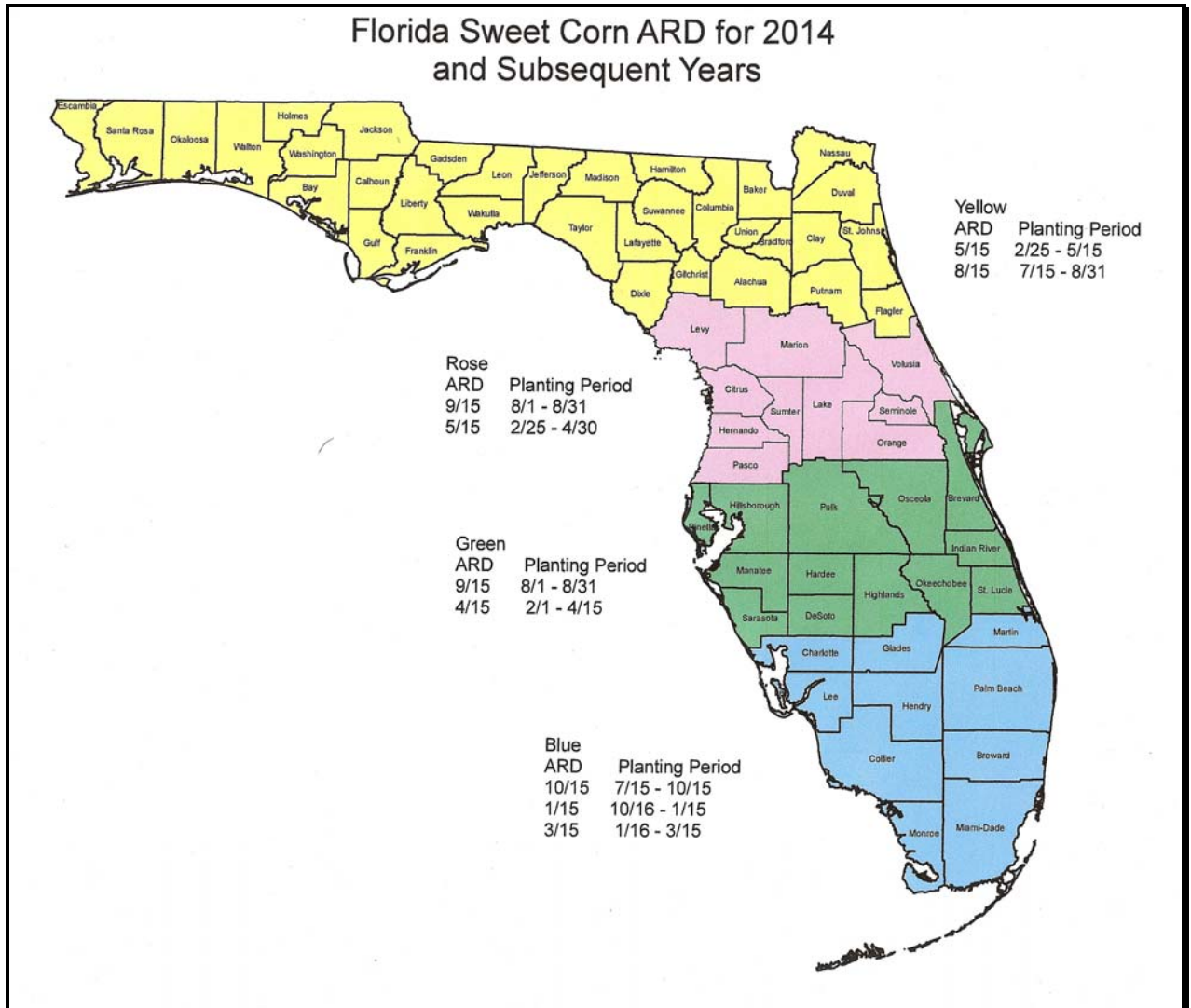


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Crop Reporting Dates Beginning July 1, 2012, for 2012 and Subsequent Crop Years (Continued)

\*--H Acreage Reporting Dates for Florida Sweet Corn

Following is a map of the Florida sweet corn acreage reporting dates for farm programs.



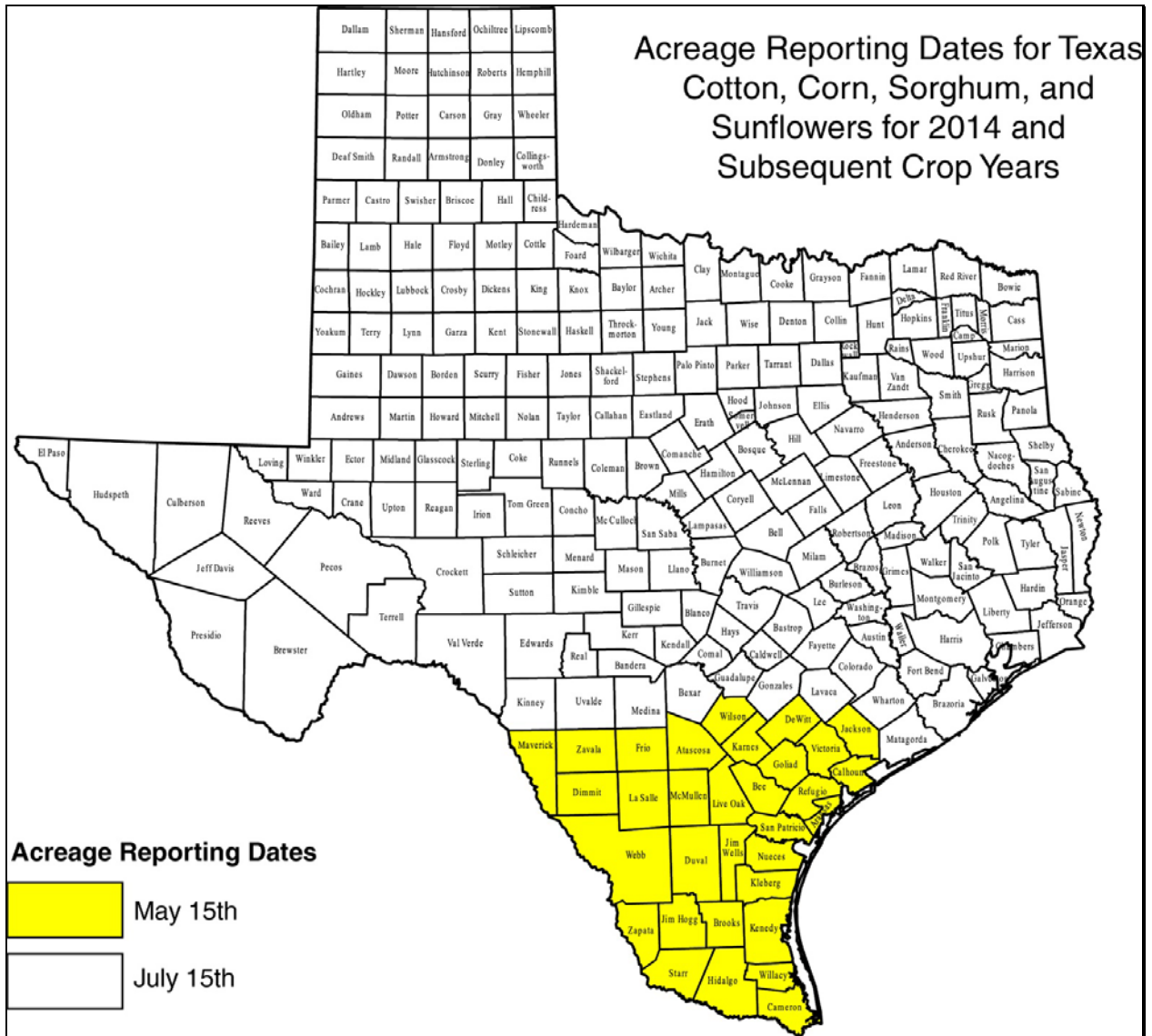
--\*

Crop Reporting Dates Beginning July 1, 2012, for 2012 and Subsequent Crop Years (Continued)

I Acreage Reporting Dates for Corn, Cotton, Sorghum, and Sunflowers

Following is a map of the Texas corn, cotton, sorghum, and sunflowers acreage reporting dates for farm programs.

\*--

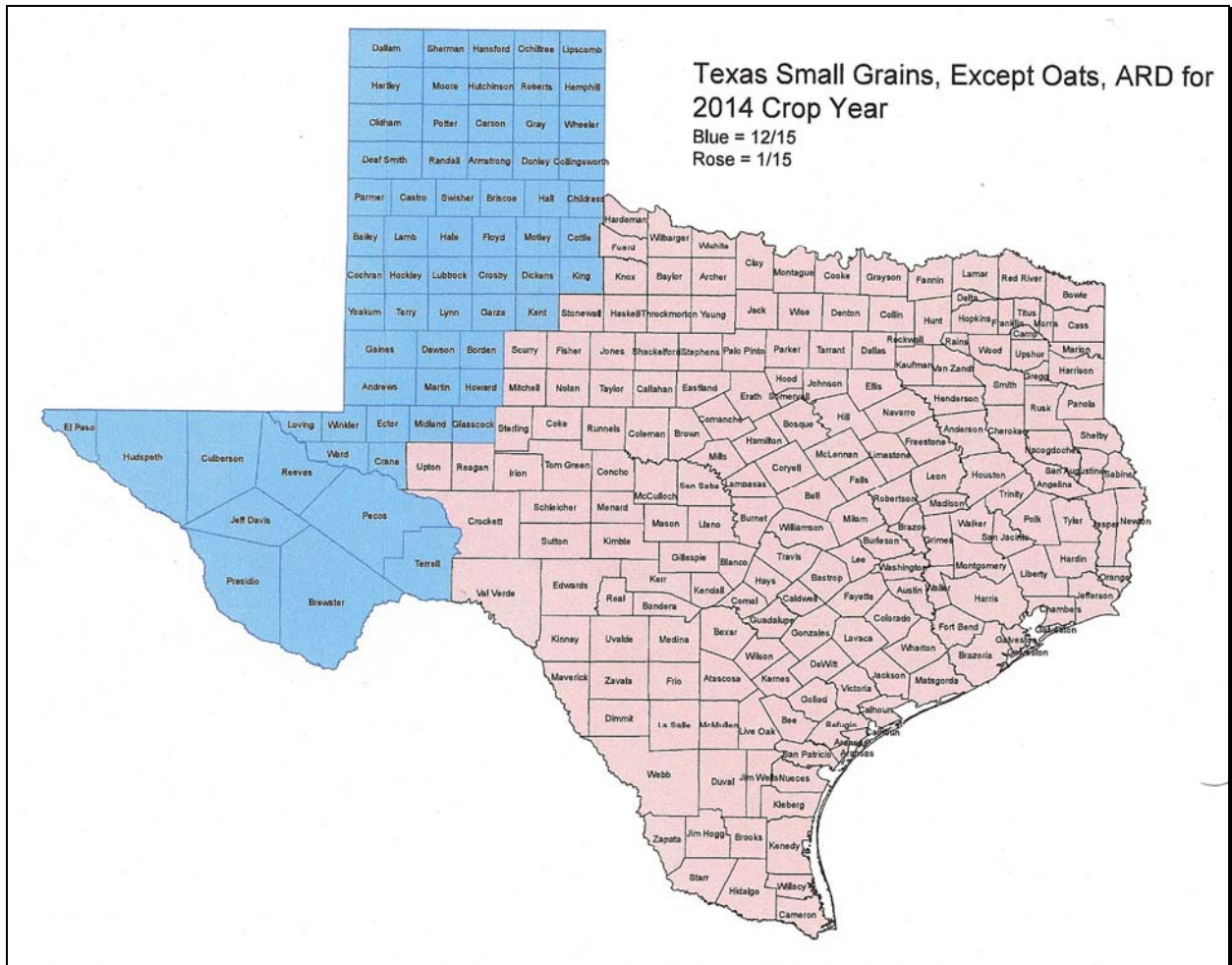


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Crop Reporting Dates Beginning July 1, 2012, for 2012 and Subsequent Crop Years (Continued)

\*--J ARD's for Texas Small Grains, Except Oats for 2014 Crop Year

Following is a map of the Texas small grains, except oats ARD's for the 2014 crop year for farm programs.



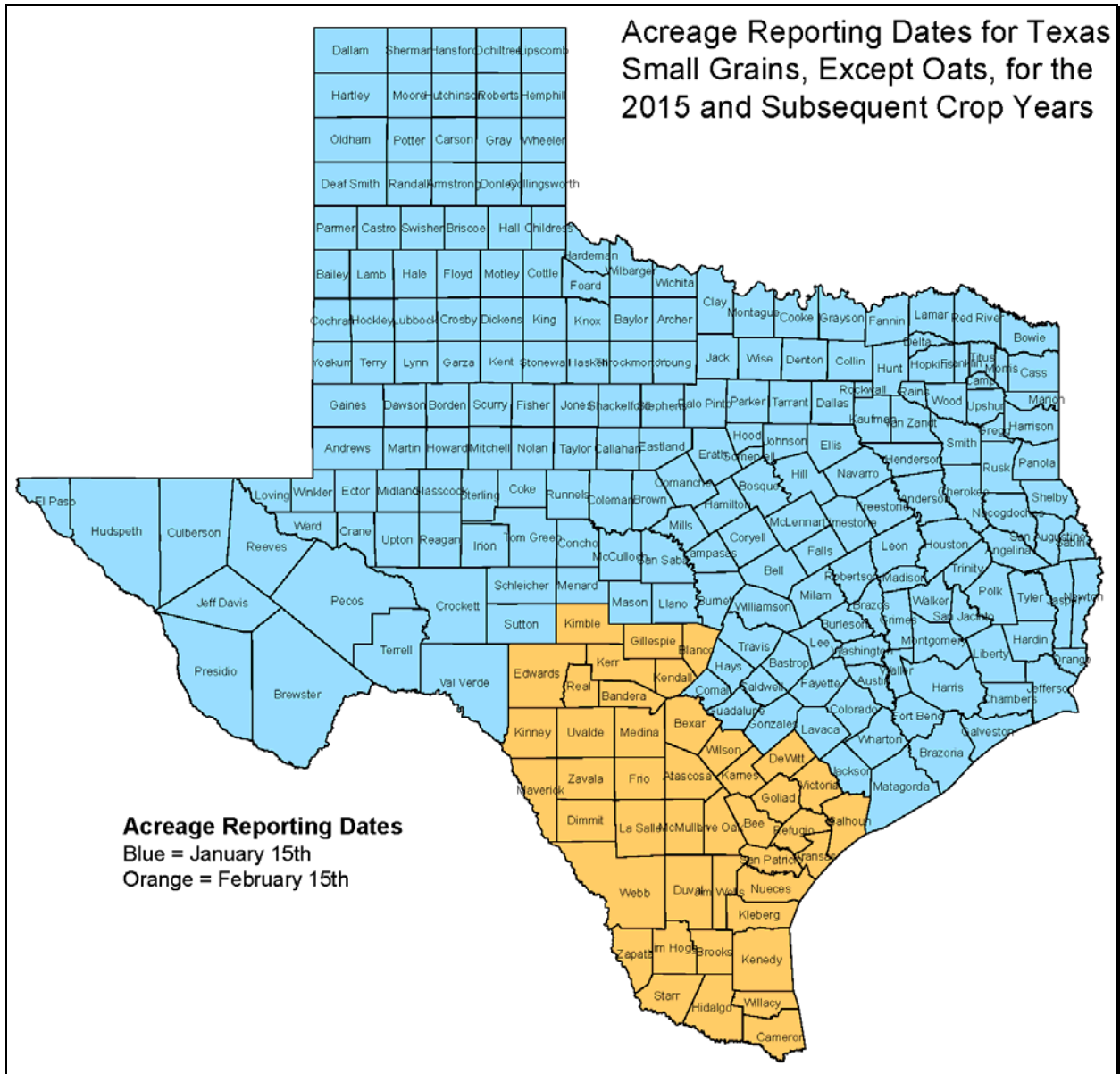
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Crop Reporting Dates Beginning July 1, 2012, for 2012 and Subsequent Crop Years (Continued)

**K ARD's for Texas Small Grains, Except Oats for 2015 and Subsequent Crop Years**

Following is a map of the Texas small grains, except oats ARD's for 2015 and subsequent crop years for farm programs.

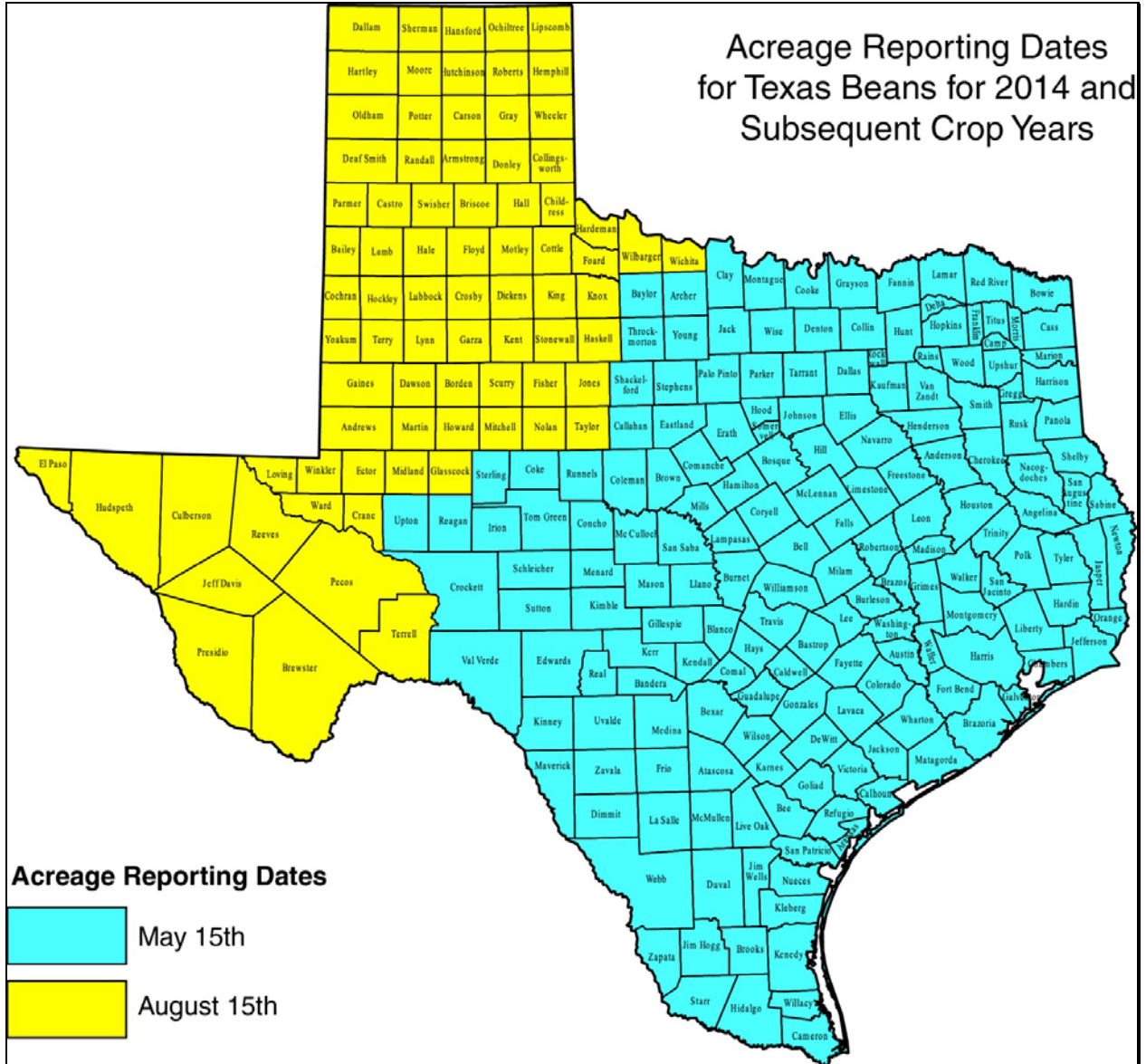
\*--



Crop Reporting Dates Beginning July 1, 2012, for 2012 and Subsequent Crop Years (Continued)

\*--L Acreage Reporting Dates for Texas Beans for 2014 and Subsequent Crop Years

Following is a map of the Texas beans for 2014 and subsequent crop years for farm programs.



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**Request for Change in Crop/Commodity Final Reporting Date**

\*--

U.S. Department of Agriculture Farm Service Agency					
Request for Change in Crop/Commodity Final Reporting Date					
1. FSA State Office Point-of-Contact:  Telephone No.: (     ) E-mail Address:			2. FAX or E-mail Request to:  FAX Information: USDA, FSA, PECD, CPB, CPS ATTN: Clay Lagasse FAX No. (202) 720-4941  E-mail Address: <b>clay.lagasse@wdc.usda.gov</b>		
Crop/Commodity Name(s)	Crop/Commodity Type(s)	Current Reporting Date(s) in 2-CP, Exhibit 6.5	Current Crop Insurance Reporting Date(s)	Proposed Reporting Date(s)	Proposed Reporting Date Applicable to What Crop Year(s)? (For example: 2014 and subsequent.)

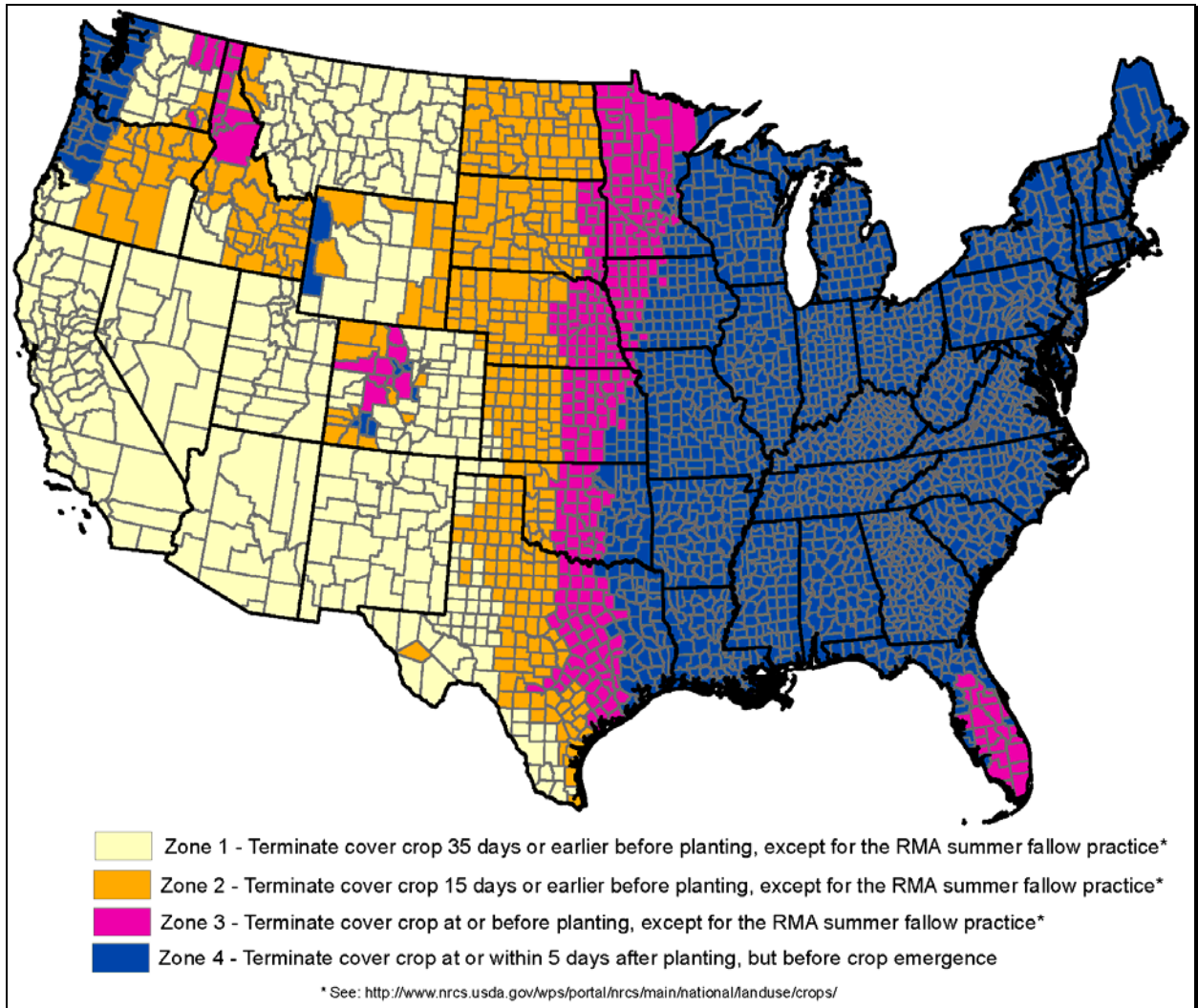
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\*--Cover Crop Termination Zones

A Cover Crop Termination Zone Map

The following provides a map of cover crop termination zones.



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\*--Cover Crop Termination Zones (Continued)

**B County List**

The following table provides the list of termination zones numerically by FIPS County Code.

<b>FIPS State Code</b>	<b>State Name</b>	<b>FIPS County Code</b>	<b>County Name</b>	<b>Management Zone</b>
01	Alabama	01001	Autauga	4
		01003	Baldwin	4
		01005	Barbour	4
		01007	Bibb	4
		01009	Blount	4
		01011	Bullock	4
		01013	Butler	4
		01015	Calhoun	4
		01017	Chambers	4
		01019	Cherokee	4
		01021	Chilton	4
		01023	Choctaw	4
		01025	Clarke	4
		01027	Clay	4
		01029	Cleburne	4
		01031	Coffee	4
		01033	Colbert	4
		01035	Conecuh	4
		01037	Coosa	4
		01039	Covington	4
		01041	Crenshaw	4
		01043	Cullman	4
		01045	Dale	4
		01047	Dallas	4
		01049	DeKalb	4
		01051	Elmore	4
		01053	Escambia	4
		01055	Etowah	4
		01057	Fayette	4
		01059	Franklin	4
01061	Geneva	4		
01063	Greene	4		
01065	Hale	4		
01067	Henry	4		
01069	Houston	4		

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\*--Cover Crop Termination Zones (Continued)

B County List (Continued)

FIPS State Code	State Name	FIPS County Code	County Name	Management Zone
01 (Continued)	Alabama	01071	Jackson	4
		01073	Jefferson	4
		01075	Lamar	4
		01077	Lauderdale	4
		01079	Lawrence	4
		01081	Lee	4
		01083	Limestone	4
		01085	Lowndes	4
		01087	Macon	4
		01089	Madison	4
		01091	Marengo	4
		01093	Marion	4
		01095	Marshall	4
		01097	Mobile	4
		01099	Monroe	4
		01101	Montgomery	4
		01103	Morgan	4
		01105	Perry	4
		01107	Pickens	4
		01109	Pike	4
		01111	Randolph	4
		01113	Russell	4
		01115	St. Clair	4
		01117	Shelby	4
		01119	Sumter	4
		01121	Talladega	4
		01123	Tallapoosa	4
		01125	Tuscaloosa	4
		01127	Walker	4
		01129	Washington	4
01131	Wilcox	4		
01133	Winston	4		
04	Arizona	04001	Apache	1
		04003	Cochise	1
		04005	Coconino	1
		04007	Gila	1
		04009	Graham	1
		04011	Greenlee	1

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\*--Cover Crop Termination Zones (Continued)

B County List (Continued)

FIPS State Code	State Name	FIPS County Code	County Name	Management Zone
04 (Continued)	Arizona	04012	La Paz	1
		04013	Maricopa	1
		04015	Mohave	1
		04017	Navajo	1
		04019	Pima	1
		04021	Pinal	1
		04023	Santa Cruz	1
		04025	Yavapai	1
		04027	Yuma	1
05	Arkansas	05001	Arkansas	4
		05003	Ashley	4
		05005	Baxter	4
		05007	Benton	4
		05009	Boone	4
		05011	Bradley	4
		05013	Calhoun	4
		05015	Carroll	4
		05017	Chicot	4
		05019	Clark	4
		05021	Clay	4
		05023	Cleburne	4
		05025	Cleveland	4
		05027	Columbia	4
		05029	Conway	4
		05031	Craighead	4
		05033	Crawford	4
		05035	Crittenden	4
		05037	Cross	4
		05039	Dallas	4
		05041	Desha	4
		05043	Drew	4
		05045	Faulkner	4
		05047	Franklin	4
05049	Fulton	4		
05051	Garland	4		
05053	Grant	4		
05055	Greene	4		

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\*--Cover Crop Termination Zones (Continued)

**B County List (Continued)**

FIPS State Code	State Name	FIPS County Code	County Name	Management Zone
05 (Continued)	Arkansas	05057	Hempstead	4
		05059	Hot Spring	4
		05061	Howard	4
		05063	Independence	4
		05065	Izard	4
		05067	Jackson	4
		05069	Jefferson	4
		05071	Johnson	4
		05073	Lafayette	4
		05075	Lawrence	4
		05077	Lee	4
		05079	Lincoln	4
		05081	Little River	4
		05083	Logan	4
		05085	Lonoke	4
		05087	Madison	4
		05089	Marion	4
		05091	Miller	4
		05093	Mississippi	4
		05095	Monroe	4
		05097	Montgomery	4
		05099	Nevada	4
		05101	Newton	4
		05103	Ouachita	4
		05105	Perry	4
		05107	Phillips	4
		05109	Pike	4
		05111	Poinsett	4
		05113	Polk	4
		05115	Pope	4
05117	Prairie	4		
05119	Pulaski	4		
05121	Randolph	4		
05123	St. Francis	4		
05125	Saline	4		
05127	Scott	4		

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\*--Cover Crop Termination Zones (Continued)

B County List (Continued)

FIPS State Code	State Name	FIPS County Code	County Name	Management Zone
05 (Continued)	Arkansas	05129	Searcy	4
		05131	Sebastian	4
		05133	Sevier	4
		05135	Sharp	4
		05137	Stone	4
		05139	Union	4
		05141	Van Buren	4
		05143	Washington	4
		05145	White	4
		05147	Woodruff	4
		05149	Yell	4
06	California	06001	Alameda	1
		06003	Alpine	1
		06005	Amador	1
		06007	Butte	1
		06009	Calaveras	1
		06011	Colusa	1
		06013	Contra Costa	1
		06015	Del Norte	1
		06017	El Dorado	1
		06019	Fresno	1
		06021	Glenn	1
		06023	Humboldt	1
		06025	Imperial	1
		06027	Inyo	1
		06029	Kern	1
		06031	Kings	1
		06033	Lake	1
		06035	Lassen	1
		06037	Los Angeles	1
		06039	Madera	1
		06041	Marin	1
		06043	Mariposa	1
		06045	Mendocino	1
		06047	Merced	1
06049	Modoc	1		
06051	Mono	1		
06053	Monterey	1		

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\*--Cover Crop Termination Zones (Continued)

B County List (Continued)

FIPS State Code	State Name	FIPS County Code	County Name	Management Zone
06 (Continued)	California	06055	Napa	1
		06057	Nevada	1
		06059	Orange	1
		06061	Placer	1
		06063	Plumas	1
		06065	Riverside	1
		06067	Sacramento	1
		06069	San Benito	1
		06071	San Bernardino	1
		06073	San Diego	1
		06075	San Francisco	1
		06077	San Joaquin	1
		06079	San Luis Obispo	1
		06081	San Mateo	1
		06083	Santa Barbara	1
		06085	Santa Clara	1
		06087	Santa Cruz	1
		06089	Shasta	1
		06091	Sierra	1
		06093	Siskiyou	1
		06095	Solano	1
		06097	Sonoma	1
		06099	Stanislaus	1
		06101	Sutter	1
		06103	Tehama	1
		06105	Trinity	1
06107	Tulare	1		
06109	Tuolumne	1		
06111	Ventura	1		
06113	Yolo	1		
06115	Yuba	1		
08	Colorado	08001	Adams	1
		08003	Alamosa	1
		08005	Arapahoe	1
		08007	Archuleta	2
		08009	Baca	1
		08011	Bent	1
		08013	Boulder	1

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\*--Cover Crop Termination Zones (Continued)

B County List (Continued)

FIPS State Code	State Name	FIPS County Code	County Name	Management Zone
08 (Continued)	Colorado	08014	Broomfield	1
		08015	Chaffee	2
		08017	Cheyenne	1
		08019	Clear Creek	4
		08021	Conejos	1
		08023	Costilla	1
		08025	Crowley	1
		08027	Custer	2
		08029	Delta	1
		08031	Denver	2
		08033	Dolores	2
		08035	Douglas	2
		08037	Eagle	3
		08039	Elbert	1
		08041	El Paso	1
		08043	Fremont	1
		08045	Garfield	3
		08047	Gilpin	4
		08049	Grand	3
		08051	Gunnison	3
		08053	Hinsdale	4
		08055	Huerfano	1
		08057	Jackson	3
		08059	Jefferson	1
		08061	Kiowa	1
		08063	Kit Carson	1
		08065	Lake	3
		08067	La Plata	2
		08069	Larimer	1
		08071	Las Animas	1
		08073	Lincoln	1
		08075	Logan	1
		08077	Mesa	1
08079	Mineral	4		
08081	Moffat	2		
08083	Montezuma	2		
08085	Montrose	1		
08087	Morgan	1		

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\*--Cover Crop Termination Zones (Continued)

B County List (Continued)

FIPS State Code	State Name	FIPS County Code	County Name	Management Zone
08 (Continued)	Colorado	08089	Otero	1
		08091	Ouray	2
		08093	Park	3
		08095	Phillips	2
		08097	Pitkin	3
		08099	Prowers	1
		08101	Pueblo	1
		08103	Rio Blanco	2
		08105	Rio Grande	1
		08107	Routt	2
		08109	Saguache	1
		08111	San Juan	4
		08113	San Miguel	2
		08115	Sedgwick	2
		08117	Summit	4
		08119	Teller	4
		08121	Washington	1
08123	Weld	1		
08125	Yuma	1		
09	Connecticut	09001	Fairfield	4
		09003	Hartford	4
		09005	Litchfield	4
		09007	Middlesex	4
		09009	New Haven	4
		09011	New London	4
		09013	Tolland	4
		09015	Windham	4
10	Delaware	10001	Kent	4
		10003	New Castle	4
		10005	Sussex	4
11	District of Columbia	11001	District of Columbia	4
12	Florida	12001	Alachua	4
		12003	Baker	4
		12005	Bay	4
		12007	Bradford	4
		12009	Brevard	3
		12011	Broward	3

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\*--Cover Crop Termination Zones (Continued)

B County List (Continued)

FIPS State Code	State Name	FIPS County Code	County Name	Management Zone
12 (Continued)	Florida	12013	Calhoun	4
		12015	Charlotte	3
		12017	Citrus	4
		12019	Clay	4
		12021	Collier	3
		12023	Columbia	4
		12027	DeSoto	3
		12029	Dixie	4
		12031	Duval	4
		12033	Escambia	4
		12035	Flagler	4
		12037	Franklin	4
		12039	Gadsden	4
		12041	Gilchrist	4
		12043	Glades	3
		12045	Gulf	4
		12047	Hamilton	4
		12049	Hardee	3
		12051	Hendry	3
		12053	Hernando	4
		12055	Highlands	3
		12057	Hillsborough	3
		12059	Holmes	4
		12061	Indian River	4
		12063	Jackson	4
		12065	Jefferson	4
		12067	Lafayette	4
		12069	Lake	3
		12071	Lee	4
		12073	Leon	4
12075	Levy	4		
12077	Liberty	4		
12079	Madison	4		
12081	Manatee	4		
12083	Marion	3		
12085	Martin	3		
12086	Miami-Dade	3		
12087	Monroe	3		

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\*--Cover Crop Termination Zones (Continued)

B County List (Continued)

FIPS State Code	State Name	FIPS County Code	County Name	Management Zone
12 (Continued)	Florida	12089	Nassau	4
		12091	Okaloosa	4
		12093	Okeechobee	3
		12095	Orange	3
		12097	Osceola	3
		12099	Palm Beach	3
		12101	Pasco	4
		12103	Pinellas	3
		12105	Polk	3
		12107	Putnam	4
		12109	St. Johns	4
		12111	St. Lucie	3
		12113	Santa Rosa	4
		12115	Sarasota	4
		12117	Seminole	3
		12119	Sumter	3
		12121	Suwannee	4
		12123	Taylor	4
		12125	Union	4
		12127	Volusia	4
12129	Wakulla	4		
12131	Walton	4		
12133	Washington	4		
13	Georgia	13001	Appling	4
		13003	Atkinson	4
		13005	Bacon	4
		13007	Baker	4
		13009	Baldwin	4
		13011	Banks	4
		13013	Barrow	4
		13015	Bartow	4
		13017	Ben Hill	4
		13019	Berrien	4
		13021	Bibb	4
		13023	Bleckley	4
		13025	Brantley	4
		13027	Brooks	4
13029	Bryan	4		

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\*--Cover Crop Termination Zones (Continued)

B County List (Continued)

FIPS State Code	State Name	FIPS County Code	County Name	Management Zone
13 (Continued)	Georgia	13031	Bulloch	4
		13033	Burke	4
		13035	Butts	4
		13037	Calhoun	4
		13039	Camden	4
		13043	Candler	4
		13045	Carroll	4
		13047	Catoosa	4
		13049	Charlton	4
		13051	Chatham	4
		13053	Chattahoochee	4
		13055	Chattooga	4
		13057	Cherokee	4
		13059	Clarke	4
		13061	Clay	4
		13063	Clayton	4
		13065	Clinch	4
		13067	Cobb	4
		13069	Coffee	4
		13071	Colquitt	4
		13073	Columbia	4
		13075	Cook	4
		13077	Coweta	4
		13079	Crawford	4
		13081	Crisp	4
		13083	Dade	4
		13085	Dawson	4
		13087	Decatur	4
		13089	DeKalb	4
		13091	Dodge	4
		13093	Dooly	4
		13095	Dougherty	4
		13097	Douglas	4
13099	Early	4		
13101	Echols	4		
13103	Effingham	4		
13105	Elbert	4		
13107	Emanuel	4		

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\*--Cover Crop Termination Zones (Continued)

B County List (Continued)

FIPS State Code	State Name	FIPS County Code	County Name	Management Zone
13 (Continued)	Georgia	13109	Evans	4
		13111	Fannin	4
		13113	Fayette	4
		13115	Floyd	4
		13117	Forsyth	4
		13119	Franklin	4
		13121	Fulton	4
		13123	Gilmer	4
		13125	Glascocock	4
		13127	Glynn	4
		13129	Gordon	4
		13131	Grady	4
		13133	Greene	4
		13135	Gwinnett	4
		13137	Habersham	4
		13139	Hall	4
		13141	Hancock	4
		13143	Haralson	4
		13145	Harris	4
		13147	Hart	4
		13149	Heard	4
		13151	Henry	4
		13153	Houston	4
		13155	Irwin	4
		13157	Jackson	4
		13159	Jasper	4
		13161	Jeff Davis	4
		13163	Jefferson	4
		13165	Jenkins	4
		13167	Johnson	4
13169	Jones	4		
13171	Lamar	4		
13173	Lanier	4		
13175	Laurens	4		
13177	Lee	4		
13179	Liberty	4		
13181	Lincoln	4		
13183	Long	4		

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\*--Cover Crop Termination Zones (Continued)

B County List (Continued)

FIPS State Code	State Name	FIPS County Code	County Name	Management Zone
13 (Continued)	Georgia	13185	Lowndes	4
		13187	Lumpkin	4
		13189	McDuffie	4
		13191	McIntosh	4
		13193	Macon	4
		13195	Madison	4
		13197	Marion	4
		13199	Meriwether	4
		13201	Miller	4
		13205	Mitchell	4
		13207	Monroe	4
		13209	Montgomery	4
		13211	Morgan	4
		13213	Murray	4
		13215	Muscogee	4
		13217	Newton	4
		13219	Oconee	4
		13221	Oglethorpe	4
		13223	Paulding	4
		13225	Peach	4
		13227	Pickens	4
		13229	Pierce	4
		13231	Pike	4
		13233	Polk	4
		13235	Pulaski	4
		13237	Putnam	4
		13239	Quitman	4
		13241	Rabun	4
		13243	Randolph	4
		13245	Richmond	4
		13247	Rockdale	4
		13249	Schley	4
13251	Screven	4		
13253	Seminole	4		
13255	Spalding	4		
13257	Stephens	4		
13259	Stewart	4		
13261	Sumter	4		

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\*--Cover Crop Termination Zones (Continued)

B County List (Continued)

FIPS State Code	State Name	FIPS County Code	County Name	Management Zone
13 (Continued)	Georgia	13263	Talbot	4
		13265	Taliaferro	4
		13267	Tattnall	4
		13269	Taylor	4
		13271	Telfair	4
		13273	Terrell	4
		13275	Thomas	4
		13277	Tift	4
		13279	Toombs	4
		13281	Towns	4
		13283	Treutlen	4
		13285	Troup	4
		13287	Turner	4
		13289	Twiggs	4
		13291	Union	4
		13293	Upson	4
		13295	Walker	4
		13297	Walton	4
		13299	Ware	4
		13301	Warren	4
		13303	Washington	4
		13305	Wayne	4
		13307	Webster	4
13309	Wheeler	4		
13311	White	4		
13313	Whitfield	4		
13315	Wilcox	4		
13317	Wilkes	4		
13319	Wilkinson	4		
13321	Worth	4		
16	Idaho	16001	Ada	1
		16003	Adams	2
		16005	Bannock	2
		16007	Bear Lake	2
		16009	Benewah	3
		16011	Bingham	2
		16013	Blaine	2
		16015	Boise	2

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\*--Cover Crop Termination Zones (Continued)

B County List (Continued)

FIPS State Code	State Name	FIPS County Code	County Name	Management Zone
16 (Continued)	Idaho	16017	Bonner	3
		16019	Bonneville	2
		16021	Boundary	3
		16023	Butte	2
		16025	Camas	2
		16027	Canyon	1
		16029	Caribou	2
		16031	Cassia	2
		16033	Clark	2
		16035	Clearwater	3
		16037	Custer	2
		16039	Elmore	1
		16041	Franklin	2
		16043	Fremont	2
		16045	Gem	2
		16047	Gooding	2
		16049	Idaho	3
		16051	Jefferson	2
		16053	Jerome	2
		16055	Kootenai	3
		16057	Latah	3
		16059	Lemhi	2
		16061	Lewis	3
		16063	Lincoln	2
		16065	Madison	2
		16067	Minidoka	2
		16069	Nez Perce	3
		16071	Oneida	2
		16073	Owyhee	1
		16075	Payette	1
		16077	Power	2
		16079	Shoshone	2
		16081	Teton	2
16083	Twin Falls	2		
16085	Valley	2		
16087	Washington	2		

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\*--Cover Crop Termination Zones (Continued)

**B County List (Continued)**

FIPS State Code	State Name	FIPS County Code	County Name	Management Zone
17	Illinois	17001	Adams	4
		17003	Alexander	4
		17005	Bond	4
		17007	Boone	4
		17009	Brown	4
		17011	Bureau	4
		17013	Calhoun	4
		17015	Carroll	4
		17017	Cass	4
		17019	Champaign	4
		17021	Christian	4
		17023	Clark	4
		17025	Clay	4
		17027	Clinton	4
		17029	Coles	4
		17031	Cook	4
		17033	Crawford	4
		17035	Cumberland	4
		17037	DeKalb	4
		17039	De Witt	4
		17041	Douglas	4
		17043	DuPage	4
		17045	Edgar	4
		17047	Edwards	4
		17049	Effingham	4
		17051	Fayette	4
		17053	Ford	4
		17055	Franklin	4
		17057	Fulton	4
		17059	Gallatin	4
17061	Greene	4		
17063	Grundy	4		
17065	Hamilton	4		
17067	Hancock	4		
17069	Hardin	4		
17071	Henderson	4		
17073	Henry	4		

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\*--Cover Crop Termination Zones (Continued)

B County List (Continued)

FIPS State Code	State Name	FIPS County Code	County Name	Management Zone
17 (Continued)	Illinois	17075	Iroquois	4
		17077	Jackson	4
		17079	Jasper	4
		17081	Jefferson	4
		17083	Jersey	4
		17085	Jo Daviess	4
		17087	Johnson	4
		17089	Kane	4
		17091	Kankakee	4
		17093	Kendall	4
		17095	Knox	4
		17097	Lake	4
		17099	LaSalle	4
		17101	Lawrence	4
		17103	Lee	4
		17105	Livingston	4
		17107	Logan	4
		17109	McDonough	4
		17111	McHenry	4
		17113	McLean	4
		17115	Macon	4
		17117	Macoupin	4
		17119	Madison	4
		17121	Marion	4
		17123	Marshall	4
		17125	Mason	4
		17127	Massac	4
		17129	Menard	4
		17131	Mercer	4
		17133	Monroe	4
17135	Montgomery	4		
17137	Morgan	4		
17139	Moultrie	4		
17141	Ogle	4		
17143	Peoria	4		
17145	Perry	4		
17147	Piatt	4		
17149	Pike	4		

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\*--Cover Crop Termination Zones (Continued)

B County List (Continued)

FIPS State Code	State Name	FIPS County Code	County Name	Management Zone
17 (Continued)	Illinois	17151	Pope	4
		17153	Pulaski	4
		17155	Putnam	4
		17157	Randolph	4
		17159	Richland	4
		17161	Rock Island	4
		17163	St. Clair	4
		17165	Saline	4
		17167	Sangamon	4
		17169	Schuyler	4
		17171	Scott	4
		17173	Shelby	4
		17175	Stark	4
		17177	Stephenson	4
		17179	Tazewell	4
		17181	Union	4
		17183	Vermilion	4
		17185	Wabash	4
		17187	Warren	4
		17189	Washington	4
		17191	Wayne	4
17193	White	4		
17195	Whiteside	4		
17197	Will	4		
17199	Williamson	4		
17201	Winnebago	4		
17203	Woodford	4		
18	Indiana	18001	Adams	4
		18003	Allen	4
		18005	Bartholomew	4
		18007	Benton	4
		18009	Blackford	4
		18011	Boone	4
		18013	Brown	4
		18015	Carroll	4
		18017	Cass	4
		18019	Clark	4
		18021	Clay	4

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\*--Cover Crop Termination Zones (Continued)

B County List (Continued)

FIPS State Code	State Name	FIPS County Code	County Name	Management Zone
18 (Continued)	Indiana	18023	Clinton	4
		18025	Crawford	4
		18027	Daviess	4
		18029	Dearborn	4
		18031	Decatur	4
		18033	DeKalb	4
		18035	Delaware	4
		18037	Dubois	4
		18039	Elkhart	4
		18041	Fayette	4
		18043	Floyd	4
		18045	Fountain	4
		18047	Franklin	4
		18049	Fulton	4
		18051	Gibson	4
		18053	Grant	4
		18055	Greene	4
		18057	Hamilton	4
		18059	Hancock	4
		18061	Harrison	4
		18063	Hendricks	4
		18065	Henry	4
		18067	Howard	4
		18069	Huntington	4
		18071	Jackson	4
		18073	Jasper	4
		18075	Jay	4
		18077	Jefferson	4
		18079	Jennings	4
		18081	Johnson	4
18083	Knox	4		
18085	Kosciusko	4		
18087	LaGrange	4		
18089	Lake	4		
18091	LaPorte	4		
18093	Lawrence	4		
18095	Madison	4		

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\*--Cover Crop Termination Zones (Continued)

B County List (Continued)

FIPS State Code	State Name	FIPS County Code	County Name	Management Zone
18 (Continued)	Indiana	18097	Marion	4
		18099	Marshall	4
		18101	Martin	4
		18103	Miami	4
		18105	Monroe	4
		18107	Montgomery	4
		18109	Morgan	4
		18111	Newton	4
		18113	Noble	4
		18115	Ohio	4
		18117	Orange	4
		18119	Owen	4
		18121	Parke	4
		18123	Perry	4
		18125	Pike	4
		18127	Porter	4
		18129	Posey	4
		18131	Pulaski	4
		18133	Putnam	4
		18135	Randolph	4
		18137	Ripley	4
		18139	Rush	4
		18141	St. Joseph	4
		18143	Scott	4
		18145	Shelby	4
		18147	Spencer	4
		18149	Starke	4
		18151	Steuben	4
		18153	Sullivan	4
		18155	Switzerland	4
		18157	Tippecanoe	4
18159	Tipton	4		
18161	Union	4		
18163	Vanderburgh	4		
18165	Vermillion	4		
18167	Vigo	4		
18169	Wabash	4		

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\*--Cover Crop Termination Zones (Continued)

B County List (Continued)

FIPS State Code	State Name	FIPS County Code	County Name	Management Zone
18 (Continued)	Indiana	18171	Warren	4
		18173	Warrick	4
		18175	Washington	4
		18177	Wayne	4
		18179	Wells	4
		18181	White	4
		18183	Whitley	4
19	Iowa	19001	Adair	4
		19003	Adams	3
		19005	Allamakee	4
		19007	Appanoose	4
		19009	Audubon	3
		19011	Benton	4
		19013	Black Hawk	4
		19015	Boone	4
		19017	Bremer	4
		19019	Buchanan	4
		19021	Buena Vista	3
		19023	Butler	4
		19025	Calhoun	3
		19027	Carroll	3
		19029	Cass	4
		19031	Cedar	4
		19033	Cerro Gordo	4
		19035	Cherokee	3
		19037	Chickasaw	4
		19039	Clarke	4
		19041	Clay	3
		19043	Clayton	4
		19045	Clinton	4
		19047	Crawford	3
		19049	Dallas	4
		19051	Davis	4
		19053	Decatur	4
19055	Delaware	4		
19057	Des Moines	4		
19059	Dickinson	3		
19061	Dubuque	4		

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\*--Cover Crop Termination Zones (Continued)

B County List (Continued)

FIPS State Code	State Name	FIPS County Code	County Name	Management Zone
19 (Continued)	Iowa	19063	Emmet	3
		19065	Fayette	4
		19067	Floyd	4
		19069	Franklin	4
		19071	Fremont	3
		19073	Greene	4
		19075	Grundy	4
		19077	Guthrie	4
		19079	Hamilton	4
		19081	Hancock	4
		19083	Hardin	4
		19085	Harrison	3
		19087	Henry	4
		19089	Howard	4
		19091	Humboldt	4
		19093	Ida	3
		19095	Iowa	4
		19097	Jackson	4
		19099	Jasper	4
		19101	Jefferson	4
		19103	Johnson	4
		19105	Jones	4
		19107	Keokuk	4
		19109	Kossuth	3
		19111	Lee	4
		19113	Linn	4
		19115	Louisa	4
		19117	Lucas	4
		19119	Lyon	3
		19121	Madison	4
		19123	Mahaska	4
		19125	Marion	4
19127	Marshall	4		
19129	Mills	3		
19131	Mitchell	4		
19133	Monona	3		
19135	Monroe	4		
19137	Montgomery	4		

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\*--Cover Crop Termination Zones (Continued)

B County List (Continued)

FIPS State Code	State Name	FIPS County Code	County Name	Management Zone
19 (Continued)	Iowa	19139	Muscatine	4
		19141	O'Brien	3
		19143	Osceola	3
		19145	Page	3
		19147	Palo Alto	3
		19149	Plymouth	3
		19151	Pocahontas	3
		19153	Polk	4
		19155	Pottawattamie	3
		19157	Poweshiek	4
		19159	Ringgold	4
		19161	Sac	3
		19163	Scott	4
		19165	Shelby	3
		19167	Sioux	3
		19169	Story	4
		19171	Tama	4
		19173	Taylor	4
		19175	Union	4
		19177	Van Buren	4
		19179	Wapello	4
		19181	Warren	4
		19183	Washington	4
		19185	Wayne	4
19187	Webster	4		
19189	Winnebago	3		
19191	Winneshiek	4		
19193	Woodbury	3		
19195	Worth	4		
19197	Wright	3		
20	Kansas	20001	Allen	4
		20003	Anderson	4
		20005	Atchison	3
		20007	Barber	2
		20009	Barton	2
		20011	Bourbon	4
		20013	Brown	3
		20015	Butler	3

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\*--Cover Crop Termination Zones (Continued)

B County List (Continued)

FIPS State Code	State Name	FIPS County Code	County Name	Management Zone
20 (Continued)	Kansas	20017	Chase	3
		20019	Chautauqua	4
		20021	Cherokee	4
		20023	Cheyenne	2
		20025	Clark	2
		20027	Clay	3
		20029	Cloud	3
		20031	Coffey	3
		20033	Comanche	2
		20035	Cowley	3
		20037	Crawford	4
		20039	Decatur	2
		20041	Dickinson	3
		20043	Doniphan	3
		20045	Douglas	4
		20047	Edwards	2
		20049	Elk	4
		20051	Ellis	2
		20053	Ellsworth	3
		20055	Finney	2
		20057	Ford	2
		20059	Franklin	4
		20061	Geary	3
		20063	Gove	2
		20065	Graham	2
		20067	Grant	1
		20069	Gray	2
		20071	Greeley	2
		20073	Greenwood	4
		20075	Hamilton	1
		20077	Harper	3
		20079	Harvey	3
20081	Haskell	2		
20083	Hodgeman	2		
20085	Jackson	3		
20087	Jefferson	4		
20089	Jewell	3		
20091	Johnson	4		

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\*--Cover Crop Termination Zones (Continued)

B County List (Continued)

FIPS State Code	State Name	FIPS County Code	County Name	Management Zone
20 (Continued)	Kansas	20093	Kearny	2
		20095	Kingman	3
		20097	Kiowa	2
		20099	Labette	4
		20101	Lane	2
		20103	Leavenworth	4
		20105	Lincoln	3
		20107	Linn	4
		20109	Logan	2
		20111	Lyon	3
		20113	McPherson	3
		20115	Marion	3
		20117	Marshall	3
		20119	Meade	2
		20121	Miami	4
		20123	Mitchell	3
		20125	Montgomery	4
		20127	Morris	3
		20129	Morton	1
		20131	Nemaha	3
		20133	Neosho	4
		20135	Ness	2
		20137	Norton	2
		20139	Osage	4
		20141	Osborne	2
		20143	Ottawa	3
		20145	Pawnee	2
		20147	Phillips	2
		20149	Pottawatomie	3
		20151	Pratt	2
		20153	Rawlins	2
		20155	Reno	3
		20157	Republic	3
20159	Rice	3		
20161	Riley	3		
20163	Rooks	2		
20165	Rush	2		
20167	Russell	2		

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\*--Cover Crop Termination Zones (Continued)

B County List (Continued)

FIPS State Code	State Name	FIPS County Code	County Name	Management Zone
20 (Continued)	Kansas	20169	Saline	3
		20171	Scott	2
		20173	Sedgwick	3
		20175	Seward	2
		20177	Shawnee	3
		20179	Sheridan	2
		20181	Sherman	2
		20183	Smith	2
		20185	Stafford	2
		20187	Stanton	1
		20189	Stevens	1
		20191	Sumner	3
		20193	Thomas	2
		20195	Trego	2
		20197	Wabaunsee	3
		20199	Wallace	2
		20201	Washington	3
		20203	Wichita	2
		20205	Wilson	4
		20207	Woodson	4
20209	Wyandotte	4		
21	Kentucky	21001	Adair	4
		21003	Allen	4
		21005	Anderson	4
		21007	Ballard	4
		21009	Barren	4
		21011	Bath	4
		21013	Bell	4
		21015	Boone	4
		21017	Bourbon	4
		21019	Boyd	4
		21021	Boyle	4
		21023	Bracken	4
		21025	Breathitt	4
		21027	Breckinridge	4
		21029	Bullitt	4
21031	Butler	4		

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\*--Cover Crop Termination Zones (Continued)

B County List (Continued)

FIPS State Code	State Name	FIPS County Code	County Name	Management Zone
21 (Continued)	Kentucky	21033	Caldwell	4
		21035	Calloway	4
		21037	Campbell	4
		21039	Carlisle	4
		21041	Carroll	4
		21043	Carter	4
		21045	Casey	4
		21047	Christian	4
		21049	Clark	4
		21051	Clay	4
		21053	Clinton	4
		21055	Crittenden	4
		21057	Cumberland	4
		21059	Daviess	4
		21061	Edmonson	4
		21063	Elliott	4
		21065	Estill	4
		21067	Fayette	4
		21069	Fleming	4
		21071	Floyd	4
		21073	Franklin	4
		21075	Fulton	4
		21077	Gallatin	4
		21079	Garrard	4
		21081	Grant	4
		21083	Graves	4
		21085	Grayson	4
		21087	Green	4
		21089	Greenup	4
		21091	Hancock	4
		21093	Hardin	4
		21095	Harlan	4
		21097	Harrison	4
21099	Hart	4		
21101	Henderson	4		
21103	Henry	4		
21105	Hickman	4		
21107	Hopkins	4		

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\*--Cover Crop Termination Zones (Continued)

B County List (Continued)

FIPS State Code	State Name	FIPS County Code	County Name	Management Zone
21 (Continued)	Kentucky	21109	Jackson	4
		21111	Jefferson	4
		21113	Jessamine	4
		21115	Johnson	4
		21117	Kenton	4
		21119	Knott	4
		21121	Knox	4
		21123	Larue	4
		21125	Laurel	4
		21127	Lawrence	4
		21129	Lee	4
		21131	Leslie	4
		21133	Letcher	4
		21135	Lewis	4
		21137	Lincoln	4
		21139	Livingston	4
		21141	Logan	4
		21143	Lyon	4
		21145	McCracken	4
		21147	McCreary	4
		21149	McLean	4
		21151	Madison	4
		21153	Magoffin	4
		21155	Marion	4
		21157	Marshall	4
		21159	Martin	4
		21161	Mason	4
		21163	Meade	4
		21165	Menifee	4
		21167	Mercer	4
21169	Metcalfe	4		
21171	Monroe	4		
21173	Montgomery	4		
21175	Morgan	4		
21177	Muhlenberg	4		
21179	Nelson	4		
21181	Nicholas	4		

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\*--Cover Crop Termination Zones (Continued)

B County List (Continued)

FIPS State Code	State Name	FIPS County Code	County Name	Management Zone
21 (Continued)	Kentucky	21183	Ohio	4
		21185	Oldham	4
		21187	Owen	4
		21189	Owsley	4
		21191	Pendleton	4
		21193	Perry	4
		21195	Pike	4
		21197	Powell	4
		21199	Pulaski	4
		21201	Robertson	4
		21203	Rockcastle	4
		21205	Rowan	4
		21207	Russell	4
		21209	Scott	4
		21211	Shelby	4
		21213	Simpson	4
		21215	Spencer	4
		21217	Taylor	4
		21219	Todd	4
		21221	Trigg	4
		21223	Trimble	4
		21225	Union	4
		21227	Warren	4
		21229	Washington	4
21231	Wayne	4		
21233	Webster	4		
21235	Whitley	4		
21237	Wolfe	4		
21239	Woodford	4		
22	Louisiana	22001	Acadia	4
		22003	Allen	4
		22005	Ascension	4
		22007	Assumption	4
		22009	Avoyelles	4
		22011	Beauregard	4
		22013	Bienville	4
22015	Bossier	4		

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\*--Cover Crop Termination Zones (Continued)

B County List (Continued)

FIPS State Code	State Name	FIPS County Code	County Name	Management Zone
22 (Continued)	Louisiana	22017	Caddo	4
		22019	Calcasieu	4
		22021	Caldwell	4
		22023	Cameron	4
		22025	Catahoula	4
		22027	Claiborne	4
		22029	Concordia	4
		22031	De Soto	4
		22033	East Baton Rouge	4
		22035	East Carroll	4
		22037	East Feliciana	4
		22039	Evangeline	4
		22041	Franklin	4
		22043	Grant	4
		22045	Iberia	4
		22047	Iberville	4
		22049	Jackson	4
		22051	Jefferson	4
		22053	Jefferson Davis	4
		22055	Lafayette	4
		22057	Lafourche	4
		22059	La Salle	4
		22061	Lincoln	4
		22063	Livingston	4
		22065	Madison	4
		22067	Morehouse	4
		22069	Natchitoches	4
		22071	Orleans	4
		22073	Ouachita	4
		22075	Plaquemines	4
		22077	Pointe Coupee	4
		22079	Rapides	4
22081	Red River	4		
22083	Richland	4		
22085	Sabine	4		
22087	St. Bernard	4		
22089	St. Charles	4		
22091	St. Helena	4		

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\*--Cover Crop Termination Zones (Continued)

B County List (Continued)

FIPS State Code	State Name	FIPS County Code	County Name	Management Zone
22 (Continued)	Louisiana	22093	St. James	4
		22095	St. John the Baptist	4
		22097	St. Landry	4
		22099	St. Martin	4
		22101	St. Mary	4
		22103	St. Tammany	4
		22105	Tangipahoa	4
		22107	Tensas	4
		22109	Terrebonne	4
		22111	Union	4
		22113	Vermilion	4
		22115	Vernon	4
		22117	Washington	4
		22119	Webster	4
		22121	West Baton Rouge	4
		22123	West Carroll	4
22125	West Feliciana	4		
22127	Winn	4		
23	Maine	23001	Androscoggin	4
		23003	Aroostook	4
		23005	Cumberland	4
		23007	Franklin	4
		23009	Hancock	4
		23011	Kennebec	4
		23013	Knox	4
		23015	Lincoln	4
		23017	Oxford	4
		23019	Penobscot	4
		23021	Piscataquis	4
		23023	Sagadahoc	4
		23025	Somerset	4
		23027	Waldo	4
23029	Washington	4		
23031	York	4		
24	Maryland	24001	Allegany	4
		24003	Anne Arundel	4
		24005	Baltimore	4

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\*--Cover Crop Termination Zones (Continued)

**B County List (Continued)**

FIPS State Code	State Name	FIPS County Code	County Name	Management Zone
24 (Continued)	Maryland	24009	Calvert	4
		24011	Caroline	4
		24013	Carroll	4
		24015	Cecil	4
		24017	Charles	4
		24019	Dorchester	4
		24021	Frederick	4
		24023	Garrett	4
		24025	Harford	4
		24027	Howard	4
		24029	Kent	4
		24031	Montgomery	4
		24033	Prince George's	4
		24035	Queen Anne's	4
		24037	St. Mary's	4
		24039	Somerset	4
		24041	Talbot	4
		24043	Washington	4
		24045	Wicomico	4
		24047	Worcester	4
		24510	Baltimore City	4
25	Massachusetts	25001	Barnstable	4
		25003	Berkshire	4
		25005	Bristol	4
		25007	Dukes	4
		25009	Essex	4
		25011	Franklin	4
		25013	Hampden	4
		25015	Hampshire	4
		25017	Middlesex	4
		25019	Nantucket	4
		25021	Norfolk	4
		25023	Plymouth	4
		25025	Suffolk	4
		25027	Worcester	4

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\*--Cover Crop Termination Zones (Continued)

B County List (Continued)

FIPS State Code	State Name	FIPS County Code	County Name	Management Zone
26	Michigan	26001	Alcona	4
		26003	Alger	4
		26005	Allegan	4
		26007	Alpena	4
		26009	Antrim	4
		26011	Arenac	4
		26013	Baraga	4
		26015	Barry	4
		26017	Bay	4
		26019	Benzie	4
		26021	Berrien	4
		26023	Branch	4
		26025	Calhoun	4
		26027	Cass	4
		26029	Charlevoix	4
		26031	Cheboygan	4
		26033	Chippewa	4
		26035	Clare	4
		26037	Clinton	4
		26039	Crawford	4
		26041	Delta	4
		26043	Dickinson	4
		26045	Eaton	4
		26047	Emmet	4
		26049	Genesee	4
		26051	Gladwin	4
		26053	Gogebic	4
		26055	Grand Traverse	4
		26057	Gratiot	4
		26059	Hillsdale	4
26061	Houghton	4		
26063	Huron	4		
26065	Ingham	4		
26067	Ionia	4		
26069	Iosco	4		
26071	Iron	4		
26073	Isabella	4		
26075	Jackson	4		

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\*--Cover Crop Termination Zones (Continued)

B County List (Continued)

FIPS State Code	State Name	FIPS County Code	County Name	Management Zone
26 (Continued)	Michigan	26077	Kalamazoo	4
		26079	Kalkaska	4
		26081	Kent	4
		26083	Keweenaw	4
		26085	Lake	4
		26087	Lapeer	4
		26089	Leelanau	4
		26091	Lenawee	4
		26093	Livingston	4
		26095	Luce	4
		26097	Mackinac	4
		26099	Macomb	4
		26101	Manistee	4
		26103	Marquette	4
		26105	Mason	4
		26107	Mecosta	4
		26109	Menominee	4
		26111	Midland	4
		26113	Missaukee	4
		26115	Monroe	4
		26117	Montcalm	4
		26119	Montmorency	4
		26121	Muskegon	4
		26123	Newaygo	4
		26125	Oakland	4
		26127	Oceana	4
		26129	Ogemaw	4
		26131	Ontonagon	4
		26133	Osceola	4
		26135	Oscoda	4
		26137	Otsego	4
		26139	Ottawa	4
		26141	Presque Isle	4
26143	Roscommon	4		
26145	Saginaw	4		
26147	St. Clair	4		
26149	St. Joseph	4		
26151	Sanilac	4		

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\*--Cover Crop Termination Zones (Continued)

B County List (Continued)

FIPS State Code	State Name	FIPS County Code	County Name	Management Zone
26 (Continued)	Michigan	26153	Schoolcraft	4
		26155	Shiawassee	4
		26157	Tuscola	4
		26159	Van Buren	4
		26161	Washtenaw	4
		26163	Wayne	4
		26165	Wexford	4
27	Minnesota	27001	Aitkin	3
		27003	Anoka	4
		27005	Becker	3
		27007	Beltrami	3
		27009	Benton	3
		27011	Big Stone	3
		27013	Blue Earth	3
		27015	Brown	3
		27017	Carlton	4
		27019	Carver	3
		27021	Cass	3
		27023	Chippewa	3
		27025	Chisago	3
		27027	Clay	3
		27029	Clearwater	3
		27031	Cook	4
		27033	Cottonwood	3
		27035	Crow Wing	3
		27037	Dakota	3
		27039	Dodge	4
		27041	Douglas	3
		27043	Faribault	3
		27045	Fillmore	4
		27047	Freeborn	4
		27049	Goodhue	4
		27051	Grant	3
		27053	Hennepin	4
27055	Houston	4		
27057	Hubbard	3		
27059	Isanti	3		
27061	Itasca	3		

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\*--Cover Crop Termination Zones (Continued)

B County List (Continued)

FIPS State Code	State Name	FIPS County Code	County Name	Management Zone
27 (Continued)	Minnesota	27063	Jackson	3
		27065	Kanabec	3
		27067	Kandiyohi	3
		27069	Kittson	3
		27071	Koochiching	3
		27073	Lac qui Parle	3
		27075	Lake	4
		27077	Lake of the Woods	3
		27079	Le Sueur	3
		27081	Lincoln	3
		27083	Lyon	3
		27085	McLeod	3
		27087	Mahnomen	3
		27089	Marshall	3
		27091	Martin	3
		27093	Meeker	3
		27095	Mille Lacs	3
		27097	Morrison	3
		27099	Mower	4
		27101	Murray	3
		27103	Nicollet	3
		27105	Nobles	3
		27107	Norman	3
		27109	Olmsted	4
		27111	Otter Tail	3
		27113	Pennington	3
		27115	Pine	4
		27117	Pipestone	3
		27119	Polk	3
		27121	Pope	3
		27123	Ramsey	4
		27125	Red Lake	3
		27127	Redwood	3
27129	Renville	3		
27131	Rice	4		
27133	Rock	3		
27135	Roseau	3		

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\*--Cover Crop Termination Zones (Continued)

B County List (Continued)

FIPS State Code	State Name	FIPS County Code	County Name	Management Zone
27 (Continued)	Minnesota	27137	St. Louis	3
		27139	Scott	3
		27141	Sherburne	3
		27143	Sibley	3
		27145	Stearns	3
		27147	Steele	4
		27149	Stevens	3
		27151	Swift	3
		27153	Todd	3
		27155	Traverse	3
		27157	Wabasha	4
		27159	Wadena	3
		27161	Waseca	4
		27163	Washington	4
		27165	Watonwan	3
		27167	Wilkin	3
		27169	Winona	4
27171	Wright	3		
27173	Yellow Medicine	3		
28	Mississippi	28001	Adams	4
		28003	Alcorn	4
		28005	Amite	4
		28007	Attala	4
		28009	Benton	4
		28011	Bolivar	4
		28013	Calhoun	4
		28015	Carroll	4
		28017	Chickasaw	4
		28019	Choctaw	4
		28021	Claiborne	4
		28023	Clarke	4
		28025	Clay	4
		28027	Coahoma	4
		28029	Copiah	4
		28031	Covington	4
		28033	DeSoto	4
28035	Forrest	4		
28037	Franklin	4		

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\*--Cover Crop Termination Zones (Continued)

B County List (Continued)

FIPS State Code	State Name	FIPS County Code	County Name	Management Zone
28 (Continued)	Mississippi	28039	George	4
		28041	Greene	4
		28043	Grenada	4
		28045	Hancock	4
		28047	Harrison	4
		28049	Hinds	4
		28051	Holmes	4
		28053	Humphreys	4
		28055	Issaquena	4
		28057	Itawamba	4
		28059	Jackson	4
		28061	Jasper	4
		28063	Jefferson	4
		28065	Jefferson Davis	4
		28067	Jones	4
		28069	Kemper	4
		28071	Lafayette	4
		28073	Lamar	4
		28075	Lauderdale	4
		28077	Lawrence	4
		28079	Leake	4
		28081	Lee	4
		28083	Leflore	4
		28085	Lincoln	4
		28087	Lowndes	4
		28089	Madison	4
		28091	Marion	4
		28093	Marshall	4
		28095	Monroe	4
		28097	Montgomery	4
28099	Neshoba	4		
28101	Newton	4		
28103	Noxubee	4		
28105	Oktibbeha	4		
28107	Panola	4		
28109	Pearl River	4		
28111	Perry	4		
28113	Pike	4		

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\*--Cover Crop Termination Zones (Continued)

**B County List (Continued)**

<b>FIPS State Code</b>	<b>State Name</b>	<b>FIPS County Code</b>	<b>County Name</b>	<b>Management Zone</b>
28 (Continued)	Mississippi	28115	Pontotoc	4
		28117	Prentiss	4
		28119	Quitman	4
		28121	Rankin	4
		28123	Scott	4
		28125	Sharkey	4
		28127	Simpson	4
		28129	Smith	4
		28131	Stone	4
		28133	Sunflower	4
		28135	Tallahatchie	4
		28137	Tate	4
		28139	Tippah	4
		28141	Tishomingo	4
		28143	Tunica	4
		28145	Union	4
		28147	Walthall	4
		28149	Warren	4
		28151	Washington	4
		28153	Wayne	4
28155	Webster	4		
28157	Wilkinson	4		
28159	Winston	4		
28161	Yalobusha	4		
28163	Yazoo	4		
29	Missouri	29001	Adair	4
		29003	Andrew	4
		29005	Atchison	3
		29007	Audrain	4
		29009	Barry	4
		29011	Barton	4
		29013	Bates	4
		29015	Benton	4
		29017	Bollinger	4
		29019	Boone	4
		29021	Buchanan	4
		29023	Butler	4

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\*--Cover Crop Termination Zones (Continued)

B County List (Continued)

FIPS State Code	State Name	FIPS County Code	County Name	Management Zone
29 (Continued)	Missouri	29025	Caldwell	4
		29027	Callaway	4
		29029	Camden	4
		29031	Cape Girardeau	4
		29033	Carroll	4
		29035	Carter	4
		29037	Cass	4
		29039	Cedar	4
		29041	Chariton	4
		29043	Christian	4
		29045	Clark	4
		29047	Clay	4
		29049	Clinton	4
		29051	Cole	4
		29053	Cooper	4
		29055	Crawford	4
		29057	Dade	4
		29059	Dallas	4
		29061	Daviess	4
		29063	DeKalb	4
		29065	Dent	4
		29067	Douglas	4
		29069	Dunklin	4
		29071	Franklin	4
		29073	Gasconade	4
		29075	Gentry	4
		29077	Greene	4
		29079	Grundy	4
		29081	Harrison	4
		29083	Henry	4
		29085	Hickory	4
		29087	Holt	3
29089	Howard	4		
29091	Howell	4		
29093	Iron	4		
29095	Jackson	4		
29097	Jasper	4		

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\*--Cover Crop Termination Zones (Continued)

**B County List (Continued)**

<b>FIPS State Code</b>	<b>State Name</b>	<b>FIPS County Code</b>	<b>County Name</b>	<b>Management Zone</b>
29 (Continued)	Missouri	29099	Jefferson	4
		29101	Johnson	4
		29103	Knox	4
		29105	Laclede	4
		29107	Lafayette	4
		29109	Lawrence	4
		29111	Lewis	4
		29113	Lincoln	4
		29115	Linn	4
		29117	Livingston	4
		29119	McDonald	4
		29121	Macon	4
		29123	Madison	4
		29125	Maries	4
		29127	Marion	4
		29129	Mercer	4
		29131	Miller	4
		29133	Mississippi	4
		29135	Moniteau	4
		29137	Monroe	4
		29139	Montgomery	4
		29141	Morgan	4
		29143	New Madrid	4
		29145	Newton	4
		29147	Nodaway	4
		29149	Oregon	4
		29151	Osage	4
		29153	Ozark	4
		29155	Pemiscot	4
		29157	Perry	4
29159	Pettis	4		
29161	Phelps	4		
29163	Pike	4		
29165	Platte	4		
29167	Polk	4		
29169	Pulaski	4		
29171	Putnam	4		

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\*--Cover Crop Termination Zones (Continued)

B County List (Continued)

FIPS State Code	State Name	FIPS County Code	County Name	Management Zone
29 (Continued)	Missouri	29173	Ralls	4
		29175	Randolph	4
		29177	Ray	4
		29179	Reynolds	4
		29181	Ripley	4
		29183	St. Charles	4
		29185	St. Clair	4
		29186	Ste. Genevieve	4
		29187	St. Francois	4
		29189	St. Louis	4
		29195	Saline	4
		29197	Schuyler	4
		29199	Scotland	4
		29201	Scott	4
		29203	Shannon	4
		29205	Shelby	4
		29207	Stoddard	4
		29209	Stone	4
		29211	Sullivan	4
		29213	Taney	4
		29215	Texas	4
		29217	Vernon	4
		29219	Warren	4
		29221	Washington	4
		29223	Wayne	4
		29225	Webster	4
29227	Worth	4		
29229	Wright	4		
29510	St. Louis City	4		
30	Montana	30001	Beaverhead	1
		30003	Big Horn	1
		30005	Blaine	1
		30007	Broadwater	1
		30009	Carbon	1
		30011	Carter	1
		30013	Cascade	1
		30015	Chouteau	1
30017	Custer	1		

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\*--Cover Crop Termination Zones (Continued)

B County List (Continued)

FIPS State Code	State Name	FIPS County Code	County Name	Management Zone
30 (Continued)	Montana	30019	Daniels	1
		30021	Dawson	1
		30023	Deer Lodge	1
		30025	Fallon	1
		30027	Fergus	1
		30029	Flathead	1
		30031	Gallatin	1
		30033	Garfield	1
		30035	Glacier	1
		30037	Golden Valley	1
		30039	Granite	1
		30041	Hill	1
		30043	Jefferson	1
		30045	Judith Basin	1
		30047	Lake	1
		30049	Lewis and Clark	1
		30051	Liberty	1
		30053	Lincoln	2
		30055	McCone	1
		30057	Madison	1
		30059	Meagher	1
		30061	Mineral	2
		30063	Missoula	1
		30065	Musselshell	1
		30067	Park	1
		30069	Petroleum	1
		30071	Phillips	1
		30073	Pondera	1
		30075	Powder River	1
		30077	Powell	1
		30079	Prairie	1
		30081	Ravalli	1
		30083	Richland	1
30085	Roosevelt	1		
30087	Rosebud	1		
30089	Sanders	2		
30091	Sheridan	1		
30093	Silver Bow	1		

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\*--Cover Crop Termination Zones (Continued)

B County List (Continued)

FIPS State Code	State Name	FIPS County Code	County Name	Management Zone
30 (Continued)	Montana	30095	Stillwater	1
		30097	Sweet Grass	1
		30099	Teton	1
		30101	Toole	1
		30103	Treasure	1
		30105	Valley	1
		30107	Wheatland	1
		30109	Wibaux	1
		30111	Yellowstone	1
31	Nebraska	31001	Adams	3
		31003	Antelope	3
		31005	Arthur	2
		31007	Banner	2
		31009	Blaine	2
		31011	Boone	3
		31013	Box Butte	2
		31015	Boyd	2
		31017	Brown	2
		31019	Buffalo	2
		31021	Burt	3
		31023	Butler	3
		31025	Cass	3
		31027	Cedar	3
		31029	Chase	2
		31031	Cherry	2
		31033	Cheyenne	2
		31035	Clay	3
		31037	Colfax	3
		31039	Cuming	3
		31041	Custer	2
		31043	Dakota	3
		31045	Dawes	2
		31047	Dawson	2
		31049	Deuel	2
		31051	Dixon	3
		31053	Dodge	3
31055	Douglas	3		
31057	Dundy	2		

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\*--Cover Crop Termination Zones (Continued)

B County List (Continued)

FIPS State Code	State Name	FIPS County Code	County Name	Management Zone
31 (Continued)	Nebraska	31059	Fillmore	3
		31061	Franklin	2
		31063	Frontier	2
		31065	Furnas	2
		31067	Gage	3
		31069	Garden	2
		31071	Garfield	3
		31073	Gosper	2
		31075	Grant	2
		31077	Greeley	3
		31079	Hall	3
		31081	Hamilton	3
		31083	Harlan	2
		31085	Hayes	2
		31087	Hitchcock	2
		31089	Holt	2
		31091	Hooker	2
		31093	Howard	3
		31095	Jefferson	3
		31097	Johnson	3
		31099	Kearney	2
		31101	Keith	2
		31103	Keya Paha	2
		31105	Kimball	2
		31107	Knox	3
		31109	Lancaster	3
		31111	Lincoln	2
		31113	Logan	2
		31115	Loup	2
		31117	McPherson	2
		31119	Madison	3
31121	Merrick	3		
31123	Morrill	2		
31125	Nance	3		
31127	Nemaha	3		
31129	Nuckolls	3		
31131	Otoe	3		

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\*--Cover Crop Termination Zones (Continued)

B County List (Continued)

FIPS State Code	State Name	FIPS County Code	County Name	Management Zone
31 (Continued)	Nebraska	31133	Pawnee	3
		31135	Perkins	2
		31137	Phelps	2
		31139	Pierce	3
		31141	Platte	3
		31143	Polk	3
		31145	Red Willow	2
		31147	Richardson	3
		31149	Rock	2
		31151	Saline	3
		31153	Sarpy	3
		31155	Saunders	3
		31157	Scotts Bluff	2
		31159	Seward	3
		31161	Sheridan	2
		31163	Sherman	3
		31165	Sioux	2
		31167	Stanton	3
		31169	Thayer	3
		31171	Thomas	2
		31173	Thurston	3
		31175	Valley	3
		31177	Washington	3
31179	Wayne	3		
31181	Webster	2		
31183	Wheeler	3		
31185	York	3		
32	Nevada	32001	Churchill	1
		32003	Clark	1
		32005	Douglas	1
		32007	Elko	1
		32009	Esmeralda	1
		32011	Eureka	1
		32013	Humboldt	1
		32015	Lander	1
		32017	Lincoln	1
		32019	Lyon	1
32021	Mineral	1		

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\*--Cover Crop Termination Zones (Continued)

B County List (Continued)

FIPS State Code	State Name	FIPS County Code	County Name	Management Zone
32 (Continued)	Nevada	32023	Nye	1
		32027	Pershing	1
		32029	Storey	1
		32031	Washoe	1
		32033	White Pine	1
		32510	Carson City	1
33	New Hampshire	33001	Belknap	4
		33003	Carroll	4
		33005	Cheshire	4
		33007	Coos	4
		33009	Grafton	4
		33011	Hillsborough	4
		33013	Merrimack	4
		33015	Rockingham	4
		33017	Strafford	4
33019	Sullivan	4		
34	New Jersey	34001	Atlantic	4
		34003	Bergen	4
		34005	Burlington	4
		34007	Camden	4
		34009	Cape May	4
		34011	Cumberland	4
		34013	Essex	4
		34015	Gloucester	4
		34017	Hudson	4
		34019	Hunterdon	4
		34021	Mercer	4
		34023	Middlesex	4
		34025	Monmouth	4
		34027	Morris	4
		34029	Ocean	4
		34031	Passaic	4
		34033	Salem	4
		34035	Somerset	4
34037	Sussex	4		
34039	Union	4		
34041	Warren	4		

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\*--Cover Crop Termination Zones (Continued)

B County List (Continued)

FIPS State Code	State Name	FIPS County Code	County Name	Management Zone
35	New Mexico	35001	Bernalillo	1
		35003	Catron	1
		35005	Chaves	1
		35006	Cibola	1
		35007	Colfax	1
		35009	Curry	1
		35011	De Baca	1
		35013	Dona Ana	1
		35015	Eddy	1
		35017	Grant	1
		35019	Guadalupe	1
		35021	Harding	1
		35023	Hidalgo	1
		35025	Lea	1
		35027	Lincoln	1
		35028	Los Alamos	1
		35029	Luna	1
		35031	McKinley	1
		35033	Mora	1
		35035	Otero	1
		35037	Quay	1
		35039	Rio Arriba	1
		35041	Roosevelt	1
		35043	Sandoval	1
		35045	San Juan	1
		35047	San Miguel	1
		35049	Santa Fe	1
		35051	Sierra	1
35053	Socorro	1		
35055	Taos	1		
35057	Torrance	1		
35059	Union	1		
35061	Valencia	1		
36	New York	36001	Albany	4
		36003	Allegany	4
		36005	Bronx	4
		36007	Broome	4

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\*--Cover Crop Termination Zones (Continued)

**B County List (Continued)**

<b>FIPS State Code</b>	<b>State Name</b>	<b>FIPS County Code</b>	<b>County Name</b>	<b>Management Zone</b>
36 (Continued)	New York	36009	Cattaraugus	4
		36011	Cayuga	4
		36013	Chautauqua	4
		36015	Chemung	4
		36017	Chenango	4
		36019	Clinton	4
		36021	Columbia	4
		36023	Cortland	4
		36025	Delaware	4
		36027	Dutchess	4
		36029	Erie	4
		36031	Essex	4
		36033	Franklin	4
		36035	Fulton	4
		36037	Genesee	4
		36039	Greene	4
		36041	Hamilton	4
		36043	Herkimer	4
		36045	Jefferson	4
		36047	Kings	4
		36049	Lewis	4
		36051	Livingston	4
		36053	Madison	4
		36055	Monroe	4
		36057	Montgomery	4
		36059	Nassau	4
		36061	New York	4
		36063	Niagara	4
		36065	Oneida	4
		36067	Onondaga	4
		36069	Ontario	4
		36071	Orange	4
		36073	Orleans	4
36075	Oswego	4		
36077	Otsego	4		
36079	Putnam	4		
36081	Queens	4		

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\*--Cover Crop Termination Zones (Continued)

B County List (Continued)

FIPS State Code	State Name	FIPS County Code	County Name	Management Zone
36 (Continued)	New York	36083	Rensselaer	4
		36085	Richmond	4
		36087	Rockland	4
		36089	St. Lawrence	4
		36091	Saratoga	4
		36093	Schenectady	4
		36095	Schoharie	4
		36097	Schuyler	4
		36099	Seneca	4
		36101	Steuben	4
		36103	Suffolk	4
		36105	Sullivan	4
		36107	Tioga	4
		36109	Tompkins	4
		36111	Ulster	4
		36113	Warren	4
		36115	Washington	4
		36117	Wayne	4
		36119	Westchester	4
36121	Wyoming	4		
36123	Yates	4		
37	North Carolina	37001	Alamance	4
		37003	Alexander	4
		37005	Alleghany	4
		37007	Anson	4
		37009	Ashe	4
		37011	Avery	4
		37013	Beaufort	4
		37015	Bertie	4
		37017	Bladen	4
		37019	Brunswick	4
		37021	Buncombe	4
		37023	Burke	4
		37025	Cabarrus	4
		37027	Caldwell	4
		37029	Camden	4
37031	Carteret	4		
37033	Caswell	4		

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\*--Cover Crop Termination Zones (Continued)

B County List (Continued)

FIPS State Code	State Name	FIPS County Code	County Name	Management Zone
37	North Carolina	37035	Catawba	4
		37037	Chatham	4
		37039	Cherokee	4
		37041	Chowan	4
		37043	Clay	4
		37045	Cleveland	4
		37047	Columbus	4
		37049	Craven	4
		37051	Cumberland	4
		37053	Currituck	4
		37055	Dare	4
		37057	Davidson	4
		37059	Davie	4
		37061	Duplin	4
		37063	Durham	4
		37065	Edgecombe	4
		37067	Forsyth	4
		37069	Franklin	4
		37071	Gaston	4
		37073	Gates	4
		37075	Graham	4
		37077	Granville	4
		37079	Greene	4
		37081	Guilford	4
		37083	Halifax	4
		37085	Harnett	4
		37087	Haywood	4
		37089	Henderson	4
		37091	Hertford	4
		37093	Hoke	4
37095	Hyde	4		
37097	Iredell	4		
37099	Jackson	4		
37101	Johnston	4		
37103	Jones	4		
37105	Lee	4		
37107	Lenoir	4		
37109	Lincoln	4		

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\*--Cover Crop Termination Zones (Continued)

B County List (Continued)

FIPS State Code	State Name	FIPS County Code	County Name	Management Zone
37 (Continued)	North Carolina	37111	McDowell	4
		37113	Macon	4
		37115	Madison	4
		37117	Martin	4
		37119	Mecklenburg	4
		37121	Mitchell	4
		37123	Montgomery	4
		37125	Moore	4
		37127	Nash	4
		37129	New Hanover	4
		37131	Northampton	4
		37133	Onslow	4
		37135	Orange	4
		37137	Pamlico	4
		37139	Pasquotank	4
		37141	Pender	4
		37143	Perquimans	4
		37145	Person	4
		37147	Pitt	4
		37149	Polk	4
		37151	Randolph	4
		37153	Richmond	4
		37155	Robeson	4
		37157	Rockingham	4
		37159	Rowan	4
		37161	Rutherford	4
		37163	Sampson	4
		37165	Scotland	4
		37167	Stanly	4
		37169	Stokes	4
		37171	Surry	4
		37173	Swain	4
37175	Transylvania	4		
37177	Tyrrell	4		
37179	Union	4		
37181	Vance	4		
37183	Wake	4		
37185	Warren	4		

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\*--Cover Crop Termination Zones (Continued)

B County List (Continued)

FIPS State Code	State Name	FIPS County Code	County Name	Management Zone
37 (Continued)	North Carolina	37187	Washington	4
		37189	Watauga	4
		37191	Wayne	4
		37193	Wilkes	4
		37195	Wilson	4
		37197	Yadkin	4
		37199	Yancey	4
38	North Dakota	38001	Adams	2
		38003	Barnes	2
		38005	Benson	2
		38007	Billings	2
		38009	Bottineau	2
		38011	Bowman	2
		38013	Burke	2
		38015	Burleigh	2
		38017	Cass	2
		38019	Cavalier	2
		38021	Dickey	2
		38023	Divide	2
		38025	Dunn	2
		38027	Eddy	2
		38029	Emmons	2
		38031	Foster	2
		38033	Golden Valley	2
		38035	Grand Forks	2
		38037	Grant	2
		38039	Griggs	2
		38041	Hettinger	2
		38043	Kidder	2
		38045	LaMoure	2
		38047	Logan	2
38049	McHenry	2		
38051	McIntosh	2		
38053	McKenzie	2		
38055	McLean	2		
38057	Mercer	2		
38059	Morton	2		
38061	Mountrail	2		

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\*--Cover Crop Termination Zones (Continued)

B County List (Continued)

FIPS State Code	State Name	FIPS County Code	County Name	Management Zone
38 (Continued)	North Dakota	38063	Nelson	2
		38065	Oliver	2
		38067	Pembina	2
		38069	Pierce	2
		38071	Ramsey	2
		38073	Ransom	2
		38075	Renville	2
		38077	Richland	2
		38079	Rolette	2
		38081	Sargent	2
		38083	Sheridan	2
		38085	Sioux	2
		38087	Slope	2
		38089	Stark	2
		38091	Steele	2
		38093	Stutsman	2
		38095	Towner	2
		38097	Traill	2
		38099	Walsh	2
		38101	Ward	2
38103	Wells	2		
38105	Williams	2		
39	Ohio	39001	Adams	4
		39003	Allen	4
		39005	Ashland	4
		39007	Ashtabula	4
		39009	Athens	4
		39011	Auglaize	4
		39013	Belmont	4
		39015	Brown	4
		39017	Butler	4
		39019	Carroll	4
		39021	Champaign	4
		39023	Clark	4
		39025	Clermont	4
		39027	Clinton	4
		39029	Columbiana	4
39031	Coshocton	4		

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\*--Cover Crop Termination Zones (Continued)

B County List (Continued)

FIPS State Code	State Name	FIPS County Code	County Name	Management Zone
39 (Continued)	Ohio	39033	Crawford	4
		39035	Cuyahoga	4
		39037	Darke	4
		39039	Defiance	4
		39041	Delaware	4
		39043	Erie	4
		39045	Fairfield	4
		39047	Fayette	4
		39049	Franklin	4
		39051	Fulton	4
		39053	Gallia	4
		39055	Geauga	4
		39057	Greene	4
		39059	Guernsey	4
		39061	Hamilton	4
		39063	Hancock	4
		39065	Hardin	4
		39067	Harrison	4
		39069	Henry	4
		39071	Highland	4
		39073	Hocking	4
		39075	Holmes	4
		39077	Huron	4
		39079	Jackson	4
		39081	Jefferson	4
		39083	Knox	4
		39085	Lake	4
		39087	Lawrence	4
		39089	Licking	4
		39091	Logan	4
		39093	Lorain	4
		39095	Lucas	4
		39097	Madison	4
39099	Mahoning	4		
39101	Marion	4		
39103	Medina	4		
39105	Meigs	4		
39107	Mercer	4		

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\*--Cover Crop Termination Zones (Continued)

B County List (Continued)

FIPS State Code	State Name	FIPS County Code	County Name	Management Zone
39 (Continued)	Ohio	39109	Miami	4
		39111	Monroe	4
		39113	Montgomery	4
		39115	Morgan	4
		39117	Morrow	4
		39119	Muskingum	4
		39121	Noble	4
		39123	Ottawa	4
		39125	Paulding	4
		39127	Perry	4
		39129	Pickaway	4
		39131	Pike	4
		39133	Portage	4
		39135	Preble	4
		39137	Putnam	4
		39139	Richland	4
		39141	Ross	4
		39143	Sandusky	4
		39145	Scioto	4
		39147	Seneca	4
		39149	Shelby	4
		39151	Stark	4
		39153	Summit	4
		39155	Trumbull	4
		39157	Tuscarawas	4
		39159	Union	4
		39161	Van Wert	4
		39163	Vinton	4
39165	Warren	4		
39167	Washington	4		
39169	Wayne	4		
39171	Williams	4		
39173	Wood	4		
39175	Wyandot	4		
40	Oklahoma	40001	Adair	4
		40003	Alfalfa	3
		40005	Atoka	4

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\*--Cover Crop Termination Zones (Continued)

B County List (Continued)

FIPS State Code	State Name	FIPS County Code	County Name	Management Zone
40 (Continued)	Oklahoma	40007	Beaver	2
		40009	Beckham	2
		40011	Blaine	3
		40013	Bryan	4
		40015	Caddo	3
		40017	Canadian	3
		40019	Carter	3
		40021	Cherokee	4
		40023	Choctaw	4
		40025	Cimarron	1
		40027	Cleveland	3
		40029	Coal	4
		40031	Comanche	3
		40033	Cotton	3
		40035	Craig	4
		40037	Creek	3
		40039	Custer	2
		40041	Delaware	4
		40043	Dewey	2
		40045	Ellis	2
		40047	Garfield	3
		40049	Garvin	3
		40051	Grady	3
		40053	Grant	3
		40055	Greer	2
		40057	Harmon	2
		40059	Harper	2
		40061	Haskell	4
		40063	Hughes	4
		40065	Jackson	2
		40067	Jefferson	3
		40069	Johnston	3
40071	Kay	3		
40073	Kingfisher	3		
40075	Kiowa	2		
40077	Latimer	4		
40079	Le Flore	4		

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\*--Cover Crop Termination Zones (Continued)

**B County List (Continued)**

<b>FIPS State Code</b>	<b>State Name</b>	<b>FIPS County Code</b>	<b>County Name</b>	<b>Management Zone</b>
40 (Continued)	Oklahoma	40081	Lincoln	3
		40083	Logan	3
		40085	Love	3
		40087	McClain	3
		40089	McCurtain	4
		40091	McIntosh	4
		40093	Major	3
		40095	Marshall	3
		40097	Mayes	4
		40099	Murray	3
		40101	Muskogee	4
		40103	Noble	3
		40105	Nowata	4
		40107	Okfuskee	4
		40109	Oklahoma	3
		40111	Okmulgee	4
		40113	Osage	4
		40115	Ottawa	4
		40117	Pawnee	4
		40119	Payne	3
		40121	Pittsburg	4
		40123	Pontotoc	3
		40125	Pottawatomie	3
		40127	Pushmataha	4
		40129	Roger Mills	2
		40131	Rogers	4
		40133	Seminole	4
		40135	Sequoyah	4
		40137	Stephens	3
		40139	Texas	1
		40141	Tillman	2
		40143	Tulsa	4
		40145	Wagoner	4
40147	Washington	4		
40149	Washita	2		
40151	Woods	2		
40153	Woodward	2		

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\*--Cover Crop Termination Zones (Continued)

B County List (Continued)

FIPS State Code	State Name	FIPS County Code	County Name	Management Zone
41	Oregon	41001	Baker	2
		41003	Benton	4
		41005	Clackamas	4
		41007	Clatsop	4
		41009	Columbia	4
		41011	Coos	1
		41013	Crook	2
		41015	Curry	1
		41017	Deschutes	2
		41019	Douglas	1
		41021	Gilliam	2
		41023	Grant	2
		41025	Harney	2
		41027	Hood River	4
		41029	Jackson	1
		41031	Jefferson	2
		41033	Josephine	1
		41035	Klamath	2
		41037	Lake	2
		41039	Lane	4
		41041	Lincoln	4
		41043	Linn	4
		41045	Malheur	1
		41047	Marion	4
		41049	Morrow	2
		41051	Multnomah	4
		41053	Polk	4
		41055	Sherman	2
		41057	Tillamook	4
		41059	Umatilla	2
		41061	Union	2
41063	Wallowa	2		
41065	Wasco	2		
41067	Washington	4		
41069	Wheeler	2		
41071	Yamhill	4		

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\*--Cover Crop Termination Zones (Continued)

B County List (Continued)

FIPS State Code	State Name	FIPS County Code	County Name	Management Zone
42	Pennsylvania	42001	Adams	4
		42003	Allegheny	4
		42005	Armstrong	4
		42007	Beaver	4
		42009	Bedford	4
		42011	Berks	4
		42013	Blair	4
		42015	Bradford	4
		42017	Bucks	4
		42019	Butler	4
		42021	Cambria	4
		42023	Cameron	4
		42025	Carbon	4
		42027	Centre	4
		42029	Chester	4
		42031	Clarion	4
		42033	Clearfield	4
		42035	Clinton	4
		42037	Columbia	4
		42039	Crawford	4
		42041	Cumberland	4
		42043	Dauphin	4
		42045	Delaware	4
		42047	Elk	4
		42049	Erie	4
		42051	Fayette	4
		42053	Forest	4
		42055	Franklin	4
		42057	Fulton	4
		42059	Greene	4
		42061	Huntingdon	4
		42063	Indiana	4
		42065	Jefferson	4
42067	Juniata	4		
42069	Lackawanna	4		
42071	Lancaster	4		
42073	Lawrence	4		

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\*--Cover Crop Termination Zones (Continued)

B County List (Continued)

FIPS State Code	State Name	FIPS County Code	County Name	Management Zone
42 (Continued)	Pennsylvania	42075	Lebanon	4
		42077	Lehigh	4
		42079	Luzerne	4
		42081	Lycoming	4
		42083	McKean	4
		42085	Mercer	4
		42087	Mifflin	4
		42089	Monroe	4
		42091	Montgomery	4
		42093	Montour	4
		42095	Northampton	4
		42097	Northumberland	4
		42099	Perry	4
		42101	Philadelphia	4
		42103	Pike	4
		42105	Potter	4
		42107	Schuylkill	4
		42109	Snyder	4
		42111	Somerset	4
		42113	Sullivan	4
		42115	Susquehanna	4
		42117	Tioga	4
		42119	Union	4
		42121	Venango	4
42123	Warren	4		
42125	Washington	4		
42127	Wayne	4		
42129	Westmoreland	4		
42131	Wyoming	4		
42133	York	4		
44	Rhode Island	44001	Bristol	4
		44003	Kent	4
		44005	Newport	4
		44007	Providence	4
		44009	Washington	4

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\*--Cover Crop Termination Zones (Continued)

B County List (Continued)

FIPS State Code	State Name	FIPS County Code	County Name	Management Zone
45	South Carolina	45001	Abbeville	4
		45003	Aiken	4
		45005	Allendale	4
		45007	Anderson	4
		45009	Bamberg	4
		45011	Barnwell	4
		45013	Beaufort	3
		45015	Berkeley	4
		45017	Calhoun	4
		45019	Charleston	4
		45021	Cherokee	4
		45023	Chester	4
		45025	Chesterfield	4
		45027	Clarendon	4
		45029	Colleton	4
		45031	Darlington	4
		45033	Dillon	4
		45035	Dorchester	4
		45037	Edgefield	4
		45039	Fairfield	4
		45041	Florence	4
		45043	Georgetown	4
		45045	Greenville	4
		45047	Greenwood	4
		45049	Hampton	4
		45051	Horry	4
		45053	Jasper	4
		45055	Kershaw	4
		45057	Lancaster	4
		45059	Laurens	4
45061	Lee	4		
45063	Lexington	4		
45065	McCormick	4		
45067	Marion	4		
45069	Marlboro	4		
45071	Newberry	4		
45073	Oconee	4		
45075	Orangeburg	4		

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\*--Cover Crop Termination Zones (Continued)

B County List (Continued)

FIPS State Code	State Name	FIPS County Code	County Name	Management Zone
45 (Continued)	South Carolina	45077	Pickens	4
		45079	Richland	4
		45081	Saluda	4
		45083	Spartanburg	4
		45085	Sumter	4
		45087	Union	4
		45089	Williamsburg	4
		45091	York	4
46	South Dakota	46003	Aurora	2
		46005	Beadle	2
		46007	Bennett	2
		46009	Bon Homme	2
		46011	Brookings	3
		46013	Brown	2
		46015	Brule	2
		46017	Buffalo	2
		46019	Butte	2
		46021	Campbell	2
		46023	Charles Mix	2
		46025	Clark	3
		46027	Clay	3
		46029	Codington	3
		46031	Corson	2
		46033	Custer	2
		46035	Davison	2
		46037	Day	3
		46039	Deuel	3
		46041	Dewey	2
		46043	Douglas	2
		46045	Edmunds	2
		46047	Fall River	2
		46049	Faulk	2
		46051	Grant	3
		46053	Gregory	2
		46055	Haakon	2
		46057	Hamlin	3
46059	Hand	2		
46061	Hanson	2		

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\*--Cover Crop Termination Zones (Continued)

B County List (Continued)

FIPS State Code	State Name	FIPS County Code	County Name	Management Zone
46 (Continued)	South Dakota	46063	Harding	2
		46065	Hughes	2
		46067	Hutchinson	2
		46069	Hyde	2
		46071	Jackson	2
		46073	Jerauld	2
		46075	Jones	2
		46077	Kingsbury	3
		46079	Lake	3
		46081	Lawrence	2
		46083	Lincoln	3
		46085	Lyman	2
		46087	McCook	3
		46089	McPherson	2
		46091	Marshall	3
		46093	Meade	2
		46095	Mellette	2
		46097	Miner	2
		46099	Minnehaha	3
		46101	Moody	3
		46103	Pennington	2
		46105	Perkins	2
		46107	Potter	2
		46109	Roberts	3
		46111	Sanborn	2
		46113	Shannon	2
		46115	Spink	2
		46117	Stanley	2
		46119	Sully	2
		46121	Todd	2
		46123	Tripp	2
		46125	Turner	3
		46127	Union	3
46129	Walworth	2		
46135	Yankton	3		
46137	Ziebach	2		

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\*--Cover Crop Termination Zones (Continued)

B County List (Continued)

FIPS State Code	State Name	FIPS County Code	County Name	Management Zone
47 (Continued)	Tennessee	47001	Anderson	4
		47003	Bedford	4
		47005	Benton	4
		47007	Bledsoe	4
		47009	Blount	4
		47011	Bradley	4
		47013	Campbell	4
		47015	Cannon	4
		47017	Carroll	4
		47019	Carter	4
		47021	Cheatham	4
		47023	Chester	4
		47025	Claiborne	4
		47027	Clay	4
		47029	Cocke	4
		47031	Coffee	4
		47033	Crockett	4
		47035	Cumberland	4
		47037	Davidson	4
		47039	Decatur	4
		47041	DeKalb	4
		47043	Dickson	4
		47045	Dyer	4
		47047	Fayette	4
		47049	Fentress	4
		47051	Franklin	4
		47053	Gibson	4
		47055	Giles	4
		47057	Grainger	4
		47059	Greene	4
		47061	Grundy	4
		47063	Hamblen	4
		47065	Hamilton	4
47067	Hancock	4		
47069	Hardeman	4		
47071	Hardin	4		
47073	Hawkins	4		
47075	Haywood	4		

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\*--Cover Crop Termination Zones (Continued)

B County List (Continued)

FIPS State Code	State Name	FIPS County Code	County Name	Management Zone
47 (Continued)	Tennessee	47077	Henderson	4
		47079	Henry	4
		47081	Hickman	4
		47083	Houston	4
		47085	Humphreys	4
		47087	Jackson	4
		47089	Jefferson	4
		47091	Johnson	4
		47093	Knox	4
		47095	Lake	4
		47097	Lauderdale	4
		47099	Lawrence	4
		47101	Lewis	4
		47103	Lincoln	4
		47105	Loudon	4
		47107	McMinn	4
		47109	McNairy	4
		47111	Macon	4
		47113	Madison	4
		47115	Marion	4
		47117	Marshall	4
		47119	Mauy	4
		47121	Meigs	4
		47123	Monroe	4
		47125	Montgomery	4
		47127	Moore	4
		47129	Morgan	4
		47131	Obion	4
		47133	Overton	4
		47135	Perry	4
47137	Pickett	4		
47139	Polk	4		
47141	Putnam	4		
47143	Rhea	4		
47145	Roane	4		
47147	Robertson	4		
47149	Rutherford	4		

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\*--Cover Crop Termination Zones (Continued)

B County List (Continued)

FIPS State Code	State Name	FIPS County Code	County Name	Management Zone
47 (Continued)	Tennessee	47151	Scott	4
		47153	Sequatchie	4
		47155	Sevier	4
		47157	Shelby	4
		47159	Smith	4
		47161	Stewart	4
		47163	Sullivan	4
		47165	Sumner	4
		47167	Tipton	4
		47169	Trousdale	4
		47171	Unicoi	4
		47173	Union	4
		47175	Van Buren	4
		47177	Warren	4
		47179	Washington	4
		47181	Wayne	4
		47183	Weakley	4
		47185	White	4
		47187	Williamson	4
47189	Wilson	4		
48	Texas	48001	Anderson	4
		48003	Andrews	1
		48005	Angelina	4
		48007	Aransas	3
		48009	Archer	2
		48011	Armstrong	2
		48013	Atascosa	2
		48015	Austin	3
		48017	Bailey	1
		48019	Bandera	3
		48021	Bastrop	3
		48023	Baylor	2
		48025	Bee	2
		48027	Bell	3
		48029	Bexar	2
		48031	Blanco	3
		48033	Borden	1
48035	Bosque	3		

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\*--Cover Crop Termination Zones (Continued)

B County List (Continued)

FIPS State Code	State Name	FIPS County Code	County Name	Management Zone
48 (Continued)	Texas	48037	Bowie	4
		48039	Brazoria	4
		48041	Brazos	3
		48043	Brewster	1
		48045	Briscoe	2
		48047	Brooks	1
		48049	Brown	2
		48051	Burleson	3
		48053	Burnet	2
		48055	Caldwell	2
		48057	Calhoun	3
		48059	Callahan	2
		48061	Cameron	2
		48063	Camp	4
		48065	Carson	2
		48067	Cass	4
		48069	Castro	2
		48071	Chambers	4
		48073	Cherokee	4
		48075	Childress	2
		48077	Clay	3
		48079	Cochran	1
		48081	Coke	2
		48083	Coleman	2
		48085	Collin	3
		48087	Collingsworth	2
		48089	Colorado	3
		48091	Comal	3
		48093	Comanche	3
		48095	Concho	2
		48097	Cooke	3
		48099	Coryell	3
		48101	Cottle	2
48103	Crane	1		
48105	Crockett	1		
48107	Crosby	2		
48109	Culberson	1		

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\*--Cover Crop Termination Zones (Continued)

B County List (Continued)

FIPS State Code	State Name	FIPS County Code	County Name	Management Zone
48 (Continued)	Texas	48111	Dallam	1
		48113	Dallas	3
		48115	Dawson	1
		48117	Deaf Smith	2
		48119	Delta	4
		48121	Denton	3
		48123	DeWitt	2
		48125	Dickens	2
		48127	Dimmit	1
		48129	Donley	2
		48131	Duval	1
		48133	Eastland	2
		48135	Ector	1
		48137	Edwards	2
		48139	Ellis	3
		48141	El Paso	1
		48143	Erath	3
		48145	Falls	3
		48147	Fannin	4
		48149	Fayette	3
		48151	Fisher	2
		48153	Floyd	2
		48155	Foard	2
		48157	Fort Bend	3
		48159	Franklin	4
		48161	Freestone	4
		48163	Frio	2
		48165	Gaines	1
		48167	Galveston	4
		48169	Garza	2
		48171	Gillespie	2
		48173	Glasscock	1
		48175	Goliad	2
48177	Gonzales	2		
48179	Gray	2		
48181	Grayson	4		
48183	Gregg	4		

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\*--Cover Crop Termination Zones (Continued)

B County List (Continued)

FIPS State Code	State Name	FIPS County Code	County Name	Management Zone
48 (Continued)	Texas	48185	Grimes	3
		48187	Guadalupe	2
		48189	Hale	2
		48191	Hall	2
		48193	Hamilton	3
		48195	Hansford	2
		48197	Hardeman	2
		48199	Hardin	4
		48201	Harris	4
		48203	Harrison	4
		48205	Hartley	1
		48207	Haskell	2
		48209	Hays	3
		48211	Hemphill	2
		48213	Henderson	3
		48215	Hidalgo	1
		48217	Hill	3
		48219	Hockley	2
		48221	Hood	3
		48223	Hopkins	4
		48225	Houston	4
		48227	Howard	1
		48229	Hudspeth	1
		48231	Hunt	4
		48233	Hutchinson	2
		48235	Irion	1
		48237	Jack	3
		48239	Jackson	3
		48241	Jasper	4
		48243	Jeff Davis	2
		48245	Jefferson	4
		48247	Jim Hogg	1
		48249	Jim Wells	2
48251	Johnson	3		
48253	Jones	2		
48255	Karnes	2		
48257	Kaufman	3		

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\*--Cover Crop Termination Zones (Continued)

B County List (Continued)

FIPS State Code	State Name	FIPS County Code	County Name	Management Zone
48 (Continued)	Texas	48259	Kendall	3
		48261	Kenedy	2
		48263	Kent	2
		48265	Kerr	2
		48267	Kimble	2
		48269	King	2
		48271	Kinney	2
		48273	Kleberg	2
		48275	Knox	2
		48277	Lamar	4
		48279	Lamb	1
		48281	Lampasas	2
		48283	La Salle	1
		48285	Lavaca	3
		48287	Lee	3
		48289	Leon	3
		48291	Liberty	4
		48293	Limestone	3
		48295	Lipscomb	2
		48297	Live Oak	2
		48299	Llano	2
		48301	Loving	1
		48303	Lubbock	1
		48305	Lynn	1
		48307	McCulloch	2
		48309	McLennan	3
		48311	McMullen	1
		48313	Madison	3
		48315	Marion	4
		48317	Martin	1
		48319	Mason	2
		48321	Matagorda	3
		48323	Maverick	1
48325	Medina	2		
48327	Menard	2		
48329	Midland	1		
48331	Milam	3		
48333	Mills	2		

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\*--Cover Crop Termination Zones (Continued)

B County List (Continued)

FIPS State Code	State Name	FIPS County Code	County Name	Management Zone
48 (Continued)	Texas	48335	Mitchell	1
		48337	Montague	3
		48339	Montgomery	4
		48341	Moore	1
		48343	Morris	4
		48345	Motley	2
		48347	Nacogdoches	4
		48349	Navarro	3
		48351	Newton	4
		48353	Nolan	2
		48355	Nueces	2
		48357	Ochiltree	2
		48359	Oldham	1
		48361	Orange	4
		48363	Palo Pinto	3
		48365	Panola	4
		48367	Parker	3
		48369	Parmer	2
		48371	Pecos	1
		48373	Polk	4
		48375	Potter	2
		48377	Presidio	1
		48379	Rains	4
		48381	Randall	2
		48383	Reagan	1
		48385	Real	2
		48387	Red River	4
		48389	Reeves	1
		48391	Refugio	2
		48393	Roberts	2
		48395	Robertson	3
		48397	Rockwall	3
		48399	Runnels	2
48401	Rusk	4		
48403	Sabine	4		
48405	San Augustine	4		
48407	San Jacinto	4		

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\*--Cover Crop Termination Zones (Continued)

B County List (Continued)

FIPS State Code	State Name	FIPS County Code	County Name	Management Zone
48 (Continued)	Texas	48409	San Patricio	2
		48411	San Saba	2
		48413	Schleicher	2
		48415	Scurry	2
		48417	Shackelford	2
		48419	Shelby	4
		48421	Sherman	1
		48423	Smith	4
		48425	Somervell	3
		48427	Starr	1
		48429	Stephens	2
		48431	Sterling	1
		48433	Stonewall	2
		48435	Sutton	2
		48437	Swisher	2
		48439	Tarrant	3
		48441	Taylor	2
		48443	Terrell	1
		48445	Terry	2
		48447	Throckmorton	2
		48449	Titus	4
		48451	Tom Green	2
		48453	Travis	3
		48455	Trinity	4
		48457	Tyler	4
		48459	Upshur	4
		48461	Upton	1
		48463	Uvalde	2
		48465	Val Verde	1
		48467	Van Zandt	4
		48469	Victoria	3
		48471	Walker	4
		48473	Waller	3
48475	Ward	1		
48477	Washington	3		
48479	Webb	1		
48481	Wharton	3		
48483	Wheeler	2		

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\*--Cover Crop Termination Zones (Continued)

B County List (Continued)

FIPS State Code	State Name	FIPS County Code	County Name	Management Zone
48 (Continued)	Texas	48485	Wichita	2
		48487	Wilbarger	2
		48489	Willacy	1
		48491	Williamson	3
		48493	Wilson	2
		48495	Winkler	1
		48497	Wise	3
		48499	Wood	4
		48501	Yoakum	1
		48503	Young	2
		48505	Zapata	1
		48507	Zavala	1
49	Utah	49001	Beaver	1
		49003	Box Elder	1
		49005	Cache	1
		49007	Carbon	1
		49009	Daggett	1
		49011	Davis	1
		49013	Duchesne	1
		49015	Emery	1
		49017	Garfield	1
		49019	Grand	1
		49021	Iron	1
		49023	Juab	1
		49025	Kane	1
		49027	Millard	1
		49029	Morgan	1
		49031	Piute	1
		49033	Rich	1
		49035	Salt Lake	1
		49037	San Juan	1
		49039	Sanpete	1
49041	Sevier	1		
49043	Summit	1		
49045	Tooele	1		
49047	Uintah	1		
49049	Utah	1		

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\*--Cover Crop Termination Zones (Continued)

B County List (Continued)

FIPS State Code	State Name	FIPS County Code	County Name	Management Zone
49 (Continued)	Utah	49051	Wasatch	1
		49053	Washington	1
		49055	Wayne	1
		49057	Weber	1
50	Vermont	50001	Addison	4
		50003	Bennington	4
		50005	Caledonia	4
		50007	Chittenden	4
		50009	Essex	4
		50011	Franklin	4
		50013	Grand Isle	4
		50015	Lamoille	4
		50017	Orange	4
		50019	Orleans	4
		50021	Rutland	4
		50023	Washington	4
		50025	Windham	4
		50027	Windsor	4
51	Virginia	51001	Accomack	4
		51003	Albemarle	4
		51005	Alleghany	4
		51007	Amelia	4
		51009	Amherst	4
		51011	Appomattox	4
		51013	Arlington	4
		51015	Augusta	4
		51017	Bath	4
		51019	Bedford	4
		51021	Bland	4
		51023	Botetourt	4
		51025	Brunswick	4
		51027	Buchanan	4
		51029	Buckingham	4
		51031	Campbell	4
		51033	Caroline	4
51035	Carroll	4		
51036	Charles City	4		
51037	Charlotte	4		

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\*--Cover Crop Termination Zones (Continued)

B County List (Continued)

FIPS State Code	State Name	FIPS County Code	County Name	Management Zone
51 (Continued)	Virginia	51041	Chesterfield	4
		51043	Clarke	4
		51045	Craig	4
		51047	Culpeper	4
		51049	Cumberland	4
		51051	Dickenson	4
		51053	Dinwiddie	4
		51057	Essex	4
		51059	Fairfax	4
		51061	Fauquier	4
		51063	Floyd	4
		51065	Fluvanna	4
		51067	Franklin	4
		51069	Frederick	4
		51071	Giles	4
		51073	Gloucester	4
		51075	Goochland	4
		51077	Grayson	4
		51079	Greene	4
		51081	Greensville	4
		51083	Halifax	4
		51085	Hanover	4
		51087	Henrico	4
		51089	Henry	4
		51091	Highland	4
		51093	Isle of Wight	4
		51095	James City	4
		51097	King and Queen	4
		51099	King George	4
		51101	King William	4
51103	Lancaster	4		
51105	Lee	4		
51107	Loudoun	4		
51109	Louisa	4		
51111	Lunenburg	4		
51113	Madison	4		
51115	Mathews	4		
51117	Mecklenburg	4		

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\*--Cover Crop Termination Zones (Continued)

B County List (Continued)

FIPS State Code	State Name	FIPS County Code	County Name	Management Zone
51 (Continued)	Virginia	51119	Middlesex	4
		51121	Montgomery	4
		51125	Nelson	4
		51127	New Kent	4
		51131	Northampton	4
		51133	Northumberland	4
		51135	Nottoway	4
		51137	Orange	4
		51139	Page	4
		51141	Patrick	4
		51143	Pittsylvania	4
		51145	Powhatan	4
		51147	Prince Edward	4
		51149	Prince George	4
		51153	Prince William	4
		51155	Pulaski	4
		51157	Rappahannock	4
		51159	Richmond	4
		51161	Roanoke	4
		51163	Rockbridge	4
		51165	Rockingham	4
		51167	Russell	4
		51169	Scott	4
		51171	Shenandoah	4
		51173	Smyth	4
		51175	Southampton	4
		51177	Spotsylvania	4
		51179	Stafford	4
		51181	Surry	4
		51183	Sussex	4
51185	Tazewell	4		
51187	Warren	4		
51191	Washington	4		
51193	Westmoreland	4		
51195	Wise	4		
51197	Wythe	4		
51199	York	4		
51510	Alexandria	4		

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\*--Cover Crop Termination Zones (Continued)

B County List (Continued)

FIPS State Code	State Name	FIPS County Code	County Name	Management Zone
51 (Continued)	Virginia	51515	Bedford City	4
		51520	Bristol	4
		51530	Buena Vista	4
		51540	Charlottesville	4
		51550	Chesapeake	4
		51570	Colonial Heights	4
		51580	Covington	4
		51590	Danville	4
		51595	Emporia	4
		51600	Fairfax City	4
		51610	Falls Church	4
		51620	Franklin City	4
		51630	Fredericksburg	4
		51640	Galax	4
		51650	Hampton	4
		51660	Harrisonburg	4
		51670	Hopewell	4
		51678	Lexington	4
		51680	Lynchburg	4
		51683	Manassas	4
		51685	Manassas Park	4
		51690	Martinsville	4
		51700	Newport News	4
		51710	Norfolk	4
		51720	Norton	4
		51730	Petersburg	4
		51735	Poquoson	4
		51740	Portsmouth	4
		51750	Radford	4
		51760	Richmond City	4
		51770	Roanoke City	4
		51775	Salem	4
51790	Staunton	4		
51800	Suffolk	4		
51810	Virginia Beach	4		
51820	Waynesboro	4		
51830	Williamsburg	4		
51840	Winchester	4		

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\*--Cover Crop Termination Zones (Continued)

B County List (Continued)

FIPS State Code	State Name	FIPS County Code	County Name	Management Zone
53	Washington	53001	Adams	1
		53003	Asotin	2
		53005	Benton	1
		53007	Chelan	1
		53009	Clallam	4
		53011	Clark	4
		53013	Columbia	3
		53015	Cowlitz	4
		53017	Douglas	1
		53019	Ferry	3
		53021	Franklin	1
		53023	Garfield	2
		53025	Grant	1
		53027	Grays Harbor	4
		53029	Island	2
		53031	Jefferson	4
		53033	King	4
		53035	Kitsap	4
		53037	Kittitas	1
		53039	Klickitat	1
		53041	Lewis	4
		53043	Lincoln	1
		53045	Mason	4
		53047	Okanogan	1
		53049	Pacific	4
		53051	Pend Oreille	3
		53053	Pierce	4
		53055	San Juan	4
		53057	Skagit	4
		53059	Skamania	4
		53061	Snohomish	4
		53063	Spokane	1
		53065	Stevens	3
53067	Thurston	4		
53069	Wahkiakum	4		
53071	Walla Walla	2		
53073	Whatcom	4		
53075	Whitman	2		
53077	Yakima	1		

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\*--Cover Crop Termination Zones (Continued)

B County List (Continued)

FIPS State Code	State Name	FIPS County Code	County Name	Management Zone
54	West Virginia	54001	Barbour	4
		54003	Berkeley	4
		54005	Boone	4
		54007	Braxton	4
		54009	Brooke	4
		54011	Cabell	4
		54013	Calhoun	4
		54015	Clay	4
		54017	Doddridge	4
		54019	Fayette	4
		54021	Gilmer	4
		54023	Grant	4
		54025	Greenbrier	4
		54027	Hampshire	4
		54029	Hancock	4
		54031	Hardy	4
		54033	Harrison	4
		54035	Jackson	4
		54037	Jefferson	4
		54039	Kanawha	4
		54041	Lewis	4
		54043	Lincoln	4
		54045	Logan	4
		54047	McDowell	4
		54049	Marion	4
		54051	Marshall	4
		54053	Mason	4
		54055	Mercer	4
		54057	Mineral	4
		54059	Mingo	4
54061	Monongalia	4		
54063	Monroe	4		
54065	Morgan	4		
54067	Nicholas	4		
54069	Ohio	4		
54071	Pendleton	4		
54073	Pleasants	4		
54075	Pocahontas	4		

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\*--Cover Crop Termination Zones (Continued)

B County List (Continued)

FIPS State Code	State Name	FIPS County Code	County Name	Management Zone
54 (Continued)	West Virginia	54077	Preston	4
		54079	Putnam	4
		54081	Raleigh	4
		54083	Randolph	4
		54085	Ritchie	4
		54087	Roane	4
		54089	Summers	4
		54091	Taylor	4
		54093	Tucker	4
		54095	Tyler	4
		54097	Upshur	4
		54099	Wayne	4
		54101	Webster	4
		54103	Wetzel	4
		54105	Wirt	4
54107	Wood	4		
54109	Wyoming	4		
55	Wisconsin	55001	Adams	4
		55003	Ashland	4
		55005	Barron	4
		55007	Bayfield	4
		55009	Brown	4
		55011	Buffalo	4
		55013	Burnett	4
		55015	Calumet	4
		55017	Chippewa	4
		55019	Clark	4
		55021	Columbia	4
		55023	Crawford	4
		55025	Dane	4
		55027	Dodge	4
		55029	Door	4
		55031	Douglas	4
		55033	Dunn	4
55035	Eau Claire	4		
55037	Florence	4		
55039	Fond du Lac	4		
55041	Forest	4		

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\*--Cover Crop Termination Zones (Continued)

B County List (Continued)

FIPS State Code	State Name	FIPS County Code	County Name	Management Zone
55 (Continued)	Wisconsin	55043	Grant	4
		55045	Green	4
		55047	Green Lake	4
		55049	Iowa	4
		55051	Iron	4
		55053	Jackson	4
		55055	Jefferson	4
		55057	Juneau	4
		55059	Kenosha	4
		55061	Kewaunee	4
		55063	La Crosse	4
		55065	Lafayette	4
		55067	Langlade	4
		55069	Lincoln	4
		55071	Manitowoc	4
		55073	Marathon	4
		55075	Marinette	4
		55077	Marquette	4
		55078	Menominee	4
		55079	Milwaukee	4
		55081	Monroe	4
		55083	Oconto	4
		55085	Oneida	4
		55087	Outagamie	4
		55089	Ozaukee	4
		55091	Pepin	4
		55093	Pierce	4
		55095	Polk	4
		55097	Portage	4
		55099	Price	4
55101	Racine	4		
55103	Richland	4		
55105	Rock	4		
55107	Rusk	4		
55109	St. Croix	4		
55111	Sauk	4		
55113	Sawyer	4		

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\*--Cover Crop Termination Zones (Continued)

B County List (Continued)

FIPS State Code	State Name	FIPS County Code	County Name	Management Zone
55 (Continued)	Wisconsin	55115	Shawano	4
		55117	Sheboygan	4
		55119	Taylor	4
		55121	Trempealeau	4
		55123	Vernon	4
		55125	Vilas	4
		55127	Walworth	4
		55129	Washburn	4
		55131	Washington	4
		55133	Waukesha	4
		55135	Waupaca	4
		55137	Waushara	4
		55139	Winnebago	4
		55141	Wood	4
56	Wyoming	56001	Albany	2
		56003	Big Horn	1
		56005	Campbell	2
		56007	Carbon	1
		56009	Converse	1
		56011	Crook	2
		56013	Fremont	1
		56015	Goshen	2
		56017	Hot Springs	1
		56019	Johnson	1
		56021	Laramie	2
		56023	Lincoln	4
		56025	Natrona	1
		56027	Niobrara	2
		56029	Park	2
		56031	Platte	2
		56033	Sheridan	2
		56035	Sublette	2
		56037	Sweetwater	1
		56039	Teton	4
56041	Uinta	1		
56043	Washakie	1		
56045	Weston	2		

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**\*--Completing CCC-576 for Prevented Planting and Failed Acreage Claims--\***

**A Instructions for Completing CCC-576 by County Office**

The following provides instructions on how County Offices shall complete CCC-576 for the  
\*--purpose of prevented planting or yield loss because of natural disaster.

<b>Item</b>	<b>Instructions</b>
<b>Part A- General Information (To be completed by the County Office.)</b>	
1	Enter County Office name, address, and phone number.
2	Enter crop year.
3	Enter State and administrative county code.
4	Enter date received.
5	Enter name and address of the producer who is providing the notice of loss for the unit.

**B Instructions for Completing CCC-576 by Producer**

The following provides instructions on how producers shall complete CCC-576 for the purpose  
of natural disaster.

A separate CCC-576, Part B shall be filed for each:

- crop and type within the pay crop and pay type grouping recorded for each natural disaster, **except** multiple disasters that occur concurrently
- each planting period for crops with multiple planting periods.

<b>Item</b>	<b>Instructions</b>
<b>Part B (To be completed by Producer)</b>	
6A	Enter disaster event that prevented planting, such as tornado, hurricane, drought, flood, disease, aflatoxin, virus, insect infestation, etc.
6B	Enter beginning date of the disaster event listed in item 6A.
6C	Enter ending date of the disaster event listed in item 6A.
6D	Enter date when damage or loss became apparent.

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\*--Completing CCC-576 for Prevented Planting and Failed Acreage Claims (Continued)--\*

**B Instructions for Completing CCC-576 by Producer (Continued)**

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Item	Instructions
7A	Enter the 4 or 5 alpha-character crop abbreviation from Exhibit 10.5.  <b>Example:</b> The alpha crop abbreviation for cabbage is, "CABAG".
7B	Enter the 3 alpha-character crop type abbreviation from Exhibit 10.5.  <b>Example:</b> A valid alpha crop type abbreviation for cabbage is, "NAP (Napa)".
7C	Enter the 2 alpha-character intended use code from Exhibit 10.5.  <b>Example:</b> A valid alpha intended use code for cabbage is "FH (Fresh)".
7D	Enter the 2 alpha-character practice code.  <b>Example:</b> A valid alpha practice code is "NI (Non-irrigated)".
7E	If applicable, enter the numeric planting period.
7F	Check (✓) "Yes" or "No" to indicate whether there is an agreement or contract for payment.
	<b>Note:</b> If a subsequent disaster event occurs on the same acreage, crop, type, and variety, the producer <b>must</b> complete a separate CCC-576, Part B and attach it to the original filed CCC-576.
8A	Enter farm number of intended, but prevented from planting acreage.
8B	Enter NAP unit number. <b>For NAP crops only.</b>
8C	Enter total acreage of the crop that the producer intended to plant, but was prevented from planting.
8D, 8E and 8F	COC shall complete.
8G1 and 8G2	For intended but prevented acreage entered in 8C, provide evidence of purchase, deliver and/or arrangement for seed, chemicals, fertilizer, and land preparation measures for acreage affected.  <b>Note:</b> COC may require attachment of expense receipts to verify preparation measures. Retain copies of expense receipts only; return originals to the producer. This information <b>must</b> be recorded in COC minutes.
8H	Check (✓) "Yes" or "No" to indicate if any of the prevented planted acreage will be replanted.

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**\*--Completing CCC-576 for Prevented Planting and Failed Acreage Claims (Continued)--\***

**B Instructions for Completing CCC-576 by Producer (Continued)**

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Item	Instructions
9A	Enter farm number of disaster affected planted acreage.
9B	Enter NAP unit number. <b>For NAP crops only.</b>
9C	Enter total acreage of the crop that the producer planted that was affected by disaster.
9D, 9E, and 9F	COC shall complete.
10	Explain cultivation practices for intended crop on affected planted crop acreage.
11	Describe what will be done with the affected planted crop acreage (include dates), that is, will it be replanted to another crop or not planted.
12	Describe what will be done with the affected crop acreage (include dates), that is, will it be planted to another crop or not planted.
13	Check (✓) “Yes” or “No” to indicate if an independent assessment will be completed for grazed acres.
14A, 14B, and 14C	Producer shall sign and date, certifying to accuracy of all information provided, and acknowledgement of receipt of photocopy of the notice of loss to be maintained by producer as evidence of filing.  <b>Note:</b> If not signed and dated by the producer, Part B is considered <b>not</b> filed.

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**C Instructions for Completing CCC-576 by COC**

The following table provides instructions for COC on completing CCC-576.

Item	Instructions
<b>Part C - COC Approval or Disapproval of Loss</b>	
<b>Note:</b> This part shall be completed by COC or delegate representative based on criteria in paragraph 23.	
***	***
*--15A and 15B	Enter applicable signature, and date.--*  <b>Note:</b> If prevented planting acreage is approved, COC may record in the minutes, supporting documentation provided by the producer for which the determination was made according to subparagraph 24 M.

\*--Completing CCC-576 for Prevented Planting and Failed Acreage Claims (Continued)--\*

C Example of CCC-576

The following is an example of CCC-576.

\*--

This form is available electronically.		Form Approved – OMB No. 0560-0175	
<b>CCC-576</b> (07-25-12)		U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE Commodity Credit Corporation	
<b>NOTICE OF LOSS AND APPLICATION FOR                  PAYMENT NONINSURED CROP DISASTER                  ASSISTANCE PROGRAM FOR                  2013 AND SUBSEQUENT YEARS</b>		<b>PART A – GENERAL INFORMATION (To be completed by County Office)</b>	
		1. County FSA Office Name and Address (Including Zip Code) Your County FSA Office 123 Our Street Everytown, USA 12345-4567	2. Crop Year 2015
(See Page 2 for Privacy Act and Paperwork Reduction Act Statements.)		3. State and County Code	4. Date Received by County FSA Office (MM-DD-YYYY) 06-15-XXXX
		5. Producer's Name and Address (Including Zip Code) John and Jane Doe My Lane Any Place, USA 12345-0789	
<b>PART B – NOTICE OF LOSS (To be completed by Producer)</b>			
<b>6. Disaster Event</b>			
A. What disaster event(s) caused loss? Flood	B. Beginning date of disaster (MM-DD-YYYY) 05-21-XXXX	D. When was loss apparent? (MM-DD-YYYY)	
	C. Ending date of disaster (MM-DD-YYYY) 05-28-XXXX		
<b>7. Crop</b>			
A. Crop Name Cabbage	B. Crop Type NAP	C. Intended Use FH	D. Practice NI
E. Planting Period 1			
F. For the crop type entered in Item 7B, was there any agreement or contract for payment for growing the crop, as opposed to delivery of production? <input type="checkbox"/> YES <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> NO If "YES," provide a copy of such Agreement, contract, or a written narrative explanation of agreement.			
<b>8. Intended, but Prevented Planted Acres</b>			
A. Farm Number 2058	B. NAP Unit Number 256	C. Intended, but Prevented Planted Acreage 25.0	<b>COC Use Only</b> D. Approved Acreage E. Approved F. Disapproved
G. For the intended, but prevented acreage in Item 8C, complete the following entries: (1) Purchased, Delivery, or Arranged for: <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> YES <input type="checkbox"/> NO (2) If "YES", in Item G(1), explain and attach copies (a) Seed, Chemical, and Fertilizer X See attached copy for documentation. (b) Land Preparation Measures X See 10 below.			
H. Part or all of the intended, but prevented crop acreage has been or will be replanted to another crop? <input type="checkbox"/> YES <input type="checkbox"/> NO If "YES", provide details:			
<b>9. Disaster Affected Planted Acres</b>			
A. Farm Number 2058	B. NAP Unit Number 256	C. Disaster Affected Planted Acreage 40.0	D. Total Planted Acreage 40.0
<b>COC Use Only</b> E. Approved Acreage F. Approved G. Disapproved			
10. What cultivation practices have been and will be employed on damaged crop acreage (e.g., fertilizer, seeding, irrigation, pesticide and herbicide applications; before and after date of damage)? (See attached for details) Acreage prepared for seed on April 30.			
11. Has any of the disaster affected planted crop acreage been destroyed, or replanted, or put to another use? (If "YES", See attached) <input type="checkbox"/> YES <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> NO			
12. Has, or will all of disaster affected planted crop acreage in Item 9C above be harvested for the intended use in Item 7C? <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> YES <input type="checkbox"/> NO			
NOTE: "If "NO," you must request an appraisal of any planted acreage that will not be harvested for the intended use in Item 7C. You must not destroy or put acreage to another use before written consent is given by an authorized CCC or FCIC loss adjuster for such destruction or other use." Failure to do so will result in loss of program assistance.			
13. Will independent assessment be used on all grazed acreage for the crop in Item 7A? <input type="checkbox"/> YES <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> NO			
<b>14. Producer certifies that all information in Part B is correct and acknowledges receipt of copy of this form.</b>			
A. Producer's Signature (BY)		B. Title/Relationship (Individual Signing in the Representative Capacity)	C. Date (MM-DD-YYYY)
<b>PART C – COC APPROVAL OR DISAPPROVAL OF LOSS</b>			
15. COC must approve or disapprove for applicable intended, but prevented planted and or disaster affected planted acres as indicated above.			
A. COC Signature			C. Date (MM-DD-YYYY)

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\*--Completing CCC-576 for Prevented Planting and Failed Acreage Claims (Continued)

C Example of CCC-576 (Continued)

<b>CCC-576 (07-25-12)</b>												Page 2	
16. Producer's Name			17. Crop Year			18. Unit No.		19. Pay Crop		20. Pay Type		21. Planting Period	
<b>PART D – APPRAISAL OR REPORT OF PRODUCTION (To be completed by FSA Representative)</b>													
												COC Use Only	
22. Crop Type	23. Crushing District	24. Producer Share(s)	25. Acres/Colonies/Taps	26. Practice	27. Stage	28. Actual Production	29. Intended Use	30. Final Use	31. Secondary Use or Salvage Value	32. Production Not to Count	33A. Assigned or Adjusted Production	33B. Secondary Use or Salvage Value	
<b>PART E – VALUE LOSS CROPS (To be completed by FSA Representative)</b>													
34. Crop Type	35. Producer Share(s)	36. Beginning Inventory or Dollar Value		37. Inventory or Dollar Value After Disaster		38. Ineligible Inventory or Dollar Value		39. Salvage Value					
40. Remarks (Any other pertinent information, e.g., Secondary Use, Salvage Value, etc.):													
<b>PART F – GRAZING "AND" LOSS CALCULATIONS</b>													
41. Crop Type	42. Producer Share(s)	43. Acres	44. Practice	45. Unseeded Land		46. Stage	47. Carrying Capacity	48. Grazing Period	COC Use Only			51. AUD Assigned	
				Federal	State				49. AUD Adjustment Factor	50. AUD Loss Factor			
<b>PART G – CERTIFICATION AND APPLICATION FOR PAYMENT</b>													
<p><b>THIS PORTION MUST BE COMPLETED PRIOR TO PAYMENT. Attach Appraisal Worksheet, actual production evidence, CCC-576-1, and, if applicable FCI-6, Statement of Facts. Do not use appraisal when harvested production is available. If destroyed prior to appraisal, crop acreage is ineligible.</b></p> <p>The undersigned producers apply for NAP payment on the unit identified in Item 2 in accordance with 7 CFR Part 1437. The producers signing certify that all the information provided is true and correct, and, the production is accurately identified to the unit, share relationship, pay crop, pay type, and year shown. I understand this report may be spot-checked and failure to certify accurately may result in a loss of program benefits. Additionally, I direct the purchaser, warehouse operator, ginner, or any person who otherwise, stores or purchases crop production listed on this form to disclose the production records of such crops to USDA representatives for the purpose of verification. The producer has not chosen or received another USDA benefit that is subject to the multiple benefit exclusion (7 CFR Part 1437.12).</p>													
52A. Producer's Signature				52B. Title/Relationship (Individual Signing in the Representative Capacity)				52C. Date Signed (MM-DD-YYYY)					
53A. LA or FSA Representative Signature (Final)								53B. Date Signed (MM-DD-YYYY)		53C. LA Code No.			
<b>PART H – COC APPROVAL OR DISAPPROVAL OF APPLICATION FOR NAP PAYMENT</b>													
54A. COC Action				54B. COC Signature				54C. Date (MM-DD-YYYY)					
APPROVED <input type="checkbox"/>				DISAPPROVED <input type="checkbox"/>									
<p><b>NOTE:</b> The following statement is made in accordance with the Privacy Act of 1974 (5 USC 552a – as amended). The authority for requesting the information identified on this form is 7 CFR Part 1437, the Commodity Credit Corporation Charter Act (15 U.S.C. 714 et seq.), the Agricultural Market Transition Act (7 U.S.C. 7333), and the Food, Conservation, and Energy Act of 2008 (Pub. L. 110-246). The information will be used to record/certify the occurrence of crop damage or loss and to make an application for payment under the Noninsured Crop Disaster Assistance Program. The information collected on this form may be disclosed to other Federal, State, Local government agencies, Tribal agencies, and nongovernmental entities that have been authorized access to the information by statute or regulation and/or as described in applicable Routine Uses identified in the System of Records Notice for USDA/FSA-2, Farm Records File (Automated). Providing the requested information is voluntary. However, failure to furnish the requested information will result in a determination of ineligibility to record/certify the occurrence of crop damage or loss and to make an application for payment under the Noninsured Crop Disaster Assistance Program.</p> <p>According to the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995, an agency may not conduct or sponsor, and a person is not required to respond to, a collection of information unless it displays a valid OMB control number. The valid OMB control number for this information collection is 0560-0175. The time required to complete this information collection is estimated to average 1 hour and 20 minutes per response, including the time for reviewing instructions, searching existing data sources gathering and maintaining the data needed, and completing and reviewing the collection of information.</p> <p>The provisions of criminal, civil, and privacy statutes may be applicable to the information provided. <b>RETURN THIS COMPLETE FORM TO YOUR COUNTY FSA OFFICE.</b></p> <p>The U.S. Department of Agriculture (USDA) prohibits discrimination in all of its programs and activities on the basis of race, color, national origin, age, disability, and where applicable, sex, marital status, familial status, religion, sexual orientation, political beliefs, genetic information, reprisal, or because all or part of an individual's income is derived from any public assistance program. (Not all prohibited bases apply to all programs.) Persons with disabilities who require alternative means for communication of program information (Braille, large print, audiotape, etc.) should contact USDA's TARGET Center at (202) 720-2600 (voice and TDD). To file a complaint of discrimination, write to USDA, Assistant Secretary for Civil Rights, Office of the Assistant Secretary for Civil Rights, 1400 Independence Avenue, S.W., Stop 9410, Washington, DC 20250-9410, or call toll-free at (866) 632-9992 (English) or (800) 877-8339 (TDD) or (866) 377-8642 (English Federal-relay) or (800) 845-6136 (Spanish Federal-relay). USDA is an equal opportunity provider and employer.</p>													

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**2003 and Subsequent Year Crops Reported on FSA-578**

The following lists the crop names, crop codes, abbreviations, intended uses, and land uses for crops \*--and commodities reported on FSA-578.

**Notes:** Except for sorghum, crops historically reported with intended uses of “Silage” (SG), “Haying” (HY), “Green Chop” (GC), or “Haylage” (HG) shall now be reported with an intended use of “FG”.

Hybrid seed shall be reported as the intended use of “Seed” (SD) associated to the applicable crop.

When a small grain crop is planted and had 2 intended uses of grain and grazing, the intended use of Grain/Grazing (GS) shall be used.

In SAP/CRM, crop and type combinations will be represented as a single “product”.

**Example:** Apple, Common and Apple, Specialty are 2 different products found within Product Master. Also, the FSA crop and type codes will be included in Product Master as “CVS crop and type”, such as “0054-COM” and “0054-SPC”.

**Note:** For 2017 and subsequent years, the “cover only” (CO) intended use was replaced with “cover crop”.--\*

Crop Name	Crop Code	Crop Abbr	Type Name	Type Code	Intended Use	Land Use
Acerola (Barbados Cherry)	0172	AZARL			FH	F
Alfalfa	0027	ALFAL			CO, FG, GZ, LS, SD	
Algae	3003	ALGAE	Ogo (Red)	OGO	FH, PR	
Almonds	0028	ALMND			Blank	F
Aloe Vera	9032	ALOEV			SD or blank	
Amaranth Grain	0516	AMAGR			GR	
Ambrosia	0520	AMBRO			PR	
Antidesma	1165	ANTID			FH	F
Apples	0054	APPLE	Common	COM	FH, JU, PR, RS, LS	F
			Specialty	SPC	FH, JU, PR, RS	F
*--Note: The type “SPC - Specialty” includes, but may not be limited to: Ambrosia, Aurora Golden Gala, Braeburn, Cameo, Cortland, Crispin, Empire, Fuji, Gala, Golden Supreme, Honeycrisp, Jazz, Jonagold, Macoun, McIntosh, Ozark Gold, Pink Lady (Cripps Pink), Red Rome, Sommerfeld, SweeTango/Minneiska. All other types are considered “COM - Common”.--*						
Apricots	0326	APRCT			FH, PR, RS	F
Aronia (Chokeberry)	0143	ARONI			FH, JU, PR	F
Artichokes	0458	ARTIC			FH, PR, SD	F
Arundo	1305	ADONX			PR	
Asparagus	0104	ASPRG			FH, PR, RS, SD	F

2003 and Subsequent Year Crops Reported on FSA-578 (Continued)

Crop Name	Crop Code	Crop Abbr	Type Name	Type Code	Intended Use	Land Use
Atemoya (Custard Apple)	0997	ATMYA			FH, PR	F
Avocados	0106	AVOCD			FH, PR	F
Bamboo Shoots	0111	BAMBO			FH, PR	F
Bananas	0173	BANAN	Baby	BAB	FH, LV, PR	F
			Bluefield	BFB	FH, LV, PR	F
			Brazilian	BRZ	FH, LV, PR	F
			Cavendish	CVB	FH, LV, PR	F
			Johnson	JON	FH, LV, PR	F
			Thai	THA	FH, LV, PR	F
Barley	0091	BARLY	***	***	***	
			Spring Barley	SPR	*** FG, GM, GR, GS, GZ, LS, SD	
			***	***	***	
			Winter Barley	WTR	*** FG, GM, GR, GS, GZ, LS, SD	
Beans (exempt from FAV)	0047	BEANS	Adzuki	ADZ	DE, SD	
			Castor	CAS	DE, SD	
			Lupine	LUP	DE, SD	
			Mung	MUN	DE, FG, SD	
Beans	0047	BEANS	Anasazi	ANA	FG, GM	
			Anasazi	ANA	DE, FH, PR, SD	F
			Baby Lima	BBL	FG, GM	
			Baby Lima	BBL	DE, FH, PR, SD	F
			Black Turtle	BTU	FG, GM	
			Black Turtle	BTU	DE, FH, PR, SD	F
			Butter	BUT	FG, GM	
			Butter	BUT	DE, FH, PR, SD	F
			Canario - Yellow	CAN	FG, GM	
			Canario - Yellow	CAN	DE, FH, PR, SD	F
			Chinese String	CHI	FG, GM	
			Chinese String	CHI	DE, FH, PR, SD	F
			Cranberry	CRA	FG, GM	
			Cranberry	CRA	DE, FH, PR, SD	F
			Dark Red Kidney	DRK	FG, GM	
			Dark Red Kidney	DRK	DE, FH, PR, SD	F
			Fava	FAV	FG, GM	
			Fava	FAV	DE, FH, PR, SD	F
			Flat Small White	FSW	FG, GM	
			Flat Small White	FSW	DE, FH, PR, SD	F
Garbanzo, Small Desi (Chickpeas)	GAD	DE, FG, FH, GM, PR, SD				

2003 and Subsequent Year Crops Reported on FSA-578 (Continued)

Crop Name	Crop Code	Crop Abbr	Type Name	Type Code	Intended Use	Land Use
Beans (Continued)	0047	BEANS	Garbanzo, Small Kabuli (Chickpeas)	GAS	DE, FG, FH, GM, PR, SD	
			Garbanzo, Large Kabuli (Chickpeas)	GAR	DE, FG, FH, GM, PR, SD	
			Great Northern	GTN	FG, GM	
			Great Northern	GTN	DE, FH, PR, SD	F
			Green	GRN	FG, GM	
			Green	GRN	DE, FH, PR, SD	F
			Green Baby French	GBF	FG, GM	
			Green Baby French	GBF	DE, FH, PR, SD	F
			Jacobs Cattle	JAC	FG, GM	
			Jacobs Cattle	JAC	DE, FH, PR, SD	F
			Kentucky Blue	KEB	FG, GM	
			Kentucky Blue	KEB	DE, FH, PR, SD	F
			Kintoki	KIN	FG, GM	
			Kintoki	KIN	DE, FH, PR, SD	F
			Large Lima	LGL	FG, GM	
			Large Lima	LGL	DE, FH, PR, SD	F
			Light Red Kidney	LRK	FG, GM	
			Light Red Kidney	LRK	DE, FH, PR, SD	F
			Long	LON	FG, GM	
			Long	LON	DE, FH, PR, SD	F
			Marrow	MRW	FG, GM	
			Marrow	MRW	DE, FH, PR, SD	F
			Mayocoba	MYC	FG, GM	
			Mayocoba	MYC	DE, FH, PR, SD	F
			Myothe	MYO	FG, GM	
			Myothe	MYO	DE, FH, PR, SD	F
			October	OCT	FG, GM	
			October	OCT	DE, FH, PR, SD	F
			Papdai Valor	PAP	FG, GM	
			Papdai Valor	PAP	DE, FH, PR, SD	F
			Pea	PEA	FG, GM	
			Pea	PEA	DE, FH, PR, SD	F
			Pink	PNK	FG, GM	
			Pink	PNK	DE, FH, PR, SD	F
			Pinto	PNT	FG, GM	
			Pinto	PNT	DE, FH, PR, SD	F
			Pole	PLE	FG, GM	
			Pole	PLE	DE, FH, PR, SD	F
			Pole Columbus	PLC	FG, GM	
			Pole Columbus	PLC	DE, FH, PR, SD	F
Roma	ROM	FG, GM				
Roma	ROM	DE, FH, PR, SD	F			

2003 and Subsequent Year Crops Reported on FSA-578 (Continued)

Crop Name	Crop Code	Crop Abbr	Type Name	Type Code	Intended Use	Land Use
Beans (Continued)	0047	BEANS	Shelli	SHL	FG, GM	
			Shelli	SHL	DE, FH, PR, SD	F
			Small Red	SMR	FG, GM	
			Small Red	SMR	DE, FH, PR, SD	F
			Small White	SMW	FG, GM	
			Small White	SMW	DE, FH, PR, SD	F
			Snap Wax	WAX	FG, GM	
			Snap Wax	WAX	DE, FH, PR, SD	F
			Soldier	SOL	FG, GM	
			Soldier	SOL	DE, FH, PR, SD	F
			Sulfur	SUL	FG, GM	
			Sulfur	SUL	DE, FH, PR, SD	F
			Tebo	TEB	FG, GM	
			Tebo	TEB	DE, FH, PR, SD	F
			Tiger Eye Kidney	TIG	FG, GM	
			Tiger Eye Kidney	TIG	DE, FH, PR, SD	F
			Velvet	VEL	FG, GM	
			Velvet	VEL	DE, FH, PR, SD	F
			White Adzuki	WHT	FG, GM	
			White Adzuki	WHT	DE, FH, PR, SD	F
			White Half Runner	WHR	FG, GM	
			White Half Runner	WHR	DE, FH, PR, SD	F
			White Kidney	WKD	FG, GM	
			White Kidney	WKD	DE, FH, PR, SD	F
			Wing	WIN	FG, GM	
			Wing	WIN	DE, FH, PR, SD	F
			Yardlong	YRD	FG, GM	
			Yardlong	YRD	DE, FH, PR, SD	F
Yellow Eye	YEY	FG, GM				
Yellow Eye	YEY	DE, FH, PR, SD	F			
Beets	0642	BEETS	Hybrid	HYB	FH, LV, PR, SD, SE	F
			Mangel Beets	MAN	FH, LV, PR, SD, SE	F
			Open Pollinated	OPN	FH, LV, PR, SD, SE	F
Birdsfoot/Trefoil	0355	BIFFO			*--FG, GZ, SD, GM--*	
Blueberries	0108	BLUBR	Highbush	HBS	FH, PR	F
			Low Bush Blueberries	LWB	FH, LS, PR	F
			Rabbiteye Blueberries	RAB	FH, PR	F
Breadfruit	1290	BREAD			FH	F
Broccoflower	0905	BRCFL			FH, PR, SD	F



2003 and Subsequent Year Crops Reported on FSA-578 (Continued)

Crop Name	Crop Code	Crop Abbr	Type Name	Type Code	Intended Use	Land Use
Broccoli	0110	BRCLI			FH, PR, SD, SE	F
Broccolo-Cavalo	7073	BRCXC			FH, PR, RS, SD	F
Brussel Sprouts	0112	BRUSL			FH, PR, SD	F
Buckwheat	0114	BUKWT			* * * GM, GR, SD	
Cabbage	0116	CABAG	Choy Sum Cabbage	CHO	FH, PR, SD, SE	F
			Hybrid Cabbage	HYB	FH, PR, SD, SE	F
			Napa Cabbage	NAP	FH, PR, SD, SE	F
			Open Pollinated	OPN	FH, PR, SD, SE	F
			Red Cabbage	RED	FH, PR, SD, SE	F
Savoy	SAV	FH, PR, SD, SE	F			
Cactus	2050	CACTS			FH	
Caimito	1166	CAMTO			FH, PR	F
Calabaza Melon	9999	CALAB			FH	F
Calaloo	9056	CALAL			FH	F
Camelina	0033	CAMEL	Camelina		PR, SD	
Canary Melon	9998	CANAR			FH, SD	F
Canary Seed	9039	CNRSD			SD	
Caneberries	6000	CANBR	Apache Blackberries	APC	FH, PR	F
			Arapaho Blackberries	ARA	FH, PR	F
			Black Raspberries	BLK	FH, PR	F
			Boysenberries	BOY	FH, PR	F
			Cascadeberries	CAS	FH, PR	F
			Chester Blackberries	CHT	FH, PR	F
			Chickasaw Blackberries	CHI	FH, PR	F
			Doyle Blackberries	DOY	FH, PR	F
			Evergreen Blackberries	EVG	FH, PR	F
			Kiowa/Ouachita Blackberries	KIO	FH, PR	F
			Kotata Blackberries	KOT	FH, PR	F
			Loganberries	LOG	FH, PR	F
			Marionberries	MAR	FH, PR	F
			Natchez Blackberries	NAT	FH, PR	F
			Navaho Blackberries	NAV	FH, PR	F
			Olallieberries	OLA	FH, PR	F
			Prime Ark 45	PAK	FH, PR	F
			Prime Jan	PJA	FH, PR	F
			Prime Jim	PJI	FH, PR	F
			Red Raspberries	RED	FH, PR	F
Tayberries	TAY	FH, PR	F			
Triple Crown Blackberries	TRI	FH, PR	F			

2003 and Subsequent Year Crops Reported on FSA-578 (Continued)

Crop Name	Crop Code	Crop Abbr	Type Name	Type Code	Intended Use	Land Use
Canistel	9057	CANIS			FH	F
Canola	0711	CANOL	Fall Seeded	FAL	*** FG, SD, GR, PR	
			Spring Canola	SPR	*** FG, SD, GR, PR	
Cantaloupes	0759	CANTL			FH, SD	F
Carambola (Star Fruit)	0999	CRMBA			FH	F
Carob	0494	CAROB			PR	F
Carrots	0120	CARRT	Hybrid	HYB	FH, PR, SD	F
			Mini Carrots	MNE	FH, PR, SD	F
			Open Pollinated	OPN	FH, PR, SD	F
Casaba Melon	9997	CASAS			FH	F
Cashew	1291	CASHE			Blank	F
Cassava	0174	CASAV	Beige	BGE	FH	F
			White	WHT	FH	F
Cauliflower	0124	CLFLW			FH, PR, SD	F
Celeriac	0509	CLERI			FH, PR, SD	F
Celery	0126	CLERY			FH, PR, SD	F
Cherimoya (Sugar Apple)	8045	CHRMY			FH	F
Cherries	0128	CHERY	Chokecherry	CHK	FH, PR	F
			Jamaica	JAM	FH, PR	F
			Sweet	SWT	FH, PR	F
			Tart	TRT	FH, PR	F
Chestnuts	0375	CHENT			FH or blank	F
Chia	0840	CHIA			*--FH, GR, PR, SD--*	
Chickpea (see Beans, Garbanzo)						
Chicory/Radicchio	0511	CHICO	Common	COM	FG, GZ	
			Common	COM	FH, RS, SD	F
			Root	ROT	PR	
			Witloof	WIT	FG, GZ	
			Witloof	WIT	FH, RS, SD	F

2003 and Subsequent Year Crops Reported on FSA-578 (Continued)

Crop Name	Crop Code	Crop Abbr	Type Name	Type Code	Intended Use	Land Use
Chinese Bitter Melon	9996	CHIBT			FH	F
Christmas Trees	7321	CHRUT	Afghan Pine	AFG	FH, RS	
			Arizona Cypress	ARI	FH, RS	
			Austrian Pine	AUS	FH, RS	
			Balsam Fir	BAL	FH, RS	
			Blue Spruce	BLU	FH, RS	
			Canaan Fir	CAN	FH, RS	
			Carolina Sapphire	CAR	FH, RS	
			Colorado Blue Spruce	COL	FH, RS	
			Concolor Fir	CON	FH, RS	
			Douglas	DOU	FH, RS	
			Engelman Spruce	ENG	FH, RS	
			Frasier Fir	FRA	FH, RS	
			Grand Fir	GRD	FH, RS	
			Korean Fir	KOR	FH, RS	
			Leyland	LEY	FH, RS	
			Meyer Spruce	MEY	FH, RS	
			Noble Fir	NOB	FH, RS	
			Nordman Fir	NRD	FH, RS	
			Norway Pine/Red Pine	NRP	FH, RS	
			Norway Spruce	NOR	FH, RS	
Red Cedar	RED	FH, RS				
Scotch Pine	SCO	FH, RS				
Serbian Spruce	SER	FH, RS				
Va Pine	VAP	FH, RS				
White Pine	WPN	FH, RS				
White Spruce	WHT	FH, RS				
Chufes	0645	CHUFS			SD	F
Cinnamon	1298	CINNA			Blank	
Citron Melon	9995	CTRON			FH	F
Clover	0265	CLOVR	Alsike Clover	ALS	*--FG, GM, GZ, SD	
			Alyce Clover	ALC	FG, GM, GZ, SD	
			Arrowhead Clover	AHD	FG, GM, GZ, SD	
			Arrowleaf	ARL	FG, GM, GZ, SD	
			Ball Clover	BAL	FG, GM, GZ, SD	
			Berseem Clover	BER	FG, GM, GZ, SD	
			Crimson Clover	CRM	FG, GM, GZ, SD	
			Kura Clover	KUR	FG, GM, GZ, SD	
			Mammoth Clover	MAM	FG, GM, GZ, SD	
			Purple Prairie	PPR	FG, GM, GZ, SD	
			Red Clover	RED	FG, GM, GZ, SD	
			Sub Clover	SUB	FG, GM, GZ, SD	
			White Clover	WHT	FG, GM, GZ, SD	
Yellow	YEL	FG, GM, GZ, SD--*				
Coconuts	0175	COCON			FH	F
Coffee	0176	COFFE	Arabica	ARA	PR	F
			Liberica	LIB	PR	F
			Robusta Coffee	ROB	PR	F

2003 and Subsequent Year Crops Reported on FSA-578 (Continued)

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Crop Name	Crop Code	Crop Abbr	Type Name	Type Code	Intended Use	Land Use
Conservation Stewardship Program	0097	CSP				
Corn	0041	CORN	Amylose	AMY	FG, GR, GZ, LS, PR, SD	
			Blue	BLU	FG, GR, GZ, LS	
			Blue	BLU	FH, PR, SD	F
			Corn Nuts	NUT	FH, PR, SD	F
			Grainless Forage	GLF	FG, GZ	
			High Amylase	AMA	FG, GR, GZ, SD	
			Ornamental	ORN	FG, FH, GR, GZ, LS, PR, SD	
			Popcorn	POP	FG, FH, GR, GZ, LS, PR, SD	
			Red	RED	FG, GR, GZLS	
			Strawbery Popcorn	PSN	FG, FH, GR, GZ, LS, PR, SD	
			Sweet, Bicolor	SBI	FH, PR, SD	F
			Sweet, Bicolor	SBI	FG, GR, GZ, LS	
			Sweet, White	SWH	FH, PR, SD	F
			Sweet, White	SWH	FG, GR, GZ, LS	
			Sweet, Yellow/Golden Early	SYE	FH, PR, SD	F
			Sweet, Yellow/Golden Early	SYE	FG, GR, GZ, LS	
			Sweet, Yellow/Golden Late	SYL	FH, PR, SD	F
			Sweet, Yellow/Golden Late	SYL	FG, GR, GZ, LS	
			Tropical	TRO	FG, FH, GR, GZ, LS, PR, SD	
Waxy	WXY	FG, GR, GZ, LS, SD				
White	WHE	FG, GR, GZ, LS, SD				
Yellow	YEL	FG, GR, GZ, LS, SD				
<p><b>Notes:</b> For 2016 and prior crop years, sweet corn is reported as the type "Sweet" (SWT). For 2017 and subsequent years, Sweet corn is reported as the types listed above.</p> <p>For 2017 and subsequent years, yellow varieties of sweet corn requiring 76 or fewer days to maturity shall be reported as "Sweet, Yellow/Golden Early" (SYE) type, while yellow varieties requiring 77 or more days to maturity shall be reported as "Sweet, Yellow/Golden Late" (SYL) type.</p>						
Cotton, ELS	0022	ELSCN			Blank	
Cotton, Upland	0021	UPCN			Blank	
Cover Crop	0319	COVRC	Brassicas and other Broadleaves	BOB	CO	
			Cereals and other Grasses	CEG	CO	
			Legumes	LUM	CO	
			Mixtures	MIX	CO	
Crambe (Colewort)	0714	CRAMB			GR, SD	
Cranberries	0058	CRNBR			FH PR	F
Crenshaw Melon	9994	CRENS			FH SD	F
CRP	0099	CRP			For 2012 and prior years: 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 30, 31, 32, 33, 34, 35, 37, 38, 39, 40, 41, 42, 43, 44, 45, 46, 47, 48, 49, 50, 51, 52, 53, 54, 55, 56, 57, 58, 59, 60, 61, 62, 63, 64, 65, 66, 67, 68, 69, 70, 71, 72, 73, or 74	
			CP1 Est Perm Intro Grass and Legume	001		
			CP2 Est Perm Native Grasses	002		
			CP3 Tree Planting	003		
			CP3A Hardwood Tree Planting	03A		

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2003 and Subsequent Year Crops Reported on FSA-578 (Continued)

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Crop Name	Crop Code	Crop Abbr	Type Name	Type Code	Intended Use	Land Use
CRP (Continued)	0099	CRP	CP4 Permanent WL Habitat	004		
			CP4A Perm WL Habitat (Corridor)	04A		
			CP4B Perm WL (Corridor) Nonease	04B		
			CP4D Perm WL Habitat Nonease	04D		
			CP5 Field Windbreak Est	005		
			CP5A Field Windbreak Nonease	05A		
			CP6 Diversions	006		
			CP7 Erosion Control Structure	007		
			CP8 Grass Waterways	008		
			CP8A Grass Waterway Nonease	08A		
			CP9 Shallow Water Areas for WL	009		
			CP10 Veg Cover, Grass Already Est	010		
			CP11 Veg Cover, Trees Already Est	011		
			CP12 Wildlife (WL) Food Plot	012		
			CP13 Veg Filter Strips	013		
			CP13A Veg Filter Strips (Grass)	13A		
			CP13B Veg Filter Strips (Trees)	13B		
			CP13C Veg Filter Strip Grass Nonease	13C		
			CP13D Veg Flit Strips Trees Nonease	13D		
			CP14 Bottomland Timbre Est on Wetlands	014		
			CP15 Est Perm Veg Cover Contour Strips	015		
			CP15A Est Contr Grass Strips Nonease	15A		
			CP15B Est Contr Gras Strp on Terrac	15B		
			CP16 Shelterbelt Est	016		
			CP16A Shelterbelt Est Nonease	16A		
CP17 Living Snow Fence	017					
CP17A Living Snow Fence Nonease	17A					
CP18 Est Perm Veg Reduce Salinity	018					
CP18A Est Perm Salt Tol Veg Cover	18A					
CP18B Est Perm Veg Reduc Sal Noneas	18B					
CP18C Est Perm Salt Tol Veg Cover Non	18C					
CP19 Alley Cropping	019					
CP20 Alternate Perennial	020					
CP21 Filter Strips	021					
CP22 Riparian Buffer	022					
CP23 Wetland Restoration	023					
CP23A Wetland Restor Nonfloodpl	23A					
CP24 Est Perm Veg Cover Cross Wind Tr	024					
CP25 Rare and Declining Habitat	025					

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2003 and Subsequent Year Crops Reported on FSA-578 (Continued)

Crop Name	Crop Code	Crop Abbr	Type Name	Type Code	Intended Use	Land Use
CRP (Continued)	0099	CRP	CP26 Sedimnt Retn Contrl Structr Mi	026		
			CP27 FWP Wetland	027		
			CP28 FWP Buffer	028		
			CP29 MPL WL Habitat Buffer	029		
			CP30 MPL Wetland Buffer	030		
			CP31 Bottomland Timbre Est on Wetld	031		
			CP32 Expired Hardwood Trees	032		
			CP33 Habitat Bufrs Upland Birds	033		
			CP34 Flood Control System	034		
			CP35A EFCRP Longleaf Pine New	35A		
			CP35B EFCRP Longleaf Pine Exist	35B		
			CP35C EFCRP Bottmld Hdwd New	35C		
			CP35D EFCRP Bottmld Hdwd Exist	35D		
			CP35E EFCRP Softwood New	35E		
			CP35F EFCRP Softwood Exist	35F		
			CP35G EFCRP Upland Hdwd New	35G		
			CP35H EFCRP Upland Hdwd Exist	35H		
			CP35I EFCRP Mixed Trees Exist	35I		
			CP36 Longleaf Pine Est	036		
			CP37 Duck Nesting Habitat	037		
			CP38A Safe Buffers	38A		
			CP38B Safe Wetlands	38B		
			CP38C Safe Trees	38C		
			CP38D Safe Longleaf Pine	38D		
			CP38E Safe Grass	38E		
			CP39 FWP Constructed Wetland	039		
			CP40 FWP Aquaculture Wetld Restor	040		
			CP41 FWP Flooded Prairie Wetld	041		
			CP42 Pollinator Habitat	042		
			*--CP87 Perm Intr Grass Legume	087		
CP88 Perm Nat Grass Legume--*	088					
Crustacean	3002	CRUST	Crab	CRB	FH, PR	
			Crayfish	CRA	FH, PR	
			Gobo Shrimp	GOB	FH, PR	
			Large Shrimp	LGE	FH, PR	
			Medium Shrimp	MED	FH, PR	
			Prawns	PRW	FH, PR	
			Small Shrimp	SML	FH, PR	

2003 and Subsequent Year Crops Reported on FSA-578 (Continued)

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Crop Name	Crop Code	Crop Abbr	Type Name	Type Code	Intended Use	Land Use
Cucumbers	0132	CUCUM	Common	COM	FH, PR, SD	F
			English	ENG	FH, PR, SD	F
			Pickling	PKL	FH, PR, SD	F
Currants	0325	CURRN			FH, PR	F
Dasheen/Taro Root/Malanga	0177	DASHE	Purple	PUR	FH	F
			White	WHT	FH	F
Dates	0496	DATES			FH, PR	F
Eggplant	0318	EGGPL	African	AFR	FH, PR, SD,	
			Cherry Eggplant	CHE	FH, PR, SD	F
			European	EUR	FH, PR, SD	F
			Mini Eggplant	MIN	FH, PR, SD	F
			Oriental	ORN	FH, PR, SD	F
Einkorn	0136	EINKN			GR, SD	
Elderberries	0032	ELDER	Brush Hills	BSH	FH, PR	F
			Cherokee	CHE	FH, PR	F
			Mill Creek	MIL	FH, PR	F
Emergency Watershed/Floodplain	3025	EWFP			blank	
Emmer	0133	EMMER			GR	
EQIP	0098	EQIP			blank	
Fallow	0101	FALOW			blank	
Figs	0060	FIGS	Adriatic	ADR	FH	F
			Black Mission	BMF	FH	F
			Brown Turkey	BTK	FH	F
			Calimyrna	CAL	FH	F
			Kadota	KDT	FH	F
			Celeste	CST	FH	F
Finfish	3000	FINFH	Almaco Jack	JAK	FH, PR	
			Awa	AWA	FH, PR	
			Bighead Carp	BIG	FH, PR	
			Black Tilapia	BLK	FH, PR	
			Blue Tilapia	BLT	FH, PR	
			Bluegill	BLU	FH, PR	
			Channel Catfish	CHN	FH, PR	
			Chinese Carp	CHI	FH, PR	
			Chinese Catfish	CNS	FH, PR	
			Crappie	CRP	FH, PR	
Diploid Amur	DIP	FH, PR				

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2003 and Subsequent Year Crops Reported on FSA-578 (Continued)

Crop Name	Crop Code	Crop Abbr	Type Name	Type Code	Intended Use	Land Use
Finfish (Continued)	3000	FINFH	Flounder	FLN	FH, PR	
			***	***	***	
			Haplochromine Tropical	HAP	FH, PR	
			Koi Carp	KOI	FH, PR	
			Lamprologuine Tropical	LAM	FH, PR	
			Large Mouth Bass	LGE	FH, PR	
			Mbuna Chichlid Tropical	MBU	FH, PR	
			Minnows	MNW	FH, PR	
			Perch	PER	FH, PR	
			*--Pongee/Striped Snakehead	PON	FH, PR--*	
			Red Tilapia	RDT	FH, PR	
			Redfish	RED	FH, PR	
			Shellcrack	SHL	FH, PR	
			Shubunkin Carp	SHU	FH, PR	
			Small Mouth Bass	SML	FH, PR	
			Striped Bass	STR	FH, PR	
			Sturgeon (Caviar)	STU	FH, PR	
			*--Sturgeon Fish	STF	FH, PR--*	
			Tanganyika Tropical	TAN	FH, PR	
			Threadfin Shad	THD	FH, PR	
Triploid Amur	TRI	FH, PR				
Tropical	TRO	FH, PR				
Trout	TRT	FH, PR				
White/Pearl Tilapia	WPT	FH, PR				
Flax	0031	FLAX	Common	COM	*--GR, OL, PR, SD	
			Lewis/Wild Blue	LWB	GR, SD	
			Linola	LIN	GR, SD--*	
Flowers	7501	FLOWR	Achillea	ACH	ED, FH, OL, SD, SE	
			Acronlinium	ACR	ED, FH, OL, SD, SE	
			African Violet	AFV	ED, FH, OL, SD, SE	
			Agapanthus	AGA	ED, FH, OL, SD, SE	
			Ageratum	AGR	ED, FH, OL, SD, SE	
			Allium	ALL	ED, FH, OL, SD, SE	
			Alstroemeria	ALS	ED, FH, OL, SD, SE	
			Amaranth	AMR	ED, FH, OL, SD, SE	
			Amaryllis	AMA	ED, FH, OL, SD, SE	
			Ammobium	AMM	ED, FH, OL, SD, SE	
			Anemone	ANM	ED, FH, OL, SD, SE	
			Anthurium	ANT	ED, FH, OL, SD, SE	
			Anthurium Obake	ANO	ED, FH, OL, SD, SE	
			Anthurium Pastel	ANP	ED, FH, OL, SD, SE	
			Anthurium Red	ANR	ED, FH, OL, SD, SE	
			Artemesia	ART	ED, FH, OL, SD, SE	
			Aspen Daisy	ASP	ED, FH, OL, SD, SE	



2003 and Subsequent Year Crops Reported on FSA-578 (Continued)

Crop Name	Crop Code	Crop Abbr	Type Name	Type Code	Intended Use	Land Use
Flowers (Continued)	7501	FLOWR	Aster	AST	ED, FH, OL, SD, SE	
			Baby's Breath	BAB	ED, FH, OL, SD, SE	
			Bachelor Buttons	BAC	ED, FH, OL, SD, SE	
			Banana Bloom	BAN	ED, FH, OL, SD, SE	
			Banksia	BAS	ED, FH, OL, SD, SE	
			Belladonna	BLD	ED, FH, OL, SD, SE	
			Bells of Ireland	BEL	ED, FH, OL, SD, SE	
			Bird Of Paradise	BIR	ED, FH, OL, SD, SE	
			Black Eyed Susans	BLS	ED, FH, OL, SD, SE	
			Bletilla	BLT	ED, FH, OL, SD, SE	
			Blue Eyed Grass	BEG	ED, FH, OL, SD, SE	
			Bupleurum	BUP	ED, FH, OL, SD, SE	
			Bush Clover	BUS	ED, FH, OL, SD, SE	
			Butterfly Milkweed	BUT	ED, FH, OL, SD, SE	
			Calendula	CLD	ED, FH, OL, SD, SE	
			Calla Lily	CLL	ED, FH, OL, SD, SE	
			Calladium	CAL	ED, FH, OL, SD, SE	
			Campanelle	CAM	ED, FH, OL, SD, SE	
			Candy Tuft	CND	ED, FH, OL, SD, SE	
			Canna Lily	CAN	ED, FH, OL, SD, SE	
			Carnation/Dianthus	CAR	ED, FH, OL, SD, SE	
			Carpet Of Snow	CSA	ED, FH, OL, SD, SE	
			Caryopteris	CRY	ED, FH, OL, SD, SE	
			Catchfly	CAT	ED, FH, OL, SD, SE	
			Celesia	CEL	ED, FH, OL, SD, SE	
			Celosia Plume	CEO	ED, FH, OL, SD, SE	
			Centaurea	CNT	ED, FH, OL, SD, SE	
			Centaurea Black Magic	CBM	ED, FH, OL, SD, SE	
			Centranthus	CEN	ED, FH, OL, SD, SE	
			Chamomile	CMM	ED, FH, OL, SD, SE	
			Cherimoya	CHR	ED, FH, OL, SD, SE	
			Chocolate	CHO	ED, FH, OL, SD, SE	
			Chrysanthemum	CRS	ED, FH, OL, SD, SE	
			Church	CHH	ED, FH, OL, SD, SE	
			Cirisium	CIR	ED, FH, OL, SD, SE	
			Clematis	CLE	ED, FH, OL, SD, SE	
			Cockscomb	COC	ED, FH, OL, SD, SE	
			Coleus	COL	ED, FH, OL, SD, SE	
			Coneflower, Clasping	CCL	ED, FH, OL, SD, SE	
			Coneflower, Pinnata Prairie	CPP	ED, FH, OL, SD, SE	
			Coneflower, Yellow Prairie	CYP	ED, FH, OL, SD, SE	
			Coneflowers	CFL	ED, FH, OL, SD, SE	
			Coreopsis	COR	ED, FH, OL, SD, SE	
			Cornflower	CRN	ED, FH, OL, SD, SE	

2003 and Subsequent Year Crops Reported on FSA-578 (Continued)

Crop Name	Crop Code	Crop Abbr	Type Name	Type Code	Intended Use	Land Use		
Flowers (Continued)	7501	FLOWR	Cosmos	COS	ED, FH, OL, SD, SE			
			Craspedia	CRA	ED, FH, OL, SD, SE			
			Creeping Phlox	CPG	ED, FH, OL, SD, SE			
			Crown Flower/Giant Milkweed	CWN	ED, FH, OL, SD, SE			
			Daffodil	DAF	ED, FH, OL, SD, SE			
			Dahlia	DAH	ED, FH, OL, SD, SE			
			Daisy, Gerbera	DGE	ED, FH, OL, SD, SE			
			Daisy Gloriosa	DSG	ED, FH, OL, SD, SE			
			Daisy Marguerite	DSM	ED, FH, OL, SD, SE			
			Daisy Shasta	DSS	ED, FH, OL, SD, SE			
			Dames Rocket	DAM	ED, FH, OL, SD, SE			
			Day Lily	LLD	ED, FH, OL, SD, SE			
			Delphinium	DEL	ED, FH, OL, SD, SE			
			Echium	ECM	ED, FH, OL, SD, SE			
			Echeveria	ECH	ED, FH, OL, SD, SE			
			Edible	EDI	ED, FH, OL, SD, SE			
			Elephant Ear	ELE	ED, FH, OL, SD, SE			
			English Ivy	IVY	ED, FH, OL, SD, SE			
			Eucalyptus	EUC	ED, FH, OL, SD, SE			
			Euphorbia	EUP	ED, FH, OL, SD, SE			
			Evening Primrose	EPR	ED, FH, OL, SD, SE			
			False Sunflower	FSF	ED, FH, OL, SD, SE			
			Fern Fronds	FFS	LV			
			<b>Note:</b> Leaf cuttings for floriculture only. Continue to report whole fern plant as Nursery (1010).					
			Flamingo	FLA	ED, FH, OL, SD, SE			
			Forget-Me-Not	FMN	ED, FH, OL, SD, SE			
			Fresia	FRE	ED, FH, OL, SD, SE			
			Gardenia	GAR	ED, FH, OL, SD, SE			
			Gilia	GIL	ED, FH, OL, SD, SE			
			Ginger	GIN	ED, FH, OL, SD, SE			
			Ginger Pink	GIP	ED, FH, OL, SD, SE			
			Ginger Red	GIR	ED, FH, OL, SD, SE			
			Gladioli	GLA	ED, FH, OL, SD, SE			
			Godetia	GOD	ED, FH, OL, SD, SE			
			Goldenrod	GLD	ED, FH, OL, SD, SE			
			Gomphrena	GOM	ED, FH, OL, SD, SE			
			Green Goddess	GRG	ED, FH, OL, SD, SE			
			Gypochilla	GYP	ED, FH, OL, SD, SE			
			Gypsy	GPS	ED, FH, OL, SD, SE			
			Heather Firecracker	HEF	ED, FH, OL, SD, SE			
			Heather Melantheria	HEM	ED, FH, OL, SD, SE			
			Heather Persoluta	HEP	ED, FH, OL, SD, SE			
			Heather Regemina	HER	ED, FH, OL, SD, SE			
			Helichrysum	HLC	ED, FH, OL, SD, SE			
Heliconia	HLI	ED, FH, OL, SD, SE						
Heliconia Psittacorm	HLP	ED, FH, OL, SD, SE						
Hollyhock	HHC	ED, FH, OL, SD, SE						

2003 and Subsequent Year Crops Reported on FSA-578 (Continued)

Crop Name	Crop Code	Crop Abbr	Type Name	Type Code	Intended Use	Land Use
Flowers (Continued)	7501	FLOWR	Honeysuckle Hall's	HON	ED, FH, OL, SD, SE	
			Hostas	HOS	ED, FH, OL, SD, SE	
			Hydrangea/Hortensia	HYD	ED, FH, OL, SD, SE	
			Ilima Lantern	LLN	ED, FH, OL, SD, SE	
			Iris	IRI	ED, FH, OL, SD, SE	
			Iris Dutch	IRD	ED, FH, OL, SD, SE	
			Kalanchoe	KAL	ED, FH, OL, SD, SE	
			Kangaroo Paw	KAN	ED, FH, OL, SD, SE	
			Larkspur	LAR	ED, FH, OL, SD, SE	
			Lavender	LAV	ED, FH, OL, SD, SE	
			Leucondendron	LEU	ED, FH, OL, SD, SE	
			Liatris	LIA	ED, FH, OL, SD, SE	
			Lilac	LIL	ED, FH, OL, SD, SE	
			Lily Asiatic	LLA	ED, FH, OL, SD, SE	
			Lily Easter	LLE	ED, FH, OL, SD, SE	
			Lily Oriental	LLO	ED, FH, OL, SD, SE	
			Linaria - Northern Lights	LNL	ED, FH, OL, SD, SE	
			Lineum	LIN	ED, FH, OL, SD, SE	
			Lisianthus	LIS	ED, FH, OL, SD, SE	
			Lobelia	LOB	ED, FH, OL, SD, SE	
			Lupine	LUP	ED, FH, OL, SD, SE	
			Lychnis Scarlet	LYC	ED, FH, OL, SD, SE	
			Marigold	MAR	ED, FH, OL, SD, SE	
			Mexican Gold Poppy	MGP	ED, FH, OL, SD, SE	
			Mini Jacks	MIN	ED, FH, OL, SD, SE	
			Miniature Carnation	CNM	ED, FH, OL, SD, SE	
			Mixed Cut	CUT	ED, FH, OL, SD, SE	
			Molluccella	MOL	ED, FH, OL, SD, SE	
			Monarda	MND	ED, FH, OL, SD, SE	
			Monkshood/Aconitum	MNK	ED, FH, OL, SD, SE	
			Montbretia	MON	ED, FH, OL, SD, SE	
			Monte Casino	MNC	ED, FH, OL, SD, SE	
			Mountain Mint	MTM	ED, FH, OL, SD, SE	
			Munros Globemallow	MGM	ED, FH, OL, SD, SE	
			Myrtle	MYR	ED, FH, OL, SD, SE	
			Narcissus	NAR	ED, FH, OL, SD, SE	
			Nigela	NIG	ED, FH, OL, SD, SE	
			Northern Sea Oats	NSO	ED, FH, OL, SD, SE	
			Old Field Goldenrod	OFG	ED, FH, OL, SD, SE	
			Orchid Cattleyas	OCC	ED, FH, OL, SD, SE	
			Orchid Cymbidium	OCY	ED, FH, OL, SD, SE	
			Orchid Dendrobium	OCD	ED, FH, OL, SD, SE	
			Orchid Dendrobium Spray	ODS	ED, FH, OL, SD, SE	
Orchid Moth	OCM	ED, FH, OL, SD, SE				

2003 and Subsequent Year Crops Reported on FSA-578 (Continued)

Crop Name	Crop Code	Crop Abbr	Type Name	Type Code	Intended Use	Land Use
Flowers (Continued)	7501	FLOWR	Orchid Phalaenopsis	OCP	ED, FH, OL, SD, SE	
			Ornamental Blue Flax	OBF	ED, FH, OL, SD, SE	
			Ornamental Okra	ORO	ED, FH, OL, SD, SE	
			Ornamental Peppers	ORP	ED, FH, OL, SD, SE	
			Oxeye	OXE	ED, FH, OL, SD, SE	
			Pachysandra	PAC	ED, FH, OL, SD, SE	
			Pansy	PAN	ED, FH, OL, SD, SE	
			Pansy, Wild	PNW	ED, FH, OL, SD, SE	
			Partridge Pea	PRT	ED, FH, OL, SD, SE	
			Pearly Everlasting Anaph	PEA	ED, FH, OL, SD, SE	
			Pensteman Strictis	PEN	ED, FH, OL, SD, SE	
			Peony	PEO	ED, FH, OL, SD, SE	
			Petalstemum	PLP	ED, FH, OL, SD, SE	
			Petunia	PET	ED, FH, OL, SD, SE	
			Physostegia	PHY	ED, FH, OL, SD, SE	
			Plumeria	PLU	ED, FH, OL, SD, SE	
			Prairie Carnation	CPR	ED, FH, OL, SD, SE	
			Prairie Coneflower	PRC	ED, FH, OL, SD, SE	
			Prairie Violet	PRV	ED, FH, OL, SD, SE	
			Protea	PRO	ED, FH, OL, SD, SE	
			Purple Phacilia	PRP	ED, FH, OL, SD, SE	
			Purple Prairie Clover	PPC	ED, FH, OL, SD, SE	
			Pussy Willow	PWL	ED, FH, OL, SD, SE	
			Pyrethrum	PYR	ED, FH, OL, SD, SE	
			Queen Anne's Lace	QUN	ED, FH, OL, SD, SE	
			Ranunculus	RAB	ED, FH, OL, SD, SE	
			Rose	ROS	ED, FH, OL, SD, SE	
			Rose Hybrid Tea	RHT	ED, FH, OL, SD, SE	
			Rose Miniature	RSM	ED, FH, OL, SD, SE	
			Rose Sweetheart	RSS	ED, FH, OL, SD, SE	
			Rudbeckia	RUD	ED, FH, OL, SD, SE	
			Salva	SAL	ED, FH, OL, SD, SE	
			Scabiosa	SCA	ED, FH, OL, SD, SE	
			Scarlet Globemallow	SGM	ED, FH, OL, SD, SE	
			Schizostilis	SCH	ED, FH, OL, SD, SE	
			Seafoam	SEA	ED, FH, OL, SD, SE	
			Sedahlia	SED	ED, FH, OL, SD, SE	
			Sedum	SDM	ED, FH, OL, SD, SE	
			Snapdragon	SNP	ED, FH, OL, SD, SE	
			Spanish Clover	SPC	ED, FH, OL, SD, SE	
			Spiderwort	SPD	ED, FH, OL, SD, SE	
			Star of Bethlehem	STR	ED, FH, OL, SD, SE	
Statice	STT	ED, FH, OL, SD, SE				
Statice Dinuata	STD	ED, FH, OL, SD, SE				
Statice German	STG	ED, FH, OL, SD, SE				
Stiff Goldenrod	STF	ED, FH, OL, SD, SE				

2003 and Subsequent Year Crops Reported on FSA-578 (Continued)

Crop Name	Crop Code	Crop Abbr	Type Name	Type Code	Intended Use	Land Use
Flowers (Continued)	7501	FLOWR	Stock	STC	ED, FH, OL, SD, SE	
			Strawflowers	STW	ED, FH, OL, SD, SE	
			Sunflowers	SUN	ED, FH, OL, SD, SE	
			Swamp Milkweed	SWM	ED, FH, OL, SD, SE	
			Sweet Annie	SWA	ED, FH, OL, SD, SE	
			Sweet Pea	SWP	ED, FH, OL, SD, SE	
			Sweet William	SWW	ED, FH, OL, SD, SE	
			Tansy	TAN	ED, FH, OL, SD, SE	
			Thistle Globe	THG	ED, FH, OL, SD, SE	
			Tigridia	TIG	ED, FH, OL, SD, SE	
			Trachelium	TRA	ED, FH, OL, SD, SE	
			Tritoma	TRI	ED, FH, OL, SD, SE	
			Tuberose	TUB	ED, FH, OL, SD, SE	
			Tulip	TUL	ED, FH, OL, SD, SE	
			Umbrella Plant	UMB	ED, FH, OL, SD, SE	
			Verbena	VRB	ED, FH, OL, SD, SE	
			Veronica	VER	ED, FH, OL, SD, SE	
			Water Hyacinth	WAT	ED, FH, OL, SD, SE	
			Waxflower	WAX	ED, FH, OL, SD, SE	
			Wild Gyp	WLD	ED, FH, OL, SD, SE	
Wildflowers	WIL	ED, FH, OL, SD, SE				
Wood Lilies	WOD	ED, FH, OL, SD, SE				
Xeranthemum	XER	ED, FH, OL, SD, SE				
Yarrow	YAR	ED, FH, OL, SD, SE				
Zinnia	ZIN	ED, FH, OL, SD, SE				
Forage Soybean/Sorghum	0125	FORSS			FG, GZ	
Gailon/Gai Lein /Chinese Broccoli	0953	GALON			FH, PR, RS, SD	
Galanga	7041	GALAX			FH, PR, RS, SD	F
Garden, Commercial	0773	CMGRD			Blank	F
Garden, Home	0772	HMGRD			Blank	
Garlic	0423	GARLC	Common	COM	FH, PR, SD	
			Elephant Garlic	ELE	FH, PR, SD	
Genip	1292	GENIP			FH	F
Ginger	0178	GINGR			FH, PR, SD	
Ginseng	0089	GINS			FH, SD	
Gooseberries	0424	GOOBR			FH, PR	F

## 2003 and Subsequent Year Crops Reported on FSA-578 (Continued)

Crop Name	Crop Code	Crop Abbr	Type Name	Type Code	Intended Use	Land Use
Gourds	0322	GORDS	Chinese Okra	OKR	FH, PR, SD	F
			Common	COM	FH, PR, SD	
			Indian	IND	FH, PR, SD	
			Ornamental	ORN	FH, PR, SD	
Grapefruit	0030	GFRUT	Rio Red/Star Ruby	SRJ	FH, JU, PR	F
			Ruby Red	RRJ	FH, JU, PR	F
			Seedy	SDY	FH, JU, PR	F
			White	WHT	FH, JU, PR	F
Grapes	0053	GRAPE	Adalmina	ADA	FH, PR	F
			Aglianica	AGL	FH, PR	F
			Albarino	ABR	FH, PR	F
			*--Alborz	ABZ	FH, PR	F--*
			Alicante-Bouschet	ALB	FH, PR	F
			Almeria	ALM	FH, PR	F
			Aurora	AUR	FH, PR	F
			Autumn King	AYJ	FH, PR	F
			Autumn Royal	AUT	FH, PR	F
			Baco Noir	BAC	FH, PR	F
			Barberas	BAR	FH, PR	F
			Beauty Seedless	BTY	FH, PR	F
			Beta	BTA	FH, PR	F
			Black Corinth/Zante Current	BLZ	FH, PR	F
			Black Mission	BLM	FH, PR	F
			Black Seedless	BLA	FH, PR	F
			Black Spanish/Lenoir	BSL	FH, PR	F
			Blanc Dubois	BDB	FH, PR	F
			Blanc Seedless	BLN	FH, PR	F
			Bluebell	BLU	FH, PR	F
			Brianna	BRI	FH, PR	F
			Buffalo/Rubiana	BUF	FH, PR	F
			Burger	BUR	FH, PR	F
			Cabernet	CAB	FH, PR	F
			Cabernet Franc	CBF	FH, PR	F
			Cabernet Pfeffer	CPF	FH, PR	F
			Cabernet Sauvignon	CBS	FH, PR	F
			Calmeria	CAL	FH, PR	F
			Campbell	CAM	FH, PR	F
			Canadice	CAD	FH, PR	F
			Cardinal	CDR	FH, PR	F
			Carignane	CAR	FH, PR	F
			Carmenet	CRM	FH, PR	F
Carnelian	CAN	FH, PR	F			
Carmine	CMN	FH, PR	F			
Cascade	CAC	FH, PR	F			
Castel	CAS	FH, PR	F			
Catawba	CAT	FH, PR	F			
Cayuga	CAY	FH, PR	F			

## 2003 and Subsequent Year Crops Reported on FSA-578 (Continued)

Crop Name	Crop Code	Crop Abbr	Type Name	Type Code	Intended Use	Land Use
Grapes (Continued)	0053	GRAPE	Chambourcin	CMB	FH, PR	F
			Chancellor	CHN	FH, PR	F
			Chardonel	CHD	FH, PR	F
			Chardonnay	CHA	FH, PR	F
			Chelois	CHE	FH, PR	F
			Chenin Blanc	CHB	FH, PR	F
			Christmas Rose	CHR	FH, PR	F
			Cinsaut	CIN	FH, PR	F
			Clinton	CLI	FH, PR	F
			Colobel	COB	FH, PR	F
			Columbard French	COL	FH, PR	F
			Concord	CON	FH, PR	F
			Corot Noir	CRN	FH, PR	F
			*--Corvina	COR	FH, PR	F--*
			Counoise	COS	FH, PR	F
			Courduric	COU	FH, PR	F
			Crimson	CRI	FH, PR	F
			Crimson Seedless	CSL	FH, PR	F
			Cynthia	CYN	FH, PR	F
			Cynthiana	CYT	FH, PR	F
			Dechaunac	DEC	FH, PR	F
			Delaware	DEL	FH, PR	F
			Diamond	DIA	FH, PR	F
			Dolcetto	DOL	FH, PR	F
			Dornfelder	DRN	FH, PR	F
			Dutchess	DUT	FH, PR	F
			Edelweiss	EDE	FH, PR	F
			Einsett	EIN	FH, PR	F
			Elvira	ELV	FH, PR	F
			Emerald Riesling	EMR	FH, PR	F
			Emerald Seedless	EMS	FH, PR	F
			Emperors	EPP	FH, PR	F
			Espirit	ESP	FH, PR	F
			Exotic	EXT	FH, PR	F
			Fantasy	FAN	FH, PR	F
			*--Fiano	FNO	FH, PR	F--*
			Fiesta	FST	FH, PR	F
			Flame Seedless	FLS	FH, PR	F
			Flora	FLR	FH, PR	F
			Foch	FOC	FH, PR	F
			Fosch	FOS	FH, PR	F
			Fredonia	FRE	FH, PR	F
Frontenac	FRO	FH, PR	F			
Frontenac Gris	FRG	FH, PR	F			
Gamay/Napa Gamay	GAM	FH, PR	F			
Gamay Beaujolais	GAB	FH, PR	F			

2003 and Subsequent Year Crops Reported on FSA-578 (Continued)

Crop Name	Crop Code	Crop Abbr	Type Name	Type Code	Intended Use	Land Use
Grapes (Continued)	0053	GRAPE	Geneva Red #7	GEN	FH, PR	F
			Gewürztraminer	GEW	FH, PR	F
			Green Hungarian	GRH	FH, PR	F
			Grenache	GRE	FH, PR	F
			*--Grenache Blanc	GRB	FH, PR	F--*
			Grey Riesling	GRY	FH, PR	F
			*--Gruner Veltliner	GRV	FH, PR	F--*
			Himrod	HIM	FH, PR	F
			Isabella	ISA	FH, PR	F
			Italia	ITA	FH, PR	F
			Ives	IVE	FH, PR	F
			Jupiter	JPT	FH, PR	F
			*--Kashishi	KSH	FH, PR,	F--*
			Kay Gray	KAY	FH, PR	F
			Kerner	KER	FH, PR	F
			King Of The North	KON	FH, PR	F
			Kyoho	KYO	FH, PR	F
			Lacresent	LCT	FH, PR	F
			Lacrosse	LAC	FH, PR	F
			Lakemont	LAK	FH, PR	F
			Landot Noir	LDN	FH, PR	F
			Lemberger	LEM	FH, PR	F
			Leon Millot/Millot	LEO	FH, PR	F
			Louise Swenson	LOU	FA, PR	F
			Malbec	MAL	FH, PR	F
			Malvasia Bianca	MAB	FH, PR	F
			Malvoisie Black	MSB	FH, PR	F
			Marchel Foch	MAC	FH, PR	F
			Marque	MAR	FH, PR	F
			Marquette	MRQ	FH, PR	F
			Mars	MAS	FH, PR	F
			Marsanne	MRS	FH, PR	F
			Mataro/Mourvedre	MAT	FH, PR	F
			Melody	MDY	FH, PR	F
			Melon	MEL	FH, PR	F
			Meriot	MRT	FH, PR	F
			Merlot	MER	FH, PR	F
			Meunier	MEU	FH, PR	F
			Meyers	MYR	FH, PR	F
			Midnight Beauty/Sugrathirteen	MBS	FH, PR	F
			Mission	MIS	FH, PR	F
			Missouri Riesling	MOR	FH, PR	F
			Mullerthurgau	MUL	FH, PR	F
			Muscadine	MUS	FH, PR	F
			Muscat	MUC	FH, PR	F
			Muscat Blanc/M. Canelli	MUB	FH, PR	F
			Muscat Hamburg	MUH	FH, PR	F
			Muscat Of Alexander	MUA	FH, PR	F
			Muscat Ottonel	MUO	FH, PR	F
			Muscat, Golden	MUG	FH, PR	F



## 2003 and Subsequent Year Crops Reported on FSA-578 (Continued)

Crop Name	Crop Code	Crop Abbr	Type Name	Type Code	Intended Use	Land Use
Grapes (Continued)	0053	GRAPE	Nebbiolo	NEB	FH, PR	F
			Neptune	NEP	FH, PR	F
			Negro Amaro	NGA	FH, PR	F
			Niagara	NIA	FH, PR	F
			Noiret	NWA	FH, PR	F
			Norton	NOR	FH, PR	F
			Ny76.0844.24	NYA	FH, PR	F
			Palomino Chasselas	PGC	FH, PR	F
			Payon Dor	PAY	FH, PR	F
			Perlette	PER	FH, PR	F
			Persian Gulf	PGF	FH, PR	F
			Petit Manseng	PTM	FH, PR	F
			Petita Sirah	PES	FH, PR	F
			Petita Vardot	PEV	FH, PR	F
			Petite Amie	PAM	FH, PR	F
			Pinot Blanc	PTB	FH, PR	F
			Pinot Blanc (Sparkling Wine)	PTC	FH, PR	F
			Pinot Gris	PGR	FH, PR	F
			Pinot Gris (Sparkling Wine)	PGS	FH, PR	F
			Pinot Noir	PNO	FH, PR	F
			Pinot Noir - Sparkling Wine	PNR	FH, PR	F
			Pinot St George	PSG	FH, PR	F
			Port	PRT	FH, PR	F
			Prairie Star	PRS	FH, PR	F
			Prestine Seedless	PRE	FH, PR	F
			Primitivo	PRM	FH, PR	F
			Princess	PRI	FH, PR	F
			*--Ralli/Anahita--*	RAL	FH, PR	F
			Ravat	RAV	FH, PR	F
			Rayon Dor	RAY	FH, PR	F
			Red Globe	RDG	FH, PR	F
			Red Malaga	RML	FH, PR	F
			Red Suffolk	SFR	FH, PR	F
			Red Zinfandel	RDZ	FH, PR	F
			Redal Blanc	RED	FH, PR	F
			Reliance	REL	FH, PR	F
			Riber	RIB	FH, PR	F
			Riesling	RIE	FH, PR	F
			Riparia	RIP	FH, PR	F
			Rosette	ROS	FH, PR	F
			Rougeon	ROU	FH, PR	F
			Roussanne	ROA	FH, PR	F
			Royalty	RTY	FH, PR	F
			Rubired	RBD	FH, PR	F
			Ruby Cabernet	RUC	FH, PR	F
			Ruby Red Seedless	RRS	FH, PR	F
			Ruby Seedless	RUB	FH, PR	F
			Sabrevois	SBV	FH, PR	F
			Sagrantino	SAG	FH, PR	F
			Salvador	SAL	FH, PR	F
Sangiovet/Sangiovese	SAN	FH, PR	F			

2003 and Subsequent Year Crops Reported on FSA-578 (Continued)

Crop Name	Crop Code	Crop Abbr	Type Name	Type Code	Intended Use	Land Use
Grapes (Continued)	0053	GRAPE	Saturn	SAT	FH, PR	F
			Sauvignon Vert	SAU	FH, PR	F
			Sauvignon Blanc/Fume Blanc	SAB	FH, PR	F
			Scarlet Royal	SCR	FH, PR	F
			Schurebe	SCH	FH, PR	F
			Selma Pete	SLP	FH, PR	F
			Semillon	SEM	FH, PR	F
			Seyval/Seyval Villard	SEY	FH, PR	F
			Sheridan	SHN	FH, PR	F
			Somerset Seedless	SOM	FH, PR	F
			Spike Mukley	SPI	FH, PR	F
			St Croix	STC	FH, PR	F
			St Emilion (Ugni Blanc)	STE	FH, PR	F
			St Pepin	STP	FH, PR	F
			St Vincent	STV	FH, PR	F
			Starkstar	SKS	FH, PR	F
			Steuben	STB	FH, PR	F
			Stuken	STU	FH, PR	F
			Sultana	SUL	FH, PR	F
			Summer Royal	SUM	FH, PR	F
			Sunbelt	SUN	FH, PR	F
			Superior Seedless	SSL	FH, PR	F
			Sweet Scarlet	SSC	FH, PR	F
			Swenson Red	SWE	FH, PR	F
			Sylvaner	SYL	FH, PR	F
			Symphony	SYM	FH, PR	F
			Syrah/French Syrah Shiraz	SYR	FH, PR	F
			Tannat	TAN	FH, PR	F
			*--Teroldego	TER	FH, PR	F--*
			Tempranillo/Valdepenas	TEM	FH, PR	F
			Thompson Seedless	THP	FH, PR	F
			Tinta Madera	TMD	FH, PR	F
			Tokay	TOK	FH, PR	F
			*--Touriga	TGA	PH, PR	F--*
			Traminette	TRA	FH, PR	F
			Valiant	VAL	FH, PR	F
			Valvin Muscat	VMC	FH, PR	F
			Vanessa	VAN	FH, PR	F
			Venifera	VNI	FH, PR	F
			Ventura	VNT	FH, PR	F
			Venus	VEN	FH, PR	F
			Verdelet Blanc	VER	FH, PR	F
			Vidal	VDL	FH, PR	F
			Vidal Blanc	VDB	FH, PR	F
			Vignoles	VIG	FH, PR	F
			Villard Blanc	VBL	FH, PR	F
			Villard Noir	VNR	FH, PR	F
			Vincent	VIN	FH, PR	F
			Vitis Labrusca	LBR	FH, PR	F
			Vitis Vinifera	VVN	FH, PR	F
			Vivant	VIV	FH, PR	F
			Voignier	VOI	FH, PR	F

2003 and Subsequent Year Crops Reported on FSA-578 (Continued)

Crop Name	Crop Code	Crop Abbr	Type Name	Type Code	Intended Use	Land Use
			White Cayuga	WCY	FH, PR	F
			White Malaga	WML	FH, PR	F
			White Riesling/Johannisberg	WHR	FH, PR	F
			Zinfandel	ZIN	FH, PR	F
			Zweigeltrebe	ZWE	FH, PR	F
Grass	0102	GRASS	Aeschynomene	AES	FG, GZ, LS, SD, SO	
			Alkalai	ALK	FG, GZ, LS, SD, SO	
			Altai Wild Rye	AWR	FG, GZ, LS, SD, SO	
			American Mamegrass	AME	FG, GZ, LS, SD, SO	
			American Sloughgrass	ASG	FG, GZ, LS, SD, SO	
			American Vetch	AMV	FG, GZ, LS, SD, SO	
			Annual Ryegrass	RAN	FG, GZ, LS, SD, SO, * * * GM	
			Arctared Fescue	FAC	FG, GZ, LS, SD, SO	
			Argentine Bahia	ARG	FG, GZ, LS, SD, SO	
			Arizona	ARI	FG, GZ, LS, SD, SO	
			Bahalia	BAH	FG, GZ, LS, SD, SO	
			Bahia	BHI	FG, GZ, LS, SD, SO	
			Barbed Wire	BRB	FG, GZ, LS, SD, SO	
			Baron Goto	BAR	FG, GZ, LS, SD, SO	
			Basin Wild Rye	BAS	FG, GZ, LS, SD, SO	
			Bearded Fescue	FSB	FG, GZ, LS, SD, SO	
			Beardless Wildrye	BER	FG, GZ, LS, SD, SO	
			Bentgrass, Velvet	BGV	FG, GZ, LS, SD, SO	
			Big Blue	BBL	FG, GZ, LS, SD, SO	
			Big Bluestem	BLB	FG, GZ, LS, PR, SD, SO	
			Blue Bunch Wheat	WBB	FG, GZ, LS, SD, SO	
			Blue Grama	GBU	FG, GZ, LS, SD, SO	
			Blue Panic	BPG	FG, GZ, LS, SD, SO	
			Blue Wild Rye	BWR	FG, GZ, LS, SD, SO	
			Bluegrass, Alpine	BAL	FG, GZ, LS, SD, SO	
			Bluejoint	BLJ	FG, GZ, LS, SD, SO	
			Bluejoint Reedgrass	BJR	FG, GZ, LS, SD, SO	
			*--Bluestem, Caucasian--*	BSC	FG, GZ, LS, SD, SO	
			Bosioski Wild Rye	BOS	FG, GZ, LS, SD, SO	
			Bottlebrush Squirreltail Bunchgrass	BSB	FG, GZ, LS, SD, SO	
			Broadleaf Signal	BRD	FG, GZ, LS, SD, SO	
			Buffalo	BUF	FG, GZ, LS, SD, SO	
			Buffel	BFF	FG, GZ, LS, SD, SO	
			California (Para)	CAL	FG, GZ, LS, SD, SO	
			California Brome	CFB	FG, GZ, LS, SD, SO	
			California Oat	COG	FG, GZ, LS, SD, SO	
			Canadian Bluegrass	CBG	FG, GZ, LS, SD, SO	
			Canadian Milkvetch	CMV	FG, GZ, LS, SD, SO	
			Canadian Wild Ryegrass	RCW	FG, GZ, LS, SD, SO	

2003 and Subsequent Year Crops Reported on FSA-578 (Continued)

Crop Name	Crop Code	Crop Abbr	Type Name	Type Code	Intended Use	Land Use
Grass (Continued)	0102	GRASS	Canary	CAN	FG, GZ, LS, SD, SO	
			Canby	CBY	FG, GZ, LS, SD, SO	
			Carex (Wildlife Cover)	CAR	FG, GZ, LS, SD, SO	
			*--Carpet	CPT	FG, GZ,LS, SD, SO--*	
			Centipede	CEN	FG, GZ, LS, SD, SO	
			Coastal Bermuda	BCS	FG, GZ, LS, SD, SO	
			Colonial Bentgrass	BGC	FG, GZ, LS, SD, SO	
			Common Bermuda	BCM	FG, GZ, LS, SD, SO	
			Crabgrass	CRG	FG, GZ, LS, SD, SO	
			Creeping Bentgrass	BCR	FG, GZ, LS, SD, SO	
			Crested Wheat	WCR	FG, GZ, LS, SD, SO	
			Dallis	DAL	FG, GZ, LS, SD, SO	
			Deertongue	DER	FG, GZ, LS, SD, SO	
			Dichondra	DCH	FG, GZ, LS, SD, SO	
			E/Koa	KOA	FG, GZ, LS, SD, SO	
			Eastern Grama	EAS	FG, GZ, LS, SD, SO	
			*--Eastern Gama	EGG	FG, GZ, DS, SD--*	
			Egyptian Wheat	WRG	FG, GZ, LS, SD, SO	
			Emerald	EME	FG, GZ, LS, SD, SO	
			Fescue, Chewing	FCH	FG, GZ, LS, SD, SO	
			Fescue, Hard	FSH	FG, GZ, LS, SD, SO	
			Fescue, Meadow	FME	FG, GZ, LS, SD, SO	
			Fescue, Red	FRE	FG, GZ, LS, SD, SO	
			Fescue, Rough	FRO	FG, GZ, LS, SD, SO	
			Fescue, Tall	FTA	FG, GZ, LS, SD, SO	
			Galleta	GAL	FG, GZ, LS, SD, SO	
			Garrison Creeping Fxtl	CFG	FG, GZ, LS, SD, SO	
			George Black Medic	GBM	FG, GZ, LS, SD, SO	
			Gordo Bluestem	BLG	FG, GZ, LS, SD, SO	
			Gramma, Blue Hachita	GBH	FG, GZ, LS, SD, SO	
			Gramma, Blue Lovington	GBL	FG, GZ, LS, SD, SO	
			Gramma, Hairy	GHA	FG, GZ, LS, SD, SO	
			Gramma, Side Oats	GSO	FG, GZ, LS, SD, SO	
			Green Needle	GNE	FG, GZ, LS, SD, SO	
			Green Panic	GPG	FG, GZ, LS, SD, SO	
			Green Sprangle Top	GST	FG, GZ, LS, SD, SO	
			Guinea	GUI	FG, GZ, LS, SD, SO	
			Hilo	HIL	FG, GZ, LS, SD, SO	
			Hontax	HON	FG, GZ, LS, SD, SO	
			Hybrid Bent	HBG	FG, GZ, LS, SD, SO	
			Hybrid Bermuda	BGH	FG, GZ, LS, SD, SO	
			Idaho Fescue	IDA	FG, GZ, LS, SD, SO	
			Illinois Bundle Flower	ILL	FG, GZ, LS, SD, SO	
Indian	ING	FG, GZ, LS, PR, SD, SO				
Indian Ricegrass	IRG	FG, GZ, LS, SD, SO				

2003 and Subsequent Year Crops Reported on FSA-578 (Continued)

Crop Name	Crop Code	Crop Abbr	Type Name	Type Code	Intended Use	Land Use
Grass (Continued)	0102	GRASS	Intermediate Ryegrass	RIN	FG, GZ, LS, SD, SO	
			Intermediate Wheat	WIN	FG, GZ, LS, SD, SO	
			Johnson	JOH	FG, GZ, LS, SD, SO	
			Jose Tall Wheatgrass	JOS	FG, GZ, LS, SD, SO	
			Junegrass	JUN	*--FG, GZ, LS, SD, SO, GM--*	
			Kalms Brome	BRK	FG, GZ, LS, SD, SO	
			Kentucky 31 Fescue	KEN	FG, GZ, LS, SD, SO	
			Kentucky Bluegrass	BLK	FG, GZ, LS, SD, SO	
			Kikuyu	KIK	FG, GZ, LS, SD, SO	
			Kleberg Bluestem	KLB	FG, GZ, LS, SD, SO	
			Klein	KLE	FG, GZ, LS, SD, SO	
			Leriope	LER	FG, GZ, LS, SD, SO	
			Limpo Grass	LMP	FG, GZ, LS, SD, SO	
			Limosine	LIM	FG, GZ, LS, SD, SO	
			Little Bluestem	BLL	FG, GZ, LS, PR, SD, SO	
			Magnar	MAG	FG, GZ, LS, SD, SO	
			Mammoth Wild	MAM	FG, GZ, LS, SD, SO	
			Mason Sandhill Lovegrass	LMS	FG, GZ, LS, SD, SO	
			Matua	MAT	FG, GZ, LS, SD, SO	
			Maxmillian Sunflower	MAX	FG, GZ, LS, SD, SO	
			Meadow	MBG	FG, GZ, LS, SD, SO	
			Meadow Foxtail	MFG	FG, GZ, LS, SD, SO	
			Medio Bluestem	BLM	FG, GZ, LS, SD, SO	
			Miscanthus	MIS	FG, GZ, LS, PR, SD, SO, SE	
			Molasses	MLS	FG, GZ, LS, SD, SO	
			Mountain Brome	BRM	FG, GZ, LS, SD, SO	
			Mutton	MUT	FG, GZ, LS, SD, SO	
			Napier	NAP	FG, GZ, LS, SD, SO	
			Native	NAG	*--FG, GZ, LS, SD, SO, GM--*	
			Needle And Thread	NAT	FG, GZ, LS, SD, SO	
			Newhy Hybrid Wheatgrass	NEW	FG, GZ, LS, SD, SO	
			Norcoast Tufted Hairgrass	HNC	FG, GZ, LS, SD, SO	
			Nortran Tufted Hairgrass	HNT	FG, GZ, LS, SD, SO	
			Old World Bluestem	BOW	FG, GZ, LS, SD, SO	
			Orchard	ORG	*--FG, GZ, LS, SD, SO, GM--*	
			Other Bent	BGO	FG, GZ, LS, SD, SO	
			Other Brome	BRO	*--FG, GZ, LS, SD, SO, GM--*	
			Other Creeping Foxtail	CFO	FG, GZ, LS, SD, SO	
			Pampas	PAM	FG, GZ, LS, SD, SO	
			Pangola	PAN	FG, GZ, LS, SD, SO	
			Perennial Ryegrass	RPE	*--FG, GZ, LS, SD, SO, GM--*	
Pitcher Sage	PIT	FG, GZ, LS, SD, SO				
Plains Blue Stems	PBL	FG, GZ, LS, SD, SO				
Plains Bristle	PLB	FG, GZ, LS, SD, SO				

2003 and Subsequent Year Crops Reported on FSA-578 (Continued)

Crop Name	Crop Code	Crop Abbr	Type Name	Type Code	Intended Use	Land Use
Grass (Continued)	0102	GRASS	Polar Brome	BRP	FG, GZ, LS, SD, SO	
			Prairie	PRA	FG, GZ, LS, SD, SO	
			Prairie Cordgrass	PRC	FG, GZ, LS, SD, SO	
			Prairie Dropseed	PRD	FG, GZ, LS, SD, SO	
			Prairie June	PJG	FG, GZ, LS, SD, SO	
			Prarie Sandreed	PRS	FG, GZ, LS, SD, SO	
			Pubescent Wheat	WPU	FG, GZ, LS, SD, SO	
			Red Ratibita	RRA	FG, GZ, LS, SD, SO	
			Redtop	RDT	FG, GZ, LS, SD, SO	
			Reed Canary	RCA	FG, GZ, LS, SD, SO	
			Regar Brome	BRR	FG, GZ, LS, SD, SO	
			Rhodes	RHO	FG, GZ, LS, SD, SO	
			River Oats	RIV	FG, GZ, LS, SD, SO	
			Riverbank Wildrye	RVB	FG, GZ, LS, SD, SO	
			Roemers Fescue	FSR	FG, GZ, LS, SD, SO	
			Rough Bluegrass	BLH	FG, GZ, LS, SD, SO	
			Ruff Fairway Crstd Wht Grs	WRF	FG, GZ, LS, SD, SO	
			Rugby Bluegrass	BLR	FG, GZ, LS, SD, SO	
			Russian Wild Ryegrass	RRW	FG, GZ, LS, SD, SO	
			Sainfoin	SAI	FG, GZ, LS, SD, SO	
			Saint Augustine	STA	FG, GZ, LS, SD, SO	
			Sand Bluestem	BLS	FG, GZ, LS, SD, SO	
			Sand Dropseed	SDR	FG, GZ, LS, SD, SO	
			Sand Lovegrass	LSA	FG, GZ, LS, SD, SO	
			Sandberg Bluegrass	SDB	FG, GZ, LS, SD, SO	
			*--Seashore Paspalum	SPS	FG, GZ, LS, SD, SO--*	
			Secar Bluebunch	SEC	FG, GZ, LS, SD, SO	
			Siberian Wheat	WSI	FG, GZ, LS, SD, SO	
			Silky Wildrye	SIL	FG, GZ, LS, SD, SO	
			Slender Hair	SLE	FG, GZ, LS, SD, SO	
			Slender Wild Rye	SWR	FG, GZ, LS, SD, SO	
			Small Burnett	SMB	FG, GZ, LS, SD, SO	
			Smooth Brome	SMO	FG, GZ, LS, SD, SO	
			Smut	SMT	FG, GZ, LS, SD, SO	
			Soft Stem Blurush	SSB	FG, GZ, LS, SD, SO	
			Spike Muhley	SPI	FG, GZ, LS, SD, SO	
			Sprigs Bermuda	BSP	FG, GZ, LS, SD, SO	
			Stargrass	STR	FG, GZ, LS, SD, SO	
			Sudan	SUD	FG, GZ, LS, SD, SO, * * * GM	
			* * *	* * *	* * *	
			Switch	SWI	FG, GZ, LS, PR, SD, SO	
			Thick Spike Wheatgrass	TSW	FG, GZ, LS, SD, SO	
			Timothy	TIM	FG, GZ, LS, SD, SO, * * * GM	
Trailhead Basin	TRL	FG, GZ, LS, SD, SO				
Trailhead Basin Wild Rye	TBW	FG, GZ, LS, SD, SO				

2003 and Subsequent Year Crops Reported on FSA-578 (Continued)

Crop Name	Crop Code	Crop Abbr	Type Name	Type Code	Intended Use	Land Use
Grass (Continued)	0102	GRASS	Trudane	TRU	FG, GZ, LS, SD, SO	
			Tufted Hairgrass	THG	FG, GZ, LS, SD, SO	
			Tundra Bluegrass	TBL	FG, GZ, LS, SD, SO	
			Turf	TUR	FG, GZ, LS, SD, SO	
			Vetiver	VET	FG, GZ, LS, PR, SD, SO	
			Virginia Wild Rye	VWR	FG, GZ, LS, SD, SO	
			Virginia Wildrye	VIR	FG, GZ, LS, SD, SO	
			Wainaku	WAI	FG, GZ, LS, SD, SO	
			Water Foxtail	WAT	FG, GZ, LS, SD, SO	
			Weeping Lovegrass	LWE	FG, GZ, LS, SD, SO	
			Western Wheatgrass	WWE	FG, GZ, LS, SD, SO	
			Wheat Streambank	WST	FG, GZ, LS, SD, SO	
			Wheat , Slender	WSL	FG, GZ, LS, SD, SO	
			Wheat , Tall	WTA	FG, GZ, LS, SD, SO	
			Wheeler Bluegrass	WHB	FG, GZ, LS, SD, SO	
			White Prairie Clover	WPR	FG, GZ, LS, SD, SO	
			Wild Berganot	WBG	FG, GZ, LS, SD, SO	
			Wilmon Lovegrass	WIL	FG, GZ, LS, SD, SO	
Yellow Bluestem	BLY	FG, GZ, LS, SD, SO				
Zoysia	ZOY	FG, GZ, LS, SD, SO				
Grassland Reserve Program	1250	GRP			blank, FG, or GZ	
*--Greens	4000	GREEN	Arugula	ARU	FG	
			Arugula	ARU	FH, PR, RS, SD	F
			Asian	ASI	FG	
			Asian	ASI	FH, PR, RS, SD	F
			Chinese Mustard	CHN	FG	F
			Chinese Mustard	CHN	FH, PR, RS, SD	F
			Chinese Spinach/Amaranth	CHI	FG	
			Chinese Spinach/Amaranth	CHI	FG, FH, PR, RS, SD	F
			Collards	COL	FG	
			Collards	COL	FH, PR, RS, SD SE	F
			Common Kale	COM	FG	
			Common Kale	COM	FH, PR, RS, SD SE	F
			Cressie	CRE	FG	
			Cressie	CRE	FH, PR, RS, SD	F
			Curly Endive	CUR	FG	
			Curly Endive	CUR	FH, PR, RS, SD	F
			Dandelions	DAN	FG	
			Dandelions	DAN	FH, PR, RS, SD	F
Escarole	ESC	FG				
Escarole	ESC	FH, PR, RS, SD	F--*			





2003 and Subsequent Year Crops Reported on FSA-578 (Continued)

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Crop Name	Crop Code	Crop Abbr	Type Name	Type Code	Intended Use	Land Use
Greens (Continued)	4000	GREEN	Flowering Kale	FLW	FG	
			Flowering Kale	FLW	FH, PR, RS, SD SE	F
			Frizee/Belgian Endive	EDF	FG	
			Frizee/Belgian Endive	EDF	FH, PR, RS, SD	F
			Green Swisschard	GRN	FG	
			Green Swisschard	GRN	FH, PR, RS, SD	F
			Hanover	HAN	FG	
			Hanover	HAN	FH, PR, RS, SD	F
			Hybrid Mustard	HYB	FG	
			Hybrid Mustard	HYB	FH, PR, RS, SD	F
			Leaf Spinach	LEF	FG	
			Leaf Spinach	LEF	FH, PR, RS, SD	F
			Mizuna/Japanese Mustard	MIZ	FG	
			Mizuna/Japanese Mustard	MIZ	FH, PR, RS, SD	F
			Open Pollinated Mustard	OMS	FG	
			Open Pollinated Mustard	OMS	FG, FH, PR, RS, SD	F
			Orach	ORA	PR, SD	F
			Perilla/Shiso/Japanese Basil	PER	FG	
			Perilla/Shiso/Japanese Basil	PER	FH, PR, RS, SD	F
			Rape/Rapini/Chinese Broccoli	RAP	FG	
			Rape/Rapini/Chinese Broccoli	RAP	FH, GZ, PR, RS, SD	F
			Red Swisschard	RED	FG	
			Red Swisschard	RED	FH, PR, RS, SD	F
			Shanghi Bok Choy	SHA	FG	
			Shanghi Bok Choy	SHA	FH, PR, RS, SD	F
			Shum Choy	SHC	FG	
			Shum Choy	SHC	FH, PR, RS, SD	F
			Sorrell	SOR	FG	
			Sorrell	SOR	FH, PR, RS, SD	F
			Suk Gat	SUK	FG	
			Suk Gat	SUK	FH, PR, RS, SD	F
			Toc Choy	TOC	FG	
			Toc Choy	TOC	FH, PR, RS, SD	F
			Turnip	TUR	FG	
			Turnip	TUR	FH, PR, RS, SD	F
			Vine Spinach	VIN	FG, RS, SD	
			Vine Spinach	VIN	FH, PR	F
			Water Spinach	WAT	FG	
			Water Spinach	WAT	FH, PR, RS, SD	F
			Yu Choy	YUC	FG	
			Yu Choy	YUC	FH, PR, RS, SD	F

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2003 and Subsequent Year Crops Reported on FSA-578 (Continued)

Crop Name	Crop Code	Crop Abbr	Type Name	Type Code	Intended Use	Land Use
Ground Cherry	0127	GRCHY	*--Chinese Lantern Plant--*	CHL	FH, PR	F
Guamabana/Soursop	1167	GUANA			FH	
Guar	0134	GUAR			GM, GR, LS, SD	
Guava	0498	GUAVA			FH, PR	F
Guavaberry	1299	GUBRY			FH	F
Guayule	0492	GUAYU			Blank	
Hazel Nuts	0376	HAZNT			Blank	F
Herbs	5000	HERBS	Anise Hyssop	HYA	FH, PR, SD	
			Basil	BAS	FH, PR, SD	
			Bay Leaf	BAY	FH, PR, SD	
			Borage	BOR	FH, PR, SD	
			Bu Choo/Garlic Chives	BUC	FH, PR, SD	
			Burdock	BUR	FH, PR, SD	
			Cacao	CAC	FH, PR, SD	
			Camomile	CMM	FH, PR, SD	
			Caraway	CWY	FH, PR, SD	
			Cardoon	CAR	FH, PR, SD	
			Catnip	CAT	FH, PR, SD	
			Chervil	CHR	FH, PR, SD	
			Chives	CHI	FH, PR, SD	
			Cilantro/Coriander	CIL	FH, PR, SD	
			Clary Sage	CLS	PR	
			Common Hyssop	HYC	FH, PR, SD	
			Common Sage	SAG	FH, PR, SD	
			Crotolaria	CRO	FH, PR, SD	
			Cuphea	CUP	FH, PR, SD	
			Deodeok (False Ginseng)	DEO	FH, PR, SD	
Dill	DIL	FH, PR, SD				
Echinacea	ECH	FH, PR, SD				
Fennel/Anise	FNL	FH, PR, SD				

2003 and Subsequent Year Crops Reported on FSA-578 (Continued)

Crop Name	Crop Code	Crop Abbr	Type Name	Type Code	Intended Use	Land Use
Herbs (Continued)	5000	HERBS	Fenugreek	FEN	FH, PR, SD	
			Gobo	GOB	RT	
			Goldenseal	GLD	FH, PR, SD	
			Kookoolau	KOO	FH, PR, SD	
			Lemon Balm	LMB	FH, PR, SD	
			Lemon Grass	LMG	FH, PR, SD	
			Lemon Verbena	LEM	FH, PR, SD	
			Mamaki	MKI	FH, PR, SD	
			Marjoram	MAR	FH, PR, SD	
			Milkthistle	MLK	FH, PR, SD	
			Mint	MNT	FH, PR, SD	
			Mint Apple	MTA	FH, PR, SD	
			Mullein	MUL	FH, PR, SD	
			Native Spearmint	NAT	FH, PR, SD	
			Oregano	ORE	FH, PR, SD	
			Parsley	PAR	FH, PR, RT, SD	
			Peppermint	PEP	FH, PR, SD	
			Recao	REC	FH, PR, SD	
			Rosemary	ROS	FH, PR, SD	
			Savory	SAV	FH, PR, SD	
			Scotch Spearmint	SCO	FH, PR, SD	
			Self-Heal	SLF	FH, PR, SD	
			St Johns Wort	STJ	FH, PR, SD	
Stevia	STV	FH, PR, SD				
Sungrass	SUN	FH, PR, SD				
Tarragon	TAR	FH, PR, SD				
Thyme	THY	FH, PR, SD				
Turmeric	TUR	FH, PR, SD				
Worm Grass	WRG	FH, PR, SD				
Hesperaloe/Agave	0837	HSPRL			Blank	
Honey	1190	HONEY			FH, NT, TB	
Honeydew	0758	HNYDW			FH, SD	F
Hops	0138	HOPS			FH, PR	
Horseradish	0090	HORSE			FH, PR, RS, SD	
Huckleberries	0622	HUKBR			FH, PR	F
*--Idle	0105	IDLE			Blank--*	
Indigo	0440	INDIG			FH	
Industrial Rice	1217	RICEI			blank	
Honeyberries	1297	HONYB			FH, PR	F
Industrial Hemp	1218	IHEMP			GR, PR, SD	

2003 and Subsequent Year Crops Reported on FSA-578 (Continued)

Crop Name	Crop Code	Crop Abbr	Type Name	Type Code	Intended Use	Land Use
Israel Melons	9030	ISRAL			FH	F
Jack Fruit	7037	JCKFR			FH, PR	F
Jerusalem Artichokes /Sunchoke	0522	ARTIJ			FH	F
Jojoba	0490	JOJOB			blank	
Jujube	2018	JUJUB			FH, PR	F
Juneberries	1906	JUNBR			FH, PR	F
*--Kharasan	0019	KHORN--*			GR	
Kenaf	0489	KENAF			blank or FH	
Kenya	8050	KENYA			FH	F
Kiwifruit	0463	KIWIF			FH, PR	F
Kochia (Prostrata)	2002	KOCHI			FG, GZ, SD	
Kohlrabi	0374	KOLRA			GZ, SD	
					FH	F
Korean Golden Melon	9993	KORGD			FH	F
Kumquats	0473	KUMQU			FH, PR	F
Leeks	0377	LEEKS			SD	
					FH	F
Lemons	0035	LEMON			FH, PR	F
Lentils	0401	LENTI			DE, FG, GM, GZ, SD	
Lespedeza	0273	LESPD			FG, GM, GZ, SD	
Lesquerella	0834	LSQRL			SD	
Lettuce	0140	LETUC	Bibb	BIB	FH, SD	F
			Boston	BOS	FH, SD	F
			Butterhead	BTR	FH, SD	F
			Crisphead	CRS	FH, SD	F
			Leaf Lettuce	LEF	FH, SD	F
			Romaine Lettuce	RMW	FH, SD	F
Limequats	0499	LIMEQ			FH	F

2003 and Subsequent Year Crops Reported on FSA-578 (Continued)

Crop Name	Crop Code	Crop Abbr	Type Name	Type Code	Intended Use	Land Use
Limes	0036	LIMES	Key	KEY	FH, PR	F
			Mexican	MEX	FH, PR	F
			Tahiti Limes	TAH	FH, PR	F
Longan	8004	LONGN			FH, PR	F
Loquats	0500	LOQUA			FH	F
Lotus Root	7087	LOTRT			FH, SD	F
Lupine (see flowers)						
Lychee	8005	LYCHE			FH	F
Macadamia Nuts	0469	MACAD			Blank	F
Malanga (see Dasheen)						
Mangos	0464	MANGO			FH, PR	F
Mangosteen	7208	MNGST			FH, PR	F
Maple Sap	0100	MAPSP			PR	
Mayhaw Berries	9904	MAYHW			FH	
					PR	F
Meadowfoam	0793	MDWFM			GR, SD	
Melongene	8139	MELNG			FH, SD	F
Mesple	1294	MESPL			FH, PR	F
Milkweed	2010	MLKWD			FG, GM, GR, GZ, SD	
					FH	F
Millet	0080	MILET	Common	COM	FG, GR, GZ, LS, SD	
			Dove Proso	DOP	FG, GR, GZ, LS, SD	
			*--Foxtail	FXT	FG, GR, GM, GZ, LS, SD--*	
			Japanese	JPN	FG, GR, GZ, LS, SD	
			Pearl	PRL	FG, GR, GZ, LS, SD	
Mixed Forage	0296	MIXFG	2 Or More Interseeded Coarse Grains	ICG	CO, FG, GM, GZ, LS, SD, SO	
			2 Or More Interseeded Grass Mix	IGS	CO, FG, GM, GZ, LS, SD, SO	
			2 Or More Interseeded Small Grains	MSG	CO, FG, GM, GZ, LS, SD, SO	
			2 Or More Legumes Interseeded	LEG	CO, FG, GM, GZ, LS, SD, SO	

2003 and Subsequent Year Crops Reported on FSA-578 (Continued)

Crop Name	Crop Code	Crop Abbr	Type Name	Type Code	Intended Use	Land Use
Mixed Forage (Continued)	0296	MIXFG	Alfalfa Grass Mixture	AGM	*--FG, GM, GZ, LS, SD, SO	
			Alfalfa Small Grain Interseeded	ASG	FG, GM, GZ, LS, SD, SO	
			Grass Mix-Below 25% Alfalfa	GMA	FG, GM, GZ, LS, SD, SO	
			Grass/Small Grain Interseeding	SSG	FG, GM, GZ, LS, SD, SO	
			Hay Oats And Peas	OTP	FG, GM, GZ, LS, SD, SO	
			Legume/Coarse Grain	LCG	FG, GM, GZ, LS, SD, SO	
			Legume/Grass Mixture	LGM	FG, GM, GZ, LS, SD, SO	
			Legume/Small Grain	LSG	FG, GM, GZ, LS, SD, SO	
			Legume/Small Grain/Grass	LGG	FG, GM, GZ, LS, SD, SO	
			Legume/Small Grain/Grass/ Vegetable Interseeded	LGV	GM, GZ, LS	
			Native Grass Interseeded	NSG	FG, GM, GZ, LS, SD, SO	
***	***	***	Oilseed/Grain Interseeded	OSG	FG, GM, GZ, LS	
			Small Grain/Grass/Vegetable Interseeded	GGV	GM, GZ, LS	
			Small Grain/Legume/ Vegetable Interseeded	GLV	GM, GZ, LS	
Mohair	2015	MOHAR			Blank	
Mollusk	3001	MOLSK	Abalone	ABA	FH, PR	
			Bay Scallops	BAY	FH, PR	
			Growout Clams	GRO	FH, PR	
			Mussel	MUS	FH, PR	
			Nursery Clams	NUR	FH, PR	
			Oysters	OYS	FH, PR	
			Raceway Clams	RAC	FH, PR	
Mulberries	0370	MULBR			FH, JU	F
Mushrooms	0403	MUSHR	Common	COM	FH, PR	F
			Shitake	SHI	FH, PR	F
Mustard	0130	MUSTD	Brown	BWN	GM, GR, PR, SD	
			Oriental	ORN	GM, GR, PR, SD	
			Yellow	YEL	GM, GR, PR, SD	
Nectarines	0250	NECTR	Common	COM	FH, PR	F
			Early Season	NEE	FH	F
			Late Season	NEL	FH	F
			Mid Season	NEM	FH	F
Niger Seed	2011	NGRSD			Blank	
Noni	0421	NONI			FH, JU, PR	F
Nursery	1010	NRSRY	Container	CON	Blank	
			Edible Container	EDC	Blank	
			Edible Field	EDF	Blank	
			Field	FLD	Blank	
<b>Note:</b> Report whole Ferns, Holly, Plants, Vines, and Shrubs under Nursery. Report Fern Fronds or cuttings for floriculture as Flowers/Fern Fronds (7501-FFS).						

2003 and Subsequent Year Crops Reported on FSA-578 (Continued)

Crop Name	Crop Code	Crop Abbr	Type Name	Type Code	Intended Use	Land Use
Oats	0016	OATS	*--Hulless Spring	HLS	FG, GM, GR, GS, GZ, LS, SD	
			Hulles Winter	HLW	FG, GM, GR, GS, GZ, LS, SD	
			Spring	SPR	FG, GM, GR, GS, GZ, LS, SD	
			Winter	WTR	FG, GM, GR, GS, GZ, LS, SD--*	
Okra	0286	OKRA			FH, PR, SD	F
Olives	0501	OLIVE	Manzanilla	MNZ	OL, PR	F
Onions	0142	ONION	Bunching	BEL	GZ	
			Bunching	BEL	FH, PR, SD, SE	F
			Fall Planted White & Yellow	FWY	GZ	
			Fall Planted White & Yellow	FWY	FH, PR, SD, SE	F
			Green	GRN	GZ	
			Green	GRN	FH, PR, SD, SE	F
			Hybrid	HYB	GZ	
			Hybrid	HYB	FH, PR, SD, SE	F
			Little White Pearl	LWP	GZ	
			Little White Pearl	LWP	FH, PR, SD, SE	F
			Open Pollinated	OPN	GZ	
			Open Pollinated	OPN	FH, PR, SD, SE	F
			Reds	RED	GZ	
			Reds	RED	FH, PR, SD, SE	F
			Storage	STR	GZ	
			Storage	STR	FH, PR, SD, SE	F
			Sweet, Early	SWE	GZ	
			Sweet, Early	SWE	FH, PR, SD, SE	F
			Sweet, Late	SWL	GZ	
			Sweet, Late	SWL	FH, PR, SD, SE	F
			Tokyo Long White Bunch	TLW	GZ	
Tokyo Long White Bunch	TLW	FH, PR, SD, SE	F			
Whites	WHT	GZ				
Whites	WHT	FH, PR, SD, SE	F			
Yellow Hybrid	YHY	GZ				
Yellow Hybrid	YHY	FH, PR, SD, SE	F			
Oranges	0023	ORANG	Blood And Toerh	BLT	FH, JU, PR	F
			Calamondin	CAL	FH, JU, PR	F
			Early Midseason	ETM	FH, JU, PR	F
			Early	ERL	FH, JU, PR	F
			Late	LAT	FH, JU, PR	F
			Mandarins	MND	FH, JU, PR	F
			Navel	NAV	FH, JU, PR	F
			Sweet	SWT	FH, JU, PR	F
			Temple	TMP	FH, JU, PR	F
			Valencia	VLN	FH, JU, PR	F

2003 and Subsequent Year Crops Reported on FSA-578 (Continued)

Crop Name	Crop Code	Crop Abbr	Type Name	Type Code	Intended Use	Land Use
***	***	***			***	***
Papaya	0181	PAPAY	Babaco	BAB	FH, JU	F
			Red (Mexican)	RED	FH, JU	F
			Yellow	YEL	FH, JU	F
Parsnip	0338	PARSN	Hybrid	HYB	FH, SD	F
			Open Pollinated	OPN	FH, SD	F
Passion Fruits	0502	PASFT			FH	F
PawPaw	*-0381-*	PAWPA			FH	F
Peaches	0034	PEACH	Cling Peaches	CLI	FH, PR, RS	F
			Freestone Early Season	FSE	FH	F
			Freestone Late Season	FSL	FH	F
			Freestone Mid Season	FSM	FH	F
			Freestone Peaches	FRE	FH, PR, RS	F
			Sf Cling Earlies	SCE	FH, PR, RS	F
			Sf Cling Ext Early	SCP	FH, PR, RS	F
			Sf Cling Ext Late	SCX	FH, PR, RS	F
Sf Cling Late	SCL	FH, PR, RS	F			
Peanuts	0075	PNUIS	Runner Peanuts	RUN	GP, HP, NP	
			Southeast Spanish Peanuts	SPE	GP, HP, NP	
			Southwest Spanish Peanuts	SPW	GP, HP, NP	
			Valencia Peanuts	VAL	GP, HP, NP	
			Virginia Peanuts	VIR	GP, HP, NP	
Pears	0144	PEARS	Anjou Pears	ANJ	FH, JU, PR, RS	F
			Asian Pears	ASN	FH, JU, PR, RS	F
			Bosc Pears	BOS	FH, JU, PR, RS	F
			Comice	CMC	FH, JU, PR, RS	F
			Common	COM	FH, JU, PR, RS	F
			Green Bartlett	BLT	FH, JU, PR, RS	F
			Speciality	SPC	FH, JU, PR, RS	F
Peas	0067	PEAS	Austrian	AUS	*-DE, FG, GM, GZ, SD--*	
			Black Eye	BLE	FG, GM	
			Black Eye	BLE	DE, FH, PR, SD	F
			Butter	BUT	FG, GM	
			Butter	BUT	DE, FH, PR, SD	F
			Caley	CAL	FG, GM	
			Caley	CAL	DE, FH, PR, SD	F
			Chickling (Vetch)	CHK	FG, GZ, SD	
			China	CHI	FG, GM	
			China	CHI	DE, FH, PR, SD	F
			Cow	COW	FG, GM	
			Cow	COW	DE, FH, PR, SD	F
			Cream	CRM	FG, GM	
			Cream	CRM	DE, FH, PR, SD	F
Crowder	CRO	FG, GM				



2003 and Subsequent Year Crops Reported on FSA-578 (Continued)

Crop Name	Crop Code	Crop Abbr	Type Name	Type Code	Intended Use	Land Use
Peas (Continued)	0067	PEAS	Crowder	CRO	DE, FH, PR, SD	F
			English/Garden	ENG	FG, GM	
			English/Garden	ENG	DE, FH, PR, SD	F
			Flat	FLT	FG, GM	
			Flat	FLT	DE, FH, PR, SD	F
			Green	GRN	DE, FG, GM, GZ, SD	
			Marrowfat	MAR	DE, FG, GM, GZ, SD	
			Mini	MIN	FG, GM	
			Mini	MIN	DE, FH, PR, SD	F
			Partridge	PAR	DE, FG, FH, GM, PR, SD	
			Pigeon	PIG	FG, GM	
			Pigeon	PIG	DE, FH, PR, SD	F
			Pink Eyed	PNK	FG, GM	
			Pink Eyed	PNK	DE, FH, PR, SD	F
			Purple Hull	PHL	FG, GM	
			Purple Hull	PHL	DE, FH, PR, SD	F
			Rondo	RON	FG, GM	
			Rondo	RON	DE, FH, PR, SD	F
			Snap	SNA	FG, GM	
			Snap	SNA	DE, FH, PR, SD	F
			Snow	SNO	FG, GM	
			Snow	SNO	DE, FH, LV, PR, SD	F
			Southern Acre	SOA	FG, GM	
			Southern Acre	SOA	DE, FH, PR, SD	F
			Speckled/Colored	SPK	FG, GM, GZ-	
			Speckled/Colored	SPK	DE, FH, PR, SD	F
			Sugar	SUG	FG, GM	
			Sugar	SUG	DE, FH, LT, PR, SD	F
Umatilla	UMA	DE, FG, GM, SD				
Wrinkled Seed	WSD	DE, FG, GM, GZ, SD				
Yellow Variety	YEL	DE, FG, GM, GZ, SD, * * *				
<p><b>Note:</b> Peas raised for the fresh market, canning, or freezing shall be reported as English/Garden (ENG) if the pea is grown and harvested for the round pea to be removed from the pod, or Snap (SNA), Snow (SNO), or Sugar (SUG) if the pea is grown for the edible pea pod. Green (GRN) type pea is a dry pea which is exempt from FAV along with Austrian, Umatilla, Wrinkled Seed, and Yellow Variety pea types.</p>						
Pecans	0146	PECAN	Improved Pecans	IMP	blank	F
			Native Pecans	NAT	blank	F
Pejibaye (Heart Of Palm)	3015	PEJIB			FH	F
Pelt	2017	PELT			blank	
Pennycress	0615	PENNY			PR	

2003 and Subsequent Year Crops Reported on FSA-578 (Continued)

Crop Name	Crop Code	Crop Abbr	Type Name	Type Code	Intended Use	Land Use
Peppers	0083	PEPRS	Anaheim	ANA	FH, PR, SD, SE	F
			Banana	BAN	FH, PR, SD, SE	F
			Cayenne	CAY	FH, PR, SD, SE	F
			Chilaca	CHL	FH, PR, SD, SE	F
			Cubanells	CUB	FH, PR, SD, SE	F
			Fingerhots	FIN	FH, PR, SD, SE	F
			Fresno	FRS	FH, PR, SD, SE	F
			Gourmet Mini	GOU	FH, PR, SD, SE	F
			Green Bell	GRN	FH, PR, SD, SE	F
			Green Chili	GRC	FH, PR, SD, SE	F
			Habanero	HAB	FH, PR, SD, SE	F
			Hot Cherry	HTC	FH, PR, SD, SE	F
			Hungarian Hot Wax	HHW	FH, PR, SD, SE	F
			Italian	ITA	FH, PR, SD, SE	F
			Jalapeno	JAL	FH, PR, SD, SE	F
			Long Johns	LNG	FH, PR, SD, SE	F
			Mini	MIN	FH, PR, SD, SE	F
			Oriental Red	ORD	FH, PR, SD, SE	F
			Oriental Sweet	ORS	FH, PR, SD, SE	F
			Paprika	PAP	FH, PR, SD, SE	F
			Pepino	PEP	FH, PR, SD, SE	F
			Pimento	PIM	FH, PR, SD, SE	F
			Poblano	POB	FH, PR, SD, SE	F
			Red Chili	RED	FH, PR, SD, SE	F
Scotch Bennet	SCB	FH, PR, SD, SE	F			
Serrano	SER	FH, PR, SD, SE	F			
Sport	SPT	FH, PR, SD, SE	F			
Sweet Cherry	SWC	FH, PR, SD, SE	F			
Tobasco	TOB	FH, PR, SD, SE	F			
Yellow	YEL	FH, PR, SD, SE	F			
Perennial Peanuts	9033	PRNPT			FG, GZ	
Perique Tobacco	0887	PERIQ			blank	
Persimmons	0465	PERSI			FH PR	F
Pineapple	0185	PNAPL	Abacaxi/Sugar Loaf	ABA	FH, PR	F
			Queen	QUN	FH, PR	F
			Red Spanish	RED	FH, PR	F
			Smooth	SMO	FH, PR	F
Pistachios	0470	PISTA			blank	F
*--Pitaya/DragonFruit--*	0380	PITAY			FH, PR	F
Plantain	0186	PLANT	Common	COM	FH	F
			Maricongo	MAR	FH	F
			Short	SHT	FH	F
			Super	SUP	FH	F

## 2003 and Subsequent Year Crops Reported on FSA-578 (Continued)

Crop Name	Crop Code	Crop Abbr	Type Name	Type Code	Intended Use	Land Use
Plumcots	0466	PLUMC			FH, RS	F
Plums	0254	PLUMS	Early	ERL	FH, PR, RS	F
			Late	LAT	FH, PR, RS	F
			Midseason	MID	FH, PR, RS	F
Pohole	0135	POHOL			FH	F
Pomegranates	0467	POMEG			FH, JU, PR	F
Potatoes	0084	PTATO	Fingerling Potatoes	FIN	FH, PR, SD	F
			Irish Redskinned Potatoes	IRS	FH, PR, SD	F
			Reds	RED	FH, PR, SD	F
			Russets	RUS	FH, PR, SD	F
			Speciality	SPC	FH, PR, SD	F
			Whites	WHT	FH, PR, SD	F
			Yellow	YEL	FH, PR, SD	F
Potatoes Sweet	0156	SWTPO	Beauregard	BEA	FH, PR, SD, SE	F
			*--Bellevue	BVE	FH, PR, SD, SE	F--*
			Covington	COV	FH, PR, SD, SE	F
			Dianne	DIA	FH, PR, SD, SE	F
			Evangeline	EVA	FH, PR, SD, SE	F
			Garnet	GAR	FH, PR, SD, SE	F
			Georgia Red	GEO	FH, PR, SD, SE	F
			Golden Sweet	GSW	FH, PR, SD, SE	F
			Hannah	HAN	FH, PR, SD, SE	F
			Hattteras	HAT	FH, PR, SD, SE	F
			Hernandez	HER	FH, PR, SD, SE	F
			Japanese	JPN	FH, PR, SD, SE	F
			Jersey	JER	FH, PR, SD, SE	F
			Jewel	JWL	FH, PR, SD, SE	F
			Mameya	MAM	FH, PR, SD, SE	F
			Oriental	ORI	FH, PR, SD, SE	F
			*--Orleans	ORL	FH, PR, SD, SE	F--*
			Red Glow	RGL	FH, PR, SD, SE	F
			Sweet Boniato	SBE	FH, PR, SD, SE	F
			Sweet Hayman	SHA	FH, PR, SD, SE	F
White	WHT	FH, PR, SD, SE	F			
Prunes	0086	PRUNS			FH, PR, RS	F
Psyllium	0715	PSYLM			blank	
Pummelo	0906	PUMLO			FH, PR	F

## 2003 and Subsequent Year Crops Reported on FSA-578 (Continued)

Crop Name	Crop Code	Crop Abbr	Type Name	Type Code	Intended Use	Land Use
Pumpkins	0147	PUMKN	Chinese Pumpkins	CHI	FH, PR, SD	F
			Cinderella	CIN	FH, PR, SD	F
			Cushaw	CUS	FH, PR, SD	F
			Ghost	GHO	FH, PR, SD	F
			Howden Pumpkins	HOD	FH, PR, SD	F
			Jack-O-Lantern	JAC	FH, PR, SD	F
			Kobacha/Calabaza	KOB	FH, PR, SD	F
			Mammoth	MAM	FH, PR, SD	F
			Mini Pumpkins	MIN	FH, PR, SD	F
			Sugar	SUG	FH, PR, SD	F
Quinces	0468	QUINC			FH, PR	F
Quinoa	0716	QUINO			FH, GR	
Radishes	0148	RADIS	Chinese	CHI	*--GM	
			Chinese	CHI	FH, LS, SD	F
			Daikon	DAI	GM	
			Daikon	DAI	FH, LS, SD	F
			Hybrid	HYB	GM	
			Hybrid	HYB	FH, LS, SD	F
			Korean	KOR	GM	
			Korean	KOR	FH, LS, SD	F
			Oilseed	OLS	GM	
			Oilseed	OLS	FH, LS, SD	F
			Open Pollinated	OPN	GM--*	
			Open Pollinated	OPN	FH, LS, SD	F
Raisins	0037	RAISN			Blank	F
Rambutan	7164	RMBTN			FH, PR, RS, SD	F
Rapeseed	0129	RAPE			FG, GM, GR, GZ, PR, SD--*	
			*--Carinata/Ethiopian Mustard, Fall	CAF	GM, PR, SD	
			Carinata/Ethiopian Mustard, Spring	CAS	GM, PR, SD	
<b>Note:</b> Rapeseeds types that are not considered Carinata/Ethiopian Mustard shall be reported as the "blank" type.--*						
Rhubarb	0335	RHUBR			FH, PR, RS	F
Rice	0018	RICE	Long Grain	LGR	GR, PR, SD	
			Medium Grain	MGR	GR, PR, SD	
			Short Grain	SGR	GR, PR, SD	
Rice, Industrial	1217	RICEI			Blank	
<b>Note:</b> Report genetically engineered rice, such as "ventria" under industrial rice.						
Rice, Sweet	0904	RICES			*--GR, PR, SD	F
Rice, Wild	0641	RICEW			GR, PR, SD--*	F

2003 and Subsequent Year Crops Reported on FSA-578 (Continued)

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Crop Name	Crop Code	Crop Abbr	Type Name	Type Code	Intended Use	Land Use
Rutabaga	0339	RUBAG			FH, PR, SD	F
Rye	0094	RYE			** * FG, GM, GR, GS, GZ, LS, SD	
Safflower	0079	SFLWR			FG, FH, SD	
Salsify ("Oyster Plant")	0532	SALSI			FH, PR	F
Sapodilla	8008	SPDLA			FH	F
Sapote	0998	SAPBK	Black Sapote	BLA	FH, PR	F
			Mamey Sapote	MAM	FH, PR	F
			White Sapote	WHI	FH, PR	F
Scallions	8109	SCALN			SD	
					FH, PR	F
Schizandra Berries	0426	SCHIZ			FH, PR	F
Sesame	0396	SESME			GR, LV, SD, PR	
Shallots	0533	SHALL			FH, SD	F
Shrubs/Forbs	7505	SHRUB	Compass Plant	CMP	SD	
			Fourwing Saltbush	FWS	SD	
			Mixed Wild Flowers/Pollinator Habitat	MWF	LS	
			Prairie Coneflower	PCF	SD	
			*--Sagebrush	SGB	LS, SD--*	
			Winterfat	WIN	SD	
Skip Rows	0790	SKPRW			Blank	
Sorghum	0051	SORGH	Grain	GRS	FG, GR, GZ, SD, SG	
			Hybird Interplanting Forage	HIF	FG, GR, GZ, SD	
			Hybrid	HIG	FG, GR, GZ, SD, SG	
			Hybrid Standardplant Fg	HSF	FG, GR, GZ, SD	
			Hybrid Standardplant Gr	HSG	FG, GR, GZ, SD	
			Hybrid Standardplant Su	HSS	FG, GR, GZ, SD	
Sorghum, Forage	0050	SORGF	Alum	ALU	*--FG, GM, GZ, LS, ML, PR, SD, SG	
			Cane	CAN	FG, GM, GZ, LS, ML, PR, SD, SG	
			Sudex	SUD	FG, GM, GZ, LS, ML, PR, SD, SG	
			Sweet	SWT	FG, GM, GZ, LS, ML, PR,--* SD, SG	
Sorghum, Dual Purpose	0052	SORGD			FG, GM, GR, GZ, SD, SG	

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2003 and Subsequent Year Crops Reported on FSA-578 (Continued)

Crop Name	Crop Code	Crop Abbr	Type Name	Type Code	Intended Use	Land Use
Soybeans	0081	SOYBN	Common	COM	FG, FH, GR, GZ, LS, SD	
			Edamame Soybeans	EDA	*--FG, FH, GR, GZ, LS, SD, PR--*	
			High Protein	HPT	GR, PR, SD	
			Large Seeded Food Grade	LSD	FH, PR, SD	
			Lerado	LER	FG, FH, GR, GZ, LS, SD	
			Low Lincolnic Acid	LLA	FG, GR, LS, PR, SD	
			Low Saturated Fat	LSF	GR, PR, SD	
			Quail Haven	QUL	FG, LS, SD	
			Small Seeded Food Grade	SSD	FH, PR, SD	
Vernal	VER	FG, LS, SD				
Speltz	0131	SPELZ			FG, GM, GR, GZ	
Soursop (see Guamabana/Soursop)						
Sprite Melon	0760	SPRTE			FH, SD	F
Squash	0155	SQASH	Acorn Squash	ACN	FH, PR, SD	F
			Banana	BAN	FH, PR, SD	F
			Bittermelon Squash	BIT	FH, PR, SD	F
			Buttercup	BTR	FH, PR, SD	F
			Butternut Squash	BTT	FH, PR, SD	F
			Chayote	CHY	FH, PR, SD	F
			Crookneck	CRK	FH, PR, SD	F
			Dungua	DNG	FH, PR, SD	F
			Moqua	MOQ	FH, PR, SD	F
			Opo	OPO	FH, PR, SD	F
			Singua	SNG	FH, PR, SD	F
			Spaghetti Squash	SPG	FH, PR, SD	F
			Summer Squash	SUM	FH, PR, SD	F
			Sunburst	SUN	FH, PR, SD	F
			Winter Squash	WTR	FH, PR, SD	F
Zucchini Squash	ZUC	FH, PR, SD	F			
Strawberries	0154	STWBR			FH, PR, RS, SE	F
Sugar Beets	0039	SBEET			FG, PR, SD	
Sugarcane	0038	SCANE			FH, PR	
Suk Gat (see Greens)						
Sunflowers	0078	SNFLR	Confectionery - Sunflower	NON	FG, GR, SD	
			Conoil	CON	*--GR, PR, SD--*	
			Sunflower Oil	OIL	FG, GR, SD	
Sunn Hemp	7510	SHEMP			GM, LS, SD	
Tangelos	0024	TANGL	Minneola	MIN	FH, JU, PR	F
			Orlando	ORL	FH, JU, PR	F
Tangerines	0048	TANGR	Common	COM	FH, JU, PR, RS	F
			Murcotts	MUR	FH, JU, PR, RS	F
			Satsuma	SAT	FH, JU, PR, RS	F

2003 and Subsequent Year Crops Reported on FSA-578 (Continued)

Crop Name	Crop Code	Crop Abbr	Type Name	Type Code	Intended Use	Land Use
Tangors	1302	TANGS			FH	F
Tangos	0478	TANGO			FH	F
Tannier	0187	TANRS	Purple	PUR	FH	F
			Rascana	RAS	FH	F
			White	WHT	FH	F
			Yellow	YEL	FH	F
Taro	0535	TARO	Chinese	CHI	FH, LV, PR	F
			Giant	GIA	FH, PR	F
			Poi	POI	FH, LV, PR	F
			Xanthosoma	XAN	FH, PR	F
Tea	0179	TEA			PR	
Teff	1223	TEFF			FG, GR, GZ, SD	
Ti	0536	TIPLT			FH, LV, PR	F
Tobacco, Cigar Wrapper	0012	CIWTB			blank	
Tobacco, Burley	0001	BURTB			blank	
Tobacco, Burley 31V	0013	BURLV			blank	
Tobacco, Cigar Binder	0008	CIBTB	Cigar Binder (051)	CBA	blank	
			Cigar Binder (052)	CBB	blank	
Tobacco, Cigar Filler	0010	CIFTB	Cigar Filler Tobacco (041)	CGA	blank	
Tobacco, Cigar Filler Binder	0007	CFBTB	Cigar Filler Binder (054)	CFA	blank	
			Cigar Filler Binder (055)	CFB	blank	
Tobacco, Dark Air Cured	0005	DACTB	Dark Air Cured (035)	DAA	blank	
			Dark Air Cured (036)	DAB	blank	
Tobacco, Fire Cured	0004	FICTB	Fire Cured (022)	FRA	blank	
			Fire Cured (023)	FRB	blank	
Tobacco, Flue Cured	0002	FCTB	Flue Cured (012)	FCA	blank	
			Flue Cured (013)	FCB	blank	
			Flue Cured (014)	FCC	blank	
			Flue Cured (11A)	FCD	blank	
			Flue Cured (11B)	FCE	blank	
Tobacco, Maryland	0009	MDTB			blank	

**2003 and Subsequent Year Crops Reported on FSA-578 (Continued)**

\*--

Crop Name	Crop Code	Crop Abbr	Type Name	Type Code	Intended Use	Land Use
Tobacco, Virginia Fire Cured	0003	VFCTB			blank	
Tobacco, Virginia Sun Cured	0006	VSCTB			blank	
Tomatillos	7158	TOMTL			FH, PR	F
Tomatoes	0087	TMATO	Cherry	CHR	FH, PR, RS, SD	F
			Grape	GRP	FH, PR, RS, SD	F
			Green	GRN	FH, PR, RS, SD	F
			Hybrid	HYB	FH, PR, RS, SD	F
			Japanese	JPN	FH, PR, RS, SD	F
			Plum	PLM	FH, PR, RS, SD	F
			Yellow	YEL	FH, PR, RS, SD	F
Trees, Timber	7506	TREES			blank	
Triticale	0158	TRICL			FG, GM, GR, GS, GZ, LS, SD	
Truffles	0405	TRUFF			FH	F
Turnips	0160	TRNIP	Forage Turnip	FTP	FG, GZ, SD	
			Hybrid Turnip	HYB	GZ	
			Hybrid Turnip	HYB	FH, PR, SD	F
			Open Pollinated	OPN	GZ	
			Open Pollinated	OPN	FH, PR, SD	F
Vanilla	1295	VANIL			blank	
Vetch	0435	VETCH	Cicer Milkvetch	CIC	FG, GM, GZ, SD	
			Common Vetch	COM	FG, GM, GZ, SD	
			Crown Vetch	CRW	FG, GM, GZ, RS, SD	
			Hairy Vetch	HRY	FG, GM, GZ, SD	
Walnuts	0029	WLNUT	Black	BLK	blank	F
			English	ENG	blank	F
Wampee	7320	WAMPI			blank	
Wasabi	7509	WASAB			FH, PR, SE, SD	
Water Cress	0613	WACRE			FH, PR	F
Water Impoundment Structure	0776	WTRIS			blank	
Waterbank	0093	WBP			blank	

--\*



2003 and Subsequent Year Crops Reported on FSA-578 (Continued)

Crop Name	Crop Code	Crop Abbr	Type Name	Type Code	Intended Use	Land Use
Watermelon	0757	WATRM	Common	COM	FH, SD, LS	F
			Crimson Sweet	CRM	FH, SD	F
			Ice Box/Sugar Babies	SUG	FH, SD	F
			Jubilee	JUB	FH, SD	F
			Personal/Mini	PER	FH, SD	F
			Seedless	SED	FH, SD	F
			Striped	STR	FH, SD, LS	F
Wax Jamboo Fruit	7302	WXJMB			FH	F
Wetland Bank Reserve	9011	WBR			Blank	
Wetland Reserve Program	2006	WRP			Blank	
Wheat	0011	WHEAT	*--Hard Amber Durum, Winter	HAW	*-- FG, GM, GR, GS, GZ, LS, SD	
			Hard Amber Durum, Spring	HAD	FG, GM, GR, GS, GZ, LS, SD	
			Hard Red Spring	HRS	FG, GM, GR, GS, GZ, LS, SD	
			Hard Red Winter	HRW	FG, GM, GR, GS, GZ, LS, SD	
			Hard White Spring	HWS	FG, GM, GR, GS, GZ, LS, SD	
			Hard White Winter	HWR	FG, GM, GR, GS, GZ, LS, SD	
			Soft Red Winter	SRW	FG, GM, GR, GS, GZ, LS, SD	
			Soft White Spring	SWS	FG, GM, GR, GS, GZ, LS, SD	
Soft White Winter	SWW	FG, GM, GR, GS, GZ, LS, SD--*				
Wildlife Food Plot	0777	WLDFP			Blank	
Wildlife Habitat Incentive Program	2007	WHIP			Blank	
Wolfberry/Goji	0427	WOLFB			FH, PR	F
Woodland/Native Understory	7508	WNUND			GZ	
Wool	2016	WOOL			Blank	
Yam	0188	YAM	Diamond	DMD	FH, LT, PR	F
			Habanero	HAB	FH, LT, PR	F
			Purple	PUR	FH, LT, PR	F
			Sweet	SWT	FH, LT, PR	F
Yu Cha ("Tea Tree Oil" - oilseed plant)	0695	YUCHO			SG	
					FH, PR, RS, SD	F



## Crop Characteristic Codes

### \*--A Background

Crop characteristic codes are maintained and displayed in CRM/Product Master and in CVS. The codes are maintained in CVS as first, second, and third character field status codes. In CRM/Product Master, the codes are maintained as crop status codes, planting status codes (displayed as supplemental status codes in CARS), experimental status codes, volunteer status codes, and concurrent planting status codes.

### B Crop Status Codes

Crop status codes can be viewed in CRM/Product Master.

**Note:** In SAP/CRM, the “Experimental” status code “X” is captured independently of the other crop status codes, but is still captured in the “crop status” data field in CARS.

The screenshot displays the CRM/Product Master interface for Product ID 1100931, SQUASH, ACORN SQUASH. The 'Crop Status' tab is selected, showing a list of crop status codes and their descriptions. The 'Experimental Status' tab is also visible and highlighted with a red box.

Intended Use	Description	Valid From	Valid To	Land Use (FAV Status)	Description
FH	Fresh	01/01/2013	12/31/9999	F	FRUIT & VEGETABLE
PR	Processed	01/01/2013	12/31/9999	F	FRUIT & VEGETABLE
SD	Seed	01/01/2013	12/31/9999	F	FRUIT & VEGETABLE

Crop Status*	Description
E	Double Crop - CC followed by FAV/Wild Rice
F	Double Crop - FAV followed by different FAV
H	Double Crop - Non CC/Non FAV followed by FAV
I	Initial - first crop planted on acreage
K	Subsequent - CC followed by FAV/Wild Rice
L	Subsequent - FAV followed by FAV
N	Subsequent - Non CC followed by FAV
R	Repeat - planting of the same crop/acreage

**Notes:** See 1-ARCPLC for crops considered covered commodities.

See paragraph 25 for the definition of an approved double cropping combination.

Covered commodity, as described in the crop status code, is **not** synonymous with cover crop, as described in paragraph 23.6.--\*

**Crop Characteristic Codes (Continued)**

**\*--B Crop Status Codes (Continued)**

The following table defines the crop status codes for the crop status field. All crop status codes are defined as applicable for the product (crop, type) and are available for viewing in CRM/Product Master.

Code	Description
<b>Status Code for Initial Crops</b>	
I	Initial - the first crop planted on the acreage.
<b>Status Codes for Crops Meeting Double Cropping Definition</b>	
D	Covered commodity followed by a different covered commodity - meets double cropping definition.
E	Covered commodity followed by FAV or wild rice or vice versa - meets double cropping definition.
F	FAV followed by a different FAV - meets double cropping definition.
G	Noncovered commodity/non-FAV followed by covered commodity or vice versa - meets double cropping definition.
H	Noncovered commodity/non-FAV followed by FAV or vice versa - meets double cropping definition.
O	Noncovered commodity/non-FAV followed by noncovered commodity/non-FAV meets double cropping definition.
<b>Status Codes for Crops Not Meeting Double Cropping Definition</b>	
J	Covered commodity followed by a covered commodity - does not meet double cropping definition.
K	Covered commodity followed by FAV or wild rice or vice versa - does not meet double cropping definition.
L	FAV followed by a different FAV - does not meet double cropping definition.
M	Noncovered commodity/non-FAV followed by a covered commodity or vice versa - does not meet double cropping definition.
N	Noncovered commodity followed by FAV or vice versa- does not meet double cropping definition.
P	Noncovered commodity/non-FAV followed by noncovered commodity/non-FAV does not meet double cropping definition.

--\*

**Crop Characteristic Codes (Continued)**

**\*--B Crop Status Codes (Continued)**

Code	Description
<b>Status Code for Repeat Crops</b>	
R	Repeat – replanting of the same crop on the same acreage.
<b>Status Code for Experimental Crops</b>	
X	<p>Experimental - when the crop does not meet the definition of a crop and all of the following are met:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• crop is planted for experimental purposes conducted under the direct supervision of a State experiment station or commercial company</li> <li>• production is destroyed <b>before</b> harvest or used for testing or other experimental purposes</li> <li>• a representative of the State experiment station or the commercial company certifies that any production harvested from the experiment will not be marketed in any form</li> <li>• the farm operator certifies that no harvested production of the crop has or will be received</li> <li>• by the final reporting date, the farm operator reports the acreage to be excluded and identifies the acreage on a photocopy.</li> </ul>

--\*

**Crop Characteristic Codes (Continued)**

**\*--C Planting Status, Volunteer, and Supplemental Status Codes**

Planting status codes are defined and maintained in CRM/Product Master as applicable for the product (crop/type) as follows:

- failed
- prevented.

**Notes:** In CRM/Product Master, the “Volunteer” status is captured independently of the other planting status codes.

The “Planted” and “Not Applicable” statuses are not captured in CRM/Product Master.

See the following table for a description of how the codes are displayed and/or maintained in CRM/Product Master, the CVS, and in CARS.

CRM Product Master		CVS Second Character Field	CARS Supplemental Status
Planting Status	Failed	F	Failed
	Prevented Planted	P	Prevented
Volunteer Status	Volunteer	V	Volunteer
N/A		(blank)	Planted
N/A		N	Not Applicable

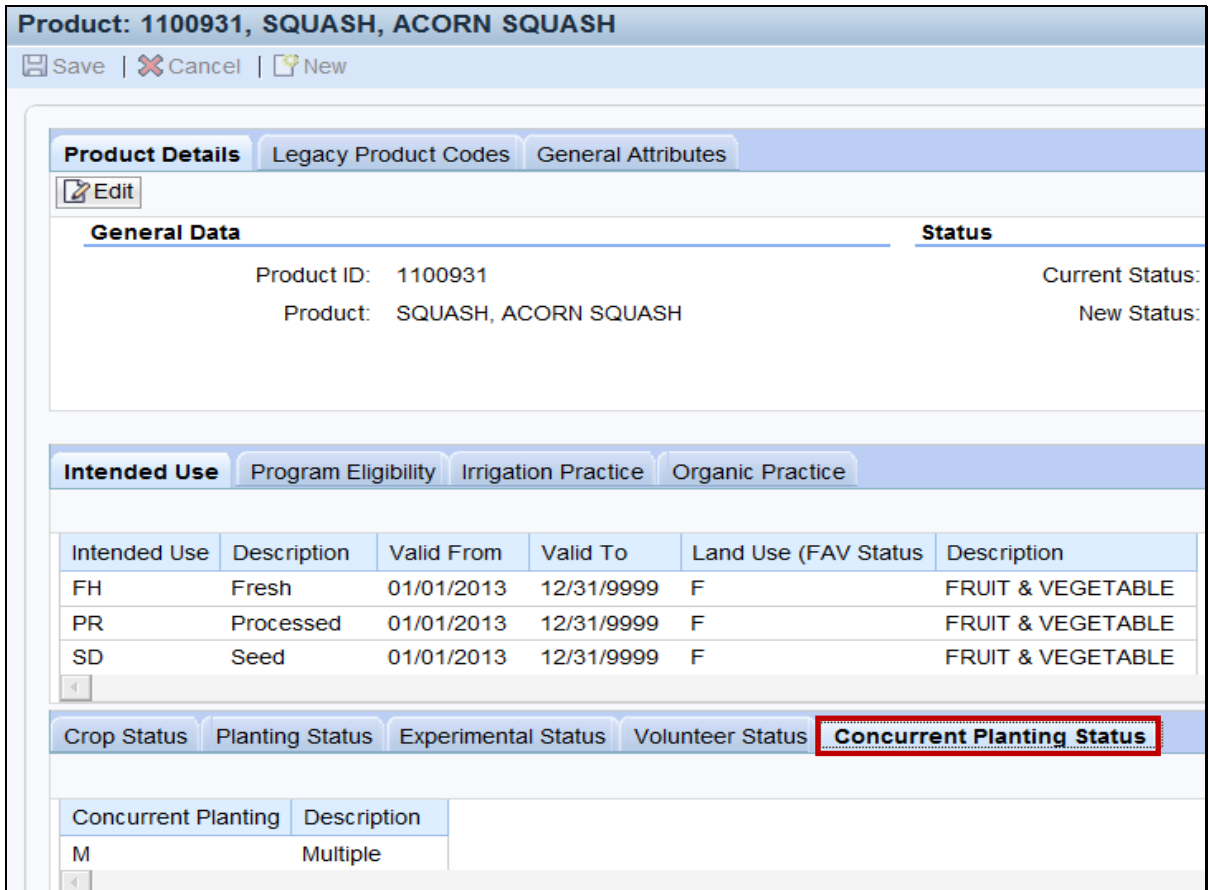
--\*

**Crop Characteristic Codes (Continued)**

**\*--D Concurrent Planting Status Codes**

Concurrent planting status codes are applicable to the product (crop/type) and are available for viewing in CRM/Product Master. Only 1 of the following concurrent planting status codes will be used in CRM/Product Master:

- None (blank)
- Concurrent.



**Product: 1100931, SQUASH, ACORN SQUASH**

Save | Cancel | New

**Product Details** | Legacy Product Codes | General Attributes

Edit

**General Data** **Status**

Product ID: 1100931 Current Status:

Product: SQUASH, ACORN SQUASH New Status:

**Intended Use** | Program Eligibility | Irrigation Practice | Organic Practice

Intended Use	Description	Valid From	Valid To	Land Use (FAV Status)	Description
FH	Fresh	01/01/2013	12/31/9999	F	FRUIT & VEGETABLE
PR	Processed	01/01/2013	12/31/9999	F	FRUIT & VEGETABLE
SD	Seed	01/01/2013	12/31/9999	F	FRUIT & VEGETABLE

**Crop Status** | **Planting Status** | Experimental Status | Volunteer Status | **Concurrent Planting Status**

Concurrent Planting	Description
M	Multiple

See Part 2.5 for available selections in CARS for products (crop/type) with an “M” concurrent planting status code in CRM/Product Master.--\*

**Crop Characteristic Codes (Continued)**

**E Intended Actual Use Codes**

The following are the intended actual use codes and definitions.

<b>Code</b>	<b>Intended/Actual Use</b>	<b>FSA-578 Printout</b>	<b>Definition</b>
Co	Cover Only	Cover	Crops, including grasses, legumes, and forbs, for seasonal cover and other conservation purposes. Cover crops are primarily used for erosion control, soil health improvement, and water quality improvement. The cover crop may be terminated by natural causes, such as frost, or intentionally terminated through chemical application, crimping, rolling, tillage, or cutting.  If green manure (GM) is the method of termination, the crop shall be reported as cover only (CO).
De	Dry Edible	Dry Ed	*--The dry, edible seed of the crop intended for human or livestock consumption, such as pulse crops.--*
Ed	Edible	Edible	Intended for human consumption, from a nontypical food source.
Fg	Foraging	Forage	Intended for harvesting as food for livestock. Does not include crops grown for the intended purpose of grazing by livestock or grown for the intended purpose of grain which may be fed to livestock.
Fh	Fresh	Fresh	Intended to have an end use unchanged or unimpaired and retaining its original properties; not altered or preserved by freezing, canning, pickling, salting, drying, etc.
Gm	Green Manure	Gr Mnre	Intended not to harvest, but to be plowed under to enrich the soil.
Gp	Green Peanuts	Green	Intended to harvest peanuts in a semi-mature state, having achieved full size, but not being fully dried, as would be needed for roasting, boiling, or peanut butter production.
Gr	Grain	Grain	Intended to be harvested as the small, hard seed of a food plant such as wheat, corn, rye, oats, rice, or millet.
Gs	Grain/Grazing	Grazing	Intended as pasture for livestock to roam and feed on initially, and then later harvest for grain.
Gz	Grazing	Graze	Intended solely for pasture for livestock to roam and feed on.
Hp	Hogged Peanuts	Hogged	Intended for swine to graze by digging up the root system and nut. The above ground portion may be mechanically harvested for hay production before allowing the swine to graze.



**Crop Characteristic Codes (Continued)**

**E Intended Actual Use Codes (Continued)**

<b>Code</b>	<b>Intended/Actual Use</b>	<b>FSA-578 Printout</b>	<b>Definition</b>
Ju	Juice	Juice	Intended to harvest for the natural fluid, fluid content, or liquid, not including molasses.  *-- <b>Note:</b> Beginning with the 2017 crop year, the “Juice” intended use will no longer be available and shall be reported as the “Processed” intended use.--*
Ls	Left Standing	Lft Std	Intended to be left in the field unharvested. Not intended to be mechanically or manually harvested for any purpose, grazed by domesticated livestock, or otherwise harvested in any manner. Typically used for erosion control and nutrient retention.
Lt	Leaf Tips	Leaftip	Intended to harvest the tips of the young leaves and shoots only.
Lv	Leaves	Leaves	Intended to harvest the mature leaves of the plant only.
Ml	Molasses	Molass	Intended to produce thick syrup during the refining of sorghum or sugar.
Np	Nut Peanuts	Nut	Intended to harvest the fully mature nut of the peanut plant.
Nt	Nontable	Nontable	Honey not intended for human consumption.
Ol	Oil	Oil	Intended to produce oil from the plant of flax, olives, or flowers for fragrance, consumption, or lubrication.  <b>Note:</b> All other crops grown with the intent to produce oil shall be reported with a “Processed” intended use.
Pr	Processed	Proces	Intended to have an end use after being treated or prepared by some particular process that changes the original properties, such as freezing, canning, pickling, salting, drying, pasteurizing, etc.
Rs	Root Stock	Rtstck	Intended to grow the plant solely for its root and its associated growth buds as a stock in plant propagation, and not for livestock or human consumption.
Rt	Root	Root	Intended to grow the plant solely for its root to be consumed.
Sd	Seed	Seed	Intended to harvest for the plant’s seed for growing a new crop, and not for livestock or human consumption.
Se	Sets	Sets	Intended to harvest the plant, midway through its growing cycle, to sell for replanting or propagation purposes.
Sg	Silage	Silage	Intended for use as food for livestock, preserved through fermentation.
So	Sod	Sod	Intended to be harvested as sections cut or torn from the surface containing the matted roots of grass.
Tb	Table	Table	Honey intended for human consumption.



**Deviations From Prescribed Standards**

**A States With Authorized Deviations**

This exhibit lists States with authorized deviations from prescribed standards. See paragraph 391.

<b>State</b>	<b>Deviation From Prescribed Standards</b>
California	Deduction credit: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• minimum area is 5/10ths of an acre for all crops</li> <li>• following is the minimum width:               <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• perimeter of field is 10 links for all crops</li> <li>• within the planted area:                   <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• 4 normal rows, except when planted in a skip-row pattern</li> <li>• 20 links for close-sown crops within planted area.</li> </ul> </li> </ul> </li> </ul>
Delaware	Deduction credit is a minimum width of 6 links.
***	***
Indiana	Deduction credit: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• minimum width is 15 links for terraces, permanent irrigation, drainage ditches, and sod waterways</li> <li>• minimum width for all other areas is 5 links.</li> </ul> Adjustment credit: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• minimum area is 5/10ths acre for all crops except tobacco</li> <li>• minimum width is 5 links.</li> </ul> Redetermination refund is 1/10th acre for tobacco.
Iowa	Deduction credit <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• minimum width is 7 links</li> <li>• minimum area is 5/10ths of an acre.</li> </ul>

**Deviations From Prescribed Standards (Continued)**

**A States With Authorized Deviations (Continued)**

State	Deviation From Prescribed Standards
Louisiana	Unplanted contour levees within rice fields are not eligible for deduction.
Mississippi	<p>Deduction credit is minimum width of 10 links</p> <p>Adjustment credit:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• minimum area is the lesser of the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• total excess</li> <li>• total deficiency</li> <li>• .3 acre</li> </ul> </li> </ul> <p><b>Exception:</b> An exception is if the excess or deficiency is more than .3 acre, 1 plot may be less than .3 acre.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• minimum width is 20 links.</li> </ul>
Missouri	Deduction credit is minimum width of 10 links.
Nebraska	<p>Deduction credit:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• minimum area for all crops is .2 acre</li> <li>• minimum row width for all crops is 20 links.</li> </ul>
*--North Dakota	Deduction credit is .2 acre.--*
Ohio	<p>Deduction credit</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• minimum width is 20 links</li> <li>• minimum area is .3 acre, except .03 acre for tobacco.</li> </ul> <p>Adjustment credit is a minimum width of 8 links for all crops, except tobacco.</p> <p>Redetermination refund is 1/10th of an acre for tobacco acreage.</p>

**Deviations From Prescribed Standards (Continued)**

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**A**  
**States With**  
**Authorized**  
**Deviations**  
**(Continued)**

State	Deviations From Prescribed Standards
Oklahoma	Redetermination refund is 3/10ths of an acre for all acreage.
Oregon	Deduction credit is minimum width of 6 feet within the planted area for close-sown crops.
South Dakota	Deduction and adjustment credit is a minimum area of .5 acre.
Tennessee	Adjustment credit for minimum width: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• for tobacco is:               <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• 1 row along field boundary</li> <li>• 2 rows within planted area</li> </ul> </li> <li>• 4 links for all other crops.</li> </ul> Redetermination refund is 1/10th of an acre for tobacco acreage.
Texas	Deduction credit is a minimum width of 9 links.
Virginia	Redetermination refund for all acreage is the larger of the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• .1 acre</li> <li>• 10 percent for areas of less than 5 acres.</li> </ul>
Wisconsin	Deduction credit is a minimum width of 10 links for all crops, except tobacco.  Redetermination refund is 1/10th of an acre for tobacco acreage.

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**\*--Determining Acreage in Solid Plant, Skip-Row, and Sled-Row Patterns**

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**1 Overview**

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**A**

**Introduction**

This exhibit shows examples of a acreage determination of skip-row patterns for crops and sled-row patterns for tobacco.

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**B**

**In This Exhibit**

This exhibit contains the following.

<b>Title</b>	<b>Page</b>
Determining Skip-Row Crop Acreage	1
Determining Sled-Row Tobacco Acreage	9

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**2 Determining Skip-Row Crop Acreage Examples**

---

**A**

**Introduction**

Acreage determination is explained for the following 6 examples of solid plant exceeding 40 inches, and skip- or sled-row planting patterns for crops:

- single uniform rows of more than 40 inches, see subparagraph C
  - 4 uniform width rows with even alternating skip, see subparagraph D
  - 2 uniform width rows with uneven widths of alternating skip, see subparagraph E
  - 4 uniform width rows with even alternating skip, with rows exceeding 40 inches, see subparagraph F
  - single rows planed in a skip-row pattern with 2 or more rows having less than a 40-inch spacing, see subparagraph G.
- 

**B**

**Definitions of Skip and Skip Credit**

See definitions of skip and skip credit in Exhibit 2.--\*

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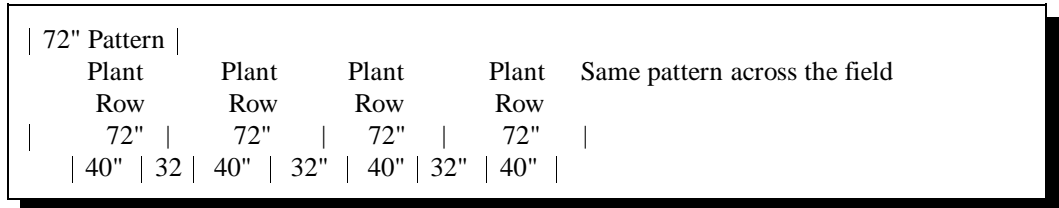
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**\*--Determining Acreage in Solid Plant, Skip-Row, and Sled-Row Patterns (Continued)**

**2 Determining Skip-Row Cop Acreage Examples (Continued)**

**C  
Single Uniform  
Rows of More  
Than 40 Inches**

The following diagram shows a planting pattern of 72-inch single wide rows on 50.0 acres.



crop row width                      40" width

skip credit                              72" skip width  
~~40"~~ Two, 1/2 row widths (20" each)  
 32" skip credit

planting pattern                      40" crop  
     32" skip  
     72" planting pattern

crop percentage                       $40 \div 72 = .5556$

net acreage                              50.0 acres of land devoted to planted acres  
     x .5556 crop percentage  
     27.78 acres considered planted to the crop--\*

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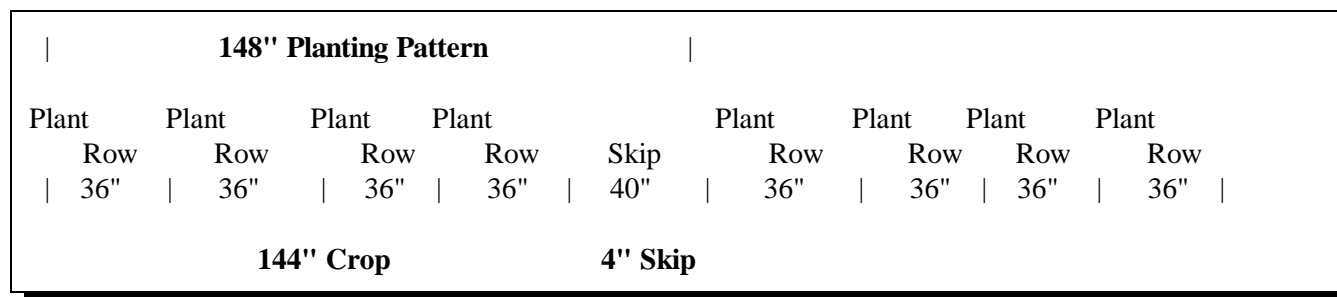


**Determining Acreage in Solid Plant, Skip-Row, and Sled-Row Patterns (Continued)**

**2 Determining Skip-Row Crop Acreage Examples (Continued)**

**D**

**4 Uniform-Width Rows With Even Alternating Skip** The following diagram shows a planting pattern with 4 uniform rows of crop alternating with a 40-inch skip of idle land on 50.0 acres. In this example, \* \* \* \*--36 inches of each row is considered planted to the crop.



crop row width	36" width $\times 4$ rows 144" crop pattern
skip credit	40" skip width $\underline{-36}$ " Two, 1/2 row widths (18" each)* 4" skip credit
planting pattern	144" crop $\underline{4}$ " skip 148" planting pattern
crop percentage	50.00 acres of land devoted to planted acres and skip-row or sled-rows .9730 crop percentage
net acreage	48.65 acres considered planted to the crop--*

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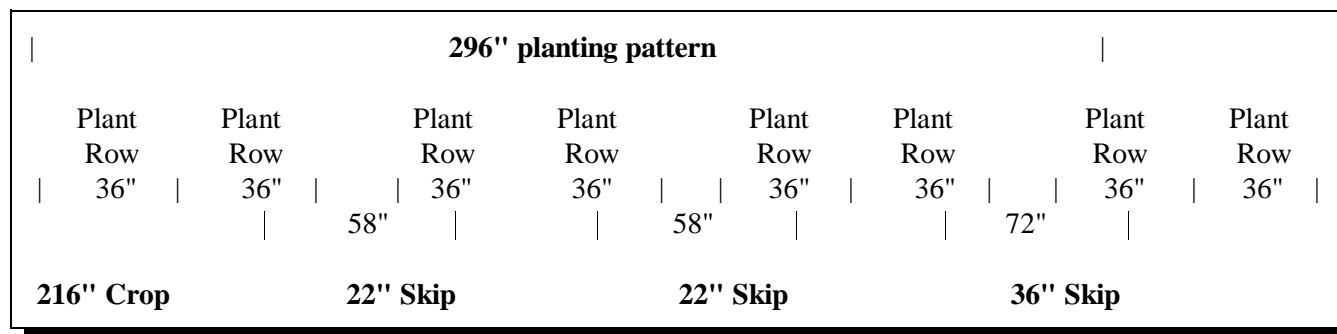
**\*--Determining Acreage in Solid Plant, Skip-Row, and Sled-Row Patterns (Continued)**

**2 Determining Skip-Row Crop Acreage Examples (Continued)**

**E**

**2 Uniform-Width Rows With Uneven Widths of Alternating Skip**

The following diagram shows a planting pattern with 2 uniform rows of crop alternating with 72-inch and 58-inch skips of idle land on 50.0 acres. In the following example 36 inches of each row is considered planted to the crop.



crop width	36" width <u>x 6</u> rows 216" crop pattern
skip credit	58" skip width x 2 skips <u>116"</u> skip width +72" skip width 188" total skip credit - <u>108"</u> Six, 1/2 row widths (18" each) 80" skip credit
planting pattern	216" crop + <u>80"</u> skip 296" planting pattern
crop percentage	$216" \div 296" = .7297$
net acreage	50.0 acres of land devoted to planted acres and skip or sled rows <u>x .7297</u> crop percentage 36.49 acres considered planted to the crop--*

Continued on the next page

**Determining Acreage in Solid Plant, Skip-Row, and Sled-Row Patterns (Continued)**

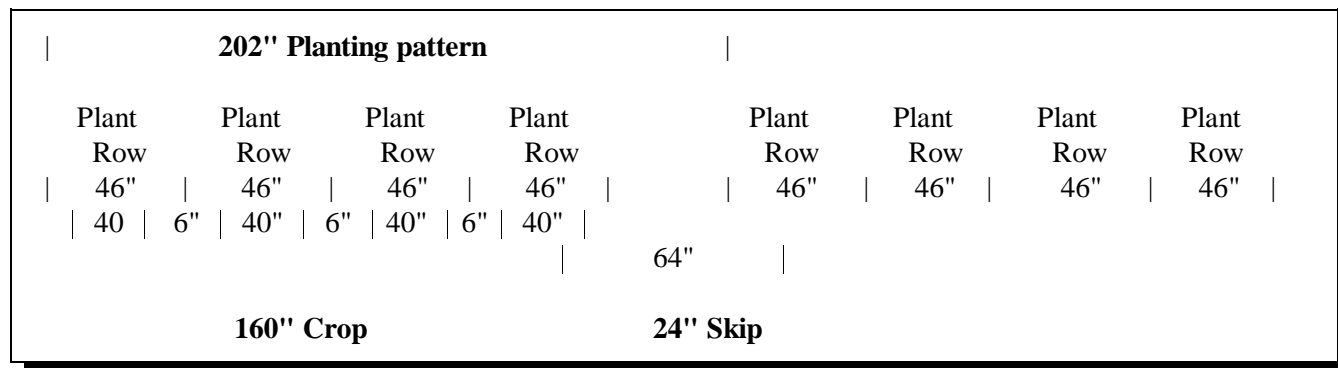
**2 Determining Skip-Row Crop Acreage Examples (Continued)**

F

**4 Uniform-Width Rows With Even Alternating Skip, With the Rows Exceeding 40 Inches**

The following diagram shows a planting pattern with 4 uniform rows of crop exceeding 40 inches, alternating with a 64-inch skip of idle land on 50.0 acres. In the following example 40 inches of each row is considered planted to the crop.

\*--



crop row width	40" width <u>x 4</u> rows 160" crop pattern
skip credit	64" skip width <u>-40"</u> Two, 1/2 row widths (20" each) 24 <u>+18</u> skips of 6"+ 6"+6" 42" skip credit
planting pattern	160" crop <u>+ 42"</u> skip 202" planting pattern
crop percentage	160" ÷ 202" = .7921
net acreage	50.0 acres of land devoted to planted acres and skips or sled rows <u>x .7921</u> 39.61 acreage considered planted to the--* crop

Continued on the next page

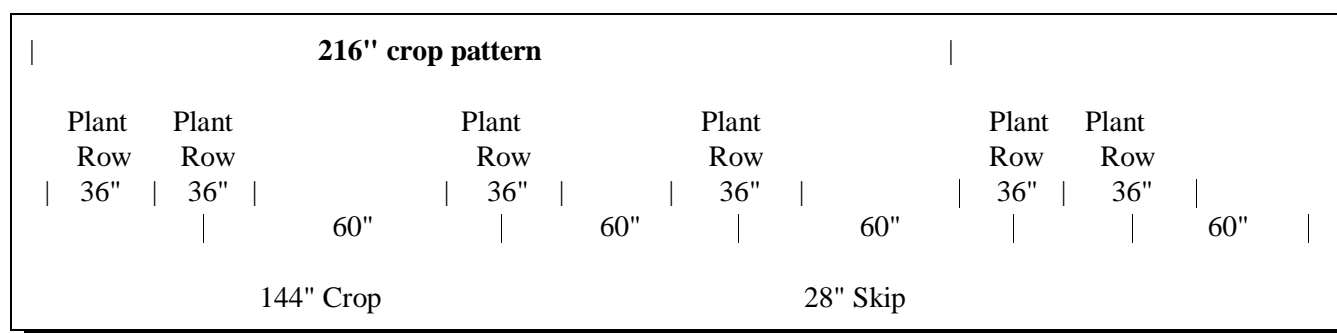
**\*--Determining Acreage in Solid Plant, Skip-Row, and Sled-Row Patterns (Continued)**

**2 Determining Skip-Row Crop Acreage Examples (Continued)**

**G**

**Single Rows  
Planted in a  
Skip-Row  
Pattern with 2 or  
More Rows  
Having Less  
Than a 40-inch  
Spacing**

The following diagram shows a planting pattern of single rows alternating with 2 uniform rows of 36 inches and with 60-inch strips of idle land on 50.0 acres.



crop width	$\begin{array}{r} 36'' \text{ width} \\ \times 4 \text{ crop rows} \\ \hline 144'' \text{ crop pattern} \end{array}$
skip credit	$\begin{array}{r} 60'' \text{ skip width} \\ \times 3 \\ \hline 180'' \text{ total skip width} \\ -108 \text{ Six, } \frac{1}{2} \text{ row widths (18'' each)} \\ \hline 72'' \text{ skip credit} \end{array}$
planting pattern	$\begin{array}{r} 144'' \text{ crop} \\ +72'' \text{ skip} \\ \hline 216'' \text{ planting pattern} \end{array}$
crop percentage	$144'' \div 216'' = .6667$
net acreage	$\begin{array}{r} 50.0 \text{ acres of land devoted to planted acres and} \\ \text{skip or sled rows} \\ \times .6667 \text{ crop percentage} \\ \hline 33.34 \text{ acres considered planted to the crop--*} \end{array}$

**\*--Determining Acreage in Solid Plant, Skip-Row, and Sled-Row Patterns (Continued)--\***

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**3 Determining Sled-Row Tobacco Acreage**

---

**A**

**Introduction**

Acreage determination is explained for the following 2 examples of sled-row planting patterns for tobacco:

- 4 uniform width rows with the same width of alternating sled-row
- 6 uneven width rows with the same width of alternating sled-row.

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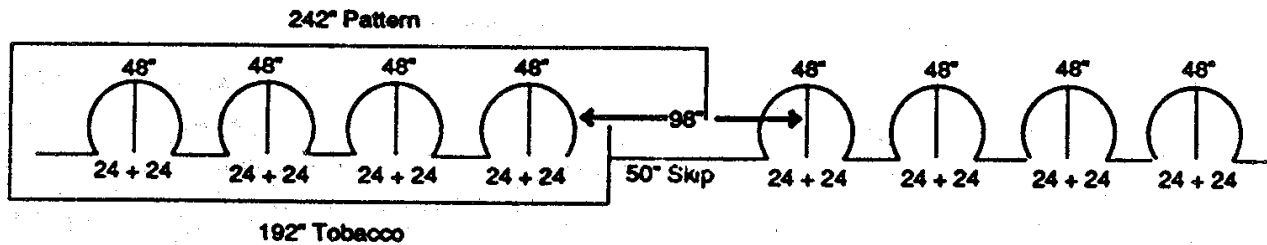
Continued on the next page

**\*--Determining Acreage in Solid Plant, Skip-Row, and Sled-Row Patterns (Continued)--\***

**3 Determining Sled-Row Tobacco Acreage (Continued)**

**B**

**4 Uniform-Width Rows With Even Alternating Sled** The following diagram shows a planting pattern with 4 uniform rows of tobacco alternating with a minimum 98-inch sled of idle land.



crop width	48" width <u>x 4</u> rows 192" crop pattern
sled credit	98" sled width <u>-48</u> " 2 (½ row widths) 50" sled credit
planting pattern	192" tobacco <u>+ 50</u> " skip 242" planting pattern
skip percentage	$50 \div 242 = .2066\%$
tobacco percentage	$192 \div 242 = .7934\%$
gross acreage factor	$1 \div .7934 = 1.26039\%$ round to 1.26
gross acreage	50.0 acre tobacco allotment <u>x 1.26%</u> acreage factor 63.0 gross acreage

Continued on the next page

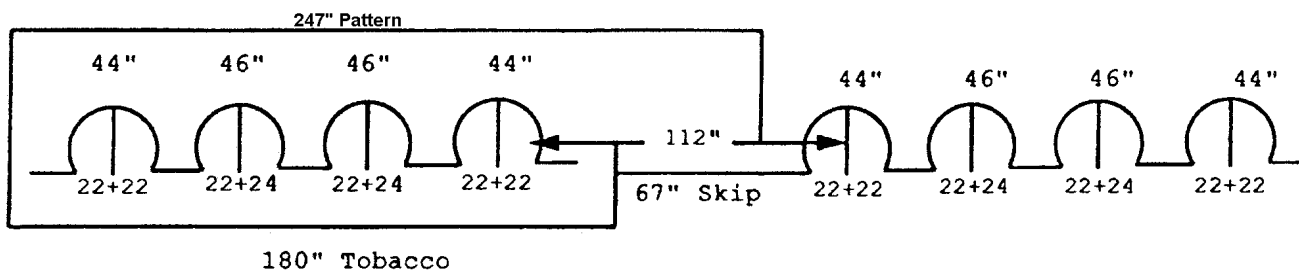
**\*--Determining Acreage in Solid Plant, Skip-Row, and Sled-Row Patterns (Continued)--\***

**3 Determining Sled-Row Tobacco Acreage (Continued)**

C

**4 Uneven-Width Rows with Even Alternating Sled**

The following diagram shows a planting pattern with 4 uneven-width rows of tobacco alternating with a minimum 112-inch sled of idle land.



crop width                      44" width x 2 rows = 88"  
    46" width x 2 rows = 92"  
 180" crop  
 $180" \div 4 = 45"$  avg row width

sled credit                        112" sled width  
    -45" 2 (½ avg row widths)  
    67" sled credit

planting pattern                180" tobacco  
    + 67" skip  
    247" planting pattern

skip percentage                 $67 \div 247 = .271255\%$

tobacco percentage             $180 \div 247 = .7287\%$

gross acreage factor          $1 \div .7287 = 1.3723\%$  round to 1.37

gross acreage                    10.0 acre tobacco allotment  
    x 1.37% acreage factor  
    13.723 gross acreage





## **Aerial Compliance Projection Stands**

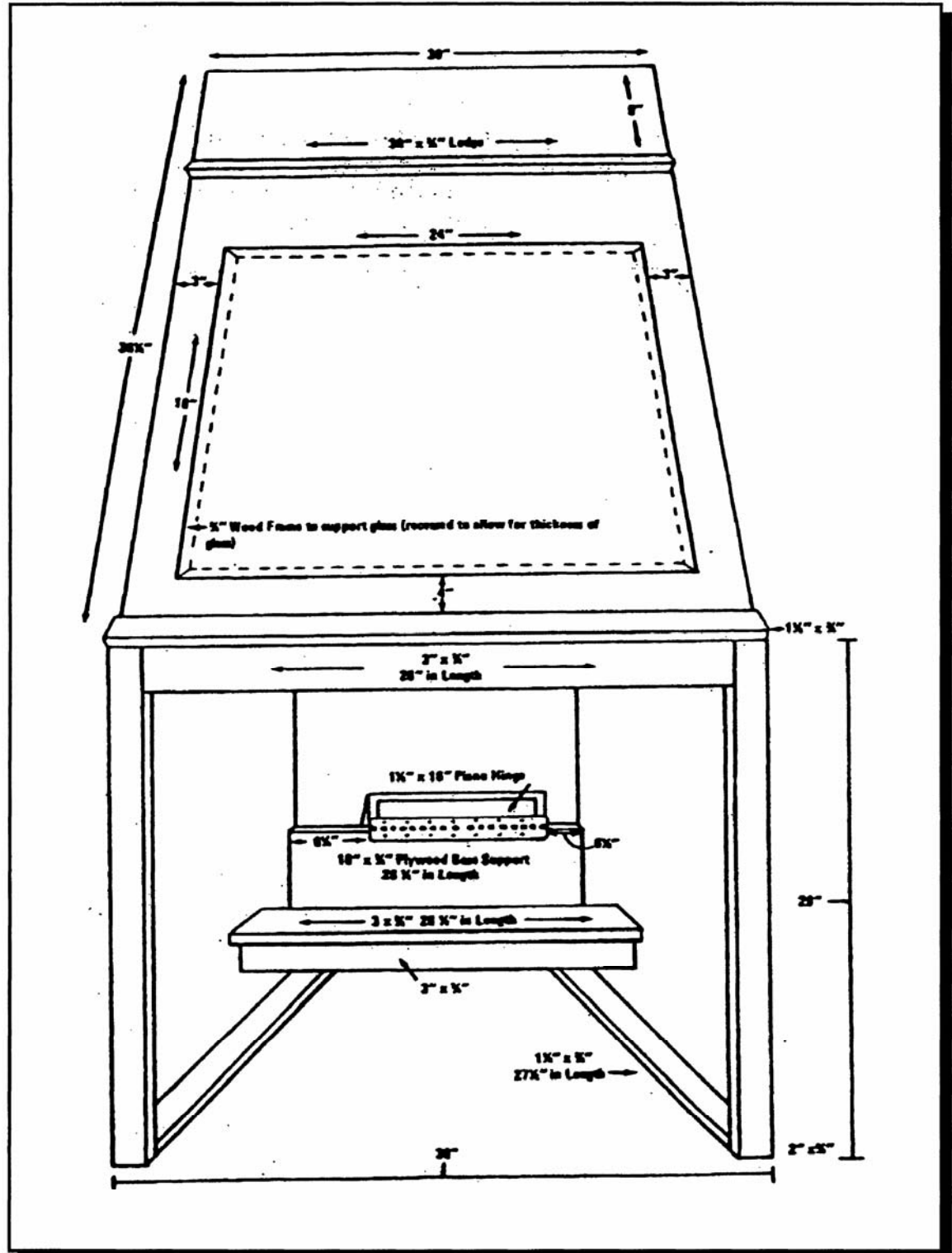
### **A Introduction**

This exhibit shows diagrams of rear projection units. A rear projection unit should ensure a clear image when images are projected at a 90-degree angle to an appropriate surface. The specifications shown are to be used as guidelines only and not as required measurements.

Aerial Compliance Projection Stands (Continued)

B Examples of Rear Projection Units

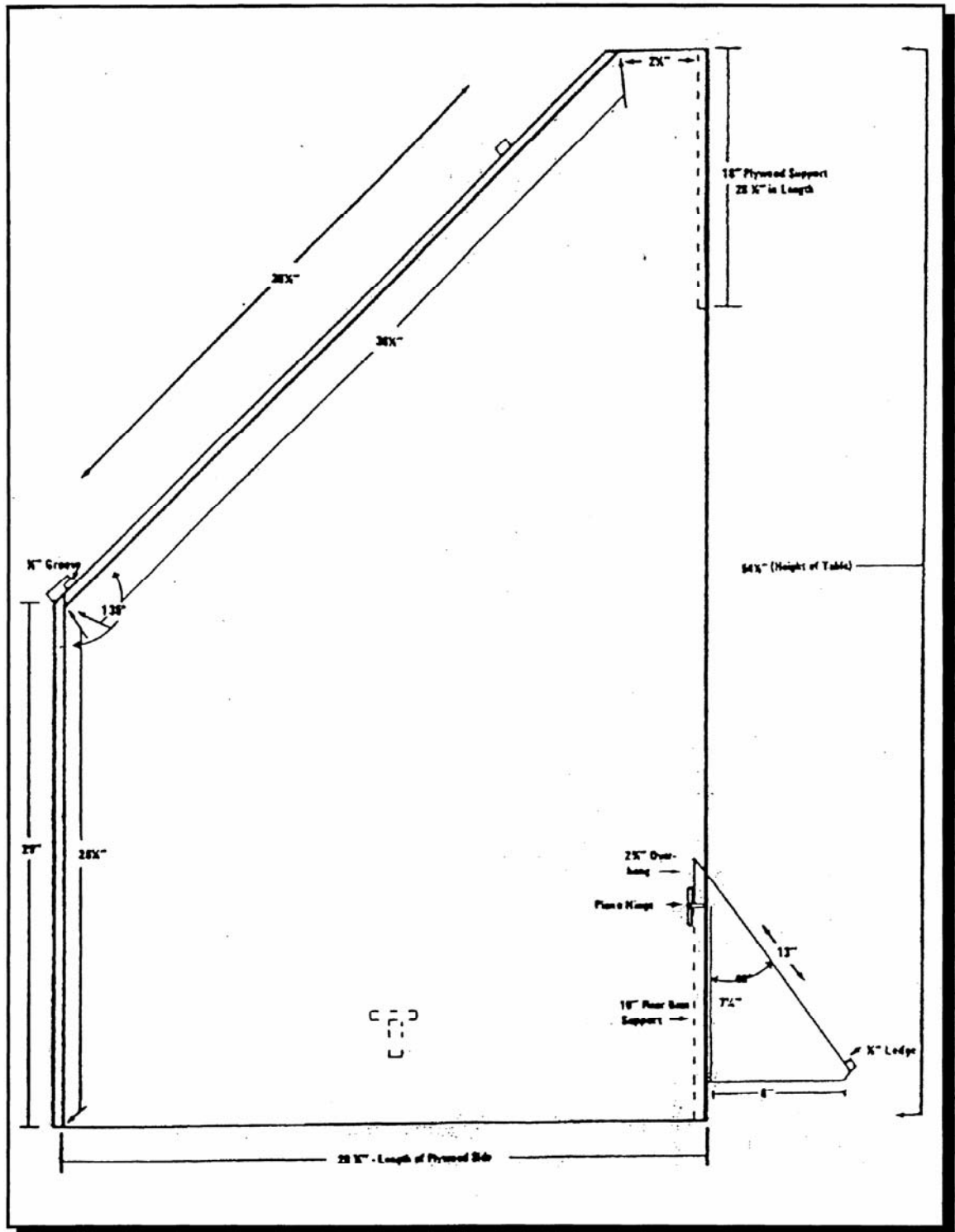
Following is an example of the front view of a rear projection unit for numonics digitizer.



Aerial Compliance Projection Stands (Continued)

B Examples of Rear Projection Units (Continued)

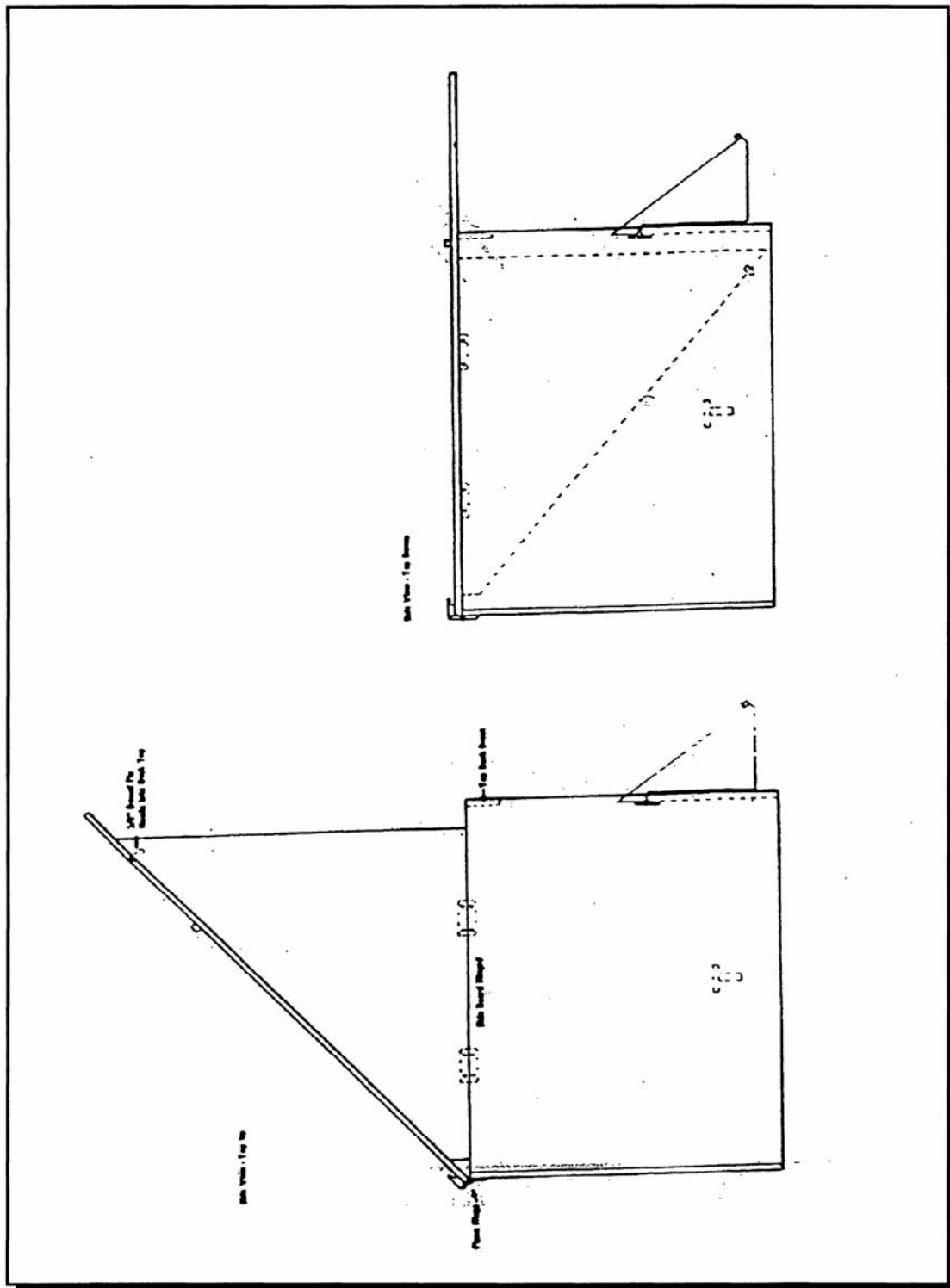
Following is an example of the side view of a rear projection unit for numonics digitizer.



Aerial Compliance Projection Stands (Continued)

C Example of Rear/Overview Projection Stand

Following is an example of the rear/overview projection stand for numonics digitizer.



**Compliance Instructional Aids**

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**A**

**Aids A  
Through G**

Compliance instructional aids A through G apply to Numonics Model 1211.

---

**B**

**Digitizers**

Use digitizers to determine acreages directly from 35mm slide images. Program the digitizer for tilt compensation (4-point setup) before determining any acreage. Use compliance instructional aid B for Numonics Model 1211.

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Continued on the next page

Compliance Instructional Aids (Continued)

C  
Compliance  
Instructional  
Aid A

Following is an example of compliance instructional aid A for Numonics Model 1211.

**USING DIGITIZER TEST GRIDS**

1. Depress **ENTER** until **AE. 0.** is displayed.
2. Depress **ORTHO SETUP**. Display will be **O-A**
3. Starting with TEST GRID No. 1, position cursor exactly over point and depress **ENTER** for each of points A, B, C, D in turn. Display will be **O-b**, **O-C**, **O-d**, **P-A**.

**CAUTION: DO NOT MOVE TEST GRID NO. 1 UNTIL ALL FOUR POINTS HAVE BEEN ENTERED.**

4. Depress **ENTER** for points A, B, C, D on TEST GRID No. 2 in the same manner. Display will be **P-b**, **P-C**, **P-d**, until fourth point is entered, then display will count from **0** through **9**.

**CAUTION: DO NOT MOVE TEST GRID NO. 2 AFTER POINT A HAS BEEN ENTERED.**

5. Wait until display is **PCd xx.x**.
6. Depress **ENTER**. Display will be **AE. 0**.
7. Using **PT.-PT.** measure area of various squares. Answers should be in the range 9.9 - 10.1.

Continued on the next page

Compliance Instructional Aids (Continued)

D  
Compliance  
Instructional  
Aid B

Following is an example of compliance instructional aid B for Numonics Model 1211.

**TILT COMPENSATION PROGRAM  
(4-Point Set-up)**

1. Find four permanent reference points (buildings, intersections, etc.) on the slide that can also be seen on the county office photograph.
2. Depress **ENTER** until **AE. 0.** is displayed.
3. Depress **ORTHO SETUP**. Display will be **O-A**
4. Starting with lower left hand point on county office photograph, position cursor over point and depress **ENTER** for each of the four reference points in turn, going clockwise. Display will be **O-b**, **O-C**, **O-d**, **P-A**.

**CAUTION: DO NOT MOVE PHOTOGRAPH UNTIL ALL FOUR POINTS HAVE BEEN ENTERED.**

5. Depress **ENTER** for the same four reference points on the slide in the same manner. Display will be **P-b**, **P-C**, **P-d** until fourth point is entered then display will count from **0** through **9**.
6. Wait until display is **PCd xx.x**.  
If the PCd value is 10 or larger, repeat steps 4-6, making sure reference points on photograph and slide are exactly the same. Depress **ORTHO SETUP** twice before starting step 4.
7. Depress **ENTER**. Display will be **AE. 0.**
8. Measure using **TRACE** or **PT.-PT.** as appropriate.

**CAUTION: DO NOT ADJUST SLIDE IMAGE WITHOUT REPEATING STEPS 5-8.**

DEPRESS **SELECT**, **0**, **PROJ. SETUP** BEFORE STARTING STEP 5.  
(Depress **PROJ. SETUP** ONLY for Model 1211-S.)

9. If **□□□□□□** is displayed, that area or point cannot be used because it is too far from the 4-point area.

Continued on the next page

Compliance Instructional Aids (Continued)

E  
Compliance  
Instructional  
Aid C

Following is an example of compliance instructional aid C for Numonics Model 1211.

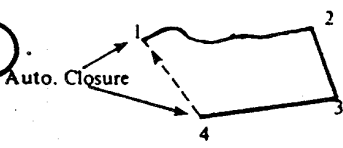
Notes: Use steps 1 and 5 for Model 1211 S.  
Use all steps for Model 1211 H.

**DETERMINING ACREAGE ON A FARM**

1. Complete 4-point setup procedure according to Compliance Instruction Aid - B. Display will be **AE. 0.**
2. Depress **FARM**. Enter farm number from keyboard. Use **SELECT** and appropriate key for alpha character of farm number. Depress **ENTER**.
3. Depress **CROP**. Depress appropriate key for crop alpha designation of first field to be measured.
4. Depress **FIELD**. Enter field number from keyboard. Use **SELECT** and appropriate key for alpha character of field subdivision. Depress **ENTER**.
5. Determine acreage of first field as shown below:
  - a. Using trace mode, position on point 1 and depress **ENTER**. Display will be **AE.**
  - b. Using cursor, trace carefully from point 1 to point 2. With cursor positioned on point 2, depress **PT. - PT.**. Display will remain **AE.**
  - c. Move cursor and position exactly on point 3. Depress **ENTER**. Display will be **01**. NOTE: Cursor may be lifted or diverted from crop line in POINT-POINT mode without affecting acreage measurement provided **ENTER** is not depressed when cursor is off line.
  - d. Move cursor and position exactly on point 4. Depress **ENTER** until acreage is displayed. (Normally 2 times on POINT - POINT, 1 time on TRACE.)
6. Depress **STORE**. This will complete measurement procedures for first field.

**FOR OTHER FIELDS, PROCEED AS FOLLOWS:**

7. Change farm, crop, and/or field as appropriate, following steps 2, 3, and/or 4.
8. Repeat steps 5-6 for other fields until finished with all measurements on slide image.



Continued on the next page



Compliance Instructional Aids (Continued)

F  
Compliance  
Instructional  
Aid D

Following is an example of compliance instructional aid D for Numonics Model 1211 H.

**RECALLING AND SUMMARIZING FARM DATA**

1. Determine and store acreage for farms (maximum storage approximately 300 measurements) according to Compliance Instruction Aid - C.
2. Depress **EDIT** All four mode lights will be on. Display will show identifiers and acreage for last measurement stored, i.e.,  $\frac{A101/WH /IB}{37.5}$
3. Key in farm, crop and/or field identifiers for desired sum. Acreage sums may be calculated for a particular farm, a particular crop on a particular farm, a particular field on a particular farm, etc. NOTE: If some identifiers are not to be used in summing they must be blanked out, i.e., to find the sum of all measurements on farm A-100, display must be:  $\frac{Ai00/ /}{XX.X}$  (Crop and field blanked). to find the sum of all peanuts on farm A-100, display must be:  $\frac{A100/PN/}{XX.X}$  (field blanked); to find the sum of all subdivision measurements of field 1 on farm A-100, display must be  $\frac{A100/ / 1}{XX.X}$  (crop blanked). Follow procedure in steps 2, 3, and 4 of Compliance Instruction Aid - C for keying in identifiers.
4. Depress **SUM** Display will show number of measurements combined and total acreage, i.e.,  $\frac{TOTA/L /002}{30.5}$  "ENTER DATA" light will flash.
5. If a comparison total (reported acreage, NCA, etc.) is NOT to be used go to step 8. If a comparison total is to be used, depress **ENTER**
6. Key in comparison total. Depress **ENTER** Display will show acreage difference, i.e.,  $\frac{DIFF/ER/ENCE}{.8}$  "ENTER DATA" light will flash.
7. Depress **ENTER** Display will show percentage acreage difference is of total, i.e.,  $\frac{PERC/EN/T}{2.6}$  "ENTER DATA" light will flash.
8. Depress **EDIT** to return to step 3 and repeat procedure for additional farms and/or fields, or depress **EXIT** two times to return to measurement mode.

Continued on the next page

Compliance Instructional Aids

G  
Compliance  
Instructional  
Aid E

Following is an example of compliance instructional aid E for Numonics Model 1211 H.

**USEFUL EDITOR OPERATIONS**

When in the editor mode ( **EDIT** ) has been depressed, all four mode lights are on, and memory is not empty), there are 13 operations which may be used. These are as follows:

Buttons to be Depressed	Operation
<div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px; margin-bottom: 2px;">FARM</div> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px; margin-bottom: 2px;">CROP</div> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px; margin-bottom: 2px;">FIELD</div> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px; margin-bottom: 2px;">STORE</div> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px; margin-bottom: 2px;">SUM</div> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px; margin-bottom: 2px;">EXIT</div>	<p style="text-align: center;">} Discussed in Compliance Instruction Aids C and D</p>
<div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px; margin-bottom: 2px;">STEP UP</div>	<p>- Display contents (farm, crop, field, acreage) of memory location immediately following current display. <b>END/OF/MEM</b> will be displayed following last used storage location.</p>
<div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px; margin-bottom: 2px;">STEP DOWN</div>	<p>- Display contents (farm, crop, field, acreage) of memory location immediately preceding current display. <b>BEG/OF/MEM</b> will be displayed following first used storage location.</p>
<div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px; margin-bottom: 2px;">SEARCH 1</div>	<p>- Used to find a particular stored entry. Searches memory from Beginning until currently displayed identifiers are found and corresponding stored acreage is displayed. NOTE: Searches for Exact Set of identifiers (farm, crop, AND/OR field) displayed when button is depressed.</p>
<div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px; margin-bottom: 2px;">SEARCH 2</div>	<p>- Used to find a second entry stored under a particular set of identifiers. Searches memory from Current Location until displayed identifiers are found and corresponding stored acreage is displayed.</p>
<div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px; margin-bottom: 2px;">CLR MEM</div>	<p>- Used to clear entire memory. <b>ENTER</b> must be depressed after <b>CLEA/R/MEM?</b> is displayed before memory is cleared (reset button on rear of console clears all data including memory).</p>
<div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px; margin-bottom: 2px;">CHG DATA</div>	<p>Used to change an acreage stored under a set of identifiers. Key in new acreage figure, depress <b>ENTER</b>, then depress <b>STORE</b>. Replaces previously stored contents in current location.</p>
<div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px; margin-bottom: 2px;">2</div>	<p>- Displays last Measured value. Used as follows: Determine an acreage in measurement mode, go to editor mode, search to see if acreage previously determined is stored for same set of identifiers; if so, depress <b>2</b> to recall last measurement, depress <b>STORE</b> to replace previous measurement.</p>

Continued on the next page

Compliance Instructional Aids (Continued)

H  
Compliance  
Instructional  
Aid F

Following is an example of compliance instructional aid F for Numonics Model 1211.

SPECIAL OPERATIONS	
Buttons to Be Depressed	Operation
<b>CHG DATA</b>	- Used to key in an acreage that does not have to be determined, i.e., permanent field acreages. NOTE: First key in identifiers according to Compliance Instruction Aid - C, steps 2, 3, and 4. Then depress <b>CHG DATA</b> , key in acreage, depress <b>ENTER</b> . Depress <b>STORE</b> to have the identifiers and acreage placed in a new storage location.
<b>SELECT</b> , <b>SCALE</b>	- Used to change scale for reference photograph which is pre-set to 660 feet per inch when digitizer is turned on or reset. Key in new scale, depress <b>ENTER</b> . Display will show <b>EEEEEEEE</b> momentarily.
<b>SELECT</b> , <b>LENGTH</b>	- Used to change from area measurement mode to length measurement mode. NOTE: Lengths are displayed in chains for Model 1211-H, in feet for Model 1211-S.
<b>SELECT</b> , <b>AREA</b>	-Used to change from length measurement mode to area measurement mode.
<b>SELECT</b> , <b>L-CONS</b>	- Used to change constant multiplier for all length measurements, normally set at 1. Key in new constant multiplier, depress <b>ENTER</b> . NOTE: Set at .01515 to have lengths displayed in chains on model 1211-S.
<b>SELECT</b> , <b>ORTHO SETUP</b>	- Temporarily removes 4-point setup used when measuring directly from slide image to allow for measuring directly from county office photograph.
<b>SELECT</b> , <b>PROJ. SETUP</b> , <b>ORTHO SETUP</b>	Replaces 4-point setup temporarily removed by <b>SELECT ORTHO SETUP</b> commands. WARNING: Slide image must not have been adjusted.
<b>SELECT</b> , <b>0</b> , <b>PROJ. SETUP</b>	- Calls projection setup mode, display <b>P - A</b> . Used to re-enter 4 points from slide image after slide image has been changed (refocused, etc.). NOTE: Digitizer remembers 4 points from county office photograph until a new ortho setup is done.
<b>SELECT</b> , <b>0</b> , <b>2</b>	- Used to change constant multiplier for all area measurements, normally set at 1. Key in new constant multiplier, depress <b>ENTER</b> (Useful in skip-row planting, tobacco sled-rows, etc.)
<b>SELECT</b> , <b>0</b> , <b>LENGTH</b>	- Used to continue length measurements. (Next measurement is accumulated with previous one.)
<b>SELECT</b> , <b>0</b> , <b>AREA</b>	- Used to continue area measurements. (Next measurement is accumulated with previous one - may be used to deduct areas by going in opposite direction of previous measurement.)

Continued on the next page

Compliance Instructional Aids (Continued)

I

Compliance  
Instructional  
Aid G

Following is an example of compliance instructional aid G for Numonics Model 1211 H.

**TOBACCO SLED ROWS, SKIP-ROW PATTERNS, ETC.**

I. When sled rows or skip-rows are a known percentage of total field area:

1. Depress **ENTER** until **AE. 0.** is displayed.
2. Depress **SELECT** . **0** . **2** . Display will be **AE. CON. 1.**
3. Key in known percentage as a decimal - i.e., use .6667 for 66.67% = 2/3.
4. Depress **ENTER**.
5. Determine and store acreage according to Compliance Instruction Aid - C. **NOTE: ALL AREA MEASUREMENTS WILL BE MULTIPLIED BY NEW CONSTANT (i.e., 2/3) UNTIL A DIFFERENT CONSTANT IS ENTERED OR THE DIGITIZER IS RESET.**

II. When sled rows or skip-rows are of a known width but varying lengths:

1. Determine and store acreage of entire field including sled rows or skip-rows according to Compliance Instruction Aid - C.
2. Depress **SELECT** . **LENGTH** . Display will be **LE. 0.**
3. Depress **SELECT** . **L-CONS** . Display will be **LE. CON. 1.**
4. Key in known width of sled rows or skip-rows in chains divided by 10 as a negative number. (EXAMPLE: If sled rows or skip-rows are 0.2 chains wide, key in -.02 by depressing **TRACE ±** . **PT.-PT.** . **0** . **2** )
5. Depress **ENTER**.
6. Determine length of first sled row or skip-row - measurement should be closed and **LE. XX.X** displayed. (Depress **ENTER** to begin measurement - to close measurement, depress **ENTER** one time if tracing, two times if going point to point).  
**NOTE: THE "LENGTH" DISPLAYED HERE IS ACTUALLY AN ACREAGE FIGURE.**

<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>7. Depress <b>STORE</b>.</li> <li>8. Repeat steps 6 and 7 for all other sled rows or skip-rows.</li> <li>9. Depress <b>EDIT</b>.</li> <li>10. Depress <b>SUM</b> to display net acreage.</li> </ol>	} OR {	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>7. Depress <b>SELECT</b> . <b>0</b> . <b>LENGTH</b> to continue length measurement.</li> <li>8. Determine length of next sled row or skip-row.</li> <li>9. Repeat steps 7 and 8 until total length of sled rows or skip-rows have been determined.</li> <li>10. Depress <b>STORE</b>.</li> <li>11. Depress <b>EDIT</b>.</li> <li>12. Depress <b>SUM</b> to display net acreage.</li> </ol>
--	--------	---

**AT THIS POINT DEPRESS **EXIT** . **EXIT** . **SELECT** . **AREA** TO READY DIGITIZER FOR DETERMINING OTHER ACREAGES.**

Letter Notifying Producers of Acreage Changes

\*--

Date

Producer

Producer Address

Any Town, XX

Dear Producer,

Your (County Name) FSA office is currently creating a new set of computer-generated maps for each farm. In the process, we are measuring each field that may result in changes in acreage for some fields. We recognize the methods used to determine acres in the past were not as accurate as legal surveys. We know, however, the acres were close and did meet the needs of USDA programs. Our tests have shown that the acreage calculations using computer software are equal to or slightly more accurate than methods we have used in the past.

The process of converting to a new system will eventually allow for online services. This means that producers who wish to do so, may one day be able to make acreage reports or complete program applications from their own home on a personal computer (PC). One component of this conversion involves computer-generated maps.

The process of converting to a GIS-based mapping system requires that FSA contact owners and operators to ensure that the field boundaries are in the right location. Please review the field boundaries on the enclosed map(s) for accuracy. If you identify fields that appear to be incorrectly placed on the map(s), please let the \_\_\_\_\_ County FSA Office know within 30 calendar days from the date of this letter so that we can make any appropriate corrections. If the \_\_\_\_\_ County Office does not agree with all of the requested changes to the map(s), you will receive a second letter informing you of appeal rights to COC.

If we do not hear from you within 30 calendar days from the date of this letter, we will consider the field boundary information correct and use it for future USDA/FSA program purposes. **Please note that the maps are intended for FSA program purposes only.**

In closing, we appreciate your cooperation in this matter and hope that our new mapping system will provide better service to you.

The U.S. Department of Agriculture (USDA) prohibits discrimination in all its programs and activities on the basis of race, color, national origin, sex, religion, age, disability, political beliefs, sexual orientation, marital or family status, reprisal, and public assistance status. (Not all prohibited bases apply to all programs.) Persons with disabilities who require alternative means for communication of program information (Braille, large print, audiotope, etc.) should contact USDA's TARGET Center at (202) 720-2600 (voice and TDD). To file a complaint of discrimination, write to USDA, Director, Office of Civil Rights, Room 326W, Whitten Building, 1400 Independence Avenue, SW., Washington, DC 20250-9410 or call (202) 720-5964 (voice and TDD). USDA is an equal opportunity provider and employer.

Sincerely,

County Executive Director

--\*



**\*--Letter Notifying Producers of Acreage Changes When CLU Map Is Not Sent**

Date

Producer  
Producer Address  
Any Town, XX

Dear Producer,

Your (County Name) FSA office is currently creating a new set of computer-generated maps for each farm. In the process, we are measuring each field which may result in changes in acreage for some fields. Our tests have shown that the acreage calculations using computer software are equal to or slightly more accurate than methods we have used in the past.

The process of converting to a new system will eventually allow for on-line services. This means that producers, who wish to do so, may one day be able to make acreage reports or complete program applications from their own home on a personal computer. One component of this conversion involves computer-generated maps.

The process of converting to a GIS-based mapping system requires that FSA contact owners and operators to ensure that the field boundaries are in the right location. Please review the new field acres that are enclosed for accuracy. If you identify fields that appear to be incorrect, please let us know within 30 calendar days from the date of this letter so that we can make any appropriate corrections. Maps of your farm will be provided upon request. If we do not agree with all of the requested changes, you will receive a second letter informing you of appeal rights to the County Committee.

If we do not hear from you within 30 calendar days from the date of this letter, we will consider the field boundary information correct and use it for future USDA/FSA program purposes. In closing, we appreciate your cooperation in this matter and hope that our new mapping system will provide better service to you.

The U.S. Department of Agriculture (USDA) prohibits discrimination in all its programs and activities on the basis of race, color, national origin, sex, religion, age, disability, political beliefs, sexual orientation, marital or family status, reprisal, and public assistance status. (Not all prohibited bases apply to all programs.) Persons with disabilities who require alternative means for communication of program information (Braille, large print, audiotape, etc.) should contact USDA's TARGET Center at (202) 720-2600 (voice and TDD). To file a complaint of discrimination, write to USDA, Director, Office of Civil Rights, Room 326W, Whitten Building, 1400 Independence Avenue, SW, Washington, DC 20250-9410 or call (202) 720-5964 (voice and TDD). USDA is an equal opportunity provider and employer.

Sincerely,

County Executive Director

--\*

**\*--Letter Notifying Producers of Acreage Changes When CLU Map Is Not Sent (Continued)**

Farm xxx	
Tract xxxxxx	Cropland Acres xxxx.x
FSA Field Acres	New CLU Acres
1 xxxx.x	xxxx.x
2 xxxx.x	xxxx.x
Tract xxxxxx	Cropland Acres xxxx.x
1 xxxxx.x	xxxx.x
2 xxxxx.x	xxxx.x

--\*



**\*--Instructions for Posting Copies of CLU, CRP, and Wetland Points Data to FTP**

**A State Office GIS Specialist Responsibility**

According to subparagraph 504 E, State GIS specialists or coordinators are required to FTP a copy of the CLU shapefiles, CRP tables, and wetland point shapefiles to APFO by the first of each month.

Post data to the APFO FTP site according to this exhibit.

**Note:** State GIS specialists or coordinators should ensure that the most current shapefiles exported from ArcSDE are posted. According to subparagraph 504 E, the shape files are to be zipped for better file management. No file encryption is necessary since the APFO FTP site is a secure location.

**B .BAT File to Copy CLU’s From County Offices to State Offices**

A .bat script is available for State GIS specialists to copy the most current export of the CLU shapefiles, CRP tables, and wetland shapefiles from each County Office to the State Office. This will allow State Offices to have all necessary files from across the State in 1 location for easy shipment to APFO.

**Note:** The process will copy all CLU’s from the County Office servers in the directory **f:\geodata\common\_land\_unit\fsa\_clu**.

The folder, **f:\geodata\common\_land\_unit\fsa\_clu**, shall only contain the CLU shapefiles, the CRP tables, and the wetland shapefiles of the county or counties being administered in that County Office. County Offices that administer more than 1 county will have multiple CLU files in this folder.

State GIS specialists should note that if County Offices maintain copies of nonadministered county CLU’s in the **f:\geodata\common\_land\_unit\fsa\_clu** directory, CLU’s will be overwritten in the State Office collection folder.

To avoid this issue, State GIS specialist shall maintain surrounding counties’ CLU’s in a separate folder; a subfolder within **f:\geodata\project\_data\fsa** is suggested.

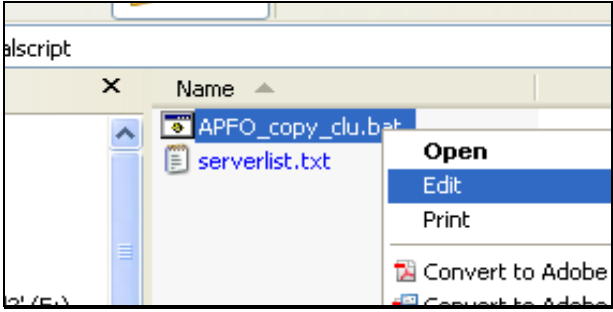
State GIS specialists shall use the .bat script to obtain the data according to the following

Step	Action
1	Using Internet Explorer, access the FSA GIS SharePoint Site at <b>https://fsa.sc.egov.usda.gov/mgr/GIS/training/default.aspx</b> . Under “Documents”, CLICK “Model Builder Tools”; then CLICK “CLU Refresh”.
2	Download file “ <b>APFO copy clu.zip</b> ” to the local machine to the directory of your choice.
3	Using Windows Explorer, browse to the location of the downloaded files and extract “ <b>APFO copy clu.bat</b> ” and “ <b>serverlist.txt</b> ” from the zip file.

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**\*--Instructions for Posting Copies of CLU, CRP, and Wetland Points Data to FTP (Continued)**

**B .BAT File to Copy CLU's From County Offices to State Offices (Continued)**

Step	Action
4	<p>To open the .bat file in Notepad, right click on "APFO_copy_clu.bat" and CLICK "Edit".</p>  <p>In Notepad, the following text will be displayed, <b>without the bold</b>.</p> <pre data-bbox="342 835 1459 1797"> @echo off  rem the SET command references the serverlist.txt file created in step 5 of notice CP- set SERVERLIST=serverlist.txt  rem the SET LOGFILE command creates a log file to document the actions done by the bat file set LOGFILE=APFO_copy_clu.log  rem this creates a text variable with today's date in YYYYMMDD format to assist in archiving for /f "Tokens=2-4 Delims=/ " %%a in ('date /t') do set CURDAT=%%c%%a%%b  rem the mkdir command creates a new subfolder in the directory specified with the current date. rem this example uses the F drive, use the server name and data folder like \\ndfargo300s110\data if running rem as a scheduled task  mkdir f:\geodata\common_land_unit\fsa_clu\apfo_xfr\%CURDAT%  rem this sets the destination directory for copied files to the new subdirectory set DESTDIR=f:\geodata\common_land_unit\fsa_clu\apfo_xfr\%CURDAT% echo. echo This script will copy files from each field office to the state office  rem the pause command will prompt the user to press any key... pause </pre>

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\*--Instructions for Posting Copies of CLU, CRP, and Wetland Points Data to FTP (Continued)

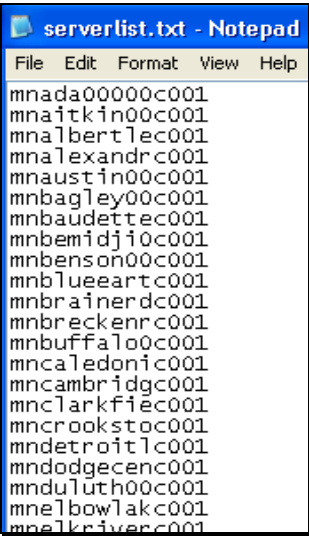
B .BAT File to Copy CLU's From County Offices to State Offices (Continued)

Step	Action
<p>4 (Cntd)</p>	<pre> rem the echo commands write information to the log file echo. &gt; %LOGFILE% date /t &gt;&gt; %LOGFILE% time /t &gt;&gt; %LOGFILE% echo. &gt;&gt; %LOGFILE%  rem the for /f command iterates through all the servers listed in the serverlist.txt file for /F %%f in (%SERVERLIST%) do (  echo. &gt;&gt; %LOGFILE% echo ##### &gt;&gt; %LOGFILE% echo Working on %%f &gt;&gt; %LOGFILE% echo Working on %%f  echo Files on remote server &gt;&gt; %LOGFILE% dir \\%%f\data\geodata\common_land_unit\fsa_clu\ &gt;&gt; %LOGFILE%  rem this uses the more robust xcopy command and will suppress prompting for overwriting (/y) rem and will only overwrite data with newer files (/d) rem <b>CHANGE ST to THE APPROPRIATE STATE ABBREVIATION SUCH AS MN</b> xcopy \\%%f\data\geodata\common_land_unit\fsa_clu\clu_a_st???.shp %DESTDIR% /d /y xcopy \\%%f\data\geodata\common_land_unit\fsa_clu\clu_a_st???.dbf %DESTDIR% /d /y xcopy \\%%f\data\geodata\common_land_unit\fsa_clu\clu_a_st???.shx %DESTDIR% /d /y xcopy \\%%f\data\geodata\common_land_unit\fsa_clu\clu_a_st???.prj %DESTDIR% /d /y xcopy \\%%f\data\geodata\common_land_unit\fsa_clu\crp_t_st???.dbf %DESTDIR% /d /y xcopy \\%%f\data\geodata\common_land_unit\fsa_clu\wet_p_st???.shp %DESTDIR% /d /y xcopy \\%%f\data\geodata\common_land_unit\fsa_clu\wet_p_st???.dbf %DESTDIR% /d /y xcopy \\%%f\data\geodata\common_land_unit\fsa_clu\wet_p_st???.shx %DESTDIR% /d /y xcopy \\%%f\data\geodata\common_land_unit\fsa_clu\wet_p_st???.prj %DESTDIR% /d /y  )  goto end </pre>

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\*--Instructions for Posting Copies of CLU, CRP, and Wetland Points Data to FTP (Continued)

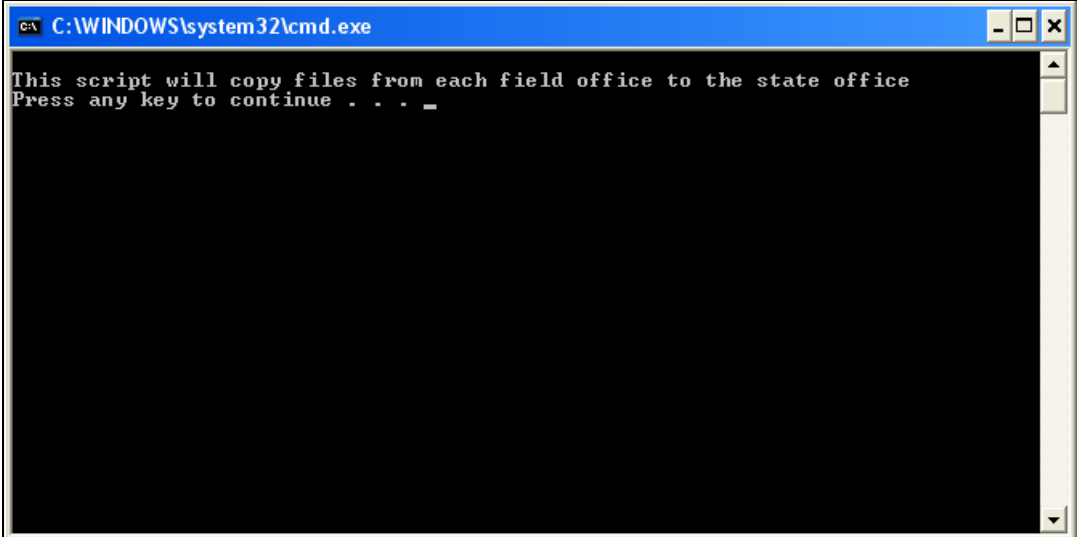
**B .BAT File to Copy CLU's From County Offices to State Offices (Continued)**

Step	Action
5	<p>The areas in step 4 that are bold need to be reviewed and edited as necessary for each State that the State specialist manages.</p> <p>The “mkdir” command will create a new folder to store the incoming CLU’s. The script defaults to <b>f:\geodata\common_land_unit\fsa_clu\apfo_xfr\%curdat%</b>, where “%curdat%” is the current date. Users may use this command to create a directory in a location of their choice; however, using “%curdat%” is strongly encouraged.</p> <p>The “set DESTDIR” command indicates where the files will be saved at the State Office. This should match the directory created with the “mkdir” command. The script defaults to <b>f:\geodata\common_land_unit\fsa_clu\apfo_xfr\%curdat%</b>.</p> <p>For each line beginning with “xcopy”, the “st” in the file name needs to be changed to the 2-letter abbreviation for the State. Do <b>not</b> modify the “???” after “st”.</p> <p><b>Note:</b> For any GIS specialists that handle multiple States or parts of multiple States, change “st” to “??”. This will allow the script to pull appropriate files to the State Office, regardless of which State they are administered in.</p>
6	<p>After all necessary changes are made, save the script and close it.</p>
7	<p>Open the serverlist.txt file and type in a list of all County Office servers in the State.</p> <p><b>Example:</b></p>  <p><b>Note:</b> For any GIS specialists that handle multiple States or parts of multiple States, include all the County Office servers handled.</p>
8	<p>Save and close the “serverlist.txt” file.</p>

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**\*--Instructions for Posting Copies of CLU, CRP, and Wetland Points Data to FTP (Continued)**

**B .BAT File to Copy CLU’s From County Offices to State Offices (Continued)**

Step	Action
9	Double click “APFO_copy_clu.bat” to run the script. This will start the process to copy all CLU’s from the County Offices to the State Office.
10	<p>When the following window appears, press any key to begin copying files to the State Office.</p> 

**C Running the Script as a Scheduled Task**

This script may be run as a scheduled task if desired. Instructions for setting up a scheduled task are available on the FSA GIS SharePoint Site. Using Internet Explorer, browse to <https://fsa.sc.egov.usda.gov/mgr/GIS/training/default.aspx>. CLICK “Tips and Tricks” and see “TT\_GN\_Scheduled Task”.

**Note:** Scheduled tasks **cannot** use drive mappings and other DOS functionality, including the “pause” command. To run as a scheduled task, the script **must** be further modified as follows:

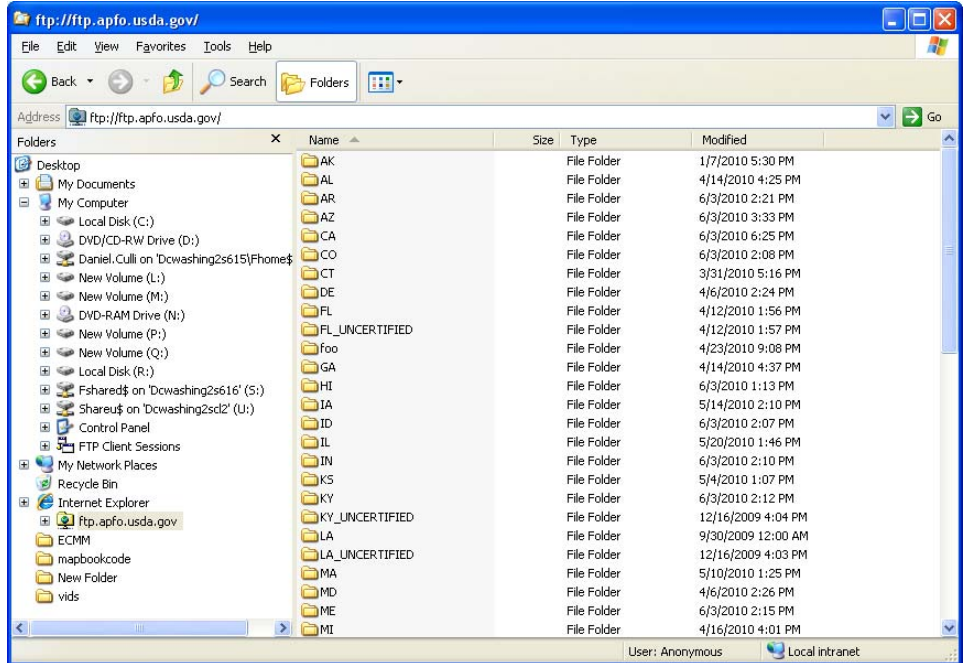
- change the “mkdir” command, and therefore the “set DESTDIR” command from f:\ to the server name and data folder, e.g., \\ndfargo300s110\data
- remove the “pause” command.--\*

**\*--Instructions for Posting Copies of CLU, CRP, and Wetland Points Data to FTP (Continued)**

**D Zipping and Uploading Shapefiles**

State GIS specialists shall zip the CLU shapefiles, CRP tables, and wetland point shapefiles using WinZip and upload the files to the APFO FTP server in the respective State folders. Zip and upload certified and noncertified county files separately. States with all certified counties will have 1 zip file. States with some certified and some uncertified counties will have 2 zip files, 1 with all the certified counties and 1 with all the noncertified counties.

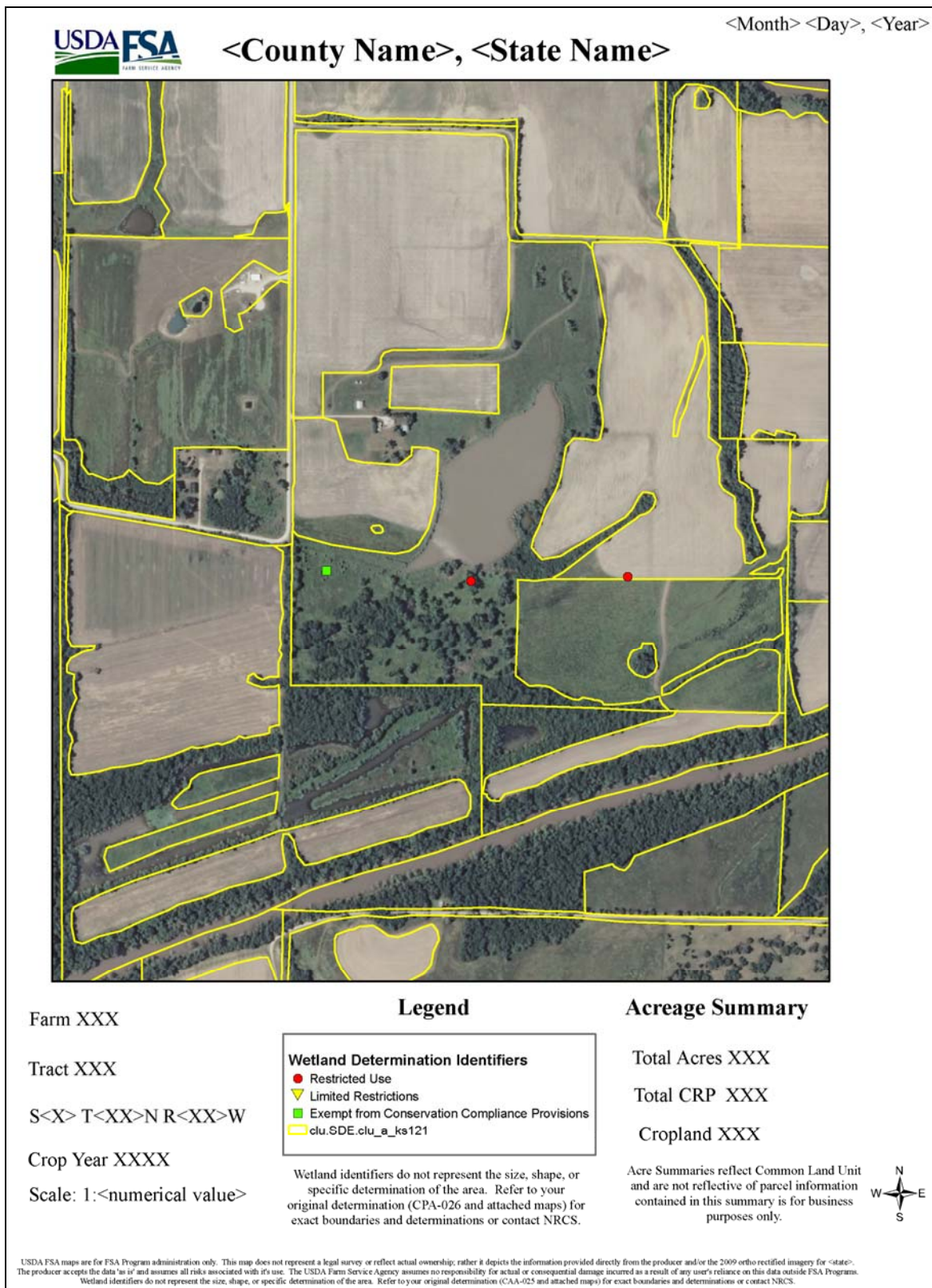
Upload shapefiles for certified counties according to the following.

Step	Action
1	<p>Open Windows Explorer. In the Windows Explorer address box, enter <b>ftp://ftp.apfo.usda.gov/</b>, and PRESS “Enter” to view the multiple folders on the APFO FTP server.</p> 
2	<p>Highlight the CLU WinZip file(s) on the local machine. Right click on the highlighted file(s) and CLICK “Copy”.</p>
3	<p>In Windows Explorer, double click on the <i>uncertified</i> folder for the respective State (e.g. “ST_UNCERTIFIED”) to open the folder.</p>
4	<p>Right click in the opened folder and CLICK “Paste”.</p> <p>The uncertified CLU WinZip file will begin copying to the APFO server under the uncertified State folder.</p>

**Note:** The data is being uploaded to a secure server. If something occurs during the upload, or the file appears to be corrupt, users will **not** be able to delete or overwrite the file in question. Contact APFO for assistance in removing the file so that the file may be re-uploaded correctly.--\*

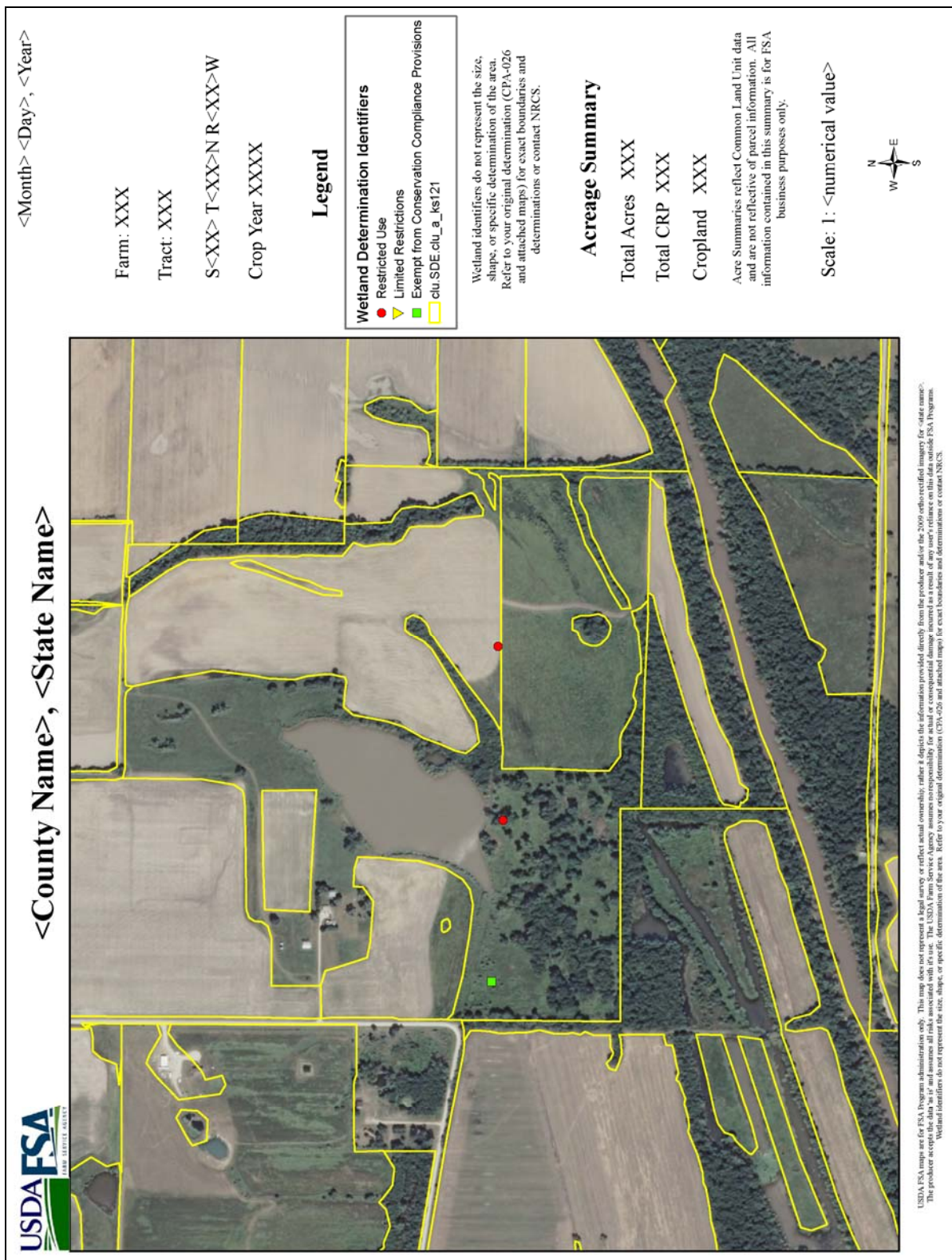
Map Template Examples

\*--A Example of Map in Portrait Orientation



Map Template Examples (Continued)

\*--B Example of Map in Landscape Orientation



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