



## March 2013

### New Mexico FSA Office

6200 Jefferson St.  
Suite 211  
Albuquerque, NM

Ph: 505-761-4900  
Fax: 505-761-4934  
www.fsa.usda.gov/nm

#### Hours

Monday - Friday  
8:00 am - 4:30 pm

#### NM FSA State Office Staff:

Lawrence Rael  
State Executive Director

Brenda Archuleta  
Executive Officer

Mary Ann Romero  
Farm Loan Chief

#### State FSA Committee

James Bostwick  
Chairperson

Larry Burnett  
Member

Eddie Diaz  
Member

Molly Manzanares  
Member

### DEADLINE EXTENDED: Hispanic and Women Farmers and Ranchers Claims Must be Filed by May 1, 2013

Agriculture Secretary Tom Vilsack today announced the extension of the voluntary claims process for Hispanic and women farmers and ranchers who allege discrimination by the USDA in past decades. All claims must now be filed by MAY 1, 2013.

USDA urges potential claimants to contact the Claims Administrator for information and mail their claim packages on or before May 1, 2013.

The process offers a voluntary alternative to litigation for each Hispanic or female farmer and rancher who can prove that USDA denied his or her application for loan or loan servicing assistance for discriminatory reasons for certain time periods between 1981 and 2000. As announced in February 2011, the voluntary claims process will make available at least \$1.33 billion for cash awards and tax relief payments, plus up to \$160 million in farm debt relief, to eligible Hispanic and women farmers and ranchers. There are no filing fees to participate in the program.

Claimants may register for a claims package by calling the telephone number below Monday through Friday 9 a.m. to 8 p.m. Eastern Time or by downloading the forms from the website.

Website: [www.farmerclaims.gov](http://www.farmerclaims.gov)

Phone: 1-888-508-4429

Fax: (855) 626-8343

Email: [claims@hwfr.org](mailto:claims@hwfr.org)

Claims Period: September 24, 2012 – May 1, 2013.

Claim packages and other documentation may be mailed to Hispanic and Women Farmers and Ranchers Claims Administrator, PO Box 4540, Portland, OR 97208-4540. Claim packages and other documentation may also be emailed to [claims@hwfr.org](mailto:claims@hwfr.org). Claimants may also fax claims packages and other documentation to (855) 626-8343. Completed forms and documentation must be received no later than 11:59 p.m. PDT on May 1, 2013.

#### CONSERVATION RESERVE PROGRAM (CRP) GENERAL SIGN-UP

USDA will conduct a four-week general sign-up for the CRP, beginning **May 20, 2013** and ending on **June 14, 2013**. CRP protects the nation's natural resources through voluntary participation, while providing significant economic and environmental benefits to rural communities across the United States.

Currently, about 27 million acres are enrolled in CRP. Producers that are accepted in the sign-up can receive cost-share assistance to plant long-term, resource-conserving covers and receive an annual rental payment for the length of the contract (10-15 years).

Contracts on 3.3 million acres of CRP are set to expire on Sept. 30, 2013. Producers with expiring contracts or producers with environmentally sensitive land are encouraged to evaluate their options under CRP.

#### DCP/ACRE SIGN-UP

FSA began DCP and ACRE sign-up for 2013 crops on **February 19, 2013**. The DCP sign-up period will end on **August 2, 2013**; and the ACRE sign-up period will end on **June 3, 2013**.

The 2013 DCP and ACRE program provisions are unchanged from 2012, except that all eligible participants in 2013 may choose to enroll in either DCP or ACRE for the 2013 crop year. This means that eligible producers who were enrolled in ACRE in 2012 may elect to enroll in DCP in 2013 or may re-enroll in ACRE in 2013. Likewise producers who were enrolled in DCP may opt for ACRE enrollment.

[Read more about DCP and ACRE](#) or contact your local FSA county office for more information, or an appointment to enroll.

**FSA MOVES TO ELECTRONIC CHECK PROCESSING**

FSA is moving towards an electronic method for processing check payments from customers. All paper checks submitted for payment, either in person or through the mail, will be converted into an Electronic Funds Transfer (EFT) using Over the Counter Channel (OTCnet), a web-based application.

The electronic transfer of funds could occur within 24 hours. FSA will hold the paper check for up to 14 calendar days to ensure that the transaction was successfully processed and then the check will be shredded. The producer will not receive the paper check back from FSA.

**MILC PROGRAM EXTENDED**

Dairy producers enrolled in the Milk Income Loss Contract program (MILC) will have their contracts automatically extended through Sept. 30, 2013. There is no need to re-enroll in the program. The MILC program was part of several FSA-related programs that were continued with the extension of the 2008 Farm Bill.

The production start month previously selected by an operation is applicable for FY 2013. Starting March 1, 2013 all production start month changes must be made according to normal start month selection provisions.

Normal start month provisions: Changes must be made on or before the 14th day of the month before the selected MILC production start month, except as otherwise provided during the applicable sign-up phase. A dairy operation cannot select a MILC production start month for any month that has already begun, except as otherwise provided; has already ended or; milk was not produced by the dairy operation.

Please call the FSA office and make an appointment if you decide to make changes.

**2011 SUPPLEMENTAL REVENUE ASSISTANCE PROGRAM APPLICATIONS**

The Farm Service Agency (FSA) will continue to accept SURE applications for 2011 crop losses through June 7, 2013. Under the 2008 Farm Bill, SURE authorizes assistance to farmers and ranchers who suffered crop losses caused by natural disasters occurring through Sept. 30, 2011.

During 2011, counties having received a Secretarial Disaster Designation, whether primary or contiguous, and producers are eligible to apply for SURE benefits if they experienced at least a 10 percent production loss that affects one crop of economic significance.

To meet program eligibility requirements, producers must have obtained a policy or plan of insurance through the Federal Crop Insurance Corporation or obtained Noninsured Crop Disaster Assistance Program (NAP) coverage for all economically significant crops. Eligible farmers and ranchers who meet the definition of a socially disadvantaged, limited resource or beginning farmer or rancher do not have to meet this requirement. Forage crops intended for grazing are not eligible for SURE benefits.

**FSA GovDELIVERY**

The USDA Farm Service Agency offices have moved to a paperless news distribution system.

Producers are asked to enroll in the new GovDelivery system, which provides notices, newsletters and electronic reminders instead of a hard copy through the mail.

Producers can now subscribe to receive free email updates by going to [www.fsa.usda.gov/subscribe](http://www.fsa.usda.gov/subscribe).

**NONINSURED CROP DISASTER ASSISTANCE PROGRAM (NAP)**

The noninsured crop disaster assistance program (NAP) is a federally funded program that helps producers reduce their risk when growing food and fiber crops, specialty crops and crops for livestock feed. These benefits are only available for crops for which the catastrophic level of crop insurance is not available. Application for coverage must be filed by the applicable crop's application closing date.

Production records for all crops must be reported to FSA no later than the acreage reporting date for the crop for the following year. FSA requires that any production reported in a loss year be verifiable according to Agency specifications. NAP Losses must be reported within 15 days of the date the loss became apparent.

All applications for NAP payment must be signed by the subsequent crop year's acreage reporting date in order to be considered timely. There are no late-file provisions for NAP applications for payment.

Please note the following 2013 NAP application closing dates and crops:

April 15	
Basil	Gourds
Beets	Honey dew
Broccoli	Okra
Cantaloupe	Pumpkins
Cauliflower	Strawberries
Cilantro	Turnips
Eggplant	Watermelon

**MARKETING ASSISTANCE LOANS (MAL)**

Short-term financing is available by obtaining low interest commodity loans for eligible harvested production. A nine-month Marketing Assistance Loan provides financing that allows producers to store production for later marketing. The crop may be stored on the farm or in the warehouse.

Loans are available for producers who share in the risk of producing the eligible commodity and maintain beneficial interest in the crop through the duration of the loan. Beneficial interest means retaining the ability to make decisions about the commodity, responsibility for loss because of damage to the commodity and title to the commodity. Once beneficial interest in a commodity is lost, it is ineligible for a loan, even if you regain beneficial interest.

## NEW AGI FORM FOR 2013

Under the 2008 Farm Bill extension, all payment eligibility and payment limitation provisions were extended, including AGI limitations for the 2013 crop year, program year and fiscal year.

All rules and requirements effective for 2012 program payments and benefits are applicable to eligible recipients of 2013 program payment and benefits. This includes the requirements of actively engaged in farming, cash-rent tenant, substantive change, minor child, and spousal provisions. Payments will continue to be limited by direct attribution to person and legal entity. All average AGI limitations for commodity, price support, disaster assistance, and conservation programs are also continued for 2013 including the \$1 million average AGI limitation for 2013 direct payments.

The average AGI for 2013 payment eligibility purposes will be based on the average of AGI amounts for the 3-year period of 2009, 2010, and 2011. Producers will be required to complete a new AGI compliance certification and written consent for disclosure for 2013 using form CCC-933, which is a new form for 2013 only. The CCC-933 must be completed by the person or legal entity earning USDA benefits either directly or indirectly in the 2013 program. Producers who fail to provide the certification and consent must refund all applicable program payments received from FSA and NRCS.

## FARM STORAGE FACILITY LOAN PROGRAM

The Farm Storage Facility Loan Program (FSFLP) allows producers of eligible commodities to obtain low-interest financing to build or upgrade farm storage and handling facilities.

The new maximum principal amount of a loan through FSFL is \$500,000. Participants are now required to provide a down payment of 15 percent, with CCC providing a loan for the remaining 85 percent of the net cost of the eligible storage facility and permanent drying and handling equipment. Additional security is required for poured-cement open-bunker silos, renewable biomass facilities, cold storage facilities, hay barns and for all loans exceeding \$50,000. New loan terms of 7, 10 or 12 years are available depending on the amount of the loan. Interest rates for each term rate may be different and are based on the rate which CCC borrows from the Treasury Department.

Payments are available in the form of a partial disbursement and the remaining final disbursement. The partial disbursement will be available after a portion of the construction has been completed. The final fund disbursement will be made when all construction is completed. The maximum amount of the partial disbursement will be 50 percent of the projected and approved total loan amount.

The following commodities are eligible for farm storage facility loans:

- Corn, grain sorghum, rice, soybeans, oats, peanuts, wheat, barley or minor oilseeds harvested as whole grain
- Corn, grain sorghum, wheat, oats or barley harvested as other-than-whole grain
- Pulse crops - lentils, small chickpeas, dry beans and dry peas
- Hay
- Renewable biomass
- Fruits (including nuts) and vegetables - cold storage facilities
- Honey

## HAY NET

Producers are encouraged to use Hay Net on the FSA website (<http://www.fsa.usda.gov/haynet>). This online service allows producers with hay and those who need hay to post ads so they can make connections. Hay Net is a popular site for farmers and ranchers who have an emergency need. Individual ads can be posted free of charge by producers who complete a simple online registration form the first time they use the site.

## FSA Supports National Ag Day

The Farm Service Agency joined the rest of the agriculture industry in celebrating National Ag Day on March 19. This year marks the 40<sup>th</sup> anniversary of National Ag Day and the theme is “**Generations Nourishing Generations.**” The New Mexico Farm Service Agency (FSA) invites everyone to take a moment to celebrate agriculture and honor our hard-working farmers and ranchers in New Mexico.

Generation after generation of agricultural producers in New Mexico are getting up early every day to provide the food, fiber and fuel that feed and clothe Americans and others around the world.

According to recent USDA studies, the agricultural sector right now remains a bright spot in terms of economic stability and growth and there is a strong demand for U.S. agricultural products.

Despite the onslaught of natural disasters weathered by farmers and ranchers this past year that created less than ideal growing conditions, producers still managed to grow the commodities that keep our economy moving forward. Farmers and ranchers also maintain our abundant supply of renewable resources in an environmentally sensitive manner.

Major commodities produced in New Mexico include livestock, Dairy (Milk), Pecans, Hay, Chile, and Onions. New Mexico agricultural production contributed \$1,032.7 million in export revenues last year alone.

Today each American farmer produces enough food to feed more than 144 people, a dramatic increase from the 25 people a farmer sustained in 1960. These increased efficiencies demonstrate that American Agriculture is producing more – and doing it better than ever before.



## **NEW MICROLOAN PROGRAM**

The Farm Service Agency (FSA) developed the Microloan (ML) program to better serve the unique financial operating needs of beginning, niche and the smallest of family farm operations. The program will operate similar to the Operating Loan program but will include reduced requirements for managerial experience and loan security, as well as reduced paperwork.

The microloan program can be used for such expenses as annual crop inputs, marketing and distribution expenses, purchase of live-stock and equipment, and minor farm improvements such as wells and coolers.

Eligible applicants may obtain a microloan for up to \$35,000. The repayment term may vary and will not exceed seven years. Annual operating loans are normally repaid within 12 months or when the agricultural commodities produced are sold. Interest rates will be the same as the regular Direct Operating Loan rates.

## **FINAL AVAILABILITY DATES FOR MARKETING ASSISTANCE LOANS & LOAN DEFICIENCY PAYMENTS**

- March 31-Honey, Oats, Wheat, Barley, Canola, Crambe, Flaxseed, Rapeseed, Sesame Seed
- May 31 -Corn, Cotton, Grain Sorghum, Rice, Soybeans, Dry Peas, Lentils, Mustard Seed, Safflower Seed, Small Chickpeas, Sunflower Seed

## **LOANS FOR THE SOCIALLY DISADVANTAGED**

FSA has a number of loan programs available to assist applicants to begin or continue in agriculture production. Loans are available for operating type loans and/or purchase or improve farms or ranches. While all qualified producers are eligible to apply for these loan programs, the FSA has provided priority funding for members of socially disadvantaged applicants.

A socially disadvantaged applicant is one of a group whose members have been subjected to racial, ethnic or gender prejudice because of his or her identity as members of the group without regard to his or her individual qualities.

## **UNAUTHORIZED DISPOSITION OF GRAIN**

If loan grain has been disposed of through feeding, selling or any other form of disposal without prior written authorization from the county office staff, it is considered unauthorized disposition. The financial penalties for unauthorized dispositions are severe and a producer's

## **HONEY LOANS**

Honey loans are a type of marketing assistance loan and they are available until April 1, 2013. The national loan rate for honey is \$.69 per pound. Market prices currently exceed the loan rate, so LDPs are not available at this time.

To be eligible for a loan, the producer must have produced honey in the United States during the calendar year for which the loan is requested, and extracted the honey on or before Dec. 31 of the applicable crop year; have continuous beneficial interest in the honey through date of repayment of the loan; and been responsible for the financial risk of keeping. Producers are responsible for maintaining the quality of farm-stored honey during the term of the loan.

The containers must be marked with the producer's name, type of honey, number of container and net weight. Pre-loan inspections are required before the loans can be disbursed.

## **DIRECT AND GUARANTEED LOANS**

The Farm Service Agency is committed to providing family farmers with loans to meet their farm credit needs. If you are having difficulty obtaining the financing you need for your farm, or regularly borrow from FSA, direct and guaranteed loans are currently available.

FSA's loan limit for the Guaranteed Loan Program has increased to \$1,302,000. The limit is adjusted annually based on data compiled by the National Agricultural Statistics Service.

The lending limit increases every year according to an inflation index. The maximum combined guaranteed and direct farm loan indebtedness has increased to \$1,602,000.

As a reminder, the one-time loan origination fee charged on FSA guaranteed farm ownership and operating loans is 1.5 percent of the guaranteed portion of the loan.

## **RURAL YOUTH LOANS**

The Farm Service Agency makes loans to rural youths to establish and operate income-producing projects in connection with 4-H clubs, FFA and other agricultural groups. Projects must be planned and operated with the help of the organization advisor, produce sufficient income to repay the loan and provide the youth with practical business and educational experience. The maximum loan amount is \$5000.

## **BEGINNING FARMER LOANS**

FSA assists beginning farmers and or members of socially disadvantaged groups to finance agricultural enterprises. Under these designated farm loan programs, FSA can provide financing to eligible applicants through either direct or guaranteed loans. FSA defines a beginning farmer as a person who:

- Has operated a farm for not more than 10 years
- Will materially and substantially participate in the operation of the farm
- Agrees to participate in a loan assessment, borrower training and financial management program sponsored by FSA
- Does not own a farm in excess of 30 percent of the county's median size.

Additional program information, loan applications, and other materials are available at your local USDA Service Center. You may also visit [www.fsa.usda.gov](http://www.fsa.usda.gov).

## **FOREIGN BUYERS NOTIFICATION**

The Agricultural Foreign Investment Disclosure Act (AFIDA) requires all foreign owners of U.S. agricultural land to report their holdings to the Secretary of Agriculture. The Farm Service Agency administers this program for USDA.

All individuals who are not U.S. citizens, and have purchased or sold agricultural land in the county are required to report the transaction to FSA within 90 days of the closing. Failure to submit the AFIDA form (FSA-153) could result in civil penalties of up to 25 percent of the fair market value of the property. County government offices, realtors, attorneys and others involved in real estate transactions are reminded to notify foreign investors of these reporting requirements.

## **LAND CONTRACT (LC) GUARANTEES**

The Land Contract (LC) Guarantee Program is a valuable tool to transfer farm real estate to the next generation of farmers and ranchers. Guarantees will be offered to the owner of a farm who wishes to sell real estate through a land contract to a beginning or socially disadvantaged farmer or rancher. The guarantee reduces the financial risk to the seller.

FSA offers two types of guarantees:

- Prompt Payment Guarantee - A guarantee up to the amount of three amortized annual installments plus the cost of any related real estate taxes and insurance.
- Standard Guarantee - A guarantee of 90 percent of the outstanding principal balance under the land contract.

The guarantee period is 10 years and the contract payments must be amortized for a minimum of 20 years. The purchase price of the farm cannot exceed the lesser of \$500,000 or the market value of the property.

<b>Selected Interest Rates for March 2013</b>	
90-Day Treasury Bill	.125%
Farm Operating Loans — Direct	1.25%
Farm Ownership Loans — Direct	3.25%
Farm Ownership Loans — Direct Down Payment, Beginning Farmer or Rancher	1.50%
Emergency Loans	2.25%
Farm Storage Facility Loans (7 years)	1.375%
Commodity Loans 1996-Present	1.125%

## **FSA SIGNATURE POLICY**

Using the correct signature when doing business with FSA can save time and prevent a delay in program benefits. The following are FSA signature guidelines:

- Spouses may sign documents on behalf of each other for FSA and CCC programs in which either has an interest, unless written notification denying a spouse this authority has been provided to the county office
- Spouses shall not sign on behalf of each other as an authorized signatory for partnerships, joint ventures, corporations, or other similar entities

## **IRS 1099 CHANGES**

In past years, IRS Form 1099-G was issued to show all program payments received from the Farm Service Agency, regardless of the amount. For calendar year 2012, the 1099-G reporting will change.

IRS Form 1099-G (Report of Payments to Producers) will only be issued to producers whose reportable payments total \$600 or more for the calendar year. Additionally, if the producer has at least \$600 in reportable payments received from multiple FSA offices, only one Form 1099-G will be issued. Producers subject to voluntary withholding or backup (involuntary) withholding will receive the appropriate IRS form, even if combined payments are less than \$600.

The same changes will apply to producers and vendors who normally receive IRS Form 1099-MISC from FSA.

Any producer who receives less than \$600 in combined payments should consult a tax advisor to determine if these payments must be reported on their tax return.

## **ACTIVELY ENGAGED**

To be eligible for payments and benefits under specified programs, all program participants, either individuals or legal entities, must provide significant contributions to the farming operation to be considered as "actively engaged in farming." Contributions can consist of capital, land, and/or equipment, as well as active personal labor and/or active personal management. The management contribution must be critical to the profitability of the farming operation and the contributions must be at risk.

Each partner, stockholder or member with an ownership interest must contribute active personal labor and/or active personal management to the farming operation on a regular basis. The contribution must be identifiable and documentable; as well as separate and distinct from the contributions made by any other partner, stockholder or member. If any partner, stockholder or member with an ownership interest fails to meet this requirement, program payments will be reduced by the corresponding share held by that partner, stockholder or member. There is an exception allowed for legal entities, such as corporations, if total direct payments received both directly and indirectly, by the legal entity and its members do not exceed \$40,000.

## **MAINTAINING THE QUALITY OF LOANED GRAIN**

Bins are ideally designed to hold a level volume of grain. When bins are overfilled and grain is heaped up, airflow is hindered and the chance of spoilage increases.

Producers who take out marketing assistance loans and use the farm-stored grain as collateral should remember that they are responsible for maintaining the quality of the grain through the term of the loan.

**MANY NEW MEXICO COUNTIES ARE ELIGIBLE FOR EMERGENCY LOANS**

Many New Mexico Counties have been declared as primary/contiguous disaster areas due to drought and heat using the new, streamlined Secretarial Disaster Designation process. Under this designation, producers with operations in any primary or contiguous county are eligible to apply for low interest emergency loans.

The streamlined disaster designation process issues a drought disaster declaration when a county has experienced a drought intensity value of at least a D2 (severe drought) level for eight consecutive weeks based on the U.S. Drought Monitor during the crop year.

Emergency loans help producers recover from production and physical losses due to drought, flooding and other natural disasters or quarantine.

Producers have eight months from the date of the declaration to apply for emergency loan assistance. FSA will consider each loan application on its own merits, taking into account the extent of losses, security available and repayment ability. Producers can borrow up to 100 percent of actual production or physical losses, to a maximum amount of \$500,000. The current emergency loan interest rate is 2.25 percent.

Producers with operations in counties that did not receive a disaster designation could be eligible for emergency loan assistance if they suffered at least a 30 percent loss in crop production or a physical loss to livestock, livestock products, real estate or chattel property.

<b>Secretarial Designation Number: S3461</b> Approval date by the Secretary: 01/09/2013 Term. Date: EM loan applications: 09/09/2013 Beginning date: Incident period: 10/01/2012 Ending Date: Incident Period: continuing Disaster Drought: (FAST-TRACK D2-8/D3/D4) <b>Crop Year: 2013</b>	The list of primary New Mexico disaster counties are: <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Chaves</li><li>• Cibola</li><li>• Colfax</li><li>• Curry</li><li>• De Baca</li><li>• Eddy</li><li>• Harding</li><li>• Lea</li><li>• McKinley</li><li>• Mora</li><li>• Quay</li><li>• Rio Arriba</li><li>• Roosevelt</li><li>• San Juan</li><li>• San Miguel</li><li>• Santa Fe</li><li>• Taos</li><li>• Union</li></ul>	The list of contiguous disaster counties are: <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Bernalillo</li><li>• Catron</li><li>• Lincoln</li><li>• McKinley</li><li>• Los Alamos</li><li>• Otero</li><li>• Sandoval</li><li>• Socorro</li><li>• Torrance</li></ul>
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<b>Secretarial Designation Number: S3474</b> Approval date by the Secretary: 01/23/2013 Term. Date: EM loan applications: 09/23/2013 Beginning date: Incident period: 11/15/2012 Ending Date: Incident Period: continuing Disaster Drought: (FAST-TRACK) <b>Crop Year: 2013</b>	The list of primary New Mexico disaster county is: <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Torrance</li></ul>	The list of contiguous disaster counties are: <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Bernalillo</li><li>• Guadalupe</li><li>• Lincoln</li><li>• San Miguel</li><li>• Santa Fe</li><li>• Socorro</li><li>• Valencia</li></ul>
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<b>Secretarial Designation Number: S3494</b> Approval date by the Secretary: 02/27/2013 Term. Date: EM loan applications: 10/28/2013 Beginning date: Incident period: 01/01/2013 Ending Date: Incident Period: continuing Disaster: Drought: (FAST-TRACK D2-8/D3/D4) <b>Crop Year: 2013</b>	The list of primary New Mexico disaster counties are: <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Bernalillo</li><li>• Catron</li><li>• Dona Ana</li><li>• Grant</li><li>• Hidalgo</li><li>• Lincoln</li><li>• Luna</li><li>• Otero</li><li>• Sandoval</li><li>• Sierra</li><li>• Socorro</li><li>• Valencia</li></ul>	The list of contiguous disaster counties are: <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Chaves</li><li>• Cibola</li><li>• De Baca</li><li>• Eddy</li><li>• Guadalupe</li><li>• Los Alamos</li><li>• McKinley</li><li>• Rio Arriba</li><li>• San Juan</li><li>• Santa Fe</li><li>• Torrance</li></ul>
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<b>County FSA Office</b>	<b>Phone Number</b>
Chaves	(575) 622-8745
Colfax	(575) 445-9471
Curry	(575) 762-4769
De Baca	(575) 355-2448
Dona Ana	(575) 522 8775
Eddy	(575) 887-3506
Guadalupe	(575) 472-5402
Harding	(575) 485-2294
Hidalgo	(575) 542-3241
Lea	(575) 396-5857
Luna-Grant	(575) 546-9291
McKinley	(505) 722-9060

<b>County FSA Office</b>	<b>Phone Number</b>
Otero-Lincoln	(575) 437-3100
Quay	(575) 461-3612
Rio Arriba	(505) 753-3508
Roosevelt	(686) 356-6629
San Juan	(505) 334-3090
San Miguel-Mora	(505) 425-7812
Sierra	(575) 894-2563
Socorro-Catron	(575) 835-1710
Taos	(575) 758-3863
Torrance-Santa Fe	(505) 384-2272
Union	(575) 374-9461
Valencia-Cibola-Bernalillo-Sandoval	(505) 365-4643