United States Department of Agriculture

FARM SERVICE AGENCY

Fact Sheet

Livestock Forage Disaster Program (LFP)- According to the 2008 Farm Bill

Background

The 2008 Farm Bill created several new disaster programs under the title “Supplemental Agricultural Disaster Assistance”. One of the programs created is the Livestock Forage Disaster Program (LFP). This program provides financial assistance to producers who suffered grazing losses due to drought or fire on or after January 1, 2008, and before October 1, 2011, during the calendar year in which the loss occurs. Fire losses must have occurred on federally managed lands.

Triggers for Drought

Producers are eligible for LFP if:
- Located in a county with droughts designated on the U.S. Drought Monitor as one of the following:
  1) D2 Drought – severe
  2) D3 Drought – extreme
  3) D4 Drought – exceptional

The drought must occur during the normal grazing period for the specific type of grazing land.

Payment for Drought

Producers who suffer grazing losses on grazing lands located in a county due to drought will receive the lesser of either the monthly feed cost for all covered livestock or the drought monthly payment which is:
- 1 month payment when the county is rated as having a D2 (severe) intensity for at least eight consecutive weeks during the grazing season;
- 2 months payment when the county is rated a D3 (extreme) intensity at anytime during the grazing season;
- 3 months payment when the county is rated a D3 for at least four weeks or D4 (exceptional) intensity at any time during the grazing season;

Note: Three monthly payments maximum for the same livestock. The monthly payment rate for one adult beef cow = $29.96 (29.96 X .60 = 17.98)

The drought monthly payment rate is equal to 60 percent of the lesser of the monthly feed cost for all covered livestock using a feed grain equivalent or the monthly feed cost calculated using the normal carrying capacity for the grazing land.

The feed grain equivalent is determined by the National Office for the various types of livestock based on the number of pounds of corn using an adult cow as the base. The corn price per pound is arrived at by dividing the 12 month national average corn price by 56 pounds.

Payment for Fire

Producers who suffer grazing losses on grazing lands managed by a Federal agency due to a fire, will receive a payment:
- equal to 50% of the monthly feed cost for the total number of livestock reduced, beginning on the date the agency excludes grazing and ending on the last day of the grazing period.

Signup for Drought Benefits

A 60-day signup period will be determined when the grazing losses due to drought reaches the intensity levels on the U.S. Drought Monitor as follows:
- D2: 8 consecutive weeks in any area of the county during the normal grazing period
- D3: any area of a county at any time during the normal grazing period
- D3 for four weeks: any area in the county during the normal grazing period
- D4: any area in the county at any time during the normal grazing period

Producers must certify that they have a grazing loss due to drought or fire. There is no minimum loss percentage required by the producer.
Note: Livestock producers may elect to receive assistance for grazing losses due to drought, or fire on Federally managed land, but not both for the same loss. Producers must provide something in writing from the Federal Agency which states that they are prohibiting them from grazing either partially or entirely prohibiting grazing.

Eligible Livestock

- Adult beef cattle
- Non-adult beef cattle above 500 pounds
- Adult dairy cattle
- Non-adult dairy cattle above 500 pounds
- Adult buffalo and bison
- Non-adult buffalo and bison above 500 pounds
- Equine used for the commercial use of the operation
- Elk
- Reindeer
- Deer
- Sheep
- Alpacas
- Emus
- Swine
- Goats
- Llamas
- Poultry

Note: Only livestock that normally graze are considered eligible livestock.

Eligible Grazing

Eligible grazing types are:

- Native or tame pastureland with permanent vegetative cover
- Crops planted specifically for the purpose of grazing (small grain, forage sorghum)
- Irrigated pasture intended for grazing is only eligible if it meets the cause of loss provisions for drought according to current Non-insured Crop Disaster Assistance Program (NAP) provisions or is not irrigated during the current production year.

Note: Grazing losses on land used for haying or grazing under CRP are not eligible under LFP.

Eligibility Requirements

To be eligible for assistance under the LFP producers must:
- have timely applied for and obtained either Crop insurance; or
- Non-insured Crop Disaster Assistance (NAP) coverage on the pasture or grazing land which suffered an eligible loss. The deadline to file a NAP application for coverage on grazing is March 15, 2009.
- Be an owner, cash or share lessee, or contract grower of covered livestock that provides pastureland or grazing land for the livestock;
- Provide pastureland or grazing land that is physically located in a county affected by drought or fire on Federally managed land.

Payment Limitation

LFP will pay up to $100,000 annually including any benefits received from Supplemental Revenue Assistance Program (SURE), Livestock Indemnity Program (LIP) and Emergency Assistance for Livestock Honey Bees, and Farm-Raised Fish (ELAP).

Adjusted Gross Income (AGI)

- 2008 - $2.5 Million
- 2009 and future years - $500,000 Non-Farm AGI– (Persons or legal entities that have an average adjusted gross non-farm income that exceeds $500,000, are not eligible for LFP).

Definitions

U.S. Drought Monitor – a system for classifying drought severity will be used to determine if a county qualifies for LFP.

Covered Livestock – livestock of an eligible producer that were owned, leased or purchased 60 days prior to the beginning date of a qualifying drought or fire. Covered livestock also includes livestock of an eligible producer that were entered into a contract to purchase, a contract grower or sold or otherwise disposed of due to qualifying drought conditions during the current production year or one or both of the two preceding production years as part of the eligible livestock producer's normal business operation 60 days prior to the beginning date of a qualifying drought or fire.

Mitigated Livestock – mitigated livestock includes livestock that were sold in the current production year, or in either one or both of the previous two production years due to a qualifying drought condition.

For Additional Information

Additional information may be obtained at local FSA offices or through the Montana FSA Web site at www.fsa.usda.gov/mt/.

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