County	Phone Number
Allegan	269-673-6940
Antrim	231-533-6450
Barry	269-948-8037
Benzie	231-775-7681
Berrien	269-471-9111
Cass	269-445-8641
Charlevoix	231-347-2133
Emmet	231-347-2113
Grand Traverse	231-941-0951
Kalamazoo	269-327-0940
Kalkaska	231-941-0951
Kent	616-942-4111
Lake	231-757-3707
Leelanau	231-941-0951
Manistee	231-757-3707
Mason	231-757-3707
Muskegon	231-924-2060
Newaygo	231-924-2060
Oceana	231-757-3707
Ottawa	616-842-5852
Van Buren	269-657-7055
Wexford	231-775-7681



What are the financial benefits?

- Up to 90% cost share for preparation and establishment of the native pollinator plantings.
- A one-time signing bonus of \$100 per acre.
- Annual rental payments for enrolled acres including an annual maintenance payment

How do I learn more about CRP-SAFE?

Contact your local Farm Service Agency (FSA). Phone numbers for Counties eligible for this practice are listed in this brochure. FSA will be able to determine producer eligibility. All of the forms necessary to enroll in the program are available at the FSA office.



United States Department of Agriculture

The U.S. Department of Agriculture (USDA) prohibits discrimination in all its program and activities on the basis of race, color, national origin, age, disability, and where applicable, sex, marital status, familial status, parental status, religion, sexual orientation, genetic information, political beliefs, reprisal, or because all or part of an individual's income is derived from any public assistance program. (Not all prohibited bases apply to all programs.) Persons with disabilities who require alternative means for communication of program information (Braille, large print, audiotape, etc.) should contact USDA's TARGET Center at (202) 720-2600 (voice and TDD). To file a complaint of Discrimination, write to USDA, Director, Office of Civil Rights, 1400 Independence Avenue, SW., Washington, DC 20250-9410, or call (800) 795-3272 (voice) or (202) 720-6382 TDD). USDA is an equal opportunity provider and employer.



CRP-SAFE Native Pollinator Planting



www.fsa.usda.gov/mi

Native Pollinator Planting



On March 22, 2007, USDA's Farm Service Agency (FSA) announced a new Conservation Reserve Program (CRP) initiative, State Acres For Wildlife Enhancement (SAFE). SAFE allows producers to install practices that benefit high priority State wildlife conservation objectives through the use of targeted

restoration of vital habitat.

The program, was the result of an agreement between USDA, the Michigan Department of Agriculture, and Michigan Fruit and Vegetable Associations.

A pollinator habitat planting consists of native grasses, wildflowers and native shrubs (optional) which provide cover, nectar and pollen for native pollinators. Native pollinators include a wide range of insects including bees, beetles, butterflies, and moths, as well as birds.

To encourage and support a diverse group of pollinators this program will establish a diverse stand of grasses and wildflowers. Wildflowers have been selected to provide not only a large diversity of species, but also to provide a diversity of flower color and structure, and to ensure flowering throughout the growing season.

The goal of SAFE is to create 2,500 acres of pollinator habitat in the following western 22 counties in the Lower Peninsula: Allegan, Antrim, Barry, Benzie, Berrien, Cass, Charlevoix, Emmet, Grand Traverse, Kalamazoo, Kalkaska, Kent, Lake, Leelanau, Manistee, Mason, Muskegon, Newaygo, Oceana, Ottawa, Van Buren, and Wexford.

What is a Pollinator Habitat Planting?

Pollinators provide a very important ecological service. Approximately three quarters of all flowering plants rely upon animals to pollinate their flowers. In addition to agricultural crops such as fruits and many vegetables, these plants include seed producing wildflowers, fruit producing shrubs and nut producing trees which provide a source of food for many wildlife species.

Native grasses were present in Michigan when Europeans arrived. Many of these grasses are associated with native prairies, barrens and savannas. Some of the more common native grasses that grow well in Michigan include warm-season grasses such as big bluestem, little bluestem, and Indian grass as well as native cool season grasses such as Canada wild rye and Virginia wild rye. Common wildflowers include black-eyed susan, purple coneflower, coreopsis, and others.

Required Management

All Native Pollinator SAFE contracts must have mid-term contract management activities scheduled that are site specific and will ensure plant diversity, wildlife habitat, and protection of soil and water resources. Cost-share assistance will be provided.



Land Eligibility

To be eligible for this SAFE practice the land must be located in the SAFE focus area that includes 22 counties in the western Lower Peninsula of Michigan. The land must have a cropping history (4 out of 6 years from 1996-2001), or be land capable of growing an annual agricultural commodity that is part of an orchard/vineyard/perennial fruit producing area. To participate in the pollinator habitat sign-up, landowners must convert a minimum of 2 acres to habitat with the plot being at least 100-feet wide. Landowners with previously existing CRP enrolled lands may enroll additional contiguous acres under SAFE agreements that meet the above criteria.



Who is eligible?

- Owners or operators of eligible land who meet the adjusted gross income rules
- Individuals who are in compliance with Highly Erodible Land and Wetland provisions.
- Operators must have a 10—15 year lease with the landowners to enroll
- All landowners must sign the CRP-1 contract
- Landowners may not take land under lease from an operator to enroll it in CRP.
- Enrollment will be on a first come first served basis