



“The USDA Farm Service Agency delivered more than \$367.1 million in federal program payments and loans to Oklahoma farmers and ranchers during FY 2012. Oklahoma agriculture benefits greatly from the tireless efforts of our dedicated employees and locally elected County Committees.”

- Francie Tolle, State Executive Director

Commodity Loans & Program Payments: \$100.5 million

Oklahoma producers received substantial monetary support during FY 2012 in the form of commodity and price support program payments.

\$67,827,205 - Direct and Counter Cyclical Program (DCP) Direct payments provide income support to producers of eligible commodities based on production history (acreage and yields) and do not depend on the current production choices. Counter-cyclical payments are made when the effective price for eligible commodities is less than the target price.

\$26,115,157 - Average Crop Revenue Election (ACRE) program provides revenue-based payments as an alternative to receiving price-based counter-cyclical (CC) payments.

\$4,846,739 - Commodity Loans are available to eligible producers who use crops as collateral. The Commodity Credit Corporation (CCC) makes loans for eligible commodities that are farm or warehouse stored.



\$1,514,584 - Milk Income Loss Contract Program (MILC) compensates dairy producers when monthly domestic milk prices fall below \$16.94 per hundred weight (cwt) as adjusted by the dairy feed ration adjustment.

\$22 - Loan Deficiency Payments (LDPs) benefit producers who agree to forgo a commodity loan in return for a payment on the eligible commodity. LDP provisions allow compensation when market prices are low, as long as the producer maintains beneficial interest in the commodity.

\$232,785 - Farm Storage Facility Loans (FSFL) The Commodity Credit Corporation (CCC), through FSA, may make loans to producers to build or upgrade farm storage and handling facilities for eligible commodities.

Oklahoma - Top 5 agriculture commodities, 2011			
	Value of receipts million	Percent of state total farm receipts	Percent of US value
1. Cattle & calves	3,744,807	53.1	6.0
2. Hogs	937,149	13.3	4.3
3. Broilers	710,370	10.1	3.1
4. Wheat	549,871	7.8	3.8
5. Dairy Products	201,960	2.9	0.5
All commodities	7,056,314		1.9

Oklahoma - Top 5 agriculture exports, estimates, 2011		
	Rank among states	Value million \$
1. Wheat	9	418.4
2. Other products	16	382.5
3. Pork	7	264.2
4. Hides & skins	4	158.4
5. Chicken meat	8	127.1
Overall rank	24	1,986.5

Source: www.ERS.gov

Conservation: \$32.8 million

FSA made significant investments toward conserving and improving soil, water and wildlife resources in Oklahoma. Oklahoma conservation investments in FY 2012 include:

\$30,445,416 - Conservation Reserve Program (CRP) provides financial incentives, cost-share and rental payments to producers who convert highly erodible cropland or environmentally sensitive acreage to long-term vegetative cover.

\$1,287,548 - Emergency Conservation Program (ECP) provides emergency funding for farmers and ranchers to rehabilitate farmland damaged by natural disasters and carry out emergency water conservation measures during periods of severe drought.

\$1,057,298 - Grassland Reserve Program (GRP) is a voluntary program designed to protect grasslands from conversion to cropland or other uses and conserve valuable grasslands by maintaining viable ranching operations.

\$2,782 - The Biomass Crop Assistance Program (BCAP) provides financial assistance to owners and operators of agricultural and non-industrial private forest land who wish to establish, produce and deliver biomass feedstocks.

Disaster Assistance: \$81.4 million

From drought to flood, freeze to tornadoes and hurricanes - FSA was financially responsive to Oklahoma producers following natural disasters.

\$43,776,681 - Non-Insured Crop Disaster Assistance Program (NAP) provides financial assistance to producers of noninsurable crops when low yields, loss of inventory, or prevented planting occurs due to natural disasters.

\$26,984,643 - Livestock Forage Disaster Program (LFP) provides compensation to eligible livestock producers that have suffered grazing losses for covered livestock. The grazing losses must be due to a qualifying drought condition during the normal grazing period for the county and must have occurred on or after Jan. 1, 2008, and before Oct. 1, 2011.

\$199,097 - Livestock Indemnity Program (LIP) provides partial reimbursements to eligible livestock owners for livestock losses suffered due to an adverse weather condition.

\$1,190 - Tree Assistance Program for Orchardists and Nursery Tree Growers (TAP) provides financial assistance to replant or rehabilitate eligible trees, bushes and vines damaged by natural disasters.

\$38,728 - Emergency Assistance for Livestock, Honeybees and Farm-Raised Fish Program (ELAP) provides emergency assistance to eligible producers of livestock, honeybees and farm-raised fish that have losses due to disease, adverse weather or other conditions.

\$10,391,521 - Supplemental Revenue Assistance Payments (SURE) provides benefits for 2008 through 2011 crop year farm revenue losses due to natural disasters. It is the 2008 Farm Bill's successor to prior ad hoc crop disaster programs.

Farm Loans: \$152.4 million

FSA offers various loan options to eligible Oklahoma farmers and ranchers who manage family-sized operations and who were temporarily unable to obtain private or commercial credit.

\$55,530,000 - Guaranteed Loan Program FSA guarantees loans made by conventional agricultural lenders for up to 90 or 95 percent of any loss if the loan fails. In FY 2012, FSA guaranteed 75 farm ownership loans and 107 operating loans.

\$647,000 - Emergency Loan Program helps producers recover from production and physical losses due to drought, flooding, other natural disasters, or quarantine. In FY 2012, nine emergency loans were issued.

\$96,221,000 - Direct Loan Program FSA provides assistance to those unable to obtain guaranteed loans. In FY 2012, FSA funded 301 farm ownership loans and 964 operating loans that included 141 youth loans. Approximately 65 percent of Oklahoma's farm loans were allocated to beginning farmers and socially disadvantaged producers.



Oklahoma FSA Program Payments by County

Includes commodity loans, program, conservation and disaster payments as well as farm loan obligations

Adair	\$ 4.8M	Delaware	\$ 4.5M	Lincoln	\$ 1.5M	Pittsburg	\$ 4.3M
Alfalfa	\$ 5.7M	Dewey	\$ 8.3M	Logan	\$ 1.6M	Pontotoc	\$ 1.3M
Atoka	\$ 3.6M	Ellis	\$ 6.7M	Love	\$ 1.4M	Pottawatomie	\$ 1.6M
Beaver	\$ 11.9M	Garfield	\$ 11.1M	Major	\$ 6.2M	Pushmataha	\$ 1.1M
Beckham	\$ 9.8M	Garvin	\$ 3.0M	Marshall	\$ 1.1M	Roger Mills	\$ 4.1M
Blaine	\$ 7.5M	Grady	\$ 4.4M	Mayes	\$ 4.3M	Rogers	\$ 3.1M
Bryan	\$ 4.1M	Grant	\$ 9.3M	McClain	\$ 1.5M	Seminole	\$ 566.5K
Caddo	\$ 13.1M	Greer	\$ 5.6M	McCurtain	\$ 6.6M	Sequoyah	\$ 2.9M
Canadian	\$ 3.5M	Harmon	\$ 13.6M	McIntosh	\$ 2.9M	Stephens	\$ 2.8M
Carter	\$ 921.6K	Harper	\$ 8.6M	Murray	\$ 659.8K	Texas	\$ 14.1M
Cherokee	\$ 2.9M	Haskell	\$ 2.2M	Muskogee	\$ 3.5M	Tillman	\$ 9.5M
Choctaw	\$ 4.1M	Hughes	\$ 3.0M	Noble	\$ 5.8M	Tulsa	\$ 1.3K
Cimarron	\$ 14.4M	Jackson	\$ 7.3M	Nowata	\$ 6.1M	Wagoner	\$ 2.3M
Cleveland	\$ 439.8K	Jefferson	\$ 4.2M	Okfuskee	\$ 1.7M	Washington	\$ 1.8M
Coal	\$ 1.5M	Johnston	\$ 2.5M	Oklahoma	\$ 424.2K	Washita	\$ 9.8M
Comanche	\$ 3.7M	Kay	\$ 5.4M	Okmulgee	\$ 2.2M	Woods	\$ 9.9M
Cotton	\$ 6.7M	Kingfisher	\$ 7.2M	Osage	\$ 5.5M	Woodward	\$ 4.6M
Craig	\$ 5.8M	Kiowa	\$ 9.5M	Ottawa	\$ 2.9M		
Creek	\$ 499.3K	Latimer	\$ 1.0M	Pawnee	\$ 617.7K		
Custer	\$ 6.0M	Le Flore	\$ 6.4M	Payne	\$ 1.1M		